### METOZ

METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Registration number 1946/021315/06)

First Floor 33 Scott Street Waverley Johannesburg

P 0 Box 1970 Highlands North 2037 Tel: (011) 809 5500

Fax: (011) 809 5537

2090

25 January 2005

BY COURIER

Securities and Exchange Commission Division of Corporate Finang 450 Fifth Street NW Washington DC 20549 United States of America

Dear Sirs

FILE NUMBER 82-4279 - RULE 12g3-2(b) EXEMPTION

In terms of paragraph (b)(1)(iii) of Rule 12g3-2(b), I enclose copies of -

- 1 an announcement dated 10 February 2005 which was published on the news service of the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa ("SENS") and in the local press;
- 2 an announcement dated 22 February 2005 which was published on SENS and in the local press;
- notice of scheme meeting dated 22 February 2005 which was published various local 3 newspapers and the government gazette;
- 3 an announcement dated 24 February 2005 which was published on SENS and in the local press:
- 4 circular to shareholders dated 23 February 2005;
- 5 bidders statement in respect of the Foodland Associated Limited ("Foodland") takeover issued by Metcash Trading Limited in Australia ("Metcash");
- 6 scheme booklet issued by Metcash,

which documents shall now be deemed "filed" with you or otherwise subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

ours faithfully

IQLDINGS LIMITED

P M GISHEN (MISS) Group Company Secretary THOMS. IN

Directors: Dr F van Zyl Slabbert (Chairman)\*, C S dos Santos (Chief Executive), J L Grainger\*, B Joseph\*,

JR McAlpine\*, GH Pieterse\*, A Reitzer, GB Rubenstein\*, VD Rubin, SO Shonhiwa (Zimbabwe)\*

R D Taurog\*, C F Turner\*

Group Company Secretary: P M Gishen (Miss)

\* non-executive

#### LOGO

Metoz Holdings Limited (Formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)
incorporated in the Republic of South Artica)
(Registration number 1948/021315/06)
Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410
("Metoz") The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia) (Registration number ACN 112 073 480) ("Newco")

### FIRM INTENT ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE PROPOSED ACQUISITION BY NEWCO OF ALL THE ISSUED SHARES OF METOZ BY WAY OF A SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

INTRODUCTION

Metoz shareholders are referred to the announcement published on 6 December 2004 ("detailed cautionary announcement") in which shareholders were advised that Matcash Trading Limited ("Matcash Australia"), the only significant asset of Metoz, had announced a capital reorganisation ("the capital reorganisation") in terms of which Newco would propose the following schemes of arrangement —

a scheme in South Africa between Metoz and its chareholders; and
a scheme of arrangement in Australia, between Metozah Australia and its shareholders ("Metosh Australia scheme").

scheme\*). As the pre-conditions to the offer between Metoz and Newco have been fulfilled, Metoz shareholders are advised that Newco has proposed a scheme of arrangement (the scheme\*) in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973) ("Companies Act"), as amended, between Metoz and its ahareholders ("scheme members"), to acquire all of the shares held by the scheme members for R2.8818 per Metoz share, based on the scheme consideration of AUD 0.8015 per Metoz share converted at an exchange rate of 4.7811 (ZAR:AUD), being the closing exchange rate of 8 February 2005. The rand amount will vary with the actual exchange rate of which the consideration is converted.

CASH CONFIRMATION
Deutache Securities SA (Proprietary), Limited has furnished a letter to the Securities Regulation Panel confirming funding arrangements with regards to the scheme.
It is intended that the funding for the scheme will be by way of an unconditional loan from Metcash Australia to Newco, which will be drawn down when the scheme becomes effective. Metcash Australia will finance the loan through the scheme security of the scheme becomes effective.

- to an through —

  a three year senior unsecured syndicated loan note subscription facility of up to AUD 825 million (the syndicated facility). The syndicated facility is to be provided to Metcoah Australia by a syndicate of tenders and has been fully underwriten by Australia and New Zeatand Banking Group Limited: or tenders and has been fully underwriten by Australia and New Zeatand Banking Group Limited: Australia and New Zeatand Banking Group Limited: Autorited and the Australia and New Zeatand Banking Group Limited: Autorited Senior Sen

#### **OPINIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Invested Bank Limited ("Invested"), which has been appointed independent adviser to the Metoz board, has advised the Metoz board that it believes that the terms and conditions of the Metoz scheme are fair and reasonable to Metoz shereholders.

The directors of Metoz have considered the terms and conditions of the scheme and, inter ella, the opinion of invested, and are of the unanimous opinion that those terms and conditions are fair and reasonable to Metor shareholders. Accordingly, the board of directors of Metoz supports the scheme and recommends that scheme members vote in favour of the Metoz scheme. The directors of Metoz who hold Metoz shares intend to vote favour of the Metoz acheme at the Metoz scheme. Setting in respect of their own holdings of Metoz shares.

TERMINATION OF THE METOZ LISTING ON THE JSE
Subject to the Nilliment of the conditions precedent est out in paragraph 5 and the scheme becoming
subject to the Nilliment of the conditions precedent est out in paragraph 5 and the scheme becoming
commencement of trading on Monday, 11 April 2005, and termination of the listing of Metoz shares at the
commencement of trading on Monday, 11 April 2005, and termination of the listing of Metoz shares at the
commencement of trading on Tuesday, 19 April 2005. These dates are subject to change and any change will
be announced on SENS and in the press.

### 5.1 The scheme will become

- The scheme will become operative on the fulfillment or waiver (as provided for in terms of paragraph 5.3) of the conditions precedent by no later than 30 June 2005 that 5.1.1 the scheme is approved by a majority representing not less than 75% of the votes exercisable by scheme members, present and voting either in person or proxy at the scheme members, present and voting either in person or proxy at the scheme members,

  - 5.1.2 no material adverse change in respect of or in relation to Metoz, excluding Metosah Australia, shall have arisen on or before the business day prior to the date upon which the sanctioning of the scheme by the Court occurs. For the aforegoing purpose:
    - with working words, my time storagoing purpose; a material adverse change shall mean any adverse effect, fact, circumstance or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance which has arisen or occurred or which might reasonably be expected to effect or cour and which is or might reasonably be expected by the state of the st
  - position of Metoz;

    5.1.2.2 to be "meterial" there must be an adverse impact of not less than 10% upon the assets anc/or market capitalisation of Metoz and its subsidiaries (other than from Metosah Australia), without double counting where a single matter affects more than one measure of value;

    5.1.3 the Court sanctions the scheme;

  - 5.1.4 a contribed copy of the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme is registered by the Registrer of Companies in terms of the Companies Act;

    5.1.5 by not later than 6 April 2005, the Metcash Australia scheme is approved by the shareholders of Metcash Australia and the Australian Court.
- Metean Australia and the Australian Court.

  The conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 5.1.1, 5.1.3 and 5.1.4 are not capable of being waived. The conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 5.1.2 and 5.1.6 are conditions precedent stipulated for the benefit of Newco only, in waived by Newco only, in writing, at any time prior to the date upon which such conditions precedent are to be fulfilled.

  Puffillment or waiver of the conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 5.1.2 and 5.1.5 shall be confirmed in writing by Newco, which confirmation is to be delivered to Metoz on or before the dates upon which such conditions precedent are to be fulfilled.

  The date for fulfillment of the total fulfilled.

  The date for fulfillment of the Children of the Children
- Metoz shall publish notice on SENS and in the press notifying scheme members of any extension referred to in paragraph 5.5 and / or the fulfilment or waiver of the condition precedent set out in paragraph 5.1.5.

FINANCIAL EFFECTS

The table below ests out the pro forms financial effects of the Metoz scheme on shareholders based on the assumptions set out below. The pro forms financial effects have been prepared by the Metoz board for illustrative purposes only, in order to provide information about how the scheme may have affected the Metoz shareholders, had the scheme been implemented on the dates indicated in the notes below. Due to their nature, the pro-forms financial effects may not give a true reflection of the financial effects of the scheme.

	Before the scheme (ZAR per share)	After the scheme ZAR per. (share)*	Percentage Increase
Market value '	R1.950	R2.882	47.8
Thirty-day volume weighted average market value!	R1,986	FL2.882	45.1
Net asset value?	R0.481	R2.882	498.8
Net tangible asset value *	R0.044	R2.882	6509.2

- tes
  The "Defore the scheme" column reflects the closing JBE market value per Metoz share on 3 December 2004, being the isas tracing on your presenting the scheme" column announcement. The "After the scheme" column reflects the thirty-day volumn verifiend average JBE market value per Metos share calculated for the thirty tracing day preceding the publication of the district causing the scheme desired and the scheme column and the scheme
- The "Before the scheme" column reflects the unaudited net asset value per share as extracted, without adjustment, from the unaudited results of Metoz for the air months ended 31 October 2004. The "After the scheme" column shows the scheme consideration to be received from Newco.
- The "Before his exhame" column reflects the unaudiled het langible asset value per share as axizacted, without adjustment, from the unaudiled results of Matoz for the six months ended 31 October 2004. The "Affer the scheme" column shows the scheme consideration to be received from Nawco.
- to de receiveu from rejection of R2.862 per share is based on a scheme consideration of AUD 0.8015 per Metoz share if convented at an exchange rate on 0.F8bruary 2005. The rand amount paid to scheme members will vary with the actival scheme price is exchange to the scheme convented.

DOCUMENTATION RELATING TO THE SCHEME
A further announcement setting out the salient dates of the scheme will be made on or about Wednesday,
23 February 2005, and documentation relating to the scheme is expected to be posted to the Meloz
shareholders registered as such at the close of business on Wednesday, 16 February 2005, on or about
Wednesday, 23 February 2005.

Johannesburg 10 February 2005

Independent Adviser to Metoz

Sponsors to Metaz

Attorneys to Metoz



WWB

WEBBER WENTZEL BOWENS





Reporting Accountants

**■ ERNST & YOUNG** EY Corporate Finance (Pty) Ltd

File Number 82-4279







### **Metoz Holdings Limited**

(Formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)
(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)
(Registration number 1946/021315/06)
Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410
("Metoz")

### ANNOUNCEMENT RELATING TO THE FOODLAND TAKEOVER OFFER

Shareholders are referred to the announcements of 6 December 2004 and 11 February 2005, which, *inter alia*, advised shareholders that Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash Australia"), the principal asset of Metoz, had announced an off-market offer to acquire all the issued ordinary shares of Foodland Associated Limited ("Foodland") in Australia ("Foodland takeover offer/the transaction").

The JSE Securities Exchange South Africa ("JSE") has confirmed that the transaction is not regarded as a catergorised transaction in terms of the current JSE Listings Requirements and, therefore, Metoz is not required to convene a general meeting of shareholders to approve the Foodland takeover offer. Notwithstanding, Metoz has secured undertakings from shareholders holding in excess of 50% of the Metoz shares to vote in favour of all shareholder resolutions required to implement the Foodland takeover offer.

The bidder's statement (offer document) prepared by Metcash Australia in respect of the Foodland takeover offer is available for inspection at the registered office of Metoz and is also available on the Metcash Australia website which can be located at www.metcash.com.

Johannesburg 22 February 2005

Independent Adviser to Metoz

Sponsors to Metoz

Attorneys to Metoz



Bank Limited
Invested Bank Elmired

Sasfin
CORPORATE FINANCE
A Division of Sasfin Bank Limited



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i-PROXY

IN THE HIGH COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA

(Witwatersrand Local Division)

in the ex parte application of:

METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Case number: 05/3593

Applicant

#### Notice of Metoz scheme meeting

- 1 Under authority of an Order of the High Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division) ("the Court") issued in the above matter on Tuesday, 22 February 2005, this notice serves to convene a meeting ("the scheme meeting") of shareholders of the Applicant who are recorded in the register of the Applicant as such at 17h00 on Thursday, 17 March 2005 ("the scheme members").
- 2 The scheme meeting will be held at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, in the Applicant's boardroom, First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg. Mr Christopher Haig Ewing (or failing hirn, Mr Ian Keith Hayes) has been appointed by the Court as chairperson and the chairperson and the scheron's address is c/o Cliffe Dekker Incorporated, Fourth Floor, 1 Protea Place, Sandown, Sandton (Private Bag X7, Benmore 2010).
- 3 The purpose of the scheme meeting is to consider and, if deemed fit, to agree (with or without modification) to the scheme of arrangement ('the scheme') proposed by The Newco Project X Limited ('Newco') between the Applicant and the scheme members. The object of the scheme is that, subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions precedent which are stated in paragraph 4 of the scheme. Newco will acquire all of the Applicant's shares held by scheme members who are registered as shareholders of the Applicant on the consideration record date (as referred to in the circular dated 23 February 2005, which has been posted to scheme members) and which is expected to be Friday, 15 April 2005 ("the scheme record date"). In terms of the scheme, the scheme participants will receive the scheme consideration for every share in the Applicant held on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUDo.6015 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUDo.6015 per Metoz share if coverted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the closing exchange rate on 8 February 2005). The South African Rand amount paid to scheme members will vary in accordance with the actual exchange rate on which the scheme consideration is converted.
- 4 A copy of the scheme, the statements in terms of section 312(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended, which explains the scheme, this notice, the approved form of proxy and the Order of Court convening the scheme meeting have been posted to shareholders of the Applicant, recorded in the register as at the close of business on a date not more than four business days before the date of posting these documents. Scheme members may, during normal business hours, inspect or obtain a copy of these documents free of charge at the Applicant's registered office at First Floor, 33 Scott Streat, Waverley, Johannesburg (PO Box 1970 Highlands North 2037), or from the office of the chalipperson, c/o Ciliffo Dekker Incorporated, Fourth Floor, 1 Protea Place, Sandown, Sandton (Private Bag X7, Benmore 2010).
- (Private bag X7, Benmore 2010).

  Each scheme member who holds certificated ordinary shares in the Applicant ("certificated scheme member") or who holds dematerialised ordinary shares in the Applicant through a Central Securities Depository Participant ("CSDP") and has own name registration ("dematerialised own name scheme member"), may attend, speak and vote in person at the scheme meeting or any adjourned scheme meeting, or may appoint one or more proxies (who need not be shareholders of the Applicant) to attend, speak and vote at the scheme meeting in the place of such certificated scheme member or dematerialised own name scheme member. A form of proxy for this purpose, for completion by certificated scheme members and dematerialised own name scheme members only, are included in the circular dated 23 February 2005, which has been posted to scheme members if more than one person is appointed on a single form of proxy, then only one of those proxies (in order of appointment) will be entitled to exercise that proxy. In the case of joint certificated scheme members and dematerialised own name scheme member (seniority will be determined by the order in which the names of the joint certificated scheme member or senior dematerialised own name scheme members, stand in the Applicant's register of shareholders) who tenders a vote (whether in person or by proxyl) will be accepted to the exclusion of the vote of the other joint certificated scheme members or joint dematerialised own name scheme members.
- 6 Properly completed forms of proxy must be lodged with or posted to the transfer secretaries of the Applicant, Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61763, Marshalltown 2107) to be received by no later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005, or on the business day immediately preceding any adjourned meeting, or handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting no later than ten minutes belore the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting is due to commence. Notwithstanding the aforegoing, the chairperson of the scheme meeting may approve at his discretion the use of any other form of proxy.
- 7 Each person who holds a beneficial interest in dematerialised ordinary shares in the Applicant and who does not have own name registration ("dematerialised scheme member") may attend, speak and vote in person at the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting only if such dematerialised scheme member informs his/her CSDP or broker timeously of his/her intention to attend and vote at the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting or be represented by proxy thereat in order for his/her CSDP or broker to issue him/her with the necessary authorisation to do so or such dematerialised scheme meeting or broker timeously with his/her voting instruction should such dematerialised scheme member not wish to attend the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting in person in order for his/her CSDP or broker to vote in accordance with his/her instruction at the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting. The CSDP or broker will then provide the transfer secretaries of the Applicant with the form of proxy in terms of each individual dematerialised scheme member's instruction.
- 8 The Order of Court convening the scheme meeting requires the chairperson to report on the scheme meeting to the above Honourable Court at 10h00 or so soon thereafter as counsel may be heard on Tuesday, 5 April 2005. During normal business hours in the week preceding that date a free copy of the chairperson's report to Court will be available to any scheme member at the chairperson's office and the Applicant's registered office referred to in paragraph 4.

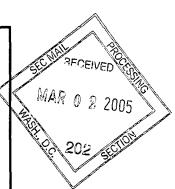
Christopher Haig Ewing Chairperson of the scheme meeting

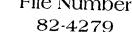
22 February 2005

FLUXMANS INCORPORATED

Attorneys for Applicant 11 Biermann Avenue Rosebank JOHANNESBURG Tel: (011) 328-1700 Fax: (011) 880-2261 Ret: S Slorn/C Wannell

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#### Metoz Holdings Limited

(Formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited) (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410 ("Metoz")

### The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia) (Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480) ("Newco")

### SALIENT DATES ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE PROPOSED ACQUISITION BY NEWCO OF ALL THE ISSUED SHARES OF METOZ BY WAY OF A SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT

#### 1 INTRODUCTION

INTRODUCTION

Metoz shareholders are referred to the announcements published on 6 December 2004 ("detailed cautionary announcement") and 11 February 2005 ("firm intent announcement") in which Metoz shareholders were advised that Newco had proposed a scheme of arrangement ("the Metoz scheme") in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended ("Companies Act"), between Metoz and its shareholders ("scheme members"), to acquire all of the Metoz shares held by the scheme members for a cash consideration (subject to exchange rate of fluctuations) of R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR:AUD, being the closing exchange rate of a 8 February 2005). The Rand amount payable to scheme participants will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the consideration is converted.

#### SCHEME MEETING

Shareholders are advised that in terms of an Order of the High Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division) dated Tuesday, 22 February 2005, Metoz has been granted leave to convene a scheme meeting, to be held at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, in the boardroom of Metoz, First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg.

#### TERMINATION OF THE METOZ LISTING ON THE JSE

Detained for the METOZ LISTING ON THE SE.

Subject to the fuffilment of the conditions precedent set out in paragraph 4 of the firm intent announcement and the scheme becoming operative, the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa has granted approval for the suspension of the listing of the stares in Metoz with effect from the commencement of trading on Monday, 11 April 2005, and termination of the listing of such shares at the commencement of trading on Tuesday, 19 April 2005. These dates are subject to change and any change will be announced on SENS and in the press.

#### SALIENT DATES AND TIMES PERTAINING TO THE SCHEME

The expected dates and times in relation to the scheme are set out below -

2005

Thursday, 10 March

Thursday, 17 March

Friday, 18 March

Tuesday, 5 April

Tuesday, 5 April Wednesday, 6 April

Wednesday, 6 April

Friday, 8 April

Monday, 11 April

Thursday, 14 April

Friday, 15 April

Monday, 18 April

Wednesday, 13 April

Tuesday, 22 March Tuesday, 22 March

Wednesday, 23 March

Last day to trade Metoz shares in order to be recorded in the register of Metoz or in the sub-registers of Metoz administered by CSDPs to vote at the scheme meeting (see note 1) Voting record date

Last day to lodge forms of proxy for the scheme meeting (by 09h00) (see note 2)

Scheme meeting held (at 09h00)

Publish results of the scheme meeting on SENS (expected date) Publish results of the scheme meeting in the press (expected date)

Court hearing to sanction the scheme (at 10h00 or as soon thereafter as Counsel may be heard)

Publish the results of Court hearing on SENS Publish results of the Court hearing in the press

If the scheme is sanctioned and becomes operative

Final date

Last day to trade Metoz shares on the JSE in order to be recorded in the register of Metoz or the sub-registers of Metoz administered by the CSDPs to participate in the scheme

Suspension of Metoz shares (from the commencement of business) Publish final scheme consideration in Rand (before 17h00) on SENS Publish final scheme consideration in Rand in the press

Consideration record date to determine participation in the scheme Operative date of the scheme (from the commencement of business) when -

the scheme consideration is posted to certificated scheme participants (if documents of title are received on or prior to the consideration record date) or, falling receipt of documents of title and or before the consideration record date, within five business days of receipt thereof by the transfer

secretaries; and m dematerialised scheme participants have their accounts held at their CSDP

or broker credited with the scheme consideration Termination of listing of Metoz shares on the JSE (from the commencement

of business)

Tuesday, 19 April

- tea –
  Shareholders should note that as Metoz shares now settle in the STRATE system, settlement for trade takes place five business days
  after such trade. Therefore, shareholders who acquire Metoz shares after Thursday, 10 March 2005, will not be eligible to vote at the
  scheme meeting.
- saterial inerung.

  If the forms of proxy are not received by the time and date shown above, they may be handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting, no taler than lean influets before the commencement of the scheme meeting.

  No dematerialisation or remaintelisation of Meetor share conflicted any take place after Friday, 8 April 2005.

  These dates and times are subject to change. Any such change will be published on SENS and in the press.

### 5 DOCUMENTATION RELATING TO THE SCHEME

A circular providing further information on the scheme and containing, inter alia, a notice of scheme meeting, statements in terms of section 312(1)(a) of the Companies Act, which explain the scheme, a form of proxy and a form of surrender and transfer will be osated today to shareholders recorded in the register of a calificated shareholders and the sub-register of holders of dematerialised shares at the close of business on 23 February 2005.

Johannesburg 24 February 2005

Independent adviser to Metoz

Sponsor to Metoz

Attorneys to Metoz



sastin CORPORATE FINANCE



Attorneys to Newco

Reporting accountants and auditors

**型 Ernst & Young** 

EY Corporate Finance (Pty) Ltd (Registration number 2000/031575/07)

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### DR MARKETERS, CAMPBELLS CASH & CARR

EMARKETERS

# y Meceash I rading Limited

**ABN 6** [ 000 03 ] 569

o purchase all of your ordinary shares in

## -oodland Associated Limited

EABN 13 008 667 650)

or each foodland ordinary share you will receive

444 Metersh A Shares or \$7.18 Cash

- and

I NZ Share









THIS IS AN IMPORTANT DOCUMENT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

#### IMPORTANT NOTICES

This Bidder's Statement is given by Metcash Trading Limited ABN 61 000 031 569 (Metcash) to Foodland Associated Limited ABN 13 008 667 650 (Foodland) under Part 6.5 of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) (Act).

A copy of this Bidder's Statement was lodged with the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) on 21 January 2005. Neither ASIC nor its officers takes any responsibility for the content of this Bidder's Statement:

This Bidder's Statement does not take into account your individual investment objectives, financial situation and needs. The information in this document should not be relied upon as the sole basis for any investment decision in relation to your Foodland Shares or any other securities. You should seek independent financial and tax advice before making any investment decision whether to accept the Offer.

This Bidder's Statement contains certain statements that relate to the future. These forward looking statements have been based on Metcash's current expectations about future events. They are, however, subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements.

Neither Metcash, its officers or advisers, nor any other person is giving any representation, assurance or guarantee that the occurrence of the events expressed or implied in any forward looking statement in this Bidder's Statement will actually occur. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward looking statements.

The forward looking statements reflect views held only as at the date of this Bidder's Statement. Except as required by law, Metcash disclaims any duty to update the statements to reflect any changes in expectations or events, conditions or circumstances on which any such forward looking statements are based.

Metcash has collected your information from the Foodland register of shareholders for the purpose of making this Offer and, if accepted, administering your holding of Foodland Shares. The Act requires the name and address of shareholders to be held in a public register. Your information may be disclosed on a confidential basis to Metcash's related bodies corporate

and external service providers, and may be required to be disclosed to regulators such as ASIC. The registered address of Metcash is 4 Newington Road, Silverwater NSW 2128.

This Bidder's Statement is not an offer of the securities proposed to be offered by Metcash pursuant to the Rights Issue as described in this Bidder's Statement. The offers of securities under the Rights Issue will be made in, or be accompanied by, a copy of the prospectus in relation to the Rights Issue. The Rights Issue will only be offered to eligible Metcash shareholders, who will need to complete the application form that will be in or will accompany the prospectus in relation to the Rights Issue.

### United States notices

The securities referred to in this Bidder's Statement will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933 (Securities Act), as amended, at the time of issuance and therefore may not be offered or sold in the United States without registration or an applicable exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act.

This Bidder's Statement shall not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of any offer to buy any such securities or any securities issuable in exchange for such securities in the United States or any other jurisdiction.

The information contained herein does not constitute an offer of securities of any member of the Metcash Group for sale in the United States. Securities of such entities may not be offered or sold in the United States in the absence of registration or an exemption from registration.

### DEFINED TERMS AND INTERPRETATION

A number of defined words and expressions are used in this document. Defined words and expressions are capitalised. If defined in the body of the document they will be bolded where defined. Please also refer to Section 24 of this Bidder's Statement for the meanings of capitalised words and expressions.

Unless otherwise stated, all data contained in charts, graphs and tables is based on information available as at the date of this Bidder's Statement. All numbers are rounded unless otherwise indicated. All references to time in this Bidder's Statement are references to Sydney time.



#### METCASH TRADING LIMITED

ABN 61 000 031 569

4 NEWINGTON ROAD SILVERWATER NSW 2128 AUSTRALIA

PO BOX 6226 SILVERWATER BUSINESS CENTRE NSW 1811 AUSTRALIA

PHONE: 02 974 | 3000 FAX: 02 974 | 3027 WEB: www.metcash.com

Dear Foodland shareholder.

Chairman's Letter

On behalf of the Directors of Metcash, I have pleasure in enclosing an offer by Metcash to acquire ALL of your shares in Foodland.

For each Foodland Share held, Metcash is offering consideration which has been valued at \$21.26 to \$26.62 based on:

- \$7.18 cash or 2.44 Metcash A Shares, which have been valued at between \$7.49 and \$10.10 based on the range of values ascribed by the Independent Expert, PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd;
- INZ Share, which the Independent Expert has valued at between \$13.65 and \$16.09 per share; and
- enabling you to retain Foodland's anticipated Interim Dividend of up to \$0.43 per Foodland share.

The Offer creates significant value for all Foodland shareholders through two components:

- acquiring the underperforming Foodland Australia for an attractive price; and
- facilitating you retaining your better positioned Foodland New Zealand through a separately listed company.

This document highlights a number of reasons why we believe you should ACCEPT the Offer. These include:

- the market has recognised the substantial value of the Offer;
- you are being offered an attractive price for your underperforming Foodland Australia;
- you are being offered flexibility to choose between cash and Metcash A Shares for Foodland Australia;
- you are being given the opportunity to share in the expected synergies from combining the Australian operations under the strong and successful Metcash management team;
- you are being offered the opportunity to unlock the value of Foodland New Zealand; and
- our belief that, in the absence of another offer, Foodland's share price is likely to fall should the Offer not be successful.

The Directors of Metcash firmly believe the Offer is strategically attractive to Foodland shareholders and that Metcash is the logical owner of Foodland Australia. The Directors also believe the Offer provides you with significant benefits and a unique opportunity to maximise the value of your Foodland Shares.

You may be aware that Metcash has also announced a proposed Capital Reorganisation. You should note that the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are NOT conditional upon each other.

I am delighted that you will be able to consider the Offer and would encourage you to read this document carefully and to ACCEPT Metcash's Offer.

Please contact our Foodland Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or  $\pm 61$  2 9240 7455 (callers outside Australia) if you have any questions on the Metcash Offer.

Yours faithfully.

Carlos S. dos Santos

Chairman

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### KEY DATES

Metcash Offer for Foodland announced	6 December 2004
Date Bidder's Statement was lodged with ASIC and da	te of Bidder's Statement 21 January 2005
Date of Offer	7 February 2005
Offer closes (unless extended)	7.00pm (Sydney time) on 22 April 2005

### 1. Take this unique opportunity

The market has recognised the substantial value of the Metcash Offer

Metcash is offering an attractive price for your underperforming Foodland Australia

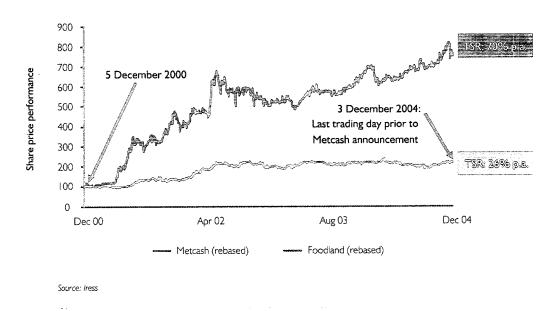
Retain and unlock the value of your well positioned Foodland New-Zealand

Foodland's share price is likely to fall in the absence of Metcash's Offer

### 2. Who is Metcash?

- Metcash Trading Limited (Metcash) is one of Australia's top 150 listed companies, with a market capitalisation of approximately
   \$2.5 billion!
- It is a leading marketing and distribution company in the grocery and liquor wholesaling industries in Australia and also in the New Zealand liquor wholesaling market. For the financial year ended 30 April 2004, Metcash generated sales in excess of \$7 billion and earnings before interest, tax and amortisation in excess of \$190 million
- Metcash's mission is to be the "Champion of the Independent Retailer," serving its customers through three business pillars:
  - IGA Distribution (IGA) Australia's largest grocery wholesaler operating on the eastern seaboard of Australia and in South Australia
  - Australian Liquor Marketers (ALM) the largest broad range liquor wholesaler in Australia and New Zealand and
  - Campbells Cash & Carry (CCC) a wholesale distributor of groceries, liquor and confectionery to convenience stores and service stations
- Importantly, Metcash's philosophy is that as a grocery and liquor wholesaler it should not compete with the independently owned retail stores to which it supplies
- Metcash has a strong and successful management team and an experienced and well credentialed board of directors.
  - Over the past four years, Metcash has delivered to its shareholders a Total Shareholder Return (TSR) of 70% per annum<sup>2</sup>
  - Over the same period Metcash's TSR has outperformed Foodland by 44% per annum and the ASX 200 Accumulation Index by 61% per annum

### Share price performance since 5 December 2000



Based on Metcash closing share price as at 12 January 2005.

<sup>2</sup> As calculated by Iress, based on total shareholder return, including share price appreciation and dividends, for the past four years from 5 December 2000 to 3 December 2004.

# ACQUIRE FOODLAND AUSTRALIA FOR: \$7.18 cash \$7.49-to \$10.10° in Metcash A Shares



# RETURN FOODLAND NEW ZEALAND FOR: INZ Share valued at \$13.65 to \$16.094



DIVIDEND keep your anticipated Interim Dividen of up to \$0.43 per Foodland Share



\$21.26 TO \$26.62 OF VALUE PER FOODLAND SHARE

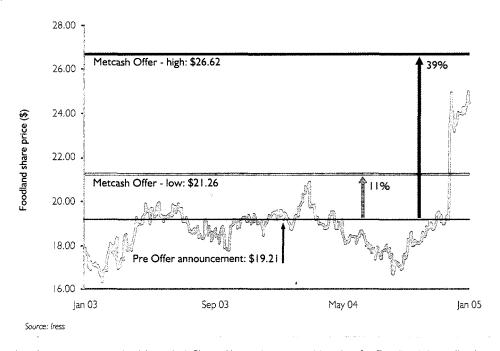
<sup>3</sup> Based on an Exchange Ratio of 2.44 multiplied by the Independent Expert's valuation range for Metcash A Shares of \$3.07 to \$4.14. In the event of a rights issue the Exchange Ratio will be adjusted accordingly.

<sup>4</sup> Based on the Independent Expert's valuation range for Foodland New Zealand of \$13.65 to \$16.09

### Realise full value for your Foodland shares

■ Based on Metcash's Offer, one Foodland share will deliver between \$21.26 and \$26.62 of value, representing a premium of between 11% and 39% per Foodland share relative to Foodland's pre-announcement closing price of \$19.21

### Value of Metcash Offer



For shareholders who choose to accept the Metcash A Share Alternative as consideration for Foodland Australia, the value of Metcash's Offer will vary depending on the Metcash share price.

In the period since Metcash announced its Offer to 12 January 2005, Metcash's shares have traded in the range of \$3.22 to \$3.45, with a one month volume weighted average price of \$3.32. This trading range is within the Independent Expert's ascribed value range for Metcash A Shares of \$3.07 to \$4.14.

On the day prior to lodgement of this Bidder's Statement, Metcash's closing share price was \$3.41.

The following table shows the different values of the Metcash Offer at different Metcash share prices, including the anticipated Foodland Interim Dividend of up to \$0.43 per Foodland share.

#### Value of Metcash Offer

	AUST	RAHA	NEW	TEALAND	DIVIDEND	METCASI	OFFER
Metcash A Share price!	2.44 Metcash A O Shares	R Metcash . Cash offer	NZ Share – low²	TO NZ Share – high?	Foodland interim dividend	= Low To	High
\$3.07	\$7.49	\$7.18	\$13.65	\$16.09	\$0.43	\$21.26	\$24.01
\$3.32	\$8.10	\$7.18	\$13,65	\$16.09	\$0.43	\$21.26	\$24.62
\$3.61	\$8.80	\$7.18	\$13.65	\$16.09	\$0.43	\$21.26	\$25.32
\$4.14	\$10.10	\$7.18	\$13.65	\$16.09	\$0.43	\$21.26	\$26.62

<sup>(1)</sup> Prices in this column are based on the Independent Expert's low value per Metcash A Share – \$3.07, Metcash's one month value weighted average price to 12 January 2005 – \$3.32, the Independent Expert's midpoint value per Metcash A Share – \$4.14.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on Independent Expert's high and low value per NZ Share.

<sup>(3)</sup> Foodland Interim Dividend is incorporated to reflect the fact that Foodland shares will be trading cum the anticipated Interim Dividend. The Independent Expert's valuation is ex this dividend.





An aftiractive price for your underperiorming Foodland Australia



Choice of Cash or Metcash A Shares for Foodland Australia



Opportunity to share in the expected synergies



Retain the benefit of your well-positioned-and better performing Foodland New Zealand

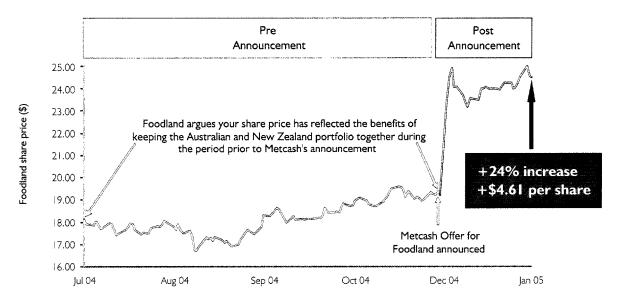


Foodland's share price is likely to fall in the absence of Metcash's Offer

# The market has recognised the substantial value of the Metcash Offer

- Whilst Foodland argues that the separation of the Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand businesses "appears to ignore the synergies created by the current business portfolio and the potential negatives of breaking up this portfolio," 5 the market supports a different view
- Since the announcement of Metcash's Offer, Foodland's share price has risen by approximately 24%, or \$4.616 per share

### Value recognised in Foodland share price following Metcash Offer



Source: fress

<sup>5</sup> Foodland company announcement.

<sup>6</sup> Based on Foodland's one month volume weighted average price to 3 December 2004 of \$19.21 and the one month volume weighted average price to 12 January 2005 of \$23.82.

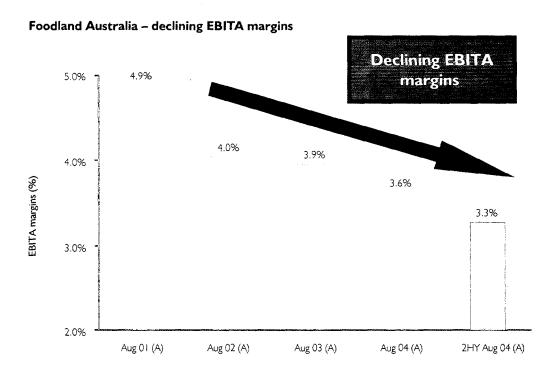
# - An attractive price for your underperforming Foodland Australia

- Over the last 4 full financial years, Foodland Australia has underperformed as evidenced by:
  - EBITA margins declining by 26%
  - sales per square metre declining by 5%7

despite significantly increasing capital expenditure from \$25m to \$82m, representing an increase of 230%. Capital expenditure is forecast to increase again in 20058

### **Declining EBITA Margins Relative to Peers**

Foodland Australia's EBITA margins have declined over the past 4 full years, whilst Coles Myer's, Woolworths' and Metcash's EBITA margins have increased over the same period?



Source: Foodland company announcements

(1) Foodland Australia EBITA margins based on reported EBITA for Australia retail and wholesale, excluding reported property EBITA and corporate costs, divided by sales for Australia retail and reported net external sales for wholesale, excluding other operating revenue. Property EBITA has been excluded in order to present EBITA margins on a more comparable basis due to the recent sale of a large proportion of Foodland's property portfolio.

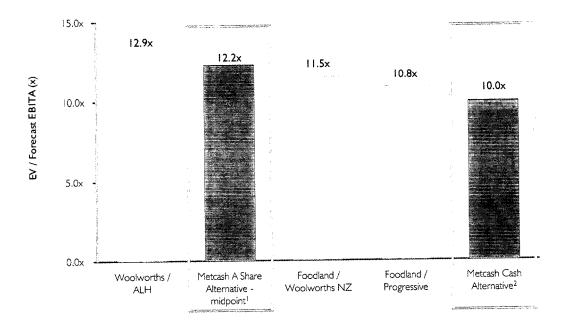
<sup>7</sup> The trend of declining sales per square metre relates to Foodland Australia's retail sales only, and is assessed on the basis of the average trading area for the relevant financial year.

Based on Foodland's historical and forecast segmental capex disclosure from company announcements.

Based on Coles Myer and Woolworths respective food and liquor divisions. Whilst Coles Myer does not report segmental EBITA, its segmental EBIT margins have been increasing over the referenced period.

- The multiple offered by Metcash is within the range of comparable transactions. It is:
  - 12.2 times forecast 2005 EBITA, based on the Independent Expert's midpoint value for the Metcash A Share Alternative
  - 10.0 times forecast 2005 EBITA, based on the Cash Alternative

### Foodland Australia - An Attractive Forecast Multiple



Source: Precedent transaction multiples sourced from Independent Expert's Report

(1) Metcash A Share Alternative midpoint based on midpoint of Independent Expert's valuation range for Metcash A shares of \$3.61, equating to an equivalent value of \$8.80 per Foodland share.

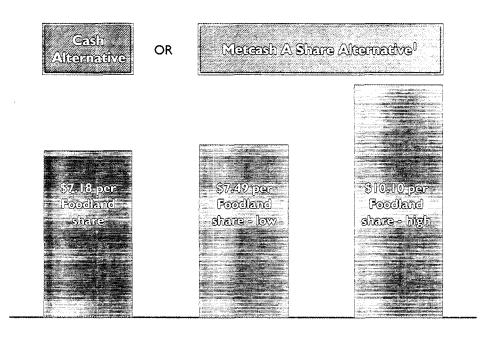
(2) Metcash Cash Alternative based on Cash Offer of \$7.18 per Foodland share.

(3) Foodland Australia's forecast EBITA is based on the midpoint of the Independent Expert's high and low 2005 EBITA forecast, plus forecast property EBITA attributed to Foodland Australia as per broker forecasts.

# Choice of Cash or Metcash A Shares for Foodland Australia

- Foodland shareholders that choose the Cash Alternative will not incur any brokerage costs which may be incurred if you choose to sell your Foodland shares on the market
- Foodland shareholders that choose the Metcash A Share Alternative should receive the additional benefit of capital gains tax rollover relief on the consideration received for Foodland Australia
- The potential for rollover relief is particularly attractive for shareholders with a low entry price and high marginal tax rates who would otherwise derive a taxable capital gain on disposal of their Foodland shares
- Rollover relief is not available for the Cash Alternative or by selling your Foodland shares on the market

### Ability to Choose Cash or Metcash A Shares for Foodland Australia

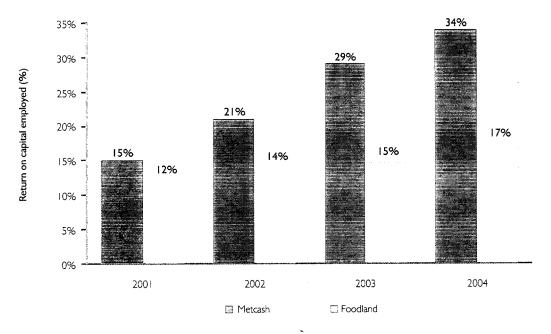


(1) Metcash A Share Alternative based on Independent Expert's valuation range for Metcash A Shares of \$3.07 to \$4.14 multiplied by the Exchange Ratio of 2.44.

### Opportunity to share in the expected synergies

- By becoming a shareholder in Metcash you will benefit from the value generated from the integration of Foodland Australia with Metcash's profitable existing business which has a stronger position in the wholesale grocery and liquor industries in Australia
- The combination of Foodland Australia and Metcash's existing business is expected to generate the following benefits:
  - improved buying power
  - supply chain and logistics benefits
  - costs savings
- As a Metcash shareholder you will benefit from strong management with a proven track record

### Return on Capital - a Proven Track Record



Source: Metcash and Foodland company announcements

(1) Return on capital employed defined as EBITA divided by average capital employed. Capital employed is defined as total assets less all non interest bearing liabilities.

# Retain the benefit of your well positioned and better performing Foodland New Zealand

- Whilst Foodland New Zealand is an attractive business, retailing does not fit within Metcash's wholesale business model. Under Metcash's Offer, Foodland shareholders will be returned ownership of Foodland New Zealand
- Metcash believes that Foodland New Zealand, as a separate listed entity with a leading market position and stronger margins, will be a more attractive investment proposition and is likely to have enhanced strategic appeal
- The separation of Foodland New Zealand is expected to unlock value for all Foodland shareholders as Foodland Australia is a major impediment to a takeover offer for Foodland
- The Independent Expert has valued Foodland New Zealand in the range of \$13.65 to \$16.09 per share, which equates to a market value of between \$1.6 billion to \$1.9 billion. This should place Foodland New Zealand within the ASX 200

### Foodland New Zealand - Key financial metrics

	2004 A	2005 F	2006 F
Total sales	3,558	3,814	3,935
Total EBITA <sup>a</sup>	159	174	181
Total EBITA margin	4.5%	4.6%	4.6%
Total assets <sup>2</sup>	2,318	n.a.	n,a.
Net assets <sup>2</sup>	1,773	n.a.	n.a.

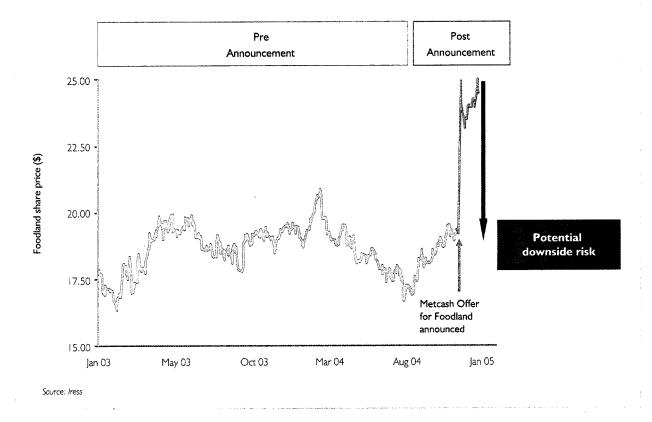
Source: Independent Expert's Report, based on averages of broker forecasts,

- I EBITA is pre corporate costs and property income.
- 2 The Independent Expert has not disclosed forecast total or net assets.

Foodland's share price has risen 24% since the announcement of Metcash's Offer – in the absence of another offer, the Foodland share price is likely to fall

- Since listing on the ASX in 1990, Foodland's share price has never traded at the prices experienced since the Metcash announcement on 6 December 2004
- If Metcash's Offer does not proceed, you will continue to own your shares in Foodland which will remain listed on the ASX and will continue to own both Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand
- Should the Metcash Offer for Foodland not proceed, and in the absence of another offer, it is likely that the Foodland share price will fall

### Potential downside risk to Foodland share price



THE METCASH DIRECTORS STRONGLY ENCOURAGE YOU TO ACCEPT THE METCASH OFFER IN ORDER FOR YOU TO MAXIMISE THE VALUE OF YOUR FOODLAND SHARES

### 5. Four key structural aspects of Metcash's Offer

### i Will the Metcash Offer proceed regardless of the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation?

- Yes. The Metcash Offer for your Foodland shares is NOT conditional on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation
- On 6 December 2004, when Metcash announced its intention to make this Offer for Foodland, it also outlined its intention (subject to approval by Metcash and Metoz shareholders) to implement a Capital Reorganisation which will result in the establishment of a new group holding company ("Newco" - later to be renamed Metcash Limited) and the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's (52%) majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited (Metoz)
- This process is underway by way of two Schemes of Arrangement (the Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Scheme) which are scheduled to be voted on at separate Scheme meetings on or around 22 March 2005

For further information refer to Section 10.2

### ii How will Metcash achieve the separation and listing of Foodland New Zealand?

- After the Offer and compulsory acquisition have been completed, Metcash intends to consolidate ownership of Foodland New Zealand into a single company, NZ Holdco
- Metcash then proposes to cancel the NZ Shares and replace them with shares in NZ Holdco (NZ Holdco Transfer). It is proposed that NZ Holdco will immediately apply for listing on the ASX to be effective once the transfer is complete
- The NZ Holdco Transfer requires approval from the ordinary shareholders of Metcash (excluding those who also hold NZ Shares). If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, Newco can give this approval. If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, Metoz has indicated to the Metcash Board in writing that it will vote in favour of the Transfer
- Whilst the NZ Shareholders must separately approve the NZ Holdco Transfer, the Metcash constitution provides that each NZ Shareholder pre-agrees to vote in favour of the NZ Holdco Transfer. This means that the vote of NZ Shareholders will be passed with full support

For further information, refer to Section 14.4

### iii Who will run Foodland New Zealand once it is a separate listed entity?

- Metcash believes it is appropriate and in the best interests of all Foodland shareholders for the existing board of Foodland to serve Foodland Shareholders as the board of Foodland New Zealand once it is separately listed. Accordingly, following completion of the Offer, Metcash will invite the existing directors of Foodland to become the directors of Foodland New Zealand
- If fewer than four Foodland directors elect to take up places on the board of Foodland New Zealand, Metcash will facilitate the appointment of appropriate and experienced board members to the board of Foodland New Zealand. Metcash has commenced the process of identifying and discussing potential candidates for the Board of Foodland New Zealand and expects to be able to provide further details once the position of the existing Foodland directors is known. Any appointment of replacement directors will be subject to ratification by Foodland New Zealand shareholders at the first general meeting of Foodland New Zealand

For further information refer to Section 14.3(i)

### iv Why is Metcash issuing Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares?

- If the Capital Reorganisation proceeds, the ultimate parent company of Metcash will be Newco. If the Capital Reorganisation does not proceed, Metcash will remain the ultimate parent company. The issue to you of Metcash A Shares is to ensure that you will be issued shares in the ultimate holding company of Metcash, irrespective of the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation
- Fundamental to the Offer is the concept that Metcash is seeking to acquire only the Australian assets of Foodland and allow Foodland shareholders to retain their interest in Foodland's New Zealand business. This will be achieved by issuing Foodland shareholders with NZ Shares followed by a transfer of NZ Shares in return for NZ Holdco Shares. NZ Holdco will be the ultimate holding company for Foodland New Zealand
- Capital gains tax rollover relief should be available for Foodland shareholders who accept Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.
   In addition, any capital gain should be disregarded on the conversion or exchange of Metcash A Shares to Metcash or Newco ordinary shares

For further information refer to Sections 14.4 and 18

This Section 5 is a summary only. It should be read in conjunction with the rest of this Bidder's Statement, which describes the Offer in more detail and contains additional important information about it.



The Offer	Metcash offers to buy all of your Foodland Shares for:		
	<ul><li>2.44 Metcash A Shares or \$7.18 in cash; and</li><li>I NZ Share,</li></ul>		
	each, on the terms set out in Section 23 of this Bidder's Statement.		
Metcash A Share adjustment mechanism	If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, the 2.44 Exchange Ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue. The Exchange Ratio will be adjusted in accordance with the following formula:		
	2.44 x 5 day VWAP of Metcash Shares immediately prior to Ex-Rights Date		
	5 day VWAP of Metcash Shares including and immediately after Ex-Rights Date		
Closing Date	The Offer is scheduled to close at 7.00pm (Sydney time) on 22 April 2005, unless extended.		
Payment Date	Metcash will provide the consideration to you on or before the earlier of:		
	I month after the date of your acceptance or, if the Offer is subject to a defeating condition when you accept, I month after the Offer becomes unconditional; and		
	a 21 days after the end of the Offer Period.		
No brokerage	You will not pay any brokerage costs if you accept the Offer.		
Conditions	The Offer is subject to a number of conditions including:		
	■ regulatory approval;		
	■ no material change;		
	■ financing; and		
	minimum acceptance.		
	Full details of all of the conditions are set out in Section 23.9.		
Further information	If you have any queries in relation to the Offer or its acceptance, please contact the Australian toll-free Foodland Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers from Australia).		
	Callers outside Australia should call +61 2 9240 7455 (normal call charges apply).		
	Please note that in order to comply with legal requirements, any calls to these numbers will be recorded. Enquiries in relation to the Offer will not be taken on any other telephone numbers of Metcash or its advisers.		

### 7 What you should do

- **Step I** Read the Bidder's Statement.
- **Step 2** Consider the information provided on Metcash and Foodland, including all the risk factors set out in Section 19 of the Bidder's Statement.
- **Step 3** Read the Target's Statement to be provided by Foodland.
- Step 4 Consult your broker, financial or other professional adviser if you are in any doubt as to what action to take or how to accept this Offer. If you have any queries on the Offer, you may also call the Foodland Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (callers outside Australia) if you require assistance. For legal reasons, calls to these numbers will be recorded.
- **Step 5** Validly accept this Offer.

### How to accept the Offer

You may only accept the Offer for all of your Foodland Shares. To accept the Offer:

- if your Foodland Shares are held on Foodland's issuer sponsored sub-register, complete
  and sign the Acceptance Form enclosed with this booklet and return it to the address
  indicated on the form before the Offer closes; or
- if your Foodland Shares are in a CHESS Holding, either:
  - complete and sign the Acceptance Form enclosed with this booklet and return it to the address indicated on the form; or
  - call your broker and instruct your broker to accept the Offer on your behalf, before the Offer closes; or
- if you are a Participant, initiate acceptance of the Offer in accordance with Rule 14.14
   of the ASTC Settlement Rules before the Offer closes.

Instructions on how to accept are also set out on the enclosed Acceptance Form.

### Delivery and mailing addresses

Please use the reply paid envelope enclosed with this Bidder's Statement.

Alternatively, the mailing address is:

Registries Ltd PO Box R67 Royal Exchange SYDNEY NSW 1223

You may also deliver the Acceptance Form and any associated document to:

Registries Ltd 28 Margaret Street SYDNEY NSW 2000



## 8 Key questions and answers

Shares are listed?

### 8.1 Offer consideration and structural issues

What is Metcash offering for each Foodland Share?	<ul><li>2.44 Metcash A Shares or \$7.18 cash; and</li><li>I NZ Share.</li></ul>
What is a Metcash A Share?	A Metcash A Share is a preference share which, once issued, carries an entitlement to a dividend of not less than that paid on a Metcash ordinary share. The Metcash A Share gives sufficient flexibility to ensure that, regardless of the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation, you will have an ordinary share in Metcash or its ultimate holding company.
What is an NZ Share?	An NZ Share is a preference share which has an economic entitlement to the profits of Foodland New Zealand. Dividends declared by Foodland New Zealand will be paid to NZ Shareholders, net of taxes. NZ Shares are being issued to enable Metcash to transfer ownership of Foodland New Zealand to Foodland Shareholders after the Offer. Metcash will apply for these shares to be listed immediately following the Offer becoming unconditional as securities of Metcash to facilitate immediate trading. (See below "What happens to the NZ Shares?")
Will the 2.44 Metcash A Shares be adjusted at any time?	If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, the Exchange Ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue according to the formula in Section 10.5. The adjustment will ensure that Foodland Shareholders are not disadvantaged by the value adjustment that occurs because of the proposed Rights Issue.
When will the Metcash A Shares and Metcash NZ Shares list?	Metcash A Shares and Metcash NZ Shares will commence quotation on ASX as soon as practicable after the Offer becomes unconditional.
What happens to the Metcash A Shares?	If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, each Metcash A Share will be exchanged into one Newco ordinary share on the completion of this Offer and compulsory acquisition. If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, each Metcash A Share will convert into one Metcash ordinary share on the completion of this Offer and compulsory acquisition.
Why is Metcash waiting until compulsory acquisition before conversion or exchange of Metcash A Shares?	Metcash must ensure that all Foodland Shareholders receive the same consideration whether under the Offer or compulsory acquisition. Therefore Metcash cannot exchange or convert the Metcash A Shares until all Foodland Shareholders who accepted the Metcash A Share Alternative have received their Metcash A Shares.
What happens to the NZ Shares?	After the Offer and compulsory acquisition have been completed, Metcash proposes to cancel the NZ Shares in exchange for the transfer of shares in NZ Holdco, subject to obtaining the approval of Metcash ordinary shareholders (excluding those who also hold NZ Shares) and NZ Shareholders at that time (the <b>NZ Holdco Transfer</b> ). It is proposed that NZ Holdco will immediately apply for listing on ASX to be effective once the transfer is complete.
What is NZ Holdco?	NZ Holdco is an Australian company which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metcash. Following a corporate restructuring, NZ Holdco is intended to become the holding company for Foodland New Zealand and will ultimately be renamed.
How long will it take before the NZ Holdco	Following the completion of compulsory acquisition, it is expected that the process culminating in the NZ Holdco Transfer will take between 3 and 6 months.

Who meets the costs of the NZ restructure?	NZ Holdco will meet the costs associated with the restructure of Foodland New Zealand and the NZ Holdco Transfer.
What are the approvals required for the NZ Holdco Transfer?	The NZ Holdco Transfer requires approval from ordinary shareholders of Metcash (excluding those who also hold NZ Shares). If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, Newco can give this approval. If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, Metoz has indicated to the board of Metcash in writing that it will vote in favour.
	The NZ Shareholders must separately approve the NZ Holdco Transfer. The Metcash constitution provides that each NZ Shareholder pre-agrees to vote in favour of the NZ Holdco Transfer. This means that this vote will be passed with full support.
	It is expected that meetings to consider the NZ Holdco Transfer will be held after the completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition (allowing time to comply with statutory requirements).
What happens if the NZ Holdco Transfer cannot occur?	Metcash considers this scenario highly unlikely. The terms of the NZ Shares are intended to protect the interests of the holders in the event that the NZ Holdco Transfer cannot be achieved. In that unlikely event, Metcash is obliged to use its best endeavours to complete an alternative transaction having a similar effect, or to dispose of Foodland New Zealand and effect a distribution of proceeds. In any event, until that time, the NZ Shares should continue to trade on ASX and will reflect the economic value of the Foodland New Zealand business.
Will I pay tax on receipt of Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares or on cancellation of NZ Shares?	You should be eligible for CGT roll-over relief if you accept Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares. In addition, any capital gain should be disregarded on the conversion or exchange of Metcash A Shares to Metcash or Newco Shares.  There should be no tax consequences for you from the cancellation of NZ Shares and the transfer of shares in NZ Holdco. For further information, see the taxation report in Section 21.
What is the Capital Reorganisation?	The Capital Reorganisation will result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz. It will be implemented through schemes of arrangement in Australia and South Africa. If the Schemes are Effective, Metoz will no longer control Metcash.
	The Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not dependent upon each other
What is Newco?	The Newco Project X Limited ( <b>Newco</b> ) is a newly incorporated Australian company which, if the Capita Reorganisation becomes Effective, will acquire Metoz Holdings for cash and the remainder of Metcash in exchange for Newco Shares. Subject to ASX approval, Newco will become listed on the ASX after the Capital Reorganisation and will change its name to Metcash Limited. In this event Shareholders (other than Metoz) will become shareholders of Newco, Newco will own 100% of the ordinary shares of Metcash, and the current Metcash Board of Directors will be appointed to the Newco Board.
Who is Metoz?	Metoz is currently Metcash's major shareholder. It is a South African listed company. Its only material asset is its current approximately 52% interest in Metcash.
Are the Offer and Capital Reorganisation conditional on each other	No. This means that if the Capital Reorganisation does not receive all necessary approvals, the Offer can continue.  r?





### 8.2 Offer terms and conditions

How do I accept
the Offer?

To accept the Offer either:

- if your Foodland Shares are held on Foodland's issuer sponsored sub-register, complete and sign the Acceptance Form enclosed with this booklet and return it to the address indicated on the form before the Offer closes; or
- if your Foodland Shares are in a CHESS Holding, either:
  - complete and sign the Acceptance Form enclosed with this booklet and return it to the address indicated on the form; or
  - call your broker and instruct your broker to accept the Offer on your behalf,

before the Offer closes; or

if you are a Participant, initiate acceptance of the Offer in accordance with Rule 14.14 of the ASTC Settlement Rules before the Offer closes.

If you have any further questions about acceptance, then please call the Australian toll-free Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (for callers within Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (for callers outside Australia, for which normal charges apply). For legal reasons, calls to these numbers will be recorded.

### Can I accept the offer for part of my holding?

No. You cannot accept for part of your holding. You may only accept the Offer for ALL of your Foodland Shares.

### Can I withdraw my acceptance?

Under the terms of the Offer, you can withdraw your acceptance at any time up until:

- that time when Metcash announces that its voting power in Foodland is at least 90%; or
- 7.00pm on the day Metcash declares the Offer to be unconditional.

You may also be able to withdraw your acceptance if the Offer is extended by a month or more.

### after I have withdrawn my acceptance?

Can I re-accept the Offer Yes. Please call the Foodland Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 to request an additional Acceptance Form, or talk to your CHESS sponsor or broker about initiating acceptance.

### What happens if I do not accept?

If you do not accept the Offer and the Offer is successful, your Foodland Shares may be compulsorily acquired. You will be provided the Offer Consideration at the conclusion of this process. You will receive the Offer Consideration sooner if you accept the Offer.

When does the Offer close? The Offer is currently scheduled to close on 22 April 2005, unless extended.

### Can Metcash extend the Offer Period?

Yes, the Offer can be extended at Metcash's election. Foodland Shareholders will receive written notification of any extension.

# interim dividend?

Will I receive Foodland's Yes. Foodland Shareholders can retain any anticipated interim dividend declared by Foodland up to an amount of \$0.43 per share without there being an adjustment to the Offer Consideration. Where Foodland's dividend or other distributions exceed this amount, the Offer Consideration will be reduced accordingly.

### Can I sell the shares I receive from accepting

Yes. Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be quoted on ASX subject to ASX approval. If granted, you will be able to sell the shares you receive on ASX. The Metcash A Shares will ultimately convert or the Offer on the market? exchange into Metcash or Newco Shares, which will be quoted on ASX. It is intended that the NZ Shares will be converted into NZ Holdco Shares, which are also intended to be quoted on ASX.

### What if I am a Foreign Shareholder?

If you are a Foreign Shareholder and are unable to hold the securities issued by Metcash on acceptance of the Offer, then any Metcash Shares which would otherwise be issued to you under the Offer will be held by a nominee who will sell those shares on the market and remit the cash proceeds of sale to you.

### 8.3 General

## from Foodland?

How is Metcash different Metcash is a specialist wholesaler and grocery distributor primarily concentrated on the eastern seaboard and in South Australia. Metcash believes that it has a unique and highly successful wholesale and distribution model. Metcash has consistently grown sales and profits in recent years. Metcash believes that it should not compete with its customers, and so does not engage in any retail operations.

> Foodland has a different approach, mixing retail and wholesale activities and competing with its wholesale customers in the retail segment. Metcash does not believe that this approach is the best approach for achieving value for shareholders and customers in the current market environment.

## What will Metcash do

Metcash intends to integrate Foodland's wholesale operations with its existing operations. Metcash with Foodland Australia? expects to realise economies of scale, improved buying power, supply and logistics benefits and cost savings as a result of the merger.

> Metcash currently intends to sell Foodland Australia's retail operations to independent retailers or management and employees of the stores. It is expected that these retail operations will be incorporated within the IGA network.

### Why does Metcash not want Foodland New Zealand?

Whilst Foodland New Zealand is an attractive business, retailing does not fit within Metcash's wholesale business model.

### Who runs Metcash and how successful are they?

Metcash is one of Australia's top 150 listed companies with a market capitalisation of approximately \$2.5 billion. The Chairman is Carlos dos Santos and Andrew Reitzer is the Chief Executive Officer. Since Metoz appointed management in Davids (as Metcash was then known) in 1998, the Metcash share price has increased substantially (293% appreciation to 12 January 2005). Most of the current senior management of Metcash have been with Metcash for many years and will remain with Metcash after the Offer and Capital Reorganisation.

### information if I have outstanding questions?

Where can I obtain further For further information you can call the Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (for callers within Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (for callers outside Australia). For legal reasons, calls to these numbers will be recorded.

### Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares: a quick guide

Attribute	Metcash A Shares	NZ Shares
Type of share	Preference	Preference
Ranking	Rank ahead of ordinary shares	Rank ahead of Metcash A Shares and ordinary shares
Dividend rights	Preferential entitlement to same dividend as Metcash ordinary shares	Preferential entitlement to a dividend determined by reference to dividends received from Foodland New Zealand
Consequence of non-payment of dividend	No dividend paid on ordinary shares	No dividend to be paid on Metcash A Shares or ordinary shares. If Foodland New Zealand has paid a dividend to NZ Holdco, NZ Shareholders will receive that dividend, net of tax.
Voting rights	Only in certain circumstances	Only in certain circumstances
Rights on a winding up	Preferential entitlement to share of residual value of Metcash Australia	Preferential entitlement to share of residual value of Foodland New Zealand
Conversion or exchange	Convert to Metcash ordinary shares if Capital Reorganisation unsuccessful Exchange to Newco ordinary shares if Capital Reorganisation successful	Will be cancelled and replaced with ordinary shares in NZ Holdco if the NZ Holdco Transfer is successful
Other special features		Irrevocable proxy to vote in favour of the NZ Holdco Transfer
Listed on ASX	Yes, subject to ASX consent	Yes, subject to ASX consent

### 9 Profile of Metcash

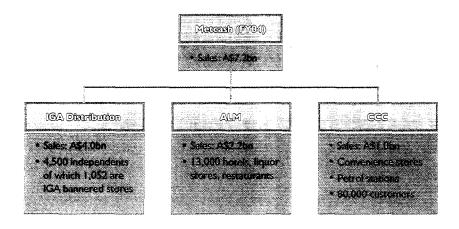
### 9.1 Profile of Metcash

#### (a) Introduction

Metcash is a leading marketing and distribution company operating in the grocery and liquor industries in Australia and also in the New Zealand liquor market. The company operates through three business pillars:

- IGA Distribution (**IGA**) is Australia's largest grocery wholesaler operating on the eastern seaboard of Australia and in South Australia and provides specialist marketing and distribution services to independent grocery retailers;
- Australian Liquor Marketers (**ALM**) is the largest broad range liquor wholesaler in Australia and New Zealand, supplying independent licensed liquor retailers, hotels and restaurants; and
- Campbells Cash & Carry (CCC) is a wholesale distributor of groceries, liquor and confectionery to the convenience retail sector.

In Metcash's selected markets as distributors and marketers of groceries and liquor to independent retailers, the businesses complement each other. IGA and ALM deliver groceries and liquor respectively by pallet loads from major distribution centres while CCC focuses on the convenience market segments, supplying similar products but in smaller volume orders.



#### (b) Overview of Divisions

#### **IGA**

IGA is the main grocery wholesaler for independent supermarkets in South Australia and on the eastern seaboard of Australia. IGA operates eight strategically situated distribution centres which carry approximately 21,000 stock keeping units serving the dry grocery, chilled, frozen and general merchandise requirements of approximately 4,500 independent retailer grocery accounts. These independent retailers' stores have a national market share of approximately 13.3%<sup>1</sup>.

IGA is an internationally recognised supermarket brand currently trading in 38 countries worldwide. Metcash has developed the IGA brand significantly over the last 5 years. The brand is sublicensed to independent supermarket operators who meet minimum entry criteria and standards. Metcash has exclusive rights to use the IGA brand in the areas in which IGA operates in Australia.

Metcash provides marketing programs and retail services to build the IGA brand and independent IGA businesses.

The IGA brand has successfully been marketed through three channels of operation to suit the consumer demographic and target market that the stores serve. These are:

Super IGA	280 stores
IGA and IGA Everyday	472 stores
IGA X-press and Friendly Grocer IGA/Other	300 stores
Total IGA stores	1,052 stores

Metcash's second largest banner customer is Foodworks, which recently merged with another Metcash customer, Australia United Retailers. Foodworks operates 687 stores in Queensland, Victoria, New South Wales, Tasmania and Western Australia (under brand licence).

IGA has developed strategic relationships with major multi-store customers to secure long term supply contracts and assist them in growing their store networks. Metcash provides a comprehensive range of support services to these independent retailers. These services include retail systems support, in-store training, and a range of specialist personnel. Metcash service teams are an integral part of the growth and future development of independent businesses.

Metcash remains innovative and competitive. Recent initiatives include the:

- launch of a competitive petrol offer: consumers can buy petrol at any service station, and receive the equivalent of a 4 cent per litre discount off their grocery purchases, when they spend A\$30 or more at selected IGA stores in New South Wales and Queensland. The Offer is also being extended into South Australia and Victoria;
- expansion of the IGA network: Metcash assists and supports strong investment by retailers in their businesses with 52 new stores, 46 major refurbishments and 22 extensions underway as at the date of this Bidder's Statement;
- development of corporate brands: these include:
  - IGA Way of Life catering to nutritional requirements and life choices;
  - IGA Deli Shoppe pre packed self service range; and
  - IGA Kool pre packed fresh produce range; and
- implementation of voice directed order selection: Metcash has installed voice directed "picking" into seven of its major distribution centres over the past 2 years and will have completed nine by April 2005. This best practice technology has driven a productivity improvement of approximately 10% across each facility and has reduced customer claims (regarding accuracy of deliveries) by approximately 70%.

### Australian Liquor Marketers

ALM is the leading liquor wholesaler in Australia (based on turnover), and through its wholly owned subsidiary, Tasman Liquor Company, is the leading wholesaler in New Zealand (again, based on turnover). ALM operates 24 distribution centres across Australia and New Zealand, carrying more than 10,000 products to meet the wine, beer and spirit requirements of more than 13,000 licensed premises. ALM has invested heavily in improved systems and infrastructure to better serve customers and suppliers, and to become an integral part of an efficient route to market for the independent retailers.

ALM has sought to protect its customers and its own market share by implementing and encouraging banner consolidation and by working closely with both internal and external banner groups to ensure they are competitively positioned in the market. This year Metcash successfully launched Independent Brands Australia (IBA), forming a strong force in independent liquor retailing. IBA manages the Cellarbrations, Liquorwise, Cheeers and Liquor Force brands. The group has successfully consolidated over 1,200 independent retailers into the following groups:

- "Cellarbrations": a high compliance, consumer-focused "retail brand" currently with 195 stores;
- "Cheeers": a disciplined marketing banner but with a reduced promotional program, currently with 102 stores;
- "Liquor Force": a "buying group" with 740 members having access to various promotional programs; and
- the hotel channel comprising "Liquorwise" with 128 outlets and "The Local Liquorwise" with 100 outlets.

### Campbells Cash & Carry

CCC operates as a specialist distributor to the \$3.8 billion per annum<sup>2</sup> convenience store market. The business operates wholesale cash and carry warehouses across New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and the Northern Territory carrying 12,000 liquor, food service, grocery, dairy, frozen, confectionery and tobacco products. CCC operates 44 Cash & Carry branches, four Convenience Store Distribution outlets (**C-Store Distribution**) and six Specialist Confectionery Wholesale outlets. CCC services over 80,000 customers in the food service, liquor, convenience and confectionery markets.

#### Key segments are:

- © C-Store Distribution which targets those customers who have larger stores, place orders electronically and require regular scheduled deliveries. C-Store Distribution has forged a reputation as a leader in the "single pick" convenience market and serves the growing corporate and multi-site independent convenience store market;
- Lucky 7 CCC's banner group of independently owned convenience stores in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Queensland and the Northern Territory. CCC has built this banner for its smaller retail outlets. As at 31 December 2004, there were 131 Lucky 7 stores in operation; and
- The Collective Buying Group a marketing group operating in all the markets where CCC is represented. It offers independent retailers benefits through reward programs and, specifically, assists milk bars, mixed businesses and convenience stores.

CCC's key competitive advantages are the range of products sold, the depth and location of its distribution network and cost effectiveness of its convenience store distribution system.

### 9.2 History of Metcash

Metcash, formerly known as Davids Limited (**Davids**), was founded in 1927 by Mr Joe David. In 1998, the South African group Metoz (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited) acquired a 76% stake in Davids. The company had incurred a loss in the year prior to acquisition of \$240 million after tax with the write-off of \$266 million of abnormal items. Following the acquisition, new management was appointed and the company implemented a focused restructuring plan to return the company to profitability. Substantial assistance was provided by Metoz in providing new management, rebuilding IT systems, developing merchandising strategies and verifying the integrity of financial systems. As part of the restructuring the company sold to its customers, or closed, its company-owned retail stores to focus on wholesaling, reduced the number of store banners to enable a more focused marketing approach and regained the support of customers and suppliers.

The key "turnaround" strategies included:

- adopting the principle of not competing with its retail customers;
- m rebuilding supplier relationships;
- becoming a low cost distributor;
- developing strong retail brands and marketing programs;
- focusing on wholesale distribution and supporting independent retailers;
- building a strong team of competent and motivated people;
- promoting Metcash's image as the "Champion of the Independent Retailer"; and
- building a national network of wholesale warehouses to supply and support independent liquor, grocery and convenience customers.

In April 2001, Metcash managed the acquisition by its customers of 120 Franklins supermarket stores and the conversion of the stores into IGA stores. Metcash also sold its loss making John Lewis Food Service unit to focus on its core wholesaling businesses.



The key objective of Metcash is to be the "Champion of the Independent Retailer". It has been a constant focal point for management and adhering to this goal is the cornerstone of the group's ongoing success. The clear intention of Metcash is not to compete with the independently owned retail stores which it supplies.

Metcash's strategy is to continue to improve internal efficiencies, drive costs down and add value to customer services. Continual investment in supply chain management, infrastructure and information technology will enable improvements in productivity, ensure customer needs are met and provide ready access to management information.

The success and prosperity of the independent grocery retailer is the key to Metcash's success. Metcash provides a comprehensive range of services to independent retailers, including retail system support on 24 hour call, in-store training and a range of specialist service personnel such as channel managers, business and fresh food managers. These service teams work with the individual retailers to grow both the brand and the individual businesses. Metcash also provides a retail development and store equipment service to assist in expanding, refurbishing or building new sites.

Metcash plans to expand its IGA distribution business through the acquisition of Foodland Australia. If the Offer for Foodland is successful, Metcash plans to divest Foodland's 82 Action stores in Western Australia, Queensland and Northern New South Wales to independent retailers, store managers and employees and become the wholesaler to these stores. The Foodland Australia acquisition is expected to generate an additional \$2.0 billion per annum in wholesale revenue for Metcash.

Metcash has previously announced ambitions of expansion offshore, referred to as the "Fourth Pillar". If Metcash is successful with its acquisition of Foodland, Metcash plans to defer any offshore acquisition until it has completely integrated Foodland's Australian business into its current operations. Any opportunities previously considered have ceased indefinitely. However, should the Offer and/or the Capital Reorganisation not take place, there are other strategies and growth opportunities that may be pursued.

### **9.4 Overview** of the Australian grocery market

The Australian food and liquor retailing market (in a traditional "supermarket" context) consists of chain stores, the two largest of which are Coles and Woolworths, and independent operators.

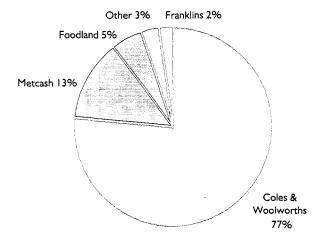
The market consists of:

- retail "chain" operations trading as supermarkets, liquor outlets and convenience stores. These include Woolworths, Coles, Franklins, Aldi and Action stores;
- independent retailers some of which operate under a banner name or brand name including IGA and Foodworks;
- wholesalers (including Metcash) who supply independent retailers with groceries, liquor and other goods; and
- wholesalers who supply groceries to independent retailers as well as their own owned and operated chain stores. Foodland is the only organisation that operates in this manner in Australia.

Of the total independent retail grocery market, Metcash supplies a clear majority of stores on the eastern seaboard of Australia and in South Australia.

Coles and Woolworths each operate their own warehouse operations supplying their own stores.

Figure 9.4.1 Estimated national grocery market share



Source: AC Neilson

### 9.5 Directors and management

#### (a) Metcash's directors

Carlos S. Dos Santos CA(SA)

Position: Non-Executive Chairman of Metcash.

Date of appointment: 4 May 1998.

**Other positions:** Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

History: Mr Carlos dos Santos, a Chartered Accountant, is the Chief Executive of Metoz. He has 34 years industry experience.

A.E. (Ted) Marris, AC F Inst D, FAIM, FAICD

Position: Non-Executive Deputy Chairman of Metcash.

Date of appointment: 28 March 1994.

Other positions: Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee.

**History:** Mr Ted Harris served as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Ampol Group from 1977 to 1987. He was Chairman of Australian Airlines from 1987 to 1992. Since 1987 he has served as Chairman or a director of a number of public companies and government bodies. Currently, Mr Harris is Chairman of Arena Management (Sydney Entertainment Centre), Thakral Holdings, Australian Radio Network and St. Vincent's Clinic Foundation. He is Deputy Chairman of APN News and Media and a member of the International Advisory Board of Independent News & Media PLC, Ireland. He is a former Commissioner of the ABC and a former Chairman of the Australian Sports Commission and Institute of Sport from 1984 to 1994. He was a member of the Executive Board of the Sydney Olympics 2000 Bid Company. He is a Life Governor of the Melanoma Foundation.

Andrew Reitzer B Comm, MBL

**Position:** Chief Executive Officer of Metcash. **Date of appointment:** 4 May 1998.

Other positions: N/A.

**History:** Mr Andrew Reitzer has 26 years experience in the retail/wholesale FMCG industry. He had 20 years experience with Metoz before joining Metcash. Previous positions at Metoz include Group Operations Director, head of operations in Russia and Israel, Marketing Director, IT Director and managing positions in various operating divisions of Metoz. Mr Reitzer is a director of Metoz.

Peter L. Barnes MBA (Melbourne), B Comm, (Hons)

Position: Non-Executive Director.

Date of appointment: 12 November 1999.

Other positions: Member of the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee, Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. History: Mr Peter Barnes is a director of News Corporation and Ansell Limited and Chairman of Samuel Smith & Sons Pty Ltd and Yalumba Wines. Mr Barnes was formerly an executive with Philip Morris International Inc and he also held several senior management positions in Australia and overseas including the position of Managing Director of Lindeman Holdings Ltd and President Asia Region based in Hong Kong. He was formerly the President of the Winemakers Federation of Australia.

Bernard J. Hale B Th (Canada)

Position: Executive Director, Chief Information Officer.

Date of appointment: 8 November 2000.

Other positions: N/A.

History: Mr Bernard Hale was formerly a director of Metoz. Mr Hale has 29 years of IT industry experience, 23 of which have been within the Metoz organisation. Previous positions held in Metoz include IT Operations Director, Group IT Director, Group Operations Director (Domestic) and Corporate Group IT Director. He was appointed Chief Information Officer of Metcash on 1 December 2002. Prior to being appointed to his current role, he served as a non-executive director of Metcash.

Michael Jablonski

**Position:** Executive Director, Group Merchandise Director.

Date of appointment: 4 May 1998.

Other positions: N/A.

History: Mr Michael Jablonski has 32 years experience in the food industry. Previous positions include: Merchandise Executive-Foods of OK Bazaars (1984), Merchandise and Marketing Director of Score Food Holdings Ltd (1987-1991), Deputy Group Merchandise Director of Metoz (1992-1996), Director of Distribution and Retail Development of Metoz (1996-1998). Since 1998, Mr Jablonski has been the Group Merchandise Director of Metcash and he is responsible for the Group's Merchandise, supplier relationships, and the income derived thereof.

Edwin Jankelowitz B Comm, CA (SA)

Position: Finance Director.

Date of appointment: 22 May 1998.

Other positions: N/A.

History: Mr Edwin Jankelowitz qualified as a Chartered Accountant in South Africa in 1966. From July 1967 to November 1979 he worked with Adcock Ingram Ltd in the Head Office where he was promoted over time to Group Company Secretary and then Finance Director. From January 1980 to March 1983, he worked as a consultant in business management and tax. From there he moved to Caxton Ltd where he worked as Finance Director, then Managing Director, then Chairman for the period 1983 to 1997. He has acted as chairman of other publicly quoted companies. Mr Jankelowitz has spent over 30 years in corporate offices of listed companies with excellent corporate governance reputations. He was a member of the Income Tax Special Court in South Africa for 20 years (1977-1997).

Lou Jardin

Position: Executive Director, CEO IGA Distribution.

Date of appointment: 24 May 2002.

Other positions: N/A.

History: Mr Lou Jardin has extensive industry experience, including owning and operating independent supermarkets and holding senior positions within a chain store environment, as well as warehouse and distribution operations. He held a senior position with Coles Myer for 11 years before joining Metcash in 1997 as the national manager of company owned stores. In 1998, Mr Jardin moved to Queensland as the State General Manager until his current appointment to the role of CEO IGA Distribution.

Richard A. Longes BA (Sydney), LLB (Sydney), MBA (UNSW) **Position:** Non-Executive Director, Solicitor (non-practising).

Date of appointment: 4 January 2000.

Other positions: Chairman of the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee.

**History:** Mr Richard Longes has been a director of a number of public companies and a member of various government bodies and enquiries for 20 years. He is currently Deputy Chairman of Lend Lease Corporation Limited and a director of Boral Limited, the National Institute of Dramatic Art and Bangarra Dance Company. Mr Longes is an Executive Director of Investec Bank (Australia) Limited and was formerly a partner in Freehill Hollingdale & Page solicitors.

V. Dudley Rubin CA (SA), H Dip BDP, MBA

**Position:** Non-Executive Director. **Date of appointment:** 4 May 1998.

Other positions: Member of the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee.

**History:** Mr Dudley Rubin has been Group Finance Director of Metoz since 1991, with 21 years' experience in the industry. He was originally involved with Score Food Holdings Ltd from 1979, prior to that company acquiring control of Metoz in 1991. Mr Rubin practised as a registered accountant and auditor for some 15 years after qualifying and has served on the boards of a number of listed companies.

Michael J. Wesslink BSc (Chem. Eng.) Syd, MBA (UNSW)

Position: Executive Director, CEO Australian Liquor Marketers.

Date of appointment: 24 May 2002.

Other positions: N/A.

**History:** Mr Michael Wesslink joined ALM in March 1998. He has worked in the liquor industry for over 30 years having previously held the Chief Executive positions of Tooheys Limited and The Swan Brewery Company Limited. More recently, Mr Wesslink worked as Managing Director of Amcor Containers Packing Asia, in managing and establishing packaging operations throughout Asia, particularly in China and Singapore.

#### (b) Metcash's management

Andrew Reitzer

**Position:** CEO of Metcash. **History:** Refer to Section 9.5(a).

Ken Bean

Position: Chief Executive, Group Logistics and Corporate Development.

**History:** Mr Ken Bean has over 30 years' experience in the retail wholesale industry. Previously, he was General Manager of Coles Myer Logistics Pty Ltd and was also responsible for Coles Myer Asia's buying offices. Ken has also held senior roles in corporate development as well as finance and administration. He also has significant industrial property development experience and currently is Chairman of the Supply Chain Advisory Board to the Logistics Association of Australia.

Peter Dubbelman

Position: CEO Campbells Cash & Carry.

**History:** Mr Peter Dubbelman was appointed CEO of Campbells and C-Store Distribution in June 1998. He has over 20 years' experience in FMCG distribution at wholesale level, primarily in multi-site general management and operations. Peter has successfully initiated major growth of the wholesale business through the establishment of an effective network of CCC (including C-Store Distribution) warehouses which service the hospitality, liquor and convenience sectors in Australia.

Bernard J. Hale

**Position:** Executive Director. **History:** Refer to Section 9.5(a).

Michael Jablonski

**Position:** Group Merchandise Director. **History:** Refer to Section 9.5(a).

Edwin Jankelowitz **Position:** Finance Director. **History:** Refer to Section 9.5(a).

Lou Jardin

Position: CEO IGA Distribution. **History:** Refer to Section 9.5(a).

David Johnston

Position: Chief Human Resources Officer.

History: Mr David Johnston joined Metcash in December 2001. He has 26 years experience in human resources with some of Australia's leading FMCG companies including Cadbury Schweppes and Simplot Australia at Senior Executive level. He has designed and implemented successful programs in executive development and brought about major culture change initiatives at a national and international level.

John Randall

**Position:** Company Secretary.

History: Mr John Randall joined Metcash in 1997, initially on a contract basis. He was previously Chief Financial Officer of Metal Manufactures Limited and Overseas Telecommunications Corporation Limited, President of the Accounting Foundation, University of Sydney, a former National President of the Group of 100, and NSW President and National Board member of CPA Australia. He was also appointed as a director of Newco in December 2004.

Michael Wesslink

**Position:** CEO Australian Liquor Marketers.

**History:** Refer to Section 9.5(a).

### 9.6 Financial profile of Metcash

# (a) Disclosure regarding forward looking statements

The forecasts and other statements in this document which constitute forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors which may materially impact on actual outcomes, many of which are outside the control of Metcash. These factors will cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Metcash to differ, perhaps materially, from the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by those forecasts or forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include, among other things, those matters set out in Section 19.

The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements do not constitute a representation that future profits (or any other matter) will be achieved in the amounts or by the dates indicated and are presented as a guide to assist Foodland Shareholders in assessing the proposed Offer. The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements are based on information available to Metcash at the date of this Bidder's Statement and should be read in conjunction with the assumptions underlying their preparation as set out in Section 9.6(d).

#### (b) Metcash standalone financial information

Reference to financial information relating to Metcash standalone, refers to Metcash and its controlled entities on a consolidated basis.

The following financial information relating to Metcash on a standalone basis has been presented on an AGAAP basis:

- Historical statements of financial performance, earnings per share and statement of cashflow for the years ended 30 April 2003 and 2004.
- Historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004.
- Forecast statements of financial performance, earnings per share and statement of cashflow for the years ending 30 April 2005 and 2006.

Assumptions underlying the preparation of forecast financial information for Metcash standalone and details of the adjustments required to restate financial information under Australian IFRS are also explained.

## (c) Basis of preparation

This Section 9.6 must be read in conjunction with Section 16.4.

#### (d) Metcash standalone

The financial information presented below relates to Metcash standalone and has been compiled assuming that neither the Capital Reorganisation nor the Offer were undertaken. Accordingly, the information below excludes any impact of:

- transaction costs Metcash will incur in connection with the Capital Reorganisation or Offer;
- the Equity Placement undertaken by Metcash on 6 December 2004;
- the Share Purchase Plan announced by Metcash on 6 December 2004.

Metcash will incur transaction costs of approximately \$50 million if the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective and the Offer is unsuccessful. These costs relate to legal, funding, and advisory expenses.

If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective Metcash will incur a large portion of these costs prior to 30 April 2005, thereby potentially limiting the amount of any dividend that Metcash may declare and pay out from the profits generated in the 2005 financial year.

# (1) Statement of financial position

The historical statement of financial position detailed below has been extracted from the half year financial report of Metcash as at 31 October 2004 and is prepared under AGAAP. Under half year reporting requirements Metcash's auditor, Ernst & Young, has reviewed this financial report.

	AGAAP
Year ending	31-Oct-04
AS millen	Historical
Cash	19
Inventory	428
Accounts receivable	704
Property, plant and equipment	129
Intangibles	236
Other	14
Total assets	1,530
Debt	102
Accounts payable	881
Other	63 
Total liabilities	1,046
Net assets	484
Equity	563
Retained earnings	(93)
Other	14
Total equity	484

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Statement of financial position excludes impact of the \$35 million (5.5 cents, per Metcash Share) interim dividend declared by Metcash on 25 November 2004 and paid on 15 December 2004 and the proposed 4.0 cent dividend (approximately \$30 million. Refer to Section 10.4 for further detail).

# (2) Statements of financial performance

The Metcash standalone historical statements of financial performance and statements of cashflow shown below have been compiled on an AGAAP basis and extracted from Metcash's audited consolidated statements of financial performance for the years ended 30 April 2003 and 30 April 2004. The forecasts for 30 April 2005 and 30 April 2006 are based on a number of assumptions which are set out in Section 9.6(d)(7). The forecast financial information for the year (52 weeks) ending 30 April 2005 has been based on the actual results for the 6 months to 31 October 2004 plus forecasts for the 6 months to 30 April 2005.

		AG	AAP	to the second se
Year ending	30-Apr-03	30-Apr-04	30-Apr-05	30-Apr-06
AS willien	Mse	orfeal	For	3G8193
Sales	6,696	7,174'	7,090	7,232
Sales growth	and the second of the second o	7.1%	(1.2%)	2.0%
EBITDA	181	211	222	231
Depreciation	(23)	(20)	(24)	(26)
EBITA <sup>2</sup>	158	191	198	205
EBITA margin	2.4%	2.7%	2.8%	2.8%
Amortisation	(25)	(28)	(29)	(29)
EBIT	133	1631	170	176
Net interest expense	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)
РВТ	126	156	162	169
Tax expense	(45)	(54)	(57)	(59)
Reported NPAT	81	102	105	110
Matra			* * *	

<sup>1</sup> Financial information for 30 April 2004 represents 53 weeks trading. For comparative purposes sales and EBIT for the 52 weeks ending 30 April 2004 were \$7,044 million and \$159 million respectively. The actual adjusted sales growth for the 52 weeks ending 30 April 2004 is 5.2% and the forecast adjusted sales growth for the year ending 30 April

<sup>2</sup> In accordance with Meccash's current accounting policies finance lease amortisation (\$5 million for the year ended 30 April 2003, \$7 million for the year ended 30 April 2004. and forecast \$7 million per annum for the 2 years ending 2006) has been classified as amortisation. In the 5 year review contained in Metcash's 2004 Annual Report, finance lease amortisation for these periods has been treated as depreciation

# (3) Earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone historic and forecast earnings per share for the financial periods ending 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2006.

		AGAAP			
Year ending	30-Apr-03	30-Apr-04	30-Apr-05	30-Apr-06	
AS million	Hits	iorleal	Foreast		
Reported NPAT	81	102	105	110	
Add goodwill amortisation	!9	21	22	22	
Adjusted NPAT	100	123	127	132	
Weighted average shares outstanding	621	634	639	640	
Basic EPS (cents)	16.2	19.3	19.8	20.5	

# (4) Statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash's standalone historic and forecast statement of cashflow for the financial periods ending 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2006.

		AGAAP			
Year ending	30-Apr-03	30-Apr-04	30-Apr-05	30-Apr-06	
AS million	His	oviæl	For	3695l	
EBITDA	181	2	222	231	
Change in working capital	(26)	(31)	(22)	(19)	
Tax paid	(34)	(41)	(57)	(59)	
Net interest expense	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)	
Operating cashflow	113	131	135	146	
Less capital expenditure	(28)	(26)	(28)	(29)	
Less investments	(18)	(33)	(27)	(20)	
Net cashflow pre financing	67	72	80	97	

# (5) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone, based on the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004.

	AGAAP
	Metcash standalone
Net debt / EBITDA (2006)	0.4x
2006 EBITA / net interest (2006)	29.1×
Net debt / net debt + book equity	15%

#### (6) Management commentary on historical results

For ease of reference, the following brief commentary pertaining to the historical financial performance of Metcash, as contained in Metcash's annual reports for the years ending 30 April 2003 and 2004, is summarised below:

- Net profit after tax (NPAT) rose 25% from 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2004 to \$102 million, based on 7.1% sales growth for the 53 week period, exceeding group forecasts.
- Operating cashflow (pre investments and financing) grew from \$113 million to \$131 million.
- The growth in earnings per share (before goodwill) from 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2004 of 19.3% from 16.2 cents to 19.3 cents facilitated the 28% increase in dividends declared out of the year's profits, to a fully franked | | cents per share from the 8.6 cents per share of 2003.
- Each of Metcash's three businesses performed exceptionally well with solid improvements in sales and profits. The key focus of the Group was to grow sales and volumes whilst reducing the cost of doing business.
- Cost of doing business (includes the direct and indirect costs of operating the Group's businesses) reduced from 71% of gross profit in 2003 to 68% in 2004. This was and continues to be, a focus in each business division. The 2004 result was achieved by reducing costs through investment in new distribution technologies and rigorous control of cost/income relationships.

Further commentary relating to the historical financial results for Metcash for the years ending 30 April 2003 and 2004 can be sourced from each respective year's Annual Report.

# (7) Forecast assumptions

The material and best estimate assumptions made by the directors in preparing the Metcash standalone forecast statements of financial performance and statements of cashflow for 2005 and 2006 are as follows:

#### General assumptions

- There will be no significant change in the economic conditions or in the competitive environment in which Metcash operates.
- There are no major investments by Metcash in new projects outside the core business of Metcash and no material sales of non-core assets.
- The company tax rate in Australia remains at 30%.
- There will be no material adverse change in any other taxes relevant to Metcash.
- There will be no material changes in the terms and conditions with customers and suppliers.
- There are no changes in applicable accounting standards or other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia (other than those pertaining to the application of Australian IFRS) which would have a material effect on the results of Metcash.
- Metcash will implement appropriate arrangements to hedge its exposure to interest rate movements

# Major trading assumptions

- The impact of the loss of the supply agreement between ALM and Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group (ALH) on 13 August 2004 has been taken into account. The agreement generated annual sales for ALM of approximately \$140 million in the year ending 30 April 2004 and \$41 million in the year ending 30 April 2005.
- The impact of the cessation of the supply agreement between IGA and Franklins in January 2005 has been taken into account. The agreement generated annual sales for IGA of approximately \$600 million in the year ending 30 April 2004 and \$450 million in the year ending 30 April 2005.
- Ongoing deterioration of convenience store sales resulting from the discount petrol schemes being offered by Woolworths and Coles.
- Organic sales growth at the current underlying growth rate (after adjusting for above factors) as applicable to each of Metcash's business divisions.

- © Certain targeted revenue growth strategies applicable to each of Metcash's business divisions these activities are not discussed in detail in view of their commercial and strategic sensitivity.
- Other applicable growth strategies assumed in the forecast financial information include the following:

#### **IGA**

- Completion of the IGA channel rebranding and relaunch strategy, further enhancing the market positioning of the IGA brand and its broad, yet distinguishable, retail offerings.
- Ongoing development of new Supa IGA stores in partnership with customers, targeted to be approximately 45 stores over 3 years, commencing in the 2005 financial year.
- Securing an increased share of total grocery customer" purchases, by increasing the proportion of which is currently direct supply from manufacturers and increasing the purchases going through the Metcash warehouse.
- Expansion of network of Valu Mart "price impact" stores in partnership with customers.

#### **ALM**

- Targeted acquisitions in the liquor wholesale market, replacing volume lost due to competitor acquisitions of customers.
- Further development and expansion of the IBA network as a focused national grouping of liquor retailers operating under a clearly defined brand strategy.
- Securing an increased share of suppliers' "direct-to-customer" business.

#### CCC

- Targeted acquisitions in the confectionery wholesale market in line with the strategy of consolidating a significant presence as a national leader of confectionery supply to the convenience market.
- Expansion of the "street" foodservice network.
- Targeted cash and carry wholesaler acquisitions.
- The cost of doing business as a percentage of sales will continue to reduce at a rate consistent with historical trends and reflective of Metcash's ongoing drive to improve supply chain efficiency via targeted technological improvements, such as the implementation of "voice pick" technology into all major distribution facilities.

# Cashflow assumptions

- Capital expenditure is forecast to remain at a level consistent with established historical trends.
- Investing activities include expectations of future acquisitions of confectionery wholesalers and other bolt-on acquisitions anticipated in the CCC and ALM businesses.
- Working capital movement is forecast to reflect current trends. The cashflow impact of loans to customers and early creditor payments which affected the reported operating cashflows for the 6 months ended 31 October 2004 have not been included in forecast working capital movements as Metcash has assessed these items as one-offs.

#### (8) Australian IFRS

Metcash has completed a thorough review of the Australian IFRS implications upon its business and are of the opinion that the only significant adjustment from AGAAP prepared accounts will be to reverse amortisation of goodwill in accordance with AASB 3 Business Combinations.

The impact on the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 will be to reverse 6 months of amortisation of goodwill expense of \$11 million to retained earnings and adjust the carrying value of goodwill accordingly.

The impact on the forecast statements of financial performance in the years ending 30 April 2005 and 2006 will be to exclude the annual amortisation of assumed goodwill expense of \$22 million in deriving the AGAAP results. This will result in a NPAT for the year ending 30 April 2005 of \$127 million and 30 April 2006 of \$132 million.

# 9.7 Major shareholder of Metcash

As at the date of this Bidder's Statement, Metoz owns a 52% stake in Metcash, which is its only material asset.

Metoz was incorporated in South Africa in 1946. Its shares are listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange and had a market capitalisation of R54.9 billion (\$1.1 billion) based on Metoz's 12 January 2005 close price.

In the past years, Metoz has been involved in grocery and liquor wholesaling and retailing in Africa, Asia, Australasia, Europe and North America. More recently, its activities have been focused on Africa, the Far and Middle East and Australasia. Metoz's African and Far and Middle Eastern operations were operated by its wholly owned subsidiary, Metcash Trading Limited (Metrade), a South African incorporated company, whilst Metoz's Australasian operations were held through its majority interest in Metcash. This interest arose from Metoz's acquisition of a majority holding in Davids in 1998. Davids was subsequently renamed "Metcash Trading Limited" in 2000.

Metoz acquired a controlling stake in Metcash in 1998 when Metcash (at the time known as Davids) was experiencing significant financial difficulties. Metoz's objective, at the time of acquisition, was to restructure the company's operations and transfer Metcash into a profitable, viable standalone company. Having successfully achieved this objective, Metcash now represents a strong and well established player in the Australian grocery and liquor market.

Under the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will acquire all of the issued shares in the capital of Metoz, to be implemented by way of a scheme of arrangement to be proposed between Metoz and its shareholders in South Africa (Metoz Scheme).

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, existing shareholders in Metoz will receive cash consideration for their shares and Metoz will become a wholly owned subsidiary of Newco. This means that existing Metoz shareholders will no longer control Metcash.

See Section 10.2 for more information on the Capital Reorganisation.

# 9.8 Publicly available information

# (a) Publicly available information

Metcash has been listed on ASX since 1994. A substantial amount of information concerning Metcash has previously been notified to ASX.

# (b) Regular reporting and disclosure obligations

Metcash is a "disclosing entity" for the purposes of the Act and it is subject to regular reporting and disclosure obligations under the Act and ASX Listing Rules (Listing Rules). These obligations require Metcash to notify ASX of information about specified events and matters as they arise for the purposes of ASX making that information available to the financial market operated by ASX. In particular, Metcash has an obligation under the Listing Rules (subject to certain exceptions) to notify ASX immediately of any information of which it becomes aware concerning Metcash which a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of Metcash Shares.

A summary of ASX announcements made in relation to Metcash between 1 July 2004 and the date of this Bidder's Statement is set out in Annexure B, other than those ASX announcements which were also made in relation to Foodland and were made by a person other than Metcash. Copies of announcements made by Metcash are available from ASX and also from the Metcash website www.metcash.com.

# (c) Financial reports

The annual report for Metcash for the year ended 30 April 2004 was lodged with ASIC on 29 July 2004 and given to ASX on that date.

The report for the half year ended 31 October 2004 was lodged with ASIC and ASX on 25 November 2004.

#### (d) Copies of available information

Copies of documents lodged with ASIC in relation to Metcash may be obtained from, or inspected at, an ASIC office.

# 9.9 Announcement by Metcash in relation to the Offer

On 6 December 2004 Metcash made an announcement to ASX in relation to its Offer for Foodland. A copy of that announcement is included in Annexure D of this Bidder's Statement.

# 10 Information about Metcash securities

# 10.1 Metcash issued securities

#### (a) Metcash Shares

Metcash's issued capital at 12 January 2005 comprises 736,898,918 fully paid ordinary shares. This includes the ordinary shares issued under the share purchase plan (**SPP**) offered by Metcash to its shareholders in December 2004 providing them with the opportunity to subscribe for up to 1,660 Metcash Shares per shareholder at \$3.00 per share. Under the SPP, Metcash issued 6.97 million shares and raised total funds of approximately \$21 million.

Metcash's significant shareholders as at 12 January 2005 are set out below.

Name	Number of shares held	
Soetensteeg 2-6   Exploitatiemaatschappij BV (a wholiy owned subsidiary of Metoz)	385,332,000	The state of the s
Lazard Asset Management'	54,288,043	7%
Perennial Group	37,688,496	5%
Sub-total	477,308,539	65%
Other shareholders	259,590,379	35%
Total	736,898,918	100%
Note:  I Assumes Shareholder did not participate in the SPP.		

# (b) Optionholders

As at 12 January 2005, the number of Metcash Options outstanding was 16,278,520 or 2.2% of issued capital. Details of the Optionholders holding more than 5% of the Metcash Options are set out below.

Option name		Options at	% of Metcash Options outstanding
Michael Jablonski	••	850,000	5.22%
Edwin Jankelowitz	3:	850,000	5.22%
Bernard Hale		850,000	5.22%





# 10.2 Impact of Capital Reorganisation on Metcash issued securities

Metcash is currently 52% owned by Metoz through a chain of intermediary wholly owned companies. The Capital Reorganisation, involving inter-conditional schemes of arrangement for Metcash and Metoz, will be put to the shareholders of both companies during the Offer Period (expected to be during March 2005). In essence, the Capital Reorganisation involves Newco acquiring the Metoz holding in Metcash and the remaining shares in Metcash held by the public. Foodland Shareholders will not vote on the Capital Reorganisation.

If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, Metcash A Shares issued under the Offer will be exchanged for Newco Shares on the completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition. If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, Metcash A Shares will convert into Metcash Shares. This means that Metcash's issued capital will change depending on whether the Capital Reorganisation is Effective.

As part of the funding for the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash is proposing a Rights Issue of CULS and a placement of CUPS. Information on the CULS and CUPS are set out in Sections 17.6 and 17.7 respectively. If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, 25% of the CULS will immediately convert into Newco Shares on a one for one basis, and a further 25% will convert on the same basis approximately 6 months later. The remaining 50% of the CULS will either be converted into Newco Shares on a one for one basis or redeemed, or a combination of the two as determined by Metcash. If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, the CULS will be redeemed.

#### This Offer is NOT conditional on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation.

Depending on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation and the take-up of Metcash A Share Alternative in the Offer, the number of securities on issue in Metcash or Newco will vary. The capital structure is set out in the tables below and takes into account the conversion and redemption of the CULS and CUPS under the various scenarios:

Takeover successful Capital Reorganisation not Effective Metcash securities on issue						
Scrip take-up by Foodland Shareholders	0%	6 scrip	50%	scrip	100% scrip	
		%	No. million	%	No. million	%
Ordinary Shares						
Metoz	385	52%	385	44%	385	38%
Other Metcash Shareholders	345	47%	345	39%	345	34%
Metcash A Shares <sup>1</sup>	0	0%	144	16%	287	28%
Converted CULS <sup>2</sup>	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Converted CUPS <sup>2</sup>	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
SPP	7	1%	7	1%	7	1%
	737	100%	881	100%	1,024	100%
Other						
NZ Shares	118		118		118	
Metcash Options	16		16		16	

I Will convert to ordinary shares in Metcash.

<sup>2</sup> All CULS are redeemed and no CUPS are drawn as the Capital Reorganisation did not become Effective.

lakeover successful Capital Reorganisation Effective Newco securities on issue					
0%	scrip	50%	scrip	100%	scrip
No: million	%				
AL 1 THE THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN STREET	The state of the s	and the second s		
0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
345	52%	345	54%	345	44%
0	0%	144	22%	287	37%
293	44%	146	23%	146	19%
16	3%	0	0%	0	0%
7	1%	7 .	1%	7	1%
	Capital Reor Newco se 0% No: million 0 345 0 293	Capital Reorganisation Eff   Newco securities on iss	Capital Reorganisation Effective Newco securities on issue           0% scrip         50%           No. million         % No. million           0         0%         0           345         52%         345           0         0%         144           293         44%         146           16         3%         0	Capital Reorganisation Effective Newco securities on issue           50% scrip           No. million         % No. million         % million           0         0%         0         0%           345         52%         345         54%           0         0%         144         22%           293         44%         146         23%           16         3%         0         0%	Capital Reorganisation Effective Newco securities on issue           0% scrip         50% scrip         100%           No.         %         No.         %           nnillion         million         million           0         0%         0         0%         0           345         52%         345         54%         345           0         0%         144         22%         287           293         44%         146         23%         146           16         3%         0         0%         0

100%

642

118

16

100%

785

118

16

100%

# Notes:

**Other** NZ Shares

Newco Options

- 1 Will be exchanged for ordinary shares in Newca.
- 2 The table above assumes Metcash will issue 2.44 Metcash A Shares to Foodland Shareholders who accept Metcash A Shares as opposed to the cash alternative under the Offer. The 2.44 Exchange Ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue according to the formula set out in Section 10.5. The 2.44 Exchange Ratio in the above table has not been adjusted given the adjustment factor can not be reasonably quantified as it is based on future share prices of Metcash. Therefore, the actual shares outstanding if adjusted may be higher.
- 3 100% of CULS converted into Newco Shares if there are no scrip acceptances. 50% of CULS converted into Newco Shares under 50% and 100% scenarios.

660

118

16

4 If there are no scrip acceptances, CUPS are assumed to convert into Newco ordinary shares. Under the 50% and 100% scenarios, CUPS are redeemed.



# 10.3 Trading of Metcash Shares

The closing sale price of Metcash Shares on ASX on 20 January 2005 (being the last trading day before the date of this Bidder's Statement) was \$3.41.

The highest recorded sale price of Metcash Shares on ASX in the 4 months before the date of this Bidder's Statement was \$3.45. The lowest recorded sale price of Metcash Shares on ASX in the 4 months before the date of this Bidder's Statement was \$2.75.

Figure 10.3.1 sets out the daily closing price of Metcash Shares and daily volume of Metcash Shares traded on ASX from 20 January 2004 to 20 January 2005.

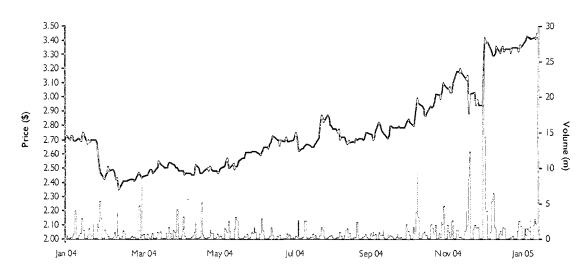


Figure 10.3.1: Daily closing price and daily volume of Metcash Shares

# 10.4 Dividends

Metcash's dividends paid since 2000 are shown below:

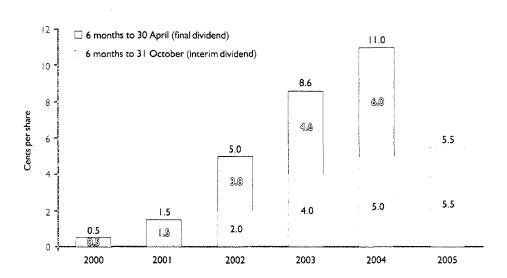


Figure 10.4.1: Metcash historical dividends paid

Metcash intends to pay a second interim 2005 dividend from distributable profits of 4 cents prior to the Capital Reorganisation becoming

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, all current year and retained earnings will be reclassified as pre acquisition reserves. As pre acquisition reserves are not available to pay dividends, Newco will be unable to declare a final dividend in relation to the 2005 financial year. However, subject to the availability of sufficient profits Newco expects to be in a position to declare a dividend in relation to the 6 months ending 31 October 2005.

If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, Metcash will still incur a large portion of the relevant transaction costs, thereby potentially limiting the amount of any dividend that Metcash may pay from the profits generated in the 2005 financial year.

# 10.5 Adjustment of 2.44 Metcash A Shares offered

Effective. Following this, the amount of dividends paid from Metcash will be impacted by the Capital Reorganisation.

As part of the funding for the Capital Reorganisation Metcash is undertaking a Rights Issue of CULS. The CULS may result in a dilution of the number of Newco ordinary shares on issue if the Capital Reorganisation is Effective. In order to ensure that accepting Foodland Shareholders are not disadvantaged by this dilution Metcash will adjust the number of Metcash A Shares, which accepting Foodland Shareholders will receive under the Offer, for the value of the rights to subscribe for CULS. Metcash will adjust the number of Metcash A Shares which accepting Foodland Shareholders will receive according to the following formula:

2.44 x 5 day VWAP of Metcash Shares immediately prior to Ex-Rights Date

5 day VWAP of Metcash Shares including and immediately after Ex-Rights Date

# 10.6 Rights attached to Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares offered

Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are Metcash preference shares. Metcash A Shares are designed to convert into either Metcash or Newco ordinary shares, depending on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation. NZ Shares confer an economic entitlement to the Foodland New Zealand business. Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares have special attributes which give them the flexibility required to accommodate the Capital Reorganisation and the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to Former Foodland Shareholders.

Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are not currently listed, but an application has been made to ASX for official quotation of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares. Quotation is not guaranteed or automatic on such an application. Nothing in this Bidder's Statement will be taken to state or imply that the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares issued under this Offer will be quoted on ASX. Quotation is subject to ASX's approval. It is a statutory condition to the Offer that such approval be granted no later than 7 days after the end of the Offer Period.

Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be shares in Metcash, not Newco. The rights and restrictions attaching to Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares which will be issued as part of the consideration under the Offer are primarily set out in their Terms of Issue and in the Metcash constitution. The main rights and restrictions attaching to Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are summarised in Section 18 of this Bidder's Statement.

# 10.7 Rights attached to Metcash ordinary shares

Metcash Shares received on conversion of Metcash A Shares, where the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, will rank equally with existing Metcash Shares. The rights and restrictions attaching to the Metcash Shares received on conversion are set out in Metcash's constitution and in the Act.

The main rights and restrictions attaching to Metcash ordinary shares are summarised in Annexure G.



#### 10.8 Share Purchase Plan

On 6 December 2004, Metcash announced that it would implement a SPP. Under this plan, eligible shareholders were offered the opportunity to purchase up to \$4,980 worth of Metcash Shares at a price of \$3.00 per share (being the price paid by institutions in the placement on 6 December 2004 (Equity Placement)).

The SPP opened on 16 December 2004 and closed on 11 January 2005. The SPP raised approximately \$21 million and a further 6.97 million shares are to be issued on 21 January 2005.

# 10.9 Employee share plans

Metcash has one employee share plan, the Employee Option Scheme (EOS). The EOS was approved at the 1998 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. Under the terms of the EOS, there are two types of participants in the plan, Eligible Employees and Hurdle Participants. Eligible Employees may exercise their options in three tranches from the date of grant: 60% after 3 years, a further 20% after 4 years and a final 20% after 5 years. Hurdle Participants may exercise their options over the same time frame, but Metcash must also meet certain performance hurdles before the options can be exercised. The options granted under the EOS are not transferable and will lapse 6 years after being granted.

As at the date of this Bidder's Statement, there are 16,278,520 options on issue pursuant to the EOS.

# 11 Information about Newco

# 11.1 Incorporation and current directors

#### (a) Incorporation

Newco was incorporated on 3 December 2004 and its only shareholder is M & GM Investments Pty Ltd (**M & GM**), which holds one share in Newco, and is controlled by an executive of Deutsche Bank.

If the Metcash Share Schemes become Effective, M & GM will continue to hold one Newco Share.

Since its incorporation, Newco has not carried on any other business or activity and has no material assets or liabilities.

The principal activity and purpose of Newco is to complete the Capital Reorganisation.

#### (b) Current directors

The directors of Newco as at the date of this Bidder's Statement are:

John Randall

Position: Director

History: Refer to Section 9.5(b).

Mike Roche
Position: Director

**History:** Mr Roche became a director of Newco in December 2004. Mr Roche is a Managing Director of Deutsche Bank and Co-Head of Capital Advisory and Debt Products in Australia and New Zealand. Prior to joining Deutsche Bank in 1993, Mr Roche was a director of ANZ Capel Court and prior to this an Actuary with National Mutual. He has over 20 years of corporate finance experience.

Paul Kaplan

Position: Director

**History:** Mr Kaplan became a director of Newco in January 2005. Mr Kaplan is a director of Momentum Corporate Pty Limited, a boutique investment bank based in Sydney. Mr Kaplan is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia. Prior to joining Momentum Corporate in 2003, Mr Kaplan worked with Arthur Andersen and Brait Limited (a listed investment bank) as well as being a director and Chief Operating Officer of Global Micro Solutions Pty Limited, a technology services firm.

# 11.2 Capital Reorganisation

If the Capital Reorganisation described in Section 10.2 above becomes Effective, Newco will acquire, directly or indirectly, 100% of Metcash ordinary shares. On completion of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will become the ultimate holding company of Metcash and be renamed "Metcash Limited". For the purposes of illustrating the financial impact of the Capital Reorganisation on the Offer, references in this document to New Metcash incorporate Newco where the Capital Reorganisation is Effective.

The current directors of Newco will resign and be replaced by the continuing directors of Metcash. Newco will apply for admission to the Official List of ASX.

The Capital Reorganisation involves loans by Metcash to Newco to fund the acquisition of shares in Metoz. Metcash also agrees to pay, and shall indemnify Newco with respect to, all costs and expenses incurred by Newco in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution and performance of this agreement and the proposed, attempted or actual implementation of this agreement, the Schemes and the Transaction Documents provided that any amount in excess of \$20,000 will require the written approval of Metcash.



Currently, Newco's only shareholder is M & GM which holds one share.

Information on the impact of the Capital Reorganisation on Newco's capital structure is set out in Section 10.2.

# 11.4 Rights attached to Newco Shares

The constitution of Newco is the same as the constitution of Metcash (other than in relation to the rights of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares and to reflect the current Act and the ASTC Settlement Rules). Accordingly, the rights attaching to Newco Shares will be as set out in Section 10.7 and Annexure G.

# 11.5 Newco dividend reinvestment plan

Newco plans to establish a dividend reinvestment plan (DRP), which would be fully underwritten in relation to dividends paid with respect to the years ending 30 April 2006, 30 April 2007, and 30 April 2008. It is currently a condition of the Syndicated Facility that the underwritten DRP be established. If that condition does not subsist, or is waived, the directors may decide not to establish, or to cancel or suspend, the DRP.

The DRP will provide shareholders with a choice of reinvesting dividends paid on Newco Shares in Newco Shares rather than receiving such dividends in cash. Participation in the DRP will be optional and open to all holders of Newco Shares, with the exception of shareholders having a registered address or being resident in a jurisdiction other than Australia who may not be able to participate in the DRP because of legal requirements applicable in that jurisdiction. The board of directors of Newco may also refuse to permit any shareholder to participate if, amongst other things, the shareholder's participation may breach a provision of Newco's constitution or may be contrary to any law.

Under the DRP:

- shareholders will be able to participate in the DRP in respect of some or all of their Newco Shares;
- the board of directors of Newco will determine, with respect to the DRP for any dividend, whether to issue new Newco Shares or to cause a transfer of existing Newco Shares to participants, or to effect a combination of both;
- for interim and final dividends paid for the period up to 30 April 2008, Newco Shares issued or transferred to participants under the DRP will be issued at a discount to the volume weighted average market price of Newco Shares in a period commencing on or after the record date for any dividend and concluding prior to the dividend payment date;
- for Newco Shareholders participating in the DRP, dividends paid will be credited to a DRP account (consistent with the level of participation in the DRP) from which monies will be applied in subscribing for or acquiring additional Newco Shares; and
- no brokerage will be payable in respect of Newco Shares acquired under the DRP.

Newco will enter into an underwriting agreement with Deutsche Bank in respect of the DRP pursuant to which Deutsche Bank has agreed to underwrite up to 100% of the amount of any interim and final dividends paid up to 30 April 2008 (Underwriting Agreement).

# 12 Information about NZ Holdco

NZ Holdco is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metcash.

NZ Holdco was incorporated on 16 December 2004 and its principal activity is to become the holding company for Foodland New Zealand. The directors of NZ Holdco are:

- Andrew Reitzer:
- Edwin Jankelowitz; and
- John Randall.

#### 12.1 Foodland New Zealand restructure

Metcash has not had access to any due diligence information on Foodland. It has only had access to publicly available information as to its structure and operations.

Based solely on publicly available information, Metcash currently believes that the structure of Foodland New Zealand is as follows:

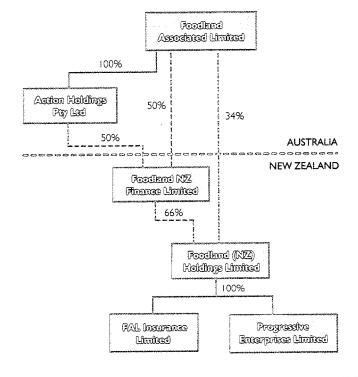


Figure 12.1.1 Current Foodland (NZ) structure

Metcash believes that it can restructure Foodland New Zealand so that it is wholly owned by NZ Holdco. This would be achieved by transferring the interests of Action Holdings Pty Ltd and Foodland in Foodland (NZ) Finance Limited and Foodland (NZ) Holdings Limited to NZ Holdco. These intentions must be qualified. Once Metcash obtains control of Foodland, it will undertake the relevant due diligence process to determine whether the restructure can be achieved having regard to contractual obligations and taxation consequences.

More detailed information on Metcash's intentions with respect to the restructure are set out in Section 14.4(a).



Following completion of the restructure, Foodland Shareholders would be distributed shares in NZ Holdco which will be the holding company of the Foodland New Zealand operations.

Metcash understands that Foodland (NZ) Holdings Limited has certain registered charges over Foodland's Australian assets. Metcash would expect to release these charges as part of the restructure.

#### 12.2 NZ Holdco constitution

The constitution of NZ Holdco will be the same as the constitution of Foodland other than amendments to reflect the current Act and ASTC Settlement Rules. This is intended to give shareholders and directors of NZ Holdco the same rights, duties and powers as they currently have under the Foodland constitution.

# 12.3 Financial profile of NZ Holdco

# (a) Disclosure regarding forward looking statements

The forecast financial information and other statements in this document which constitute forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors which may materially impact on actual outcomes, many of which are outside the control of Metcash. These factors will cause the actual results, performance or achievements of NZ Holdco to differ, perhaps materially, from the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by those forecasts or forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include, among other things, those matters set out in Section 19.

The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements do not constitute a representation that future profits (or any other matter) will be achieved in the amounts or by the dates indicated and are presented as a guide to assist Foodland Shareholders in assessing the proposed Offer. The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements are based on information available to Metcash at the date of this Bidder's Statement and should be read in conjunction with the assumptions underlying their preparation as set out below and in Annexure H.

#### (b) Foodland financial information

Financial information relating to Foodland has been sourced from publicly available information. Where considered appropriate, Metcash has adjusted certain Foodland financial information based on Metcash's industry knowledge and expertise. The primary sources of information about Foodland used by Metcash were as follows:

- Foodland's annual reports for 2003 and 2004.
- Foodland's results presentations in 2003 and 2004.
- Reports on Foodland prepared by stockbrokers.
- Press releases and ASX announcements made by Foodland.
- IRESS and Bloomberg.
- Other publicly released information on Foodland.

Metcash has not had access to information on Foodland other than that which is available in the public domain. Metcash has not had access to the directors, management or staff of Foodland, or to any Foodland detailed budgets, workpapers, accounting records or other documentation. Therefore, there is some uncertainty associated with the financial information relating to Foodland. Metcash does not, except as required by law, make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of this information. It is expected that Foodland will release up-to-date financial information and financial forecasts in its target statement that will be sent to Foodland shareholders and made available publicly.

# (c) Overview of financial information prepared

This Section 12.3 sets out the following financial information relating to NZ Holdco:

- forecast statement of financial performance for year ending | August 2005
- pro forma statement of financial position as at I August 2004 under AGAAP and Australia IFRS

# (d) Basis of preparation

This Section 12.3 must be read in conjunction with Section 16.4.

#### Financial year end

The financial year end is yet to be determined for NZ Holdco. NZ Holdco's financial year end will be determined in due course.

The financial information presented below assumes a financial year end of 1 August, consistent with Foodland's current financial year end, as Metcash believes this provides Foodland shareholders with a consistent basis for comparison.

Income from property has been included in the forecast statement of financial performance and statement of financial position. It will be up to the board of NZ Holdco to make a decision as to their intentions with regard to these assets.

# (e) Pro forma forecast financial performance of NZ Holdco

	AGAAP
Year ending	01-Aug-05'
A\$ million	Forcessi
Sales	3,814
Sales growth %	7%
EBITA – pre corporate costs²	176
Corporate costs	(7)
EBITA – post corporate costs	169
EBITA margin %	4.4%
Capital expenditure	143

#### Note

<sup>1</sup> Metcash has yet to select a financial year end for NZ Holdco. This will be determined in due course.

<sup>2</sup> Includes property income.



# (1) Forecast performance

The forecast information for NZ Holdco is based on Foodland New Zealand on a standalone basis and has been compiled using available stockbrokers' reports. A number of these forecasts contain a split between Foodland New Zealand's wholesale and retail operations.

The forecast sales figures for the 2005 financial year set out above are the averages of stockbrokers' forecasts for Foodland New Zealand's wholesale, retail and property operations.

The EBITA for Foodland New Zealand's wholesale, retail and property operations has been estimated by applying the average EBITA margin implied from stockbroker's research to the sales estimates set out in the table above.

Corporate costs for 2005 are based on broker estimates and allocated on the basis of Foodland New Zealand's proportion of total Foodland group revenue.

Capital expenditure has been forecast in 2005 based on Foodland's publicly disclosed management forecasts for Foodland New Zealand. Additional group-wide capital expenditure initiatives disclosed in public information have been attributed to Foodland New Zealand on a basis broadly consistent with the Foodland New Zealand and Foodland Australia sales split.

# (f) Pro forma consolidated statement of financial position of NZ Holdco

Set out below is the pro forma consolidated statement of financial position as at 1 August 2004 for NZ Holdco prepared on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis.

	AGAAP	Australian IFRS
Year ending	01-Aug-04	01-Aug-04
AS million	Pro forme	Pro forma
Cash	24	24
Inventory	210	210
Accounts receivable	19	19
PP&E	272	272
Intangibles	1,839	1,839
Other	(45)	(45)
Total assets	2,318	2,318
Debt	289	289
Accounts payable and other	256	256
Total liabilities	545	545
Net assets	1,773	1,773

Section 1.6 of Annexure H contains a detailed reconciliation showing the construction of the pro forma statement of financial position for NZ Holdco.

The pro forma statement of financial position above has been prepared as Metcash's best estimate of the assets and liabilities attributable to Foodland New Zealand's business on the basis of information disclosed in Foodland's annual report for the year ended 1 August 2004, adjusted for pro forma adjustments in relation to the impact of the proposed cancellation and transfer of shares in the New Zealand business.

As a result of the restructure, 100% of Metcash's interest in Foodland New Zealand will be transferred to NZ Holdco at fair value, with the consideration payable by NZ Holdco satisfied by NZ Holdco issuing shares to Metcash, which Metcash will, assuming the NZ Holdco Transfer is approved, transfer to the holders of the NZ Shares (as outlined in Sections 12.1 and 14.4). Metcash has determined the fair value of Foodland New Zealand at \$2,019 million (enterprise value) being the mid point of the Independent Expert's assessed value range. This is equivalent to an equity value of \$1,785 million. Based on the net tangible assets reflected in the proforma Foodland New Zealand standalone balance sheet, this results in total goodwill of \$1,839 million in NZ Holdco's proforma consolidated statement of financial position under AGAAP and Australian IFRS. Refer to Section 1.6 of Annexure H for further information.

Metcash does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the proforma statement of financial position above. Further information relating to the financial position of Foodland New Zealand as a standalone operation may be included in Foodland's Target's Statement in relation to the Offer which will be sent to you directly by Foodland.

#### (g) Differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

As NZ Holdco will be an Australian entity it will be reporting under Australian IFRS for reporting periods after 1 January 2005. Metcash management has completed a review of the impact of Australian IFRS upon the financial position and results for NZ Holdco. With the exception of those general matters noted in Section 16.9, there are no other specific significant differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS in relation to NZ Holdco's financial reporting.

Metcash management has relied on publicly available information to assess the likely impact of Australian IFRS on the financial results of the Foodland New Zealand business. Metcash has not had access to information on Foodland other than that which is available in the public domain. Whilst Metcash management has been diligent in its review of publicly available information, Metcash makes no assurance that they have identified all required disclosure and presentation differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS.

# 13 Information about Foodland

#### 13.1 Disclaimer

The following information about Foodland and the Foodland Group has been prepared by Metcash using publicly available information, including, but not limited to, annual reports, Foodland announcements and other publicly available information and has not been independently verified. Accordingly Metcash does not, subject to the Act, make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information.

The information about Foodland and the Foodland Group in this Bidder's Statement should not be considered comprehensive.

Further information relating to Foodland's business may be included in the Target's Statement to be issued by Foodland in response to this Bidder's Statement.

# 13.2 Overview of Foodland and its principal activities

#### (a) History and operations

Foodland is a supermarket operator and grocery wholesaler trading in Western Australia, Queensland, northern New South Wales and New Zealand. Foodland has been listed on ASX since 1990. Its head office is in Canning Vale, Western Australia.

#### (b) Company structure

Details of the Foodland Group are depicted in the diagram below.

Source: Foodland Group AGM presentation

COMPORTED FAL Group Franchise & Melbourne Progressive Acidon Del sestropent WA&QId. Duying Office Supply • Employees: 62 Supermarkets Supermarkets Franchises Sales: \$3,324m \$1,330m • Sales: \$1,309m • Sales: Stores: 175 Stores total: 82 • Stores: 227 \$45m · EBITA: \$149m . EBITA: WA: 37 Employees: 18,670 QLD: 45 • Employees: 842 • EBITA: \$39m Wholesale Employees: 8,471 • Sales: \$233m • Stores: 41 · EBITA: \$10m • Employees: 50 Foodland Foodland Australia **New Zealand** 

Figure 13.2.1 Foodland Group Structure

# 13.3 Detailed review of Foodland operations

#### Foodland in Australia

Foodland Australia is comprised of two divisions: Franchise & Supply (wholesale) and Supermarkets.

#### Franchise & Supply

The Franchise & Supply division is a grocery wholesaler to 227 independent supermarket operators in Western Australia operating under Foodland's own franchise banner groups:

- Dewsons and Dewsons Express;
- Supa Valu;
- Foodland: and
- Four Square.

In addition, Foodland services 400 Independents and associates in Western Australia.

Foodland is a supplier to the food service market through its Foodlink Food Service business which it acquired in September 2002. Foodlink supplies hotels, restaurants, cafes, institutions, schools and fast food outlets throughout Western Australia.

Foodland operates three Cash & Carry branches in Balcatta, Canning Vale and Kalgoorlie in Western Australia.

Foodland's main operations are conducted from its distribution complex in Canning Vale, Perth, a site that covers 20.8 hectares.

#### **Action stores**

Foodland's supermarket division owns and operates 82 grocery stores trading under the Action brand name in Western Australia (37), Queensland and northern New South Wales (45). Action became a wholly owned controlled entity of Foodland in June 1993 prior to which Foodland had owned 50% of Action, then a listed company.

In the first half of 2004, five former Newmart stores in Western Australia were acquired from Coles Myer, bringing the total number of Action stores in WA to 37 stores. Of these, 31 stores are metropolitan with the remainder in regional areas. Foodland estimates that Action has approximately a 13% share of the retail grocery market in Western Australia.

The Queensland and New South Wales store portfolio was acquired in June 2001 for approximately \$155 million plus stock. The acquisition comprised 36 Franklins stores (subsequently rebranded as Action stores) as well as Franklins Richlands warehouse and Rocklea fresh produce facility. There are currently 45 Action stores in Queensland and northern New South Wales of which 17 are in the Brisbane metropolitan area. Foodland estimates that Action has approximately 6% share of the retail grocery market in Queensland.

Research by AC Neilsen on the Australian retail grocery market suggests that Action's total share of the retail grocery market is of the order of 2.5%.

#### 13.4 Foodland in New Zealand

Foodland's business in New Zealand is referred to by Foodland as "Progressive", a reference to Progressive Enterprises Limited, Foodland's initial major acquisition in the New Zealand market. Progressive is a supermarket operator and grocery wholesaler and trades throughout New Zealand. Progressive has been a member of the Foodland Group since 1993 and a wholly owned Foodland Group member since August 1999.

In June 2002 Progressive acquired Woolworths (New Zealand), a supermarket operation trading through 85 supermarkets under the Woolworths, Big Fresh and Price Chopper banners and through 26 outlets which supply groceries and petrol. The price paid was equivalent to an enterprise value for the business of approximately NZ\$690 million.

Following the acquisition of the Woolworths (New Zealand) business, Progressive had a portfolio of six supermarket brands. This has now been reduced to three. The brand portfolio now includes Foodtown, Woolworths and Countdown. Foodtown and Woolworths operate in the full service section of the market, offering a wider product selection and increased service levels. Countdown is the national discount brand and has a strong value offer with a price emphasis. In addition to the supermarket store network, Progressive owns a network of micro markets and convenience stores, trading under the Gull and Woolworths Quickstop brands.

As at I August 2004, Progressive's owned store network comprised 175 stores as set out below:

- 64 Woolworths stores:
- 30 Foodtown stores;
- 55 Countdown stores; and
- 26 Woolworths Quickstop and Micro stores.

Foodland estimates that Progressive holds approximately 45% of the New Zealand grocery market.

Progressive also operates a third party wholesale distribution business in New Zealand that supplies two franchise banner groups, Fresh Choice and Supa Valu. The franchise group operates almost exclusively in the South Island of New Zealand.

The wholesale business supports the following franchise network:

- 30 Supa Valu stores; and
- I | Fresh Choice stores.

# 13.5 Foodland's approach to Metoz

Metcash is aware that Foodland has previously approached certain Metoz shareholders with a highly conditional and incomplete proposal that could have led to a conditional off-market offer to acquire Metcash for \$3.30 cash per share.

Although Foodland did not directly approach Metcash, the Metcash Board carefully considered the highly conditional and incomplete proposal which included, amongst many other conditions, a request for due diligence. The Metcash Board, in conjunction with its advisers, assessed the highly conditional and incomplete proposal on the basis of price and conditionality against its completion prospects and value, relative to other options available to Metcash Shareholders. The Metcash Board concluded that the Foodland proposal was incomplete, highly conditional and less attractive than other options, including the Capital Reorganisation and Offer, and that providing a major competitor with commercially sensitive information would be potentially damaging to Metcash, particularly in the event Foodland did not proceed to make any offer or, if made, the offer did not succeed.

# 13.6 Directors

As at the date of this Bidder's Statement, there are seven directors of Foodland, namely:

- Len Bleasel AM (Chairman);
- Trevor Coates (Chief Executive Officer and Group Managing Director);
- Steve Crane:
- John Fletcher;
- Norman Geary CBE;
- Sir Colin Maiden; and
- Peter Mansell.

Profiles of the directors of Foodland are given in the Foodland Group's 2004 Annual Report.

# 13.7 Publicly available information

Foodland has been listed on ASX since 1990. Foodland is obliged to comply with the continuous disclosure requirements of ASX.

The annual report for the Foodland Group for the year ended I August 2004 was lodged with ASIC on I November 2004 and given to ASX on that date.

A description of each announcement made by Foodland to ASX since 1 July 2004 is set out in Annexure C of this Bidder's Statement.

Information (including copies of financial statements) may also be obtained from Foodland's website at www.fal.com.au.

# 13.8 Financial profile of Foodland

The below financial information has been sourced from the Foodland 2004 Annual Report. For further information regarding financial information about Foodland see Annexure H.

Summary Statement of Financial Performance	AGA	<b>LAP</b>
Year ending	3-Aug-03	I-Aug-04
A\$ million	Histo	orical
Sales	6,386	6,027
Cost of goods sold	(5,302)	(5,082)
Gross profit	1,084	945
Other revenue	366	811
Other expenses	(1,258)	(1,530)
Profit before tax	191	226
Tax expense	(71)	(83)
Net profit after tax	120	143
Source: Foodland annual report	The second secon	Particular des description de la constant description de la constant des de la constant des de la constant des de la constant

Summary Statement of Financial Perform	nance AG	AGAAP	
Year ending	3-Aug-03	I-Aug-04	
A\$ million	He	orical)	
Australian retail sales	1,209	1,330	
New Zealand retail sales	3,223	3,324	
Total retail sales	4,432	4,654	
Australian wholesale sales	1,002	1,001	
New Zealand wholesale sales	308	233	
Total wholesale sales	1,310	1,234	
Discontinued operations <sup>1</sup>	644	138	
Total sales	6,386	6,027	
Australian retail EBITA	37	39	
New Zealand retail EBITA	137	149	
Total retail EBITA	173	188	
Australian wholesale EBITA	51	45	
New Zealand wholesale EBITA	12	10	
Total wholesale EBITA	63	55	
Property EBITA	16	13	
Profits / (losses) on sale of property <sup>2</sup>	(0)	2	
Group corporate	(10)	(10)	
Profit on sale of properties into property trust	0	29	
Profit on sale of Farmers Holdings Limited Group		24	
EBITA from discontinued operations	43	(2)	
Total EBITA	284	299	

# Notes:

Source: Foodland Annual Report

Comprises sales of Formers Holdings Limited Group, which was previously reported as a business segment, up to the effective date of sole, being 2 November 2003

<sup>2</sup> Continuing sales and EBITA only. Comparative adjustments have been made, as per annual report, to reallocate Farmers property results to discontinued operations

Statement of financial positio	n A0	AGAAP	
Year ending	3-Aug-03	I-Aug-04	
acillia &A	Contra	coriæl	
Current assets			
Cash assets	106	59	
Receivables	220	229	
Inventories	499	412	
Other	28	16	
Total current assets	853	716	
Non-current assets			
Receivables	166	21	
Other financial assets	1	1	
Property, plant and equipment	708	451	
Intangibles	735	722	
Deferred tax assets	37	28	
Other	88	6	
Total non-current assets	1,734	1,228	
Total assets	2,587	1,944	
Current liabilities			
Payables	477	438	
Interest-bearing liabilities	#3	0	
Current tax liabilities	1	6	
Provisions	51	42	
Total current liabilities	642	486	
Non-current liabilities			
Payables	0	2	
Interest-bearing liabilities	951	425	
Provisions	25	19	
Total non-current liabilities	976	445	
Total liabilities	1,618	931	
Net assets	969	1,013	
Shareholders' equity			
Contributed equity	668	676	
Reserves	40	19	
Retained profits	261	319	
Total shareholders' equity	969	1,013	
Source: Foodiand Annual Report			

# **13.9** Announcements by Foodland in relation to the Offer

On 6 December 2004 and 13 December 2004, Foodland made announcements to ASX in relation to the Offer. A copy of each of those announcements is contained in Annexure D of this Bidder's Statement.

#### 13.10 Foodland securities on issue

According to documents provided by Foodland to ASX, as at the date of this Bidder's Statement, Foodland has on issue 117,828,603 Foodland Shares.

Foodland Shares are quoted on ASX and, subject to the restrictions (if any) applying to particular shares under the Foodland Share Plans described in Section 13.11 below, may be freely traded.

#### 13.11 Foodland Share Plans

Metcash understands that Foodland currently has two share plans:

- the Employee Share Ownership Plan (ESOP); and
- the Foodland Associated Limited Share Rights Plan (SRP).

# (a) Employee Share Ownership Plan

The ESOP offers eligible employees of Foodland and its wholly owned controlled entities the right to acquire ordinary shares in Foodland funded by an interest free loan from Foodland to the trustee for the ESOP. Shares issued under the ESOP are issued at a 1 cent discount to the market value prior to the date of allotment.

On I August 2004, the total number of shares in the ESOP was 1,415,873. On 10 November 2004, an additional 704,458 shares were issued under the ESOP.

The board of Foodland has a general discretion to issue further shares, as long as the total number of shares on issue in all employee share plans does not exceed 5% of the total issued capital of Foodland.

Shares issued under the plan may not be transferred until 3 years from the date of issue to the trustee of the ESOP or the date when the employee ceases employment with Foodland. This represents approximately 1.8% of Foodland Shares.

# (b) Foodland Associated Limited Share Rights Plan

On 8 December 2004, Foodland Shareholders approved the SRP, Under the SRP, participants are granted "rights" to acquire Foodland Shares. The number of rights granted in any one period is calculated by reference to the value of remuneration which is deemed "at risk" divided by the VWAP of the Foodland Shares in the 5 trading days after the commencement of ex-dividend trading in relation to the final dividend.

Share rights will vest in the participant after 3 calendar years have elapsed from the date of determination of the participant's entitlement under the SRP. If a takeover bid is made and the board determines that the share rights should vest in the participant, the share rights will vest automatically. On vesting, Foodland will either acquire shares on market or allot new shares to the participant. Foodland will pay for the cost of any acquisition. A participant in the SRP is not entitled to participate in the ESOP.

The only current participant in the SRP is Trevor Coates. Mr Coates may become entitled to rights to acquire up to a maximum of 150,000 shares in Foodland over the next few years.

# 13.12 Offer extends to new Foodland Shares

The Offer extends to persons who become registered, or entitled to be registered to, Foodland Shares during the Offer Period due to the conversion of, or exercise of rights attached to securities convertible into Foodland Shares which are on issue at the Register Date.

If Metcash and its associates have relevant interests in at least 90% of Foodland Shares during, or at the end of the Offer Period, Metcash will (if it and its associates have a relevant interest in more than 90% of Foodland Shares at the time) give a notice of compulsory acquisition to all outstanding Foodland Shareholders, even if the Foodland Shares to which those notices relate are issued after the Offer closes but before the notices are given (pursuant to section 661A(4)(b) of the Act).

# 13.13 Recent Foodland Share prices

The last recorded sale price of Foodland Shares on ASX before the Announcement Date was \$19.21 as at close of trading on ASX on 3 December 2004.

The latest recorded sale price of Foodland Shares on ASX before the date on which this Bidder's Statement was lodged with ASIC was \$24.00.

#### 13.14 Dividends

Since I August 2003, Foodland has paid the following dividends:

- a final dividend of \$0.465 per Foodland Share (100% franked) on 17 October 2003;
- an interim dividend of \$0.43 per Foodland Share (100% franked) on 8 April 2004; and
- a final dividend of \$0.53 per Foodland Share (100% franked) on 15 October 2004.

Foodland is expected to pay its next interim dividend in early April 2005. Foodland has said that future dividends may not be fully franked.

Under the terms of the Offer, Foodland Shareholders may keep any dividends paid by Foodland after the date of this Bidder's Statement up to \$0.43 per share. If the Foodland dividend (or the aggregate sum of any other Foodland distributions) is more than \$0.43 per share, Metcash has the right to reduce the Offer Consideration accordingly under Section 23.7(c). If you accept the Cash Alternative under the Offer, any amount in excess of \$0.43 per share will be deducted from the Cash Alternative, otherwise the number of Metcash A Shares due to you will be reduced accordingly.

# 13.15 Interests in Foodland securities

#### (a) Metcash's relevant interest in Foodland securities

Metcash holds interests in Foodland through two of its wholly owned subsidiaries, Queensland Independent Wholesalers Pty Limited and Composite Buyers Pty Limited. The holdings of each of these entities as at the date of this Bidder's Statement are:

Composite Buyers Pty Limited	200 ordinary shares
Queensland Independent Wholesalers Pty Limited	1,493 ordinary shares
,	,

#### (b) Metcash's voting power in Foodland

Metcash's voting power in Foodland as at the date of this Bidder's Statement is 0.0014%.

#### (c) Acquisitions of Foodland Shares by Metcash or associates

Neither Metcash nor its associates provided, or agreed to provide, consideration for Foodland Shares under a purchase or agreement during the 4 months before the date of this Bidder's Statement.

# 13.16 Highest price paid for Foodland Shares by Metcash or associates

Neither Metcash nor its associates have purchased any Foodland Shares in the 4 months before the date of this Bidder's Statement.

# 13.17 Collateral benefits

During the period of 4 months before the date of this Bidder's Statement, neither Metcash nor any associate of Metcash gave, or offered to give, or agreed to give a benefit to another person which was likely to induce the other person, or an associate of the other person, to:

- accept the Offer; or
- dispose of Foodland Shares,

and which is not offered to all holders of Foodland Shares under the Offer.

# 13.18 No escalation agreements

Neither Metcash nor any associate of Metcash has entered into any escalation agreement that is prohibited by section 622 of the Act.

# 14 Metcash's intentions

#### 14.1 Overview

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This section sets out Metcash's intentions in relation to the following:

- major changes to the business of Foodland and any redeployment of the fixed assets of Foodland;
- multiple the future employment of the present employees of Foodland;
- the retention of the business of Foodland Australia: and
- the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to existing Foodland Shareholders.

These intentions are based on the information concerning Foodland, its business and the general business environment which is known to Metcash at the time of the preparation of this Bidder's Statement.

Final decisions will only be reached by Metcash in light of material information and circumstances at the relevant time. Accordingly, the statements set out in this Section 14 are statements of current intention only and may change as new information becomes available or circumstances change.

Wherever this Bidder's Statement refers to Newco's intentions following the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective, they should be taken to mean the intentions of the Newco Board as it will be constituted immediately after the Metcash Scheme, ie when the Newco Board will comprise the existing members of the Metcash Board.

#### 14.2 Rationale for the Offer

Over the course of the last 2 years the Metcash Board and management have been actively reviewing a number of strategic growth initiatives, one of which has been the acquisition of Foodland's Australian assets.

The proposed acquisition of Foodland, the retention of Foodland Australia and the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to existing Foodland Shareholders is part of Metcash's strategy to establish a stronger player in Australia's chain-dominated retail markets.

# 14.3 Intentions upon acquisition of 90% or more of Foodland Shares

This Section 14.3 sets out Metcash's intentions if it, and its associates, have a relevant interest in and acquire 90% or more of the Foodland Shares and it is entitled to proceed to compulsory acquisition of the outstanding Foodland Shares.

#### (a) Corporate matters

Metcash intends to:

- proceed with compulsory acquisition of the outstanding Foodland Shares in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 6A of the Act, including any Foodland Shares which are issued after the close of the Offer;
- arrange for Foodland to be removed from the Official List of ASX; and
- replace all members of the board of directors of Foodland with its own nominees, whom it expects to be members of Metcash management and the current Metcash Board.

#### (b) Head office and head office employees

Metcash intends to combine certain common Metcash and Foodland Australia corporate head office functions, such as finance and accounting, company secretarial, risk management and in-house legal, as well as those functions involved in setting overall planning and control of the combined operations of Metcash and Foodland Australia with a view to eliminating duplication of tasks.

The remaining Foodland head office functions which are necessary for the expected future operation of Foodland New Zealand following the NZ Holdco Transfer, will be devolved to Foodland New Zealand. Any remaining Foodland head office functions will be closed down.

Metcash will seek to allocate alternative responsibilities (including potentially within the proposed Western Australian State Office) to any Foodland employees whose responsibilities currently include head office activities that are duplicated with Metcash and not needed by Foodland New Zealand.

#### (c) General operational review

Metcash intends to conduct an immediate, general review of Foodland Australia's structure and operations. The review will apply quantitative and qualitative factors to measure performance and identify areas which may be improved, and should be finalised within 3 to 6 months of the completion of the Offer.

#### (d) Melbourne buying office

If the Offer is successful, Metcash expects that the centralised buying function for the Metcash Group will continue to operate out of Metcash's Sydney office. Metcash currently has buying staff located in each of the States in which Metcash operates. Metcash intends to offer employment in the proposed Western Australia State Office to a number of staff currently employed in the Melbourne buying office. Metcash will seek to allocate alternative responsibilities to the employees in the Melbourne buying office who are not offered employment in the Western Australian State Office.

# (e) Franchise & Supply Australia

Metcash intends to integrate Foodland Australia's wholesale operations into its existing operations. It is currently intended that the Dewsons, Supa Valu and Dewsons Express banner groups will be co-branded as IGA stores.

An evaluation will be made of Foodlink, Foodland's food service division, to identify what role it would have in the group.

Foodland's three Cash & Carry warehouses in Balcatta, Canning Vale and Kalgoorlie are expected to be integrated into CCC's operations providing CCC with operations in Western Australia.

A detailed review of Foodland's Mobil service stations will be undertaken before any decision is made regarding the retention of these businesses. Foodland's fuel discount initiative is similar to Metcash's reverse discount plan and it is expected to be retained under Metcash ownership.

### (f) Action stores in Queensland, Northern NSW and Western Australia

Metcash views wholesaling as its core competency and does not intend to enter the retail market in Australia. Metcash intends to sell the 37 Action stores in Western Australia and the 45 Action stores in Queensland and Northern New South Wales to independent retailers or management and employees of these stores. Metcash believes there is strong interest for these stores from Independent storeowners and it is expected that these stores will become part of the IGA network with new supply contracts agreed. Where required, Metcash will enter into head leases with owners of Action Supermarket sites.

#### (g) Foodland debt facilities

The last Annual Report of Foodland discloses that Foodland's long term debt is composed of:

- a NZ\$350 million 3 year working capital facility;
- a NZ\$320 million 5 year term loan facility;
- a \$75 million 3 year working capital facility; and
- a \$267 million 5 year term loan facility,

(collectively Foodland Debt Facilities).

As at 1 August 2004, drawings had only been made under the NZ facilities and these totalled approximately \$424.8 million. These facilities are secured in accordance with a negative pledge agreement, which incorporates floating charges over the principal assets of the economic entity, fixed charges over real property and guarantees and indemnities.

Metcash intends to purchase Foodland Australia free of all Foodland debt. Metcash intends to consolidate Foodland's existing loan facilities within Foodland New Zealand. Metcash will seek to arrange for Foodland's lenders to restructure loan documentation so that the only Foodland companies with any obligations under the existing loan facilities will be Foodland New Zealand companies. Whilst the terms of Metcash's funding arrangements only facilitate this to the extent that the Foodland Debt Facilities are used by Foodland New Zealand or Foodland New Zealand owes amounts to Foodland Australia, Metcash believes that this is sufficient to fully provide for all of Foodland's debt. As part of this restructure, standing guarantees and securities given by Australian companies in the Foodland Group would be required to be released.

If the existing lenders to Foodland are not prepared to agree to these requirements, Metcash intends to procure that Foodland (NZ) Holdings Limited draws upon a NZ\$440 million bridge facility with ANZ in order to repay any Foodland financiers to retire the outstanding debt.

This new financing of Foodland New Zealand will be part of the New Zealand restructure described in Section 14.4(a) below and will be undertaken before effecting the NZ Holdco Transfer.

#### (h) Foodland New Zealand

Metcash intends to transfer the businesses of Foodland New Zealand to Former Foodland Shareholders. This will be achieved by interposing a new holding company (**NZ Holdco**) over Foodland New Zealand's existing subsidiaries. Prior to the NZ Holdco Transfer any intercompany debts between Foodland and Foodland New Zealand will be settled by repayment or converting the relevant net amount to equity as described in Section 14.4(a) below. Shares in NZ Holdco will then be distributed to NZ Shareholders in return for the cancellation of their NZ Shares issued by Metcash. Details of the intended mechanism by which this will be achieved are set out in Section 14.4 below.

Before the NZ Holdco Transfer is effected, Metcash intends to carry on the Foodland New Zealand businesses in the ordinary course. No unusual transactions, such as major acquisitions or sales, are intended, and any dealings between Metcash and Foodland New Zealand are intended to be conducted on arm's length and commercial terms. Existing employees and management in the Foodland New Zealand businesses are expected to be retained and a management committee comprising representatives of Metcash and existing management of the Foodland New Zealand businesses will be responsible for overseeing the conduct of the business.

#### (i) Foodland board and management

Metcash believes it is appropriate and in the best interests of all Foodland Shareholders for the existing board of Foodland to serve Foodland Shareholders as the board of NZ Holdco, once it is listed. Accordingly, following completion of the Offer, Metcash will invite the existing directors of Foodland to become directors of NZ Holdco.

If fewer than four Foodland directors elect to take up places on the board of NZ Holdco, Metcash will facilitate the appointment of appropriate and experienced board members to that board. Metcash has commenced the process of identifying and discussing potential candidates for the board of NZ Holdco and expects to be able to provide further details once the position of the existing Foodland directors is known. Any appointment of replacement directors will be subject to ratification by NZ Holdco shareholders at the first general meeting of Foodland New Zealand.

Metcash has no reason to believe that any member of the senior management team of Foodland New Zealand would choose not to continue in their role as a result of the Offer. However, should any member of the senior management team choose not to continue for whatever reason, Metcash would expect transitional arrangements to be put in place as in the ordinary course of business. Where appropriate and subject to the specific situation and the approval by the Chief Executive Officer and board of NZ Holdco, Metcash has the capacity to support transitional arrangements by providing access to its existing senior and other management.



Metcash intends to allocate certain costs that will be incurred by Foodland in relation to takeover defence and head office rationalisation between Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand as a result of the Offer. In addition, following completion of the Offer, costs incurred by Foodland New Zealand in relation to the relisting of Foodland New Zealand will be paid by Foodland New Zealand. The intention of this allocation process is to equitably reflect the benefits received by each of Metcash and Foodland Shareholders arising from the costs incurred.

Head office rationalisation costs and takeover defence costs will be allocated on the basis of 60% to Foodland New Zealand and 40% to Foodland Australia. In determining the allocation proportions, Metcash considered a range of basis, including assets employed, segmental EBITA and sales revenue. Metcash has determined to allocate these costs on the basis of sales revenue which of all the methods examined represented the lowest allocation of costs to Foodland New Zealand.

Metcash has estimated the Foodland takeover defence costs, including defence adviser fees, defence legal fees, any fee paid to an independent expert, or other adviser, and incidentals including logistics and printing. Together with the estimated head office rationalisation costs, based on current publicly available information. Metcash has estimated the expense to be allocated to Foodland New Zealand to be in the order of approximately \$13 million. However, the exact amount of these expenses will not be known until Metcash has had access to Foodland's internal accounts and other internal information.

#### (k) Foodland's property assets

Foodland has entered into sale and leaseback arrangements for a significant portion of its New Zealand and Australian property assets from which it operates its business. Generally, it is intended that the remaining property assets owned by Foodland will be allocated to Metcash and Foodland New Zealand based on where the property is located. Where legal ownership and utilisation differ, any transfers of property required will occur.

A review of Foodland's property assets will be conducted following completion of the Offer. It is Metcash's current intention to dispose of Foodland's surplus Australian property assets. In regard to the New Zealand property assets, the board of NZ Holdco will need to make a decision as to their intentions with regard to these assets.

#### (I) Queensland warehouse

Metcash intends to service the Action stores in Queensland (and Northern New South Wales) from its Brisbane warehouses (located at Loganlea and Crestmead). The Loganlea/Crestmead facilities have sufficient capacity to handle this additional demand as a consequence of the relocation of ALM's Queensland distribution from Loganlea to Crestmead. Metcash intends to sub-let Foodland's Richlands warehouse which will then be excess to Metcash's requirements.

Metcash will seek to allocate alternative responsibilities to the employees in Foodland's Richlands Warehouse, which could possibly include being offered positions at either the Loganlea or Crestmead warehouses or CCC outlets. Rocklea Fresh facility will be reviewed to determine its future role within the Metcash Group.

#### (m) Western Australian warehouse

It is Metcash's intention for Foodland's Canning Vale (Perth) warehouse to continue to operate in a similar manner to its present operations.

### (n) Information Technology Systems

Metcash intends to implement its existing IT systems and voice pick technology within Foodland's operations. It is expected that this will eliminate a significant portion of the \$68 million merchandising system capital expenditure which Foodland has announced in order to update its systems and adopt common processes across the Foodland Group.

#### (o) Employees

If Metcash considers that it is not feasible to allocate alternative responsibilities to any employees of Foodland Australia head office, the Melbourne buying office or the Queensland warehouse, it is expected that the employees would be made redundant and would receive, on redundancy, payments and other benefits in accordance with their contractual and other legal entitlements.

#### (p) Dividends

Metcash will allow Foodland Shareholders to keep any dividends declared by Foodland up to a total of \$0.43 per share without there being any deduction of the Offer Consideration. Metcash will not rely on aggregate dividend payments of up to \$0.43 per share as a breach of a condition to the Offer.

Metcash intends to effect the NZ Holdco Transfer before the Metcash 2006 financial year interim dividend which would be payable in December 2005. Were Metcash to pay dividends on the NZ Shares (because for some reason the transfer had not occurred) they would be paid at the same time as dividends on the ordinary shares.

Metcash expects Foodland New Zealand to to pay dividends to NZ Holdco based on a payout ratio in the order of 60% of earnings per share before goodwill amortisation and unusual items. Payment of any dividend is, of course, subject to taking into consideration a number of commercial factors, including the interests of shareholders, cash requirements for future capital expenditure and investments, as well as relevant industry practice.

While the NZ Shares remain on issue, Metcash will cause all dividends paid to NZ Holdco to be paid to NZ Shareholders, net of taxes, so that the NZ Shares will reflect the economic value of Foodland New Zealand (subject to the risks set out in Section 19).

On an ongoing basis, Metcash intends to continue with its existing dividend policy.

Further information on the dividend rights of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares is contained in Section 18.

# 14.4 Mechanism to transfer Foodland New Zealand

This section describes how Metcash intends to restructure the Foodland New Zealand business and transfer Foodland New Zealand to holders of NZ Shares.

#### (a) Restructure of New Zealand operations

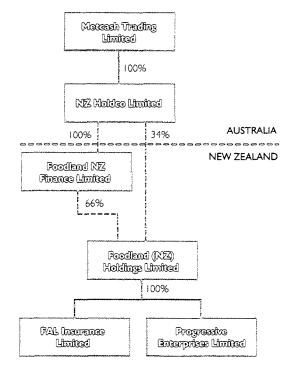
Metcash considers that the NZ Holdco Transfer is only likely to be achieved in an efficient manner if Metcash holds 100% of the Foodland Shares. Once it does so, it intends to consolidate ownership of the Foodland New Zealand business, including subsidiaries which carry on that business, in a single company, NZ Holdco. NZ Holdco is already a wholly owned subsidiary of Metcash and has been established for this purpose.

The detailed structure to be adopted to facilitate the distribution of shares in the Foodland New Zealand business will only be finalised after reviewing the records, taxation and financial position of the Foodland Group.

However, Metcash's current proposal is to transfer the shares in Foodland (NZ) Finance Limited and Foodland (NZ) Holdings Limited to NZ Holdco directly. This process is outlined in Section 12.1. Following the restructure, Metcash presently expects the NZ Holdco structure will be as depicted below:



Figure 14.4 Proposed Foodland (NZ) structure



Metcash intends to identify all the assets in the broader Foodland Group used by Foodland New Zealand in the New Zealand business and ensure they will be held within the NZ Holdco Group.

Metcash intends to make transitional arrangements for services that are currently shared between Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand. These services may include IT, treasury and intellectual property arrangements. In addition, NZ Holdco may require its own new corporate arrangements which may have been previously provided by Foodland (such as insurance and the establishment of independent superannuation arrangements) and these arrangements will be put in place on commercial arm's length terms.

Metcash understands that there may exist intercompany loans within the Foodland Group. Prior to the NZ Holdco Transfer any intercompany debts between Foodland and Foodland New Zealand will be settled by repayment to the extent of any external borrowings of Foodland Australia and then converting the remaining net amount owing to equity.

To the extent that it is consistent with its intentions disclosed above, Metcash will identify those employees essential to the operation of Foodland New Zealand. Metcash intends to make appropriate transitional arrangements for the transfer of employee and superannuation entitlements to NZ Holdco for employees employed or to be employed in the New Zealand business. The employees currently engaged in the Foodland New Zealand business will remain employed on terms and conditions no less favourable than their current terms and conditions.

Metcash will apply to have NZ Holdco admitted to the official list of ASX. In the lead-up to admission, Metcash will undertake a due diligence process in relation to Foodland New Zealand similar to that undertaken in the lead-up to an initial public offering. At the conclusion of this process, it is proposed that a disclosure document will be prepared, distributed to NZ Shareholders and given to ASX.

As part of the due diligence review, Metcash will identify those material contracts and agreements which require the consent of counterparties or contain rights of pre-emption or termination which are triggered by a change of control of Foodland New Zealand. Metcash expects that any change of control rights will have been triggered by the Offer. Metcash considers it unlikely that any counterparties will exercise change of control rights as the distribution of shares in NZ Holdco (holding the Foodland New Zealand business) is, in practice, a return to the Former Foodland Shareholders.

NZ Holdco will, to the extent agreed with third parties, also acquire all contracts, licences and authorisations necessary for the conduct of the Foodland New Zealand business.

It is expected that the due diligence process and restructure process culminating in the transfer of NZ Holdco to NZ Shareholders will take between 3 and 6 months after the completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition.

In relation to the separate listing of NZ Holdco, Metcash has estimated the specific costs to be incurred including legal, tax and accounting advice, ASX listing fees and other incidentals. In total, the amount in relation to these expenses incurred by NZ Holdco is expected to be in the order of \$5 million.

#### (b) Transfer of Foodland New Zealand

Following the restructuring of the Foodland New Zealand business Metcash intends to transfer the shares in NZ Holdco to NZ Shareholders, on the basis of one NZ Holdco Share for each NZ Share held.

Metcash intends to exchange each NZ Share for an ordinary share in NZ Holdco by means of selective capital reduction. The NZ Holdco Shares will be transferred by Metcash by cancelling each NZ Share and then transferring NZ Holdco Shares to the holders of NZ Shares. In order to effect the cancellation, two resolutions must be passed.

First, Metcash ordinary shareholders must approve the NZ Holdco Transfer by special resolution (ie a 75% vote), with no votes being cast in favour of the resolution by those who hold NZ Shares.

If the Schemes have become Effective when this resolution is considered, Newco will be the only ordinary shareholder of Metcash and will vote in favour of the resolution. If the Schemes have *not* become Effective when the resolution is considered, Metoz has indicated in writing to the Metcash Board that it will vote in favour of the resolution.

Second, a special resolution (ie a 75% vote) of the NZ Shareholders is required. This process is assisted by the constitution of Metcash and the terms of issue of the NZ Shares which provide that each NZ Shareholder irrevocably appoints Metcash as its attorney and agent for the purposes of voting in favour of this cancellation. Therefore, this second resolution will be passed unanimously.

The Act requires that a capital reduction must also be fair and reasonable to the company's shareholders as a whole and not materially prejudicial to creditors.

The directors have concluded that the NZ Holdco Transfer will not materially prejudice the trade creditors of Metcash as the Foodland New Zealand assets will never be used to satisfy their claims. The NZ Holdco Transfer will not be materially prejudicial to creditors of Foodland as the Foodland Debt Facilities are expected to have been consolidated within Foodland New Zealand (see Section 14.3(g)) and the facilities entered into by Metcash will not be secured by any assets held by NZ Holdco.

Further, the directors of Metcash consider that the reduction of capital will be fair and reasonable to Metcash Shareholders as a whole as it is the fulfilment of the rights attaching to NZ Shares (which were issued with this reduction in mind). These rights have been approved by the ordinary shareholders of Metcash by special resolution in a meeting held on 20 January 2005. Metcash will engage an independent expert to opine on the NZ Holdco Transfer and whether it is fair and reasonable to shareholders.

#### (c) Alternatives

Metcash is confident that the NZ restructure can be implemented and the NZ Holdco Transfer effected, resulting in the transfer of shares in NZ Holdco to holders of NZ Shares in return for the cancellation of NZ Shares.

Metcash has no reason to believe that it will be unable to obtain the listing of NZ Holdco on ASX. However, listing of NZ Holdco is subject to ASX's consent. If Metcash is not able to obtain a listing of NZ Holdco on ASX, a listing on the NZSX or some other exchange will be considered.

Metcash has not had access to any non-public information about and has not conducted any due diligence on Foodland New Zealand. Metcash has relied on Foodland's public disclosures. Metcash is currently unaware of any specific reason why the NZ Holdco Transfer cannot be achieved.

However, the terms of the NZ Shares are intended to protect the interests of the holders in the event that the NZ Holdco Transfer cannot be achieved. In that unlikely event, Metcash is obliged to use its best endeavours to procure the completion of another transaction having substantially the same effect as the NZ Holdco Transfer, or the sale of Foodland New Zealand and the distribution of the after tax proceeds of the sale to NZ Shareholders. In any event, until that time, Metcash will act in the interests of NZ Shareholders and the NZ Shares will continue to trade on ASX. While the NZ Shares remain on issue, Metcash will cause all dividends paid to NZ Holdco to be paid to NZ Shareholders, net of taxes, so that the NZ Shares will reflect the economic value of Foodland New Zealand (subject to the risks set out in Section 19).

### 14.5 Intentions upon acquisition of less than 90% of Foodland Shares

Metcash will not waive its 90% minimum acceptance condition.

### 14.6 Business, assets and employees

Other than as set out in this Section 14, it is the present intention of Metcash:

- to continue the businesses of Foodland;
- not to make any major changes to the businesses of Foodland and not to redeploy any of the fixed assets of Foodland; and
- to maintain the employment of Foodland's existing employees.

## 15 Profile of New Metcash

#### 15.1 Overview of the New Metcash

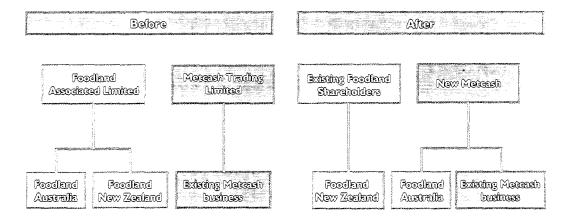
The structure of Metcash will be different depending on whether the Capital Reorganisation is Effective. If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective and the Offer is successful, Metcash will comprise Metcash's existing business and Foodland Australia.

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If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, Newco will become Metcash's holding company regardless of the success of the Offer. The term "New Metcash" in this Section 15 refers to Metcash in either scenario.

Under the Offer, Metcash will retain Foodland's Australian business and merge these assets with its existing business. Ownership of Foodland's New Zealand business will be returned to Foodland Shareholders following completion of the Offer.

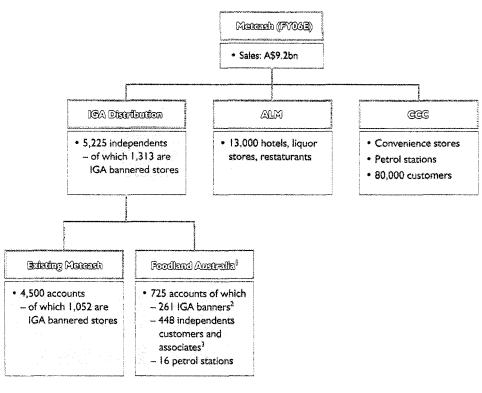
The diagram below shows, in summary form, Metcash and Foodland's existing structures and the proposed structure once the Offer is completed.





As a result of the merger, Metcash will expand its IGA network. Illustrated in the diagram below is the New Metcash corporate structure.

#### New Metcash corporate structure



- Represents Foodland Australia's current wholesale operations only.
- Includes conversion of Action, Dewson, Super Valu stores to IGA. Includes 400 Independent customers and associates and 48 Foodland Franchise stores.

On a pro-forma FY06 basis, New Metcash will show:

- increased sales from A\$7.2 billion to A\$9.2 billion, representing an increase of 28%; and
- the number of Independent customers increasing from 4,500 to 5,225; and
- the number of IGA bannered stores increasing from 1,052 to 1,313.

#### 15.2 Creating a national IGA distribution network

Metcash and Foodland Australia's complementary regional presence will present New Metcash with unique synergies and consolidation opportunities. The transaction will enhance the operations of Metcash allowing it to optimise existing operations and rationalise overlapping distribution networks. The combination will strengthen Metcash's position in the highly competitive eastern seaboard market and widen its network to national coverage.

The combination expands the grocery wholesaling network into Western Australia where IGA currently does not operate. Metcash plans to continue Foodland Australia's supply arrangements with Foodland's existing 227 Franchise and Supply customers in Western Australia including 119 Supa Valu, 60 Dewsons and 6 Foodworks stores.

Metcash intends to sell Foodland's 82 Action retail stores in Queensland, northern New South Wales and Western Australia to independent retailers or management and employees of these stores and the stores are intended to be rebranded IGA following the completion of the Offer. Metcash plans to become the predominant wholesaler to these stores. As a result, Metcash will build on its existing network of customers on the east coast of Australia and expand Foodland's wholesale business in Western Australia.

In addition, Foodland supplies an additional 400 independent customers and associates, the locations of which are not disclosed by Foodland and hence have been excluded from the table below.

New Metcash will serve 5,225 customers, up from 4,500 customers prior to acquisition. As a consequence of increased scale New Metcash expects to benefit from improved buying power from its suppliers.

The New Metcash						
Stores	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	WA	Total
SUPA IGA'	90	31	100	104	97	422
IGA <sup>t</sup>	161	255	251	105	119	891
Foodworks <sup>2</sup>	446	40	201	- -	6	693
Other non banner customers <sup>3</sup>						3,219
Total	697	326	552	209	222	5,225

New Metcash will integrate Foodland's distribution centres in Western Australia into the current network. Metcash intends to sublet Foodland's distribution centre at Richlands in Queensland which will be excess to Metcash's requirements, given that its Loganlea facility has capacity to absorb the volume.

Figure 15.2.1 New Metcash grocery and liquor distribution warehouses

		Metcash			Foodland Australia New Metcash						
		Warehouses on site	Size 000 sqm	Туре	Warehouse on site	s Size 000 sqm	Туре		Warehouses on site	Size 000 sqm	Туре
NSW	Silverwater	2	26	P,L		an or a series		Silverwater	2	26	P,L
	Blacktown	1	44	G				Blacktown	1	44	G
Victoria	Laverton	3	87	P,L,G				Laverton	3	87	P,L,G
Queensland	Loganlea	1	45	G	2 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 -			Loganlea	I	45	G
	Crestmead	2	34	L,P				Crestmead	2	34	L,P
					Richlands I	56	G				
					Rocklea I	6	P	Rocklea	. 1	6	Р
SA	Kidman Park	3	60	PL,G				Kidman Park	3	60	P,L,G
WA	Canning Vale	1	10	L	Canning Vale	82	G,P	Canning Vale	2	92	P.L.G
Total	.,	13	306		. 3	144			15	394	
	P = Perishable G =	Grocery (Dry) L = Liq	luor								

The combined company will close the gap between Metcash and the independent retailers of Australia and the large chains, Coles and Woolworths. The Offer increases Metcash and the Independents' combined revenue from \$15.1 billion to \$18.2 billion a 21% increase in the combined sales.

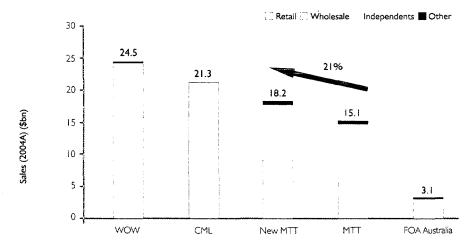
I Includes Foodland's Action stores, Dewsons and Supa Valu

<sup>2</sup> Non IGA, Foodworks aligned customers

<sup>3</sup> Includes Foodland's 400 Independent customers and associates and 42 Foodland Franchise stores and 16 petrol stations

<sup>1</sup> Table excludes all cash and carry and foodservices warehouses

Figure 15.2.2 Comparison of Retail Sales



- Independent Revenue represents estimated incremental revenue earned by independents (Source: Metcash Management estimates.)
- 2 Woolworths (WOW) and Coles Myer (CML) represents sales from their respective Food and Liquor divisions.

### 15.3 New Metcash strategy

Metcash's core strategy of being the "Champion of the Independent Retailer" will continue following the merger of Foodland Australia. To date this strategy has been a focal point for management and will continue to be the cornerstone of the Group's ongoing success.

Following the merger, Metcash will continue its focus on improving internal efficiencies, driving costs down and adding value to customer services. The large investment already undertaken by Metcash in information technology is expected to enable improvements in productivity, ensure customer needs are met and provide ready access to management information for the enlarged Group.

The support and comprehensive range of services provided to independent retailers will continue. This will include retail system support on 24 hour call, in-store training and a range of specialist service personnel such as channel managers, business and fresh food managers. These service teams work with the individual retailers to grow both the brand and the individual businesses. Metcash also provides a retail development and store equipment service to assist in expanding, refurbishing or building new sites.

Consistent with Metcash's policy of not competing with its customers, Metcash intends to sell Foodland's Action retail stores in Queensland, northern New South Wales and Western Australia to independent retailers following the completion of the Offer and become the main wholesaler to these stores. The Foodland Australia acquisition is expected to generate an additional \$2 billion in revenue for Metcash.

### 16 Financial information of New Metcash

### 16.1 Important information

#### (a) Disclosure regarding forward looking statements

The forecast financial information and other statements in this document which constitute forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors which may materially impact on actual outcomes, many of which are outside the control of Metcash. These factors will cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Metcash, Foodland or New Metcash to differ, perhaps materially, from the results, performance or achievements express or implied by those forecasts or forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include, among other things, those matters set out in Section 19.

The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements do not constitute a representation that future profits (or any other matter) will be achieved in the amounts or by the dates indicated and are presented as a guide to assist Foodland Shareholders in assessing the proposed Offer. The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements are based on information available to Metcash at the date of this Bidder's Statement and should be read in conjunction with the assumptions underlying their preparation as set out in Sections 16.7 and 9.6(d)(7).

#### (b) Foodland financial information

Financial information relating to Foodland has been sourced from publicly available information. Where considered appropriate, Metcash has adjusted certain Foodland financial information based on Metcash's industry knowledge and expertise. The primary sources of information about Foodland used by Metcash were as follows:

- Foodland's annual reports for 2003 and 2004;
- Foodland's results presentations in 2003 and 2004;
- reports on Foodland prepared by stockbrokers;
- press releases and ASX announcements made by Foodland;
- IRESS and Bloomberg;
- other publicly released information on Foodland.

Metcash has not had access to information on Foodland other than that which is available in the public domain. Metcash has not had access to the directors, management or staff of Foodland, or to any Foodland detailed budgets, workpapers, accounting records or other documentation. Therefore, there is some uncertainty associated with the financial information relating to Foodland. Metcash does not, except as required by law, make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of this information. It is expected that Foodland will release up-to-date financial information and financial forecasts in its target statement that will be sent to Foodland Shareholders and made available publicly.

#### 16.2 Introduction

For the purpose of assessing the financial impact of the Offer a number of potential Scenarios have been considered as set out below.

Potential Scenarios table	Offer	Capital Reorganisation		Entity
I – Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation not Effective	✓1	×	16.5	New Metcash
2 – Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective	✓!	✓	16.5	New Metcash
Legend:				

 $<sup>\</sup>mathbf{X} =$ Impact of this event not relevant to the financial information for this Scenario

The Independent Accountant's Report prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd, is contained in Section 20. The report has been prepared in respect of the historical and forecast statements of financial performance and statements of cashflows and pro forma statements of financial position and earnings per share calculations presented in this Section 16 and Annexure H.

### 16.3 Summary financial information

The summary information presented below for each Scenario is for the forecast year ending 30 April 2006.

		Scenario I	Scenario 2
	Metcash standalone	Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation not Effective <sup>4</sup>	Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective <sup>4</sup>
	We We	ACAAP er ending 10-April-2	DOG
Sales (A\$ million)	7,232	9,191	9,191
EBITA (A\$ million)	205	295	295
EPS (cents) <sup>3</sup>	20.5	23.8	23.9
Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (cents) <sup>4</sup>	n.a.	20.5	18.4
EPS accretion % <sup>2 3</sup>	n.a.	16%	30%
Net debt / EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	1.1x5	2.1x <sup>5</sup>

 $<sup>\</sup>checkmark$  = Impact of this event has been incorporated in the financial information for this Scenario

<sup>1</sup> Sensitivity analysis has been performed to illustrate the impact on gearing and EPS under various levels of acceptances of Metcash A Shares pursuant to the Offer

<sup>1</sup> Metcosh standalone EPS of 20.5 cents has been adjusted under Scenario 2 in accordance with AASB 133. The quantum of adjustment is dependent on the value of CULS converted to equity. Refer Section 17 for further details

<sup>2</sup> EPS accretion is measured relative to Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (which excludes any impact of the Equity Placement undertaken on 6 December 2004. the Share Purchase Plan announced on 6 December 2004 and any costs associated with the Capital Reorganisation or the Offer)

<sup>3</sup> Earnings is defined as earnings pre goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non-recurring transaction costs and restructure costs

<sup>4</sup> Assumes 100% cash take-up by Foodland Shareholders under the Offer

<sup>5</sup> Ratio calculated on pro forma net debt as at 31 October 2004

Detailed analysis and explanation regarding the financial information for each Scenario is contained in the remainder of this Section 16 and Annexure H.

#### (a) Overview of financial information prepared

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Set out below is a summary of the financial information that has been presented in this Section for Scenarios I and 2.

The Metcash, Foodland and New Metcash financial information has been presented in abbreviated form. It does not contain all the disclosures usually provided in an annual report prepared in accordance with the Act.

#### (b) Financial information for Scenarios 1 and 2

For each of Scenarios 1 and 2 the following financial information has been presented on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis:

- Forecast statement of financial performance, earnings per share and statement of cashflow for the year ending 30 April 2006
- Pro forma statement of financial position as at 3 | October 2004
- Sensitivity analysis

Principal differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they relate to Scenarios I and 2 are also presented below.

For assumptions relating to Scenarios I and 2 refer to Section 16.7 and Annexure H.

#### 16.4 Basis of preparation

#### (a) Metcash standalone versus New Metcash

Metcash or Metcash standalone relates to Metcash prior to either the Capital Reorganisation or Offer occurring. New Metcash relates to Metcash after the Capital Reorganisation and/or the Offer is completed. For the purposes of this section, New Metcash also incorporates Newco.

# (b) Assumed Metcash share price and shares outstanding for preparation of financial information

Where relevant under Scenarios 1 and 2, all financial information presented in this Section 16, that makes an assumption regarding the New Metcash / Metcash share price or shares outstanding assumes:

- a Metcash share price of \$3.32, which is the 1 month VWAP prior to 12 January 2005, which is also approximately a 1 month period from the date of the Announcement of the Capital Reorganisation and Offer;
- the shares outstanding in Metcash as at 12 January 2005, which includes the shares which will be issued under the Share Purchase Plan that closed on 11 January 2005.

Under AGAAP, to the extent the actual share price immediately prior to the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation is different to \$3.32, an adjustment to the pro forma statements of financial position in Scenario 2 will be required to reflect the amended purchase consideration and corresponding goodwill arising in connection with New Metcash's acquisition of Metcash equity under the Capital Reorganisation.

Under Australian IFRS, the accounting treatment of the Capital Reorganisation will not result in the creation of any goodwill, but will be treated as a reverse acquisition by Metcash and accordingly an adjustment to reflect the actual share price immediately prior to the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation will not be required.



The weighted average shares outstanding presented in this Section 16 assumes that the shares to be issued from the conversion of the CULS and CUPS are converted on 1 May 2005. The purpose of this is to present a pro forma EPS number which captures the full impact of all shares assumed to be issued in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and Offer. This assumption is conservative, as in practice the conversion into ordinary equity will occur during the financial year and therefore the actual weighted average shares outstanding for the year ending 30 April 2006 will be lower. Accordingly, the EPS will be higher (assuming all other assumptions in this Bidder's Statement remain constant).

#### (d) Assumed Effective date of Capital Reorganisation and completion date for the Offer

The forecast financial information in this Section 16 assumes the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, the Offer is completed and all related funding costs are incurred on 1 May 2005. To the extent that this does not happen the financial information presented in this Section 16 will be impacted. The pro forma statement of financial position for each of Scenarios 1 and 2 has been presented as at 31 October 2004.

#### (e) Assumed cash take-up under the Offer

The pro forma statements of financial position, statements of financial performance, statements of cashflow and earnings per share presented under Scenarios 1 and 2 assume 100% cash take-up under the Offer. Sensitivities illustrating the impact on EPS and gearing of differing levels of take-up of Metcash A Shares under the Offer are also presented for Scenarios 1 and 2 below.

#### (f) Rounding

Numbers contained in this Section 16 and Annexure H are rounded to zero decimal places, therefore if a set of numbers do not appear to add together precisely this is a function of rounding.

#### (g) Australian IFRS financial information

For reporting periods beginning on or after I January 2005, Metcash/New Metcash will be required to comply with Australian equivalent International Financial Reporting Standards (Australian IFRS) as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB).

The financial information presented in this Bidder's Statement that is referred to as being presented on an Australian IFRS basis reflects the series of standards adopted by the AASB in July 2004.

Metcash management has completed a thorough review of the impact of Australian IFRS upon the financial results for Metcash on a standalone basis. Under the provisions of Australian IFRS, Metcash/New Metcash will present actual results for the year ending 30 April 2006 under Australian IFRS and is required to restate comparative financial information for the year ending 30 April 2005.

New Metcash will present actual results for the year ending 30 April 2006 under Australian IFRS and is required to restate comparative financial information for the year ending 30 April 2005.

Metcash management has relied upon publicly available information to assess the likely impact of Australian IFRS on the financial results for Foodland.

The information set out in Section 16.9 provides a summary of the principal differences (being those of a significant or material nature) between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as applicable to the financial information presented for Metcash, New Metcash and Foodland.

Future financial performance presented under Australian IFRS may be significantly impacted by future changes to those standards and their application to the preparation of financial information. In particular, goodwill is no longer amortised, however, the carrying value will be assessed annually for impairment. Other intangible assets with finite lives will be continue to be amortised over their useful lives and assessed for impairment where there is an indicator. This may introduce considerable volatility into the future reported results of Metcash/New Metcash thereby adversely impacting distributable earnings. This issue is not specific to Metcash/New Metcash and similar issues are likely to apply to other companies reporting under Australian IFRS.

Foodland Shareholders should review the Australian IFRS pro forma forecasts and the basis for their preparation in conjunction with the description of the basis of preparation of the AGAAP pro forma forecasts set out below.

#### (h) Differing financial year ends for Metcash and Foodland

The financial year end adopted by Metcash is 30 April compared to | August adopted by Foodland. Metcash has estimated its forecasts for Foodland primarily based on stockbrokers' reports which are based on Foodland's year end of | August. Metcash has adjusted the forecasts by stockbrokers, where considered appropriate, based on its industry knowledge and expertise. Metcash has not, however, adjusted the forecasts for the differing financial year ends between Metcash and Foodland and has therefore used the | August year end of Foodland as a proxy for its 30 April year end. For example, for 2005 Metcash has used the financial year end for Metcash as 30 April 2005 and used | August 2005 for Foodland as a proxy.

#### (i) Merger synergies and restructure costs

Included within the New Metcash forecast financial information is an estimate of the merger synergies and restructure costs that are expected to arise in the event the Offer is successful.

The estimated impact of the synergies and restructuring costs is based on Metcash's director industry knowledge and information on Foodland available in the public domain.

There is therefore some uncertainty associated with the forecast financial information and actual estimated merger synergies and restructure costs may differ from those estimated.

Any final decisions and estimates on these matters will only be reached in light of all the material facts and information once Metcash has had an opportunity to conduct a detailed review of Foodland's operations and any relevant internal information.

#### (j) Foodland property activities

Foodland currently undertakes various property related activities, including ownership of investment properties, developed land and buildings and properties held for development.

It is Metcash's intention following completion of the Offer to undertake a review of Foodland's Australian property assets with a view to disposing of these assets.

For the purpose of preparing the statement of financial performance of New Metcash, Metcash has excluded any income from property and has excluded all property assets from the pro forma statement of financial position of New Metcash. Refer to Annexure H for further detail.

In the event that all properties have not been disposed of by the announcement of New Metcash's next financial results (year ending 30 April 2006 or half year to 31 October 2005) then the statement of financial position at that date and the financial results for that period will be required to consolidate the financial impact of the property ownership. Accordingly, the financial results for New Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ended 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.

#### (k) Treatment of Action Supermarkets

In accordance with one of Metcash's core principles of not competing with its customers, it is Metcash's intention to divest the Action Supermarkets (acquired from Foodland if the Offer is successful) to independent retailers.

To implement this intention, a special purpose divestment vehicle will be established to hold Action Supermarkets, thereby effectively ring fencing them from New Metcash. The stores will be sold over a period, which management expect not to exceed 12-18 months. For this reason, no results from retail operations from the Action Supermarkets are included in the forecast financial information presented in this Section.

In the event any Action Supermarkets have not been divested by announcement of New Metcash's next financial results (year ending 30 April 2006 or half year to 31 October 2005) then the New Metcash statement of financial position at that date will include unsold stores and the statement of financial performance will consolidate the financial results of the Action Supermarkets for the period owned.

Accordingly, the financial results for New Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section. Please refer to Annexure H for details of historical sales of Action Supermarkets.



#### (I) Treatment of Foodland New Zealand in New Metcash

All income from and assets of the Foodland New Zealand business have been excluded from the forecast financial information for New Metcash on the basis that existing Foodland Shareholders will retain ownership of the Foodland New Zealand business with the intention to list this new entity on ASX (subject to ASX approval). In the event that this has not been completed by the announcement of New Metcash's next financial results (year ending 30 April 2006 or half year to 31 October 2005), then the statement of financial position as at that date and the financial results for the Foodland New Zealand business for that period will be required to be consolidated.

Accordingly, the financial results for New Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.

#### (m) Acquisition of Metoz

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, New Metcash will acquire 100% of the issued share capital in Metoz. The total consideration paid by New Metcash for the acquisition of Metoz will be approximately \$1,125 million which includes the price paid for the acquisition of shares from Metoz shareholders and, following acquisition, the assumption and subsequent payment of Metoz's net liabilities.

Metoz's only material asset is its subsidiary shareholding in Metoz's net liabilities are estimated to be approximately \$27 million at the date when the Capital Reorganisation is expected to become Effective.

It is Metcash's intention that Metoz will be liquidated shortly after the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective. Prior to liquidation, it is intended a Metoz subsidiary, owning indirectly all shares in Metcash controlled by Metoz, be transferred to Metcash and all liabilities settled. On liquidation, the remaining assets of Metoz, if any, will be distributed to New Metcash.

### **16.5** Scenario 1 - Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation not Effective

This Section sets out financial information in relation to Scenario I, whereby the Offer is successful and Capital Reorganisation not

Section 16.7 sets out the major assumptions that have been made in preparing the financial information relating to this Scenario.

Section 16.9 sets out information relating to the differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they impact the pro forma statement of financial position and the forecast statement of financial performance for New Metcash.

### (a) Pro forma statement of financial position

Set out below is the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and New Metcash (prepared on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis).

	AGA	Australian IFRS	
Year ending	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04
A\$ millen	Historical Metcash sandalone	New Metansh	Metesh
Cash	19	25	25
Inventory	428	523	523
Accounts receivable	704	776	776
PP&E	129	146	146
Intangibles	236	601	597
Other	14	95	95
Total assets	1,530	2,166	2,162
Debt	102	379	379
Accounts payable	881	990	990
Other	63	63	89
Total liabilities	1,046	1,432	1,458
Net assets	484	734	704

Section 1.1 of Annexure H contains a detailed reconciliation showing the construction of the statement of financial position pursuant to this Scenario. Details of the adjustments made to derive the statement of financial position under Australian IFRS are set out in Section 16.8.

In this Scenario, 100% of the funds raised from the issue of CULS must be redeemed. The pro forma statement of financial position presented above and in Section 1.1 of Annexure H is presented after the redemption of the CULS (refer to Section 17 for further detail).

### (b) Forecast statement of financial performance

Set out below is the forecast statement of financial performance for the year ending 30 April 2006 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and New Metcash (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGA	<b>IAP</b>	Australian IFRS
Year ending	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06
AS million	Meterah sandalone	New Metendi	New Metendi
Sales	7,232	9,191	9,191
EBITDA'	231	329	329
Depreciation	(26)	(35)	(35)
EBITA'	205	295	295
EBITA margin'	2.8%	3.2%	3.2%
Transaction and restructure costs	0	(37)	(67)2
Amortisation	(29)	(46)	(7)
EBIT	176	211	220
Net interest expense	(7)	(33)	(33)
PBT	169	179	188
Tax expense	(59)	(71)	(65)
Reported NPAT	110	108	122

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Pre transaction and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> Restructure costs expensed under Australian IFRS

#### (c) Forecast earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone forecast earnings per share for the financial period ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and New Metcash (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGA	AGAAP		
Year ending	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	
A\$ million	Metendh	New Metendh	Meren New	
Reported NPAT	110	108	122	
Add post tax transaction and restructure costs <sup>1</sup>	0	29	53	
Add goodwill amortisation	22	39	0	
Adjusted NPAT	132	176	176	
Weighted average shares outstanding	640	737	737	
Basic EPS	20.5	23.8	23.8	
EPS accretion	n.a.	16%	16%²	

Notes:

### (d) Forecast statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash's standalone and New Metcash's forecast cashflow for the financial period ending 30 April 2006. Forecast cashflow has been prepared on an AGAAP basis only. Metcash expects no significant impact on the forecast cashflow from the change from AGAAP to Australian IFRS.

Year ending	30-Apr-06 Forecast	30-Apr-06 Forecast
A\$ million	Metcash standalone	New Metcash
EBITDA	231	329
Change in working capital	(19)	(24)
Tax paid	(59)	(70)
Net interest expense	(7)	(33)
Operating cashflow	146	203
Less capital expenditure	(29)	(37)
Less investments	(20)	(20)
Net cashflow	97	146

Note

I Non-recurring transaction and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> EPS accretion measured against Metcash standalone basic EPS accounted for under AGAAP It is not expected that the adjusted NPAT under AGAAP for Metcash standalone would differ under IFRS

I Pre financing, transaction and restructure costs



#### (e) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone and New Metcash pursuant to this Scenario.

	AGAAP			
	Metcash standalone	New Metcash		
Net debt / EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	l.lx'		
2006 EBITA / net interest (2006)	29.1×	9.0x		
Net debt / net debt + book equity	15%	33%'		
Note				

#### (f) Sensitivities

Sensitivity analysis has been undertaken on the financial information pursuant to this Scenario.

#### Sensitivity I - Scrip take-up

Set out below is a sensitivity analysis that illustrates the impact on gearing and EPS based on different levels of acceptance by Foodland Shareholders of Metcash A Shares as opposed to cash.

		AGAAP	Control of the Contro
A Share take-up	0%	50%	100%
Net debt / net debt + book equity	33%	(6%)²	(45%)2
EPS accretion <sup>3</sup>	16%	7%	(1%)

#### Notes:

- 1 Pro forma net debt and pro forma book value of equity as at 31 October 2004 used in ratio
- 2 Negative gearing a function of cash being greater than debt
- 3 EPS is based off earnings pre goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non-recurring transaction costs and restructure costs relative to Metcash

If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective and the Offer succeeds, then a capital management program, such as a buyback, would be undertaken to ensure the optimum balance of debt and equity. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the Facilities and would be expected to be completed within a 3 month period.

#### Sensitivity 2 - Foodland Australia EBITA change

Set out below is the EPS after a plus or minus 5% change in the EBITA Metcash is expected to generate from the acquisition of Foodland.

Foodland Australia EBITA change		AAP ril 2006
	+5%	-5%
Basic EPS' (cents)	24.3	23.4
Metcash standalone basic EPS <sup>1</sup> (cents)	20.5	20.5
EPS accretion %	18%	14%

<sup>1</sup> Pro forma net debt as at 31 October 2004 used in the above ratio

<sup>1</sup> EPS is based off earnings pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs

### 16.6 Scenario 2 - Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective

This Section sets out financial information in relation to Scenario 2, whereby the Offer is successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective.

Section 16.7 sets out the major assumptions that have been made in preparing the financial information relating to this Scenario.

Section 16.9 sets out information relating to the differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they impact the pro forma statement of financial position and the forecast statement of financial performance for New Metcash.

## (a) Pro forma statement of financial position

Set out below is the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and New Metcash (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS
Year ending	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04
AS million	Historien Meterah Meterah	New Metendh	Meterap Mem
Cash	19	25	25
Inventory	428	523	523
Accounts receivable	704	776	776
PP&E	129	146	146
Intangibles	236	2,382	606
Other	14	95	95
Total assets	1,530	3,947	2,171
Debt	102	706	706
Accounts payable	881	990	990
Other	63	63	89
Total liabilities	1,046	1,759	1,785
Net assets	484	2,188	385

Section 1.2 of Annexure H contains a detailed reconciliation showing the construction of the statement of financial position pursuant to this Scenario.

In this Scenario, 25% of the funds raised from the issue of CULS will be converted to ordinary shares in New Metcash shortly after the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation and 25% after 6 months. It is assumed the remaining 50% of the CULS and 100% of the CUPS are converted after 6 months. The pro forma statement of financial position presented above and in Annexure H are presented after the conversion of the CULS and CUPS (refer to Section 17 for further detail).

### (b) Forecast statement of financial performance

Set out below is the forecast statement of financial performance for the year ending 30 April 2006 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and New Metcash (prepared on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS	
Year ending	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	
AS million	Metendh sandalone	New Metensh	New Metensh	
Sales	7,232	9,191	9,191	
EBITDA'	231	329	329	
Depreciation	(26)	(35)	(35)	
EBITA'	205	295	295	
EBITA margin'	2.8%	3.2%	3.2%	
Transaction and restructure costs	0	(20)	(50)	
Amortisation	(29)	(126)	(7)	
EBIT	176	149	237	
Net interest expense <sup>2</sup>	(7)	(56)	(58)	
PBT	169	93	179	
Tax expense	(59)	(64)	(58)	
Reported NPAT	110	29	122	

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Pre restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> CUPS are assumed to be converted 6 months after the Capital Reorganisation is Effective. In accordance with the terms of the CUPS an underwriting fee of 1% is payable on drawdown and a redemption premium of 8% p.a. of the value of CUPS issued is payable on conversion. Refer to Section 16.8 for further details.

#### (c) Forecast earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone forecast earnings per share for the financial period ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and for New Metcash for the year ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS	
Year ending	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	
AS millen	Meienah Meienah	Merenah Merenah	Matenaly New	
Reported NPAT	110	29	122	
Add post tax transaction and restructure costs	0	10	35	
Add goodwill amortisation	22	119	0	
Adjusted NPAT	132	159	157	
Weighted average shares outstanding	640	664	664	
Basic EPS	20.5	23.9	23.6	
Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (cents) <sup>2</sup>	18.4	18.4	18.4	
EPS accretion	n.a.	30%	<b>28%</b> ³	

Notes:

#### (d) Forecast statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash standalone and New Metcash forecast cashflow for the year ending 30 April 2006 pursuant to this Scenario. Forecast cashflow has been prepared on an AGAAP basis only. Metcash expects the primary cashflow impact from the change from AGAAP to Australian IFRS will be the reclassification of the dividends and redemption premium payable on the CUPS from a preference dividend under AGAAP to interest expense under Australian IFRS.

Year ending	30-Apr-06 Forecast	30-Apr-06 Forecast
A\$ million	Metcash standalone	New Metcash
EBITDA	231	329
Change in working capital	(19)	(24)
Tax paid	(59)	(62)
Net interest expense	(7)	(56)
Operating cashflow	146	188
Less capital expenditure	(29)	(37)
Less investments	(20)	(20)
Net cashflow!	97	130

Note:

<sup>!</sup> Non recurring transaction and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> EPS has been adjusted in accordance with AASB 133. The adjustment assumes the conversion of approximately \$744 million of CULS to ordinary equity in New Metcash

<sup>3</sup> EPS accretion measured against adjusted Metcash standalone basic EPS accounted for under AGAAP. It is not expected that the adjusted NPAT under AGAAP for Metcash standalone would differ under Australian IFRS

I Pre financing, transaction and restructure costs

#### (e) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone and New Metcash pursuant to this Scenario.

	AGA	AGAAP	
	Metcash standalone	New Metcash	
Net debt / EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	2.  x	
2006 EBITA / net interest (2006)	29.1x	5.3x	
Net debt / net debt + book equity	15%	24%'	

#### (f) Sensitivities

Sensitivity analysis has been undertaken on the financial information pursuant to this Scenario.

#### Sensitivity I - Scrip take-up

Set out below is a sensitivity analysis that illustrates the impact on gearing and EPS based on different levels of acceptance by Foodland Shareholders of Metcash A Shares as opposed to cash.

A Share take-up	AGAAP		
	0%	50%	100%
Net debt / net debt + book equity'	24%	24%	9%
EPS accretion <sup>2</sup>	30%	28%³	19%³

#### Notes:

- 1 Pro forma net debt and pro forma book value of equity as at 31 October 2004 used in ratio
- 2 EPS is based off earnings pre goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non-recurring transaction costs and restructure costs relative to Metcash
- 3 This sensitivity assumes Metcash will issue 2.44 Metcash A Shares to Foodland Shareholders who accept Metcash A Shares as opposed to the Cash Alternative under the Offer. The 2.44 Exchange Ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue according to the formula. The 2.44 Exchange Ratio in the above sensitivity has not been adjusted given the adjustment factor can not be reasonably quantified as it is based on future share prices of Metcash. Therefore the actual EPS if adjusted may be less

As set out in Section 17 New Metcash has the ability to redeem up to 50% of the CULS if the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective and the ability to either convert or redeem the CUPS. Under the sensitivity above where Foodland Shareholders accept Metcash A Shares it has been assumed that New Metcash redeems the 50% of the CULS it is entitled to redeem and redeems 100% of the CUPS.

If the Capital Reorganisation does become Effective and the Offer succeeds, then a capital management program, such as a buy-back, would be undertaken to ensure the optimum balance of debt and equity. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the Facilities and would be expected to be completed within a 3 month period.

<sup>1</sup> Pro fomo net debt as at 31 October 2004 used in the above ratio

#### Sensitivity 2 - Foodland Australia EBITA change

Set out below is the EPS after a plus or minus 5% change in the EBITA Metcash is expected to generate from the acquisition of Foodland.

Foodland Australia EBITA change	nange AGAAP 30 April 2006	
	+5%	-5%
Basic EPS¹ (cents)	24.4	23.4
Metcash standalone Adjusted basic EPS <sup>1,2</sup> (cents)	18.4	18.4
EPS accretion %	32%	27%

#### Note:

### 16.7 Assumptions relating to Scenarios 1 and 2

There is significant commonality in the assumptions underlying the preparation of the financial information pursuant to each of Scenarios 1 and 2. Accordingly, the assumptions underlying the preparation of the financial information have been allocated into four discrete groups which apply to the two Scenarios to the extent shown in the table below:

	Scenario I	Scenario 2	
Assumptions	Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation not Effective	Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective	
Assumptions relating specifically to the Offer	<b>√</b>	✓	
Assumptions relating specifically to the Capital Reorganisation	×	✓	
Assumptions relating to transaction costs	✓	✓	
Assumptions relating to funding structure	✓	✓	

**<sup>✗</sup>** = Assumptions are not relevant for the preparation of the financial information in respect of this Scenario

#### (a) Assumptions relating specifically to the Offer

The following assumptions relate specifically to the Offer:

- New Metcash acquires 100% of the shares of Foodland.
- New Metcash will initially invest \$101 million into the limited recourse vehicle that will own the Action Supermarkets. Following the completion of the Offer, the Action Supermarkets acquired will be transferred into the limited recourse vehicle. It is intended that the Action Supermarkets will be sold to independent retailers within 12-18 months of the completion of the Offer.
- The pro forma statement of financial position of New Metcash has been prepared assuming all Action Supermarkets have been divested to independent retailers at the same price paid by Metcash. The proceeds from these divestments are assumed to be used firstly to repay the limited recourse Action Facility. Once this is fully repaid, New Metcash will recoup its investment in the limited recourse vehicle
- Whilst it is intended that New Metcash will divest all Action Supermarkets within 12-18 months, the forecast of financial performance, cashflows and earning per share calculations assume New Metcash has not recouped any of its \$101 million investment by 30 April 2006 or received any return on its equity investment.
- No retail earnings from owning the Action Supermarkets have been assumed in the forecasts.

<sup>1</sup> EPS is based off earnings pre goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non-recurring transaction costs and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> EPS has been adjusted in accordance with AASB 133 given the CULS is a pro rata issue

 $<sup>\</sup>checkmark$  = Assumptions are relevant for the preparation of the financial information in respect of this Scenario

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- New Metcash supplies all Action Supermarkets whilst owned by the limited recourse vehicle and subsequently when owned by independent retailers following divestment.
- New Metcash will supply the wholesale equivalent of approximately 60% of the total retail sales of the Action Supermarkets.
- New Metcash supplies all independent retailers currently being supplied by Foodland in Western Australia.
- Refer to Section 1.3 of Annexure H for a detailed breakdown of the bridge from Foodland Wholesale and Action Supermarkets store sales for 2006 to the sales revenue assumed that New Metcash will derive if the Offer is successful.
- Growth in Foodland Wholesale sales and Action Supermarkets sales has been sourced from stockbrokers' forecasts and adjusted where considered appropriate by Metcash based on Metcash's industry knowledge and expertise.
- Metcash believes the assumed growth of wholesale sales to the Action Supermarkets of approximately 8% per annum from 2004 to 2006 is reasonable due to:
  - strong population growth expected in Queensland;
  - benefits from the recent refurbishment and new store program; and
  - enhanced opportunity to drive growth from implementing the Metcash and IGA business model.
- Metcash believes the assumed relatively flat growth of wholesale sales to the independent retailers that Foodland is currently supplying in Western Australia from 2004 to 2006 is reasonable due to:
  - the relaxation of trading hours in Western Australia;
  - improved competitive pricing under the Metcash business model.
- New Metcash will service Queensland and northern NSW Action Supermarkets with existing Metcash infrastructure and that no significant new infrastructure investment will be required.
- New Metcash services independent and Action Supermarkets in Western Australia with the existing Foodland distribution centre and that no significant new infrastructure investment will be required.
- Foodland New Zealand is transferred out of New Metcash immediately after the successful completion of the Offer. The forecast statement of financial performance of New Metcash does not include any earnings from Foodland New Zealand and the pro forma statement of financial position of New Metcash does not include the assets and liabilities of Foodland New Zealand.
- The EBITA margin earned on the wholesale sales to independent retailers in Western Australia and the Action Supermarkets has been assumed based on Metcash's experience with supplying independent retailers and is not necessarily consistent with Foodland's current wholesale EBITA margins.
- No income is assumed from the Foodland property assets that New Metcash will acquire through the Offer and they are not included in the pro forma statement of financial position for New Metcash.
- New Metcash has recognised a reduction in debt in respect of the property currently held by Foodland Australia which is equal to the book value.
- Operational EBITA synergies are assumed to arise as a result of:
  - improved buying power and rebate revenue;
  - benefits relating to supply chain and logistics, in particular the cessation of the operations of the Richlands warehouse operated by Foodland Australia;
  - the assumed amalgamation of the general administration, information technology and corporate services functions of Foodland Australia with Metcash's existing operations;
  - the closure of the Melbourne buying office with the relocation of some staff; and
  - the centralisation of the corporate head office function.
- Restructure costs of \$30 million have been assumed as part of the Offer. These costs have been capitalised in preparing the financial information for the Offer under AGAAP and expensed as incurred under Australian IFRS. The pro forma statement of financial position for New Metcash has required Metcash to make a number of assumptions in regard to the pro forma statement of financial position of Foodland Wholesale. The methodology for and assumptions used to derive the pro forma statement of financial position for Foodland Wholesale is detailed in Section 1.4 of Annexure H.

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#### (b) Assumptions relating specifically to the Capital Reorganisation

The following assumptions relate specifically to the Capital Reorganisation:

- Metcash's standalone financial performance remains unchanged. That is, it is assumed to be as set out in Section 9.6.
- Under AGAAP, pursuant to New Metcash's acquisition of all shares in Metoz and all the shares in Metcash, excluding shares owned by Metoz, goodwill of up to approximately \$1.8 billion arises, representing the difference between the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired and the consideration paid to Metcash shareholders (excluding Metoz) and the conversion of CULS into New Metcash ordinary shares. This goodwill is amortised over 20 years.
- Under Australian IFRS (AASB 3 Business Combinations) the acquisition of all shares in Metoz and all the shares in Metcash excluding shares owned by Metoz will be treated as a reverse acquisition (see section 16.8(a)). On consolidation there is no fair value uplift for the existing assets or liabilities of Metcash as it is deemed the acquiring entity. No goodwill arises under the reverse acquisition, instead the amount paid in cash by New Metcash for Metoz shares is eliminated against other reserves.
- The acquisition of the shareholding of the existing shareholders will be effected by a scrip issue of one New Metcash share for every Metcash Share.
- New Metcash will not consolidate Metcash for tax consolidation purposes.
- For detail in regard to the CULS and CUPS refer to Sections 17 and 16.8(e).

### (c) Assumptions relating to transaction costs

The following assumptions relating to transaction costs are applicable to each Scenario:

- Transaction costs relating to debt finance are capitalised and amortised over the period of the debt under AGAAP and Australian IFRS.
- Transaction costs relating to equity raised is deducted from the equity proceeds under AGAAP and Australian IFRS.
- Transaction costs not related to debt or equity are capitalised into the cost of investment as part of the Capital Reorganisation and Offer under AGAAP and Australian IFRS.
- If either or both the Capital Reorganisation or Offer are unsuccessful, costs attributable to the unsuccessful event must be written off immediately under AGAAP and Australian IFRS.
- Refer to Section 16.8(e) for details on the treatment of the transaction costs relating to the CULS and CUPS.

#### (d) Assumptions relating to funding structure

The funding structure under each Scenario differs. Details relating to the funding structures for Scenarios 1 and 2 are contained in Section 17.

### 16.8 Accounting considerations

Detailed below are the key accounting considerations which arise in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and Offer.

#### (a) Reverse take-over assessment

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, the Metcash Shares owned by all non-Metoz shareholders will be exchanged for New Metcash Shares. The shares in Metcash owned by a subsidiary of Metoz will be purchased for cash by New Metcash. Under AGAAP this transaction will be accounted for as an acquisition by New Metcash, which will be both the legal parent and parent for accounting purposes, of Metcash.

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 3 Business Combinations) this acquisition will be treated as a reverse acquisition since the substance of the transaction is that the existing public shareholders of Metcash will, through New Metcash, effectively be acquiring Metoz. Metcash will retain operating and financial control and will be treated as the acquirer for accounting purposes. On consolidation by New Metcash, no goodwill arises on the acquisition by New Metcash of the Metoz shares and the amount paid in cash by New Metcash to Metoz shareholders for their shares will be eliminated against other reserves.



### (b) Purchase price allocation in connection with Foodland

Metcash management will assess the fair value of the identifiable net assets which have been acquired from Foodland. The difference between the cost of acquisition and the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired under AGAAP will be allocated to goodwill.

Australian IFRS requires a thorough identification of all intangible assets which is considerably more extensive than that required under AGAAP. In preparing the statement of financial position under Scenarios 1 and 2 Metcash has not allocated any of the purchase price to separately identifiable intangible assets that Foodland may have (such as brands, customer relationships and contracts) on the basis that it has not had access to information other than which is available in the public domain. To the extent that any intangible assets are identified with a "finite" useful life, these will need to be amortised which will adversely affect forecast earnings.

Australian IFRS also requires any contingent liabilities of Foodland to be recognised on the opening consolidated balance sheet and eliminated against goodwill on consolidation.

The final allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the identifiable net assets which have been acquired will not be finalised prior to the issue of this Bidder's Statement as access to the detailed accounting and other information of the company is not possible. Subsequent to acquisition, any change in the value of Foodland's assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition will be matched by a corresponding decrease or increase in goodwill and there will be no impact on the cashflows of New Metcash or Metcash.

#### (c) Retained earnings and payment of dividends

Under Australian IFRS, the retained earnings of New Metcash may be negative. New Metcash will be reliant on profits earned subsequent to the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation in order to be able to pay future dividends.

Future financial performance presented under Australian IFRS may be significantly impacted by future changes to those standards and their application to the preparation of financial information. This may introduce considerable volatility into the future reported results of New Metcash thereby adversely impacting distributable earnings. This issue is not specific to New Metcash and similar issues are likely to apply to other companies reporting under Australian IFRS

#### (d) Impact of tax consolidations

Foodland became a consolidated group for tax purposes for the financial year ending 1 August 2004. Metcash has elected to become a consolidated group for tax purposes for the financial year ending 30 April 2004. Accordingly where Metcash consolidated group acquires the Foodland consolidated group, there should be no deconsolidation event for Foodland and thus there should be no adverse tax consequences. Foodland will be tax consolidated with Metcash upon acquisition and the tax values of Foodland will be reset to be broadly consistent with the purchase price allocation under AGAAP. However, any tax consolidation impact upon the acquisition of Foodland can only be finalised once Metcash has access to the detailed tax and accounting records and other information of Foodland.

#### (e) Treatment of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS) and Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS)

#### **CULS**

#### Accounting classification

For statutory accounting purposes, the classification between debt and equity of the CULS issued by Metcash is undertaken at the date of issue. This classification will impact the treatment of all associated issuance and transaction costs.

Under both AGAAP and Australian IFRS the CULS will be classified as debt by Metcash at initial recognition. This is on the basis that the outcome of the Scheme is outside the control of Metcash or the holder of the CULS and that redemption is required in cash if the Capital Reorganisation is unsuccessful. The CULS will remain classified as debt on the statement of financial position until redeemed, until they are converted or an event occurs which results in the issuer becoming obliged to mandatorily convert the CULS into a fixed number of ordinary shares of New Metcash. When such an event occurs the portion of the CULS to which the event relates will be affected. The pro forma statements of financial position are presented on the basis that the CULS have been redeemed and/or converted to equity as envisaged under the Scenarios.

#### Transaction costs

On the basis that the CULS have been classified as debt on initial recognition, all associated issuance and transaction costs (such as underwriting fees) will be recorded on the statement of financial position under AGAAP and Australian IFRS.

Under AGAAP, if the Capital Reorganisation is successful, the costs are presented as an asset and amortised to the statement of financial performance over the term of the CULS (up to 9 months after they are issued). In the event the Capital Reorganisation is not successful, the costs are expensed to the statement of financial performance at that date. When an event occurs which results in a portion of the CULS either being reclassified as equity or redeemed, it is expected the transaction costs will continue to be written off over the term of the CULS (up to 9 months after they are issued).

Under Australian IFRS, the costs are netted off against the CULS liability and expensed to the statement of financial performance between the date of issue and the date on which the Metcash Scheme is voted on, effectively representing an immediate write-off.

#### Redemption premium

A premium is payable on the redemption of CULS. This must be expensed to the statement of financial performance under AGAAP and Australian IFRS as it relates to the portion of any CULS that remain classified as debt at that date.

#### Forecast financial information

The forecast financial information has been prepared on the basis that the result on the Capital Reorganisation and Offer is unknown until I May 2005 and hence, unlike the statutory accounting position it is assumed related funding transaction costs are incurred on I May 2005. Accordingly, the issuance, transaction costs and redemption fees in connection with the CULS are expensed to the statement of financial performance in the year ending 30 April 2006 under the various outcomes included in this section in accordance with both AGAAP and Australian IFRS. Therefore, the actual financial results of New Metcash for the year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.

#### **CUPS**

#### Accounting classification

The terms of the CUPS allow for the holder to request conversion, at which time the issuer can choose to convert them into a variable number of shares in New Metcash or redeem for cash at a fixed amount. The issuer can also redeem the CUPS at any time prior to conversion.

Under AGAAP a financial instrument with these terms is classified as equity on the basis that conversion is at the option of the holder. The manner in which the conversion could be settled by the issuer does not impact this classification. Under Australian IFRS, classification of the CUPS would be debt on initial recognition on the basis that the issuer has the option to redeem the CUPS for cash of a fixed amount or to settle for a variable number of shares. In the event they are converted into ordinary shares in New Metcash, the CUPS will be classified as equity.

#### Transaction costs

On the basis that the CUPS have been classified as equity under AGAAP, any underwriting fees are netted off against equity. Under Australian IFRS, underwriting fees are amortised to the statement of financial performance over the shorter of the expected life of the CUPS or the first reset date.

#### **Dividend payments**

Under AGAAP dividend payments are classified as a preference dividend. Under Australian IFRS these payments are classified as interest expense.

#### Redemption premium

Under AGAAP, any redemption payments are classified as a preference dividend. Under Australian IFRS these payments are classified as interest expense.

#### Forecast financial information

The forecast financial information has been prepared on the basis that the result on the Capital Reorganisation and Offer is unknown until I May 2005 and hence, unlike the statutory accounting position it is assumed related funding transaction costs are incurred on I May 2005. Accordingly, the issuance, transaction costs and redemption fees in connection with the CUPS are expensed to the statement of



financial performance in the year ending 30 April 2006 under the various outcomes included in this section in accordance with AGAAP. The funding related transaction costs have been expensed through the statement of financial performance in the year ending 30 April 2006 for the purposes of the Australian IFRS disclosures. Therefore, the actual financial results of New Metcash for the year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.

#### 16.9 Differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

Metcash management has completed a review of the impact of Australian IFRS upon the financial results for Metcash standalone. Metcash management has relied upon publicly available information to assess the likely impact of Australian IFRS on the financial results of Foodland. Metcash has not had access to information on Foodland other than that which is available in the public domain. The information below sets out the significant differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as identified by Metcash management using information which is currently available, as they impact Metcash, Foodland and New Metcash as the case may be. Whilst Metcash management has been diligent in its review of publicly available information, Metcash makes no assurance that they have identified all required disclosure and presentation differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS.

#### (a) Summary of differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

The following table summarises the effect of significant differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS on Metcash, Foodland and New Metcash.

	Metcash standalone	Foodland standalone*	New Metcash	
			Scenario I Scenario 2	
Restructuring costs	None	None	\$30m costs have been expensed in preparing the Australian IFRS forecast consolidated statement of financial performance	
Goodwill	Reversal of amortisation expense of \$22m. Impairment test of goodwill required annually	Reversal of amortisation expense of \$43m. Impairment test of goodwill required annually	No goodwill arises under the Capital Reorganisation. Goodwill arising from the Offer is not amortised but assessed for impairment annually	
Deferred taxes	No material effect	No material effect	No material effect	
Impairment of assets		Reliable assessment not yet possible		
Employee benefits	None	Liability will be recognised in connection with a defined benefits fund which is currently under funded by \$0.5m. Adjusted against retained earnings	\$0.5m Foodland liability has been taken into account in preparing the Australian IFRS pro forma consolidated statement of financial position	
Acquired contingent liabilities	None	\$25.5m in respect of outstanding assessments, including penalties and interest as a result of amended assessments from the Australian Tax Office, that are currently being contested to be adjusted against retained earnings	\$25.5m Foodland contingent liability has been taken into account in preparing the Australian IFRS proforma consolidated statement of financial position	
Pre opening expenses	None	\$4.6m (pre tax) of unamortised expenses to be adjusted against retained earnings	These relate wholly to Action Supermarkets which are not included in the pro forma statement of financial position	
Share based payments	None	Reliable assessment not yet possible		
Financial instruments	None	Most hedges are expected to be cashflow hedges. Processes are under review to determine the extent of any embedded derivatives and hedge accounting.	Metcash will implement appropriate arrangements to hedge its exposure to interest rate movements.	
*Sourced form Foodland's Ann	ual Report 2004			

#### (b) Further detail of differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

#### Restructuring costs

Under AGAAP, provided certain conditions are met, restructure costs can be included as part of the cost of acquisition and thus effectively applied against the goodwill of businesses acquired. Under Australian IFRS restructure costs are expensed when the cost is incurred and only included as part of the cost of acquisition when the acquiree has an existing liability for restructuring at the date of acquisition.

#### Goodwill

Under AGAAP, goodwill is amortised over the useful life of the assets acquired, not exceeding 20 years, resulting in an annual charge for amortisation of goodwill. Under Australian IFRS (AASB 138 Intangibles and AASB 136 Impairment of Assets), goodwill will be allocated to the smallest "cash generating unit", capitalised and be subject to an annual impairment test. Thus, rather than being amortised over a predetermined period, goodwill will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. Where impairment is identified, the carrying value of goodwill will be written down and profit reported for the period reduced accordingly.

#### **Deferred** taxes

Under AGAAP, the tax effect of items of income and expense that are recognised in the statement of financial performance in one period but are taxable or deductible in other periods are included in the calculation of the accounting income tax expense and reflected as deferred tax assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Australian IFRS introduces a balance sheet method of accounting for taxation. Under this approach, deferred tax is calculated as the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, if an asset was held at valuation with changes in fair value recognised in an asset revaluation reserve, no deferred tax liability would be recognised under AGAAP but a deferred tax liability would be recognised under Australian IFRS.

#### Impairment of assets

Under AGAAP, the recoverable amount of an asset is determined as the amount that is expected to be recovered through cash inflows and outflows from the continued use and subsequent disposal of the asset, on the basis of discounted or undiscounted future cashflows. For this purpose, Metcash and Foodland currently discount future cashflows at the weighted average costs of capital and risk free rate respectively. Under Australian IFRS (AASB 136 Impairment of Assets), "recoverable amount" is determined as the higher of net selling value and value in use, determined by discounting cashflows at an asset-specific discount rate. Reliable estimation of the future financial effects of this change in accounting policy is currently impracticable because the conditions under which impairment will be assessed are not yet known.

#### **Employee benefits**

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 119), employer sponsors are required to recognise the net surplus or deficit in their employer-sponsored defined benefit superannuation funds as an asset or liability respectively, with the year on year movement to be expensed to the statement of financial performance or adjusted against equity. Under AGAAP, any surplus or deficit is not required to be recognised as an asset or liability respectively.

#### Acquired contingent liabilities

Under AGAAP, contingent liabilities of the acquiree are not specifically recognised at the date of acquisition as they do not meet the qualifying requirements of a liability under AGAAP (ie that it is probable that any associated resources embodying economic benefits will flow from the acquirer, and a reliable measure is available of their cost or fair value). Under Australian IFRS, contingent liabilities of the acquiree should be identified and recognised at their fair value on the consolidated statement of financial position at the acquisition date and at each subsequent reporting date.

#### Pre opening expenses

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 138 Intangible Assets), costs incurred in the start-up phase of a newly acquired, constructed or refurbished store must be expensed. Under AGAAP pre opening expenses have been capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over 12 months following the commencement of trading.

#### Share based payments

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 2 Share Based Payments), employers are required to determine the fair value of shares issued to employees as remuneration and recognise this as an expense in the statement of financial performance. This applies to both option and share based forms of equity based remuneration. Under AGAAP, shares issued to employees as remuneration do not need to be expensed.

#### Financial instruments

Australian IFRS (AASB 139 Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement) requires all derivative contracts, whether used as hedging instruments or otherwise, to be recognised and measured at fair value. Unless detailed hedge accounting requirements are met, movements in fair value of these contracts must be taken to the statement of financial performance. AASB 139 also introduces the concept of embedded derivatives and requires the identification, recognition and measurement of derivatives embedded within host contracts. Embedded derivatives are required to be fair valued and movements reported in the statement of financial performance. AGAAP is not specific about the treatment of such financial instruments.

#### Transaction costs relating to the raising of debt

Under both AGAAP and Australian IFRS, transaction costs relating to debt finance are deducted from the net proceeds received and amortised over the period of the debt using the effective interest method.

# **16.10 Consistency** of accounting policies between Metcash and Foodland

The principal accounting policies adopted by Metcash are set out in detail in their financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2004. Metcash management has conducted a review of the accounting policies of Foodland, as disclosed in Foodland's 2004 annual report, for consistency with the accounting policies of Metcash. No significant differences were noted based upon the information available.

## 17 Funding arrangements

#### 17.1 Maximum cash consideration

The consideration for the acquisition of Foodland Shares to which the Offer relates may be partly satisfied by payment of cash. The maximum amount of cash which would be payable by Metcash under the Offer if acceptances are received for all Foodland Shares on issue as at the date of this Bidder's Statement and all those accepting Foodland Shareholders elect to receive the cash payment, is approximately \$846 million.

### 17.2 Funding the Offer

The cash consideration payable by Metcash under the Offer will be financed by:

- a new 3 year senior unsecured syndicated loan note subscription facility (**Syndicated Facility**) of up to \$825 million (to the extent that funds available under such facility are not required for the Capital Reorganisation). The Syndicated Facility is to be provided to Metcash by a syndicate of lenders and has been fully underwritten by ANZ;
- a new \$235 million 18 month cash advance facility (**Action Facility**). The Action Facility is to be provided by ANZ initially to a new subsidiary (**Action Holdco**) to be established by Metcash for the purpose of consolidating and then disposing of Foodland's Action store business and/or the shares in Foodland's subsidiaries that own or operate that business. Action Holdco may be replaced as borrower (**Action Borrower**) under the Action Facility by a subsidiary of Foodland subsequently identified for the purpose of effecting this consolidation and disposal. The Action Facility is intended to be repaid using the proceeds of disposal of that business by the relevant Action Borrower;
- the proceeds of the institutional Equity Placement of Metcash Shares effected on 6 December 2004 which raised a total of approximately \$270 million; and
- the proceeds of the SPP offered by Metcash to Shareholders in the period | 6 December 2004 to | 1 January 2005 which raised approximately \$21 million.

Metcash has also obtained a commitment from ANZ to provide (either directly or through its New Zealand subsidiary, ANZ National Bank Limited) a new NZ\$440 million 6 month cash advance facility (the **NZ Facility**) to Foodland (N.Z.) Holdings Limited (**NZ Borrower**) to refinance indebtedness of Foodland New Zealand provided (directly or indirectly) by current lenders (including in certain circumstances Foodland Australia) in the event that the Offer is successful and the current lenders to Foodland New Zealand exercise any rights they have to require early repayment of their facilities as a result of the Offer and in certain other circumstances where required, in order to ensure compliance with the terms of the Syndicated Facility and the Action Facility.

In addition to the above, a new 364 day working capital facility of up to \$150 million (or \$100 million if the Offer is successful) (the **Working Capital Facility**) is to be provided to Metcash by ANZ for the purposes of funding (subject to certain restrictions) ongoing working capital requirements of Metcash and its subsidiaries.

Further details of these arrangements are set out below.

#### 17.3 Funding the Capital Reorganisation

The consideration payable by Metcash to support the Capital Reorganisation will be financed by:

- the Syndicated Facility referred to in Section 17.2;
- a pro rata rights issue of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (**CULS**) to eligible Shareholders to raise approximately \$744 million. Deutsche Bank has underwritten the CULS issue to this level. Metoz has agreed that it will not be taking up its entitlement under the CULS issue; and



the issue of Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS) of up to \$50 million. Deutsche Bank has agreed to subscribe for all of the CUPS.

Further details of the CULS and CUPS are set out below.

#### 17.4 Sources and uses of funds

Scenario I
Capital Reorganisation not Effective and Takeover Offer successful

Sources of funds	\$ million	Uses of funds	\$ million
Syndicated Facility	425	Capital Reorganisation	0
Action Facility	235	Takeover Offer	846
CULS	0	Transaction and restructure costs	104
CUPS	0		
Cash	291		
Sources of funds	950	Uses of funds	950
Note:			

I Facility limit \$490 million - \$65 million remains undrawn.

In this Scenario, 100% of the CULS are redeemed (and a redemption premium will be paid). The source and uses of funds table above is presented after the redemption of CULS.

No CUPS are drawn in this Scenario as the CUPS can only be issued if the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective.

The Syndicated Facility reduces to \$490 million and hence, \$425 million will be sourced under the Syndicated Facility and \$235 million under the Action Facility.

This scenario assumes 100% cash take-up under the Offer. If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective and the Offer succeeds, then a capital management program, such as a buy-back, would be undertaken to ensure the optimum balance of debt and equity. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the Facilities and would be expected to be completed within a 3 month period.

Scenario 2
Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful

Sources of funds	\$ million	Uses of funds	\$ million
Syndicated Facility	756	Capital Reorganisation	1,125
Action Facility	235	Takeover Offer	846
CULS	744	Transaction and restructure costs	104
CUPS	50		
Cash	291		
Sources of funds	2,075	Uses of funds	2,075

Note:

In this Scenario, 25% of the CULS will be converted to ordinary shares in Newco upon implementation of the Capital Reorganisation and a further 25% approximately 6 months later. It is assumed the remaining CULS are also converted to ordinary shares in Newco after approximately 6 months from their issue date.

<sup>1</sup> Facility limit \$775 million - \$19 million remains undrawn. Initially, \$825 million is available, however the limit reduces to \$775 million due to the conversion of the CUPS into Newco Shares.

The CUPS will be issued once the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective and are assumed to be converted to ordinary shares in Newco after 6 months.

The sources and uses of funds table above is presented after the conversion of the CULS and CUPS.

Of the debt funding, \$756 million will be sourced under the Syndicated Facility and \$235 million under the Action Facility.

This outcome assumes 100% cash take-up under the Offer. If there is scrip take-up under the Offer, Metcash will consider its capital structure and may undertake capital management initiatives to optimise its capital structure, subject to lender consent in accordance with the Facilities.

For information on the CULS, see Sections 17.5 and 17.6.

#### 17.5 The Facilities

#### (a) Facility commitments

Metcash has received and accepted the following signed commitment letters:

a letter of commitment in relation to the Syndicated Facility (the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter);

The Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter provides that ANZ has agreed to underwrite the Syndicated Facility and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Syndicated Facility (together with the documentation required for the working capital facility referred to below, the **Senior Finance Documents**) as soon as reasonably practicable.

ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent and may be terminated in various circumstances.

a letter of commitment in relation to the Action Facility (the Action Facility Commitment Letter).

The Action Facility Commitment Letter provides that ANZ has agreed to provide the Action Facility and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Action Facility (**Action Finance Documents**) as soon as reasonably practicable.

ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent and may be terminated in various circumstances.

**a** letter of commitment in relation to the NZ Facility (the **NZ Facility Commitment Letter**).

The NZ Facility Commitment Letter provides that ANZ has agreed to provide the NZ Facility to Foodland (N.Z.) Holdings Limited and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute, or procure the execution of, the documentation required for the NZ Facility (**NZ Finance Documents**) as soon as reasonably practicable provided that the documentation will not be executed if a determination is made by the relevant borrower that the borrower does not require the NZ Facility for the purposes of refinancing indebtedness of Foodland New Zealand provided (directly or indirectly) by existing lenders in the circumstances described in Section 17.3 above.

a letter of commitment in relation to the provision to Metcash of a working capital facility of up to \$150 million (the Working Capital Facility Commitment Letter).

The Working Capital Facility Commitment Letter provides that ANZ has agreed to provide the Working Capital Facility and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Working Capital Facility as soon as reasonably practicable.

ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent and may be terminated in various circumstances. These conditions precedent have been met as at the date of this Bidder's Statement.

#### (b) Documentation

In each case, it is a condition to the availability of the Facilities that the parties prepare and execute formal loan, guarantee (and, if applicable, security) and other relevant documentation. The documents to be executed include:

- a facilities agreement in relation to the Syndicated Facility and the Working Capital Facility (the **Senior Facilities Agreement**);
- certain other documents in relation to the provision of the Working Capital Facility;
- a facility agreement in relation to the Action Facility (the Action Facility Agreement);
- a facility agreement in relation to the NZ Facility (NZ Facility Agreement);
- guarantee (and, where applicable, security) documentation in relation to each Facility;
- an intercreditor agreement between the respective lenders, borrowers and guarantors under the Syndicated Facility and the Action Facility (Intercreditor Agreement); and
- a certain other documents ancillary or related to the above.

The above documentation contains (or will contain) provisions of this nature including provisions dealing with payment of interest and principal, drawdown procedures, representations, warranties, covenants and events of default and various other covenants and clauses which are (except to the extent otherwise disclosed in this Bidder's Statement) usual for facilities such as the Facilities or having regard to the nature or circumstances of this transaction.

#### (c) Conditions precedent to availability

The availability of the Facilities, and the ability to draw down under the Facilities, is subject to a number of conditions precedent, as set out in Annexure I of this Bidder's Statement.

The Offer is subject to a condition (as set out in Section 23.9(I)) that each of the conditions to the availability of the Facilities are satisfied. Metcash cannot waive this or any other condition without the consent of ANZ. If Metcash declares the Offer free from this condition but any of the conditions to the Facilities are not satisfied or waived by ANZ under the Facilities, the Facilities would not be available to fund the Offer.

As at the date of this Bidder's Statement, Metcash is not aware of any reason why those conditions precedent will not be satisfied in time to allow the proceeds to be available to Metcash to pay the consideration under the Offer, as and when required, under the terms of Offer.

#### (d) Events of default

The Facilities will be subject to events of default and review events, as set out in Annexure I of this Bidder's Statement. The Offer is subject to a condition (as set out in Section 23.9(I)) that there is no event of default under the Facilities.

Metcash is not aware, as at the date of this Bidder's Statement, of the occurrence of any event of default or any circumstances that would lead to an event of default.

#### (e) Undertakings, representations and warranties

Under the Facilities, Metcash and the guarantors are required to give undertakings, representations and warranties (including a negative pledge and undertakings not to acquire or dispose of assets, incur financial obligations or make distributions to shareholders, subject to agreed exceptions) consistent with the nature of the Facilities or required by ANZ due to the particular circumstances of the transaction. The undertakings, representations and warranties will apply in relation to both the existing Metcash Group and Foodland and its subsidiaries.

The representations or warranties include but are not limited to:

- power and authority to execute the loan documents and related security documents;
- validity and binding nature of the loan documents and related security documents;

- mon-contravention of laws or agreements;
- absence of insolvency events;
- absence of litigation or other proceedings that could have a material adverse effect; and
- disclosure of relevant information to the lenders and accuracy of information disclosed.

Further details are set out in Annexure I.

Metcash is not aware, as at the date of this Bidder's Statement, of any breach of a representation or warranty nor any circumstances that would lead to a breach of a representation or warranty.

#### (f) Term

The term of the Syndicated Facility is 3 years from signing of the facility agreement, subject to certain mandatory prepayments required to reflect reductions in the facility limit and prepayments that may be required out of insurance proceeds in certain circumstances.

The term of the Action Facility is 18 months from signing of the facility agreement, subject to certain mandatory prepayments required to reflect reductions in the facility limit, out of cashflows of the Action store business and out of the proceeds of sale of Action stores.

The initial term of the Working Capital Facility is 364 days.

The term of the NZ Facility is 6 months from the date that the Offer becomes unconditional.

#### (g) Security arrangements

The Syndicated Facility and the Working Capital Facility will be unsecured, but (subject to limited exceptions) will be guaranteed by each of Metcash's (or, if the Capital Reorganisation occurs, Newco's) subsidiaries from time to time other than NZ Holdco, Foodland NZ Finance Limited, Foodland (N.Z.) Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (the **Foodland NZ Companies**).

The Action Facility will be secured against the assets of Foodland's Action store business and the shares in the companies that comprise it (the **Action Companies**). The Action Facility will be guaranteed by the Action Companies (other than the Action Borrower) and will also be guaranteed (on a limited and subordinated basis following satisfaction of certain conditions) by Metcash and the other guarantors of the Syndicated Facility.

The NZ Facility will be guaranteed by the Foodland NZ Companies (other than the NZ Borrower) and may also be secured against assets of Foodland New Zealand.

#### (h) Lenders and syndication

As noted above, the Syndicated Facility has been underwritten by ANZ.

ANZ intends to syndicate the Syndicated Facility to other lenders and Metcash has given certain undertakings to assist ANZ with the syndication process. Successful syndication is not a condition precedent to funding under the Syndicated Facility.

In relation to the other Facilities, ANZ (or in the case of the NZ Facility, ANZ or its subsidiary, ANZ National Bank Limited) will be the lender.

#### (i) Hedging arrangements

Metcash will implement appropriate arrangements to hedge its exposure to interest rate movements as required under the terms of the Syndicated Facility and other funding arrangements and as may otherwise be considered appropriate by its Board. To facilitate the entry into the hedging arrangements it is anticipated that some or all of Metcash's subsidiaries would provide guarantees and indemnities, and in some cases may provide security over their assets, in respect of the hedging arrangements.



#### 17.6 CULS issue

To fund the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash proposes to undertake a pro rata entitlement issue of CULS to eligible shareholders (Rights Issue) at an issue price of \$2.54. However, the issue price of the CULS and the Rights Issue ratio may be varied by agreement between Metcash and the Underwriter prior to the Offer being made. Metoz will not subscribe for its entitlement under the Rights Issue. The Rights Issue will raise approximately \$744 million, and is underwritten to this level by Deutsche Bank. Rights that are not exercised by eligible shareholders (other than Metoz) and rights of excluded foreign shareholders will be offered to other investors via bookbuild processes. Any positive difference between the sale price achieved under the relevant bookbuild and the CULS Issue Price will be paid to non-participating shareholders who did not take up their rights as the consideration for their rights.

#### (a) Use of Proceeds

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective then the proceeds of the Rights Issue will be used to fund the Capital Reorganisation. If the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective by the date that is no later than 6 months following the date of issue of the CULS (Maturity Date), the proceeds will be used to redeem the CULS as set out below.

#### (b) Key terms of CULS

The key terms of the CULS are expected to be substantially as set out below.

#### (I) Nature of CULS

The CULS are convertible, unsecured, redeemable loan notes. Prior to the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective, the CULS will rank equally with all other non-secured creditors of Metcash. If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, the CULS will be subordinated to all creditors of Metcash other than those who are expressed to rank equally with or behind the CULS.

No interest will be payable on the CULS other than default interest payable upon a failure to pay amounts due and payable upon the CULS.

The CULS will either be redeemed or converted into ordinary shares in Newco as set out below.

#### (2) Redemption if Metcash Share Scheme not Effective

If the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective before the Maturity Date, all of the CULS will be redeemed for the CULS Issue Price plus a redemption premium of 2.5% of the CULS Issue Price.

#### (3) Conversion or redemption if Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective before the Maturity Date:

- 25% of the total number of CULS issued will be converted upon implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme;
- a further 25% of the total number of CULS issued will be converted on the Maturity Date; and
- the remaining 50% of the total number of CULS issued will either be converted or redeemed (as determined by Metcash) on the Maturity Date.

Any CULS redeemed on the Maturity Date will be redeemed at for the CULS Issue Price plus a redemption premium of 5% of the

Any CULS converted will be converted into Newco Shares on a one for one basis (subject to adjustment of this ratio in the event of a reconstruction of Newco Shares).

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Metcash may:

- by notice to CULS Holders, accelerate the Maturity Date if the Offer becomes unconditional; or
- extend the Maturity Date in respect of the final 50% of the CULS by 3 months if the Offer has not become unconditional by the Maturity Date. If the Maturity Date is extended any CULS redeemed on the extended Maturity Date as set out above will be redeemed for the CULS Issue Price plus a redemption premium of 7.5% of the CULS Issue Price.

In addition, if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, the 25% of the CULS that were due to be converted on the Maturity Date (as set out above) will be mandatorily converted at an early date if a takeover bid is made to acquire all or some of the ordinary shares in Metcash or all or some of the ordinary shares in Newco and the bid is, or becomes, unconditional and:

- (i) the bidder has at any time during the Offer Period, a relevant interest in more than 50% of the ordinary shares in Metcash on issue or the ordinary shares in Newco on issue, as the case may be; or
- (ii) the directors of Metcash or Newco, as the case may be, recommend that shareholders accept the bid.

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective:

- (1) CULS Holders will be able to elect to convert their CULS into ordinary shares in Newco if official quotation of the CULS is suspended or the Issuer or Newco proposes a shareholder resolution to dispose its main undertaking (as defined in the ASX Listing Rules);
- (2) CULS will be mandatorily converted into ordinary shares in Newco upon the occurrence of certain insolvency events. Metcash will apply for the CULS to be listed on ASX.

#### (c) Underwriting

Under the Underwriting Agreement, Deutsche Bank (the **CULS Underwriter**) agrees to underwrite Metcash's Rights Issue of the CULS (**Rights Issue**), up to the amount of \$744,144,367, at a price of \$2.54 per CULS or such other amount as agreed (**CULS Issue Price**) between Metcash and the CULS Underwriter. The CULS Underwriter agrees to underwrite by either procuring subscribers for CULS or purchasing CULS itself. The Rights Issue will be done by a pro rata "jumbo" style offer under which the institutional component of the Rights Issue is conducted on an accelerated timetable such that the offer to Shareholders who are institutional investors under the Rights Issue will open and close earlier than the offer to other eligible shareholders under the retail component of the Rights Issue.

Further information in relation to the CULS is set out in the Metcash Scheme Booklet being provided by Metcash to its shareholders in connection with the Capital Reorganisation. Any Foodland Shareholder who would like a copy of the Metcash Scheme Booklet should phone the Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or +61292407455 (callers outside Australia).

#### 17.7 CUPS issue

If the Schemes become Effective, Metcash proposes to raise \$50 million through the issue of CUPS. The CUPS provide an additional source of funding and further flexibility to Metcash in undertaking the Capital Reorganisation.

#### (a) Subscription Agreement

Deutsche Bank (**CUPS Holder**) has agreed to subscribe for all the CUPS pursuant to the Subscription Agreement. Deutsche Bank's obligation to subscribe for the CUPS is subject to a number of conditions precedent and termination rights. Newco and Metcash also give a number of undertakings in favour of the CUPS Holder.

In a winding up of Newco or Metcash, any claim for breach of the undertakings is subordinated to the claims of all persons claiming in the winding up other than creditors whose claims are expressed by their terms to be subordinated to the claims of creditors of Newco or Metcash (as applicable) generally and members of Metcash (including the holders of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares).

#### (b) Key terms of the CUPS

The CUPS are convertible preference shares.

The CUPS will rank behind the claims of the holders of NZ Shares and the holders of Metcash A Shares but in priority to claims of the holders of Metcash Shares and any other class of shares ranking behind the CUPS in all respects (including as to payment of dividends and return of capital on winding up).

A preferential non-cumulative dividend will be payable on the CUPS semi-annually in arrears based on a rate equal to (Base Rate + Margin) x (I - corporate tax rate) where the Base Rate is the 30 day bank bill rate on the first day of each calculation period and the Margin is the margin on the Syndicated Facility plus 1%. Payment of dividends will be subject to declaration by the Metcash Board. The first dividend payment date is the first Business Day after the first reset date (as set out below). If any dividend is not fully franked,

Metcash may, by notice to the holder, reset various terms of the CUPS on each reset date (the first of which is 6 months from the date of issue) including the dividend rate, conversion discount, dividend payment dates and reset dates. Metcash may extend the first reset date by 3 months if Metcash has not acquired 100% of the Foodland Shares pursuant to the Offer or the Offer has lapsed or been withdrawn before that date.

Metcash must pay an additional amount to the CUPS Holder to compensate.

The CUPS Holder will be entitled to request that all of the CUPS are exchanged on a reset date or on the occurrence of certain trigger events which include the amount paid for the CUPS exceeding 5% of the market capitalisation of Newco on any date (being the sum of the closing price on ASX of Newco Shares multiplied by the number of Newco Shares on issue plus the closing price of the CULS on ASX multiplied by the number of CULS on issue), non-payment of dividends, insolvency events, suspension of Newco Shares from trading, events of default under the Syndicated Facility and breach of undertakings in the Exchange Deed and the Subscription Agreement. Upon the CUPS Holder requesting exchange, Metcash may, at its discretion, elect to either:

- may, at its discretion elect to repurchase the CUPS (by way of redemption, buy back or capital reduction or procuring Newco or a third party to purchase the CUPS) for an amount equal to the face value plus interest at the rate of (Base Rate + Margin) (as described above) for the period from the last dividend payment date to the conversion date (Redemption Amount); or
- failing such election, must convert the CUPS into Newco Shares by applying the Redemption Amount to acquire Newco Shares at a 5% discount to the average of the 20 business day volume weighted average sale price of Newco Shares sold on the ASX (VWAP) prior to the conversion.

The CUPS Holder cannot require redemption of the CUPS. Metcash may elect to repurchase some or all of the CUPS if the CUPS Holder requests conversion or at any time other than in the period of 29 business days before an exchange date provided the amount of CUPS on issue after the repurchase is not less than \$20,000,000.

If the CUPS Holder requests conversion before Metcash has acquired 100% of the Foodland Shares pursuant to the Offer or the Offer has lapsed or been withdrawn, the date on which those CUPS are redeemed or converted (as set out above) will be the earlier of the reset date (if applicable, as extended) or 5 Business Days after one of the events specified above in relation to the Offer has occurred. If this occurs, any CUPS converted into Newco Shares will be converted at a 10% discount to VWAP (as defined above) and the number of shares into which those CUPS will convert will be determined by reference to the VWAP (as defined above) when the exchange would have occurred if the delay in the exchange referred to above was disregarded.

The CUPS Holder will have no right to vote other than in the limited circumstances required under the Act and the ASX Listing Rules. Metcash will be restricted from issuing further shares that rank equally or in priority to the CUPS other than in limited circumstances. Further share issues by Metcash to Newco (other than those contemplated at the time of execution of the Subscription Agreement) are not permitted without the approval of the CUPS Holder.

The CUPS will not be quoted on the ASX and the CUPS Holder will not be entitled to transfer legal title to the CUPS without the consent of Metcash.

#### (c) Exchange Deed

Since the CUPS may convert into ordinary shares in Newco, Newco will enter into a deed poll in favour of the CUPS Holder under which it agrees to issue Newco Shares to the CUPS Holder (Exchange Deed) under which it gives a number of undertakings in relation to the CUPS.

Further information in relation to the CUPS is set out in the Metcash Scheme Booklet being provided by Metcash to its shareholders in connection with the Capital Reorganisation. Any Foodland Shareholder who would like a copy of the Metcash Scheme Booklet should phone the Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (callers outside Australia).

# 18 Rights attaching to the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares

# 18.1 Summary

The rights and restrictions attaching to the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares are found in both the Metcash constitution and the terms of issue of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.

The following is a summary only of the rights and restrictions contained in the terms of issue and the constitution of Metcash.

Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are both non-voting preference shares. They confer, respectively, economic entitlements to Metcash's Australian operations (including Foodland Australia) and Foodland New Zealand.

# 18.2 Metcash constitution

At a shareholders' meeting held on 20 January 2005, Metcash Shareholders approved changes to Metcash's constitution allowing the issue of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.

The amendments to the constitution inserted new rules 3.2A (dealing with Metcash A Shares) and 3.3A (dealing with NZ Shares). The constitution sets out the voting rights of these two classes of preference share. The terms of issue establish NZ Shares as having priority over Metcash A Shares and Metcash ordinary shares. Metcash A Shares have priority over Metcash ordinary shares.

Under rules 3.2A(d)(i), at the completion of compulsory acquisition, Metcash A Shares will either convert into Metcash ordinary shares or be exchanged for ordinary shares in Newco (depending on the outcome of the Schemes).

Under rules 3.3A(d)-(n), NZ Shareholders agree to become members of NZ Holdco and also appoint an irrevocable proxy to vote in favour of the NZ Holdco Transfer which will effect the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to former Foodland Shareholders.

## 18.3 Dividends

A holder of a Metcash A Share is entitled to a non-cumulative dividend of that amount which is paid by way of dividend on a Metcash ordinary share. The dividend entitlement is to be paid in preference to the dividend on ordinary shares. The dividend payment dates will be the same as those fixed in relation to ordinary shares.

A holder of an NZ Share is entitled to a non-cumulative dividend of an amount equal to the amount received by NZ Holdco from Foodland's New Zealand operations in a particular accounting period. That amount is to be paid in preference to any dividends on Metcash ordinary shares and Metcash A Shares.

If NZ Holdco has received a dividend, Metcash may not pay a dividend on Metcash A Shares and ordinary shares unless it has determined and paid a dividend on the NZ Shares in the amount of the dividend received by NZ Holdco.

Following the successful listing of NZ Holdco, the franking position of any dividends paid will be different. Dividend payments paid out of the New Zealand companies do not generate franking and as such any dividends paid out of the NZ Holdco will not be franked.

## 18.4 Ranking

NZ Shares rank ahead of Metcash A Shares and CUPS for payment of dividends and for return of capital on a winding up of Metcash, but carry no further right to participate in any surplus assets or profits. On a winding up, each NZ Shareholder is entitled to a right to payment of the issued share capital of NZ Holdco in the proportion which the number of NZ Shares held by them bears to the total number of NZ Shares on issue at that time, but confers no right to participate further or in any other return of capital.

Metcash A Shares rank ahead of CUPS and ordinary shares for payment of dividends and for return of capital on a winding up of Metcash. On a winding up, each Metcash A Share confers a right to payment of that amount which is paid to ordinary shareholders of Metcash. In the event of conversion, Metcash A Shares rank equally with Metcash ordinary shares. In the event of exchange, Metcash A Shares will rank equally with Newco ordinary shares.

Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will rank on a winding up behind all creditors of Metcash (including claims (if any) of the CUPS Holder for breach of the contractual undertakings given by Metcash in the Subscription Agreement as set out in further detail in Section 17.7).

# 18.5 Voting rights

Under the constitution of Metcash, Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares do not confer a right to vote except:

- during a period in which a dividend (or part of a dividend) in respect of a share is in arrears;
- on a proposal to reduce Metcash's share capital;
- on a proposal that affects rights attached to the shares;
- on a resolution to approve the terms of a buy-back agreement;
- on a proposal to wind up Metcash;
- on a proposal for the disposal of the whole of Metcash's property, business and undertaking; and
- during the winding up of Metcash.

Metcash ordinary shareholders who also hold NZ Shares at the time of the NZ Holdco Transfer will be unable to vote their ordinary shares in favour of the NZ Holdco Transfer as they are to receive consideration (shares in NZ Holdco) under the NZ Holdco Transfer.

## 18.6 NZ Share irrevocable proxy

In order to facilitate the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to existing Foodland Shareholders, each NZ Shareholder is taken under Metcash's constitution to have:

- agreed to become a member of NZ Holdco in the event of a capital reduction;
- irrevocably and unconditionally appointed Metcash and each of its directors as attorney and agent:
  - (A) to do anything reasonably considered necessary or desirable in relation to the NZ Shareholder becoming a member of NZ Holdco: and
  - (B) to execute and deliver any document or perform any act which the attorney or agent reasonably considers necessary or desirable to give effect to or facilitate the NZ Holdco Transfer;
- agreed to ratify and confirm whatever Metcash does or causes to be done in relation to the NZ Holdco Transfer;
- irrevocably appointed the chairman of the meeting to consider any NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution as proxy to vote in favour of any NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution;
- forfeited the right to appoint any other person as proxy or to re appoint the Chairman as proxy with respect to a NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution; and
- consented to the holding of any meeting to consider any NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution on short notice.

The appointment of the chairman as proxy precludes the NZ Shareholder from exercising any additional voting powers and rights with respect to a NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution.

As these provisions are contained in the constitution of Metcash, they are binding on the initial holders of NZ Shares and all subsequent purchasers of NZ Shares.

# 18.7 Nature of conversion and exchange of Metcash A Shares

Metcash will become the holder of 100% of Foodland on the completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition. It is expected that this will occur within 2-3 months of the close of the Offer (although this may be longer, depending on whether Foodland Shareholders challenge any aspect of the process).

#### (a) Conversion

If the Schemes are not Effective at the time that Metcash becomes the holder of 100% of Foodland, then Metcash will give a notice to Newco and ASX, and the Metcash A Shares will convert into Metcash ordinary shares on a one-for-one basis. Metcash will, as soon as practicable, send a holding statement in respect of the Metcash ordinary shares to each former Metcash A Shareholder confirming the holding of Metcash ordinary shares.

## (b) Exchange

If the Schemes are Effective at the time that Metcash becomes the holder of 100% of Foodland, then Metcash will give a notice to Newco and ASX, and the Metcash A Shares will be exchanged into Newco ordinary shares on a one-for-one basis. Metcash will, as soon as practicable, notify Metcash A Shareholders of an exchange of their Metcash A Shares. Newco will, as soon as practicable, send a holding statement in respect of the Newco ordinary shares to each former Metcash A Shareholder confirming the holding of Newco ordinary shares.

#### (c) Exchange mechanism

In order to facilitate exchange under the terms of issue, each holder of a Metcash A Share is taken under Metcash's constitution:

- to have agreed to become a member of Newco and to comply with the constitution of Newco;
- to have irrevocably and unconditionally appointed Metcash and each director of Metcash as the Metcash A Shareholder's attorney and agent:
  - (A) to do anything reasonably considered necessary or desirable in relation to the Metcash A Shareholder becoming a member of Newco; and
  - (B) to execute under hand and delivery any document, notice, direction or perform any act, matter or thing which the attorney or agent reasonably considers necessary or desirable to give effect to exchange; and
- to have agreed to ratify and confirm whatever Metcash or a director of Metcash does or causes to be done in relation to exchange, including executing a proxy.

As these provisions are contained in the constitution of Metcash, they are binding on the initial holders of Metcash A Shares and all subsequent purchasers of Metcash A Shares.

Separately, Newco has executed a Share Issue Deed Poll under which it agrees to issue and allot that number of shares to which each Metcash A Shareholder would be entitled in the event of exchange. A copy of the Newco Share Issue Deed Poll is attached as Annexure E.

# 18.8 Transfer of Foodland New Zealand business

As discussed in Section 14.4, Metcash intends to return Foodland New Zealand to Former Foodland Shareholders by way of capital reduction. As consideration for the cancellation of NZ Shares, NZ Shareholders will receive shares in NZ Holdco, the proposed holding company of the Foodland New Zealand business. The terms of issue of the NZ Shares facilitate the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to Former Foodland Shareholders by providing for the irrevocable proxy and other matters described in Section 18.6.

#### 18.9 Best endeavours

In the event that the NZ Holdco Transfer is unsuccessful, the terms of issue of the NZ Shares provide that Metcash must use its best endeavours to procure:

- (a) the completion of an alternative transaction or transactions having substantially the same effect as the NZ Holdco Transfer;
- (b) the sale of the NZ Group and the distribution of the After Tax Proceeds to the NZ Shareholders by way of capital reduction or otherwise; or
- (c) the sale of NZ Holdco and the distribution of the After Tax Proceeds to the NZ Shareholders by way of capital reduction or otherwise.

# 18.10 Independent Expert's Report provided

PwCS has been engaged to prepare an independent expert's report on the value of the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares. A copy of the report is attached as Annexure A.

## 18.11 Proposed listing on ASX

Metcash will use all reasonable endeavours and furnish all such documents, information and undertakings as may be reasonably necessary to procure, at its own expense, quotation on ASX of the Metcash A Shares, NZ Shares and any Metcash ordinary shares following conversion, and any Newco ordinary shares following exchange. Quotation of these securities is subject to ASX approval.

# 19 Risk factors

There are many factors that may influence the price of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares and future dividends paid on Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares. These include risks that apply to the general economy and stock market or to the grocery retail and wholesale market. However, there may also be additional risks which:

- arise, or may arise, from the combination of Metcash and Foodland Australia if the Offer is successful;
- arise from the Capital Reorganisation; or
- apply to New Metcash.

Where possible, Metcash's and New Metcash's respective management and directors will take appropriate action and use safeguards and systems to mitigate these risks. However, some may be beyond their control.

The following represent the directors' view of those risks which may be relevant to Foodland Shareholders' consideration of the Offer. However, this should not be considered an exhaustive list.

There are also general risks associated with any investment.

Foodland Shareholders who accept the Offer will receive Metcash Shares (that is, NZ Shares and possibly Metcash A Shares if they choose the Metcash A Share Alternative) as consideration for their Foodland Shares. It is therefore important to be aware of risks that may have an adverse impact on the financial performance of New Metcash and the value of Metcash shares.

# 19.1 Risk factors that affect the general economy and the stock market

General economic conditions such as interest rates, inflation, mortgage rates, foreign exchange rates, the labour market environment and oil prices may all have an impact on the businesses of New Metcash.

Changes in economic conditions as a result of, but not limited to, war, civil unrest or terrorist activities, anywhere in the world may affect demand for the goods and services sold by, or provided to, New Metcash which may in turn have an adverse effect on New Metcash's financial performance.

The price at which Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares trade on ASX may be determined by a range of factors including movements in international and local stock markets, recommendations by brokers, inflation, interest rates, general economic conditions, changes in government, fiscal, monetary and regulatory policies. In the future, these factors may cause New Metcash to trade at below current prices and may affect the financial position of New Metcash.

# 19.2 Risk factors that affect the grocery retail and wholesale market

#### (a) Competitive risks

The Australian retail grocery market has become increasingly competitive in recent years, as Woolworths and Coles Myer have, through acquisitions and organic growth, attained a significant combined market share. As competition increases which for example may be initiated through aggressive pricing strategies, there is a risk that Metcash's customers' operating and financial performance may be affected. However, Metcash is confident that it has strategies in place to enable its customers to remain competitive against the major chain stores.

Competitive risks that may negatively impact New Metcash's financial performance include:

#### Sale of independent stores to major chains

A risk exists that Independents, currently supplied by either Metcash or Foodland Australia, will decide to sell their businesses to the major grocery chains (Woolworths or Coles Myer). Should this occur, New Metcash is likely to experience a decline in sales and profits.

Metcash believes that the merger of Metcash's existing businesses with Foodland Australia's wholesale business will enable the combined business to obtain better trading terms from suppliers, therefore assisting Metcash customers in remaining competitive with the major grocery chains.

#### Loss of key customers

Key customers currently supplied by either Metcash or Foodland may be acquired or may decide to change suppliers resulting in a loss of those customers and their business. Recent examples of key customers terminating their supply arrangements include ALH, which was acquired by Woolworths, and Franklins which is intending to establish its own distribution operations. Should further customer supply arrangements be terminated, a decline in New Metcash's sales and profits is likely to occur.

#### Entry of new wholesalers to the market

The Australian grocery market is very competitive but the possibility exists that a new wholesaler may enter the market. For example, a foreign wholesaler may decide to enter the Australian market or one of the major retailers may decide to establish a wholesaling operation.

Should this occur, New Metcash may lose market share to the new entrant(s) and this would negatively impact on New Metcash's sales and profits.

It should be noted that barriers to entry differ between the various markets in which Metcash businesses compete. For example, barriers to entry in the confectionery and convenience sector served by CCC are relatively low, whilst barriers to entry to the grocery wholesaling market in which IGA operates are high, with entrants requiring significant scale in order to provide a competitive offering.

#### (b) Other risks

#### Health concerns

A significant proportion of New Metcash's sales relates to food products. A real or perceived health risk associated with any type of food group (eg meat, seafood) can have an adverse effect on sales of that product and consequently the companies involved in the sale of that product.

#### Damage to infrastructure

Loss or destruction of utilities and infrastructure such as power, warehouses, communications and transportation may prevent New Metcash from carrying on its business in the normal manner and may therefore have a negative impact on New Metcash's sales.

## Dependence on suppliers

Metcash's business relies on the ongoing supply of products to it from a wide range of suppliers. Natural disasters such as earthquakes, fire and floods as well as industrial factors can result in interruptions to Metcash's sources of supply and may consequently have an adverse effect on New Metcash's business.

#### Scarcity of supply

Scarcity of certain products may result in higher prices being demanded for those products. In particular, the supply of agriculturally based products can be impacted by factors such as drought, flood and other natural disasters. Consumers may not be willing to pay these higher prices and this may impact upon demand by New Metcash customers for these products, hence impacting sales and profits.

#### Labour relations

Metcash has not experienced any significant labour disputes or work stoppages in recent years and Metcash believes it has satisfactory relationships with relevant unions. However, a work stoppage due to failure to renegotiate an enterprise bargaining agreement or otherwise, could have a material adverse impact on New Metcash.

#### Acquisitions

Metcash has in recent years acquired a number of businesses, and intends to grow its underlying businesses by acquisition where appropriate. If New Metcash is unable to integrate businesses successfully and realise anticipated economic, operational and other benefits in a timely manner, its sales and profitability may be impacted. In addition, the failure to integrate acquired businesses successfully may divert management's attention from its existing business operations.

# 19.3 Specific risk factors that affect New Metcash

## (a) Changes in stock market rating of Metcash or Newco securities

There is a risk that the stock market rating of shares in New Metcash may change relative to other quoted securities. Any such change may result from either the Capital Reorganisation or the Offer or from matters affected by market sentiment either generally or in relation to the retail or wholesale grocery market in Australia. Changes to the stock market rating may affect the demand for, and price of, New Metcash securities.

#### (b) Synergies risks

Metcash's ability to realise certain of the synergies and efficiencies described in Section 15 will depend on the assumptions made by Metcash in relation to the Foodland Group and New Metcash's ability to deliver the synergies in an efficient and cost effective manner. Metcash believes it can do so based on its current knowledge of Foodland and prevailing market conditions.

Furthermore, whilst Metcash intends to rationalise the Queensland warehouse operations of Metcash and Foodland, there is no guarantee that any cost savings will ultimately be realised. The ability to achieve cost savings on the rationalisation of these operations is dependent on a number of factors including the ability to sub-lease warehouse space not required, the demand for warehouse space in Queensland and the ability to operate the Queensland operations of New Metcash more efficiently from the Logan Lea facility compared with operating from two warehouses (ie Logan Lea and Richlands).

Metcash has made certain assumptions regarding the costs involved in achieving the estimated synergies. It is likely that the actual costs incurred in achieving the synergies will be higher or lower than the estimated costs, having a consequential impact on the value of shares in New Metcash.

A failure to achieve some or all of the synergies or efficiencies may have an adverse effect on the financial performance of New Metcash and, therefore, on the value of Metcash A Shares.

Possible synergies and efficiencies which may arise if Metcash acquires all of the Foodland Shares under the Offer are described in Section 15. Metcash expects that value can be added for shareholders of New Metcash by the efficient and timely integration of Foodland Australia with Metcash.

#### (c) Integration risks

The timing and process for the integration of Foodland Australia and Metcash will depend on the results of the general operational review referred to in Section 14.3(c). However, a risk exists that any integration may take longer than expected and/or that the quantum of synergies and efficiencies achieved is less than estimated as part of the general operational review. There is also a risk that, if the integration of Foodland Australia with Metcash is not completed efficiently and in a timely manner, it will negatively affect customers, employees and suppliers. Metcash expects to manage this risk by careful planning and the appointment of a dedicated integration team to manage the process and be responsible for achievement of the estimated synergies and efficiencies. If New Metcash is not able to successfully achieve the synergies and efficiencies estimated, this may have an adverse impact on New Metcash's financial performance and the value of shares in New Metcash.

#### (d) Sale of Action stores

Metcash intends to divest the 82 Action stores currently owned and operated by Foodland in Queensland, northern NSW and Western Australia. There is a risk that the sale of these stores will occur more slowly and at lower prices than expected by Metcash. This risk could eventuate due to factors including potential buyers not having the financial capacity to acquire certain stores and the possibility that Metcash may have overpaid in acquiring these stores. This risk is mitigated to an extent by the funding structure put in place to acquire the stores from Foodland (see Section 17).

Also, counterparties to contracts that have a change of control clause may not consent to the transfers required to effect the restructure of Action stores.

# (e) Government and regulatory

The businesses of New Metcash may be affected by changes in laws, taxes and government and regulatory policy. New regulatory requirements may necessitate changes to operating methods and business may be affected by the conduct or outcome of any investigation or inquiry made by a government, regulatory or other body into all or any substantial part of the industry or market.

Western Australia has restricted retail trading hours for large retailers. It is proposed that a referendum be held on whether trading hours should be deregulated. This referendum will be held at the time of the WA State Government elections, which must be held before 11 February 2005.

Should the referendum be successful and trading hours for large retailers be extended, independent retailers could suffer a decline in revenue and profitability. This could have an effect on New Metcash in terms of reduced sales and profits.

#### (f) Foodland information

In preparing the information on Foodland included in this Bidder's Statement, Metcash has relied on publicly available information. Metcash has not otherwise been allowed direct access to Foodland. Any inaccuracy in the Foodland information contained in this Bidder's Statement could have an adverse impact on the financial performance of New Metcash and the value of New Metcash shares. In addition, it is possible that additional risks may exist in relation to Foodland's business which are unknown to Metcash.

#### (g) Information technology

Metcash relies on its information technology systems to conduct its business. Any loss, failure or disruption to its IT systems may result in New Metcash's businesses being adversely affected. Furthermore, the integrity of the data stored on these systems could be compromised due to computer viruses or any other factor.

#### (h) Litigation

Foodland has commenced legal action against the Australian Taxation Office in order to have set aside income tax assessments and related penalties and interest of \$25.5 million. The assessments arise from the sale to Progressive Enterprises of a group company in 1993. The ATO has withheld tax refunds of \$25.5 million pending the outcome of those proceedings. It appears Foodland has included this amount as a deferred tax asset in its accounts and has disclosed the litigation as a contingent liability.

Metcash intends to recognise a contingent liability of \$25.5 million in accordance with Australian IFRS. Such liability has been recognised in the information provided in Section 16.

#### (i) Loss of key staff

The performance of New Metcash is to some extent dependent on the retention of certain key personnel currently employed by both Metcash and Foodland Australia. Metcash has not formed a view as to the identity of the key Foodland Australia employees, and has not held discussions with Foodland employees regarding their ongoing employment with New Metcash.

It is possible that there will be some unintended loss of key staff leading up to and following the acquisition by Metcash of a controlling interest in Foodland. This is a risk factor until any skills that are lost are adequately replaced.

This is a low risk in Australia as Metcash has management depth and knowledge.

## 19.4 Risk factors that arise from the Offer

#### (a) Issue of Metcash Shares

Pursuant to the Offer, Metcash may issue a significant number of Metcash A Shares and will issue NZ Shares. Foodland Shareholders who elect the Metcash A Share Alternative, may not wish to continue to hold Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares which they receive and may sell them on ASX. Further, a nominee appointed by Metcash (and approved by ASIC) will be issued any Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares attributable under the Offer to Foreign Shareholders and will sell them in accordance with the terms of the Offer.

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If a significant number of Foodland Shareholders who accept the Metcash A Share Alternative and subsequently sell their Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares, or there is a significant number of Foreign Shareholders who choose the Metcash A Share Alternative (resulting in a significant number of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares being sold by the nominee), the price at which Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are traded on ASX may be adversely affected.

#### (b) Market fluctuations

Foodland Shareholders are being offered consideration pursuant to the Offer where they can elect either Metcash A Shares or cash and NZ Shares. As a result, the market value of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received pursuant to the Offer will fluctuate depending on the price at which those shares trade on ASX. Accordingly, the market value of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares at the time at which they are received by Foodland Shareholders who accept the Offer may vary significantly from their market value at any other time.

#### (c) Gearing of New Metcash

Should the Offer be successful, the gearing of Metcash will be a function of the level of take-up by Foodland Shareholders of Metcash A Shares versus cash pursuant to the Offer, and whether the proposed Capital Reorganisation of Metcash is approved by Metcash and Metoz shareholders.

Higher levels of leverage may potentially restrict the ability of New Metcash to borrow in the future and may also increase the sensitivity of New Metcash's earnings to movements in interest rates.

## (d) Conditions and events of default in relation to funding

In accordance with Section 23.9(I), the Offer is conditional on, during, and at the end of the Offer Period:

- each of the preconditions to the availability of the Facilities is and remains satisfied; and
- multiple there is no event of default, or potential event of default, under the Facilities.

It is unlikely that Metcash would declare the Offer free of the conditions set out in Section 23.9(I) unless, at the relevant time, it was satisfied that the relevant conditions precedent to the availability of funds under the Facilities were, or would be, satisfied at that time, or otherwise waived. If the Offer is declared free of the conditions set out in Section 23.9(I), there is a residual risk that a condition precedent to the availability of funds under the Facilities may be satisfied at the time of the declaration, but may not be satisfied at the time that Metcash seeks to draw down funds under the Facility to settle acceptances under the Offer. However, the prospect of any such occurrence will be a factor taken into account by Metcash at the time that any decision to declare the Offer free of the conditions set out in Section 23.9(I) is being considered.

# 19.5 Risk factors that arise from the Capital Reorganisation

#### (a) Higher leverage

Metcash will be financing the Capital Reorganisation and the Offer through a combination of debt and equity. Although it is impossible to exactly apportion the components of the financing that are attributable to the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation, were only the Capital Reorganisation to complete (and the CULS issue was to proceed), Metcash would draw down up to approximately \$527 million of the Syndicated Facility.

#### (b) Contingent liabilities on warranties in South African Sale Agreement

On 6 October 2004, the Consortium acquired all of Metoz's material assets and liabilities, other than the shareholding in Metcash and a bank loan under the Consortium Facility Agreement.

The sale agreement for this transaction (**the African Sale Agreement**) contained a number of warranties given by Metoz concerning Metrade and the operations being sold. However, no limitations were included in the agreement with regard to the amounts which can be claimed for a breach of warranty or the period within which any claims for breach of warranty can be brought.

If the Consortium makes a warranty claim in regard to the businesses acquired, Metoz may be liable for the full amount of the loss which the Consortium can prove that it suffered. Further, the time limit for bringing warranty claims is the statutory time limit of 3 years, which period will only run from the date on which the Consortium becomes, or ought reasonably to have become, aware of the facts leading to the breach of warranty.

Accordingly, Metoz will have an unquantified contingent liability with respect to any such warranty claims for a potentially indefinite period. However, Metoz has received a letter from the purchaser under the African Sale Agreement confirming that, as at 19 January 2005:

- no issues have arisen in terms of the warranties in the African Sale Agreement (other than a contract dispute that Metoz does not consider to be material); and
- the purchaser is not aware of any other facts or circumstances which may give rise to any other claims in terms of such warranties.

In addition, the African Sale Agreement includes a non-compete covenant under which Metoz agreed not to carry on a business associated with the distribution of groceries or other fast moving consumer goods for 10 years in Africa, Madagascar, the Seychelles or Mauritius.

Newco intends to liquidate Metoz following a post scheme restructuring.

# 19.6 Risk factors in relation to Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

Section 19.3 discloses the risks relating to New Metcash. These risks are applicable to Foodland Shareholders that accept the Offer and choose to accept Metcash A Shares rather than cash. There are other risks associated with the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares, which are explained below.

#### (a) ASX listing

Metcash has applied to ASX for its consent to the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares being quoted on ASX. However, this cannot be guaranteed. If the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares are not quoted on ASX, this may make it more difficult for Metcash A Shareholders and NZ Shareholders to sell their Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.

If the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are listed on ASX, it may be the case that there is little trading volume in these securities. Furthermore, the combined price at which the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares trade on ASX may be higher or lower than the price at which Foodland Shares traded on ASX prior to the completion of the Offer. Therefore, if a Foodland Shareholder decides to sell the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares, the amount received may be higher or lower than the amount at which Foodland Shares could have been sold prior to the completion of the Offer.

Furthermore, for various reasons, the price at which the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares trade may not reflect the value of the underlying New Metcash or Foodland New Zealand businesses.

## (b) Metcash A Shares - payment of dividends

The Metcash A Shareholders shall be entitled in accordance with their terms of issue to receive dividends in priority to any payment of a dividend to the holders of ordinary shares and CUPS. However, NZ Shares receive a preferential dividend based on the profits of Foodland New Zealand. In the event that NZ Holdco receives a dividend from its subsidiaries, no dividend can be paid on the Metcash A Shares until a dividend has been paid on the NZ Shares in the amount of the dividend received by NZ Holdco.

#### (c) Metcash A Shares - rights on liquidation

In the case of a winding up of Metcash, the Metcash A Shareholders in accordance with the terms of issue shall be entitled to receive a distribution in preference to ordinary shareholders. However, the NZ Shareholders shall be entitled to a preferential entitlement based on the proceeds of a winding up of NZ Holdco. Accordingly the proceeds from the winding up of NZ Holdco are not available for distribution to holders of Metcash A Shares or ordinary shares.

As set out in Section 18.7, Metcash A Shares will convert into Metcash ordinary shares if the Schemes are not Effective. As such, they will only be entitled to receive a dividend on liquidation once the NZ Shareholders have received their liquidation preference dividend.

#### (d) NZ Shares - payment of dividends

NZ Shareholders will be entitled to a dividend equal to the net cash amount received by NZ Holdco. Were NZ Holdco not to have any profits, then NZ Shareholders would not be entitled to a dividend from Metcash. This would be the case even though Metcash's Australian operations may be profitable.

Furthermore, were NZ Holdco to receive a cash dividend, but Metcash did not have profits for distribution, NZ Shares could not receive a dividend.

NZ Holdco is entitled to dividends declared from Foodland New Zealand. Under New Zealand company law, a company may declare dividends to the extent that cashflow permits, subject to a solvency test.

## (e) NZ Shares - rights on liquidation

NZ Shares give NZ Shareholders an economic interest in the Foodland New Zealand business. However, due to the operation of Australian insolvency law and the structure of Metcash and Foodland following the Offer, it is impossible to place NZ Shareholders in exactly the same position as shareholders of NZ Holdco.

In particular, because NZ Shareholders are shareholders of Metcash, not of NZ Holdco, were there to be a failure of Metcash's non-Foodland New Zealand operations resulting in a winding up of Metcash, NZ Shareholders could not be guaranteed a return equal to the residual value of the Foodland New Zealand business. NZ Holdco will be an asset of Metcash available for distribution to priority creditors of Metcash who rank ahead of NZ Shareholders. NZ Shareholders will have a priority entitlement out of the surplus assets of Metcash to the residual value of NZ Holdco, but this entitlement is only in priority to other shareholders of Metcash, not creditors of Metcash.

## (f) Acquisition of NZ Shares

Prior to the completion of the distribution of shares in NZ Holdco to NZ Shareholders, NZ Shares are non-voting shares. Because they are non-voting shares, they are not subject to the restrictions in Chapter 6 of the Act on acquisition of interests in voting shares. A person may acquire a significant number of NZ Shares without having to make a takeover offer as would have been required if NZ Shares had been voting shares. Such an acquisition may give the person control of Foodland New Zealand.

# (g) Change to terms of issue

Metcash may make changes to the terms of issue of the Metcash A Shares or the NZ Shares without the consent of Metcash A Shareholders or NZ Shareholders, if such changes are, in the opinion of the directors:

- of a formal, minor or technical nature;
- made to correct a manifest error; or
- not likely to be materially prejudicial to the interests of holders of Metcash's A Shares or NZ Shares, as appropriate.

#### (h) Suspension/discontinuance of quotation

Trading of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares may be halted or suspended by ASX. This may occur whenever ASX deems such action appropriate in the interests of maintaining a fair and orderly market in Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares, or ASX otherwise deems such action advisable in the public interest or to protect investors.

Matters that may also be considered include circumstances where ASX has been advised that New Metcash is about to make an important announcement affecting their securities, any unusual conditions or circumstances are present, or New Metcash becomes unable or unwilling or fails to comply with the ASX Listing Rules or if ASX in its absolute discretion thinks fit.



# 19.7 Risk factors that arise from the Restructure and the MZ Holdco Transfer

#### (a) NZ Holdco Transfer

The mechanism by which Metcash intends to achieve the NZ Holdco Transfer is set out in Section 14.4 of this Bidder's Statement. As set out in Section 14.4(b) in the scenario where Metcash acquires 100% of the ordinary shares in Foodland and completes the Restructure, Metcash intends to exchange each NZ Share for an ordinary share in NZ Holdco.

Metcash believes that the transfer can be achieved as set out in Section 14.4. If it cannot be achieved as proposed, Metcash will consider alternative methods to transfer the value of NZ Holdco for the benefit of NZ Shareholders. Such a method may include a trade sale of the Foodland NZ business, or the implementation of a scheme to effect its demerger. These proposals would be conditional on satisfactory legal, taxation and financial due diligence.

In the unlikely event that the NZ Holdco Transfer cannot be achieved, Metcash is obliged to use its best endeavours to procure the completion of another transaction having substantially the same effect as the NZ Holdco Transfer or the sale of Foodland New Zealand and the distribution of the after tax proceeds of the sale to NZ Shareholders. In any event, until that time, Metcash will act in the interests of NZ Shareholders. It is expected that the NZ Shares will continue to trade on the ASX and reflect the economic value of the Foodland New Zealand business. In such circumstances it is possible that the NZ Shares may trade on ASX at prices that reflect a discount to the price at which NZ Holdco may trade on ASX, should the shares in NZ Holdco be distributed to NZ Shareholders.

## (b) Risks arising from the Restructure

The proposed Restructure of Foodland New Zealand is set out in Section 14.4(a). The Restructure is subject to a number of risks related to the lack of detailed information Metcash has available to it in regard to the financial and taxation position of the legal entities that will become part of Foodland New Zealand.

It may be the case that certain tax, legal or financial impediments will make the Restructure difficult or costly to achieve. If this is the case, Metcash will consider alternative methods to effect the same result that would be achieved were the restructure completed.



#### PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS SECURITIES LTD

#### FINANCIAL SERVICES GUIDE

This Financial Services Guide is dated 21 January 2005

#### About us

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (ABN 54 003 311 617, Australian Financial Services Licence no 244572) ("PwC Securities ") has been engaged by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") to provide a report in the form of an Independent Accountant's Report (the "Report ") in relation to the proposed takeover of Foodland Australia Limited ("FAL") by Metcash for inclusion in the Bidders Statement dated on or about 21 January 2005.

You have not engaged us directly but have been provided with a copy of the Report as a retail client because of your connection to the matters set out in the Report.

#### This Financial Services Guide

This Financial Services Guide ("FSG") is designed to assist retail clients in their use of any general financial product advice contained in the Report. This FSG contains information about PwC Securities generally, the financial services we are licensed to provide, the remuneration we may receive in connection with the preparation of the Report, and how complaints against us will be dealt with.

#### Financial services we are licensed to provide

Our Australian financial services licence allows us to provide a broad range of services, including providing financial product advice in relation to various financial products such as securities, interests in managed investment schemes, derivatives, superannuation products, foreign exchange contracts, insurance products, life products, managed investment schemes, government debentures, stocks or bonds, and deposit products.

#### General financial product advice

The Report contains only general financial product advice. It was prepared without taking into account your personal objectives, financial situation or needs.

You should consider your own objectives, financial situation and needs when assessing the suitability of the Report to your situation. You may wish to obtain personal financial product advice from the holder of an Australian Financial Services Licence to assist you in this assessment.



Fees, commissions and other benefits we may receive

PwC Securities charges fees to produce reports, including this Report. These fees are negotiated and agreed with the entity who engages PwC Securities to provide a report. Fees are charged on an hourly basis or as a fixed amount depending on the terms of the agreement with the person who engages us. The fees we have charged for the preparation of this Report and our basis of charging are set out in Appendix A of the Independent Experts Report.

Directors or employees of PwC Securities, PricewaterhouseCoopers, or other associated entities, may receive partnership distributions, salary or wages from PricewaterhouseCoopers.

Associations with issuers of financial products

PwC Securities and its authorised representatives, employees and associates may from time to time have relationships with the issuers of financial products. For example, PricewaterhouseCoopers may be the auditor of, or provide financial services to, the issuer of a financial product and PwC Securities may provide financial services to the issuer of a financial product in the ordinary course of its business.

#### Complaints

If you have a complaint, please raise it with us first, using the contact details listed below. We will endeavour to satisfactorily resolve your complaint in a timely manner. In addition, a copy of our internal complaints handling procedure is available upon request.

If we are not able to resolve your complaint to your satisfaction within 45 days of your written notification, you are entitled to have your matter referred to the Financial Industry Complaints Service ("FICS"), an external complaints resolution service. You will not be charged for using the FICS service.

Contact Details

PwC Securities can be contacted by sending a letter to the following address:

Glen Hadlow / Wim Blom

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd 201 Sussex Street Sydney NSW 2000



The Directors
Metcash Trading Limited
4 Newington Road
SILVERWATER NSW 2128

21 January 2005

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd ACN 003 311 617 ABN 54 003 311 617 Holder of Australian Financial Services Licence No 244572

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Dear Sirs

Independent Accountant's Report on Historical and Forecast Financial Information

We have prepared this report on the historical and forecast financial information of Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash" or the "Bidder") and Foodland Associated Limited ("Foodland" or the "Target") for inclusion in the Bidder's Statement (the "Bidder's Statement") dated on or about 21 January 2005 relating to the proposed Offer for Foodland by Metcash.

Expressions defined in the Bidder's Statement have the same meaning in this Report.

The nature of this Report is such that it should be given by an entity which holds an Australian Financial Services licence under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth). PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd is wholly owned by PricewaterhouseCoopers and holds the appropriate Australian Financial Services licence.

#### Background

On 6 December 2004, Metcash announced its intention to make an offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland. Under the Offer, Foodland shareholders will ultimately retain ownership of Foodland's New Zealand business ("Foodland New Zealand") whilst Metcash or Newco as the case may be will retain Foodland's Australian business ("Foodland Australia").

On 6 December 2004, Metcash also announced its intention to undertake a Capital Reorganisation which would, in effect, result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's 52% majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited ("Metoz"). Since Metoz's only material asset is its holding in Metcash, the Capital Reorganisation will, in effect, achieve a selective buyback of Metoz's shareholding in Metcash.

Under the Capital Reorganisation, a new company, The Newco Project X Limited ("Newco") has been incorporated with the intention that:

- Newco will purchase all of the shares in Metoz for a total cost of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz, \$2.85 of which will be paid to Metoz to be on-paid to Metoz Shareholders and the balance to be used to repay Metoz debt; and
- All other shareholders in Metcash will receive one Newco ordinary share for each Metcash share held before the Capital Reorganisation is implemented.



The Capital Reorganisation and the Offer are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other.

In order to help fund the Offer, Metcash raised approximately \$270 million through the issue of ordinary shares under an institutional placement on 6 December 2004. Various other funding arrangements have been put in place by Metcash to fund the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation and these are summarised in Section 17 of the Bidder's Statement.

## Scope

You have requested PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd to prepare an Independent Accountant's Report (the "Report") covering the following information contained within the Bidder's Statement:

#### Historical Financial Information

- (a) the historical statements of financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of Metcash for each of the years ended 30 April 2003 and 2004;
- (b) the historical statements of financial performance of Foodland for each of the years ended 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004;
- the adjusted historical statements of financial performance of Foodland Australia (c) and Foodland New Zealand for each of the years ended 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004;
- (d) the historical statement of financial position of Metcash as at 31 October 2004;
- the adjusted historical statements of financial position of Foodland, Foodland (e) Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale at 1 August 2004;
- the proforma statements of financial position of Metcash and of New Metcash as at (f) 31 October 2004; and
- the proforma statement of financial position of NZ Holdco as at 1 August 2004. (collectively the "Historical Financial Information").

The Historical Financial Information has been prepared on the basis of three scenarios:

- Metcash Standalone Capital Reorganisation and Offer not undertaken.
- Scenario 1 Offer successful but Capital Reorganisation not Effective.
- Scenario 2 Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective.

The scope of our work has included a review of the Historical Financial Information under each of the above scenarios.



#### Forecast Financial Information

- (a) the Directors statement of forecast financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of Metcash standalone for each of the years ended 30 April 2005 and 2006:
- (b) the proforma Directors statement of forecast financial performance of NZ Holdco for the year ended 1 August 2005;
- (c) the Directors estimate of the forecast financial information for Foodland Australia Wholesale for the year ended 30 April 2006; and
- (d) the Directors statement of forecast financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of New Metcash for the year ended 30 April 2006.

(collectively the "Forecast Financial Information").

The Forecast Financial Information has also been prepared under the three scenarios described previously in this Report. The scope of our work has included a review of the Forecast Financial Information under each of the three scenarios.

This Report has been prepared for inclusion in the Bidder's Statement. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this Report or on the Historical Financial Information or the Forecast Financial Information to which it relates for any purposes other than for which it was prepared.

#### Scope of review of Historical Financial Information

The Historical Financial Information set out in sections 9, 12, 13, 16 and Annexure H of the Bidder's Statement, has been based on the audited financial statements of Metcash and Foodland, except for financial information relating to Metcash for the period ending 31 October 2004 which has been extracted from reviewed financial statements. The auditor of both Metcash and Foodland for the period covered by the Historical Financial Information has been Ernst & Young. The Historical Financial Information incorporates such adjustments as the Directors considered necessary to reflect the operations of Metcash, New Metcash, Foodland Australia, Foodland Australia Wholesale and NZ Holdco going forward. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Historical Financial Information, including determination of the adjustments.

We have conducted our review of the Historical Financial Information in accordance with Australian Auditing Standard AUS 902 "Review of Financial Reports". We made such inquiries and performed such procedures as we, in our professional judgement, considered reasonable in the circumstances including:



- an analytical review of the audited and reviewed financial statements of Metcash and Foodland for the relevant historical periods;
- a review of work papers, accounting records and other documents of Metcash and Newco
- a review of the adjustments made to the reported historical financial performance and statement of financial position of Foodland;
- a review of the assumptions used to compile the proforma statements of financial position set out in sections 9,12, 16 and Annexure H of the Bidder's Statement ("the proforma transactions");
- a comparison of consistency in application of the recognition and measurement principles in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and the accounting policies adopted by Metcash disclosed in their 30 April 2004 financial statements; and
- enquiry of directors, management and others.

These procedures do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, thus the level of assurance provided is less than given in an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Limitation of scope of Historical Financial Information

The Historical Financial Information relating to Foodland has been extracted from publicly available information. The Directors have made various assumptions in order to present standalone Foodland Australia, Foodland Australia Wholesale and NZ Holdco information which have not been discussed with Foodland management or verified to supporting accounting records. Accordingly the standalone Historical Financial Information relating to the Foodland Australia, Foodland Australia Wholesale and NZ Holdco businesses should be reviewed with this limitation in mind.

Review statement on Historical Financial Information

Except for the limitation in scope referred to above, and the effects of such adjustments, if any, that may have been required had the limitation not existed, based on our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that:

- the proforma statements of financial position have not been properly prepared on the basis of the proforma transactions:
- the proforma transactions do not form a reasonable basis for the proforma statements of financial position;
- the Historical Financial Information, as set out in sections 9,12, 13, 16 and Annexure H of the Bidder's Statement does not present fairly:



- (a) the historical statements of financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of Metcash for each of the years ended 30 April 2003 and 2004;
- (b) the historical statements of financial performance of Foodland for each of the years ended 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004;
- the adjusted historical statements of financial performance of Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand for each of the years ended 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004;
- (d) the historical statement of financial position of Metcash as at 31 October 2004;
- (e) the adjusted historical statements of financial position of Foodland, Foodland Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale at 1 August 2004;
- (f) the proforma statements of financial position of Metcash and of New Metcash as at 31 October 2004; and
- (g) the proforma statement of financial position of NZ Holdco as at 1 August 2004. (collectively the "Historical Financial Information").

in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles prescribed in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and accounting policies adopted by Metcash in their 30 April 2004 financial statements.

Scope of review of Forecast Financial Information

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Forecast Financial Information, including the best estimate assumptions, on which they are based.

Our review of the best estimate assumptions underlying the Forecast Financial Information was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standard AUS 902 "Review of Financial Reports". Our procedures consisted primarily of enquiry and comparison and other such analytical review procedures we considered necessary so as to adequately evaluate whether the best estimate assumptions provide a reasonable basis for the Forecast Financial Information.

These procedures included discussion with the Directors and management of Metcash and have been undertaken to form an opinion whether anything has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the best estimate assumptions do not provide a reasonable basis for the preparation of the Forecast Financial Information and whether, in all material respects, the Forecast Financial Information is properly prepared on the basis of the assumptions and is presented fairly in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles prescribed in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and the accounting policies of Metcash disclosed in their 30 April 2004 financial statements so as to present a view of Metcash, New Metcash and NZ Holdco which is consistent with our understanding of the past, current and future operations of the businesses.



The Forecast Financial Information has been prepared by the Directors to provide investors with a guide to the potential future financial performance of Metcash, New Metcash and NZ Holdco based upon the achievement of certain economic, operating, development and trading assumptions about future events and actions that have not yet occurred and may not necessarily occur. There is a considerable degree of subjective judgement involved in the preparation of Forecast Financial Information. Actual results may vary materially from the Forecast Financial Information and the variation may be materially positive or negative. Accordingly, shareholders should have regard to the investment risks set out in section 19 of the Bidder's Statement.

Our review of the Forecast Financial Information is substantially less in scope than an audit examination conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards. A review of this nature provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and we do not express an audit opinion on the Forecast Financial Information included in the Bidder's Statement.

Limitation of scope of Forecast Financial Information

The components of the New Metcash, NZ Holdco and Foodland Australia Wholesale Forecast Financial Information relating to the underlying operations of Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand together with the impact of the expected merger synergies have been based on publicly available information and Metcash Directors' industry knowledge.

Neither the Metcash Directors' nor PwCS have had access to Foodland's management, auditors, financial records, budgets or business plans to assess the reliability of the Foodland Australia or Foodland New Zealand historical and forecast financial information or the reliability of the merger synergy estimates (in particular the extent, timing and cost of delivering such synergies). Accordingly, the Forecast Financial Information should be reviewed with these limitations in mind.

Review statement on the Forecast Financial Information

Except for the limitation in scope referred to above, and the effects, if any that may have been required had the limitation not existed, based on our review of the Forecast Financial Information, which is not an audit, and based on an investigation of the reasonableness of the best estimate assumptions giving rise to the Forecast Financial Information, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that:

(a) the best estimate assumptions set out in sections 9, 12, 16 and Annexure H of the Bidder's Statement do not provide a reasonable basis for the preparation of the Forecast Financial Information;

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The Directors 21 January 2005

- (b) the Forecast Financial Information is not properly prepared on the basis of the best estimate assumptions presented fairly in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles prescribed in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and the accounting policies adopted by Metcash disclosed in their 30 April 2004 financial statements; and
- (c) the Forecast Financial Information is unreasonable.

The underlying assumptions are subject to significant uncertainties including those resulting from the limitation of scope referenced to above and contingencies often outside the control of Metcash, New Metcash and NZ Holdco. If events do not occur as assumed, actual results achieved by Metcash, New Metcash and NZ Holdco may vary significantly from the Forecast Financial Information. Accordingly, we do not confirm or guarantee the achievement of the Forecast Financial Information, as future events, by their very nature, are not capable of independent substantiation.

### Subsequent events

Apart from the matters dealt with in this Report, and having regard to the scope of our Report, to the best of our knowledge and belief no material transactions or events outside of the ordinary business of Metcash have come to our attention that would require comment on, or adjustment to, the information referred to in our Report or that would cause such information to be misleading or deceptive.

Independence or Disclosure of Interest

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd does not have any interest in the outcome of the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation other than the preparation of this Report, the preparation of the Independent Experts Report and participation in due diligence procedures for which normal professional fees will be received.

Yours faithfully

Aller Haddens

Yours faithfully

Glen Hadlow
Authorised Representative

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd

Wim Blom

Authorised Representative

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd

# Greenwoods & Freehills

20 January 2005

Doc no

Greenwoods\003718979

The Directors Metcash Trading Limited 4 Newington Road SILVERWATER NSW 2128

Dear Sirs

# Offer for Foodland Associated Limited **Australian Taxation Report**

We have been instructed by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") to prepare this taxation report for inclusion in the Metcash Bidder's Statement in relation to the Takeover Bid (the "Offer") to holders of ordinary shares in Foodland Associated Limited ("Foodland") (such ordinary shares referred to herein as the "Foodland Shares" and such holders referred to herein as the "Foodland Shareholders").

This report contains a general outline of the Australian income tax and goods and services tax ("GST") implications for Foodland Shareholders who are Australian residents for taxation purposes and who hold their Shares on capital account.

The report does not address the tax treatment for Foodland Shareholders who:

- hold their Foodland Shares on revenue account such as banks and share trading entities; or
- are non-residents of Australia for taxation purposes (including nonresident Shareholders who currently hold, or will hold, their Foodland Shares through a permanent establishment in Australia).

In respect of any Foodland Shareholder that is a subsidiary member of a tax consolidated group at the date on which the Offer is accepted in relation to the Foodland Shareholder's Foodland Shares, any reference to a Foodland Shareholder should be read as a reference to the head entity of that group and not the Foodland Shareholder.

The information contained in this report is of a general nature only. It does not constitute tax advice and should not be relied upon as such.

All investors should seek independent professional advice on the consequences of accepting the Offer, based on their particular circumstances.

Capitalised terms used in this report are, unless stated otherwise, defined in the same way as they are in the Bidder's Statement.

This report is based on the provisions of the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1936* ("ITAA 1936"), the *Income Tax Assessment Act 1997* ("ITAA 1997"), the *A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999* and related acts, regulations and Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") rulings and determinations applicable as at the date of this letter.

# 1 Tax Consequences of accepting the Offer

# 1.1 Disposal of Foodland Shares

Pursuant to the terms of the Offer, each Foodland Shareholder who accepts the Offer will receive consideration for the transfer of their Foodland Shares to Metcash in the form of either (or a combination of):

- Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares; or,
- if the Foodland Shareholder chooses the Cash Alternative, cash and NZ Shares.

The transfer of Foodland Shares to Metcash will be a capital gains tax ("CGT") event for Foodland Shareholders. Foodland Shareholders who acquired their Foodland Shares on or after 20 September 1985 will:

- make a capital gain if the capital proceeds for their Foodland Shares are greater than the cost base of their Foodland Shares, subject to the application of CGT roll-over relief (refer section 1.2 below); or
- make a capital loss if the reduced cost base of their Foodland Shares is greater than the capital proceeds for their Foodland Shares.

Any capital gain or capital loss made by Foodland Shareholders who acquired (or are taken to have acquired) their Foodland Shares before 20 September 1985 will be disregarded.

The capital proceeds for the Foodland Shares will be equal to the aggregate market value of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received or, if a Foodland Shareholder chooses the Cash Alternative in respect of some or all of their Foodland Shares, the capital proceeds for those Foodland Shares will be the cash consideration plus the market value of the NZ Shares.

The market value of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares should be worked out at the time of the CGT event. In our view, the time of the CGT event for a Foodland Shareholder will be the later of the date on which the Offer is accepted by the Foodland Shareholder and the time at which the FIRB condition (clause 23.9(a) of the Metcash Bidder's Statement), which is a condition precedent to any agreement, is satisfied or waived.

The cost base of Foodland Shares will generally include their original or deemed cost of acquisition.

#### 1.2 Availability of CGT roll-over relief

In our view, provided that Metcash becomes the owner of at least 80% of Foodland Shares<sup>1</sup>, Foodland Shareholders who would otherwise make a capital gain in respect of the disposal of their Foodland Shares should be able to choose CGT roll-over relief.

To be able to choose CGT roll-over relief, a number of conditions must be satisfied. These conditions include the condition that Metcash must be the "ultimate holding company" of the wholly-owned group of which it is a member.

In this regard, Metcash will be the ultimate holding company of a wholly owned group if it is not a 100% subsidiary of another company. At the time of writing this report, Metcash is not a 100% subsidiary of another company. However, we note that concurrent with the Offer, approval will be sought for two schemes of arrangement ("the Schemes") pursuant to which a newly listed company ("Newco") will acquire, directly or indirectly, all of the ordinary shares, and options to acquire ordinary shares, in Metcash.

Having regard to the proposed share capital structure of Metcash and Metcash's intentions with respect thereto, in our view Metcash will continue to be the ultimate holding company of its wholly owned group until the Offer is finalised even if the Schemes are implemented.

Therefore, provided that the 80% threshold is met, in our view the conditions for CGT roll-over relief should be satisfied in relation to the Offer.

If the 80% threshold is not met, the CGT consequences for Foodland Shareholders are explained in section 1.6 of this report.

#### 1.3 Effect of CGT roll-over relief

On the basis that CGT roll-over relief is available (i.e. the 80% threshold is met) and a Foodland Shareholder chooses CGT roll-over relief for Foodland Shares exchanged for Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares, the capital gain in respect of the disposal of the Foodland Shares acquired on or after 20 September 1985 is disregarded. The effect of CGT roll-over relief is to defer the capital gain until the disposal of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received in exchange for the Foodland Shares. An effect of choosing CGT roll-over relief is that the cost base and reduced cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received by a Foodland Shareholder will reflect the cost base and reduced cost base of the Foodland Shareholder's Foodland Shares (refer section 2.4). Further, the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be taken to have been acquired at the time the Foodland Shares were originally taken to have been acquired. As such, this will affect the taxation consequences of a subsequent disposal or other taxation event in relation to the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.

The consequences of disposing of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares (or any securities into which they will convert) are explained in section 2 of this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It is noted that the Offer is conditional on the Offer being accepted in respect of at least 90% of the Foodland Shares.

#### 1.4 Where Foodland Shareholder has elected Cash Alternative

Under the Offer, Foodland Shareholders may elect to receive the Cash Alternative instead of Metcash A Shares for some or all of their Foodland Shares. The CGT roll-over relief will not be available to the extent the consideration for a Foodland Share is in the form of cash.

To the extent that Foodland Shareholders receive a cash component as consideration for the disposal of a Foodland Share, such Foodland Shareholders will only be eligible for partial CGT roll-over relief in respect of the disposal of that Foodland Share. A capital gain relevant to the cash portion received will be subject to capital gains tax.

Specifically, for those Foodland Shareholders who elect to receive the Cash Alternative in respect of the disposal of some or all of their Foodland Shares, the capital gain under partial CGT roll-over relief will be calculated as follows:

Capital gain for		Cash	Minus	Cash consideration received			_	Cost base of
Foodland Shares exchanged	= (	consideration received		Cash consideration received	+	Market value of NZ Shares received	×	Foodland Shares exchanged

In calculating the capital gain, Foodland Shareholders may be eligible for the CGT discount or may be able to adjust the cost base of their Foodland Shares for inflation (see section 1.6 below).

## 1.5 How to choose CGT roll-over relief

Foodland Shareholders will generally need to choose CGT roll-over relief before the lodgement of their income tax return for the income year in which the CGT event happens. For Foodland Shareholders who do not have a substituted accounting period for tax purposes, this is expected to be the tax return for the year ending 30 June 2005. The choice is evidenced by excluding such portion of the capital gain, in respect of which CGT roll-over relief is chosen, from the Foodland Shareholder's tax return.

The benefit of choosing CGT roll-over relief will depend on the circumstances of each Foodland Shareholder. Choosing CGT roll-over relief will generally benefit Foodland Shareholders who hold Foodland Shares with a low CGT cost base relative to the market value of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received in exchange or Foodland Shareholders who intend to hold Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares (or the securities into which they convert) for an extended period of time. Foodland Shareholders who have capital losses available, or minimal other assessable income, may benefit from not choosing CGT roll-over relief. This letter is not to be construed as providing a recommendation as to the most appropriate action for Foodland Shareholders and all Foodland Shareholders should obtain independent advice based on their own particular circumstances.

# 1.6 Where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen or not available

Where a Foodland Shareholder makes a capital gain as a result of disposing of their Foodland Shares pursuant to the Offer and that capital gain is not disregarded because:

(a) the Foodland Shareholder does not choose CGT roll-over relief in respect of some or all of their Foodland Shares:

- (b) CGT roll-over relief is not available (i.e. the Foodland Shares are acquired or taken to have been acquired prior to 20 September 1985 or the 80% threshold is not satisfied); or
- the Foodland Shareholder is only eligible for partial roll-over relief (c) because the Foodland Shareholder elects to receive the Cash Alternative in respect of some or all of their Foodland Shares (see section 1.4 above);

the CGT consequences for a Foodland Shareholder will be as follows.

Capital gains and capital losses of a taxpayer in a year of income from all sources are aggregated to determine whether there is a net capital gain. Any net capital gain for the year is included in assessable income and is subject to income tax at each Foodland Shareholder's marginal tax rate. Net capital losses may not be deducted against other income for income tax purposes, but may be carried forward to offset against capital gains derived in future income years.

Capital losses may only be deducted against capital gains, in the same or a later income year. Capital losses cannot be deducted against other assessable income. Specific capital loss carry forward rules apply to Foodland Shareholders who are companies.

Individuals, complying superannuation entities or trustees that have held Foodland Shares for at least 12 months should be entitled to discount the amount of the capital gain (after the application of capital losses, if any). The amount of this discount is 50% in the case of individuals and trustees and 331/3% for complying superannuation entities. No discount is available for Foodland Shareholders that are companies.

Where the Foodland Shareholder is a trustee, the CGT discount may flow through to the beneficiaries in that trust, other than companies. Foodland Shareholders that are trustees should seek specific advice regarding the tax consequences of distributions to beneficiaries attributable to discounted capital gains.

For Foodland Shareholders who have acquired (or are taken to have acquired) their Foodland Shares for CGT purposes on or before 11:45am (EST) on 21 September 1999, the capital gain resulting from the exchange may be calculated using a cost base indexed for inflation. If the Foodland Shareholder makes a capital loss, the reduced cost base is not indexed. The cost base may only be indexed for inflation up to 30 September 1999. Foodland Shareholders who choose to calculate the capital gain using an indexed cost base cannot apply the CGT discount to the capital gain.

For Foodland Shareholders who acquired their Foodland Shares prior to 20 September 1985, the cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be worked out as a proportion of the market value of the Foodland Shares at the time of the exchange (see Section 2.4(b) below). Moreover, the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares will be taken to have been acquired at the time of the exchange.

#### 2 Holding Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

#### 2.1 Summary

Australian resident shareholders holding Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares ("Metcash Shareholders") will generally be taxable on:

- the amount of any dividend received from Metcash grossed-up for any franking credits attached to the dividend;
- any capital gain arising from the subsequent disposal of a Metcash A Share or NZ Share (refer section 2.3 below).

#### 2.2 Dividends from Metcash

Metcash will generally be required to pay tax on its taxable income at the company tax rate (currently 30%) and will be able to frank dividends paid to Metcash Shareholders.

Generally, a Metcash Shareholder's assessable income will include any franking credits attached to dividends paid by Metcash in addition to the amount of the dividends (even if any of the dividends are reinvested). Where franking credits are included in a Metcash Shareholder's assessable income, the Metcash Shareholder will generally be entitled to a corresponding tax offset.

Relevantly, to be eligible for the franking credit and tax offset, the Metcash Shareholder must have held the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares at risk for at least 90 days<sup>2</sup> (not including the date of acquisition or the date of disposal). This holding period rule should not apply to a Metcash Shareholder if the Metcash Shareholder is an individual whose tax offset entitlement (on all interests which give rise to frankable distributions, including shares and interests in shares) does not exceed \$5,000 for the income year in which the franked dividend is paid.

Where the Metcash Shareholder is an individual, complying superannuation entity or a registered charity (in certain circumstances), the Metcash Shareholder will generally be entitled to a refund to the extent that the franking credits attached to the Metcash Shareholder's dividends exceed the Metcash Shareholder's tax liability for the income year.

Where the Metcash Shareholder is a corporate shareholder, any franked dividends the Metcash Shareholder receives will generally give rise to a franking credit in the Metcash Shareholder's franking account.

# 2.3 Disposal of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

The taxation consequences for Metcash Shareholders on a subsequent disposal of their Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares in a normal on-market transaction should generally be similar to the consequences on the disposal of Foodland Shares without choosing CGT roll-over relief as described at section 1.6 above.

However, where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen or is not available, the relevant Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be treated as being acquired for CGT purposes on the later of the date on which the Offer is accepted by a Foodland Shareholder and the date on which the FIRB condition (clause 23.9(a) of the Metcash Bidder's Statement), which is a condition precedent to any agreement, is satisfied or waived. This means that such Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares must be held for at least 12 months to be eligible for any CGT discount.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In our view, the Metcash A Shares and the Metcash NZ Shares will be "preference shares" for the purposes of the holding period rule.

The taxation consequences where a NZ Share is converted into a NZ Holdco Share are described in section 4 below.

The taxation consequences where a Metcash A Share is converted into a Newco Share or an ordinary Metcash Share are described in section 5 below.

#### 2.4 CGT cost base of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

To work out a capital gain or capital loss on a disposal of Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares it will be necessary to have regard to the cost base or reduced cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares, respectively, and their date of acquisition.

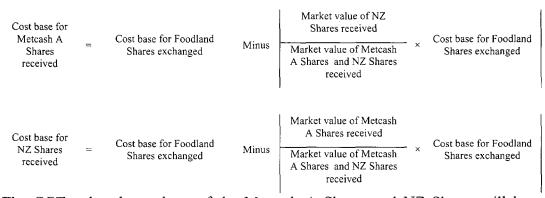
The cost base, reduced cost base and acquisition date of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be affected where a Foodland Shareholder chooses CGT roll-over relief in respect of Foodland Shares exchanged for Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.

#### (a) Where CGT roll-over relief is chosen

Where roll-over relief is chosen, the first element of the CGT cost base and reduced cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares acquired is equal to the portion of the cost base of the Foodland Shares which is reasonably attributable to the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares acquired.

No prescribed method of allocating the cost base and reduced cost base is prescribed by the tax legislation. However, based on previous ATO rulings in relation to CGT roll-over relief (for example, Class Rulings CR2004/79 and CR2004/80), we understand that the ATO accept that a reasonable method of cost base allocation is to pool the cost bases of each parcel of Foodland Shares with the same "per share" cost base and acquisition date. The total cost base of each parcel of Foodland Shares should be allocated pro-rata to the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received in exchange for those Foodland Shares. Other methods may also provide a reasonable attribution of cost base.

Applying this method, where a Foodland Shareholder does not choose the Cash Alternative in respect of the disposal of some or all of their Foodland Shares, the CGT cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received in exchange for those Foodland Shares will be calculated as follows:



The CGT reduced cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares will be worked out similarly.

Where a Foodland Shareholder chooses the Cash Alternative in respect of the disposal of some or all of their Foodland Shares (so that only partial CGT rollover relief is available), the CGT cost base of the NZ Shares received in exchange for those Foodland Shares will be calculated as follows:

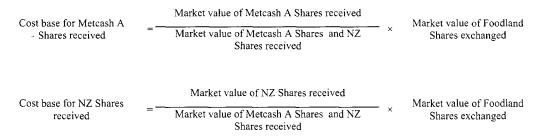
Cost base for NZ Shares received	=	Cost base for Foodland Shares exchanged	Minus	Cash consideration received				Cost base for
				Cash consideration received	+	Market value of NZ Shares received	×	Foodland Shares exchanged

The CGT reduced cost base of the NZ Shares will be worked out similarly.

Where CGT roll-over relief applies, each Metcash A Share and NZ Share received in exchange for a Foodland Share will be taken for CGT purposes to have the same acquisition date as that Foodland Share. This will be important for determining whether a CGT discount is available where a capital gain is realised on a subsequent disposal of a Metcash A Share or NZ Share. This "historical" acquisition date will be lost on conversion of a NZ Share and will be lost on conversion of a Metcash A Share where the Schemes are Effective (i.e. if the Metcash A Shares convert into Newco Shares) - refer sections 4 and 5.1 below.

#### (b) Where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen or is not available

Where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen or is not available in respect of the disposal of some or all of the Foodland Shareholder's Foodland Shares and the Foodland Shareholder does not choose the Cash Alternative in respect of the disposal of those Foodland Shares, the CGT cost base of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares received in exchange for those Foodland Shares will be calculated as follows:



Where a Foodland Shareholder chooses the Cash Alternative in respect of the disposal of some or all of their Foodland Shares, the CGT cost base of the NZ Shares received in exchange for those Foodland Shares will be calculated as follows:



# 3 Foodland Shares acquired through Foodland Employee Share Ownership Plan (ESOP)

## 3.1 Background

We understand that:

- Foodland has provided its employees (hereafter "ESOP Participants") with the opportunity to participate in the ESOP through the provision of an interest free loan to acquire Foodland Shares at a discount of \$0.01 to market value<sup>3</sup>.
- Dividend income earned on the Foodland Shares has been applied against the amount of the loan outstanding.
- The Foodland Shares acquired under the ESOP are held on trust for a period of three years, after which the balance of the loan can be repaid and the Foodland Shares become unrestricted.

We note that we have not been provided with a copy of the ESOP rules and therefore, for the purposes of this report we have assumed that:

- each Foodland Share held in the ESOP is a 'qualifying share' as defined in (a) the ITAA 1936;
- (b) ESOP Participants elected to be "taxed upfront" in respect of their Foodland Shares (worked out by reference to the taxable discount in relation to the Foodland Shares calculated at the time of issue to the trustee of the ESOP for the benefit of an ESOP Participant (the "Issue Date")); and
- (c) the terms of the ESOP provide or will be amended by Foodland so that each Foodland Share held on trust in the ESOP will vest in ESOP Participants as a result of a takeover offer or similar event that will substantially change the ownership of Foodland.

These assumptions may be incorrect or not apply to all ESOP Participants. We recommend that all ESOP Participants should obtain further advice in relation to the taxation consequences of the Offer in relation to their interest in the ESOP.

#### 3.2 Cost base of Foodland Shares

Each Foodland Share held in the ESOP for a ESOP Participant will have a cost base equal to the market value of the Foodland Share at the Issue Date. Each ESOP Participant is treated as having acquired the Foodland Share at the Issue Date.

#### 3.3 Vesting

There should be no capital gain or capital loss arising upon a vesting of the Foodland Shares held in trust for the ESOP Participants.

#### 3.4 Offer

Based on the assumptions stated in section 3.1 above, the taxation consequences of ESOP Participants accepting the Offer in respect of their Foodland Shares should be the same for other Foodland Shareholders as outlined in section 1 above.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The market value is calculated as the weighted average market price for Foodland Shares traded on the Australian Stock Exchange during the five business days immediately preceding the closing date of offers to acquire Foodland Shares under the ESOP.

#### 4 Conversion of NZ Shares

#### 4.1 Convertible interest

The terms of the NZ Shares provide for a conversion into NZ Holdco Shares if such conversion is approved by holders of Metcash Shares. This conversion will occur by means of a cancellation of the NZ Shares and, in consideration, Metcash will transfer NZ Holdco Shares to the holders of NZ Share as a return of share capital.

A "convertible interest" includes an interest issued by a company that is an interest that will or may convert into an equity interest in the company or a connected entity.

As noted, if approved by Metcash Shareholders, the NZ Holdco Shares will be transferred to holders of the Metcash NZ Shares in consideration for the cancellation of the Metcash NZ Shares. In our view, this exchange will be regarded as a "conversion" of the Metcash NZ Shares. Moreover, we consider that Newco will be a "connected entity" of Metcash. Accordingly, we consider that the Metcash NZ Shares will be "convertible interests" in Metcash.

#### 4.2 Conversion of NZ Shares into NZ Holdco Shares

Although the conversion of NZ Shares is prima facie a CGT event, on the basis that the NZ Shares are convertible interests, any capital gain or capital loss made in relation to the conversion of the NZ Shares will be disregarded.

The first element of the cost base of the NZ Holdco Shares acquired on conversion of the NZ Shares should be the cost base of the converted NZ Shares (refer section 2.4 above).

Shareholders will be taken to have acquired their NZ Holdco Shares at the time the NZ Shares are converted into NZ Holdco Shares. This means that such NZ Holdco Shares must be held for at least 12 months to be eligible for the CGT discount in respect of a capital gain realised on a disposal of the NZ Holdco Shares.

## 4.3 Return of share capital

The transfer of NZ Holdco Shares as part of the conversion of NZ Shares will be by way of return of Metcash share capital. On the basis that Metcash will account for the transfer of NZ Holdco Shares by debiting its share capital account, in our view the transfer of NZ Holdco Shares will not be a dividend for taxation purposes.

In addition, we have considered whether the Commissioner would make a determination under s.45B(3) of the ITAA 1936 that some or all of the capital return should be treated as an unfranked dividend paid by Metcash. Section 45B is an anti-avoidance provision which applies in certain circumstances where the Commissioner considers that a person has entered into a scheme for a purpose (not being an incidental purpose) of enabling a taxpayer to obtain a tax benefit by being provided with a capital benefit in substitution for dividends.

A reference to a person being "provided with a capital benefit" is a reference to, relevantly, the distribution to the person of share capital. Thus, the holders of NZ Shares will be provided with a capital benefit for the purposes of s.45B.

A taxpayer "obtains a tax benefit" if an amount of tax payable, by the taxpayer would, apart from s.45B, be less than the amount that would have been pavable if the capital benefit had been a dividend.

In determining whether a person entered into the scheme for a purpose (not being an incidental purpose) of enabling a taxpayer to obtain a tax benefit regard must be have to a number of "relevant circumstances". Those relevant circumstances include, relevantly:

- (a) the extent to which the capital benefit is attributable to capital or the extent to which the capital benefit is attributable to profits (realised and unrealised) of the company or an associate of the company; and
- (b) the pattern of distribution of dividends, bonus shares and returns of capital or share premium by the company or by an associate of the company.

In relation to the proposed return of capital by Metcash, it is relevant that the capital being distributed to holders of NZ Shares in the form of NZ Holdco Shares will essentially represent part of the share capital contributed by the same shareholders pursuant to the acceptance of the Offer and therefore is not attributable to any profits of Foodland or Metcash.

Moreover, the pattern of distribution of dividends by Metcash to its shareholders should be unaffected by the proposed "one-off" return of capital.

In our view, the proposed return of capital is not a scheme to make capital payments in substitution for dividends and, accordingly, s.45B should have no application to the proposal.

#### 5 **Conversion of Metcash A Shares**

#### 5.1 Schemes are Effective

#### Convertible interests (a)

The terms of the Metcash A Shares provide that if the Schemes are Effective, the Metcash A Shares will be exchanged for Newco Shares.

A "convertible interest" includes an interest issued by a company that gives its holder the right to be issued with an equity interest in the company or a connected entity.

As noted, the Metcash A Shares give holders the right to be issued with Newco Shares. In our view, Newco will be a "connected entity" of Metcash. Accordingly, we consider that the Metcash A Shares will be "convertible interests" in Metcash. Moreover, we consider that the issue of Newco Shares in exchange for Metcash A Shares will be regarded as a "conversion" of the Metcash A Shares.

#### (b) Conversion of Metcash A Shares into Newco Shares

Although the conversion of Metcash A Shares into Newco Shares is prima facie a CGT event, on the basis that the Metcash A Shares are convertible interests, any capital gain or capital loss made in relation to the conversion of the Metcash A Shares should be disregarded.

The first element of the cost base of the Newco Shares acquired in exchange for the Metcash A Shares should be the cost base of the Metcash A Shares (refer section 2.4 above).

Shareholders will be taken to have acquired their Newco Shares at the time the Metcash A Shares are converted into Newco Shares. This means that such Newco Shares must be held for at least 12 months to be eligible for the CGT discount.

#### 5.2 Schemes are not Effective

The terms of the Metcash A Shares provide that if the Schemes are not Effective, the Metcash A Shares will be converted into ordinary Metcash Shares.

In our view, if a CGT asset (such as a Metcash A Share) changes into an asset of a different nature (such as an ordinary Metcash Share) and the beneficial owner of the Metcash A Share and ordinary Metcash Share is the same, the change is not a CGT event.

Accordingly, the conversion to ordinary Metcash Shares should not be a CGT event and the cost base and reduced cost base of each ordinary Metcash Share should be equal to the cost base of each Metcash A Share at the time of the change.

Each ordinary Metcash Share will have the same acquisition date (or deemed acquisition date) as the Metcash A Share.

# 6 Holding NZ Holdco Shares

## 6.1 Summary

NZ Holdco will be an Australian resident company for taxation purposes and will hold shares in the New Zealand resident companies which carry on the Foodland New Zealand business.

Australian resident shareholders holding NZ Holdco Shares ("NZ Holdco Shareholders") will generally be taxable on:

- the amount of any dividend received from NZ Holdco (refer section 6.2 below);
- any capital gain arising from the subsequent disposal of NZ Holdco Shares (refer section 6.3 below).

#### 6.2 Dividends from NZ Holdco

NZ Holdco's income will include any dividends received from its New Zealand resident subsidiaries. Such dividends should be "non-assessable non-exempt income" of NZ Holdco and thus excluded from the taxable income of NZ Holdco. To the extent that there is other taxable income (such as Australian-sourced interest income), such income will be taxed at the Australian company tax rate (currently 30%).

It is expected that most, if not all, of NZ Holdco's income will consist of dividends from New Zealand-resident subsidiaries. As such, it is anticipated that dividends paid by NZ Holdco to NZ Holdco Shareholders will be unfranked. In addition, NZ Holdco Shareholders who are Australian residents will not receive any tax credit for corporate tax paid in New Zealand.

Generally, an Australian resident NZ Holdco Shareholder's assessable income will include the amount of the unfranked dividends paid by NZ Holdco (even if any of the dividends are reinvested).

#### 6.3 Disposal of NZ Holdco Shares

The taxation consequences for NZ Holdco Shareholders on a subsequent disposal of their NZ Holdco Shares in a normal on-market transaction should generally be similar to the consequences on the disposal of Foodland Shares (without choosing CGT roll-over relief) as described in section 1.6 above.

#### 7 **Holding ordinary Metcash Shares or Newco Shares**

The taxation consequences for Australian resident shareholders holding and disposing of ordinary Metcash Shares or Newco Shares will generally be similar to the consequences of holding and disposing of (without choosing CGT roll-over relief) Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares as described at section 2 above.

#### **GST** 8

No GST should be payable in respect of the transactions outlined above, including the disposal of the Foodland Shares and the acquisition of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares pursuant to accepting the Offer. As these all involve dealings with securities, the various supplies will be input taxed (i.e. not subject to GST).

There may be an indirect GST cost for shareholders in relation to GST charged on supplies related to the transactions outlined above (e.g. legal and other adviser fees paid to obtain advice on whether to accept the Offer).

#### 9 **Tax File Numbers**

Former Foodland Shareholders may notify Metcash of their Australian Tax File Number ("TFN") (or Australian Business Number ("ABN") if the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are held by the former Foodland Shareholder in the course of carrying on an enterprise). In addition:

- when the NZ Shares are converted into NZ Holdco Shares; and
- if the Metcash A Shares are converted into Newco Shares,

former Foodland Shareholders may similarly notify NZ Holdco and, if relevant, Newco of their TFN or ABN. If Metcash A Shares convert into ordinary Metcash Shares, former Foodland Shareholders do not need to notify Metcash of their TFN or ABN unless they have not already done so.

If a TFN or ABN notification is not provided to the relevant company, tax will be deducted from the unfranked component of dividends paid by that company. The current rate of withholding will be 48.5% of the payment. However, shareholders are entitled to claim an income tax credit/refund (as applicable) in respect of the tax withheld in their income tax returns.

Yours sincerely

GREENWOODS & FREEHILLS PTY LIMITED

# 22 Additional information

# 22.1 ASIC modifications to and exemptions from the Act

Metcash has obtained from ASIC the following modifications to the Act in relation to the Offer:

- a modification of the operation of section 650A(1), 653B(1) and 654A(1) so that Metcash may provide a withdrawal facility for Foodland Shareholders during the Offer; and
- a modification of the operation of section 707(3) and (4) of the Act to allow the on sale of Newco Shares issued in exchange for Metcash A Shares.

A copy of the relevant declarations are set out in Annexure J.

## 22.2 ASX waivers obtained

Metcash has applied for a waiver of Listing Rule 11.4 in relation to the NZ Holdco Transfer of Foodland New Zealand under the NZ Holdco Transfer. This waiver would allow Metcash to dispose of Foodland New Zealand to NZ Shareholders only, rather than all Metcash Shareholders.

# 22.3 Foreign Investment Review Board approval

Metcash is a foreign person for the purposes of the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 (Cth) as it is controlled by Metoz.

Metcash will notify FIRB of its intention to acquire all of the Foodland Shares and apply to the Treasurer for a statement of no objection to the proposed acquisition.

Metcash is confident that the transaction is consistent with the Government's foreign investment policy and anticipates that a statement of no objection to the proposal will issue in due course.

As at the date of this Bidder's Statement, Metcash has not received any communication from the Treasurer.

# 22.4 Australian Competition and Consumer Commission approval

Section 50 of the Trade Practices Act 1974 (Cth) prohibits any merger which has, or is likely to have, the effect of substantially lessening competition in a substantial market in Australia. The Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (**ACCC**) which is responsible for administering the Trade Practices Act, is undertaking a review of Metcash's proposed acquisition of all the Foodland Shares in the context of that prohibition.

Metcash is not required to lodge any formal notification with the ACCC in relation to the Offer. However, Metcash has made submissions to the ACCC as to the likely effect of the proposed merger, and has sought confirmation from the ACCC that it will not seek to intervene in respect of the proposed merger.

A public consultation process is currently underway. The ACCC has indicated in an indicative timeline on its website that an announcement in relation to the Offer is expected to be made on or around 28 January 2005.

# 22.5 Withdrawal of acceptance of the Offer

If a Foodland Shareholder has accepted the Offer and subsequently wishes to withdraw their acceptance before the Cut-off Time, they are entitled to do so in accordance with Section 23.6 of this Bidder's Statement.

A withdrawal of an acceptance in accordance with Section 23.6 of this Bidder's Statement can be withdrawn by completing the Withdrawal Form accompanying this Bidder's Statement and returning the form to Registries Ltd by mail, fax or hand delivery. Replacement forms can be obtained by calling the Foodland Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (callers outside Australia) and requesting one.

Alternatively, a Foodland Shareholder may effect withdrawal of an acceptance as follows:

- if any of your Foodland Shares are held on Foodland's issuer sponsored subregister by authorising and instructing Metcash to do so in accordance with the ASTC Settlement Rules by completing and returning a Withdrawal Form to Registries Ltd by mail, fax or hand delivery in accordance with the instructions on the Withdrawal Form prior to the Cut-Off Time;
- if any of your Foodland Shares are held in a CHESS Holding by either instructing your Controlling Participant to transmit a Valid Originating Message to the ASTC in accordance with Rule 14.16 of the ASTC Settlement Rules, or completing and returning a Withdrawal Form to Registries Ltd by mail, fax or hand delivery in accordance with the instructions on the Withdrawal Form prior to the Cut-Off Time; or
- if you are a Controlling Participant by transmitting a Valid Originating Message to the ASTC specifying the Foodland Shares to be released from the Offer Accepted Sub-Position in accordance with Rule 14.16 of the ASTC Settlement Rules prior to the Cut-Off Time.

To be effective, a Withdrawal Form must be received at the address in Australia specified on the Withdrawal Form prior to the Cut-Off Time.

There may arise other circumstances in which Foodland Shareholders are able to withdraw an acceptance of the Offer.

## 22.6 Foreign Shareholders

Foodland Shareholders who are Foreign Shareholders will not be entitled to receive Metcash A Shares, if they choose the Metcash A Share Alternative and NZ Shares as part of the consideration for their Foodland Shares pursuant to the Offer, unless Metcash otherwise determines.

A Foodland Shareholder is a Foreign Shareholder for the purposes of the Offer if their address as shown in the register of members of Foodland is in a jurisdiction other than Australia or its external territories or New Zealand. However, such a person will not be a Foreign Shareholder if Metcash is satisfied that it is not legally or practically constrained from making the Offer to a Foodland Shareholder in the relevant jurisdiction and to issue Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares to such a Foodland Shareholder on acceptance of the Offer, and that it is lawful for such a Foodland Shareholder to accept the Offer in such circumstances in the relevant jurisdiction. Notwithstanding anything else contained in this Bidder's Statement, Metcash is not under any obligation to spend any money, or undertake any action, in order to satisfy itself concerning any of these matters.

The Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares which would otherwise have been issued to Foreign Shareholders will instead be issued to a nominee approved by ASIC, who will sell these Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares. The net proceeds of the sale of such shares will then be remitted to the relevant Foreign Shareholders. See Section 23.8(a) for further details.

# 22.7 Social security and superannuation implications of Offer

Acceptance of the Offer may have implications under your superannuation arrangements or on your social security entitlements. If in any doubt, you should seek specialist advice.

Other than as set out below or elsewhere in this Bidder's Statement no:

- director or proposed director of Metcash;
- person named in this Bidder's Statement as performing a function in a professional, advisory or other capacity in connection with the preparation or distribution of this Bidder's Statement;
- promoter of Metcash; or
- broker or underwriter to the issue of Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares.

(together, the **Interested Persons**) holds at the date of this Bidder's Statement or held at any time during the last two years, any interest in:

- the formation or promotion of Metcash;
- property acquired or proposed to be acquired by Metcash in connection with its formation or promotion, or the offer of Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares under the Offer; or
- the offer of Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares under the Offer.

# 22.9 Disclosure of fees and benefits received by certain persons

Other than as set out below or elsewhere in this Bidder's Statement, no amounts have been paid or agreed to be paid and no benefits have been given or agreed to be given:

- to a director or proposed director of Metcash to induce them to become, or to qualify as, a director of Metcash; or
- for services provided by any Interested Person in connection with the formation or promotion of Metcash or the offer of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares under the Offer.

PwCS was appointed as Independent Expert in relation to the Offer. Metcash had paid or agreed to pay \$250,000 (exclusive of GST) for the Independent Expert's Report. Further amounts may be paid to PwCS in accordance with its time-based charge-out rates.

PwCS has acted as accountant in relation to the preparation of the Independent Accountant's Report on the Metcash historical information and the pro-forma merged entity historical and pro forma merged entity forecast financial information. Metcash has paid or agreed to pay approximately \$375,000 (exclusive of GST) for these services to the date of this Bidder's Statement, and Metcash may pay or agree to pay PwCS additional fees for services provided in connection with the Offer after the date of this Bidder's Statement.

Greenwoods & Freehills has prepared the Tax Adviser's Report. Metcash has paid or agreed to pay \$143,275 for such services to 19 January 2005. Further amounts may be paid to Greenwoods & Freehills in accordance with its time-based charge-out rates.

#### 22.10 Disclosure of interests of directors

#### (a) Interests in Metcash Shares

The directors are named below. Each of the director's interests in Metcash Shares, Metcash Options and Metoz shares, as at the date of this Bidder's Statement, are set out in the table below.

Name	Number of Metcash Shares held	Number of Metcash Options held	Number of Metoz shares held
Mr. Carlos S. dos Santos	0	0	17,433,601
Mr. A.E. (Ted) Harris, AC	340,000	0	207.118
Mr. Andrew Reitzer	1,820,000	680,000	205.671
Mr. Michael R. Jablonski	0	850,000	0
Mr. Edwin M. Jankelowitz	600,000	850,000	0
Mr. V. Dudley Rubin	0	0	1,286,827
Mr. Peter L. Barnes	125,000	0	0
Mr. Richard A. Longes	100,000	0	0
Mr. Bernard J. Hale	0	850,000	1,190,015
Mr. Joao Louis S. Jardin	0	520,000	0
Mr. Michael Wesslink	145,000	540,000	0

No director as at the date of this Bidder's Statement holds a beneficial interest in any other Metcash Shares, Metcash Options or Metoz shares.

It is proposed that all directors will, following the transfer of Metcash Shares to Newco under the Metcash Share Scheme, be appointed as directors of Newco on a basis of remuneration equivalent to their existing arrangements with Metcash. Each Director has agreed to waive all payments or other benefits otherwise payable or due to him as compensation for loss of, or as consideration for or in connection with his or her retirement from, office in Metcash or its related bodies corporate as a result of the Schemes becoming Effective. Accordingly, no such payments or benefits will be made or given.

Each of the Newco directors' interests in Metcash Shares and Metcash Options and Metoz's shares are set out in the table below.

Name	Number of Metcash Shares held	Number of Metcash Options held	Number of Metoz shares held
Mr. john Randall	240,000	80,000	0
Mr. Michael Roche	5,000	0	0
Mr. Paul Kaplan	0	0	0

#### (b) Directors' interests in Foodland Shares

Michael Wesslink is the beneficial owner of 1,000 Foodland Shares. No other director of Metcash has a relevant interest in Foodland Shares at the date of this Bidder's Statement.

No director of Metcash has acquired or disposed of Foodland Shares in the 4 months preceding the date of this Bidder's Statement.

#### (c) Indemnity and insurance

The constitution of Metcash permits the grant of an indemnity (to the maximum extent permitted by law) in favour of each director, the company secretary, past directors and secretaries, and all past and present executive officers.

STRIBUTION. CARRY 10/2 CARRY 10/2

Metcash has entered into deeds of indemnity and access with all of the current directors. This indemnity is against any liability to third parties (other than related Metcash companies), by such officers unless the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The indemnity also includes costs or expenses incurred by an officer in unsuccessfully defending proceedings relating to that person's position.

Metcash maintains an insurance policy in respect of certain present and future officers against certain liability incurred in that capacity. Disclosure of the total amount of any premium paid and the nature of the liabilities in respect of such insurance is prohibited by the contract of insurance.

#### 22.11 Consents

This Bidder's Statement contains statements made by, or statements based on statements made by Metcash, Metoz, Metcash Trading Africa (Pty) Ltd and Newco. Metcash, Metoz, Metcash Trading Africa (Pty) Ltd and Newco have each consented to the inclusion of:

- each statement it has made; and
- each statement which is based on a statement it has made,

in this Bidder's Statement, in the form and context in which the statements have been included, and has not withdrawn that consent.

The following firms and companies have given, and have not at the date of this Bidder's Statement withdrawn, their written consent to being named in this Bidder's Statement and to the inclusion of the following information in the form and context in which it is included. None of the following firms and companies have caused or authorised the issue of this Bidder's Statement or have in any way been involved in the making of the Offer. The Offer is made by Metcash.

PwCS has consented to the inclusion in this Bidder's Statement of the Independent Expert's Report and all references to that report in the form and context in which those references are included and all references to that report in the form and context in which those references are included.

PwCS has also consented to the inclusion in this Bidder's Statement of the Independent Accountant's Report and all references to that report in the form and context in which those references are included.

Greenwoods & Freehills have consented to the inclusion in this Bidder's Statement of the Tax Advisor's Report on the consequences of the Offer for Foodland Shareholders.

In addition, this Bidder's Statement includes statements which are made in, or based on statements made in, documents lodged with ASIC or given to ASX. Under the terms of ASIC Class Order 01/1543, the parties making those statements are not required to consent to, and have not consented to, inclusion of those statements in this Bidder's Statement.

If you would like to receive a copy of any of those documents (free of charge), please contact the Foodland Offer Information Line on 1300 766 010 (callers in Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (normal call charges apply) (callers outside Australia). For legal reasons, calls to these numbers will be recorded.

#### 22.12 Expiry date

No securities will be issued on the basis of this Bidder's Statement after the date which is 13 months after the date of this Bidder's Statement.

#### 22.13 Other material information

Except as disclosed elsewhere in this Bidder's Statement, there is no other information that is:

- material to the making of a decision by a Foodland Shareholder whether to accept the Offer; and
- known to Metcash,

which has not been previously disclosed to Foodland Shareholders.

### 23 The Offer

#### **23.1** The Offer

- (a) Metcash offers to acquire all of your Foodland Shares on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the Offer.
- (b) The consideration offered is:
  - (1) 2.44 Metcash A Shares (subject to adjustment under Section 23.1(c)) or \$7.18 cash; and
  - (2) one NZ Share,

for each of your Foodland Shares (the Offer Consideration).

(c) If, and only if, the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, the number of Metcash A Shares offered will be adjusted to reflect the Rights Issue of CULS being undertaken in or about March 2005, as follows:

Adjustment number =

2.44 x

5 day VWAP of Metcash Shares immediately prior to Ex-Rights Date

5 day VWAP of Metcash Shares including and immediately after Ex-Rights Date

- (d) If at the time this Offer is made to you, you are a Foreign Shareholder, you will not receive Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares. Instead, you are offered and will receive a cash amount determined in accordance with Section 23.8.
- (e) The Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares to be issued are shares in Metcash and will be credited as fully paid and have the rights summarised in Section 18 in this Bidder's Statement.
- (f) If you accept the Offer, you will, subject to satisfaction of the conditions in Section 23.9, receive the Offer Consideration for each of your Foodland Shares.
- (g) By accepting the Offer, you undertake to transfer to Metcash not only your Foodland Shares, but also all Rights attached to those shares (see Section 23.7(c)).
- (h) If, after aggregating all holdings of your Foodland Shares, you become entitled to a fraction of a Metcash A Share or NZ Share, that fraction will be rounded down to the nearest whole Metcash A Share or NZ Share, as appropriate.
- The Offer is being made to:
  - (1) each person registered as the holder of Foodland Shares in the register of Foodland Shareholders at 9.00am (Sydney time) on the Register Date; and
  - (2) any person who becomes registered or entitled to be registered as the holder of Foodland Shares during the period commencing on the Register Date to the end of the Offer Period due to the conversion of, or exercise of Rights attached to other securities convertible into Foodland Shares which are on issue as at the Register Date.
- (j) If, at the time the Offer is made to you, or at any time during the Offer Period, another person is, or is entitled to be, registered as the holder of some or all of your Foodland Shares, then:
  - (1) a corresponding Offer will be deemed to have been made to that other person in respect of those Foodland Shares; and
  - (2) a corresponding Offer will be deemed to have been made to you in respect of any other Foodland Shares you hold to which the Offer relates.
- (k) If you are registered or entitled to be registered as the holder of one or more parcels of Foodland Shares as trustee or nominee for, or otherwise on account of, another person, section 653B of the Act deems an Offer to have been made to you in respect of each separate parcel of Foodland Shares. To validly accept the Offer for each separate parcel of Foodland Shares, you must complete the Acceptance Form by specifying that the Foodland Shares in respect of which you are accepting are a separate parcel and the number of Foodland Shares in that separate parcel to which the acceptance relates. If your holding does not consist of separate parcels, but you attempt to accept the Offers in the manner described in this clause, you commit an offence but the acceptance is valid.

- (I) If your Foodland Shares are registered in the name of a broker, investment dealer, bank, trust company or other nominee you should contact that nominee for assistance in accepting the Offer.
- (m) The Offer is dated 7 February 2005.

#### 23.2 Offer Period

- (a) The Offer will remain open for acceptance during the period commencing on the date the first Offer is made under the bid and ending at 7.00pm (Sydney time) on 22 April 2005 unless withdrawn or extended in accordance with the Act.
- (b) Metcash reserves the right, exercisable in its sole discretion, to extend the Offer Period in accordance with the Act.
- (c) If, within the last 7 days of the Offer Period, either of the following events occur:
  - (1) the Offer is varied to improve the consideration offered; or
  - (2) Metcash's voting power in Foodland increases to more than 50%,

then the Offer Period will be automatically extended so that it ends 14 days after the relevant event in accordance with section 624(2) of the Act.

#### 23.3 Official quotation of Metcash Shares

- (a) The scrip offered by Metcash under the Offer will be Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares.
- (b) An application has been made to ASX for official quotation of the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares to be issued pursuant to the Offer. Quotation is not guaranteed or automatic on such an application. Nothing in this Bidder's Statement will be taken to state or imply that the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares issued under this Offer will be quoted on ASX.

#### 23.4 How to accept the Offer

#### (a) General

- (I) Subject to Section 23.1(k), you may accept the Offer only in respect of all of your Foodland Shares.
- (2) You may accept this Offer at any time during the Offer Period.

#### (b) Issuer sponsored holdings

If your Foodland Shares are held on Foodland's issuer sponsored sub-register, to accept the Offer, you must:

- (1) complete and sign the Acceptance Form enclosed with this Bidder's Statement (and which forms part of this Offer) in accordance with the terms of this Offer and the instructions on the Acceptance Form; and
- (2) ensure that the Acceptance Form and any documents required by the terms of this Offer and the instructions on the Acceptance Form are received before the expiry of the Offer Period at the address indicated on the Acceptance Form.

#### (c) CHESS Holdings

To accept the Offer where your Foodland Shares are held in a CHESS Holding:

- (1) if you are not the Controlling Participant, you may either:
  - (A) by completing, signing and returning the enclosed Acceptance Form in accordance with the instructions on the Acceptance Form, authorise Metcash to instruct your Controlling Participant on your behalf to initiate acceptance of this Offer in accordance with Rule 14.14 of the ASTC Settlement Rules; or
  - (B) instruct your Controlling Participant (usually your broker) to initiate acceptance of this Offer in respect of your Foodland Shares in accordance with Rule 14.14 of the ASTC Settlement Rules before the expiry of the Offer Period; or





(2) if you are the Controlling Participant, you must initiate acceptance of this Offer in accordance with Rule 14.14 of the ASTC Settlement Rules before the expiry of the Offer Period.

Further, you must comply with any other applicable ASTC Settlement Rules.

#### (d) Receipt of Acceptance Form

- (1) If your Acceptance Form (including any documents required by the terms of the Offer and the instructions on the Acceptance Form) is returned by post, it will be deemed to be received in time if the envelope in which it is sent is post-marked before the end of the Offer Period even if it is received after the Offer Period closes.
- (2) If your Acceptance Form (including any documents required by the terms of the Offer and the instructions on the Acceptance Form) is returned by facsimile to the numbers indicated on the Acceptance Form, it will be deemed to be received in time if the facsimile transmission is received (evidenced by a confirmation of successful transmission) before the end of the Offer Period, but you will not be entitled to receive the Offer Consideration to which you are entitled, until your original Acceptance Form (including any documents required by the terms of the Offer and the instructions on the Acceptance Form) is received at the address specified on the Acceptance Form.
- (3) The transmission of the Acceptance Form and other documents is at your own risk.

#### 23.5 The effect of acceptance

- (a) Once you have accepted the Offer, you will be able to revoke your acceptance at any time while the condition in Section 23.9(a) remains unsatisfied. When the condition in Section 23.9(a) is satisfied, you will be unable to revoke your acceptance and the contract resulting from your acceptance will be binding on you, except as follows:
  - (1) if, by the relevant times specified in Section 23.5(b), the conditions in Section 23.9 have not all been satisfied or waived in accordance with Section 23.12, the Offer will automatically terminate and your Foodland Shares will be returned to you; or
  - (2) if the Offer Period is extended for more than I month and, at the time, the Offer is subject to one or more of the conditions in Section 23.9, you may be able to withdraw your acceptance. A notice will be sent to you at the time explaining your rights in this regard.
- (b) The relevant times for the purposes of Section 23.5(a)(1) are:
  - (1) in relation to the condition in Section 23.9(k) 3 Business Days after the end of the Offer Period; and
  - (2) in relation to all other conditions in Section 23.9 the end of the Offer Period.
- (c) By signing and returning the Acceptance Form to Metcash in accordance with Section 23.4, or otherwise accepting the Offer pursuant to Section 23.4, you will have:
  - (I) accepted the Offer (and any variation of this Offer) in respect of all your Foodland Shares and irrevocably agreed to the terms and conditions of the Offer to sell all of your Foodland Shares to Metcash (even if the number of Foodland Shares specified on the Acceptance Form differs from the number of your Foodland Shares);
  - (2) agreed to transfer to Metcash all your Foodland Shares in accordance with the terms set out in the Offer, subject to this Offer being declared free from the conditions set out in Section 23.9 (or such conditions being satisfied or waived);
  - (3) represented and warranted to Metcash as a fundamental condition going to the root of the contract that at the time of acceptance of the Offer, and the time the transfer of your Foodland Shares to Metcash is registered, all your Foodland Shares (including any Rights) are and will be fully paid up, and Metcash will acquire good title to them and full beneficial ownership of them free from all mortgages, charges, liens, encumbrances, interests of third parties of any kind (whether legal or equitable) and adverse interests of any nature and restrictions on transfer of any kind, and that you have full power, capacity and authority to accept this Offer and to sell and transfer the legal and beneficial ownership (including any Rights) in those Foodland Shares to Metcash;

- (4) irrevocably appointed Metcash (or any nominee or nominees of Metcash) as your true and lawful exclusive attorney, agent and proxy in your name and on your behalf, with effect from the date that the Offer, or any contract resulting from your acceptance of the Offer, becomes unconditional, with power to do all things which you could lawfully do concerning your Foodland Shares or in exercise of any right derived from the holding of your Foodland Shares, including (without limiting the generality of the foregoing):
  - (A) attending and voting at any meeting of Foodland Shareholders;
  - (B) demanding a poll for any vote to be taken at any meeting of Foodland Shareholders;
  - (C) proposing or seconding any resolution to be considered at any meeting of Foodland Shareholders;
  - (D) requisitioning the convening of any meeting of Foodland Shareholders and convening a meeting pursuant to any such requisition (or joining with other Foodland Shareholders to do either of those things);
  - (E) executing all forms, transfers, assignments, notices, instruments, proxies, consents, agreements and resolutions relating to your Foodland Shares as may be necessary or desirable to convey your Foodland Share and Rights to Metcash;
  - (F) requesting Foodland to register in the name of Metcash your Foodland Shares which you hold on any register of Foodland; and
  - (G) doing all things necessary incidental or ancillary to any of the foregoing,

and to have agreed that in exercising the powers conferred by that power of attorney, the attorney may act in the interests of Metcash as the intended registered holder and beneficial owner of your Foodland Shares and to have further agreed to do all such acts, matters and things that Metcash may require to give effect to the matters the subject of this paragraph (including the execution of a written form of proxy to the same effect as this paragraph which complies in all respects with the requirements of the constitution of Foodland) if requested by Metcash.

This appointment, being given for valuable consideration to secure the interest acquired in your Foodland Shares, is irrevocable and terminates upon registration of a transfer of Metcash of your Foodland Shares.

Metcash will indemnify you and keep you indemnified in respect of all costs, expenses and obligations which might otherwise be incurred or undertaken as a result of the exercise by an attorney of any powers under this paragraph;

- (5) agreed that in exercising the powers conferred by the power of attorney in Section 23.5(c)(4) above, Metcash or its nominee is entitled to act in the interest of Metcash;
- (6) agreed not to attend or vote in person at any general meeting of Foodland, or to exercise or purport to exercise any of the powers conferred on Metcash or its nominee in Section 23.5(c)(4) above;
- (7) agreed to fully indemnify Metcash in respect of any claim or action against it for any loss, damage or liability whatsoever incurred by it as a result of you not producing your Holder Identification Number or Security Holder Reference Number or in consequence of the transfer of your Foodland Shares being registered by Foodland without production of your Holder Identification Number or Security Holder Reference Number for your Foodland Shares;
- (8) irrevocably authorised Metcash (or any nominee or nominees of Metcash) to alter the Acceptance Form by rectifying any errors in or omissions from it (including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, altering the number of Foodland Shares stated to be held by you if it is otherwise than as set out in the Acceptance Form) as may be necessary to make it an effective acceptance of this Offer or to enable registration of the transfer of all your Foodland Shares to Metcash;
- (9) if you signed the Acceptance Form in respect of any of your Foodland Shares which are held in a CHESS Holding, irrevocably authorised Metcash (or any nominees or nominees of Metcash) to:
  - (A) instruct your Controlling Participant to initiate acceptance of this Offer in respect of those Foodland Shares in accordance with the ASTC Settlement Rules; and
  - (B) give any other instructions in relation to those Foodland Shares to your Controlling Participant, on your behalf under the sponsorship agreement between you and that Controlling Participant;



- (10) irrevocably authorised and directed Foodland to pay to Metcash, or to account to Metcash for, all Rights in respect of your Foodland Shares. If this Offer is withdrawn or the contract formed by your acceptance of the Offer is rescinded or rendered void, Metcash will account to you for any such Rights received by Metcash;
- (11) irrevocably authorised Metcash to notify Foodland on your behalf that your place of address for all purposes including the serving of notices upon you in respect of your Foodland Shares, is the address specified by Metcash in the notification;
- (12) irrevocably authorised Metcash to transmit a message in accordance with ASTC Settlement Rule 14.17.1 to transfer your Foodland Shares to the Takeover Transferee Holding, regardless of whether Metcash has paid the Offer Consideration due to you under this Offer;
- (13) agreed, subject to the conditions of this Offer in Section 23.9 being satisfied or waived, to execute all such documents, transfers and assurances as may be necessary or desirable to convey your Foodland Shares registered in your name and distributions (except the Permitted Distribution) to Metcash; and
- (14) agreed to accept the Metcash A Shares, where you have chosen the Metcash A Share Alternative, and NZ Shares to which you have become entitled by acceptance of this Offer subject to the constitution of Metcash and have authorised Metcash to place your name on its register of shareholders in respect of those Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares as appropriate.
- (d) Metcash may, at any time, in its sole discretion and without further communication to you, determine that any Acceptance Form it receives is a valid acceptance, even if one or more of the requirements for acceptance have not been complied with but the payment of the Offer Consideration in accordance with the Offer may be delayed until any irregularity has been resolved or waived and any other documents required to procure registration have been received by Metcash.
- (e) Where you have satisfied the requirements for acceptance in respect of only some of your Foodland Shares, Metcash may, in its sole discretion, regard the Offer to be accepted in respect of those Foodland Shares, but not the remainder.
- (f) Metcash will provide the consideration to you in accordance with Section 23.7, in respect of any part of an acceptance determined by Metcash to be valid.
- (g) The representations, warranties and authorities referred to in Section 23.5(c) will remain in force after you receive the Offer Consideration for your Foodland Shares and after Metcash becomes registered as the holder of your Foodland Shares.

#### 23.6 Withdrawal right

- (a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Section 23, you are entitled to withdraw your acceptance of the Offer at any time after the date of the Offer and before the time (Cut-off Time) which is the earlier of:
  - (1) 7:00pm (Sydney time) on the day that Metcash lodges a notice in accordance with Section 650F of the Act stating that the Offer is free of all remaining defeating conditions; or
  - (2) Metcash announcing that the condition in Section 23.9(m) has been satisfied;
- (b) You may withdraw your acceptance under Section 23.6(a):
  - (1) if your Foodland Shares are held on Foodland's issuer sponsored subregister by authorising and instructing Metcash to do so in accordance with the ASTC Settlement Rules by completing and returning a Withdrawal Form to Registries Ltd by mail, fax or hand delivery in accordance with the instructions on the Withdrawal Form prior to the Cut-Off Time;
  - (2) if your Foodland Shares are held in a CHESS Holding by either instructing your Controlling Participant to transmit a Valid Originating Message to the ASTC in accordance with Rule 14.16 of the ASTC Settlement Rules, or completing and returning a Withdrawal Form to Registries Ltd by mail, fax or hand delivery in accordance with the instructions on the Withdrawal Form prior to the Cut-Off Time; or
  - (3) If you are a Controlling Participant by transmitting a Valid Originating Message to the ASTC specifying the shares to be released from the Offer Accepted Sub-Position in accordance with rule 14.16 of the ASTC Settlement Rules prior to the Cut-Off Time.

To be effective, a Withdrawal Form must be received at the address in Australia specified on the Withdrawal Form prior to the Cut-Off Time.

(c) For the purposes of this Offer, the phrase "**Withdrawal Form**" means the withdrawal form made available for the purpose of the exercise of the withdrawal right described in Sections 23.6(a) and (b).

#### 23.7 When you will receive consideration

- (a) Subject to Sections 23.5(d), 23.7 and 23.8 and to the Act, if you have accepted this Offer and the contract resulting from your acceptance becomes unconditional, Metcash will provide the Offer Consideration (as set out in Section 23.1(b)) to you on or before the earlier of:
  - (1) I month after the date of your acceptance or, if this Offer is subject to a defeating condition when you accept this Offer, within I month after the contract resulting from your acceptance of the Offer becomes unconditional; and
  - (2) 21 days after the end of the Offer Period.
- (b) Where the Acceptance Form requires an additional document to be given with your acceptance (such as a power of attorney):
  - (1) if that document is delivered with your acceptance, Metcash will provide the Offer Consideration in accordance with Section 23.7(a);
  - (2) if that document is given after acceptance and before the end of the Offer Period, while this Offer is still subject to a defeating condition, Metcash will provide the Offer Consideration to you by the earlier of:
    - (A) I month after the contract resulting from your acceptance of the Offer becomes unconditional; and
    - (B) 21 days after the end of the Offer Period;
  - (3) if that document is delivered after acceptance and before the end of the Offer Period, while this Offer is no longer subject to a defeating condition, Metcash will provide the Offer Consideration due to you for your Foodland Shares by the earlier of:
    - (A) I month after the date that document is given; and
    - (B) 21 days after the end of the Offer Period; and
  - (4) if that document is given after the end of the Offer Period, Metcash will provide the Offer Consideration to you within 21 days after that document is given. However, if at the time the document is given, the contract resulting from your acceptance of the Offer is still subject to a defeating condition that relates to a circumstance or event referred to in Section 23.9(k), Metcash will provide the Offer Consideration due to you for your Foodland Shares within 21 days after the contract becomes unconditional.
- (c) If you accept this Offer, Metcash is entitled to all Rights (being those accruing after the Announcement Date) in respect of your Foodland Shares except for any dividend or dividends paid by Foodland after the Announcement Date the aggregate sum of which is \$0.43 per share or less. Metcash may require you to provide all documents necessary to vest title to those Rights in Metcash, or otherwise to give it the benefit or value of those Rights. If you do not do so before Metcash has provided the Offer Consideration to you, or if you have received the benefits of those Rights, Metcash will be entitled to deduct from the Offer Consideration otherwise due to you the amount (or value, as reasonably assessed by Metcash) of those Rights. Any such deduction will be made first, from the cash consideration due to you, or if you chose the Metcash A Share Alternative, from the number of Metcash A Shares you are otherwise entitled to for all your Foodland Shares, and then from the number of NZ Shares you are otherwise entitled to for all your Foodland Shares.
- (d) If you have accepted the Offer and you are a Foreign Shareholder, you will receive your share of the proceeds from the sale of the Metcash A Shares, if you chose the Metcash A Share Alternative, and NZ Shares which would otherwise be issued to you, in accordance with Section 23.8.
- (e) Payment of any cash amount to which you are entitled will be made by cheque in Australian dollars. The cheque will be sent to you, at your risk, by ordinary mail (or in the case of overseas shareholders, by airmail) to your address as shown on the Acceptance Form or such other address as you may notify to Metcash in writing before despatch.





- (f) The obligation of Metcash to allot and issue any Metcash A Shares, if you chose the Metcash A Share Alternative, and NZ Shares to which you are entitled under this Offer will be satisfied if your name is entered onto the issuer sponsored sub-register of Metcash, by Metcash no later than 5 Business Days after your name is entered in the register of members of Metcash, and Metcash despatches or procures the despatch to you, by pre-paid post (or in the case of overseas shareholders, by airmail) to your address as shown on the Acceptance Form or such other address as you may notify to Metcash in writing before despatch, a holding statement in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 8.6. If your Foodland Shares are held in joint names and those names are entered into the issuer sponsored sub-register of Metcash, the holding statement will be issued in the name of, and forwarded to, the holder whose name appears first in Metcash's register of members.
- (g) If, at the time you accept this Offer, any authority or clearance of the Reserve Bank of Australia or of the Australian Taxation Office is required for you to receive any consideration under this Offer or you are resident in or resident of a place to which, or you are a person to whom:
  - (1) the Banking (Foreign Exchange) Regulations 1959 (Cth);
  - (2) the Charter of the United Nations (Terrorism and Dealing with Assets) Regulations 2002 (Cth);
  - (3) the Charter of the United Nations (Sanctions Afghanistan) Regulations 2001 (Cth);
  - (4) the Iraq (Reconstruction and Repeal of Sanctions) Regulations 2003 (Cth); or
  - (5) any other law of Australia that would make it unlawful for Metcash to provide consideration for your Foodland Shares,

applies, then acceptance of this Offer will not create for you or transfer to you any right (contractual or contingent) to receive the Offer Consideration unless and until all requisite authorities or clearances have been obtained by Metcash.

#### 23.8 Foreign Shareholders

- (a) If you are a Foreign Shareholder, you will not be entitled to receive Metcash A Shares, if you chose the Metcash A Share Alternative, and NZ Shares as part of the consideration for your Foodland Shares as a result of acceptance of this Offer, and Metcash will:
  - (1) pay to you in accordance with Section 23.7 the cash amount due to you in accordance with the Offer if you chose the Cash Alternative:
  - (2) arrange for the issue to a nominee approved by ASIC (the **Nominee**) of the number of Metcash A Shares, if you chose the Metcash A Share Alternative and NZ Shares to which you and all other Foreign Shareholders who chose the Metcash A Share Alternative would have been entitled but for Section 23.1(d) and the equivalent provision in each other offer under the Offer;
  - (3) cause the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares so issued to be offered for sale by the Nominee on ASX as soon as practicable and otherwise in the manner, at the price and on such other terms and conditions as are determined by the Nominee; and
  - (4) cause the Nominee to pay to you the amount ascertained in accordance with the formula:

Net proceeds of Sales of Metcash A Shares x Metcash A Shares

Total Nominee Metcash A Shares

Net proceeds of Sales of NZ Shares x NZ Shares

Total Nominee NZ Shares

where:

"Net proceeds of Sales of Metcash A Shares" means the amount which is received by the Nominee upon the sale of all Metcash A Shares under this Section 23.8 less brokerage and sale expenses;

"Metcash A Shares" means the number of Metcash A Shares which would, but for Section 23.1(d), otherwise have been allotted to you;

"Total Nominee Metcash A Shares" means the total number of Metcash A Shares allotted to the Nominee under this Section 23.8(a);

"Net proceeds of Sales of NZ Shares" means the amount which is received by the Nominee upon the sale of all NZ Shares under this Section 23.8 less brokerage and sale expenses;

"NZ Shares" means the number of NZ Shares which would, but for Section 23.1(d), otherwise have been allotted to you; and "Total Nominee NZ Shares" means the total number of NZ Shares allotted to the Nominee under this Section 23.8(a);

- (5) you will receive your share of the proceeds of this sale in Australian currency;
- (6) payment will be made by cheque posted to you at your risk by ordinary mail (or in the case of overseas shareholders, by airmail) at the address provided on your Acceptance Form; and
- (7) under no circumstances will interest be paid on your share of the proceeds of this sale, regardless of any delay in remitting these proceeds to you.

#### 23.9 Conditions of the Offer

Subject to Section 23.10, the completion of the Offer and any contract that results from an acceptance of the Offer, are subject to the fulfilment of the conditions set out below.

#### Regulatory approval conditions

#### (a) Foreign Investment Review Board approval

One of the following occurring:

- (1) the Treasurer of the Commonwealth of Australia (**Treasurer**) advising Metcash before the end of the Offer Period to the effect that there are no objections to the Offer in terms of the Federal Government's foreign investment policy;
- (2) no order being made in relation to the Offer under section 22 of the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975 within a period of 40 days after Metcash has notified the Treasurer that it proposes to acquire Foodland Shares under the Offer, and no notice being given by the Treasurer to Metcash during that period to the effect that there are any such objections; or
- (3) where an order is made under section 22 of the *Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975*, a period of 90 days having expired after the order comes into operation and no notice having been given by the Treasurer to Metcash during that period to the effect that there are any such objections.

#### (b) ACCC

Either:

- (1) at the end of the Offer Period, the ACCC has not commenced or threatened in writing to commence legal proceedings seeking orders to restrain the acquisition of Foodland Shares by Metcash under the Offer; or
- (2) before the end of the Offer Period, Metcash has received notice in writing from the ACCC stating, or stating to the effect that:
  - (A) the ACCC does not propose to intervene or seek to prevent the acquisition of Foodland Shares by Metcash pursuant to section 50 of the *Trade Practices Act 1974*; and
  - (B) the ACCC does not seek to impose conditions on Metcash's acquisition of shares in Foodland or require undertakings of Metcash in relation to the acquisition of shares in Foodland.

#### (c) Other regulatory approvals

Before the end of the Offer Period, all regulatory approvals or consents that are required by law, or by any public authority, as are necessary to permit:

(1) the Offer to be lawfully made to and accepted by Foodland Shareholders; and

(2) the transactions contemplated by this Bidder's Statement, including full, lawful and effectual implementation of the intentions set out in Section 14 of this Bidder's Statement, to be completed,

are granted, given, made or obtained on an unconditional basis, remain in full force and effect in all respects, and do not become subject to any notice, intimation or indication of intention to revoke, suspend, restrict, modify or not renew the same.

#### (d) No regulatory action

Between the Announcement Date and the end of the Offer Period:

- (1) there is not in effect any preliminary or final decision, order or decree issued by any government, governmental agency, court or public authority;
- (2) no action or investigation is announced, commenced or threatened by any government, governmental agency, court or public authority; and
- (3) no application is made to any government, governmental agency, court or public authority (other than by Metcash or any associate of Metcash),

in consequence of or in connection with the Offer (other than a determination by ASIC or the Takeovers Panel in exercise of the powers and discretions conferred by the Act) which restrains, prohibits or impedes, or threatens to restrain, prohibit or impede, the making of the Offer and the completion of the transaction contemplated by this Bidder's Statement, including full, lawful and effectual implementation of the intentions set out in Section 14 of this Bidder's Statement.

#### Material change conditions

#### (e) No persons exercising rights under certain agreements or instruments

There is no person exercising or purporting to exercise or stating an intention to exercise any rights under any provision of any agreement or other instrument to which Foodland, or any Foodland subsidiary is a party; or by or to which Foodland or any Foodland subsidiary or any of its assets may be bound or be subject, which results, or could result, to an extent which is material in the context of the Foodland Group taken as a whole, in:

- (1) any moneys borrowed by Foodland or any Foodland subsidiary being or becoming repayable or being capable of being declared repayable immediately or earlier than the repayment date stated in such agreement or other instrument;
- (2) any such agreement or other such instrument being terminated or modified or any action being taken or arising thereunder;
- (3) the interest of Foodland or any Foodland subsidiary in any firm, joint venture, trust corporation or other entity (or any arrangements relating to such interest) being terminated or modified; or
- (4) the business of Foodland or any Foodland subsidiary with any other person being adversely affected.

#### (f) Foodland acquisition of Metcash or Metoz

Foodland, or an associate of Foodland, or any entity controlled by Foodland or an associate of Foodland, does not acquire, offer to acquire or agree to acquire, whether directly or indirectly, a legal interest, beneficial interest or relevant interest in more than 5% of the ordinary shares in Metcash or Metoz.

#### (g) Material adverse change of Foodland Australia

Before the end of the Offer Period, there not having occurred, been announced or becoming known to Metcash (whether or not becoming public) any event, change or condition that has had, or could reasonably be expected to have, a material adverse effect on the business, financial or trading position, assets or liabilities, profitability or prospects of Foodland Australia taken as a whole, since I August 2004 (except for such events, changes or conditions disclosed in public filings by Foodland or any of its subsidiaries prior to 6 December 2004 and any event, change or condition that may arise as a consequence of the announcement or consummation of the Offer or the financing of the Offer), including where it becomes known to Metcash that information publicly filed by Foodland or any of its subsidiaries is, or is likely to be, incomplete, incorrect or untrue or misleading. For the purposes of this Section 23.9(g), without limitation, a diminution in the value of Foodland Australia of A\$80,000,000 will be material.

(As at the Announcement Date, Metcash was not aware of any event, change or condition that may cause a breach of this condition).

#### (h) No material acquisitions or disposals

That, except for any proposed transaction publicly announced by Foodland before the Announcement Date, none of the following events occur during the period from the Announcement Date to the end of the Offer Period:

- (1) Foodland or any subsidiary acquires, offers to acquire or agrees to acquire or comes under an obligation to acquire one or more companies, businesses or assets (or an interest in one or more companies, businesses or assets) for an amount in aggregate greater than \$20,000,000, or makes an announcement in relation to such an acquisition;
- (2) Foodland or any subsidiary disposes of, offers to dispose of, agrees to dispose of, or comes under an obligation to dispose of, one or more companies, businesses or assets (or an interest in one or more companies, businesses or assets), including without limitation the payment of a dividend for an amount, or whose book value (as recorded in Foodland's balance sheet as at 1 August 2004) is in aggregate greater than \$20,000,000, or makes an announcement in relation to such a disposition;
- (3) Foodland or any subsidiary:
  - (A) enters into, offers to enter into or announces that it proposes to enter into; or
  - (B) varies or terminates or announces that it proposes to vary or terminate,
  - any joint venture, partnership or other arrangement, involving a commitment of the Foodland Group, in aggregate, greater than A\$20,000,000;
- (4) Foodland or any subsidiary:
  - (A) enters into, offers to enter into or announces that it proposes to enter into; or
  - (B) varies or terminates or announces that it proposes to vary or terminate,
  - any agreement or arrangement which is or would be material in the context of the business of the Foodland Group (which includes, but is not limited to, an agreement or arrangement the termination of which is likely to adversely affect the earnings before interest and tax of the Foodland Group by more than A\$10,000,000 in aggregate per annum);
- (5) Foodland or any subsidiary incurs or commits to, or grants to another person, a right the exercise of which would involve the Foodland Group incurring or committing to any capital expenditure or liability for an amount greater than, in aggregate, A\$20,000,000 unless announced to ASX by Foodland before the Announcement Date;
- (6) Foodland or any subsidiary releases, discharges, or modifies any substantial obligation to it or agrees to do so; or
- (7) Foodland or any subsidiary enters into or agrees to enter into any contract of service or varies or agrees to vary any existing contract of service with any director or officer, or pays or agrees to pay any retirement benefit or allowance to any director or officer, or makes or agrees to make any substantial change in the basis or the amount of remuneration of any director, officer or other employee (except as required by law or provided under any superannuation, provident or retirement scheme as in effect on the Announcement Date).

and during that period the business of the Foodland Group is otherwise carried on in the ordinary course of ordinary business.

#### (i) Consent of third parties

During the period between the Announcement Date and the end of the Offer Period, every person who has or will have a right (whether subject to conditions or not) under any agreement or arrangement which is material in the context of the business of the Foodland Group (which includes but is not limited to an agreement or arrangement the termination of which is likely to adversely affect the revenues or costs of the Foodland Group by more than A\$20,000,000 per annum) to which Foodland or any controlled entity of Foodland is a party which results, or could result, in any such agreement or arrangement being terminated or varied or any action being taken or arising thereunder as a result of Metcash acquiring Foodland Shares including, but not limited to, Metcash acquiring or having a relevant interest in any or a specified number or proportion of Foodland Shares, provides an enforceable, irrevocable and unconditional waiver or release in writing of such right or rights to Foodland and Foodland provides a copy of that waiver or release to Metcash.

#### CA DISTRIBUTION



#### (j) Index out

Between the Announcement Date and the end of the Offer Period, the S&P ASX 200 Index does not fall below 3,300 at any time on any ASX trading day.

#### (k) No prescribed occurrences

During the period from the Announcement Date to the date 3 Business Days after the end of the Offer Period, none of the occurrences listed in Annexure F (being the occurrences listed in section 652C of the Act) happen (other than an issue of Foodland Shares in the circumstances referred to in Section 23.1(i)(2)).

#### Financing and minimum acceptance conditions

#### (I) Availability of Facilities

During, and at the end of the Offer Period:

- (1) each of the preconditions to the availability of the Facilities is and remains satisfied; and
- (2) there is no event of default, or potential event of default, under the Facilities.

#### (m) Minimum acceptance

During, or at the end of the Offer Period, Metcash and its associates have relevant interests in at least 90% of the Foodland Shares.

#### 23.10 Nature and benefit of conditions

- (a) The condition in Section 23.9(a) is a condition precedent to Metcash's acquisition of any interest in Foodland Shares of a kind which would cause a breach of the provisions of laws referred to therein. Notwithstanding your acceptance of the Offer, unless and until the condition in Section 23.9(a) is satisfied:
  - (1) no contract for the sale of your Foodland Shares will come into force or be binding on you or on Metcash;
  - (2) Metcash will have no Rights (conditional or otherwise) in relation to Foodland Shares; and
  - (3) you will be entitled to withdraw your acceptance in the same manner as set out in Section 23.6(b) at any time prior to the satisfaction of that condition.
- (b) The other conditions in Section 23.9 are conditions subsequent. The non-fulfilment of any condition subsequent does not, until the end of the Offer Period (or in the case of the condition in Section 23.9(k), until 3 Business Days after the end of the Offer Period), prevent a contract to sell your Foodland Shares resulting from your acceptance of this Offer, but entitles Metcash, by written notice to you, to rescind the contract resulting from your acceptance of this Offer.
- (c) Subject to the Act, and until the end of the Offer Period, Metcash alone is entitled to the benefit of the conditions in Section 23.9, or to rely on any non-fulfilment of any of them.
- (d) Each condition in Section 23.9 is a separate, several and distinct condition and shall not be taken to limit the meaning or effect of any other condition.

#### 23.11 Best endeavours in relation to conditions

- (a) Metcash and its subsidiaries will each:
  - (1) use their best endeavours to procure that each of the conditions in Section 23.9 is satisfied; and
  - (2) not do or omit to do any thing which may cause a breach of any of the conditions in Section 23.9.
- (b) Without limiting Section 23.11(a), in relation to the condition in Section 23.9(l), Metcash and its subsidiaries will each:
  - (1) use their best endeavours to ensure that each of the preconditions to the availability of the Facilities is and remains satisfied; and
  - (2) not do or omit to do any thing which may trigger an event of default or potential event of default under the Facilities.

#### 23.12 Freeing Offer of conditions

- (a) Metcash may, in its sole discretion, free this Offer and any contract resulting from acceptance of this Offer from all or any of the conditions in Section 23.9 (other than the condition in Section 23.9(a)) generally or in relation to any specific occurrence by giving notice in writing to Foodland and to ASX declaring this Offer to be free from the relevant condition or conditions specified in accordance with Section 650F of the Act. This notice may be given:
  - (1) in the case of the condition in Section 23.9(k) not less than 3 Business Days after the end of the Offer Period; and
  - (2) in the case of the other conditions in Section 23.9 -- not less than 7 days before the end of the Offer Period.
- (b) Metcash may not, at any time, declare the Offer free of the condition in Section 23.9(a).
- (c) If, at the end of the Offer Period (or in the case of the condition in Section 23.9(k), within 3 Business Days after the end of the Offer Period), the conditions in Section 23.9 have not been fulfilled and Metcash has not declared the Offer (or it has not become) free from those conditions, all contracts resulting from the acceptance of the Offer will be automatically void.

#### 23.13 Statutory condition

This Offer and any contract that results from your acceptance of it are subject to a condition that permission for admission to official quotation by ASX of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares, to be issued pursuant to the Offer, is granted no later than 7 days after the end of the Offer Period. If this condition is not fulfilled, all contracts resulting from the acceptance of the Offer will be automatically void.

#### 23.14 Notice on the status of conditions

The date for giving the notice on the status of the conditions required by Section 630(1) of the Act is 14 April 2005 (subject to extension in accordance with Section 630(2) of the Act if the Offer Period is extended).

#### 23.15 Withdrawal of Offer

- (a) This Offer may only be withdrawn with the consent in writing of ASIC, which consent may be given subject to conditions. If so, Metcash will give notice of the withdrawal to ASX and to Foodland and will comply with any other conditions imposed by ASIC.
- (b) If this Offer is withdrawn, all contracts arising from its acceptance automatically become void.

#### 23.16 Variation of Offer

Metcash reserves the right to vary this Offer in accordance with the Act.

#### 23.17 No stamp duty or brokerage

Metcash will pay any stamp duty or brokerage charges payable on the transfer of your Foodland Shares to it.

#### 23.18 Governing law

This Offer and any contract that results from your acceptance of this Offer are governed by the laws in force in New South Wales.



#### 24.1 Definitions

In this Bidder's Statement and in the Acceptance Form, unless the context otherwise requires:

I month VWAP means the total value of shares traded over the preceding one month divided by the total volume of shares traded over that month, as at a set reference date;

5 day VWAP means the average daily volume weighted average sales price per share during the pricing period of five days as at a set reference date other than shares which are sold otherwise than in the ordinary course of trading (including any transactions defined in the ASX Business Rules as "special", crossings prior to the commencement of normal trading, crossings during the closing phase and the after hours adjust phase and any overseas trades or trades pursuant to exercised options over shares, any overnight crossings and any other sales which the directors consider may not be fairly reflective of natural supply and demand);

\$, dollar and cent means Australian currency, unless the context otherwise requires;

A Shareholder means a person who is registered in the Register as the holder of a Metcash A Share;

**AASB** means the Australian Accounting Standards Board;

**ABN** means Australian Business Number:

**ACCC** means the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission;

Acceptance Form means the acceptance form enclosed with this Bidder's Statement and which forms part of the Offer;

Accounting Standard means an instrument in force under section 334 of the Act or a provision of such an instrument as it so has effect;

Act means the Corporations Act;

**Action Borrower** has the meaning given in Section 17.2;

**Action Companies** has the meaning given in Section 17.5;

**Action Facility** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.2;

**Action Facility Agreement** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

Action Facility Commitment Letter has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

**Action Finance Documents** has the meaning given in Section 17.5;

**Action Holdco** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.2;

**African Sale Agreement** has the meaning given to it in Section 19.5;

**AGAAP** means Australian Generally Agreed Accounting Principles;

AGM means annual general meeting;

**ALM** means Australian Liquor Marketers;

**ALH** means Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group;

Announcement means Metcash's public announcement on 6 December 2004 of its proposed Capital Reorganisation and Offer;

Announcement Date means the date on which the Offer was announced to ASX, namely 6 December 2004;

Annual Accounts means, in respect of any financial year, the audited consolidated Statement of Financial Position of the Foodland Group as at 30 June of that year, and the audited consolidated Statement of Financial Performance for the Foodland Group for the 12 month period ended 30 June of that year, together with the notes thereto and related directors' and auditor's reports;

ANZ means Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited ABN 11 005 357 522, as lender under a Facility or as arranger and underwriter of or facility agent for the Syndicated Facility (as the case requires);

**ASIC** means Australian Securities and Investments Commission;

**ASTC** means ASX Settlement and Transfer Corporation Pty Limited;

ASTC Settlement Rules means the operating rules of the settlement facility provided by ASTC;

ASX means Australian Stock Exchange Limited;

ATO means Australian Taxation Office;

**Australian IFRS** means Australian equivalent to International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB);

**Base Rate** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.7;

Bidder's Statement means this document, being the statement of Metcash under Part 6.5 Division 2 of the Act relating to the Offer;

**Board or Metcash Board** means the board of directors of Metcash from time to time;

Business Day means a day on which banks are open for business in Sydney excluding a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday;

**C-Store Distribution** means Convenience Store Distribution;

**Capital Reorganisation** means the capital reorganisation to be effected by means of the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metoz Scheme under which, amongst other things, subject to the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective and the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective:

- (a) Newco will acquire all Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders in exchange for the issue by Newco of Newco Shares to such Scheme Shareholders:
- (b) Newco will purchase all of the issued shares in Metoz for cash; and
- (c) if the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, all Metcash Options will be cancelled in consideration for the issue by Newco of Newco Options to Scheme Optionholders;

Cash Alternative means the \$7.18 cash alternative to Metcash A Shares under the Offer;

CCC means Campbells Cash & Carry;

CGT means Capital Gains Tax;

**CGT roll-over relief** has the meaning given to it in Section 21;

**CHESS** means the clearing house electronic sub-register system of share transfers operated by ASX Settlement and Transfer Corporation Pty Ltd;

**CHESS Holding** means a number of Shares which are registered on Foodland's share register being a register administered by ASTC and which records uncertificated holdings of Shares;

**Consortium** means a consortium, consisting of existing management, two financial institutions and a Black Economic Empowerment group, which, on 6 October 2004, acquired the entire issued share capital of Metrade and other material assets from Metoz, except for its interest in Metcash and a bank loan under the Consortium Facility Agreement. The result of this transaction was that Metoz's sole remaining material asset is its interest in Metcash;

**Consortium Facility Agreement** means the only external financing arrangement in place in relation to Metoz, provided by ANZ, HSBC Bank Australia Limited and Standard Bank London on 1 May 2003 under which the amount outstanding as at 31 January 2005 was \$83 million;

**Controlling Participant** means, in relation to your Foodland Shares, the Participant that has the capacity in the Clearing House Electronic Sub-Register System to transfer your Foodland Shares;

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);

Court means the Supreme Court of New South Wales;

**CULS** means convertible redeemable, subordinated, unsecured loan notes proposed to be issued by Metcash;



**CULS Holder** means each person who is a holder of CULS from time to time:

CULS Issue Price means \$2.54 or any other price agreed between Metcash and the CULS Underwriter;

**CULS Terms** means the terms of issue of the CULS:

**CULS Underwriter** means Deutsche Bank:

**CUPS** means convertible undated preference shares as described in 17.7;

**CUPS Holder** means Deutsche Bank;

**Cut-Off Time** is defined in Section 23.6(a);

**Davids** means Davids Limited:

Deutsche Bank means Deutsche Bank AG;

**DRP** means the underwritten dividend reinvestment plan proposed to be established by Newco;

**EBIT** means earnings before interest and tax;

**EBITA** means earnings before interest, tax and amortisation;

**EBITDA** means earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation;

**Effective** when used in relation to:

- (a) the Metcash Schemes, means the coming into effect, pursuant to section 411(10) of the Act, of the order of the Court made under section 411(4)(b) in relation to the Metcash Scheme; and
- (b) the Metoz Scheme, means the coming into effect of the Metoz Scheme pursuant to section 311 of the Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 (South Africa); and
- (c) the Capital Reorganisation, means the Metcash Share Scheme and Metoz Scheme becoming "Effective" in the manner described in (a) and (b) above.

Eligible Employees means, in respect of the EOS, participants in the EOS who are not Hurdle Participants;

**EOS** means Metcash's employee share plan, the Employee Option Scheme;

**EPS** means the basic earnings per share pre-goodwill amortisation and restructure costs;

**Equity Placement** means the issue of 89,850,000 ordinary shares by Metcash under an institutional placement on 6 December 2004;

**ESOP** means Foodland's Employee Share Ownership Plan;

**ESOP Participant** means an employee of Foodland who is a participant in the ESOP;

**Exchange Deed** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.7(c);

Exchange Ratio means 2.44 Metcash A Shares for each Foodland Share if the Metcash A Share Alternative is chosen, subject to the adjustment set out in section 23.1;

Ex-Rights Date means the date Metcash ordinary shares go ex-rights with respect to the CULS in accordance with the relevant ASX timetable:

Facilities means the loan facilities specified in Section 17;

FIRB means Foreign Investment Review Board;

FMCG means Fast Moving Consumer Goods;

Foodland means Foodland Associated Limited ABN 13 008 667 650;

Foodland Australia means the Australian business carried on by Foodland and its subsidiaries;

**Foodland Group** means Foodland and its subsidiaries;

Foodland New Zealand means, collectively, Foodland's New Zealand businesses;

**Foodland NZ Companies** has the meaning given in Section 17.5;

**Foodland Offer Information Line** means 1300 766 010 (for callers within Australia) or +61 2 9240 7455 (for callers outside Australia);

Foodland Share Plans means the share plans described in Section 13.11;

Foodland Shareholder means a person registered in the register of members of Foodland as a holder of Foodland Shares;

Foodland Shares means fully paid ordinary shares in Foodland and includes all Rights attaching to them;

Foodland Wholesale means the Australian Franchise and Supply business currently owned by Foodland;

**Foreign Shareholder** means a Foodland Shareholder whose address as shown in the register of members of Foodland is in a jurisdiction other than Australia or its external territories or New Zealand, unless Bidder otherwise determines after being satisfied that it is not unlawful, not unduly onerous and not unduly impracticable to make the Offer to a Foodland Shareholder in the relevant jurisdiction and to issue Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares to such a Foodland Shareholder on acceptance of the Offer, and that it is not unlawful for such a Foodland Shareholder to accept the Offer in such circumstances in the relevant jurisdiction;

Former Foodland Shareholder means a Foodland Shareholder that was issued Metcash A Shares and/or NZ Shares;

FY means Financial Year:

**GST** means Goods and Services Tax;

Holder Identification Number means a number used to identify a holder of financial products on a CHESS sub-register;

Hurdle Participant means a participant in the EOS whose entitlement is subject to performance criteria;

IBA means Independent Brands Australia;

IFRS means International Financial Reporting Standards;

IGA means IGA Distribution;

**Implementation Agreement** means the Implementation Agreement dated on or about 21 January 2005 between the company and Newco in relation to the Metcash Schemes as set out in Section 19 of the Scheme Booklet;

**Independent Accountant** means PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited;

Independent Accountant's Report means the report of the Independent Accountant set out in Section 20 of this Bidder's Statement;

**Independent Expert** means PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited;

**Independent Expert's Report** means the report by PwCS in Annexure A;

Independents means supermarket retailers not affiliated with the major chains Coles Myer, Woolworths and Franklins;

**Intercreditor Agreement** has the meaning given in Section 17.5;

**Interested Persons** has the meaning given to it in Section 22.8;

Issuer Sponsored Holdings means a holding of Shares on Foodland's issuer sponsored sub-register;

ITAA 1936 means the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936;

ITAA 1997 means the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997;

Johannesburg Stock Exchange means the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa;

**Listing Rules** means the Listing Rules of ASX;

M & GM means M & GM Investments Pty Ltd;

**Margin** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.7;

Maturity Date means, in respect of the CULS, the date is six months after the date of issue of the CULS or such later date as determined in accordance with the CULS Terms;

Mergeco means Metcash and Foodland Australia after the Offer and compulsory acquisition have completed;

Merged Group means Metcash and its subsidiaries following Metcash acquiring control of Foodland;

Metcash means Metcash Trading Limited (ABN 61 000 031 569);

Metcash (SA) means Metcash Trading Limited (SA), a South African public company;

Metcash A Shares means preference shares in Metcash which have a preferential right to the same dividends as Metcash Shares and which are proposed to be issued by Metcash to Foodland Shareholders as part of the consideration for the Offer;

Metcash A Share Alternative means the 2.44 Metcash A Share Alternative as an alternative to \$7.18 under the Offer, as adjusted in accordance with Section 23.1:

Metcash Board means the board of directors of Metcash from time to time:

Metcash Group means Metcash and its subsidiaries;

Metcash Options mean options to subscribe for a Metcash Share granted under the Option Plan, individually a Metcash Option;

Metcash Option Scheme means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Optionholders in respect of the Metcash Options subject to any alteration or condition made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Act;

Metcash Scheme or Metcash Share Scheme means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Shareholders subject to any alterations or conditions made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Act, by which Newco will acquire the non-Metoz share capital of Metcash;

Metcash Schemes means the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme;

Metcash Scheme Booklet means the explanatory statement for the Metcash Schemes to be provided to Metcash Shareholders in connection with the Capital Reorganisation;

Metcash Shares means fully paid ordinary shares in Metcash;

Metoz means Metoz Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in South Africa and listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange;

Metoz Scheme means the Scheme of Arrangement which is proposed by Newco between Metoz and its members in terms of section 311 of the South African Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 which will result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz;

**Metrade** has the meaning given to it in Section 9.7;

Newco means The Newco Project X Limited ACN 112 073 480;

**Newco Board** means the board of directors of Newco from time to time;

Newco Share means an ordinary share in Newco;

New Metcash means the combined Metcash and Foodland Australia if the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective or the combined Newco and Foodland Australia, if the Capital Reorganisation is Effective;

**NPAT** means Net Profit After Tax:

**NZ Borrower** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.2;

**NZ Facility** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.2;

**NZ Facility Agreement** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

**NZ Facility Commitment Letter** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

**NZ Finance Documents** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

**NZ Holdco** means NZ Holdco Limited ACN 112 196 077, which, after the completion of the Offer, compulsory acquisition and a reorganisation of Foodland New Zealand, will be the Australian holding company for Foodland New Zealand;

NZ Holdco Group means NZ Holdco and each of its subsidiaries;

NZ Holdco Share means an ordinary share in NZ Holdco;

NZ Holdco Shareholder means a person who holds NZ Holdco Shares;

**NZ Holdco Transfer** means the proposed selective reduction of capital by Metcash in which all NZ Shares on issue will be cancelled and, in consideration of the cancellation, NZ Shareholders will receive one share in NZ Holdco for each NZ Share they hold;

**NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution** means any special or ordinary resolution designated by the directors as a NZ Holdco Transfer Resolution and proposed by the directors in a general meeting of Metcash or a meeting of shareholders (or a class of shareholders) to effect the NZ Holdco Transfer:

**NZ Shares** means the preference shares proposed to be issued by Metcash to Foodland shareholders as part consideration for the Offer;

NZ Shareholder means a person who is registered in the Register as the holder of NZ Share;

**NZSX** means the New Zealand Stock Exchange;

Offer means Metcash's offer to acquire Foodland Shares as contained in Section 23 of this Bidder's Statement;

Offer Accepted Sub-Position has the meaning given in the ASTC Settlement Rules;

Offer Consideration has the meaning given to it in Section 23.1(b) of this Bidder's Statement;

**Offer Period** means the period during which the Offer will remain open for acceptance in accordance with Section 23.2 of this Bidder's Statement:

Optionholder means each person who is entered in the Option Register as the holder of Metcash Options from time to time;

**Option Plan** means the Metcash Trading Limited Employee Option Plan;

**Option Register** means the Metcash register of Optionholders;

Participant means a participant as defined in the ASTC Settlement Rules;

**Permitted Distribution** means a dividend or dividends paid by Foodland after the Announcement Date the aggregate sum of which is \$0.43 or less;

Post-Scheme Restructuring means the proposed restructuring of the Newco group (assuming the Scheme becomes Effective);

**PwCS** means PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd ACN 003 311 617;

**Redemption Amount** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.7(b);

Register means the Metcash register of members;

**Register Date** means the date set by Metcash under subsection 633(2) of the Act;

Restructure means the proposed restructure of the Foodland New Zealand business as set out in Section 14.4;

**Rights** means all accretions, rights or benefits of whatever kind attaching to or arising from the Foodland Shares directly or indirectly at or after the Announcement Date including, without limitation, all dividends and all rights to receive them or rights to receive or subscribe for shares, notes, bonds, options or other securities declared, paid or issued by Foodland or by any Foodland subsidiary;

Rights Issue means the proposed issue of CULS pro rata to Metcash Shareholders other than Metoz;

**Schemes** means the inter-conditional Metcash Scheme and Metoz Scheme each a **Scheme**:

**Scheme Meetings** means the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting and the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting;



Scheme Shareholders means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares at the record date other than Metoz;

**Schemes** means the Metcash Schemes and the Metoz Scheme, each a **Scheme**;

Securities Act means the United States Securities Act of 1933;

Security Holder Reference Number means a number allocated by an issuer to identify a holder of securities on an issuer sponsored sub-register;

**Senior Facilities Agreement** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

**Senior Finance Documents** has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5;

Shareholder means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares from time to time (including Metoz);

Soetensteeg means Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a company incorporated in the Netherlands, and which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz;

SPP means the share purchase plan offered by Metcash to Australian and New Zealand Shareholders from 16 December 2004 to 11 January 2005;

SRP means Foodland's Share Rights Plan;

Subscription Agreement means the subscription agreement dated on or about 21 January 2005 between Metcash, Newco and Deutsche Bank;

Syndicated Facility means a new 3 year senior unsecured syndicated cash advance facility to be entered into by Metcash for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation and the Offer;

Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5(a);

**Takeover Bid** means the off-market bid constituted by the Offer;

Takeover Contract means the contract for the acquisition of your Foodland Shares under the Offer which comes into existence on the later of the satisfaction of the condition in clause 23.9(a) or when you accept the Offer;

Takeover Transferee Holding means a CHESS holding to which Foodland Shares are to be transferred pursuant to acceptances of the Offer:

Target's Statement means the Target's Statement to be issued by Foodland in response to this Bidder's Statement as required under the Act;

Tax Adviser's Report means the report of Greenwoods & Freehills set out in Section 21 of this Bidder's Statement;

**TFN** means Tax File Number:

Transaction Documents means the Implementation Agreement and the Metcash Scheme Booklet;

Transfer means the transfer of NZ Holdco to NZ Shareholders by either the issue or transfer of shares in NZ Holdco to NZ Shareholders;

**Underwriting Agreement** has the meaning given to it in Section 11.5;

**Valid Originating Message** is defined in the ASTC Settlement Rules;

**VWAP** means volume weighted average price;

Working Capital means current assets less current liabilities (excluding cash on hand, bank overdrafts and deposits and the current portion of term interest-bearing debt);

Working Capital Facility means the working capital facility to be provided by ANZ to Metcash subject to, and pursuant to the terms of, the Working Capital Facility Commitment Letter; and

Working Capital Facility Commitment Letter has the meaning given to it in Section 17.5(a);

#### 24.2 Interpretation

In this Bidder's Statement and in the Acceptance Form, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) words and phrases have the same meaning (if any) given to them in the Act;
- (b) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (c) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (d) an expression importing a natural person includes any company, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation or other body corporate and vice versa;
- (e) a reference to a section, annexure and schedule is a reference to a section of and an annexure and schedule to this Bidder's Statement as relevant;
- (f) a reference to a statute, regulation, proclamation, ordinance or by-law includes all statutes, regulations, proclamations, ordinances, or by-laws amending, consolidating or replacing it, whether passed by the same or another government agency with legal power to do so, and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by-laws issued under that statute;
- (g) headings and boldings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this Bidder's Statement;
- (h) a reference to time is a reference to time in Sydney, Australia;
- (i) a reference to writing includes email and facsimile transmissions;
- (j) a reference to dollars, \$, A\$, cents, ¢ and currency is a reference to the lawful currency of the Commonwealth of Australia;
- (k) a reference to US\$ is a reference to the lawful currency of the United States of America.

## 25 Approval of Bidder's Statement

This Bidder's Statement has been approved by a resolution passed by the directors of Metcash.

Dated:

**Signed** 

for and on behalf of Metcash Trading Limited

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## **Metcash Trading Limited**

Independent Expert's Report and Financial Services Guide

Pro-forma valuation of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

21 January 2005



PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd ACN 003 311 617 ABN 54 003 311 617 Holder of Australian Financial Services Licence No 244572

Darling Park Tower 2 201 Sussex Street **GPO BOX 2650** SYDNEY NSW 1171 DX 77 Sydney Australia www.pwc.com/au Telephone +61 2 8266 0000 Facsimile +61 2 8266 9999

**Financial Services Guide** This Financial Services Guide is dated 21 January 2005

#### About us

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (ABN 54 003 311 617, Australian Financial Services Licence no 244572) ("PwCS") has been engaged by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") to provide a report in the form of an Independent Expert's Report (the "Report") in relation to the proposed offer of acquisition of all the shares of Foodland Associated Limited by Metcash for inclusion in this Bidders' Statement.

You have not engaged us directly but have been provided with a copy of the Report as a retail client because of your connection to the matters set out in the Report.

#### This Financial Services Guide

This Financial Services Guide ("FSG") is designed to assist retail clients in their use of any general financial product advice contained in the Report. This FSG contains information about PwCS generally, the financial services we are licensed to provide, the remuneration we may receive in connection with the preparation of the Report, and how complaints against us will be dealt with.

#### Financial services we are licensed to provide

Our Australian financial services licence allows us to provide a broad range of services, including providing financial product advice in relation to various financial products such as securities, interests in managed investment schemes, derivatives, superannuation products, foreign exchange contracts, insurance products, life products, managed investment schemes, government debentures, stocks or bonds, and deposit products.

#### General financial product advice

The Report contains only general financial product advice. It was prepared without taking into account your personal objectives, financial situation or needs.

You should consider your own objectives, financial situation and needs when assessing the suitability of the Report to your situation. You may wish to obtain personal financial product advice from the holder of an Australian Financial Services Licence to assist you in this assessment.

#### Fees, commissions and other benefits we may receive

PwCS charges fees to produce reports, including this Report. These fees are negotiated and agreed with the entity who engages PwCS to provide a report. Fees



are charged on an hourly basis or as a fixed amount depending on the terms of the agreement with the person who engages us. The fees we have charged for the preparation of this Report and our basis of charging are disclosed in Appendix A to the Report.

Directors or employees of PwCS, PricewaterhouseCoopers, or other associated entities, may receive partnership distributions, salary or wages from PricewaterhouseCoopers.

#### Associations with issuers of financial products

PwCS and its partners, employees and associates may from time to time have relationships with the issuers of financial products. For example, PricewaterhouseCoopers may be the auditor of, or PwCS may provide financial advisory services to, the issuer of a financial product in the ordinary course of its business. However, PwCS has no prior professional relationship with Metcash.

#### Complaints

If you have a complaint, please raise it with us first, using the contact details listed below. We will endeavour to satisfactorily resolve your complaint in a timely manner. In addition, a copy of our internal complaints handling procedure is availably upon request.

If we are not able to resolve your complaint to your satisfaction within 45 days of your written notification, you are entitled to have your matter referred to the Financial Industry Complaints Service ("FICS"), an external complaints resolution service. You will not be charged for using the FICS service.

#### Contact details

PwCS can be contacted by sending a letter to the following address:

Richard Stewart
PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd
201 Sussex Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000



The Directors Metcash Trading Limited 4 Newington Road Silverwater NSW 2128

21 January 2005

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd ACN 003 311 617 ABN 54 003 311 617 Holder of Australian Financial Services Licence No 244572

Darling Park Tower 2 201 Sussex Street **GPO BOX 2650** SYDNEY NSW 1171 DX 77 Sydney Australia www.pwc.com/au Telephone +61 2 8266 0000 Facsimile +61 2 8266 9999

Dear Sirs

Independent Expert's Report in relation to pro-forma value of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

#### 1 Introduction

On 6 December 2004, Metcash Trading Limited (Metcash) announced its intention to make an off-market takeover offer (the Offer) for the entire issued share capital of Foodland Associated Limited (Foodland).

Under the Offer, Metcash is proposing that Foodland shareholders will receive for each Foodland share held:

- 2.44<sup>1</sup> Metcash Australian preference shares (Metcash A Shares) (to represent the same value and economic entitlement as existing Metcash ordinary shares) or A\$7.18 cash, and
- One Metcash New Zealand preference share (NZ Shares) to represent the value of and economic entitlement to Foodland's New Zealand businesses (Foodland New Zealand).

Metcash intends to retain Foodland's Australian businesses only. Metcash proposes that the New Zealand operations will be returned to Foodland shareholders by the cancellation of the NZ Shares in exchange for the transfer of ordinary shares in a new New Zealand holding company (NZ Holdco). NZ Holdco will be separately listed on the ASX.

Metcash also intends to sell Foodland's retail stores in Queensland, Northern New South Wales and Western Australia to independent owners following completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition of any outstanding Foodland shares.

As adjusted for pro-rata offerings that may be required to insulate accepting Foodland shareholders from the dilutionary impact of the funding arrangements associated with the Capital Reorganisation discussed below.



The Directors of Metcash have requested that PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (PwCS) prepare a report on our expert opinion of the likely value of the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares in the event that the proposed transaction proceeds (pro-forma values) so that Foodland shareholders may better understand the total value of the consideration they are being offered. We make no expression of the fairness and reasonableness of the Offer.

This report is to be included with Metcash's Bidder's Statement to be sent to Foodland shareholders. There is no statutory requirement under the Corporations Law, the Listing Rules of the Australian Stock Exchange or other regulations for Metcash to commission an expert's report in relation to the Offer. The report is intended for use within Australia and New Zealand in connection with the Offer. It is not to be used in any other jurisdiction whatsoever.

### 2 Summary and conclusions

#### 2.1 Valuation of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares

In summary, the range of pro-forma values we have assessed for the share based consideration receivable in respect of each Foodland share is as follows:

Capital Reorganisation proceeds - \$21.24-\$26.19

Capital Reorganisation does not proceed - \$21.14-\$24.73.

Foodland shareholders will also receive the interim dividend in respect of the half-year at an estimated value of \$0.43 per share. Our valuation is ex-this dividend so the value of the dividend should be added to our valuation to compare to the trading price of Foodland.

Furthermore, PwCS has concluded that the pro-forma value of each class of shares is in the ranges detailed below:

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash <sup>2</sup>
\$ million				
Value per Metcash A Share (ex-CULS rights)	\$3.07 to \$3.37	\$3.11 to \$3.54	\$2.94 to \$3.28	\$2.93 to \$3.41
No. of Metcash A Shares received for one Foodland share	2.44	2.44	2.58 to 2.67	2.71 to 2.96
Equivalent value provided per one share of Foodland	\$7.49 to \$8.22	\$7.59 to \$8.64	\$7.59 to \$8.76	\$7.94 to \$10.10
Value per NZ Share	\$13.65 to \$16.09	\$13.65 to \$16.09	\$13.65 to \$16.09	\$13.65 to \$16.09
Total consideration received for one Foodland share	\$21.14 to \$24.31	\$21.24 to \$24.73	\$21.24 to \$24.85	\$21.59 to \$26.19
Total consideration if cash of \$7.18 in place of Metcash A Share for one Foodland share	\$20.83 to \$23.27	\$20.83 to \$23.27	\$20.83 to \$23.27	\$20.83 to \$23.27
Foodland share price pre announcement <sup>1</sup>	\$19.21	\$19.21	\$19.21	\$19.21
Cum-CULS rights value				
Value per Metcash A Share (cum-CULS rights)	\$3.07 to \$3.37	\$3.11 to \$3.54	\$3.11 to \$3.59	\$3.25 to \$4.14
No. of Metcash A Shares received for one Foodland share	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44
Equivalent value provided per one share of Foodland (cum-CULS rights)	\$7.49 to \$8.22	\$7.59 to \$8.64	\$7.59 to \$8.76	\$7.94 to \$10.10

One month Volume Weighted Average Price

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In this case, we have assumed all CUPS will be redeemed and treated as debt. However, if all CUPS are converted into shares in Newco based on our assessed value of Metcash A Shares, we note that the change in the value per Metcash A Share (as above) will be insignificant.



We note that the terms of the Offer provide for a change with respect to the number of shares that Foodland shareholders will receive in the event of a successful Capital Reorganisation proposal. We have prepared a theoretical calculation of the number of the Metcash A Shares Foodland shareholders will receive based on our valuations. However, Foodland shareholders should be aware that the number of shares they will receive will have regard to market prices of the Metcash shares pre- and post-CULS entitlement rights and may differ from the number set out in the above table.

We note that a 100% cash acceptance will not result in an issue of Metcash A Shares. However, it is presented as the absolute minimum acceptance level to illustrate the impact of differing levels of scrip vs. cash acceptance. It should be noted that the value of Metcash A Shares under Cases 3 and 4 ignores the value of the right to participate in the CULS offer, which Foodland shareholders are unable to do. An adjustment has also been made to the Exchange Ratio to take into account the dilution impact of the CULS issue.

The valuation of both the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares has been undertaken predominantly using the capitalisation of future maintainable earnings methodology.

Our valuation approach complies with the principles set out in Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) Practice Notes 42 and 43.

#### 2.2 Limitations

#### Available information

Certain valuations included in this report relate to the Foodland business that is the subject of a current takeover offer from Metcash. A limitation of the pro-forma valuations of the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares which include Foodland is that the components of the valuation relating to Foodland are based solely on publicly available information. Although Foodland is required to disclose information regarding its geographical business segments in accordance with Australian accounting standards, this financial information is considerably less detailed than that would normally be available in providing opinions of value for inclusion in public documents.

#### In particular:

- We have not had access to Foodland management to better understand the
  operations of Foodland's businesses. For example, we have only limited information
  in relation to central costs that would be incurred to operate Foodland's New
  Zealand business on a stand alone basis;
- We have not had access to Foodland management to better understand the likely synergies arising from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian businesses:



- Foodland's financial year end is on or around 31 July. Hence, the most recent financial information we have is for the 52 weeks to 1 August 2004 and first guarter 2005 sales report; and
- We have relied upon brokers' forecasts as an indication of the likely future financial performance of Foodland.

#### Rounding

Numbers contained in this report are rounded to either zero or one decimal place, therefore if a set of numbers do not appear to add together precisely it is purely a function of rounding.

#### Changing market conditions

A further limitation of our conclusion is that market conditions may change between the date of this report and when the various aspects of the transaction are concluded. This is potentially significant if the Offer by Metcash is extended.

Whilst the Offer is due to close in approximately 12 weeks, it is not uncommon in Australia for offers to be outstanding for periods of time greater than the initial offer period. Furthermore, once the Offer is closed, there is likely to be a further delay of several months before the transactions required to transfer Foodland New Zealand to NZ Shareholders occur due to the proposed restructure and Corporations Act requirements in relation to the capital reduction.

#### **Future information limitations**

We note that in utilising forecast financial information and, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, differences between forecast and actual results are likely to arise, some of which may be material.

#### Individual shareholder circumstances

This report is to be included with the Bidder's Statement in assisting the shareholders of Foodland to better understand the value of the consideration proposed under the Offer. The report should not be used for any other purpose. We will not be responsible for the use of this report contrary to this paragraph.

This report is intended for use within Australia and New Zealand in connection with the Offer. It is not to be used in any other jurisdiction whatsoever.

This report has not been prepared to provide information to any parties considering the purchase or sale of any Metcash or Foodland securities. Accordingly, we do not assume any responsibility or liability for any losses suffered as a result of the use of this report contrary to the provisions of this paragraph.



Users of this report should have regard to the qualifications, disclaimers and consents contained in Appendix A. All amounts referred to in this report are in Australian dollars, unless otherwise specifically stated.

#### General advice warning

This report sets out general advice in relation to the Offer and has been prepared without taking account of the particular objectives, financial situation or needs of the individual shareholders of Foodland. Accordingly, before taking any action in relation to the Offer, Foodland shareholders should consider the appropriateness of the advice having regard to their individual circumstances and if they are in any doubt about their decision, obtain their own professional financial advice. Any decision to hold shares in Metcash or Foodland is a separate investment decision. This report provides no advice or opinion in relation to this decision and shareholders should seek their own professional advice as to the investment decision appropriate to their particular circumstances.

The balance of our report is set out in the following sections:



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### 3 Transaction Overview

On 6 December 2004, Metcash announced its intention to make an off-market takeover offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland.

At the same time, Metcash also announced its intention to undertake a capital reorganisation which would, in effect, result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's 52% majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited (Metoz) and the acquisition of non-Metoz shareholders in Metcash (Capital Reorganisation). Since Metoz's only material asset is its holding in Metcash, the Capital Reorganisation will, in effect, achieve a purchase of Metoz's shareholding in Metcash. We note that prior to the announcement, Metoz held a 60% interest in Metcash.

The Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other.

We have been requested to provide our expert opinion of the pro-forma value of the Metcash A Shares and the pro-forma value of the NZ Shares which together, with a cash alternative of \$7.18 in relation to the Metcash A Shares, comprise the consideration under the Offer. Whilst the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are not inter-conditional, the Capital Reorganisation may impact the value of the Metcash A Shares under the Offer to a minor extent, and as such we set out details of the proposed Capital Reorganisation below.

#### 3.1 The Offer

Under the Offer, Metcash is proposing that Foodland shareholders will receive for each Foodland share held:

- 2.44<sup>2</sup> Metcash A Shares (to represent the same value and economic entitlement as Metcash ordinary shares) or A\$7.18 cash; and
- One NZ Share (to represent the value of and economic entitlement to Foodland New Zealand, intended to be retained by Foodland shareholders).

The Metcash A Shares being issued are to provide flexibility until Metcash knows if and when the Capital Reorganisation becomes effective. If the Capital Reorganisation does become effective, the Metcash A Shares will be exchanged for ordinary shares in Newco (a newly listed company which will then own all ordinary capital of Metcash). If the Capital Reorganisation is not effective, the Metcash A Shares will convert into Metcash ordinary shares.

Following the successful completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition, it is Metcash's stated intention that the NZ Shares will be cancelled in exchange for the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As adjusted for pro-rata offerings that may be required to insulate accepting Foodland shareholders from the dilutionary impact of the funding arrangements associated with the Capital Reorganisation discussed below.

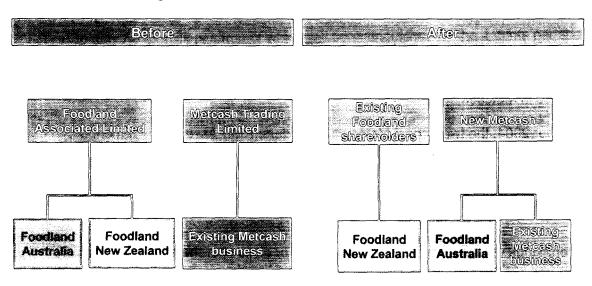
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Metcash Trading Limited Independent Expert's Report 21 January 2005

transfer of ordinary shares in NZ Holdco, which will be separately listed on the ASX. This exchange will be subject to various shareholder approvals at that time. We understand that from the time of issue until exchange for ordinary shares in NZ Holdco, the NZ Shares will be listed on the ASX.

If capital is raised from current Metcash shareholders on a discounted pro-rata basis pursuant to the Capital Reorganisation, it is the intention of Metcash to minimise the effect of any dilution of Foodland shareholders by increasing the number of shares offered. The terms of such adjustments are set out in Section 9.11 of this report and the impact is reflected in our valuations under relevant cases.

The proposed structure before and after the proposed takeover of Foodland are summarised in the diagram below:



### 3.2 The Capital Reorganisation

Under the Capital Reorganisation, a new holding company, Newco, will be put in place whereby:

- Newco will purchase all of the shares in Metoz for the South African Rand (SA Rand) equivalent of A\$0.6015 per Metoz share (derived from a cash consideration of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz (including assumed Metoz net liabilities of A\$0.07 per Metcash share with the result that the effective cash consideration to Metoz shareholders to be A\$2.85 per Metcash share)); and
- All other shareholders in Metcash will receive 1 Newco ordinary share for each Metcash share held (including the holders of the Metcash A Shares if the Offer is successful).

At the completion of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will be renamed Metcash.



We set out below a summary of Metcash's funding arrangements under possible cases regarding the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation and the take up of cash or Metcash A Shares under the Offer.

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital Reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash
\$ million			<u> </u>	
Sources of cash				
Syndicated Facility		425	341	756
Action Facility	235	235	235	235
Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS)				50
Convertible Unsecured Loan Note Securities (CULS)			372	744
Placement	270	270	270	270
SPP	21	21_	21_	21
	526	950	1,239	2,075
Uses of cash				
Capital Reorganisation			1,125	1,125
Offer		846		846
Transaction costs	74	74	84	74
Restructuring costs	30	30	30	30
Available for Capital Management	422			
	526	950	1,239	2,075

Management has advised us that if surplus funds are raised under the proposed funding arrangements, due to a higher take up of scrip than anticipated, then they will consider a range of capital management techniques to adjust the capital structure of the group to that which they consider optimal.

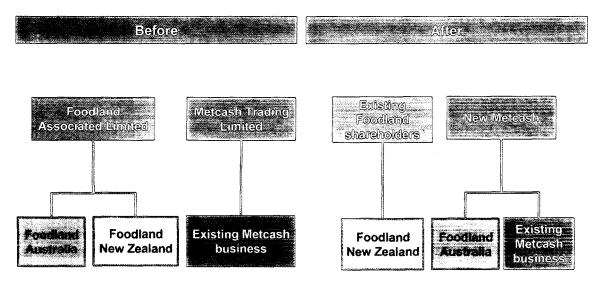
It should be noted that the Capital Reorganisation is a yes/no proposition which will either occur or not occur. On the other hand, the result of the Offer may lie anywhere on a continuum between 100% scrip acceptance and 100% cash acceptance.



transfer of ordinary shares in NZ Holdco, which will be separately listed on the ASX. This exchange will be subject to various shareholder approvals at that time. We understand that from the time of issue until exchange for ordinary shares in NZ Holdco, the NZ Shares will be listed on the ASX.

If capital is raised from current Metcash shareholders on a discounted pro-rata basis pursuant to the Capital Reorganisation, it is the intention of Metcash to minimise the effect of any dilution of Foodland shareholders by increasing the number of shares offered. The terms of such adjustments are set out in Section 9.11 of this report and the impact is reflected in our valuations under relevant cases.

The proposed structure before and after the proposed takeover of Foodland are summarised in the diagram below:



# 3.2 The Capital Reorganisation

Under the Capital Reorganisation, a new holding company, Newco, will be put in place whereby:

- Newco will purchase all of the shares in Metoz for the South African Rand (SA Rand) equivalent of A\$0.6015 per Metoz share (derived from a cash consideration of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz (including assumed Metoz net liabilities of A\$0.07 per Metcash share with the result that the effective cash consideration to Metoz shareholders to be A\$2.85 per Metcash share)); and
- All other shareholders in Metcash will receive 1 Newco ordinary share for each Metcash share held (including the holders of the Metcash A Shares if the Offer is successful).

At the completion of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will be renamed Metcash.



The Capital Reorganisation will be implemented by way of three Schemes of Arrangement:

- A Metoz Scheme of Arrangement to be voted on by Metoz shareholders (Metoz Scheme);
- A Metcash Scheme of Arrangement to be voted on by Metcash shareholders (other than Metoz) (Metcash Share Scheme); and
- A Metcash Scheme of Arrangement to be voted on by Metcash optionholders (Metcash Option Scheme) (Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme collectively – the Metcash Schemes)

Metoz Scheme and Metcash Schemes collectively – the Schemes.

Assuming the Schemes are approved and if the Offer is successful, Metcash shareholders (including former Foodland shareholders that accept the scrip alternative), will become shareholders of Newco, a company to be listed on the ASX, which will own 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash.

On 3 December 2004, the two largest Metoz shareholders: RMB Asset Management (Pty) Limited (RMB), and STANLIB Asset Management Limited (STANLIB), who at that date collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 47% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz, separately provided undertakings to vote in favour of the Metoz Scheme and all such shareholders' resolutions of Metoz as may be necessary to implement the Metoz Scheme.

These undertakings will fall away on receipt by Metoz or all its shareholders of a materially superior offer for Metoz, which offer needs to be unconditional as to funding, and needs to be certified by an independent financial adviser appointed by Metoz as having a better than even prospect of becoming unconditional in every respect by the first closing date of such offer. Under the undertakings, RMB and STANLIB are permitted to sell up to approximately 95 and 93 million Metoz shares respectively. In addition, the undertakings will not apply to any Metoz shares managed for client which terminates the mandate to RMB or STANLIB as asset managers prior to completion of the Metoz Scheme. However, Metcash understands that both RMB and STANLIB have put in place controls to ensure that, under no circumstances, will they sell more than the approximately 95 and 93 million shares respectively permitted to be sold by the undertakings, so that the minimum proportion of the issued shares of Metoz to which the undertakings could apply is 36.5%.

Since the announcement on 6 December 2004, STANLIB has sold approximately 71 million Metoz shares. As a result, RMB and STANLIB as at 14 January 2005 collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 43% of the issued shares in Metoz.

#### **Background on Metoz**

Metoz (formerly called Metro Cash and Carry Limited) was incorporated in South Africa in 1946 and its shares are listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE). On 6 October



2004, Metoz sold all of its business except Metcash to a consortium of Metro management and a Black Empowerment Consortium. Prior to the divestment, Metoz conducted business in sixteen countries across Africa, Australasia and the Far East as distributors of groceries and other fast moving consumer goods.

#### Shareholder Structure

Metoz's three largest shareholders, RMB Asset Management Proprietary Limited, STANLIB Asset Management Limited and Old Mutual Asset Managers, collectively control approximately 63% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz. Issued share capital of Metoz at 31 October 2004 was approximately 1,825 million ordinary shares. The effective acquisition price in SA Rand is 2.61 per share, which represents a substantial 31% premium to the three month VWAP of Metoz's shares on the JSE of SA Rand 1.99.

#### Assets and Liabilities of Metoz

Metoz's only major asset is its investment in Metcash. Metoz also has net liabilities of approximately A\$43 million, some of which will be extinguished by the 4 cents per share special dividend payable upon the Capital Reorganisation being approved. The remaining net liabilities would be approximately A\$27 million. It is the intention of Metcash to retire this debt immediately on acquisition of Metoz.

There are also residual warranties provided by Metoz in relation to various aspects of the sale to the consortium referred to above and potential tax liabilities on the potential realisation of the capital gain enjoyed by Metoz in respect of its holding in Metcash. The directors have received advice that no warranty claims exist and that likely tax liabilities will be zero. A post-Capital Reorganisation restructure is planned to minimise the risk of any of these liabilities arising. The directors also sought an opinion that in the worst case, the tax liabilities arising from the capital gain and/or the restructure will not exceed \$47 million. In our valuation, we have excluded these potential liabilities.

# 3.3 Funding of the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation

In order to help fund the Offer, Metcash issued ordinary shares under an institutional placement on 6 December 2004. At the conclusion of the placement, Metcash issued 89,850,000 ordinary shares at a price of \$3.00 per share, representing a 2% premium to Metcash's previous closing price on 3 December of \$2.94. The placement raised a total of \$269,550,000.

Metcash also conducted a share purchase plan (SPP) for retail investors subsequent to this placement. At the conclusion of the SPP, Metcash issued approximately 7 million ordinary shares at a price of \$3.00 per share. The SPP raised a total of \$20.9 million.

The amount raised under the placement and SPP may or may not be enough to equity fund the entire cash consideration under the Offer, depending upon how many Foodland shareholders elect to receive cash rather than Metcash A Shares.

Accordingly, some debt may be required; the various debt facilities proposed are described in Section 9.11 of this report.



We set out below a summary of Metcash's funding arrangements under possible cases regarding the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation and the take up of cash or Metcash A Shares under the Offer.

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital Reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash
\$ million				
Sources of cash			•	770
Syndicated Facility		425	341	756
Action Facility	235	235	235	235
Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS)				50
Convertible Unsecured Loan Note Securities (CULS)			372	744
Placement	270	270	270	270
SPP	21	21	21	21
	526	950	1,239	2,075
Uses of cash				
Capital Reorganisation			1,125	1,125
Offer		846		846
Transaction costs	74	74	84	74
Restructuring costs	30	30	30	30
Available for Capital Management	422			
	526	950	1,239	2,075

Management has advised us that if surplus funds are raised under the proposed funding arrangements, due to a higher take up of scrip than anticipated, then they will consider a range of capital management techniques to adjust the capital structure of the group to that which they consider optimal.

It should be noted that the Capital Reorganisation is a yes/no proposition which will either occur or not occur. On the other hand, the result of the Offer may lie anywhere on a continuum between 100% scrip acceptance and 100% cash acceptance.



# Basis of assessment

#### 4.1 Overview

The consideration being offered by Metcash per Foodland ordinary share under the Offer comprises:

- 2.443 Metcash A Shares or A\$7.18 cash; and
- One NZ Share.

We have been engaged to provide our expert opinion of the pro-forma value of the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares. We have formed our view as if these shares existed as at the date of this report, even though they only come into existence on the acceptance of scrip offers by Foodland shareholders. As the Foodland shareholders will obtain only minority interests in the merged entity, we have formed our opinion of the minority value of these shares i.e. the value at which these shares might trade in a normal market.

We have determined the value of the Metcash A Shares by assessing the likely value of the merged business of Metcash and Foodland's Australian business, including the proceeds of the proposed divestment of Action stores. We have also considered the valuation impact of the Capital Reorganisation on the pro-forma value of the Metcash A Shares, should it occur.

We have determined the pro-forma value of the NZ Shares by assessing the likely value of Foodland's New Zealand business if it were to be transferred to NZ Shareholders and listed as a new company on the Australian Stock Exchange.

Our valuation approach complies with the principles set out in ASIC Practice Notes 42 and 43.

#### 4.2 Valuation methodology

A first step to forming our opinion of the pro-forma value of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares is an assessment of the fair market value of the underlying businesses that these shares represent. Fair market value is commonly defined as:

"The price that would be negotiated in an open and unrestricted market between a knowledgeable, willing but not anxious buyer and a knowledgeable, willing but not anxious seller acting at arms length."

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  As adjusted for pro-rata offerings that may be required to insulate accepting Foodland shareholders from the dilutionary impact of the funding arrangements associated with the Capital Reorganisation discussed below.



We have considered the following valuation approaches when estimating the fair market value of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares:

- Capitalisation of estimated future maintainable earnings;
- Net present value of projected cash flows (discounted cash flow);
- Comparison with similar open market transactions; and
- Net asset backing assuming an orderly realisation of the assets.

The selection of the techniques that are most appropriate to apply in any situation rests with the circumstances of the particular case. The following valuation techniques are not mutually exclusive and can be applied in conjunction with each other.

### Capitalisation of earnings

A widely applied valuation technique is the application of an appropriate multiple to estimated future maintainable earnings. This requires an assessment of:

- A maintainable level of earnings which can be sustained by the company in the long run;
- The selection of an appropriate multiple to apply to these earnings; and
- The identification of any assets or liabilities surplus to the business needs.

Where the valuation is based on an assessment of earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation, the value derived is of the whole business enterprise. Consequently, the value of any debt required to achieve this level of earnings must be deducted in order to derive the value of the shares. This approach has the advantage of not distorting the business value by the effects of differing debt levels.

#### Discounted cash flow

The discounted cash flow (DCF) approach is considered to be a technically superior methodology since it allows for fluctuations in future performance to be properly recognised. To be most effective it requires at least five, and preferably more, years of reasonably reliable cash flow forecasts.

#### Open market transactions

This approach involves a comparison to similar recent open market transactions and the financial ratios implied by those transactions.

### Net asset backing

The net asset backing approach assumes an orderly realisation of the net assets of the company. It is often the primary valuation technique where businesses are not currently



trading or making profits and have little prospect of doing so in the future, or where the capitalisation of profits (or cash flows) yields a lower value than that of the net assets.

We have also compared the valuations derived by a combination of the commonly accepted valuation methodologies described above to the value implied by an analysis of the recent listed share prices of Metcash and Foodland.

### 4.3 Sources of information

Principal sources of information for the pro-forma valuation of the Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares are outlined below:

#### Metcash A Shares

- Discussion with Metcash management;
- Metcash internal management information including budgets and forecasts and management accounts
- Metcash assessments of the financial implications of the way in which the Foodland business would be run post-acquisition by Metcash
- Publicly available information on Foodland, including Annual Reports and Company Announcements
- Various brokers reports assessing the Metcash and Foodland businesses
- Other sections of the Bidder's Statement; and
- Metcash Annual reports and Company Announcements.

### NZ Shares

- Publicly available information on Foodland, including Annual Reports and Company Announcements:
- Various brokers reports assessing the Foodland's New Zealand business; and
- Other sections of the Bidder's Statement.

A full list of information sources is detailed in Appendix C to this report.

# 5 Australian grocery industry profile

### 5.1 Introduction

The Australian grocery industry is dominated by two major players, namely Woolworths Limited (Woolworths) and Coles Myer Limited (Coles). Both companies operate integrated national grocery retail and wholesale businesses. The rest of the grocery industry can be broadly split into two categories, wholesale and retail.

Metcash is the largest specialist grocery wholesaler in Australia. Foodland operates integrated wholesale and retail businesses primarily in New Zealand, Northern New South Wales, Queensland and Western Australia. Foodland is also a wholesaler to independent retailers in Western Australia.

Metcash also has a liquor wholesaling business which is subject to different market dynamics to the grocery business. We therefore analyse the liquor wholesaling industry separately below.

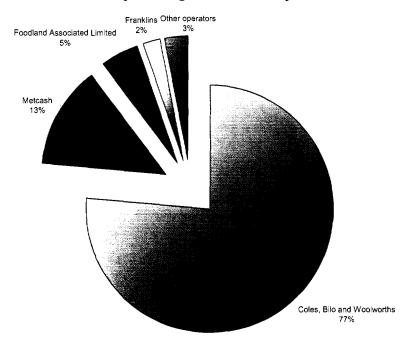
# 5.2 Competitive environment

### **Grocery retailing**

In the year ended 30 June 2004, the Australian grocery retailing industry generated total revenues of approximately \$52.5 billion. Competition in this industry is driven largely by price, product range, product quality, location of stores and customer service.

We set out below a split of market revenue for the grocery retailing industry in Australia for 2004.

Grocery retailing market share by revenue



Source: AC Nielsen



The larger chains also compete through alliances with petrol retailers, the promotion of inhouse fresh food products and through the opening of convenience stores. In response to this, some smaller players such as Foodland's Action supermarkets are promoting various loyalty schemes (including some less significant relationships with petrol retailers) as well as their customer service, given that, often, they are unable to compete on price and hours of operation.

In addition to competing with the large chains described above, grocery operators also compete with other specialty outlets, such as bakeries and convenience stores.

The two largest players, Woolworths and Coles, are able to maintain prominence in the industry primarily through their scale which provides them with considerable purchasing power.

Woolworths operates more than 1,400 stores in Australia. In addition to its grocery retailing, the company also conducts retail operations in general merchandising, apparel and homeware through its Big W stores, and in liquor and petrol.

Coles conducts grocery retailing and retail operations in general merchandising through Kmart and Officeworks, apparel and homeware through Target and department stores through Myer. Over recent years, Coles' grocery retailing area has grown through the opening of new stores, through the acquisition of various independent supermarkets, and through entering the liquor and petrol retailing segments.

Metcash operates as the wholesaler for a number of independent players operate in the industry under the IGA banner and Foodworks Supermarket group. These stores have a combined market share by revenue of 13% as displayed above, and collectively represent the third largest retail grocery chain in Australia.

Foodland operates in the Australian grocery retailing industry directly through its Action supermarkets in Western Australia, Northern NSW and Queensland and indirectly through its wholesale operations to independent retailers in Western Australia.

Other players in this industry include chain operators such as Aldi and Franklins/Pick'n'Pay and other independent operators.

### **Grocery wholesaling**

As noted above, Woolworths and Coles have their own supply networks to stores. The grocery wholesaling industry therefore predominantly relates to the independent retailers. Metcash is the market leader in this market.

In 2004, the combined revenue of Metcash and Foodland Australia generated from the Australian grocery wholesaling industry was approximately \$9 billion (including wholesale to Action stores). The remaining revenue from the grocery wholesale industry was shared by other independent operators.

Competition in this industry is driven largely by price, however, other factors such as after sales service, guaranteed supply, and use of buying power to compete with the major retail chains are important in growing and maintaining market share. Given competition is primarily based on price, wholesaling margins are relatively low, especially for high volume goods.



## 5.3 Value drivers

### **Grocery retailing**

Industry performance is driven mainly by changes in real household disposable income and changes in consumer tastes. Total household disposable income in a particular area is linked to population growth and prevailing general economic conditions at any given time. A sustained period of low interest rates and a buoyant housing market in Australia has increased overall household expenditure, although in periods of high consumer confidence, households are more inclined to replace grocery purchases with restaurant and fast food alternatives.

Government legislation regarding hours of operation has allowed larger players to pursue a key competitive advantage in providing flexibility to consumers in their shopping patterns. This has been to the detriment of smaller individual operators who may lack necessary staff and resources to do this. Given the relatively high labour intensity of grocery retailers, the operating expenses of operators are influenced by Government regulations regarding wages paid, working conditions and casual employment.

### **Grocery wholesaling**

The revenue of the grocery wholesale market is closely linked and its prospects are heavily dependent on the performance of the retail sector.

In low margin businesses, cost control is an essential element of business performance. As such the costs of operating wholesale supply logistics are a key driver. In recent times, the industry's major players have gained an advantage by developing sophisticated electronic ordering, purchasing and supplying systems.

# 5.4 Barriers to entry

Scale is the major barrier to entry in both the retail and wholesale grocery sectors. The purchasing power, real estate locations and efficient distribution networks of Coles and Woolworths enable significant pricing power in the retail market.

To compete effectively, new retailers need to differentiate themselves from the majors, from specialty stores, such as bakers and speciality food retailers, and from other grocery players within their geographical region.

For wholesalers, the cost of establishing sufficient coverage and efficiency of distribution facilities is a major barrier as is the need to develop strong relationships with retailers.

# 5.5 Industry performance and outlook

### **Grocery retailing**

Over the last two decades expenditure on groceries as a percentage of total household final expenditure has declined, reflecting the long term relative decline in expenditure by households on food and grocery items and increases in expenditure on fast food and restaurant meals.

Industry revenue and growth in revenue is displayed below:



Year to 30 June	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
Industry revenue (\$m)	48,089	48,481	49,366	50,654	52,486
Growth (%) <sup>1</sup>	2.6	0.8	1.8	2.6	3.6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimated by IBISWorld

Over the four years to 2003-04, the industry grew at an average rate of 2.2% per annum.

In 2002-03, the industry's growth was aided by stable interest rates and GDP growth. In 2003-04, revenues are estimated to have grown by 3.6%, assisted by stronger GDP growth, a fall in unemployment and stronger income growth.

Over the five years to 2008-09, IBIS World expects the industry to experience average growth in total revenues of 2.7% per annum.

The grocery retailing industry is mature and it is likely that competitive pressures will limit entry by new players. The product range offered by existing players suggests that the grocery market is reaching a point of saturation, and as such further product innovation is unlikely to drive further significant growth in industry revenue.

There are few foreign competitors in this industry, however, the entry of such international players as Aldi and Pick'n Pay (via its acquisition of Franklins) in recent years has given an indication that international players with strong resourcing capabilities and operating practices may be able to compete with Coles and Woolworths in Australia. The growth and effect of international players is not expected to be dramatic given the mature nature of the Australian industry currently.

### Grocery wholesaling

The wholesale industry is also mature reflecting the consolidation of industry players, the power of Coles and Woolworths and market position of Metcash in the pure play wholesale market.

Growth in revenue over the five years to 2003-04 is displayed below:

Year to 30 June	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
Industry revenue (\$m)	13,559	13,749	14,495	15,522	16,500
Growth (%)	2.2	1.4	5.4	7.1	6.3

Forecast by IBISWorld at June 2004

Over the four years to 2003-04, the industry grew at an average rate of 5.1% per annum. For the year ended 30 June 2004, the growth for the industry was anticipated to be approximately 6.3%.4

Over the five years to 2008-09, according to IBIS World, the industry is expected to experience average growth in total revenues of 2.8% per annum. This reflects an alignment of the long-term growth prospects of the grocery wholesaling industry with that of the grocery retailers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Most recent information available - IBISWorld



# 5.6 Australian Liquor Wholesaling Industry

In the year ending 30 June 2004, the Australian liquor wholesaling industry generated total revenues of approximately \$3.7<sup>5</sup> billion of which 34% related to hotels, clubs and casinos, 33% related to supermarkets and 33% related to retail liquor stores.

Most liquor supplies are sourced within Australia by wholesalers. Since many liquor retailers obtain domestic beers directly from the brewery, most wholesalers specialise in wines, spirits and imported beer.

Wholesalers tend not to be integrated with liquor manufacturers.

### Competitive environment

The independents' portion of the industry (excluding integrated retailers) is lead by Australian Liquor Marketers (ALM), an operating division of Metcash. Other broad-range liquor wholesalers include Independent Liquor Group (ILG), South Australia Liquor Distributors (SALD), Hotel Liquor Wholesalers (HLW), Southern Independent Liquor Group (SILG) and Capital Liquor. A large number of manufacturers supply liquor direct to retailers including Southcorp, Swift & Moore, Maxxium and Beringer Blass. Both the major brewers, Carlton United and Lion Nathan, supply the majority of their product direct to retailers.

Coles and Woolworths also operate in the liquor retailing industry and, as integrated retailers, predominantly source product supplies independently.

Competition in this industry is driven primarily by price. Other bases of competition include range of products, stock availability, delivery service, terms of payment and product sales support. Many players in the industry perform after-sales service in the form of assistance with store layout and merchandising.

Contracts with retail outlets are heavily contested, as are contracts to wholesale major brands from manufacturers. As a result, net profit margins are estimated to average about 2.5% across both the manufacturer-suppliers and the broad –range wholesalers.

Main barriers to entry for this industry are the cost of establishing warehouse and distribution facilities, liquor licensing requirements, competition for agreements with liquor banners and retailers and the dominance of existing major operators.

While individual product labels and packaging are subject to copyrights, the contents (alcohol) are not, thus leading to the possibility of parallel importing of similar products, usually under different labels and packaging.

In addition, the extent of foreign company participation in the liquor wholesaling industry is significant. The liquor industry world wide is consolidating, with products often shifted amongst wholesalers by brewers and distillers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Estimated by IBIS World at July 2004 – most recent information available

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Survey conducted by IBIS World in 2002 – most recent information available. Similar statistics are shown on the ATO website for 2003.



#### Value drivers

As for the grocery industry, performance of the liquor industry generally is driven by changes in real household disposable income and consumer tastes. Changing social attitudes to levels of alcohol consumption and preferred types of alcohol have a large influence on the industry mix.

### Industry performance and outlook

The liquor wholesaling industry in Australia is mature. Given a decline in total alcohol consumption in Australia since the early 1990s (partly as a result of altered drink driving legislation), recent competition in this industry has been primarily price based.

Growth in total industry revenue over the five years to 2003-04 is displayed below.

Liquor wholesaling industry performance (Year to 30 June)	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
Industry revenue (\$m)	3,281	3,332	3,413	3,480	3,663
Growth (%) <sup>1</sup>	3.8	1.6	2.4	2.0	5.3

Forecast by IBISWorld at June 2004

Over the four years to 2003-04, the industry grew at an average rate of 2.8% per annum. For the year ending 30 June 2004, the growth for the industry is approximately 5.3%<sup>7</sup>

Over the period to 2005-09, average total industry revenue growth of 3.0% is expected. Future growth in the industry is expected to come from continuing industry consolidation, and from beer brewers and wineries handing over their liquor distribution function to wholesalers. The industry is expected to continue to operate on thin profit margins with the major operators expecting to seek market share growth through price competition and acquisition. This is evidenced by Woolworths' and Coles' recent takeover battle for Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group (ALH) which was finally acquired by Woolworths in December 2004.

The increasing consolidation of liquor outlets means fewer retailer contracts are available to be won. Continued growth of Woolworths and Coles into liquor retailing is a risk to ALM.

Most recent information available - IBISWorld



# 6 Profile of Metcash

# 6.1 History

Metcash is Australia's largest independent wholesaler of food, liquor and general merchandise products.

Founded in 1927, Metcash (formerly known as Davids Limited) operates three major business units: IGA Distribution, Campbells Cash & Carry and Australian Liquor Marketers. Metcash also operated John Lewis Foodservice until 2001 when it was sold following a strategic review of the company's operations. The company is 52% owned by a South African listed company, Metoz (formerly known as Metro Cash and Carry).

Floated in 1994, Metcash pursued a strategy of growth through acquisition, particularly in South Australia, Queensland and Victoria. Such acquisitions included Sysco Food Services Pty Ltd, Jewel Food stores, Rainbow Supermarkets Pty Ltd, QIW-Composite Buyers, Independent Holdings Limited and City Ice and Cold Storage Company.

In 2002, Metcash announced a major expansion of its distribution and supply operations by signing a 10 year supply agreement with Foodworks Supermarket Group. Foodworks is a retailer owned and marketed brand covering more than 90 stores across Victoria and Southern New South Wales.

In recent months, Metcash's contract as supplier to Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group (ALH) has been terminated due to the takeover of ALH by Woolworths and The Bruce Mathieson Group. In addition, Metcash has also lost the Franklins contract due to its decision to become a self distributing retailer in similar vein to Woolworth's and Coles.

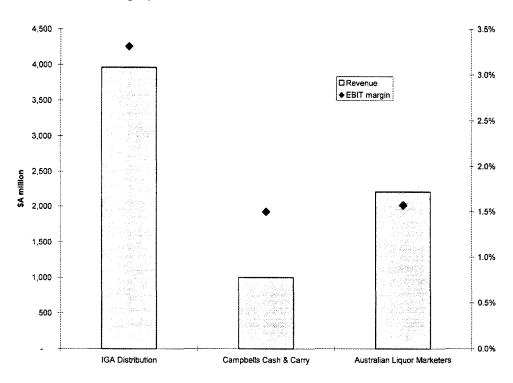
# 6.2 Operations

Metcash comprises three business units:

- IGA Distribution IGA has eight distribution centres carrying around 21,000 items serving the dry, chilled and frozen grocery requirements of approximately 4,500 independent retail grocery customers on the eastern seaboard of Australia and South Australia.
- Australian Liquor Marketers (ALM) is the leading broad-range liquor wholesaler in Australia. ALM also operates in New Zealand through its wholly owned subsidiary, Tasman Liquor Company. It operates 24 distribution centres across Australia and New Zealand, carrying more than 10,000 products to meet the wine, sprit and beer requirements of more than 13,000 licensed premises.
- Campbells Cash & Carry (CCC) The business operates 44 self-service and distribution warehouses across NSW, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and the Northern Territory, serving over 80,000 business customers. It also operates a specialist distributor to convenience stores and petrol stations.



The contribution of these business units to Metcash's revenue and EBIT margin is illustrated in the graph below:



Source: Metcash Annual Report, 2004.

# 6.3 Financial performance

The recent financial performance for Metcash is provided in the table below:

Metcash Trading Limited Financial performance for year ended 30 April \$million	2002 (52 weeks)	2003 (52 weeks)	2004 (53 weeks)	Half year ended 31 October 2004
Net sales	5,769.4	6,695.5	7,173.9	3,519.7
EBITA <sup>2</sup>	117.5	152.7	183.8	91.8
EBIT	98.9	133.5	163.2	81.0
Interest	(9.7)	(7.5)	(7.6)	(3.9)
Operating profit before tax	89.2	126.0	155.7	77.1
Net sales growth	n/a	16.1%	7.1%	2.2%1
EBITA margin	2.0%	2.3%	2.6%	2.6%

Source: Metcash Trading Limited Annual Reports 2003 and 2004, Metcash Trading Limited Half Year Report 2004

Metcash achieved strong improvement in financial performance in recent years. Revenues grew by 16% in 2003 as a result of securing the Foodworks contract from AIW and the subsequent flow of AIW's remaining supply business into Metcash. Revenues

<sup>1.</sup> Compared to the net sales for the half-year ended 31 October 2003

<sup>2.</sup> EBITA - Earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation (but after finance lease amortisation)



further grew by 7% in 2004 due to the opening of new customers' stores, retail square meterage growth, the establishment of new arrangements for independent liquor retail customers and continued promotional programs and competitive pricing. EBITA margins have improved significantly from 2.0% to 2.6%. In addition, we note that financial information for 30 April 2004 represents 53 weeks trading.

Results over the first half of 2005 were mixed. IGA posted strong sales growth of 4.1% and EBIT growth of 9% on the comparable period in 2004, whilst ALM's margins fell due to strong price competition and the loss of ALH as a customer. Campbells Cash & Carry lost volume in the tobacco, petrol and convenience markets but increased volume in its targeted growth market of confectionery distribution. The overall result was a marginal increase on equivalent prior period sales and an increase in EBITA margin to 2.6% for the six months.



#### **Financial position** 6.4

Metcash Trading Limited Financial position \$ million	Audited As at 30 April 2004	Unaudited As at 31 October 2004
Current assets		-
Cash	33.7	19.1
Receivables	658.4	694.1
Inventories	401.0	428.0
Other	8.2	8.5
Total current assets	1101.2	1149.7
Non-current assets		
Receivables	9.7	10.0
Investments	1.1	1.1
Other financial assets	0.8	1.1
Property, plant and equipment	130.2	129.1
Deferred tax assets	2.6	2.6
Intangible assets	243.1	236.4
Total non-current assets	387.5	380.4
Total assets	1488.7	1530.1
Current liabilities		
Payables	884.0	880.6
Interest-bearing liabilities	52.6	86.4
Current tax liabilities	13.6	13.5
Provisions	32.4	30.8
Total current liabilities	982.6	1011.4
Non-current liabilities		
Interest-bearing liabilities	16.6	15.5
Provisions	19.3	19.2
Total non current liabilities	35.9	34.8
Total liabilities	1018.5	1046.1
Net assets	470.2	484.0
Equity		
Contributed equity	562.2	563.1
Reserves	12.6	13.6
Retained profits	(104.6)	(92.7)
Total equity	470.2	484.0

Source: Metcash Trading Limited Half Year Report 2004.

Metcash's operations rely heavily on the management of working capital. Working capital balances significantly increased in the last six months. This is understood to be largely a timing issue and both Metcash management and external brokers expect this trend to reverse in future periods.



Property, plant and equipment comprises freehold land and buildings, leasehold improvements, and plant and machinery. Valuations were undertaken on the freehold land and buildings in April 2003.

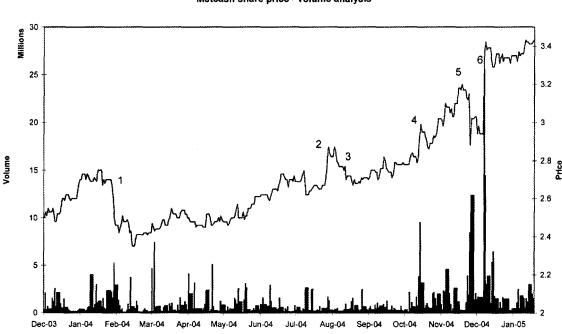
Interest bearing liabilities comprise secured finance lease liabilities, bills of exchange and promissory notes secured by a floating charge.

Intangible assets reflect the goodwill purchased in the company's previous acquisitions.

Provisions primarily comprise employee entitlements and a store lease and remediation provision.

# 6.5 Share price history

We set out below the share price history of Metcash for the past year:



### Metcash share price - volume analysis

The share price of Metcash increased by 17.1% over the year leading up to the announcement of the Offer (from \$2.51 on 3 December 2003 to \$2.94 on 3 December 2004). Since the announcement of the Offer and Capital Reorganisation, the shares have traded between \$3.22 and \$3.45 per share. Key changes in the share price and unusual trading volumes for Metcash over the last year have been driven by the following events:

- (1) 29 January 2004 The share price fell by approximately 4% and trading volumes increased as Metcash announced the conclusion of their supply agreement with Interfrank Pty Limited (owners of the Franklins grocery chain). It was estimated that this would result in a \$600 million reduction in the year ending 2004 sales.
- (2) 27 July 2004 Upon the release of Metcash's annual results with more favourable than anticipated outcomes, the share price increased by approximately 6%.



- (3) 12 August 2004 The share price fell after the announcement of the termination of the supply agreement between the ALH group and Metcash subsidiary ALM. Expected loss of the year ending 2004 sales was in the region of \$140m.
- (4) 7 October 2004 Lazard Asset Management's reduction in shareholding by approximately 7 million shares impacted prices and volumes.
- (5) 25 November 2004 The release of Metcash's half yearly report, which presented disappointing results for ALM and Campbell's Cash and Carry, resulted in a fall in the share price by approximately 4% and increased trading activity.
- (6) 7 December 2004 Following a trading halt on 6 December and Metcash's announcement of the Offer for Foodland and Capital Reorganisation, the share price increased from \$2.94 prior to the trading halt to \$3.42 on 8 December (16% increase). Metcash subsequently announced the completion of an Institutional Placement at \$3.00 per share raising almost \$270 million.

#### **Shareholder Structure** 6.6

We set out below the percentage shareholdings of the top 20 shareholders in Metcash as at 12 January 2005:



Metcash Trading Limited Top 20 shareholders as at 12 January 2005	Percentage of ordinary shares
Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV <sup>1</sup>	52.79% <sup>2</sup>
Westpac Custodian Nominees Limited	9.18%
National Nominees Limited	6.06%
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	5.18%
ANZ Nominees Limited	1.68%
Cogent Nominees Pty Limited	1.64%
RBC Global Services Australia Nominees Pty Limited	1.62%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	1.57%
IOOF Investment Management Limited	1.50%
Warbont Nominees Pty Ltd	1.38%
Queensland Investment Corporation	1.07%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	0.68%
Health Super Pty Ltd	0.42%
Westpac Life Insurance Services Limited	0.39%
IAG Nominees Pty Limited	0.39%
Victorian Workcover Authority	0.31%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	0.30%
Woodross Nominees Pty Limited	0.21%
Government Superannuation Office	0.18%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	0.17%
Total top 20 shareholders	86.71%

Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz.

2 If the SPP are included, Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV owns approximately 52.2% of the ordinary shares issued by Metcash.



# Profile of Foodland's Australian operations

#### 7.1 Overview

Foodland was incorporated in the State of Western Australia in 1926 and has its origins in the amalgamation of a number of Western Australian grocery cooperatives. The Company was listed on the Australian Stock Exchange on 29 March 1990. Foodland conducts grocery wholesale and retail operations in New Zealand and Australia.

#### **New Zealand**

Foodland's retail activities in New Zealand are conducted through Progressive Enterprises which operates 149 stores under the Foodtown, Countdown and Woolworths banners, following acquisition of the latter stores in 2002.

Progressive is also a grocery wholesaler supplying banner franchise groups FreshChoice and Supa Valu trading mainly in the South Island of New Zealand.

Given that these businesses will be transferred to NZ Shareholders as Foodland New Zealand under the Offer, a more comprehensive description and analysis is set out at Section 11 "Pro-forma information on NZ Shares."

#### 7.2 Foodland's Australian operations

Foodland's retail activities in Australia are conducted under the Action brand, which covers 45 supermarkets in Queensland and northern New South Wales and 37 stores in Western Australia. Action became a wholly owned controlled entity of Foodland in June 1993, prior to which Foodland owned 50% of Action, then a listed company.

Foodland also provides wholesale supplies to all of Western Australia's independent supermarket operators and co-ordinates the Dewsons, Supa Valu, Foodland and 4 Square banner franchise groups. In addition, Foodland's FoodLink food service division supplies hotels, restaurants, cafes, institutions, schools and fast food outlets throughout Western Australia. The company also operates three Cash & Carry wholesale grocery warehouses.

### Retailing – Action supermarkets

Action serves in excess of 750,000 customers every week and employs over 7,800 staff. Action's management team believes that the company holds approximately 13% of the Western Australian retail grocery market and over 6% of the Queensland market. Action's major competitors are Woolworths and Coles. The chart on page 15 suggests that Foodland (including Action's retail operations) represent a national market share of around 5%.

Action is undertaking a refurbishment programme for its 45 store east coast network, which is planned to be completed on a staged basis over the next several years.



#### Wholesale

Foodland coordinates the merchandising activities of several supermarket banner franchise groups, namely Dewsons, Supa Valu, Foodland and Four Square as well as being a supplier to all of Western Australia's independent supermarket operators.

Foodland's wholesaling operations are conducted principally from its distribution centre complex in Canning Vale, in Perth. Following the acquisition of FoodLink in September 2002 the food service business is conducted from a warehouse in the Perth suburb of O'Connor.

The Canning Vale complex comprises a main warehouse with an area of about 50,000 square metres, opened in 1993; a cold store of 7,790 square metres opened in 1988 and extended to 8,920 square metres in 1996; a second dry grocery warehouse comprising 4,300 square metres, opened in 1992, and a Cash & Carry branch comprising about 10,000 square metres, which opened in 1988.

Cash & Carry branches are also located in the northern Perth suburb of Balcatta, comprising 7,013 square metres, and in the regional city of Kalgoorlie where a 1,300 square metre branch was opened in August 1998.

The main warehouse workforce comprises approximately 279 employees, together with 59 in the cold store facility. Approximately 16,000 different grocery and general merchandise lines are distributed to over 700 customers throughout Western Australia. Foodland holds about 39% of the wholesale packaged grocery market in Western Australia. With few exceptions, the balance of the State's grocery distribution occurs either directly from suppliers or through warehouses operated by national supermarket chains.

Foodland's food service operations supply about 6,600 lines to nearly 1,700 customers, comprising caterers, hotels, restaurants, cafes, institutions, schools and fast food outlets throughout the State and employs 95 staff. Fiscal 2003 Sales were \$79.1 million compared to \$47.0 million the previous year.

Foodland's three Cash & Carry warehouses supply up to 34,000 separate grocery and general merchandise lines to retailers and small business operators seeking to purchase less than full carton quantities. Sales in fiscal 2003 were \$131.6 million compared to \$134.5 million the previous year.



#### Financial performance 7.3

A summary of the recent financial performance for Foodland is provided below:

Foodland Associated Limited Financial performance for \$ million	52 weeks ended 29 July 2001	52 weeks ended 28 July 2002	52 weeks ended 3 August 2003	52 weeks ended 1 August 2004
Net sales – continuing operations	3,625.9	4,641.4	5,741.8	5,888.4
EBITA – continuing operations	150.5	204.3	241.6	247.8
EBIT	139.3	185.7	199.2	204.9
Net borrowing costs	(21.5)	(30.9)	(50.5)	(30.6)
Operating profit before tax – continuing operations	117.8	154.8	148.7	203.7
Net sales growth	n/a	28.0%	23.7%	2.6%
EBITA margin	4.2%	4.4%	4.2%	4.2%

Source: Foodland Associated Limited 2004 Annual Report

A pro-forma statement of the estimated financial performance of Foodland Australia on a standalone basis is included in Section 8.3 of this report.



# 7.4 Financial position

The latest audited financial position for Foodland is provided in the table below:

\$ million  Current assets Cash assets Receivables Inventories Other  Total current assets  Non-current assets Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets Other	59.2 229.0 412.1 15.5 <b>715.8</b> 21.1 0.5 451.3 27.8 721.9
Cash assets Receivables Inventories Other  Total current assets  Non-current assets Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	229.0 412.1 15.5 <b>715.8</b> 21.1 0.5 451.3 27.8
Receivables Inventories Other  Total current assets  Non-current assets  Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	229.0 412.1 15.5 <b>715.8</b> 21.1 0.5 451.3 27.8
Inventories Other  Total current assets  Non-current assets  Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	412.1 15.5 <b>715.8</b> 21.1 0.5 451.3 27.8
Other  Total current assets  Non-current assets  Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	15.5 <b>715.8</b> 21.1  0.5  451.3  27.8
Total current assets  Non-current assets  Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	715.8 21.1 0.5 451.3 27.8
Non-current assets  Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	21.1 0.5 451.3 27.8
Receivables Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	0.5 451.3 27.8
Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	0.5 451.3 27.8
Property, plant and equipment Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	451.3 27.8
Deferred tax assets Intangible assets	27.8
Intangible assets	
-	721.9
Other	
	5.7
Total non current assets	1,228.3
Total assets	1,944.1
Current liabilities	
Payables	437.7
Interest-bearing liabilities	-
Current tax liabilities	6.2
Provisions	41.8
Total current liabilities	485.7
Non-current liabilities	
Payables	1.6
Interest-bearing liabilities	424.8
Provisions	18.6
Total non-current liabilities	445.0
Total liabilities	930.7
Net assets	1,013.4
Equity	
Contributed equity	675.9
Reserves	18.9
Retained profits	. 5.0
Total equity	318.6

Source: Foodland Associated Limited 2004 Annual Report.

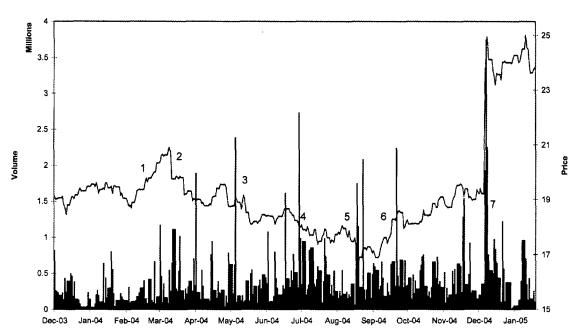
A pro-forma statement of the estimated financial position for Foodland Australia on a stand alone basis is included in the Section 8.3 of the report.



# 7.5 Share price history

We set out below the share price history of Foodland for the past year:





The share price of Foodland increased slightly over the year leading up to the announcement of the Offer (from \$19.02 on 3 December 2003 to \$19.21 on 3 December 2004). Since the announcement of Metcash's takeover, the shares have jumped sharply and have traded between \$23.17 and \$24.99 per share. Key changes in the share price and trading volumes for Foodland over the last year have been driven by the following events:

- (1) 16 February 2004 the share price rose and trading volume increased as Foodland announced a growth in sales of 3.5% for the second quarter.
- (2) 11 March 2004 the share price rose and strong volumes were traded as Foodland announced a record first half year profit. The market then corrected partly driven by the announcement on the same date of the retirement of Chairman, Don Humphrey.
- (3) 14 May 2004 the share price decreased after the third quarter sales announcement, reporting growth in sales of 1.4%, below market expectations.
- (4) 2 July 2004 the impending retirement of the Managing Director of Progressive was announced.
- (5) 17 August 2004 the share price corrected downwards after fourth quarter sales growth of 6.2% was recorded.



- (6) 13 September 2004 the share price rallied in expectation of and reaction to an announcement of full year profit increasing 18.8% to \$142.7 million.
- (7) 6 December 2004 Following Metcash's announcement of the takeover offer for Foodland, the share price rose from \$19.21 on 3 December to \$24.94 on 8 December (29.8% increase).

# 7.6 Shareholder Structure

We set out below the percentage shareholdings of the top 20 shareholders in Foodland as at 18 January, 2005.

Foodland Associated Limited Top 20 shareholders as at 18 January 2005	Percentage of ordinary shares
Perpetual Trustees Australia Ltd	14.239%
Lazard Asset Management	5.364%
Grantam Mayo Van Otterloo & Co (GMO Erisa Pool)	0.822%
Grantam Mayo Van Otterloo & Co (GMO Foreign Fund)	0.813%
Grantam Mayo Van Otterloo & Co (GMO Foreign Small Co Fund)	0.235%
Flemming Investments	0.165%
Texas Teacher Retirement System	0.128%
Swiss Life Asset Management	0.110%
Coates Trevor	0.067%
Intesa Asset (Nextra Azioni PMI Internationali)	0.059%
Baring Asset Management	0.050%
Intesa Asset (Nextra Azioni Asia Lte)	0.042%
Citibank Global	0.037%
Activest Inv	0.032%
Mediolanum International	0.029%
Intesa Asset (Nextra Azioni Emergenti Asia)	0.025%
FCA Corporation	0.025%
Capitaligest	0.024%
Parvest	0.021%
Maiden Colin Jam	0.020%
Total top 20 shareholders	22.307%

Source: Bloomberg



# 8 Pro-forma information on Metcash A Shares

### 8.1 Terms of Metcash A Shares

The rights and restrictions attaching to the Metcash A Shares are found in the Metcash constitution. The terms of the issue of the shares and a summary is also provided within the Bidder's Statement. Although these terms are different from ordinary shares, the effect of them is that similar economic outcomes occur for holders of Metcash A Shares and ordinary shares. Therefore, absent any significant liquidity differentials in the trading for Metcash A Shares vis-à-vis ordinary shares, we would expect them to trade at similar values. Accordingly, we have formed our views on the Metcash A Shares, as if they we ordinary shares in Metcash.

For the purpose of our report, we provide a summary of these terms below:

#### Constitution

Amendments to the Metcash constitution dealing with the Metcash A Shares establish the shares as having priority over Metcash ordinary shares in certain respects.

Immediately after Metcash has compulsory acquired all of the issued shares of Foodland, Metcash A Shares will either convert into Metcash ordinary shares or be exchanged for ordinary shares in Newco (depending on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation).

#### **Dividends**

A holder of a Metcash A Share is entitled to a non-cumulative fully-franked dividend of that amount which is payable on a Metcash ordinary share. The dividend entitlement is to be paid in preference to the dividend on ordinary shares with payment dates the same as those fixed in relation to ordinary shares.

If, in the reasonable opinion of the directors, the distributable profits of Metcash are insufficient to pay any dividend on the Metcash A Shares, the directors must not pay a dividend on the Metcash A Shares. If any dividend is not paid on the Metcash A Shares, no dividends may be paid on the Metcash ordinary shares.

### Ranking

Metcash A Shares rank ahead of CUPS (see section 9.11 for description) and ordinary shares for payment of dividends and for return of capital on winding up of Metcash. On a winding up, each Metcash A Share confers a right to payment of that amount which is paid to ordinary shareholders of Metcash. In the event of conversion, Metcash A Shares rank equally with Metcash ordinary shares. In the event of exchange, Metcash A Shares will rank equally with Newco ordinary shares.



No further shares ranking in priority to either Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares may be issued unless the issue and terms thereof are approved at separate meetings of Metcash A Shareholders and NZ Shareholders.

#### Voting rights

Under the constitution of Metcash, Metcash A Shares do not confer a right to vote except:

- During a period in which a dividend (or part of a dividend) in respect of a share is in arrears;
- On a proposal to reduce Metcash's share capital;
- On a proposal that affects rights attached to the shares;
- On a resolution to approve the terms of a buy-back agreement (not including the Capital Reorganisation);
- On a proposal to wind up Metcash;
- On a proposal for the disposal of the whole of Metcash's property, business and undertaking; and
- During the winding up of Metcash.

Additionally, those Metcash shareholders (after the conversion from Metcash A Shares), who also hold NZ Shares at the time of the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to NZ Shareholders, will be unable to vote on their Metcash ordinary shares in favour of whatever scheme is implemented to effect the transfer as they are to receive consideration (shares in the NZ Holdco) under that scheme.

### Conversion and exchange

If the Capital Reorganisation Schemes are effective at the time that Metcash becomes the holder of 100% of Foodland, then the Metcash A Shares will be exchanged into Newco ordinary shares on a one-for-one basis. Otherwise they will convert into Metcash ordinary shares also on a one-for-one basis.

#### Listing

Metcash intends to apply for the Metcash A Shares to be listed on the ASX. Metcash is currently in preliminary discussions with the ASX which has indicated the listing is likely should a number of conditions be satisfied.

Furthermore, the ASX has indicated it would seek removal of the Metcash A Shares from the official list if it has not acquired 100% of Foodland within 12 months of the date of first quotation.



Metcash believes it will be able to satisfy all necessary conditions to undertake quotation on the ASX following success of the Offer.

#### 8.2 Pro-forma historic and forecast financial performance – Metcash standalone

We have only considered below the financial performance of Metcash prepared on the Australian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (AGAAP) basis. This is predominantly because most of the available information relating to the comparable companies we have identified is prepared on this basis. Accordingly, we have not considered the financial performance of Metcash prepared on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) basis.

Furthermore, we are of the view that given the nature of both Foodland and Metcash, the impact of IFRS will be relatively modest. We acknowledge that whilst IFRS may impact the reported financials, it should not impact the underlying value of Metcash shares significantly as it will not affect the cash flows of the underlying businesses.

### Statement of financial performance

Metcash standalone Pro-forma financial performance for year	AGAAP				
ended 30 April \$ million	2003 (52 weeks) Historic	2004 (52 weeks) Historic	2005 (53 weeks) Forecast	2006 (52 weeks) Forecast	
Sales	6,696	7,174	7,090	7,232	
Sales growth		7.1%	(1.2%)	2.0%	
EBITA <sup>1</sup>	153	184	191	198	
EBITA margin	2.3%	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%	
Amortisation – goodwill	(19)	(21)	(21)	(22)	
EBIT	133	163	170	176	
Net interest expense	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)	
PBT	126	156	162	169	
Tax expense	(45)	(54)	(57)	(59)	
Reported NPAT	81	102	105	110	

<sup>1.</sup> EBITA - Earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation (but after finance lease amortisation)

For historical trends refer to section 6.3 of this report.

The above forecast financial performance of Metcash reflects the following:

the reduced sales in 2005 forecast are mainly due to the loss of the Franklins and ALH contracts during the year.



- Sales volumes in 2006 reflect the full year impact of contract losses discussed above, together with price increases as a result of CPI and volume increases as a result of a number of planned initiatives including the opening of new stores.
- EBITA margin (throughout this report we have adopted the EBITA definition as EBIT plus goodwill amortisation) is projected to increase by 0.1% in 2005 and remain the same in 2006, reflecting an improvement in trading terms with suppliers and improvements in business efficiency. We note that Metcash has forecast an improvement less than it has achieved in the two preceding years.

Having regard to the industry structure and Metcash's historical performance, we have reviewed the composition of the forecast and believe that it provides a reasonable basis for our estimate of maintainable earnings for the Metcash business, stand alone.

# 8.3 Pro-forma historic and forecast financial performance – Foodland Australia standalone

#### **Financial Performance**

Foodland Australia standalone Pro-forma financial performance for period ended	AGAAP			
\$ million	52 wks ended 3 August 2003	52 wks ended 1 August 2004	2005 Forecast	2006 Forecast
Action sales	1,209	1,330	1,419	1,529
Foodland's Australian Wholesale external sales	1,002	1,001	1,028	1,041
Total sales	2,211	2,331	2,447	2,570
Sales growth %		5.4%	5.0%	5.0%
Action EBITA	36	39	41	48
Foodland's Australian Wholesale EBITA	51	45	46	46
Total EBITA (pre corporate costs)	87	84	87	94
EBITA margin (pre corporate costs)	3.9%	3.6%	3.6%	3.7%
Corporate costs	(4)	(4)	(4)	(4)
Total EBITA	83	80	83	90
EBITA margin	3.8%	3.4%	3.4%	3.5%

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes property income

The financial performance for Foodland's Australian business, set out in the table above, has been compiled from a review of historical segment information from Foodland financial statements and forecast financial information in several broker reports on Foodland. The table above sets out a summary of the average of these brokers' forecasts.



We note that EBIT margins have been falling in the last two years.

The brokers' forecast 2005 sales for Action stores are in the range \$1,360 million to \$1,478 million with an average of \$1,419 million and a median of \$1,414 million. For the 2006 year the brokers' sales forecasts range between \$1,467 million to \$1,621 million with an average of \$1,529 million and a median of \$1,526 million.

The brokers' forecast 2005 EBITA for Action stores are in the range \$38 million to \$46 million with an average and a median of \$41 million. For the 2006 year the brokers' EBITA forecasts range between \$44 million to \$57 million with an average of \$48 million and a median of \$45 million.

The brokers' forecast 2005 sales for Foodland's Australian wholesale operations are in the range \$939 million to \$1,094 million with an average of \$1,028 million and a median of \$1,021 million. For the 2006 year the brokers' sales forecasts range between \$958 million to \$1,153 million with an average of \$1,041 million and a median of \$1,026 million.

The brokers' forecast 2005 EBITA for Foodland's Australian wholesale operations are in the range \$44 million to \$47 million with an average and a median of \$46 million. For the 2006 year the brokers' EBITA forecasts range between \$43 million to \$48 million with an average and a median of \$46 million.

As it is the intention of Metcash to liquidate property holdings post a successful Offer, we have excluded this income from our analysis above and treated property holdings as surplus assets in our valuation analysis.

In our view, having regard to industry conditions and the historic performance of Foodland, these brokers forecast form a reasonable basis for estimating the standalone maintainable earnings of Foodland. We have also made the assumption that the cost allocations in Foodland's segment information reflect the true underlying cost structures of the Australian business.

### Pro-forma financial position

Foodland's Australian wholesale standalone Financial position	AGAAP
\$ million	
Cash	6
Inventory	95
Accounts receivable	72
PP&E	53
Intangibles	9
Other	81_
Total assets	316
Debt	0
Accounts payable and other	109
Total liabilities	109
Net assets	207



The pro-forma financial position has been prepared by Metcash and is based on Foodland's 2004 annual report's segmental disclosures.

The above excludes assets and liabilities associated with the New Zealand business and Action stores. Working capital balances and fixed capital investments are not dissimilar to those experienced in Metcash.



# 9 Valuation of Metcash A Shares

### 9.1 Introduction

As noted above, following successful completion of the Offer, the Metcash A Shares will represent the same value and economic entitlement as Metcash ordinary shares which at that time will comprise the existing Metcash operations, Foodland's Australian operations and any synergies derived from the merger of said businesses. We also understand that it is Metcash's intention to divest the Action stores to the supermarket operators and provide wholesale grocery services to those supermarkets.

Given the above, we have separately considered the following components of the value of the Metcash A Shares in order to form our overall opinion:

- The value of Metcash and Foodland's wholesale operations as they currently operate;
- The value expected to be realised on the sell down of the Action stores to independent retailers;
- The value of the expected synergies to be realised from a merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations, net of restructuring and transaction costs;
- Metcash has executive options outstanding. The value of these options represents a
  decrement to the value of shares. In valuing the shares of Metcash, we have
  adjusted for the dilution in value arising from those options; and
- The funding structure of Metcash post-successful completion of the Offer.

In light of the proposed Capital Reorganisation announced in conjunction with the Offer and outlined at Section 3.2, we have also considered the likely value of the Metcash A Shares assuming that the Capital Reorganisation proceeds and assuming it does not proceed.

Furthermore, given the cash alternative under the Offer, we have also considered the value of the Metcash A Shares under different cash and scrip take up cases. The proportion of cash to scrip take up will affect both the funding structure and level of dilution of existing Metcash shareholders.

# 9.2 Selection of valuation methodology

Our primary approach in assessing the value of Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations is the capitalisation of earnings (EBITA) methodology. This methodology has been adopted for the following reasons:

• The relative stability of historical earnings of both businesses



- The absence of detailed long term forecasts for Metcash or Foodland suitable for the application of a DCF methodology
- The limited access to information in relation to Foodland
- Using EBITA as an earnings definition removes distortions to value caused by capital structures and tax outcomes. This allows more reliable benchmarking of value to other listed comparable companies.

The capitalisation of earnings approach involved the following procedures:

- Using 2005 forecast EBITA for Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations as they currently operate as a basis for estimated future maintainable EBITA
- Examining comparable companies and transactions to arrive at a range of industry EBITA multiples on a 2005 forecast basis
- Adjusting the range of EBITA multiples for specific factors relating to the risks and growth potential of Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations
- Capitalising the estimated future EBITA by applying the range of multiples to arrive at a range of enterprise values
- Adding existing surplus assets and net cash, and subtracting net debt to arrive at a value for Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations

As further support to this approach, we have cross-checked the individual enterprise valuation utilising a DCF methodology based on management's forecasts, brokers forecasts, industry analysis and discussion with Metcash management. We have deducted a minority discount from this DCF valuation to be consistent with the minority basis of valuation in our capitalisation of maintainable earnings approach.

To this estimated enterprise value, we have added the value of forecast synergies calculated on a discounted cash flow basis (after making allowance for the time taken and particular risks of achieving synergies) adjusted for the overall minority basis of valuation, deducted transaction and restructuring costs and modelled the value effects of the funding of the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation.

# 9.3 Earnings to be capitalised

We have utilised the following earnings to be capitalised:

Combined business before synergies - EBITA 2005 \$ million	Low	High
Metcash	190.0	193.0
Foodland's Australian wholesale operations	49.6	54.1
Total	239.6	247.1



Our comment on each of these components of earnings is set out below:

#### Metcash stand-alone

We have based our estimate of the earnings to be capitalised on Metcash Managements' forecast 2005 EBITA of \$191.2 million. This level of earnings is seen to be suitable for use in the primary valuation given:

- The stability displayed in Metcash's recent historical earnings,
- The mature nature of the grocery wholesaling industry in Australia, and
- The fact that this 2005 earnings forecast allows for the loss of the Franklins and ALH contracts.

We have selected an earnings range of \$190.0 million to \$193.0 million reflecting appropriate uncertainty around the last four months forecast results for the financial year ending 30 April 2005.

### Foodland's Australian Wholesale Operations

As noted in the introduction to this report, a limitation of the valuation of Foodland's operations is that they are based wholly on publicly available information. Although Foodland is required to disclose information regarding its geographical business segments in accordance with Australian accounting standards, this financial information is considerably less detailed than that which would normally be available in providing opinions of value for inclusion in public documents.

We calculated our estimate of the stand-alone earnings in 2005 of Foodland Australia as follows:

Foodland's Australian wholesale on standalone basis -2005 <i>million</i>	Low	High
Total EBITA per Foodland Australia standalone (after corporate costs) <sup>1</sup>	77.7	89.1
Less: Action Stores treated in our analysis as surplus assets	(38.2)	(46.0)
Add: Estimated margin from wholesale sales to Queensland/ Northern NSW Action stores	10.1	11.0
Standalone Foodland 2005 EBITA under Metcash operating model before synergies	49.6	54.1

<sup>1.</sup> Based on the range of brokers' forecast for Foodland's Australian wholesale operations, Action stores and corporate costs (refer section 8.3 above)

As noted above, it is Metcash management's intention that following successful completion of the Offer, Foodland's Australian retail operations, which are currently conducted under the Action banner, will be sold to independent owners and retained by Metcash as wholesale customers.



For the purposes of this valuation, we have adopted the following assumptions to estimate the EBITA margin from the wholesale operation that relates to Action stores in Queensland and NSW:

- 45% of the Australian supermarkets revenue represents the wholesale turnover between Foodland and Action stores in Western Australia and Queensland/Northern NSW. This is an estimate of the amount of turnover that is supplied in-house by Foodland based on an estimate of the turnover supplied to Western Australian Action stores;
- The inter-segment sales in the Australian wholesale operations represent sales to Action stores in Western Australia only as they have not grown in recent years as the portfolio of stores in Queensland/Northern NSW has been built up;
- Accordingly, the EBITA for the wholesale to Action stores in Western Australia has been included in the EBITA for the Australian wholesale operations; and
- The EBITA margin for the wholesale to Action stores in Queensland/Northern NSW is 3.4%.

Based on the brokers' forecasts of sales for Foodland's Australian Supermarket operations for the year ended 1 August 2005, we have estimated the additional EBITA from the wholesale operations to Action stores in Queensland/Northern NSW to be in the range of \$10.1 million to \$11.0 million.

The table below sets out the calculation of the EBITA range utilised in our valuation of Foodland's Australian wholesale operations:

Profitability of Foodland's Australian wholesale for Qld and NSW \$ million	Low	High
Forecast Foodland's Australian supermarket sales – 2005 <sup>1</sup>	1,359.9	1,478.0
Foodland's wholesale to Action stores as a % of total Australian supermarket sales	45%	45%
Forecast wholesale sales to Actions stores (W.A. and Queensland/NSW)	612.0	665.1
Less: Inter-segment (Australian wholesale to Action stores in W.A.) <sup>2</sup>	(314.9)	(342.3)
Therefore, forecast wholesale sales to Action stores in Queensland/NSW	297.1	322.8
EBITA margin – wholesale	3.4%	3.4%
Estimated forecast EBITA from wholesale to Action stores in Queensland/NSW	10.1	11.0

<sup>1.</sup> Based on the range of brokers' forecast for Action stores (refer section 8.3 above)

<sup>2:</sup> Inter-segment sales of \$308.0m in 2004 x a range of brokers' forecast sales growth of Action stores - 2005



# 9.4 Selection of EBITA multiple

In selecting an EBITA multiple range we have considered the EBITA multiple of Metcash and Foodland prior to the announcement of the bid. We have also undertaken a review of trading multiples of other listed food wholesalers and retailers in Australia, the United Kingdom and the United States. In addition, we have considered the implied multiples for a number of transactions including Foodland's purchase of Woolworths NZ in 2002. We believe that the drivers of retail and wholesale businesses are similar so we have had regard to trading and transaction multiples of both in forming our views of an appropriate multiple to capitalise the earnings of the wholesale businesses.

Analysis of comparable company trading multiples

As our EBITA range is based on management forecasts for 2005, we have focused our attention on the forecast multiples for our comparable companies. The comparable company analysis, set out in Appendix B, illustrates a range of forecast trading multiples for the various food retailers and wholesalers. However, excluding outliers, the average forecast EBITA trading multiples are in the range of 10 to 13 times forecast earnings although the Australian comparable companies (Metcash, Foodland, Woolworths and Coles Myer) are trading in the range of 10.2 to 12.7 times forecast earnings. Integrated retailers and wholesalers tend to trade higher than pure-play wholesalers.

Analysis of comparable transaction multiples

We have also researched a number of transactions, which have occurred in the grocery sector over the last five years, to identify relevant pricing parameters that can be extracted from these transactions.

Our review of these transactions produces an historical EBITA multiple in the range of 6.2 to 19.1 times, with an average multiple of 12.6 times historical EBITA. We have only been able to obtain forecast EBITA multiples for three transactions, ranging from 10.8 for Foodland's acquisition of the minority shareholders in the New Zealand business in 1999 to 12.9 times for Woolworths' recent takeover of Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group. The third transaction, Foodland's acquisition of Woolworths NZ in 2002, produces an implied forecast EBITA multiple of 11.5 times.

The relatively wide range of observed multiples reflects the unique circumstances pertaining to each transaction. For example, where there are large synergy gains available or particular strategic advantages, a higher EBITA multiple may be justified. These transaction multiples will also contain any premium attributed to the benefits for the acquirer of obtaining outright control. As in this case, none of the Metcash A Shares will achieve control, we have excluded such control premiums from our analysis.

#### Selection of EBITA Multiple

The market evidence suggests that grocery players generally trade in the range of 10 to 13 times forecast 2005 EBITA (excluding any premium for control), although there are a limited number of exceptions. The Australian players are currently trading in a range from 10.2 to 12.7 times forecast EBITA.



Given this range of multiples, we have considered the following factors in determining an appropriate EBITA multiple for the merged business:

- The merged business will trade in the wholesaling industry only, an industry which
  presents similar risk to the grocery retailing industry, but which is in the mature
  stage of its industry lifecycle and is heavily influenced by the retail/wholesale
  integration of the Coles and Woolworths operations
- The merged company will be smaller than Coles and Woolworths in terms of scale of operations, but similar in terms of geographical coverage
- The merged business will have a strong market position in the 'independents' segment of the grocery wholesaling industry in Australia and has delivered sound earnings growth in recent years with further growth projected

Considering all of the factors set out above, we consider that an appropriate multiple with which to capitalise the merged business's 2005 forecast EBITA range is between 10.0 and 10.5 times. We have compared this multiple to the trading multiple of Metcash pretransaction. It is consistent with this multiple. This multiple also represents a similar multiple to Foodland pre-Offer. We note that this is a minority multiple excluding any control premium.

# 9.5 Existing net debt

#### Metcash existing

We have assumed that net debt is equal to the net debt balance of \$82.8 million per the latest publicly available statement of financial position and after deducting the latest dividend paid in December, using an estimate of cash generated from operations since that balance date and deducting cash received on the exercise of employee options since that balance date. We have also made an allowance for the placement (\$269.6 million) and SPP (\$20.9 million) that have either occurred or are planned to occur subsequent to the last financial statements. This provides a revised net cash balance of \$220.8 million.

If the Capital Reorganisation is approved, it is the intention of Metcash that a 2<sup>nd</sup> interim dividend of 4 cents per ordinary share will be proposed and paid to existing Metcash shareholders (i.e. \$29.5 million).



#### Foodland existing

We have assumed that net debt is equal to the net cash balance of \$6.0 million per the proforma statement of financial position for Foodland Australian wholesale business, adjusting for the inclusion of cash balance of \$17.0 million to be retained from Foodland Australian retail operations, the latest dividend paid in October 2004 and an estimate of cash generated from Foodland Australian wholesale and retail operations since that balance date. We have also had regard to the intention of Metcash to pass the expected interim dividend of \$0.43 per share to Foodland shareholders rather than retaining it within the merged entity. We have apportioned the latest dividend paid in October 2004 and the expected interim dividend between Foodland's Australian and New Zealand businesses. This provides a revised net cash balance of \$10.4 million.

# 9.6 Surplus assets and liabilities

#### Metcash existing

Surplus assets comprise the 40% equity accounted interest in Produce Traders Trust and sundry loans receivable, amounting to \$1.1 million and \$9.9 million respectively.

#### Foodland post-Offer

As at the latest balance sheet date, we note that Foodland Australia has a contingent tax liability of \$25.5 million arising from a disputed tax assessment and a contingent pension liability of \$0.9 million. Due to the contingent nature of these liabilities, for the purposes of this valuation, we have only considered these liabilities in our low case of various cases. We also note that Foodland has shortfalls on redemption of loan balance in relation to the Employee Share Option Plan of \$2,000.

Based on the pro-forma financial position of Foodland Australia, we note that the market value of the Australian properties owned by Foodland is \$36.1 million as at July 2003. As we have not had access to Foodland management, for the purposes of this valuation, we have assumed the market value of these properties is \$36.1 million as at 31 December 2004. We have also assumed no tax liability in relation to this value as the financial statements of Foodland do not identify any potential tax payable in relation to the eventual sale of these properties.

As noted above, it is Metcash management's intention that following successful completion of the Offer, Foodland's Australian retail operations, which are currently conducted under the Action banner, will be sold to independent owners and retained by Metcash as wholesale customers. As such, for the purposes of the assessment of the value of the Metcash A Shares, we have considered the likely consideration that will be received for those stores.

For the purposes of this valuation, we have adopted Metcash management's assumption that the likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores will be in the range of 10 to 12 times (including inventory) the average weekly sales of the Action stores. This is consistent with the range achieved in the sell-down of Franklins stores in the liquidation of Dairy Farm's interest in that business at between 10 to 15 times plus inventory and other observed transaction values in these types of transactions.



Based on brokers' forecast sales of Foodland's Australian supermarket operations for the year ended 1 August 2005 (i.e. from \$1,359.9 million to \$1,478.0 million), we set out below our calculation of the likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores:

Calculation of likely proceeds from Action disposal \$ million	Low	High
Forecast Foodland's Australian supermarket sales – 2005	1,359.9	1,478.0
Average weekly sales (52 weeks)	26.2	28.4
Average multiple of average weekly sales (including inventories)	11x	12x
Likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores	288.2	340.8

We have cross checked the implied multiple to the likely profitability of these stores in the hands of an independent operator as follows:

Cross-check of Action disposal proceeds \$ million	Low	High
Likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores – as per above	288.2	340.8
Forecast Foodland's Australian supermarket sales – 2005 Average retail EBIT margins as per ATO business statistics	1,359.9 <b>4.0%</b>	1,478.0 <b>4.0</b> %
Average profitability for an independent retailer	54.4	59.1
Implied 2005 EBIT multiple	5.3	5.8

We note that this profitability is higher than Foodland's Action Stores enjoy overall (after deducting the wholesale margin in Queensland/Northern NSW). However, the market for independent stores generally transact on revenue multiples and assume either standard industry or particular buyer profitability. We do not consider the implied multiples above to be unreasonable given the likely size and nature of purchasers of these stores.

# 9.7 Estimated dilution of value attributable to options

In estimating the value of the outstanding Metcash options, we have had regard to the Black Scholes option pricing model. In practice the value of options is less than the theoretical value for the vested and unvested options based on the estimated volatility of Metcash shares as:

- for in the money options there is the likelihood of early exercise of vested options and hence not all time value being applicable
- for unvested options, there is uncertainty as to vesting due to the possibility of holders leaving employment.



However, based on the assessed value range on a minority basis for ordinary shares of Metcash, most of the vested and unvested options are deep in the money meaning that they have little or negative time value. Having regard to the above, we consider that the higher of the intrinsic value and the theoretical value of the Metcash options represents a full estimate of the dilution attributable to currently outstanding options as follows:

Capital reorganisation proceeds Offer	No Yes	No Yes	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
Offer take up \$ million	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash
Estimated dilution of value attributable to Metcash options (midpoint)	28.8	30.6	27.1	28.0

#### 9.8 Summary of pre-synergy merged company valuation

The following table summarises our pre-synergy merged company valuation:

Capital Reorganisation Offer Offer take up	Ye	No Yes 100% scrip		lo es cash
Merged company valuation pre-synergies \$ million	Low	High	Low	High
Forecast 2005 combined EBITA pre synergies	239.6	247.1	239.6	247.1
EBITA Multiple	10.0x	10.5x	10.0x	10.5x
	2,396.0	2,594.6	2,396.0	2,594.6
Add: Surplus assets	308.9	387.9	308.9	387.9
Add: Net cash	231.2	231.2	231.2	231.2
Deduct: Metcash options	(28.8)	(28.8)	(30.6)	(30.6)
Equity value pre-synergies	2,907.3	3,184.9	2,905.5	3,183.1
Equity value pre-synergies – mid-point		3,046.1		3,044.3

Capital Reorganisation	Yes		Y	es
Offer	Υe	es	Yes	
Offer take up	100%	scrip	100%	cash
Merged company valuation pre-synergies	Low	High	Low	High
\$ million				
Forecast 2005 combined EBITA pre synergies	239.6	247.1	239.6	247.1
EBITA Multiple	10.0x	10.5x	10.0x	10.5x
	2,396.0	2,594.6	2,396.0	2,594.6
Add: Surplus assets	308.9	387.9	308.9	387.9
Add: Net cash	201.7	201.7	201.7	201.7
Deduct: Metcash options	(27.1)	(27.1)	(28.0)	(28.0)
Equity value pre-synergies	2,879.5	3,157.1	2,878.6	3,156.2
Equity value pre-synergies – mid-point		3,018.3		3,017.4



#### Valuation cross check

Indicative DCF valuation

We have cross-checked the value derived above by developing a 6 year discounted cash flow model. For the Metcash business, we based our cash flow projections upon Metcash management's forecast for 2005 and 2006, together with discussion regarding expectations for subsequent years. In developing our cash flow model, we modelled the divisions of Metcash separately to account for differing growth expectations. For the Foodland element of the valuation, we based our cash flow projections upon brokers' forecasts, industry analysis and discussion with Metcash management.

In order to arrive at the enterprise value, we discounted the nominal projected cash flows at an appropriate WACC for the combined business. The WACC was calculated as the long-term weighted average of the cost of equity and the cost of debt. In order to determine an appropriate cost of equity we analysed equity betas for companies most comparable to Metcash.

A summary of key assumptions in our high level DCF analysis are:

- Growth for Metcash's and Foodland's existing external wholesale business (nominal) is in a range of 2% to 4% across divisions after 2006;
- Growth for Foodland's Action store wholesale business of 3% to 6% after 2006;
- Sales and margins consistent with 2006 management or brokers forecasts;
- Effective tax rate unchanged from 2006 forecasts with a partial allowance for the franking credit benefit arising on tax payments;
- Working capital utilised at rates consistent with historical experience over the forecast period;
- Capex for Metcash consistent with management forecasts to 2006 with inflation growth thereafter;
- Capex for Foodland consistent with the capital expenditure to sales ratio for Metcash;
- Terminal value underlying cash flow growth of 2% and capex equal to 150% of depreciation, to reflect inflation;
- WACC at 8.3% to 8.5%; and
- Minority discount of 15-20% (equates to control premiums of 20-25% consistent with recent transaction evidence).



Our DCF analysis arrived at values broadly consistent with those assessed under the capitalisation of EBITA methodology.

# 9.9 Expected value of synergies from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations

We have valued the synergies from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations using the DCF approach. This methodology has been adopted so that both the timing and the associated risks for achieving these synergies can be considered.

We have estimated the magnitude of these synergies based on publicly available information about Foodland and discussions with Metcash management. We note that this analysis is limited in that we have only had access to publicly available information about Foodland businesses and the likely synergies arising from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian businesses.

Metcash management have identified the following main categories of synergies following successful completion of the Offer as follows:

#### 1. Increased teamwork scores

Based on Metcash's own "teamwork" scores of 60%, Metcash expects an increase in the percentage of goods supplied to independent retailers as a percentage of the sales compared to that currently achieved by Foodland of 45%.

We believe this estimate to be reasonable based on our understanding of Metcash's currently achieved rates.

#### 2. Elimination of duplicate infrastructure

It is proposed that both the distribution centre at Richlands in Brisbane and the Melbourne buying office will be surplus to the requirements of the merged operations of Metcash and Foodland Australia. We have assumed cost savings that represent elimination of this surplus capacity.

#### 3. Buying synergies

The Foodland offer, should it successfully proceed, represents a significant opportunity for Metcash to increase its scale by approximately 15%. It will also reduce alternatives for suppliers looking for channels to market. This will improve Metcash's negotiating position with suppliers.

In addition, as Metcash is significantly larger than Foodland's Australian wholesaling business, it is likely that it would currently be on better net terms with suppliers.

We have reflected synergies being management's estimate of a three year delivery of improved trading terms with suppliers as a result of improved scale.



#### 4. Elimination of corporate costs currently incurred by Foodland

The corporate costs assumed to be incurred by Foodland Australia, on a standalone basis, are not expected to recur in the merged case.

Whilst we believe that these assumptions are reasonable, we have made an allowance for the difficulties and risks associated with these synergies.

We have deducted taxes from these synergy estimates and made allowances for growth at underlying business growth rates to project annual saving going forward. We have then discounted these projections at a WACC consistent with that used in our cross-check above and allowed for the fact that the synergies need to be valued on a minority basis.

Based on our DCF analysis, we consider that the net value of the above synergies from these factors falls in the range of \$310.1 million to \$351.6 million (mid-point \$330.9 million).

We have performed a sensitivity analysis of the value of the synergies by flexing the time taken to achieve them and their magnitude. Results are shown in the table below:

Time required to achieve synergies	Synergies as above			ove + \$10 million <sup>1</sup> from 2006
	\$ million	Equivalent value per share (Cents) <sup>2</sup>	\$ million	Equivalent value per share (Cents) <sup>2</sup>
The financial year ended 30 April 2006	310.1 to 351.6	42.1 to 47.7	415.0 to 467.9	56.3 to 63.5
6 months delay	251.9 to 286.8	34.2 to 38.9	337.2 to 381.9	45.8 to 51.8
12 months delay	205.6 to 235.0	27.9 to 31.9	275.2 to 312.9	37.3 to 42.5

Note 1: \$10 million per annum is equivalent to 11 basis points increase in margin.

Note 2: Under the case that the Capital Reorganisation does not proceed and the Takeover Offer is successful with 100% take up of the cash offer (Case 2 as per "Valuation Summary" below)

# 9.10 Estimated transaction and restructuring costs

#### 1. Transaction costs

The management of Metcash advised us that the estimated transaction costs to be borne by the Australian entity for the proposed Offer and Capital Reorganisation are as follows:

Capital reorganisation proceeds Offer \$ million	No	No	Yes	Yes
	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash
Estimated transaction costs (before tax)	74.3	74.3	83.6	74.3



#### Restructuring costs 2.

The management of Metcash advised us that the estimated restructuring costs for the proposed Offer are \$30 million before any associated tax shield.

We have reviewed the calculations and estimates underlying these costs and believe them to be suitable for inclusion in our estimate of value for the Metcash A Shares.

#### 9.11 Consideration of the funding structure of Metcash post successful completion of the Offer

The funding structure of Metcash post successful completion of the Offer will be heavily dependent on whether or not the proposed Capital Reorganisation described at Section 3.2 is successful.

We set out below a summary of the likely funding structure under the following four cases:

- The Capital Reorganisation proceeds with 100% take up of Metcash A Shares scrip offer:
- The Capital Reorganisation proceeds and the Offer is successful with 100% take up of the cash offer. We recognise that no Metcash A Shares would be issued in such a case, however, note the take up of Metcash A Shares is possible across a continuum of 0% to 100% and this case describes one end of the continuum;
- The Capital Reorganisation does not proceed with 100% take up of Metcash A Shares: and
- The Capital Reorganisation does not proceed and the Offer is successful with 100% take up of the cash offer. Again, we recognise that no Metcash A Shares would be issued in such a case, however, note the take up of Metcash A Shares is possible across a continuum of 0% to 100% and this case describes one end of the continuum.



	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital Reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash
\$ million				
Sources of cash				
Syndicated Facility		425	341	756
Action Facility	235	235	235	235
CUPS				50
CULS			372	744
Placement	270	270	270	270
SPP	21	21	21	21
	526	950	1,239	2,075
Uses of cash				
Capital Reorganisation			1,125	1,125
Offer		846		846
Transaction costs	74	74	84	74
Restructuring costs	30	30	30	30
Available for Capital Management	422			
	526	950	1,239	2,075

A brief description of the various sources of funding is set out below. Please refer to Section 17 of the Bidder's Statement for full details of the terms of the debt instruments.

#### Syndicated Facility

Funding is proposed to be raised via a syndicated facility (Syndicated Facility). There is no proposed collateral and the security offered will be effectively negative pledge supported by a range of financial covenants. Metcash and Newco will be the guarantors of the Syndicated Facility.

#### Action Facility

This relates entirely to the acquisition of the Action stores by Metcash which will be funded through ring-fenced debt (Action Facility) and geared to approximately 70%. Metcash will not have access to the cashflows of Actions.

Metcash and the other guarantors of the Syndicated Facility will guarantee the Action Facility.

Should a value in excess of the Action Facility be realised by Metcash through the sale of the Action stores, value will be retained by Metcash. We have reflected an estimate of the value to be retained in our estimated value of the Metcash A Shares.



CULS (Convertible Unsecured Loan Note Securities)

These are underwritten by Deutsche Bank up to \$744 million. They will be offered to existing Metcash ordinary shareholders (other than excluded foreign shareholders) on a pro-rata basis and Metoz has undertaken not to take up any of their rights to subscribe for CULS. The issue price will be \$2.54 (or any other price agreed between Metcash and the CULS underwriter) per CULS and the maturity date is 6 months from issue subject to extension in certain circumstances.

If the Metcash Share Scheme does not become effective by the date that is 6 months after the date of issue (Maturity Date), all of the CULS will be redeemed for face value plus a redemption premium of 2.5%.

If the Metcash Share Scheme does become effective, 25% of the CULS will immediately convert into ordinary shares in Newco on a one for one basis<sup>8</sup>. A further 25% will convert on the Maturity Date.

In addition, a CULS holder may elect to accelerate prior to the Maturity Date the date of the conversion of the second 25% of the number of CULS in the event that a takeover bid is made to acquire all or some of the ordinary shares in Metcash or all or some of the ordinary shares in Newco and the bid is, or becomes, unconditional and:

- the bidder has at any time during the offer period, a relevant interest in more than 50% of the ordinary shares in Metcash on issue or the ordinary shares in Newco on issue, as the case may be; or
- the directors of Metcash or Newco, as the case may be, recommend that shareholders accept the bid.

Metcash will either convert or redeem the remaining 50% of the CULS on the Maturity Date as determined by Metcash. Any redemption by Metcash of CULS at this time will be at face value plus a redemption premium of 5%.

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes effective, Metcash may:

- by notice to CULS holders, accelerate the maturity date if the Offer becomes unconditional; and
- at any time that is 30 days prior to the Maturity Date, extend the Maturity Date in respect of the final 50% of the CULS by 3 months if the Offer has not become unconditional. If the Maturity Date is extended, the conversion of the second 25% of CULS will still occur on the original Maturity Date, and any CULS redeemed on the extended maturity date will be redeemed at the face value of the CULS plus a redemption premium of 7.5%.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Subject to adjustment of the ratio in the event of a reconstruction of Newco shares.



The extent of the final 50% of CULS conversion depends on the level of scrip take-up if the Offer is successful.

The CULS may also be converted or redeemed if certain insolvency or change of control events occur in relation to Metcash.

The conversion entitlement for CULS at \$2.54 gives rise to potential dilution of existing holders since our valuation of the ordinary shares is in excess of \$2.54. Existing Metcash shareholders are able to mitigate this dilution by participating in the CULS offer, or potentially receiving value from the sale of their rights if they are unable to participate.

Foodland shareholders, who would receive share consideration, will not be able to participate and hence could be diluted. To take account of this potential dilution with respect to the Foodland shareholders, included in the terms of the Takeover Offer are provisions that increase the number of shares issued to Foodland shareholders by comparing the value of (1) a Metcash share cum the right to participate in the CULS offer, with the value of a share (2) ex this right<sup>9</sup> and adjusting the number of shares offered to Foodland shareholders by the ratio of (1) divided by (2).

We consider that the number of shares to be issued under CULS will be changed in accordance with the change in the issue price. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis on the issue price is required.

CUPS (Convertible Undated Preference Shares)

The CUPS will only be issued if the Capital Reorganisation becomes effective.

The CUPS may be redeemed at face value plus commercial interest within 9 months of the Schemes. If Metcash chooses not to redeem the CUPS, they will convert into Newco ordinary shares at a 5% discount to the 20 days VWAP prior to the time of conversion (or at a 10% discount if certain default events occur prior to the Takeover Offer being completed or withdrawn).

Because of their nature, we have treated CUPS as debt in our analysis.

# 9.12 Other implications of the Capital Reorganisation for holders of Metcash A Shares

In Cases 3 and 4, holders of Metcash A Shares will be affected by the terms of the Capital Reorganisation. We have summarised the advantages and disadvantages of the Capital Reorganisation relevant to holders of Metcash A Shares below:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Both determined on a 5 day Volume Weighted Average Price



#### Advantages:

- It is possible that the price of Metcash shares would decline if the Capital Reorganisation is rejected but the Offer is successful as Metoz would participate in the anticipated accretion in Metcash's value arising as a result of the proposed Foodland acquisition.
- The Capital Reorganisation will be EPS accretive for the Newco group compared to the pre-existing Metcash EPS.
- In our view, Metoz is no longer a natural holder of its investment in Metcash. Therefore, it would likely be a seller of its holding over an uncertain timeframe. The Capital Reorganisation presents an opportunity to remove this potential overhang from the market for the ordinary shares, benefiting non-associated shareholders.
- The mechanics of the Capital Reorganisation increase the free float in Metcash's (or Newco's) shares. This would, inter alia, improve Metcash's position in market indices and, increase liquidity and possibly reduce the bid/ask spread for the benefit of non associated shareholders.

#### Disadvantages:

- The effective change of control of the Metcash business may trigger change of control clauses in some of Metcash's contracts. Whilst we are not of the view that this will result in any of these contracts being withdrawn from Metcash, it may present an opportunity for Metcash's suppliers or customers to attempt to renegotiate contract terms.
- The Capital Reorganisation, including the acquisition of Metoz, results in the Newco group assuming all liabilities of Metoz and its subsidiaries including potential tax liabilities and warranty claims. Whilst the directors intend to conduct a post-Capital Reorganisation restructure to mitigate any risk of these potential liabilities, shareholders should be aware that these liabilities may arise in subsequent periods. The directors have received advice that the expected tax payable is \$Nil, but also that in the worst case, the tax liability may be \$47 million.

# 9.13 Valuation conclusion - Metcash A Shares

We set out below our valuation conclusion of the pro-forma value of the Metcash A Shares under each of the cases identified above:



Valuation of Metcash A Shares (Mid-point)

Valuation of Meteash A Chares (1	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash <sup>2</sup>
\$ million				
Value of merged business before synergies	3,046.1	3,044.3	3,018.3	3,017.4
Value of synergies (after transaction and restructuring costs)	252.8	252.8	246.1	252.8
Value of merged Metcash and Foodland's Australian business	3,298.9	3,297.1	3,264.4	3,270.2
Less new debt, comprising:				
Syndicated Facility	(005.0)	(424.9)	(341.3)	(756.0)
Action Facility CUPS	(235.0)	(235.0)	(235.0)	(235.0)
Surplus cash available for capital	235.0	(186.1)	(176.9)	(50.0) (186.2)
management / (net deficit funded from existing cash)	233.0	(100.1)	(170.9)	(100.2)
Implied equity value of Metcash post Offer, minority basis	3,298.9	2,451.1	2,511.2	2,043.0
Shares on issue (refer below)	1,024.4	736.9	807.4	644.5
Value per share – mid point	\$3.22	\$3.33	\$3.12	\$3.17
ļ.,.,				
Value per share – Low	\$3.07	\$3.11 \$3.54	\$2.94	\$2.93
Value per share – High	\$3.37	\$3.54	\$3.28	\$3.41
Value per share cum. CULS entitlement – Low³	\$3.07	\$3.11	\$3.11	\$3.25
Value per share cum. CULS entitlement Value per share – High <sup>3</sup>	\$3.37	\$3.54	\$3.59	\$4.14
No. of Metcash shares received for one Foodland share (after adjustment for dilution effect of CULS)	2.44	2.44	2.63	2.84
Equivalent value provided per one share of Foodland (mid-point)	\$7.86	\$8.13	\$8.21	\$9.00

Note 1: The above value per share cum-CULS entitlement and the number of shares (after adjustment for dilution effect of CULS) are based on the theoretical issue price of CULS. We note that the final issue price may be varied and the above is only for illustrative purposes.

Note 2: In this case, we have assumed all CUPS will be redeemed and treated as debt. However, we note that if all CUPS are converted into shares in Newco based on our assessed value per Metcash A Share (as per above), the change in the value per Metcash A Share will be insignificant.

Note 3: This value is cum-entitlement for participation in the CULS offer. It is inserted to provide Foodland shareholders, who may also be current Metcash shareholders, who may be unnecessarily concerned that their post-Capital Reorganisation interest in Metcash will be reduced in value.



We set out below the number of shares on issue under various cases:

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash <sup>1</sup>
million				
Existing outstanding shares	729.9	729.9	729.9	729.9
Share Purchase Plan	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0
CULS conversion			146.4	292.8
Capital Reorganisation			(385.3)	(385.3)
New shares issued to Foodland shareholders	287.5		309.4 <sup>2</sup>	
Total shares on issue	1,024.4	736.9	807.4	644.5

Note 1: In this case, we have assumed all CUPS will be redeemed and no conversion will be made. However, if all CUPS are converted into shares in Newco, approximately 17 million will be issued.

Note 2: Adjusted for dilution effect on CULS based on our assessed value of Metcash A Shares

We also set out below the balances of "surplus cash available for capital management / (net deficit funded from existing cash)" in the above table as follows:

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash <sup>1</sup>
million				
Syndicated Facility		424.9	341.3	756.0
Action Facility	235.0	235.0	235.0	235.0
CULS			372.0	744.0
CUPS				50.0
Capital Reorganisation			(1,125.2)	(1,125.2)
Cash payment to Foodland shareholders		(846.0)		(846.0)
Total	235.0	(186.1)	(176.9)	(186.2)

For simplicity of depiction, we have only shown the full table at the midpoint of our assessed ranges.

We have considered the forecast 2006 EBITA multiples implicit in our valuation of the enterprise value of the merged business by way of cross check:



Capital Reorganisation Offer	No <b>Yes</b>		Yes <b>Yes</b>	
\$ million	Low	High	Low	High
Forecast EBITA – 2006 (merged Metcash and Foodland Australia) from the Bidder's Statement <sup>1</sup>	288.0	288.0	288.0	288.0
Enterprise value of merged Metcash and Foodland Australia (pre synergies) – section 9.8	2,396.0	2,594.4	2,396.0	2,594.4
Synergies – Section 9.9	310.1	351.6	310.1	351.6
Enterprise value of merged Metcash and Foodland Australia	2,697.1	2,946.0	2,697.1	2,946.0
Forecast 2006 EBITA multiple – minority basis	9.4	10.2	9.4	10.2

Note 1: EBITA before goodwill amortisation (but after finance lease amortisation). Transaction/restructuring costs have been treated separately.

We believe these implied multiples are reasonable in the context of the merged business.



# 10 New Zealand industry profile

### 10.1 Overview

In the year ended 30 June 2004, the New Zealand food retailing industry generated total revenues of approximately \$NZ12.5 billion. The majority of these sales are accounted for by supermarkets. Residual food retail sales, (excluding takeaway food sales) are made by convenience stores, small independent operations and localised outlets such as specialist butchers, fish shops, bakeries and fresh produce outlets.

The trends in New Zealand grocery retailing sales between 2000 and 2004 are illustrated in the table below:

Grocery retailing sales Year to 30 June	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004
NZ\$ million					
Food Retailing Sales <sup>(1)</sup>	9,510.9	10,116.9	10,896.6	11,504.8	12,462.1
Change on Prior Year (%)	4.7%	6.4%	7.7%	5.6%	8.3%
Supermarket & Grocery Sales (1)	8,432.7	8,974.6	9,599.6	10,159.1	10,986.8
Change on Prior Year (%)	4.7%	6.4%	7.0%	5.8%	8.1%
Supermarket Sales as a Proportion of Food Retailing Sales (%)	88.7%	88.7%	88.1%	88.3%	88.2%

Source: NZ Statistics

Between 2000 and 2004 annual supermarket and grocery sales in New Zealand increased by 31.0%, equivalent to a compound annual rate of growth of 7%. Over the same period, food price inflation, measured by the Food Price Index increased by an average 2.3% per annum. The strong real growth in Supermarket and Grocery Sales reflects the strength of the New Zealand economy which has been fuelled by strong international commodity prices for primary products and, until recently relatively low interest rates and a strong property market. The New Zealand Institute of Economic Research expects real GDP growth of almost 5% for the year ending 31 March 2005 although growth is expected to slow in 2006.

Following Progressive's acquisition of Woolworths New Zealand in 2002, there are effectively only two key players in the grocery industry in New Zealand:

- Foodstuffs Group; and
- Progressive Enterprises (Foodland).

For the year ended 8 August 2004 Foodstuffs claims market share for its New World, Pak'N Save and Write Price banners of 56.2%. This compares to Progressive's claimed

<sup>(1)</sup> Sales figures are nominal.



market share for the year ended 30 June 2004 of 45.5%. The inconsistency in market share claims is likely to be attributable to different measurement bases. However, it is likely that Foodstuffs market share is in the range 54% to 56% and Progressive's market share between 44% and 46%, together accounting for almost 100% of the total market.

A summary of Progressive's and Foodstuffs' market representation is as follows:

Progressive and Foodstuffs Store Numbers				
Progressive		Foodstuffs		
Foodtown	30	New World	130	
Woolworths	64	Pak'N Save	35	
Countdown	55	Write Price	7	
Total Supermarkets	149	Total Supermarkets	172	
Woolworths Quickstop & Micro	26	Four Square/ Four Square Discount	269	
Supa Valu <sup>1</sup>	30	On the Spot	197	
FreshChoice <sup>1</sup>	11			
Total Progressive outlets	216	Total Foodstuffs outlets	638	

Source: Progressive & Foodstuffs & Foodland

Note 1: Independent stores which are not owned by Progressive

We have described Progressive's business at Section 11.2 below. For the purposes of discussion of the competitive environment of New Zealand, we discuss Foodstuffs below.

#### **Foodstuffs**

The Foodstuffs Group in made up of three co-operative companies:

- Foodstuffs (Auckland) Limited;
- Foodstuffs (Wellington) Co-operative Society Limited; and
- Foodstuffs (South Island) Limited.

Each co-operative is owned by grocery retailer members who operate individual stores under one of the co-operatives' retail trading formats. The co-operatives provide members with the collective supply of grocery and allied merchandise and support services. In addition to the trading support, the co-operatives provide funding to members and undertake property development and ownership. Each individual co-operative also has trading activities in its own right.



The retail trading formats utilised by the Foodstuffs Group consists of:

Pak'N Save Retail food warehouses, large discount stores representing regional destination (includes Write Price in Southern North Island)	
New World	Full service supermarkets, varying in scale.
Four Square	Traditional moderate scale grocery outlets.
Four Square Discount	Four square stores operating a discount pricing policy (South Island only).
On the Spot	Small branded convenience stores (South Island only).

In 2003, Foodstuffs established a joint venture with Australian bank St George Bank Limited and introduced a range of retail banking products through its retail network.

#### **Key Industry Value Drivers and Outlook** 10.2

The New Zealand grocery sector is dominated by two large participants, both of whom operate large format supermarkets. The interplay between these two sector participants can have a significant impact on each others sales and profitability. In particular, new store openings can have a dramatic impact on existing stores as new stores cannibalise existing sales to a greater extent than generating new sales volumes.

Given the small size and mature state of the New Zealand market and its dominance by two large chains with various competing banners, we believe there is little prospect of a new participant entering the market, notwithstanding the occasional announcement of interest by third parties viewing the sector.

The supermarket sector is confronted with a variety of competitive pressures, similar to those that exist in Australia.

In the future, growth in earnings is likely to be driven by exploitation of higher value uses of space within supermarkets such as the establishment of in-store pharmacies and further banking offerings.



# 11 Pro-forma information on NZ Shares

#### 11.1 Terms of NZ Shares

The rights and restrictions attaching to the NZ Shares are found in the Metcash constitution. These terms are different from ordinary shares; but the effect of them is that similar economic outcomes occur as if they were ordinary shares. Accordingly, we have formed our views on the NZ Shares as if they were ordinary shares in Foodland New Zealand as a separate listed company.

For the purpose of our report, we provide a summary below.

#### Constitution

Amendments to the Metcash constitution dealing with the NZ Shares establish the shares as having priority over Metcash A Shares and Metcash ordinary shares.

Under the constitution, NZ Shareholders agree to become members of NZ Holdco and also appoint an irrevocable proxy to vote in favour of the Capital Reduction which will effect the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to former Foodland Shareholders.

#### **Dividends**

A holder of a NZ Share is entitled to a non-cumulative, fully franked dividend of an amount equal to the amount declared by the directors of NZ Holdco to Metcash in a particular period, with payment dates being the same as those fixed in relation to ordinary shares.

If, in the reasonable opinion of the directors of NZ Holdco, the distributable profits of NZ Holdco are insufficient to pay any dividend to Metcash, the directors of Metcash must not pay a dividend on the NZ Shares. If any dividend is not paid on the NZ Shares, no dividends may be paid on the Metcash A Shares or the Metcash ordinary shares.

#### Ranking

NZ Shares rank ahead of Metcash A Shares and CUPS for payment of dividends and for return of capital and that share's portion of the residual value of the Foodland New Zealand business on winding up of Metcash, but carry no further right to participate in any surplus assets or profits.

No further shares ranking in priority to either Metcash A Shares or NZ Shares may be issued unless the issue and terms thereof are approved at separate meetings of Metcash A Shareholders and NZ Shareholders.



#### **Voting rights**

Under the constitution of Metcash, NZ Shares do not confer a right to vote except:

- During a period in which a dividend (or part of a dividend) in respect of a share is in arrears;
- On a proposal to reduce Metcash's share capital;
- On a proposal that affects rights attached to the shares;
- On a resolution to approve the terms of a buy-back agreement (with the exception of the Capital Reorganisation);
- On a proposal to wind up Metcash;
- On a proposal for the disposal of the whole of Metcash's property, business and undertaking; and
- During the winding up of Metcash.

Additionally, NZ Shareholders, (who also previously held Metcash A Shares) at the time of the Capital Reduction to transfer Foodland New Zealand to NZ Shareholders will be unable to vote on their Metcash ordinary shares in favour of the Capital Reduction as they are to receive consideration (shares in NZ Holdco) under the Capital Reduction.

#### Conversion and exchange

Metcash intends to convert or exchange the NZ Shares for ordinary shares in a company that will hold (directly or indirectly) all of the New Zealand businesses and assets of Foodland.

Metcash has announced its intention to use reasonable endeavours to transfer the New Zealand business of Foodland to NZ Shareholders as soon as practicable after the NZ Shares have been issued.

It is intended that when the NZ Holdco lists, all NZ Shares will be cancelled and, in consideration of the cancellation, NZ shareholders will receive one share in NZ Holdco for each NZ Share they own.

#### Listing

Metcash intends to apply for the NZ Shares to be listed on the ASX. Metcash is currently in preliminary discussions with the ASX, which has indicated that the listing is likely should the following be satisfied:

 The Foodland New Zealand business would satisfy the usual profits or assets test for admission to the official list; and



 The disclosures made concerning the Foodland New Zealand business by Metcash are sufficient to ensure that the market is adequately informed.

Furthermore, the ASX has indicated that it would seek removal of the NZ Shares from the official list if it had not acquired 100% of Foodland within 12 months of the date of first quotation.

Metcash believes it will be able to satisfy all necessary conditions to undertake quotation on the ASX following the success of the Offer.

# 11.2 Analysis of Foodland New Zealand operations

#### **History**

Foodland entered the New Zealand grocery retailing market in 1992 through the acquisition of the Countdown group of supermarkets from Magnum Corporation Limited (Magnum). The purchase included the Rattrays Wholesale Cash & Carry and Food Service businesses, which have subsequently been sold.

In 1993, Foodland acquired a nation wide department store chain, the Farmers Trading Company (Farmers). Farmers and its associated finance company were divested by Foodland in June 2003. Foodland also strengthened its position in the New Zealand market through the acquisition of a 39% interest in supermarket operator Progressive Enterprises Limited (Progressive) from Coles Myer Limited (Coles Myer). It then sold the Countdown supermarket chain (then predominantly operating in the South Island) and its wholesale businesses to Progressive. This transaction increased Foodland's shareholding in Progressive to 57%.

In June 1999, Foodland launched a successful takeover and gained control of 100% of Progressive. The bid price of \$NZ3.00 per share was equivalent to an enterprise value for Progressive of NZ\$675 million. At this time the New Zealand market comprised three key players; Foodstuffs (52%), Progressive (27%) and Woolworths NZ (21%) then owned by Hong Kong-based Dairy Farm International Limited.

In June 2002, Progressive acquired Woolworths NZ, which comprised 85 supermarkets trading under the Woolworths, Big Fresh and Price Chopper banners and 26 smaller outlets which supply groceries and in a number of cases also sell petrol. The price was equivalent to an enterprise value for the business of NZ\$690 million. Following the acquisition of Woolworths NZ, Progressive's market share increased to approximately 44-46% of the New Zealand grocery retailing market with the remaining 54-56% of the business being held by various banners controlled by Foodstuffs.

On 29 July 2004, Foodland announced it had entered into a sale and leaseback agreement with entities associated with the Multiplex Group (Multiplex) in a deal worth \$NZ145 million. From our review of public information it appears that the deal covered three distribution centres and support offices and seven supermarkets representing the majority of Foodland's New Zealand property assets.



#### Operations

#### Foodtown/Woolworths New Zealand

Foodtown and Woolworths NZ are full service supermarket chains. The Foodtown chain consists of 30 stores, all of which are in the North Island. The Woolworths New Zealand chain consists of 64 stores spread throughout the country, although the banner is stronger outside the Auckland metropolitan area.

Following the acquisition of Woolworths NZ, Progressive has developed a branding strategy which focuses on strengthening the Foodtown banner in the Auckland metropolitan area and building on the existing strength of the Woolworths banner in North Island's regional centres and throughout the South Island. This strategy has resulted in the rebranding of a number of supermarkets, particularly within the Auckland metropolitan area.

Foodtown and Woolworths NZ supply a comprehensive range of grocery, fresh and frozen food, general merchandise, prepared foods and, where legally able to do so, wine and beer (in a small number of area's the sale of liquor is restricted to a local Licensing Trust).

These full service chains are designed to cater for shoppers seeking a wide range of goods in a pleasant shopping environment. The chains' target customer market is more quality orientated than other segments of the market and seeks a higher level of service and a greater range of goods.

Following recent regulatory changes, which relaxed the controls on ownership of pharmacies, Progressive entered into an agreement with a pharmacist which will result in the establishment of pharmacies within selected supermarkets. The first pilot pharmacy opened recently in the new Auckland City Foodtown store.

#### Countdown

Countdown is a national discount supermarket chain which operates 55 stores. The chain's focus on price competition is reflected in the slogan "We won't be beaten – Guaranteed". The launch of this campaign, in 2004, triggered a round of competitive activity in New Zealand and has been a contributing factor to the low level of food price inflation in 2004. Following the acquisition of Woolworths New Zealand most of the Big Fresh banner stores were rebranded to the Countdown banner.

#### Other banners

Progressive operates a number of smaller stores under the Woolworths Quickstop and Woolworths Mirco banners. Currently there are 26 Quickstop or Micro stores. In a small number of cases the Quickstop stores are associated with petrol retailers.

Progressive also supplies the Supa Valu and FreshChoice chains. These stores are relatively small-scale supermarket banners operated by franchisees. The chains are almost exclusively based in the South Island and comprise 30 Supa Valu outlets and 11 FreshChoice stores. Progressive's income from the franchised stores is derived from;



franchise fees, manufacturers' subsidies, promotional and sundry income and margin on product.

# 11.3 Pro-forma historical financial performance

Foodland NZ is part of Foodland and has not lodged separate financial statements on the same timeframe as the Foodland group. The historical pro-forma financial performance for Foodland NZ set out in the table below has been extracted from Foodland's segmental reporting contained in its annual reports (all amounts are in Australian dollars, as reported within the annual reports, unless stated otherwise):

Foodland NZ Financial performance A\$ million	52 wks ended 28 July 2002	52 wks ended 3 August 2003	52 wks ended 1 August 2004
Sales revenue		-	
NZ Supermarkets	1,688.8	3,222.5	3,324.2
NZ Wholesaling	298.6	308.4	233.4
Total sales revenue	1,987.4	3,530.9	3,557.6
EBITA			•
NZ Supermarkets	65.7	136.6	149.0
NZ Wholesaling	9.8	11.8	10.1
Total EBITA	75.5	148.4	159.1
EBITA margin <sup>(1)</sup> (%)			
NZ Supermarkets	3.9	4.2	4.5
NZ Wholesaling	3.3	3.8	4.3
Total EBITA margin	3.8	4.2	4.5

Source: Foodland Annual Reports

Note (1) Excludes any group corporate overheads and property income

The key features of the historical performance of Foodland NZ are as follows:

- The 2002 results for New Zealand are not directly comparable with the 2003 and 2004 results as they do not include the contribution from Woolworths NZ which was acquired in June 2002;
- At the time Woolworths NZ was acquired Foodland projected a 2003 EBITA of \$120.8 million for the New Zealand supermarket operations, including net synergy gains of less than \$8.9 million. The reported result of \$148.4 million reflects the acceleration of the net synergy benefits (\$26.8 million) extracted in the first year of ownership;
- In the year ended 1 August 2004, EBITA for the New Zealand operations increased by 7.1% to \$159.1 million. Earnings from the New Zealand supermarket operations increased by 9.1% from \$136.6 million to \$149.0 million, however, following the sale



> of the Red Arrow tobacco distribution business earnings from the New Zealand wholesaling business fell from \$11.8 million to \$10.1 million;

- Since the acquisition of Woolworths NZ the EBITA margin generated by the New Zealand supermarket business has increased from 3.89% to 4.48%, reflecting the synergy gains generated by combining the Foodtown/Countdown and Woolworths NZ businesses; and
- We have not been able to obtain New Zealand dollar historicals or forecasts. However, as the average annual exchange rate between the New Zealand and Australian dollar has been relatively stable, we do not believe that the exchange rate will have a material impact on this analysis.

# 11.4 Pro-forma financial position

The pro-forma financial position of the Foodland New Zealand business (NZ Holdco) is set out in the table below:

NZ Holdco Pro-forma financial position \$ million	As at 1 August 2004		
Cash	24		
Inventory	210		
Accounts receivable	19		
Property, plant & equipment	272		
Intangibles	1,839		
Other	(45)		
Total assets	2,318		
Creditors & accruals	256		
External Debt	289		
Total liabilities	545		
Net assets	1,773		

Source: Metcash management estimate.

The pro-forma financial position has been prepared by Metcash and is based on the segmental disclosure in Foodland's 2004 annual report and incorporates the following adjustments:



- Reclassification of the proceeds of a current receivable of \$136 million which relates
  to the sale of the New Zealand property portfolio as an offset against existing debt in
  the New Zealand business. The sale proceeds were received in late August 2004;
- Estimated transaction costs (after tax) associated with the cancellation and transfer
  of shares, and an estimate of the specific costs to be incurred in connection with the
  Offer and the separate listing of NZ Holdco;
- The goodwill generated on the acquisition of Foodland New Zealand by Metcash and transferred to NZ Holdco; and
- Other adjustments to ensure consistency with New Zealand segmental disclosures and other disclosed amounts.

# 11.5 Projected financial performance

The projected financial performance for Foodland's New Zealand business, set out in the table below, has been compiled from a review of broker reports on Foodland. The table sets out a summary of the average of these broker forecasts.

Foodland NZ Financial performance <i>A\$ million</i>	2004 Historical	2005 Forecast	2006 Forecast
Total sales revenue	3,557.6	3,814.1	3,934.7
Total EBITA <sup>1</sup>	159.1	174.2	181.3
Total EBITA margin (%)	4.5%	4.6%	4.6%
Source: Broker reports.			

Note 1: Exclude property income and group corporate overheads

The brokers' forecast 2005 EBITA for Foodland's New Zealand business are in the range \$169.4 million to \$180 million with an average of \$174.2 million and a median of \$172 million. For the 2006 year the brokers' EBITA forecasts range between \$172 million to \$190 million with an average of \$181.3 million and a median of \$185 million.

These projections represent the broker segmental forecasts and exclude an allowance for group corporate overheads that the New Zealand business would incur as a standalone entity.

In the absence of any further information from Foodland, we consider these brokers forecasts to be a reasonable estimate of the earnings of Foodland New Zealand based on the industry structure and historical performance of Foodland New Zealand.



## 12 Valuation of NZ Shares

# 12.1 Valuation approach

Our valuation of the NZ Shares is set out below and has been based solely on publicly available information. We have not had access to any detailed financial information on Foodland's New Zealand business or access to Foodland management. Given the limited access to information we have adopted the capitalisation of earnings valuation methodology (capitalisation of EBITA) to derive an estimate of the value for the NZ Shares.

Under the capitalisation of earnings valuation methodology it is necessary to determine an estimate of maintainable EBITA and an appropriate EBITA multiple.

Using an EBITA multiple to value Foodland's New Zealand business produces an enterprise value. To determine the value of the New Zealand shares we have deducted net borrowings, based on the pro-forma financial position as at 1 August 2004.

#### Earnings to be capitalised

We have based our estimate of the earnings to be capitalised on the range of brokers' forecast 2005 EBITA for the New Zealand business (i.e. \$170 million to \$180 million). However, the brokers' forecasts exclude group corporate costs. For the year ended 1 August 2004 Foodland's group corporate costs were \$10.1 million. Metcash has estimated the split of group corporate costs between Australia and New Zealand based on 2004 reported sales (including intersegmental sales). On this basis, 58.3% of the group overhead costs or \$6 million have been allocated to the New Zealand business. For the 2005 year Metcash has increased its estimate of group corporate overheads for the New Zealand business to \$7 million.

We have considered the likely corporate costs of operating an Australian listed company from New Zealand and believe that this is a reasonable estimate of this expense, assuming that the total \$10 million of corporate costs in the Foodland accounts solely reflect the central costs associated with maintaining a board and listing in Australia.

The table below sets out the calculation of the EBITA range utilised in our valuation of the NZ Shares:



Earnings to be capitalised \$ million	Low	High
2005 EBITA (broker forecasts) Less estimated share of unallocated group overheads (1)	170.0 (7.0)	180.0 (7.0)
Adjusted 2005 EBITA	163.0	173.0

Note: (1) Metcash management estimate.

#### Selection of EBITA multiple

In selecting an EBITA multiple range we have had regard to many of the same factors as those considered in assessing the multiple ranges for Metcash and Foodland Australia, with the following key considerations:

- The Foodland NZ business has a strong market position in what is effectively a duopoly and has delivered sound earnings growth in recent years with further growth projected;
- New Zealand companies tend to trade at a discount to their Australian counterparts
  as the market is small and lack the liquidity of larger capital markets. We would
  expect the natural holder of these shares would be New Zealand rather than
  Australian investors and therefore the NZ Shares should trade at multiples that
  could be attributed to New Zealand businesses;
- The Foodland New Zealand business will generate the New Zealand equivalent of franking credits. These are not fully usable for Australian investors but are likely to be reflected in New Zealand trading multiples;
- The New Zealand business generates stronger margins than its Australian listed counterparts, even after the additional group corporate overheads are deducted from the segmental EBITA; and
- The pre-Offer Foodland multiple of 10.3 reflects the portfolio weighting of three businesses (Action, Wholesale and New Zealand). It is likely that New Zealand would trade at a premium to this portfolio multiple. We note that it is also conceivable that the overall Foodland multiple included a conglomerate discount.
- The Foodland New Zealand business may attract interest from a corporate buyer such as Woolworths or Coles. There has been considerable media and broker speculation about the emergence of such a buyer. We are of the view that several of the likely buyers have shown recent interest in acquisition opportunities of this nature and have the financial wherewithal to make a bid. Accordingly, we have included in our assessed minority range a premium to an ordinary trading multiple reflecting anticipation of an offer proceeding at some stage. Such an offer has yet to



emerge and we have not included a full control premium but allowed a premium equivalent to the magnitude of a full premium adjusted for the risk and timeframe of an offer, incorporating such a premium, materialising. It is not appropriate to compare the result of this multiple to assess the fairness of any such offer. Should an offer not materialise within a reasonable time period, it is likely that this premium may disappear from the value of the NZ Shares.

Considering all of the factors set out above, we consider that an appropriate multiple with which to capitalise the Foodland NZ business' 2005 forecast EBITA range is between 11.5 and 12.5 times.

#### Net debt

We have assumed that net debt is equal to the net debt balance of \$265.2 million per the pro-forma statement of financial position for Foodland New Zealand, and after adjusting for a pro-rata estimate of the cash generated by Foodland New Zealand since 1 August 2004, the estimated transaction costs after tax which we have been treated separately and, the latest dividend paid in October 2004. We have also had regard to the intention of Metcash to pass the expected interim dividend of \$0.43 per share to Foodland shareholders rather than retaining it in the business. We have apportioned these dividends between Foodland's Australian and New Zealand businesses. This provides a revised net debt balance of \$286.3 million.

#### Surplus assets

From a review of Foodland's financial statements, we have identified \$31.3 million of surplus properties in the New Zealand business. According to these financial statements, no taxes would be payable in realisation of this value. We have treated these properties as a surplus asset of Foodland New Zealand.

#### Estimated share of transaction costs

Metcash has advised us that the estimated transaction costs related to Foodland New Zealand as a result of the Offer are \$16 million (or \$12.1 million after tax).

# 12.2 NZ Shares valuation summary

The table below summarises our earnings-based valuation of the NZ Shares:



NZ Shares EBITA multiple valuation summary \$ million	Low	High
2005 Adjusted EBITA	163.0	173.0
EBITA multiple	11.5	12.5
Enterprise value	1,874.5	2,162.5
Add: Surplus assets	31.3	31.3
Less estimated share of transaction costs	(12.1)	(12.1)
Less external debt	(286.3)	(286.3)
Equity value	1,607.4	1,895.4
Number of shares (millions)	117.8	117.8
Value per NZ share	\$13.65	\$16.09

The capitalisation of earnings methodology produces a valuation range of \$13.65 to \$16.09 per share for the NZ Shares, with a mid point of \$14.87.

We note that the current market price for Foodland (if 2.44 times the value of Metcash A Shares is deducted from this value) reflects a value for NZ shares towards the top end of our assessed range reflecting speculation about:

- The emergence of bidders for the New Zealand business; and
- Potential increases in the Metcash bid, or other bidders emerging.

In view of the potential for either of these cases to not eventuate, we do not consider that our valuation is unreasonable in the circumstances.

#### Valuation cross-check

Similarly to the Metcash and Foodland Australia valuations, we have performed a DCF cross-check to our capitalised EBITA valuation.

A summary of key assumptions are similar to those used in Metcash's and Foodland Australia DCF analysis with the following exceptions:

- Growth of 7.2% in 2005 and 3.2% thereafter;
- Margins consistent at 4.6% over the forecast period;
- Capex consistent with brokers forecasts to 2006 with inflation growth thereafter; and
- WACC of 8.9% to 9.1%



Our DCF analysis arrived at values broadly consistent with those assessed under the capitalisation of EBITA methodology excluding our premium related to potential takeover offers.



# 13 Conclusions

We set out below a summary of our opinion of the Metcash A Shares and the NZ Shares.

	Case 1	Case 2	Case 3	Case 4
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	No	Yes	Yes
Offer take up	100% scrip	100% cash	100% scrip	100% cash <sup>2</sup>
\$ million				
Value per Metcash A Share (ex-CULS rights)	\$3.07 to \$3.37	\$3.11 to \$3.54	\$2.94 to \$3.28	\$2.93 to \$3.41
No. of Metcash A Shares received for one Foodland share	2.44	2.44	2.58 to 2.67	2.71 to 2.96
Equivalent value provided per one share of Foodland	\$7.49 to \$8.22	\$7.59 to \$8.64	\$7.59 to \$8.76	\$7.94 to \$10.10
Value per NZ Share	\$13.65 to \$16.09	\$13.65 to \$16.09	\$13.65 to \$16.09	\$13.65 to \$16.09
Total consideration received for one Foodland share	\$21.14 to \$24.31	\$21.24 to \$24.73	\$21.24 to \$24.85	\$21.59 to \$26.19
Total consideration if cash of \$7.18 in place of Metcash A Share for one Foodland share	\$20.83 to \$23.27	\$20.83 to \$23.27	\$20.83 to \$23.27	\$20.83 to \$23.27
Foodland share price pre announcement <sup>1</sup>	\$19.21	\$19.21	\$19.21	\$19.21
Cum-CULS rights value				
Value per Metcash A Share (cum-CULS rights)	\$3.07 to \$3.37	\$3.11 to \$3.54	\$3.11 to \$3.59	\$3.25 to \$4.14
No. of Metcash A Shares received for one Foodland share	2.44	2.44	2.44	2.44
Equivalent value provided per one share of Foodland (cum-CULS rights)	\$7.49 to \$8.22	\$7.59 to \$8.64	\$7.59 to \$8.76	\$7.94 to \$10.10

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> One month Volume Weighted Average Price

We note that the terms of the offer provide for a change with respect to the numbers of shares that Foodland shareholders will receive in the event of a successful Capital Reorganisation proposal. We have prepared a theoretical calculation of the number of the Metcash A Shares Foodland shareholders will receive based on our valuations. However, Foodland shareholders should be aware that the number of shares they will receive will have regard to market prices of the Metcash shares pre- and post-CULS entitlement rights and may differ from the number set out in the above table.

We note that a 100% cash acceptance will not result in an issue of Metcash A Shares. However, it is presented as the absolute minimum acceptance level to illustrate of the impact of differing levels of scrip versus. cash acceptance. It should be noted that the value of Metcash A Shares under Cases 3 and 4 ignores the value of the right to participate in the CULS offer, which Foodland shareholders are unable to do.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> In this case, we have assumed all CUPS will be redeemed and treated as debt. However, if all CUPS are converted into shares in Newco based on our assessed value of Metcash A Shares, we note that the change in the value per Metcash A Share (as above) will be insignificant.



We note that the Foodland shareholders will be slightly better off if they collectively accept their scrip offer.

Yours faithfully

Richard Stewart Authorised Representative

21 January 2005

Mark Reading Authorised Representative



# Appendix A Qualifications, declarations and consent

### **Qualifications and Experience**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (PwCS) is wholly owned by PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC). The firm has extensive experience in providing corporate financial advice and in preparing independent expert's reports. PwCS is a Licensed Dealer (no. 11203) under the Corporations Act.

Mr Richard Stewart is the person primarily responsible for this report and is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, an affiliate of the Securities Institute of Australia and a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He holds an MBA and BEc as well as being an Adjunct Professor in Business at the University of Technology, Sydney. Richard has over 8 years experience in the valuation of shares and businesses and has been with PricewaterhouseCoopers since 1986.

Mr Mark Reading is a member of the Securities Institute of Australia and The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, holds Masters of Business Administration and Bachelor of Commerce degrees and has had over 19 years experience in the preparation of independent expert's reports and the valuation of shares and businesses, including approximately 10 years as a partner of PricewaterhouseCoopers.

#### Declaration

At the date of this report neither PwCS or any company associated with them:

- Has any interest in the outcome of the offers;
- Holds any beneficial interest in securities of Metcash, and has not held any such beneficial interest during the previous two years; or
- Has any relationship with Metcash.

None of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Mr Mark Reading or Mr Richard Stewart has any relationship with Metcash or any other party interested in the proposal that affects their independence in preparing this report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers has provided various miscellaneous advices to both Foodland and Metcash over the preceding 5 years. These minor pieces of work involved superannuation, workers compensation, sale of internal audit checklist software and tax advice unrelated to the proposal.

In addition, PwCS has been engaged to prepare various Investigating Accountants Reports in relation to this transaction and the Capital Reorganisation as well as an Independent Expert report in relation to the Capital Reorganisation. We have addressed the implications of the above roles in the context of Practice Note 42 and consider that it does not affect our independence or objectivity in preparing this report.



The only pecuniary or other interest other than the indemnity described below, that PwCS or any entity associated with them has in relation to the entire proposal including the Capital Reorganisation and the Foodland offer arises from the right to receive a fee of \$1.2 million plus GST in connection with the preparation of this report and the related report on the Capital Reorganisation and the preparation of the Investigating Accountant's Report. This fee is payable regardless of whether or not the proposal is successful. Except for this fee, none of PwCS or any entity associated with them has received, or will receive, any pecuniary or other benefit, whether direct or indirect, for or in connection with the making of this report.

## Purpose of report

This report has been prepared at the request of Directors of Metcash so that Foodland shareholders may better understand the total value of the consideration they will be offered. This report was not prepared for any other purpose.

# Special note regarding forward-looking statements and forecast financial information

Certain statements in this report may constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance and achievements of Metcash or Foodland or industry results, to be materially different from any further results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors may include:

- Changes in laws, regulations or governmental policies (or the interpretation of those laws, regulations or policies) which may adversely impact upon the grocery industry in general, or Metcash or Foodland in particular
- Any adverse changes in general economic conditions, levels of employment and a decline in discretionary spending as a result thereof, and
- Other factors referenced in this report.

#### Consents

Neither the whole or any part of this report nor any reference thereto may be included in or with or attached to any document, circular, resolution, letter or statement (other than the present Bidder's Statement) without the prior written consent of PwCS to the form and context in which it appears.

### Indemnity

Metcash has agreed to indemnify PwCS and its employees against claims, liabilities, losses and expenses they incur if information or documentation provided by or on behalf



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of Metcash is false, misleading or omits material particulars, or if relevant information or documents have not been supplied.



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# Appendix B Comparable companies and transactions

### Comparable company multiples

	Market Cap	D/E ratio	D/EV	Interest Cover	Volatility	Revenue	EBITA Margin	Revenue Multiple	EBITA	Vlultiple	NPATA	Multiple
(A\$ million)								Historical	Historical	Forecast	Historical	Forecast
Notes	1	2	3	4	5		6				7	]
Australia												
Metcash Trading	1,872	4.4%	4.2%	24.68	21%	7.251	2.64%	0.27	10.2	10.2	14.7	14.2
Foodland Associated	2,250	16.2%	14.0%	8.10	15%	6.027	4.11%	0.43	10.6	10.3	16.8	13.4
Woolworths	15,043	1.1%	1.0%	23.92	14%	27,934	4.05%	0.57	14.0	12.7	18.9	17.5
Coles Myer	11,764	1.1%	1.0%	20.17	13%	32,267	3.13%	0.39	12.5	11.3	16.8	16.3
Average									11.8	11.1	16.8	15.4
United Kingdom												
Wm Morrison Supermarkets	8,700	46.5%	31.7%	14.93	27%	8.104	4.10%	0.61	15.0	10.9	18.9	12.9
J Sainsbury	13,280	34.7%	25.8%	9.38	23%	16,212	3.82%		11.3	16.2	13.1	17.6
Tesco	61,099	14.5%	12.7%	9.36	18%	32,725	6.26%		13.3	12.7	18.5	16.8
Average			1		1		1		13.2	13.3	16.8	15.7
United States												
Sysco Corp	31,505	5.3%	5.0%	22.93	19%	29.733	5.32%	0.84	15.8	14.8	25.4	23.8
Supervalu Inc	6,105	24.9%	19.9%	4.21	23%	20.180	3.06%		9.3	9.0	16.4	13.9
Albertson's Inc	11,400	80.7%		3.19	21%	35,436	3.68%		11.9	11.7	15.7	16.6
The Kroger Co	16,525	61.8%	38.2%	3.21	22%	53,791	3.60%		10.4	10.6	14.2	14.9
Safeway Inc	11,586	77.5%		3.07	25%	35,282	3.69%	0.44	11.9	11.6	9.3	13.0
Average									11.9	11.5	16.2	16.4

<sup>1</sup> Market Capitalisation has been calculated as at 5-Dec-04 for Metcash and Foodland, other market caps have been calculated as at 15-Dec-04.

#### Comparable company descriptions

Metcash Trading Limited is a marketing and distribution company operating in the food and other consumer goods sectors. The Company operates distribution centres serving grocery products for independent retail grocery stores, liquor distribution centres and cash and carry warehouses which serve retailers and businesses in the grocery, liquor, food services and convenience stores.

Foodland Associated Limited is a grocery wholesaler and operator of the Action supermarket chain. The Company wholesales and distributes groceries, chilled and frozen foods, liquor and general merchandise. The Company also manages, owns and operates shopping centres and supermarkets.

Woolworths Limited operates supermarkets, specialty and discount department stores, liquor and electronics stores throughout Australia. Woolworths also manufactures processed foods, exports and wholesales food and offers petrol retailing. The Company's store names include "Woolworths", "Dick Smith" and "Big W".

Coles Myer Limited operates retail stores, including supermarkets, department stores, apparel shops, liquor stores, office supplies and discount stores located throughout Australia and New Zealand. The Company also operates an online retail website along with investment property holdings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Net Debt divided by Market Capitalisation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Net Debt divided by Enterprise Value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> EBITA divided by Net Interest Expense.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Standard deviation of returns over 260 trading days to 5-Dec-04.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}$  EBITA is Earnings before net interest, tax and amortisation.

NPATA is Net profit after tax, but before amortisation.



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William Morrison Supermarkets plc retails groceries through a chain of supermarkets in England. Approximately half of the Group's stores contain petrol filling stations. William Morrison has its own fresh food manufacturing and processing operations, thus allowing them to market a number of own label brands.

J Sainsbury plc is a retail distributor of food. Their products are distributed through the Company's Sainsbury supermarkets in the United Kingdom and Shaw's supermarkets in the United States. Through Sainsbury Bank, the Company offers saving accounts, mortgages, and personal loans. J Sainsbury also owns a company which buys, develops, rents, and sells property investments.

Tesco plc is a food retailer. The Group operates stores in the United Kingdom, Republic of Ireland, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia, Turkey, Japan, Malaysia, South Korea, Taiwan, and Thailand.

Sysco Corporation is a foodservice marketing and distribution organisation, providing food and related products and services to customers in the United States and portions of Canada. The Company also distributes personal care guest amenities, housekeeping supplies, room accessories, and textiles to the lodging industry. In addition, Sysco supplies health and beauty aid products.

Supervalu Inc. sells food and non-food products at wholesale, and operates a variety of store formats at retail. The Company operates retail stores, including price superstores, combination food and drug stores, and limited assortment stores under banners such as Cub Foods, Save-A-Lot, and Laneco. SUPERVALU sells its products at wholesale to stores located across the US.

Albertson's Inc. operates a retail food-drug chain in various states across the United States. The Company's stores consist of combination food-drug stores, conventional supermarkets, and warehouse stores. Albertson's retail operations are supported by Company-owned distribution centres.

The Kroger Co. operates supermarkets and convenience stores in the United States. The Company also manufactures and processes food that its supermarkets sell. Kroger's stores operate under names such as Dillon Food Stores, City Market, Sav-Mor, Kwik Shop, and Mini Mart.

Safeway Inc. operates a retail food and drug chain in the U.S. and Canada under the Safeway, Carr-Gottstein, Dominick's, Genuardi's, Randall/Tom Thumb, and V names. The Company also has a network of distribution, manufacturing, and food processing facilities. In addition, Safeway holds a 49% interest in Casa Ley, S.A. de C.V., an operator of food and general merchandise stores in Mexico.



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# Comparable transaction multiples

Date	Target	Acquirer	EV (US\$M)	Historical EBITA Multiple	Forecast EBITA Multiple
Oct-04	Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group	Woolworths Limited	1,084	14.4	12.9
Mar-04	Shaw's Supermarkets Inc	Albertson's Inc	2,475	9.9	n/a
Dec-03	Safeway plc	Wm Morrison Supermarkets	7,980	10.5	n/a
Oct-03	Farmers Holdings Limited	James Pascoe/Fisher& Payket Finance	186	7.4	n/a
Jun-02	Budgens Plc	Musgrave Group	314	19.1	n/a
Jun-02	Woolworths (NZ)	Foodland Associated Limited	338	13.8	11.5
May-01	Sigfried Weis Family Holdings	Weis Markets Inc	1,251	14.4	n/a
May-00	Booker Plc	Big Food Group Pic	555	6.2	n/a
Mar-00	US Foodservice	Koninklijke Ahold NV	3,405	13.6	n/a
Jun-99	Asda Group Plc	Wal-Mart Stores Inc	10,565	16.5	n/a
Jut-99	Progressive Enterprises	Foodland Associated Limited	338	12.3	10.8
Average	<del></del>		+	12.6	11.7
Median				13.6	11.5



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# Appendix C Sources of information

In our assessment of the proposal, we have had access to the following principal sources of information:

- Bidder's Statement
- Metcash Notice of General Meeting and Explanatory Statement
- Metcash Annual reports
- Foodland Annual reports
- All other publicly available information relating to Metcash and Foodland
- Year-to-date management accounts and forecasts provided by Metcash management
- www.metcash.com.au
- www.fal.com.au
- www.ato.gov.au
- Broker reports
- Corporations Act, ASX Listing Rules and ASIC Policy Statements
- Bloomberg's online database covering financial markets and news and IBIS industry reports
- IBISWorld industry reports and AC Nielsen market share statistics
- Other publicly available information regarding companies considered to be comparable to Metcash and Foodland, and
- Discussions with key management of Metcash to gain an understanding of the business and the impact of acceptance of the proposed transaction.

We have not carried out independent confirmation of the information provided to us, nor have we independently verified the information and other representations made to us in the course of preparing this report. However, we have no reason to believe that any information has been withheld from us or that any of the information provided is misleading to any material degree.

We have been indemnified by Metcash against any losses or claims arising out of the inaccuracy of any material supplied by or on behalf of Metcash, or the failure of Metcash to provide us with all relevant documents or information.



# Annexure B - ASX announcements by Metcash since 1 July 2004

Date	Announcement
2 July 2004	Announcement of exercise of 109,200 employee options and cancellation of 76,800 options (former employees)
14 July 2004	Notice of initial substantial holder from 452 Capital Pty Limited
29 July 2004	Lodgement of Annual Report
30 July 2004	Confirmation that Annual Report, along with Notice of Meeting for the Annual General Meeting to be held. September 2004, Explanatory Memorandum and Proxy Form were sent to shareholders on 30 July 2004.
2 August 2004	Announcement of exercise of 165,740 employee options
10 August 2004	Announcement of termination of supply agreement between Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group and Metcash subsidiary Australian Liquor Marketers on 13 August 2004
13 August 2004	Lodgement of change of director's interest notice following exercise of options for Michael John Wesslink
30 August 2004	Lodgement of change of director's interest notice following exercise of options for Joao Louis Sardinha Jardim
I September 2004	Lodgement of Chairman's Address/Presentation from Annual General Meeting on   September 2004
September 2004	Lodgement of results of Annual General Meeting
7 September 2004	Announcement of exercise of 866,600 employee options and cancellation of 188,750 options (former employees)
9 September 2004	Announcement of issue of 850,000 options
9 September 2004	Lodgement of initial director's interest notice for Bernard John Hale
10 September 2004	Lodgement of a change of director's interest notice following an on-market trade for Michael John Wesslink
21 September 2004	Lodgement of a change of director's interest notice following exercise of options for Andrew Reitzer
22 September 2004	Announcement of mail-out to shareholders of covering letter, summary of questions and answers from the Annual General Meeting, Chairman's address and CEO's presentation
6 October 2004	Notice of change of interest of substantial holder from 452 Capital Pty Limited
7 October 2004	Announcement of exercise of 577,000 employee options
7 October 2004	Notice of change of interest of substantial holder from Lazard Asset Management Pacific Co
26 October 2004	Metcash announces establishment of American Depositary Receipts Program
3 November 2004	Announcement of exercise of 221,000 employee options
16 November 2004	Notice of change of interest of substantial holder from 452 Capital Pty Limited
25 November 2004	Lodgement of Half Yearly Report
25 November 2004	Presentation of financial results for 26 weeks ended October 2004

26 November 2004	Clarification of record date stated in Half Yearly Report
30 November 2004	Notice of ceasing to be a substantial holder from 452 Capital Pty Limited
3 December 2004	Announcement of exercise of 81,100 employee options and cancellation of 225,100 options (former employees)
6 December 2004	Metcash requests trading halt
6 December 2004	Announcement of Metcash's request for trading halt
6 December 2004	Announcement by Metcash of takeover offer for Foodland and capital reorganisation
6 December 2004	Presentation by Metcash CEO
6 December 2004	Foodland board advises shareholders to take no action on Metcash proposal
7 December 2004	Announcement of completion of institutional placement raising almost \$270 million
8 December 2004	Announcement of issue of 89,850,000 ordinary shares to institutional investors at \$3.00 per share to partly fund the takeover offer for Foodland
9 December 2004	Notice of issue of 89,850,000 fully paid ordinary shares to a range of institutional investors without a disclosure document
10 December 2004	Notice of issue of 89,850,000 fully paid ordinary shares to a range of institutional investors without a disclosure document
13 December 2004	Lodgement of letter from Foodland chairman to shareholders relating to Metcash's takeover offer
15 December 2004	Announcement of two mail-outs to shareholders concerning half year results, Metcash's takeover offer and a share purchase plan
16 December 2004	Announcement that documentation regarding the share purchase plan was sent to shareholders
16 December 2004	Announcement of opening and closing date of Metcash's share purchase plan
17 December 2004	Announcement of exercise of 83,800 employee options
20 December 2004	Announcement that fully paid ordinary shares to be issued under the share purchase plan will rank equally with Metcash's existing ordinary shares and eligibility criteria for the share purchase plan
20 December 2004	Announcement of mail-out to shareholders regarding a shareholders meeting to be held on 20 January 2005
20 December 2004	Lodgement of independent audit review for half year ended 31 October 2004
4 January 2005	Lodgement of change of director's interest notice exercise of options for Andrew Reitzer
10 January 2005	Announcement of exercise of 1,020,000 employee options
18 January 2005	Results of share purchase plan
20 January 2005	Results of general meeting and media release



Date	Announcement
1 July 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from Perpetual Trustees Australia Limited
6 July 2004	Announcement of retirement of Mr Ted van Arkel and managing director of Progressive Enterprises
29 July 2004	Announcement by Multiplex of acquisition on a sale and lease-back basis by Multiplex of New Zealand properties from a wholly owned subsidiary of Foodland
29 July 2004	Announcement by Foodland of agreement between a subsidiary of Progressive Enterprises and Multiplex for the sale and lease-back of a New Zealand property portfolio
4 August 2004	Lodgement of notice of initial substantial shareholder from Lazard Asset Management Pacific Co
16 August 2004	Lodgement of notice of initial substantial shareholder from UBS Nominees Pty Limited and its related bodies corporate
17 August 2004	Announcement of fourth quarter sales
31 August 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from UBS Nominees Pty Limited and its related bodies corporate
13 September 2004	Lodgement of preliminary final report for 52 weeks ended 31 August 2004
13 September 2004	Announcement of 2004 full year results
13 September 2004	Lodgement of 2004 full year presentation slides
13 September 2004	Announcement of changes to Foodland board
22 September 2004	Lodgement of change of director's interest notice following an on-market trade for Peter John Mansell
24 September 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from UBS Nominees Pty Limited and its related bodies corporate
30 September 2004	Announcement that Mr John A. Fletcher joined the Foodland board
7 October 2004	Lodgement of initial director's interest notice for Mr John A. Fletcher
18 October 2004	Lodgement of letter to ASX responding to ASX query relating to article in the West Australian
26 October 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from Lazard Asset Management Pacific Co
29 October 2004	Announcement of retirement of company secretary, Mr Chris Bennett
l November 2004	Lodgement of 2004 Annual Report
4 November 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from Perpetual Trustees Australia Limited
8 November 2004	Lodgement of notice of initial substantial shareholder from Schroder Investment Management Australia Limited
8 November 2004	Lodgement of notice of Annual General Meeting to be held on 8 December 2004
8 November 2004	Lodgement of Proxy Form
17 November 2004	Announcement of first quarter sales

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19 November 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from Perpetual Trustees Australia Limited
22 November 2004	Announcement of issue of 704,458 shares under the Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP)
25 November 2004	Announcement of ongoing employment contract with Mr Trevor Coates
2 December 2004	Lodgement of notice of Annual General Meeting to be held on 8 December 2004
6 December 2004	Announcement by Metcash of takeover offer for Foodland and capital reorganisation
6 December 2004	Presentation by Metcash CEO
6 December 2004	Announcement of trading halt of Foodland Shares
6 December 2004	Announcement of Foodland board advising shareholders to take no action on the Metcash proposal
8 December 2004	Lodgement of chairman's address to the Annual General Meeting
8 December 2004	Lodgement of slide presentation from Annual General Meeting
8 December 2004	Lodgement of Chief Executive Officer and Group Managing Director's address to the Annual General Meeting
8 December 2004	Lodgement of results of Annual General Meeting
8 December 2004	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from Perpetual Trustees Australia Limited
13 December 2004	Lodgement of letter from Foodland chairman to shareholders relating to Metcash's takeover offer
15 December 2004	Lodgement of final director's interest notice for Erich Fraunschiel
16 December 2004	Lodgement of Foodland constitution
24 December 2004	Announcement of continuation of employment of company secretary, Mr C. E. Bennett
10 January 2005	Lodgement of notice of change of interests of substantial holder from Perpetual Trustees Australia Limited

JESSERBUTON.

to the Offer



(ABN 61 000 031 569)

#### 06 December 2004

# Metcash announces Takeover Offer for Foodland and Capital Reorganisation

Metcash Trading Ltd ("Metcash" or the "Company") (ASX:MTT) announced today that it intends to make an off-market takeover offer ("the Offer") to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland Associated Ltd ("Foodland") (ASX:FOA).

Under the Offer, Foodland shareholders will retain ownership of Foodland's New Zealand business ("Foodland New Zealand"), whilst Metcash will acquire Foodland's Australian business ("Foodland Australia"). The Offer values Foodland Australia at A\$846m or A\$7.18 per Foodland share, representing an implied premium of 39% to the estimated value of Foodland Australia.

Metcash also announced today a Capital Reorganisation which will result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's 60% majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited<sup>2</sup> ("Metoz") ("Capital Reorganisation").

Under the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash will pay cash consideration of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz (includes assumed Metoz subsidiary net debt of approximately A\$0.12 per Metcash share). Metoz shareholders will carry full exchange rate risk prior to Completion.

The Offer and the Capital Reorganisation (collectively 'The Proposal') are not inter-conditional.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to Annex B for calculation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Metoz (JSE: MOZ) is a holding company listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange in South Africa.

# A value creating transaction

Mr Andrew Reitzer, Chief Executive Officer of Metcash, said:

"The Takeover Offer for Foodland and the Capital Reorganisation represents a win-win outcome for both Foodland and Metcash shareholders. This is a transaction where both sets of shareholders can participate in significant value creation."

"The Foodland Australia business will benefit from both the highly experienced and successful Metcash management team as well as the proven IGA business model. Foodland shareholders will receive an attractive price for the underperforming Australian operations and under the share alternative the opportunity to participate in the value created by the acquisition. In addition, they will retain the high quality New Zealand business that will now represent a very attractive pure play food retail investment that has a leading market position."

"Metcash shareholders will also participate in significant benefits including: cementing our position as the clear number three player in the market; completing the national roll-out of IGA; the realisation of synergies in terms of margins and costs and the creation of a more attractive investment proposition through increased scale, liquidity and a broader investor base."

"Overall, the benefits to Foodland and Metcash shareholders will be substantial."

#### **Benefits to Foodland Shareholders**

Metcash considers the Offer to be a highly attractive opportunity for Foodland shareholders, offering the following benefits:

- a premium of 39% to the estimated value of Foodland Australia³;
- a highly experienced and successful management team (Metcash shares have outperformed Foodland shares by 16%<sup>4</sup> over the past 12 months);
- access to a proven and consistent business model and growth strategy;
- participation in the expected Metcash share price re-rating and earnings uplift; and
- the unlocking of value of Foodland New Zealand by providing investors with a pure play New Zealand food retail investment with a leading market position.

Implied from the closing Foodland 1 month Volume Weighted Average Price of \$19.21 to 3 December 2004 and the estimated value of Foodland New Zealand (refer Annex B)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Calculated based on the share price returns over the 12 months to 3 December 2004.

#### **Benefits to Metcash Shareholders**

The Proposal also provides highly attractive benefits to Metcash shareholders:

- significant EPS accretion of 20% in the first full year following The Proposal<sup>5</sup>;
- unique synergies;
- increased scale through a complementary acquisition in Metcash's core business;
- strengthens Metcash's market position through the creation of a national network of Independent retailers;
- significantly improved liquidity from increasing the free float (40% to 100%);
- improved breadth and depth of equity investor base;
- optimises Metcash's capital structure;
- returns Metcash to Australian ownership; and
- expected entry into the ASX 100.

#### **Terms of the Transaction**

Under the Foodland Offer, Metcash is proposing that Foodland shareholders will receive:

- 2.44<sup>6</sup> Metcash Australian preference shares ("A Shares") or A\$7.18 cash (to represent the same value and economic entitlement as Metcash ordinary shares); and
- one Metcash New Zealand preference share ("NZ Shares") per Foodland share (to represent the value of and economic entitlement to Foodland New Zealand, intended to be retained by Foodland shareholders).

Following the successful completion of the Offer and compulsory acquisition, the NZ Shares will convert into ordinary shares in Foodland New Zealand and the company will be separately listed on the ASX. This conversion will be subject to shareholder approvals at that time.

Represents year ending 30 April 2006. EPS defined as pre goodwill amortisation, amortisation of financing costs and post segregation of retail stores. Assumes 100% cash takeup.

Exchange ratio is determined using Metcash price of A\$2.94 as at 3 December 2004. In the event Metcash proceeds with a rights issue prior to the close of the Offer this figure will need to be adjusted accordingly.

Under the Capital Reorganisation, a new holding company, Newco, will be put in place whereby:

- all of the shares in Metoz will be purchased for a cash consideration of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz (includes assumed Metoz subsidiary net debt of approximately A\$0.12 per Metcash share); and
- shareholders in Metcash will receive 1 Newco ordinary share for each Metcash share held.

At the completion of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will be renamed Metcash.

The Capital Reorganisation will be implemented by way of two Schemes of Arrangement:

- a Metoz Scheme of Arrangement in South Africa ("Metoz Scheme");and
- a Metcash Scheme of Arrangement in Australia ("Metcash Scheme" or collectively "the Schemes").

Assuming the Schemes are approved, Metcash shareholders will become shareholders of Newco, a company to be listed on the ASX, which will own 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash<sup>7</sup>.

On 3 December 2004, the two largest Metoz shareholders: RMB Asset Management (Pty) Limited, and STANLIB Asset Management Limited, who collectively control, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, 47% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz have separately provided binding undertakings to Newco to vote in favour of the Metoz scheme and all such shareholders' resolutions of Metoz as may be necessary to implement The Proposal. This undertaking will fall away on receipt by Metoz or all its shareholders of a materially superior offer, which offer needs to be unconditional as to funding, and needs to be certified by an independent financial adviser appointed by Metoz as having a better than even prospect of becoming unconditional in every respect by the first closing date of such offer.

After the Foodland Offer has closed and Metcash has completed compulsory acquisition, if the Schemes are approved, the A shares will convert into ordinary shares of Newco. If the Schemes are not approved, on the closing of the Foodland Offer and compulsory acquisition, the A shares will convert into ordinary shares of Metcash.

# **Transaction Funding**

Metcash has a funding plan in place for the transaction. As part of the funding for the Offer, Metcash has today launched an underwritten equity placement of 90 million shares at a minimum price of A\$2.60 per share. A Share Purchase Plan will also be offered to Retail shareholders on the same terms as the placement.

#### **Documentation**

Circulars to Metcash shareholders outlining, amongst other things, the required resolutions associated with The Proposal and the Bidder's Statement, to be despatched to Foodland shareholders, are currently being prepared. Full particulars of The Proposal will be provided to shareholders in the coming weeks.

An Independent Expert's Report will be included in the Metcash Scheme and the Foodland Offer documentation.

The Proposal will be subject to a number of conditions, a summary of which is set out in Annex A.

# **Foodland Approach**

Over the course of the last 2 years the Metcash Board and management have been reviewing a number of strategic growth options, both domestically and in line with the Company's previously announced desire for a fourth business pillar. Consistent with this, one of the initiatives actively reviewed over the last 12 months has been the acquisition of Foodland's Australian assets.

Metcash is aware that Foodland has previously approached certain Metoz shareholders with a highly conditional and incomplete proposal that could have led to a conditional off-market offer to acquire Metcash for A\$3.30 cash per share.

Although Foodland did not directly approach Metcash, the Board of Metcash carefully considered the highly conditional and incomplete proposal which included, amongst many other conditions, a request for due diligence. The Metcash Board, in conjunction with its advisers, assessed the highly conditional and incomplete proposal on the basis of price and conditionality against its completion prospects and value, relative to other options available to Metcash shareholders. The Metcash Board concluded that the Foodland proposal was incomplete, highly conditional and less attractive than other options including The Proposal, and therefore, that providing a major

competitor with commercially sensitive information would be potentially damaging to the Company, particularly in the event Foodland did not proceed to make any offer or, if made, the offer did not succeed.

# **Concluding Remarks**

Mr Reitzer said that: "the size and benefits of this Proposal will launch the Company into the next phase of its life cycle and offers a unique opportunity for our shareholders, employees, suppliers and customers."

# **ENDS**

All enquires should be directed to: Mr Andrew Reitzer (Chief Executive Officer)

Telephone: +61 2 9741 3010

Mr Edwin Jankelowitz (Finance Director)

Telephone: +61 2 9741 3011

Tim Allerton (City Public Relations) Telephone: +61 2 9267 4511

Financial advisers

Legal advisers

Deutsche Bank AG

Freehills - Australia

Momentum Corporate

Webber Wentzel Bowens - South Africa

Lead Manager and Underwriter of Equity Placement

Deutsche Bank AG

# Annex A: Summary of Offer and Capital Reorganisation Conditions

#### Offer

- (a) FIRB, ACCC and all other regulatory and shareholder approvals being obtained on an unconditional basis.
- (b) No decision, order, action, investigation or application of any government or judicial body restraining or impeding the Offer or transactions contemplated by the Offer.
- Shareholder approvals being obtained under ASX listing rules 7.1 and 7.4, ASX approving the quotation of the A Shares and NZ Shares, ASIC providing the appropriate modifications of the Corporations Act (for which applications will be made) and shareholder approvals being obtained for the amendments to Metcash's constitutions required to allow the Offer.
- (d) No action by any party to an agreement or instrument to which Foodland, any Foodland associate or any entity controlled by Foodland or any Foodland associate ("Foodland Group") is party which could result, to a material extent in the context of the Foodland Group as a whole, in moneys becoming repayable early, termination of or action under such agreement or instrument, termination or modification of an interest in any investment, or an adverse effect on the business of Foodland or its subsidiaries.
- (e) Foodland Group, does not acquire or offer or agree to acquire, directly or indirectly, any interest in more than 5% of the ordinary shares in Metcash or Metoz.
- (f) No event that could have a material adverse effect on the business, financial or trading position, assets or liabilities, profitability or prospects of Foodland Australia, taken as a whole, since 1 August 2004, other than in the ordinary course of its business and, for these purposes, a diminution in the value of Foodland Australia of A\$80,000,000 will be material.
- Foodland and its subsidiaries: not acquiring or disposing of any company, business or asset for greater than, in aggregate, A\$20,000,000; not entering, varying or terminating any joint venture or other arrangement involving a commitment of the Foodland Group greater than, in aggregate, A\$20,000,000; not entering, varying or terminating a material contract (including a contract the termination of which is likely to adversely affect Foodland Group earnings before interest and tax by more than, in aggregate, A\$10,000,000 per annum); not incurring or committing to capital expenditure greater than, in aggregate, A\$20,000,000 unless announced to the ASX prior to 6 December 2004; not releasing or discharging any substantial obligation owed to it; not entering or varying a contract of service with any director or officer, paying any retirement benefit to any director or officer, or making a substantial change to the remuneration of any

- director, officer or employee; and carrying on the business of the Foodland Group in the ordinary course of ordinary business.
- (h) Obtaining the waiver or consent of parties to material contracts (including contracts the termination of which is likely to adversely affect the revenues or costs of the Foodland Group by more than A\$20,000,000 per annum) which could be terminated or varied as a result of Metcash acquiring a relevant interest in any shares in Foodland.
- (i) The S&P ASX 200 Index not falling below 3,300 on any ASX trading day.
- (j) No prescribed occurrences (listed in section 652C of the Corporations Act) happening.
- (k) Each of the preconditions to the availability of the cash facilities is and remains satisfied and there is no default or potential default under them.
- (i) The equity placement proposed for 6 December 2004 raises a minimum of A\$234,000,000.
- (m) By the end of the offer period, Metcash and its associates have relevant interests in at least 90% of the shares in Foodland.

# Metcash scheme

- (a) Metcash members and option holders approving the scheme by the requisite majorities.
- (b) The South African scheme of arrangement becoming effective.
- (c) The approval of the members of Metcash by the requisite majorities in respect of financial assistance, related party transactions, Listing Rule 10 and the appointment of directors to Newco.
- (d) ASX approvals (including conditional admission of Newco to the official list), ASIC modifications, ACCC and all other regulatory approvals being obtained on an unconditional basis.
- (e) No decision, order, action, investigation or application of any government or judicial body restraining or impeding the scheme of arrangement.
- (f) A majority of the directors of Metcash recommending and not changing their recommendation to members to vote in favour of the Australian scheme of arrangement.
- (g) No material adverse change occurring in relation to Metcash or Newco.
- (h) The approval of the scheme by an Australian court of competent jurisdiction.

(i) ASX approving the admission of Newco to, and quotation of the securities of Newco on, the official list of ASX.

# **Metoz scheme**

- (a) The approval of the Metoz Scheme by a majority representing not less than 75% of the votes exercisable by scheme members present and voting at the scheme meeting, either in person or by proxy, and the sanctioning thereof by the High Court;
- (b) The registration by the Registrar of Companies of a certified copy of the Order of Court sanctioning the Metoz Scheme, in terms of the Act;
- (c) The obtaining of all regulatory approvals that may be necessary for the implementation of the Metoz Scheme, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as are acceptable to Newco and Metoz;
- (d) No material adverse change having arisen in relation to Metoz, by no later than the business day prior to the date of the sanction of the scheme; and
- (e) The Metcash Australia Scheme becoming effective.

# **Annex B: Premium Calculation**

# **Premium to implied Foodland Australia value**

	A\$ million (unless stated otherwise)	Equity Value Per Share (A\$)
Foodland share price (1 month VWAP to 3 Dec 2004)	A\$19.21 per share	A\$19.21
Shares outstanding in Foodland	117.8m	-
Foodland equity value	2,263	-
Plus: net debt 2004	230 <sup>(1)</sup>	-
Foodland Enterprise Value	2,493	-
Less: Enterprise value of Foodland New Zealand	(1,883) <sup>(2)</sup>	(14.03)(3)
Implied Enterprise value of Foodland Australia	610	5.18
Offer price for Foodland Australia	846	7.18
Premium to implied Foodland Australia Value	39%	39%

<sup>1.</sup> Foodland reported net debt as at 3 August 2004 of A\$366m less proceeds from sale of New Zealand property of A\$136m

Consensus broker forecasts for Foodland New Zealand EBITA 2005E plus estimated New Zealand property EBITA less estimated share
of corporate costs allocated to New Zealand equals EBITA of A\$169m. Estimated 2005E EBITA multiple for Foodland New Zealand of
~11.2x

<sup>3.</sup> Assumes all debt of Foodland remains with Foodland New Zealand. Enterprise Value per share A\$15.98 less net debt per share of \$1.95



#### **COMPANY ANNOUNCEMENT**

6 DECEMBER 2004

# FAL BOARD ADVISES SHAREHOLDERS TO TAKE NO ACTION ON METCASH PROPOSAL

Foodland Associated Limited ("FAL") advises shareholders that Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") today announced a complex and highly conditional proposal for the acquisition of FAL.

The Group Managing Director of FAL, Mr Trevor Coates, said "This proposal is surprising given the extent of the recent detailed and confidential negotiations we have been having with Metoz (the controlling shareholders of Metcash) and its major South African shareholders, as well as recent discussions with Metcash".

The Board of FAL is currently reviewing the details of this proposal and assessing its implications for FAL shareholders. The Company's first and foremost objective is to ensure its shareholders' interests are served in the best possible manner.

Accordingly, shareholders are advised to TAKE NO ACTION on the Metcash proposal. A detailed response will be provided to shareholders following the Board's thorough review of the options available.

However, the Company notes the proposal;

- (a) relies on the break-up of the successful FAL business;
- (b) relies on offering FAL shareholders a share in the FAL NZ business, which they already own; and
- (c) incorporates an offer of Metcash preference shares for FAL shareholders. Shareholders should be aware that preference shares have inferior voting rights to the ordinary shares that they already own.

ABN AMRO Corporate Finance and Mallesons Stephen Jaques have been retained as advisers to FAL in relation to this proposed offer.

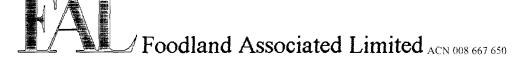
For more information please contact:

Mr Trevor Coates Group Managing Director Foodland Associated Limited **Telephone:** (08) 9311 6009 Mr James Brown General Manager Finance Foodland Associated Limited Telephone: (08) 9311 6006

Symbol Strategic Communications Louise Watson/Yves Noldus Telephone: (02) 9324 4288 / 4287

This announcement is available on the FAL website. The address is www.fal.com.au

218 Bannister Road Canning Vale Western Australia 6155 Locked Bag 30 Canning Vale Western Australia 6970 Telephone (08) 9311 6000 Facsimile (08) 9311 6013



10 December 2004

Dear shareholder,

As you may be aware, Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") recently announced a proposal to acquire your company.

At this stage, your Board have only received the brief announcement on the proposal made by Metcash to the Australian Stock Exchange and to the media. We are yet to receive the offer documentation that constitutes a formal proposal, nor has the Metcash Board made any direct contact with us.

What we presently know about the proposal is that Metcash intends to make an off-market takeover for all of Foodland's shares in exchange for Metcash Australian preference shares or cash and Metcash New Zealand preference shares, which it appears, are intended to convert into Foodland New Zealand shares and be listed separately on the Australian Stock exchange. At this stage, it is unclear how this is to be achieved.

We also note that the proposal is highly complex and conditional and does not address some key aspects of the suggested arrangements. For example, it is not clear what the tax implications are for Foodland or for our shareholders, how much certainty there is around the funding for the proposal and how a number of other issues (such as structural, implementation and legal issues) are to be addressed. The proposal also appears to have considerable completion risks.

The Metcash proposal relies on the break-up of the successful Foodland business and appears to ignore the synergies created by the current business portfolio and the potential negatives of breaking up this portfolio.

Your Board is reviewing the available information in relation to this proposal, assessing its implications and considering all the available options. Once more detailed documentation relating to the proposal is received from Metcash, that material will also be reviewed in a timely and appropriate manner. Our deliberations are first and foremost in the context of ensuring the best interests of you, our shareholder, are met.

For some time, your Board has recognised the need for industry consolidation within Australia to maximise shareholder value. We initiated this process and it is as a consequence that we approached Metoz, Metcash's controlling shareholders and its principal South African shareholders, earlier this year with a proposal that we felt was attractive to all of its shareholders and would contribute to significant value creation for Foodland shareholders. Our negotiations and proposal were initiated on a friendly basis and included a due diligence requirement as your Board felt that a friendly approach and due diligence were the most sensible and prudent course of action.

We will continue to communicate with you in a consistent and timely fashion and advise you of our response as soon as our deliberations have been concluded. All of our announcements regarding this matter are available on the Foodland Associated Ltd website, www.fal.com.au. You can also call our shareholder information line on toll-free number 1800 068 729, from 9am to 8pm AEDT / 6am to 5pm AWST, Monday to Friday, if you have any questions regarding the Metcash proposal.

Yours sincerely,

Len Bleasel AM Chairman

Toleand

218 Bannister Road Canning Vale Western Australia 6155 Locked Bag 30 Canning Vale Western Australia 6970 Telephone (08) 9311 6000 Facsimile (08) 9311 6013



# Annexure E - Newco's Share Issue Deed Poll

#### This Share Issue Dead Poll

is made on 21 January 2005

by The Newco Project X Limited

ABN 32 112 073 480

c/o Deutsche Bank AG, Level 18, 225 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000

(Newco)

in favour of

Each holder of A Shares (other than Newco) from time to time in

Metcash Trading Limited (Metcash)

ABN 61 000 031 569

of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW 2138 (A Shareholders)

#### Recitals

- Metcash proposes to issue the A Shares as consideration under the Offer.
- B. Upon the satisfaction of certain conditions, the A Shares will be exchanged for Newco Shares in accordance with the Terms of Issue.
- C. Newco is entering into this deed poll for the purpose of covenanting in favour of A Shareholders to issue Newco Shares upon receipt of an Exchange Notice pursuant to the Terms of Issue.

#### This deed poll provides

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this deed poll (including the Recitals), unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) A Shares means fully paid class A preference share in Metcash;
- (b) Act means Corporations Act;
- (c) **Business Day** means a day on which banks are open for business in Sydney, excluding a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday;
- (d) **Exchange** means the exchange of A Shares for Newco Shares in accordance with the Terms of Issue;
- (e) **Exchange Notice** means a notice from Metcash to Newco requesting that each A Share shall be exchanged for the issue of one Newco Share;
- (f) **Effective** means the coming into effect, pursuant to section 411(1) of the Act, of the order of the Court made under section 411(4)(b) in relation to the Metcash Share Scheme;
- (g) **Metcash Share Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Shareholders subject to any alteration or condition made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Act, by which Newco will acquire the non-Metoz share capital of Metcash;
- (h) Newco Share means an ordinary share in Newco;
- (i) Offer means Metcash's offer to acquire all the shares in Foodland Associated Limited (ABN 13 008 667 650);
- (j) **Terms of Issue** means the terms of issue of the A Shares as annexed to this deed poll;

- (k) Transfer means a duly executed transfer notice by Metcash as attorney on behalf of each A Shareholder for the purposes of the Exchange; and
- words and phrases used in this deed poll have the same meaning as given to them in the Terms of Issue.

#### 1.2 Interpretation

In this deed poll headings and bold type are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation and, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (b) a reference to any document (including this deed poil) is to that document as varied, novated, ratified or replaced; and
- (c) a reference to a clause, party, annexure or schedule is a reference to a clause of, and a party, annexure and schedule to, this deed poll and a reference to this deed poll includes any annexure and schedule.

#### 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the next Business Day.

#### 1.4 Nature of deed poll

Newco acknowledges that this deed poll may be relied on and enforced by any A Shareholder in accordance with its terms even though they are not parties to it.

# 2 Duration of obligation

Newco's obligations under this deed poll are subject to the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective, and continue until such time as:

- (a) Newco is registered as the holder of all the A Shares; and
- (b) Newco has fully and finally discharged its obligations in respect of all the A Shares under clause 3 so that all former A Shareholders are registered as holders of Newco Shares,

provided that the Metcash Share Scheme has not become Effective by 21 January 2006, this deed poll will terminate

# 3 Exchange

#### 3.1 General obligation

Newco will do all things necessary to effect the Exchange.

# 3.2 Issue of Newco Shares

Without limiting the generality of clause 3.1:

- (a) promptly upon receipt of a Transfer in respect of A Shares, Newco will issue and allot one Newco Share to each A Shareholder specified on the Transfer and enter the name of such A Shareholder on the register of members of Newco; and
- (b) no later than 3 Business Days after receipt of the Transfer, despatch or procure the despatch to each A Shareholder by prepaid post to his or her address specified in the Transfer, an uncertified holding statement in the name of that A Shareholder.

#### 3.3 Joint holders

In the case of joint holders of A Shares, uncertified holding statements issued under clause 3.2(b) shall be issued in the name of and forwarded to the A Shareholder whose name appears first in the Transfer.

#### 4 Warranties

Newco represents and warrants that:

- (a) it is a corporation validly existing under the laws of its place of registration;
- (b) it has the corporate power to enter into and perform its obligations under this deed poll and to carry out the transactions contemplated by this deed poll;
- (c) it has taken all necessary corporate action to authorise its entry into this deed poll and has taken or will take all necessary corporate action to authorise the performance of this deed poll and to carry out the transactions contemplated by this deed poll; and
- (d) this deed poll is valid and binding on it.

# 5 Deed poll irrevocable

This deed poll is irrevocable.

#### **6** General

#### 6.1 Stamp duty

Newco will:

- (a) pay all stamp duties and any related fines, penalties and other costs in respect of the Exchange and this deed poll, the performance of this deed poll and each transaction effected by or made under this deed poll; and
- (b) indemnify each A Shareholder against any liability arising from failure to comply with clause 6.1(a).

#### 6.2 Notices

Any notice or other communication to Newco in respect of this deed poll must be in legible writing and in English and:

- (a) addressed as shown below:
  - Attention:
- Company Secretary, The Newco Project X Limited
- Address:
- c/o Deutsche Bank, Level 18, 225 George Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000
- Fax no:
- (02) 9258 1899
- (b) must be signed by the person making the communication or by a person duly authorised by that person;
- (c) must be delivered or posted by prepaid post to the address, or sent by fax to the fax number, of Newco in accordance with clause 6.2(a);
- (d) will be regarded as received by Newco:
  - (1) if sent by fax, at the local time (in the place of receipt of that fax) which then equates to the time at which that fax is sent as shown on the transmission report which is produced by the machine from which that fax is sent and which confirms transmission of that fax in its entirety, unless that local time is a not a Business Day, or is after 5.00pm on a Business Day, when that communication will be regarded as received at 9.00am on the next Business Day; and
  - (2) in any other case, on delivery at the address of Newco as provided in clause 6.2(a), unless that delivery is not made on a Business Day, or after 5.00pm on a Business Day, when that communication will be regarded as received at 9.00am on the next Business Day.

#### 6.3 Governing law and jurisdiction

This deed poll is governed by the laws of New South Wales. Newco irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales.

#### 6.4 Waiver

- (a) Waiver of any right arising from a breach of this deed poll or of any right, power, authority, discretion or remedy arising upon default under this deed poll must be in writing and signed by the party granting the waiver subject to the Terms of Issue.
- (b) A failure or delay in exercise, or partial exercise, of:
  - (1) a right arising from a breach of this deed poll; or
  - (2) a right, power, authority, discretion or remedy created or arising upon default under this deed poll,
  - does not result in a waiver of that right, power, authority, discretion or remedy.
- (c) A party is not entitled to rely on a delay in the exercise or non-exercise of a right, power, authority, discretion or remedy arising from a breach of this deed poll or on a default under this deed poll as constituting a waiver of that right, power, authority, discretion or remedy.
- (d) A party may not rely on any conduct of another party as a defence to exercise of a right, power, authority, discretion or remedy by that other party.
- (e) This clause may not itself be waived except in writing subject to the Terms of Issue.

#### 6.5 Variation

A provision of this deed poll may not be varied, altered or otherwise amended unless the variation is agreed to by Metcash, in which event Newco will enter into a further deed poll in favour of the A Shareholders giving effect to the variation, alteration or amendment.

#### 6.6 Cumulative rights

The rights, powers and remedies of Newco and each A Shareholder under this deed poll are cumulative and do not exclude any other rights, powers or remedies provided by law independently of this deed poll.

#### 6.7 Assignment

The rights and obligations of Newco and each A Shareholder under this deed poll are personal and must not be assigned or otherwise dealt with at law or in equity.

#### 6.8 Further action

Newco will promptly do all things and execute all further documents necessary to give effect to this deed poll.

# Executed as a dead poll in New South Wales:

The common seal of

# The Newco Project X Limited

is fixed to this document

in the presence of:

	•
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)

# Annexure F - Prescribed occurrences

The prescribed occurrences, for the purposes of the condition in Section 23.9(i) of this Bidder's Statement (being the prescribed occurrences listed in Section 652C of the Act) are:

- (1) Foodland converting all or any of its shares into a larger or smaller number of shares under Section 254H of the Act;
- (2) Foodland or a subsidiáry of Foodland resolving to reduce its share capital in any way;
- (3) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland entering into a buy-back agreement or resolving to approve the terms of a buy-back agreement under subsection 257C(1) or 257D(1) of the Act;
- (4) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland making an issue of its shares or granting an option over its shares or agreeing to make such an issue or grant such an option;
- (5) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland issuing, or agreeing to issue, converting notes;
- (6) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland disposing or agreeing to dispose, of the whole, or a substantial part, of its business or property;
- (7) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland charging, or agreeing to charge, the whole, or a substantial part, of its business or property;
- (8) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland resolving that it be wound up;
- the appointment of a liquidator or provisional liquidator of Foodland or of a subsidiary of Foodland;
- (10) the making of an order by a court for the winding up of Foodland or of a subsidiary of Foodland;
- (II) an administrator of Foodland or of a subsidiary of Foodland being appointed under Section 436A, 436B or 436C of the Act;
- (12) Foodland or a subsidiary of Foodland executing a deed of company arrangement; or
- (13) the appointment of a receiver, receiver and manager, other controller (as defined in the Act) or similar official in relation to the whole, or a substantial part, of the property of Foodland or of a subsidiary of Foodland.

# Annexure G - Summary of rights attaching to Metcash and Newco Shares

Note: A reference to Metcash should also be read as a reference to Newco, except in those circumstances where reference is made to Metcash Trading Limited.

- (a) (**Share capital**) Metcash directors may issue or cancel Metcash Shares (including preference shares), or grant options over unissued Metcash Shares. Metcash Trading Limited directors may also issue A Shares and NZ Shares.
- (b) (**Transfer of Metcash Shares**) Subject to Metcash's constitution and to the rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares, a member may transfer all or any of their shares by a proper ASTC transfer or an instrument in writing in any usual form or in any other form that the directors of Metcash approve.
  - The transferor remains the holder of the shares transferred until the transfer is effected in accordance with the ASTC Settlement Rules or the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect of the shares.
  - The directors may decline to register a transfer where the transfer is not in registrable form or the refusal to register is permitted under the ASX Listing Rules.
- (c) **(Voting)** Subject to Metcash's constitution, at a general meeting, each ordinary shareholder entitled to vote may attend and vote in person or by proxy, attorney or (where a member is a body corporate) by representative.
  - A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is demanded. Subject to the Metcash constitution, on a show of hands, every ordinary shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote. Subject to the Metcash constitution, on a poll, every ordinary shareholder voting in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote for each fully paid share held by them.
- (d) (**Dividends**) Subject to the Act, the directors of Metcash may pay any interim and final dividends, without confirmation by a general meeting as, in their judgment, the financial position of Metcash justifies.
  - Further information on Metcash's dividend policy is in Section 10.4 of this Bidder's Statement.
- (e) (Dividend reinvestment plan) The directors may implement a dividend reinvestment plan on such terms as they think fit.
- (f) (Capitalisation of profits) Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares, the directors of Metcash may capitalise any amount and distribute it among such of the members as would be entitled to receive dividends and in the same proportions.
- (g) (**Winding up**) Subject to the Metcash constitution and to the rights or restrictions attached to any shares or a class of shares (and, in the case of Metcash Trading Limited, including the A Shares and the NZ Shares whose terms are summarised in Section 18 of this Bidder's Statement), if Metcash is wound up and the property of Metcash is sufficient to pay all debts, liabilities and costs of winding up, the excess must be divided among the ordinary shareholders in proportion to the number of shares held by them.
  - If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution, divide the whole or any part of the property of the company among the members and determine how the division is to be carried out as between the members.
- (h) (Alteration of capital) Subject to the Act, Metcash may, by resolution, alter the company's share capital. The directors may determine any distribution paid on a return of capital including a distribution of specific assets. If the company distributes to its members securities in another body corporate, each member agrees to become a member of that other body corporate.



# Annexure H - Additional financial information

This annexure should be read in conjunction with Sections 9.6, 12, 16 and 17 of this Bidder's Statement. In particular all disclaimers, notes and details in these Sections should be given detailed attention.

# 1.1 Detailed reconciliation of statement of financial position for Scenario 1 - Offer successful but Capital Reorganisation not Effective

Set out below is the detailed reconciliation of the statement of financial position of New Metcash including further detail on the adjustments relating to Australian IFRS.

Year ending 31-Oct-04	AGAAP					Australian IFRS		
A\$ million	Metcash standalone	Foodland Wholesale	Funding, transaction and restruct- ure costs	Offer	Action Super- markets <sup>4</sup>	Property <sup>s</sup>	New Metcash	New Metcash
Cash	19	6	8461	(846)²			25	25
Inventory	428	95					523	523
Accounts receivable	704	72					776	776
PP&E	129	53				(36)5	146	146
Intangibles	236	9	53	3033			6013	5976
Other	14	81		336	(336)⁴		95	95
Total assets	1,530	316	899	(207)	(336)	(36)	2,166	2,162
Debt	102		6491		(336)⁴	(36)5	379	379
Accounts payable	881	109					990	990
Other	63						63	897
Total liabilities	1,046	109	649		(336)	(36)	1,432	1,458
Net assets	484	207	250	(207)	0	0	734	704

# Note 1:

(a)

The funding for Scenario 1 is sourced as follows:

	A\$ million
Debt	
Senior debt	425
Action Facility	235
Less debt related transaction costs	(11)
	649
Other	
Cash	291
Less CULS redemption premium	(19)
Less other transaction costs	(45)
Less restructure costs	(30)
	197
Net funds	846

#### Note 2:

Represents purchase consideration for acquisition of Foodland Australia.

#### Note 3:

The goodwill generated on consolidation of Foodland Australia is as follows:

	A\$ million
Consideration	846
Less fair value of Action Supermarkets (refer note 4)	(336)
Less fair value of net assets of Foodland Wholesale acquireda	(207)
3	303
Existing Foodland Wholesale goodwill	9
Existing Metcash goodwill	236
Restructure costs	30
Non-debt or equity related transaction costs	23
-	601
Note:	

mote:

a Metcash has assumed that the fair value of assets equals the book value  $% \left( \frac{1}{2}\right) =0$ 



#### Note 4:

The assets, liabilities and associated funding relating to the Action Supermarkets are held in a limited recourse vehicle for the purposes of divestment.

#### Note 5:

Foodland's 2004 Annual Report discloses the independent valuation of all Foodland's owned land and buildings (other than land held for resale which is included in inventories), plus additions in the 2004 financial year recorded at cost. The independent valuations were performed as at July 2003, with a value attributed to the property assets of \$67.4 million.

The annual report does not disclose a split of land and buildings by these segments however, it does disclose the split of "Property and Other" assets. Metcash has allocated the land and buildings between Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand as follows based on the proportion of "Property and Other" assets.

	A\$ million
Foodland Australia	36
Foodland New Zealand	31
	67

Australian IFRS adjustments

#### Note 6:

	A\$ million
AGAAP intangible assets	601
Write-off of restructure costs	(30)
Contingent liabilities	25
IFRS intangible assets	597

#### Note 7:

A contingent liability for Foodland taxation matters of \$25.5 million is recognised as a liability in accordance with Australian IFRS. This has an impact of increasing the goodwill arising on the acquisition of Foodland.

# 1.2 Detailed reconciliation of statement of financial position for Scenario 2 - Offer successful and Capital Reorganisation Effective

<del>baldistribution, auf tralian liquor maikeleks, **campbells cash & carry,** iga distribution, **australia**i</del>

Set out below is a detailed reconciliation of the statement of financial position for New Metcash including further detail on the adjustments relating to Australian IFRS.

Year ending 31-Oct-04				AGA	AP				Australian IFRS
A\$ million	Metcash standalone	Foodland Wholesale	Funding transaction and restruct- ure costs	Capital Reorgan- isation	Offer	Action Super- markets <sup>3</sup>	Property <sup>3</sup>	New Metcash	New Metcash
Cash	19	6	1,971	(1,125)2	(846)3			25	25
Inventory	428	95						523	523
Accounts receivable	704	72						776	776
PP&E	129	53					(36)3	146	146
Intangibles	236⁴	94	68	1,767	303			2,3824	6065
Other	14	81			336³	(336)3		95	95
Total assets	1,530	316	2,039	642	(207)	(336)	(36)	3,947	2,171
Debt	102		9761			(336)	(36)	706	706
Accounts payable	881	109						990	990
Other	63						•	63	89 <sup>7</sup>
Total liabilities	1,046	109	976			(336)	(36)	1,759	1,785
Net assets	484	207	1,063	642	(207)	0 ,	0	2,188	385

# (a) Consolidation adjustments

# Note I:

The funding for Scenario 2 is sourced as follows:

	A\$ million
Debt	
Senior debt	756
Action Facility	235
Less debt related transaction costs	(15)
	976
Other	
CUPS <sup>a</sup>	50
CULS <sup>a</sup>	744
Cash	29+
Less other transaction costs	(60)
Less restructure costs	(30)
	995
Net funds	1,971

Note a: Subsequent to conversion to ordinary shares

# Note 2:

Represents purchase consideration for acquisition of Metoz.

#### Note 3:

Refer to the detailed notes 2, 4 and 5 for Scenario 1.

**Note 4:**The goodwill generated on consolidation in New Metcash is as follows:

	A\$ million
Consideration for the Capital Reorganisation a	2,341
Conversion of CULS to New Metcash ordinary equity <sup>b</sup>	972
Less fair value of net assets acquired <sup>c</sup>	(1,547)
#**	1,766
Consideration for the Takeover Offer	846
Less fair value of Action Supermarkets <sup>e</sup>	(336)
Less fair value of net assets of Foodland Wholesale acquired $^{\rm d}$	(207)
÷:	303
Existing Foodland Wholesale goodwill	9
Existing Metcash goodwill	236
Restructure costs	30
Non-debt or equity related transaction costs	38
2:	2,382
Natori	

#### Notes:

- a Comprises consideration of approximately \$1.2 billion for the purchase of the shares of existing Metcash Shareholders and \$1.1 billion for the purchase of Metaz
- b conversion of CULS into New Metcash ordinary equity at \$3.32
- c Metcash is of the opinion that the fair value of assets equals the book value (see table below)
- d Metcash has assumed that the fair value of assets equals the book value
- e The assets, liabilities and associated funding relating to the Action Supermarkets are held in a limited recourse vehicle for the purposes of divestment.

			A\$ million	
Net assets of Metcash	n standalone		484	
Equity Placement	::		263	
CULS	r:	. •	729	
SPP	2.2		21	
CUPS	5.1		50	
	ē.,		1,547	

#### (b) Australian IFRS adjustments

#### Note 5:

	A\$ million
AGAAP Intangible assets	2,382
Reversal of goodwill which does not arise under Australian IFRS	(1,766)
Reversal of goodwill amortisation (6 months to 31 October 2004)	11
Contingent liabilities .	25
Non-debt or equity related transaction costs relating to Capital Reorganisation	(16)
Write-off of restructure costs	(30)
Australian IFRS intangible assets	606

#### Note 6:

A contingent liability for Foodland taxation matters of \$25.5 million is recognised as a liability in accordance with Australian IFRS. This has an impact of increasing the goodwill arising on the acquisition of Foodland.

# 1.3 Reconciliation of New Metcash incremental sales for Offer

Below is a breakdown of the incremental sales Metcash/New Metcash is forecast to generate as a result of the Offer.

New Metcash incremental sales A\$ million	30-Apr-06 Forecast
Sales	
Sales from supplying Action Supermarkets	917
Foodland Wholesale external sales	1,041
Total incremental sales to New Metcash from acquiring Foodland	1,959
Forecast sales of Action Supermarkets	1,529
Assumed Metcash wholesale % of Action Supermarkets retail sales	60%
Sales from supplying Action Supermarkets	917

New Metcash total sales A\$ million	30-Apr-06 Forecast
Metcash standalone sales	7,232
Total incremental sales to New Metcash from acquiring Foodland	1,959
New Metcash total sales	9,191

#### 1.4 Foodland Australia standalone

#### (a) Financial performance

Set out below is the historical financial information for Foodland Australia's two major divisions, Action Supermarkets and Foodland Wholesale for the years ending 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004.

	AG	AAP
Year ending	03-Aug-03	01-Aug-04
	Hist	oxlenl
Sales		
Action Supermarkets	1,209	1,330
Foodland Wholesale external sales	1,002	1,001
Total	2,211	2,331
Sales growth %		5.4%
EBITA		
Action Supermarkets	36	39
Foodland Wholesale	51	45
EBITA pre corporate costs	87	84
EBITA margin pre corporate costs	3.9%	3.6%
Corporate costs	(4)	(4)
EBITA post corporate costs	83	80
EBITA margin post corporate costs	3.8%	3.4%
Capital expenditure	62	84

#### (b) Foodland Australia historical performance assumptions

Sales and EBITA attributable to the Action Supermarkets chain are assumed to be equivalent to Australia Supermarket sales in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004. Foodland Wholesale sales and EBITA reflects the Australia Franchise & Supply segment per the segment note in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004.

Unallocated historical corporate costs in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ending 1 August 2004 (\$10.1 million in 2004 and \$9.8 million in 2003) have been applied against the Foodland Australia standalone and Foodland New Zealand standalone operations in proportion to gross revenue of each operation. Metcash understands that Foodland allocates a proportion of corporate costs directly to its business segments. Metcash has assumed these corporate costs have been allocated in a manner that is consistent with business segment use and activity.

Historical EBITA reflected in the above table excludes property income and profits/(losses) on sale of property as reflected in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ending 1 August 2004.

Historical capital expenditure has been sourced from the business segment commentary of Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004, with any additional group capital expenditure initiatives disclosed in other public information being attributed to Foodland Australia on a basis broadly consistent with the Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand sales split.



#### (c) Statement of financial position

	AGAAP		
Year ending 01-Aug-04 Historic		ical	
	Foodland Associated Limited	Foodland Australia	Foodland Australia Wholesale
Cash	59	23	6
Inventory	412	202	95
Accounts receivable	229	75	. 72
PP&E	451	180	53
Intangibles	722	147	9
Other	71	116	81
Total assets	1,944	742	316
Debt	425	0	0
Accounts payable and other	506	250	109
Total liabilities	931	250	109
Net assets	1,013	492	207

#### (d) Foodland Australia's statement of financial position assumptions

The pro forma statement of financial position above has been prepared on the basis of information disclosed in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 in order to reflect Metcash management's best estimate of Foodland Australia as a standalone operation.

The pro forma information provided above is based on the statement of financial position disclosed in note 28 of Foodland's annual report for the year ending | August 2004, which separately discloses all Australian controlled entities, with the following adjustments:

- To the extent practicable, removal of all intercompany balances and other items that should eliminate on consolidation of the Foodland Group (in order to present Foodland Australia as a standalone operation).
- Removal of Metcash's estimate of Australian property assets from the property, plant and equipment line item disclosed.
- 18 Other adjustments required to reflect information that is consistent with the Australian segment assets represented in the segment note of Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 and other disclosed amounts.

Metcash has assumed that this provides a reasonable estimate of the financial position of Foodland Australia as a standalone operation without property investments. We note that segment asset information provided in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 has not been provided by statement of financial position breakdown. In addition, the segment note does not split liabilities by geographic segment. Accordingly, the statement of financial position above necessarily contains some estimates. Metcash does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the pro forma statement of financial position above. Further information relating to the financial position of Foodland Australia as a standalone operation may be included in Foodland's Target's Statement in relation to the Offer which will be sent to Foodland shareholders directly by Foodland and will be publicly available.

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#### (e) Foodland Australia Wholesale statement of financial position assumptions

Metcash has estimated the Foodland Australia Wholesale standalone proportion of the pro forma Foodland Australia standalone statement of financial position based on the Foodland parent company statement of financial position reflected in Foodland's annual report for the year ending | August 2004. The parent entity incorporates the Foodland Group's Australian wholesale operations (its principal activities are listed as Chief entity/Wholesale). Metcash has adjusted this statement of financial position for the following items:

- To the extent practicable, removal of all intercompany balances and other items that should eliminate on consolidation of the Foodland Group (in order to present Foodland Wholesale Australia as a standalone operation).
- Other adjustments required to reflect segment assets that are consistent with the Australia Franchise & Supply segment per the segment note in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 and other disclosed amounts.

Metcash notes that segment asset information provided in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 has not been provided by statement of financial position breakdown. In addition, the segment note does not split liabilities by geographic segment. Accordingly, the statement of financial position above necessarily contains some estimates. Metcash does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the pro forma Foodland Australia Wholesale statement of financial position above. Further information relating to these items may be included in Foodland's Target's Statement in relation to the Offer which will be sent to Foodland shareholders directly by Foodland and will be made publicly available.

## 1.5 Foodland New Zealand standalone

#### (a) Financial performance

Set out below is the historical financial information for Foodland New Zealand for the years ending 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004.

	AC	AGAAP		
Year ending	03-Aug-03	01-Aug-04		
	His	Historkel		
Sales	4,175	3,696		
Non-continuing operations	(644)	(138)		
Sales – continuing operations	3,531	3,558		
Sales growth %		1%		
EBITA – pre corporate costs 1,2	155	168		
Corporate costs	(6)	(6)		
EBITA – post corporate costs	149	162		
EBITA margin %	4.2%	4.6%		
Capital expenditure	85	92		
Notes:				

- I Includes property income
- 2 Continuing operations only

#### (b) Foodland New Zealand historical performance assumptions

The historical financial information in relation to the performance of Foodland New Zealand has been extracted from Foodland's annual report for the year ended I August 2004. Specifically, sales and EBITA attributable to New Zealand have been extracted from the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ended 1 August 2004.

Unallocated historical corporate costs in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ended I August 2004 (\$10.1 million in FY04 and \$9.8 million in FY03) have been applied against the Foodland New Zealand standalone operations in proportion to the revenue of Foodland as a whole. Metcash understands that Foodland allocates a proportion of corporate costs directly to its business segments. It has been assumed that these corporate costs have been allocated in a manner that is consistent with business segment use and activity.

Historical EBITA reflected in the above table includes property income and excludes profits/(losses) on sale of property, profit on sale of Farmers Holdings Limited Group and discontinued operations, specifically the operations of Farmers Holdings Limited Group, as reflected in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ended 1 August 2004.

Historical capital expenditure has been sourced from the business segment commentary of Foodland's annual report for the year ended I August 2004, with any additional group-wide capital expenditure initiatives disclosed in other public information being attributed to Foodland New Zealand on a basis broadly consistent with the Foodland New Zealand and Foodland Australia sales split.

## **1.6 NZ Holdco** pro forma statement of financial position

#### (a) Detailed reconciliation of New Zealand Holdco pro forma statement of financial position

Set out below is a detailed reconciliation of the pro forma statement of financial position of NZ Holdco, including further detail on the adjustments relating to Australian IFRS.

Year ending 31-Oct-04	AGAAP				Australian IFRS
A\$ million	Foodland Associated Limited	Foodland NZ standalone	Cancellation and transfer of shares	New Zealand Holdco	New Zealand Holdco
Cash	59	36	(12)	24	24
Inventory	412	210		210	210
Accounts receivable	229	19		19	19
PP&E	451	2723		2723	2723
Intangibles	722	575	1,2642	1,8392	1,8392
Other	71	(45)		(45)	(45)
Total assets	1,944	1,066	1,252	2,318	2,318
Debt	425	289		289	289
Accounts payable and accruals	506	256		256	256
Total liabilities	931	545	0	545	545
Net assets	1,013	521	1,252	1,773	1,773

The proforma statement of financial position above has been prepared on the basis of Metcash's best estimate of the assets and liabilities attributable to Foodland New Zealand's business as at I August 2004, adjusted for proforma adjustments in relation to the impact of the proposed cancellation and transfer of shares in the New Zealand business, transaction costs associated with the proposed transfer and cancellation and the reclassification of proceeds receivable on sale of non-current assets.

The assets and liabilities attributable to Foodland New Zealand's business are based on the total consolidated statement of financial position for Foodland Associated Limited (refer to Section 1.4 of Annexure H) less the Closed Group statement of financial position (Closed Group statement of financial position disclosed in Foodland's annual report for the year ended 1 August 2004, which includes all Australian controlled entities), after elimination and/or capitalisation of all intercompany balances and other potential consolidation adjustments to the extent practicable. Metcash has made the following adjustments to the derived Foodland New Zealand standalone statement of financial position:

- Reclassification of proceeds receivable on sale of non-current assets of \$136 million (reflected as a current receivable in Foodland's annual report for the year ended 1 August 2004) as an offset with existing debt.
- Adjustments required to reflect information that is consistent with the New Zealand segment assets represented in the segment note of Foodland's annual report for the year ended | August 2004 and other disclosed amounts.

Metcash has assumed that this provides a reasonable estimate of Foodland New Zealand as a standalone operation. Metcash notes that segment asset information provided in Foodland's annual report for the year ended I August 2004 has not been provided by statement of financial position caption. In addition, the segment note does not split liabilities by geographic segment. Accordingly, the statement of financial position above necessarily contains some estimates. Metcash does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the pro forma statement of financial position above. Further information relating to the financial position of Foodland New Zealand as a standalone operation may be included in Foodland's Target's Statement in relation to the Offer which will be sent to you directly by Foodland.

#### (b) Pro forma adjustments

#### Note I:

Represents estimated transaction costs (after tax) associated with the cancellation and transfer of shares, and an estimate of the specific costs to be incurred in connection with the Offer and the separate listing of Foodland New Zealand. Refer to Section 14.4 for further information.

#### Note 2:

The goodwill generated on the acquisition of Foodland New Zealand by Metcash and transferred to NZ Holdco is reflected in the table below. The goodwill amount to be reflected in NZ Holdco is consistent under AGAAP and Australian IFRS:

	A\$ million
Consideration (refer below)	1,785
Less fair value of net assets acquired <sup>a</sup>	(521)
Incremental goodwill on acquisition	1,264
Add Foodland New Zealand standalone goodwill	575
Revised carrying value of goodwill	1,839
Note:	A commence of the second
a Metcash is of the opinion that the fair value of assets equals the book value	and report the enterly particle and the contract of the contra

#### Valuation of New Zealand business

The Independent Expert has attributed an enterprise valuation range of between \$1,875 million and \$2,163 million to the equity of Foodland New Zealand. Metcash has selected the mid-point of this range, or enterprise value of \$2,019 million, as fair value. This is equivalent to an equity value of \$1,785 million (as set out in the table below), which is the fair value that Metcash has adopted for the purposes of reflecting the pro forma adjustments in relation to the cancellation and transfer of shares through which NZ Holdco will take ownership of the Foodland New Zealand business.

	A\$ million
Enterprise value!	2,019
Add property	31
Deduct net debt <sup>2</sup>	(253)
Deduct transaction costs (after tax)	(12)
Value of equity in Foodland New Zealand	1,785
Notes:	
<ol> <li>Represents mid-point of the estimated enterprise value of Foodl by the Independent Expert (refer to Annexure A)</li> </ol>	land New Zealand
2 Consists of external debt of \$289 million less cash on hand of \$	36 million.

#### Inter-company loans

Prior to the transfer of Foodland New Zealand, it is assumed \$276 million of inter-company debts owing to Foodland by Foodland New Zealand will be settled by converting the debt to equity. Refer to Section 14 for further details.

#### **Note 3: Property**

Foodland's 2004 Annual Report discloses the independent valuation of all Foodland's owned land and buildings (other than land held for resale which is included in inventories), plus additions in the 2004 financial year, recorded at cost. The independent valuations were performed as at July 2003, with a value attributed to the property assets of \$67.4 million.

The annual report does not disclose a split of land and buildings by these segments. However, it does disclose the split of "Property and Other" assets. Metcash has allocated the land and buildings between Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand as follows based on the proportion of "Property and Other" assets.

	 A\$ million
Foodland Australia	36
Foodland New Zealand	31
	67

Based on this assumption the property, plant and equipment in the pro forma balance sheet of NZ Holdco includes \$31 million of land and buildings. It is anticipated that in due course the New Zealand directors will decide on how to deal with these assets.

# Annexure I - Terms of the Facilities

# 1 Syndicated Facility

#### 1.1 Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter conditions and termination rights

ANZ's commitment under the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter to arrange and underwrite the Syndicated Facility is subject to all of the following conditions being satisfied:

- (a) (No breach) there is no breach by Metcash of the terms of the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (b) (Documentation) the Senior Finance Documents being executed by all relevant parties and being in form and substance satisfactory to ANZ having regard to the agreed term sheet for the Syndicated Facility and the satisfaction of the conditions precedent in the Senior Finance Documents;
- (c) (no MAE) nothing having occurred from the date of the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the Senior Finance Documents that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Metcash and its subsidiaries and related entities, taken as a group, that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the likelihood of achieving Successful Syndication;
- (d) (no Market MAE) nothing having occurred from the date of the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the Senior Finance Documents in the national or international financial, banking or capital market which in the reasonable opinion of ANZ would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the likelihood of achieving Successful Syndication;
- (e) (Syndication support) Metcash's agreement to a syndication strategy to be prepared by ANZ incorporating Metcash management commitment, responsibilities, target banks, timetable and bank presentations;
- (f) (Clear market) from the date of the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter until the earlier of Successful Syndication and the date that is 6 months after the date of first drawdown under the Syndicated Facility, no member of the Group will syndicate, issue or announce or authorise the announcement of the syndication or issuance of loans (including the establishment of a series of bilateral arrangements), debt securities or other forms of financial indebtedness in the same debt or syndications market as that targeted by ANZ (it being acknowledged that ANZ proposes targeting the Australian and international loan syndication markets for the syndication of the Syndicated Facility) or mandate any person to provide the same without the prior written approval of ANZ. This provision is subject to certain exceptions; and
- (g) certain other conditions that have already been satisfied at the date of the Bidder's Statement.

In addition, ANZ may by notice to Metcash terminate its obligations under the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter if:

- (a) the Capital Reorganisation and Offer transactions are cancelled in their entirety by Metcash; or
- (b) the Senior Facilities Agreement is not signed by all parties to it by 15 April 2005 (or, following a reasonable request by Metcash for an extension of this date, such later date agreed in writing between ANZ and Metcash, each acting in good faith and subject to ANZ obtaining any further credit or underwriting approvals, as may be necessary);
- (c) Metcash fails to comply with any of its obligations under the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (d) any information provided by Metcash or its advisers to ANZ is inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect;
- (e) any of the conditions to ANZ's commitment specified above are not satisfied; or
- (f) Metcash fails to disclose any fact or information to ANZ which might reasonably be relevant to their decision to arrange and underwrite the Syndicated Facility.





ANZ may also by notice to Metcash terminate its obligations under the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter to provide that part of the Syndicated Facility referable to the Offer and reduce the size of the Syndicated Facility to \$600 million if from the date of the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the Senior Facilities Agreement anything occurs that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Foodland and its subsidiaries taken as a whole that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the likelihood of achieving Successful Syndication.

#### 1.2 Syndicated Facility conditions precedent

All conditions precedent are to be in form and substance satisfactory to the Senior Lenders/ANZ, as applicable.

In respect of the initial drawing under the Syndicated Facility (whether or not it is for the purpose of the Metoz Scheme or the Offer), the general conditions precedent are as follows:

- (a) A certified copy of the constitution of Metcash and each initial Guarantor.
- (b) A certified copy of a resolution of the directors of Metcash:
  - (1) approving the Senior Facilities Agreement and authorising the execution by Metcash of each Senior Finance Document to which Metcash is a party and the performance by Metcash of its obligations under those Senior Finance Documents; and
  - (2) appointing an authorised officer or authorised officers for the purposes of the Senior Facilities Agreement.
- (c) A certified copy of a resolution of the directors of each initial Guarantor:
  - (1) approving the giving of the guarantee and indemnity by that initial Guarantor under the Senior Facilities Agreement and entry into each other Senior Finance Document to which the Guarantor is a party, confirming that it is in that Guarantor's best interests to enter into each Senior Finance Document to which it is a party and authorising the execution by the initial Guarantor of those Senior Finance Documents and the performance by the initial Guarantor of its obligations under those Senior Finance Documents; and
  - (2) appointing an authorised officer or authorised officers for the purposes of the Senior Facilities Agreement.
- (d) If applicable, an original power of attorney for the execution of each Senior Finance Document to which it is a party from Metcash and each initial Guarantor executed under common seal or by two directors or a director and a secretary.
- (e) A certified copy of the signatures of all authorised officers of Metcash and each initial Guarantor.
- (f) Originals of the Senior Finance Documents duly executed by all parties and, if necessary, stamped (or ANZ is satisfied as to arrangements for stamping) and in registrable form and evidence of satisfaction of all conditions precedent to the Senior Finance Documents.
- (g) Legal opinions from ANZ's counsel in Australia and, if an initial Guarantor is incorporated in New Zealand, New Zealand.
- (h) A certified copy of the terms and conditions of the CULS and the CUPS (including any right of a holder to seek payment of any redemption amount), which must for the avoidance of doubt be acceptable to ANZ, and evidence that the CULS and the CUPS have been issued if the Capital Reorganisation proceeds.
- (i) Confirmation of all Financial Indebtedness of Metcash and its current subsidiaries.
- Evidence that the Metcash Group's current Receivables Securitisation Programme is dormant (that is, only existing securitised receivables to remain funded in the facility until repaid) and the cancellation and repayment of all other debt facilities of Metcash and its current subsidiaries and the discharge of all Encumbrances granted by Metcash and its current subsidiaries in relation thereto, other than certain permitted Financial Indebtedness and certain permitted securities.
- (k) Financial information, being certified by two directors of Metcash as being extracts from the financial model used for the Syndicated Facility, for the purposes of syndication in a form to be agreed with ANZ.
- (I) A copy of the audit of the financial model carried out by PricewaterhouseCoopers together with a reliance letter whereby each Senior Finance Party may rely on such audit.

- (n) 5 year management forecasts of performance showing compliance with the financial covenants for the Syndicated Facility.
- (o) No Material Adverse Effect having occurred from the date of the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter.
- (p) Evidence that all fees and costs then due and payable by members of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group under the Senior Finance Documents have been paid or will be paid on first drawdown.
- (q) A solvency certificate signed by two directors of Metcash.
- (r) Disclosure of all material litigation within Metcash and its current subsidiaries (such litigation not having or reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect).
- (s) A structure chart showing the Senior Facilities Borrower Group:
  - (1) immediately prior to the Metoz Scheme;
  - (2) immediately following implementation of the Capital Reorganisation;
  - (3) immediately following Foodland becoming a subsidiary of Metcash.
- (t) Evidence that Metcash has sufficient funds or committed funding to complete the Capital Reorganisation, acquire all of the shares in Foodland, pay all associated fees, costs and expenses (including those in connection with the Syndicated Facility) and has arranged committed funding to repay all financial indebtedness of Foodland and all of its subsidiaries (including for the avoidance of doubt Foodland New Zealand).
- (u) Any other condition precedent reasonably required by ANZ the satisfaction of which is within the reasonable control of Metcash or its subsidiaries and specified in the Senior Facilities Agreement.

In respect of the initial drawing to fund the cash consideration for the acquisition of Foodland Shares pursuant to the Offer (and in the case of conditions precedent 2 and 3 below, each other drawing for such purpose), the following shall also be conditions precedent:

- Certified copy of the Bidder's Statement in connection with the Offer (the terms and conditions of which must for the avoidance of doubt be acceptable to ANZ).
- 2 Evidence that there has been no amendment to or waiver of a term of or condition to the Offer unless approved by ANZ other than an amendment to the date on which the Offer closes.
- 3 Until Metcash has acquired 90% of each class of share issued by Foodland, anything occurs that would reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Foodland and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.
- 4 Evidence that the Offer is unconditional, including that Metcash has acceptances that would give it a relevant interest in at least 90% (by number) of each class of share issued by Foodland (the "90% Threshold") and has the right to compulsorily acquire all of the remaining shares of each class issued by Foodland.
- Metcash having complied with its undertaking to despatch compulsory acquisition notices and to diligently pursue its rights to acquire 100% of Foodland, as set out in Undertaking x.
- 6 Evidence that all existing Financial Indebtedness of and Encumbrances granted by Foodland and its subsidiaries (other than certain permitted Financial Indebtedness and permitted security interests) will be repaid and discharged as soon as practicable and in any event within 20 Business Days of Metcash obtaining control of the Foodland board.
- Application of the proceeds of the Equity Placement towards the consideration payable under the Offer for the acquisition of shares in Foodland.
- A certified copy of the duly executed commitment letter (including the agreed form of the NZ Facility) in respect of the NZ Facility (which must for the avoidance of doubt be on terms acceptable to ANZ), and evidence that the commitment is unconditional or that any condition precedent can be satisfied.



- A certified copy of the duly executed Action Facility (which must for the avoidance of doubt be on terms acceptable to ANZ) and Metcash having drawn \$235 million under the Action Facility and such proceeds have been or are to be applied towards the consideration payable under the Offer for the acquisition of shares in Foodland.
- 10 A certified copy of the Letter of Comfort and the final form of the Service Agreement (each as referred to or defined in the Action Facility term sheet) which must for the avoidance of doubt be on terms acceptable to ANZ including, in relation to the Comfort Letter, that it is non-binding and does not impose any obligation on Metcash.
- 11 If the Metoz Scheme has been completed, confirmation that a specified pro forma leverage ratio on drawdown for the full cash cost of acquiring Foodland will not exceed a specified amount.
- 12 If the Metoz Scheme has not been completed, confirmation that a specified pro forma leverage ratio on drawdown for the full cash cost of acquiring Foodland will not exceed a specified amount.
- 13 Certified copies of each due diligence report referred to in the Bidder's Statement in respect of the Offer.
- 14 Evidence that all fees and costs then due and payable by members of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group under the Senior Finance Documents have been paid or will be paid on first drawdown for the Offer.
- 15 Resolution 5, as described in the scheme booklet for the Metcash Scheme, has been passed.
- 16 Any other condition precedent reasonably required by ANZ the satisfaction of which is within the reasonable control of Metcash or its subsidiaries and specified in the Senior Facilities Agreement.

In addition to the above initial conditions precedent, all drawings under the Syndicated Facility will be subject to the following:

- A All representations and warranties to be made or repeated on the date of the drawdown notice or the relevant drawdown date are true and correct and will be true and correct immediately following the drawdown, in each case with reference to the facts and circumstances existing at that time.
- No event of default, potential event of default or event of review is subsisting or will result from the making of the drawdown.
- C Delivery of a drawdown request prior to 10.30am on the day 2 Business Days before the proposed drawdown, and compliance with all other procedural requirements.

#### 1.3 Syndicated Facility Events of Default

It will be an Event of Default under the Syndicated Facility if:

- (a) (Failure to pay): any Obligor does not pay amount payable by it at or before the due time on the due date and in the manner specified in any Senior Finance Document unless the failure to pay is caused by administrative or technical error and payment is made within 2 Business Days of the due date;
- (b) (Failure to comply): any Obligor defaults in performing or observing any provision of any Senior Finance Document other than a provision requiring the payment of money as contemplated by paragraph (a) above or any other provision specifically referred to in this section "Events of Default", and if that default is capable of remedy it has not been remedied within 10 Business Days of the earlier of the Syndicated Facility Agent giving notice of default to Metcash and any Obligor being aware of the default;
- (c) (Untrue warranty): any representation, warranty or statement made, repeated or taken to been made or repeated in any Senior Finance Document or in connection with the Syndicated Facility or any accounts is proved to be untrue in any material respect when made or repeated or deemed to be made or repeated, as the case may be (a "misrepresentation") and if the circumstances causing such misrepresentation are capable of remedy those circumstances have not been remedied within 10 Business Days of the earlier of the Syndicated Facility Agent giving notice to Metcash of the misrepresentation and any Obligor being aware of the misrepresentation;
- (d) (Financial covenant): there is a breach of any of the financial covenants applicable to the Syndicated Facility;
- (e) (Event of Insolvency): an Event of Insolvency occurs in relation to any Obligor;
- (f) (Default under other transactions):

- (1) any Financial Indebtedness of any Obligor (excluding any Action Company for the period that it is not part of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group) exceeding \$10,000,000 becomes, or becomes capable of being declared, prematurely due and payable as a result of a default, an Event of Default or a Review Event, however described;
- (2) any Financial Indebtedness of any Obligor (excluding any Action Company for the period that it is not part of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group) exceeding \$10,000,000 or any sum payable in respect of it is not paid when due or within any applicable grace period; or
- (3) any Encumbrance relating to assets of any one or more of the Obligors with an aggregate value in excess of \$10,000,000 (excluding any Action Company for the period that it is not part of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group) becomes capable of enforcement or any Encumbrance relating to assets of any one or more of the Obligors is enforced over such assets with an aggregate value in excess of \$1,000,000; or
- (4) any Encumbrance which is a floating security over assets of any one or more of the Obligors (excluding any Action Company for the period that it is not part of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group) crystallises into, or otherwise becomes, a fixed or specific security in respect of such assets with an aggregate value in excess of \$1,000,000;

#### (g) (Proceedings):

- (1) there occurs any litigation or arbitration, or administrative, governmental, regulatory or other investigations, proceedings or inquiry concerning or arising out of the Metoz Scheme, the Metcash Scheme, the Offer or the Senior Finance Documents which has or is reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect; or
- (2) any one or more judgments or orders is made against any member of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group involving an aggregate liability in excess of \$10,000,000 unless all of those judgments are discharged within 14 days of being made;

#### (h) (Intercreditor Agreement):

- (1) any party to the Intercreditor Agreement (other than a Senior Finance Party) does not comply with the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement or a representation or warranty given by any party to the Intercreditor Agreement is incorrect in any material respect.
- (2) the Intercreditor Agreement is not effective or is alleged by a party to it (other than a Senior Finance Party) to be ineffective;
- (3) any party to the Intercreditor Agreement (other than a Senior Finance Party) repudiates the Intercreditor Agreement or evidences an intention to repudiate it; or
- (4) any other event occurs which has a material adverse effect on the rights of the Senior Finance Parties under the Intercreditor Agreement;
- (i) (New Zealand Segregation): there is a breach of Undertaking (aa) (to the extent it applies to paragraph (a) of the definition of New Zealand Release) or Undertaking (bb);
- (j) (**Void or voidable**): any Senior Finance Document is, becomes or is claimed by any Obligor to be void, voidable, unenforceable or of limited force and effect, either in whole or in any material part;
- (k) (Illegality): at any time it is unlawful for an Obligor to perform any of its obligations under any Senior Finance Document;
- (I) (Reduction of Capital): there is a breach of Undertaking g;
- (m) (**Cessation or suspension of official quotation**): any Obligor which is listed on the ASX or on any other stock exchange ceases to be so listed (other than Metcash if the Capital Reorganisation occurs and Newco is listed on the ASX and other than Foodland) or trading in its shares is suspended for not less than 10 Business Days;
- (n) (Failure to grant Foodland Guarantees): there is a breach of Undertaking x;
- (o) (Cessation of business): an Obligor ceases, or threatens to cease, to carry on all or a material part of its business; and
- (p) (Material Adverse Effect): any event or series of events whether related or not occurs which has or is reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect.



#### 1.4 Syndicated Facility Events of Review

The following will be events of review for the purposes of the Syndicated Facility:

- Change of control, which will exclude any change of control due to the Metoz Scheme or the Metcash Scheme or the Metcash Option Scheme.
- New Zealand Release is not achieved within 90 days of gaining control of the board of Foodland (without prejudice to Event of Default i).
- NZ Holdco is not listed on the ASX within 6 months of first drawdown for the Offer.

On the occurrence of an event of review there will be a 60 day negotiation period and a further 60 day period to refinance if the revised terms of the Syndicated Facility cannot be agreed in good faith.

## 1.5 Syndicated Facility Representations and Warranties

The Syndicated Facility will contain Representations and Warranties (in usual and customary form for a facility of this nature, where applicable, and subject to materiality thresholds and such exceptions and qualifications as are agreed) in relation to/addressing:

- (a) due incorporation of the Obligors;
- (b) corporate power of the Obligors;
- (c) legal, valid, binding and enforceable nature of relevant documents;
- (d) no conflict with constituent documents or other documents;
- (e) compliance with laws and all corporate formalities and non-contravention;
- (f) solvency of the Obligors;
- (g) all necessary consents, licences, authorisations and filings for the Senior Finance Documents, the Offer, the Capital Reorganisation and the business having been obtained, effected and in full force;
- (h) commercial benefit to the Obligors in entering into relevant documents;
- (i) at least pari-passu ranking of obligations under the Senior Finance Documents with other unsubordinated obligations;
- (j) compliance with financial covenants applicable to the Syndicated Facility;
- (k) no event of default or undisclosed event of review;
- (I) compliance with the hedging policy applicable to the Syndicated Facility;
- (m) all information disclosed being accurate and not misleading and projections having been prepared in good faith with due care and diligence and based on reasonable assumptions, including all due diligence reports;
- (n) no failure to disclose any material matter;
- (o) Metcash's most recent financial statements having been prepared in accordance with GAAP or IFRS (as applicable) and being a true and fair statement of its financial position and state of affairs and there having been no material change in its state of affairs since their preparation;
- (p) no Material Adverse Effect;
- (q) title to property;
- (r) no material tax liabilities and all stamp duty payable in connection with the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation having been paid;
- (s) all relevant filings and recordings having been made;
- (t) group structure;
- (u) the Obligors and their assets having no immunity from suit;

- (w) no litigation;
- (x) no outstanding Financial Indebtedness or Encumbrances other than certain permitted Financial Indebtedness and certain permitted security interests; and
- (y) other representations and warranties which are usual and customary for a facility of this nature.

These are to be repeated on dates of drawdown notices, drawdown dates and roll-over dates.

## 1.6 Syndicated Facility Undertakings

The Syndicated Facility will contain undertakings (in usual and customary form for a facility of this nature, where applicable, and subject to materiality thresholds and such exceptions and qualifications as are agreed) in relation to/addressing:

- (a) no asset disposal by a member of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group other than certain permitted asset disposals;
- (b) no cancellation of the underwritten dividend reinvestment plan to be established to support the funding of the Metoz Scheme, which is to be utilised in full whilst a specified leverage ratio exceeds a specified level;
- (c) to maintain at least pari-passu ranking of indebtedness under the Syndicated Facility with other unsubordinated indebtedness;
- (d) no additional security to be granted other than certain permitted security interests;
- (e) no further Financial Indebtedness to be incurred other than certain permitted Financial Indebtedness;
- (f) no guarantees or loans out save for certain exceptions;
- (g) no capital reduction, share buy-back or distributions to shareholders save for certain exceptions;
- (h) provision of consolidated annual and semi-annual accounts of Metcash (or, if the Capital Reorganisation occurs, Newco) and its subsidiaries (and the appropriate adjustment for the purposes of calculation of financial covenants applicable to the Syndicated Facility), financial information on a quarterly basis and such other information which is made available to the public, shareholders or as the Syndicated Facility Agent reasonably requests and provision of signatures of any new authorised officers;
- (i) provision of a certificate of compliance with financial covenants applicable to the Syndicated Facility and compliance with the undertaking referred to in paragraph m below on a quarterly basis;
- (j) compliance with the hedging policy applicable to the Syndicated Facility at all times;
- (k) no changes to the terms of the CULS or CUPS prior to or following issuance;
- (I) all wholly owned subsidiaries (other than non-material subsidiaries) of Metcash (or if the Capital Reorganisation occurs, Newco but excluding Metoz, Pinnacle Holdings Limited, Wickson Corporation Limited and Soetensteeg 2-16 Exploitiemaatschappij BV) to accede as Guarantors within 5 Business Days of their acquisition or establishment or the provision of accounts showing that such subsidiary is material, subject to the passing of all required shareholder and board approvals (which Metcash shall procure are obtained). All shareholder and board approvals of the relevant subsidiary, its constitution, a legal opinion from counsel of the Senior Lenders in all applicable jurisdictions and other documents as required by the Syndicated Facility Agent shall be provided in connection with such accession;
- (m) at all times, 95% of gross assets and EBITDA of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group to be within Metcash and the Guarantors, provided that for this purpose Foodland shall only be part of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group upon Metcash acquiring 100% of the shares in Foodland;
- (n) notification of an event of default, potential event of default or event of review;
- (o) maintaining authorities, insurances and existence;
- (p) compliance with section 260A of the Act;
- (q) maintaining business;

- (r) maintaining ASX listing of Metcash if the Capital Reorganisation does not proceed and if the Capital Reorganisation proceeds, to procure and maintain the listing of Newco within 1 Business Day of the Metcash Scheme being Effective;
- (s) compliance with the terms and conditions of the Offer and no waiver of such terms and conditions without the consent of ANZ;
- (t) ensuring that each member of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group is wholly owned (subject to any joint venture permitted under the undertaking referred to in paragraph (u) below and other than because of the CUPS, the A Shares and the NZ Shares), provided that for this purpose Foodland shall only be part of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group upon Metcash acquiring 100% of the shares in Foodland;
- (u) no acquisitions other than certain permitted asset acquisitions, no joint ventures in excess of an agreed materiality cap and no mergers;
- (v) no change to core business;
- (w) to use best endeavours to achieve Action Segregation as soon as practicable;
- (x) to diligently pursue its rights of compulsory acquisition of the remaining Foodland Shares and in any event complete compulsory acquisition and obtain 100% ownership of Foodland within 40 Business Days of satisfying the 90% Threshold and after gaining 100% ownership, procure compliance with undertakings to immediately pass relevant financial assistance approvals and immediately thereafter procure the granting of the guarantees required under the Syndicated Facility and the guarantees and security required under the Action Facility;
- (y) to do everything within its control to obtain control of the board of Foodland as soon as possible after satisfying the 90% Threshold and in any event to obtain control within 25 Business Days of satisfying the 90% Threshold;
- (z) any Financial Indebtedness of Foodland and its subsidiaries (other than Foodland New Zealand) to be repaid and cancelled and discharge all security granted by Foodland and its subsidiaries in respect of such Financial Indebtedness as soon as practicable and in any event within 20 Business Days of gaining control of the Foodland board;
- (aa) to procure that New Zealand Release occurs as soon as practicable and in any event, in the case of paragraph (a) of the definition of New Zealand Release, within 20 Business Days of gaining control of the Foodland board (pursuant to the NZ Facility or otherwise) and otherwise within 3 months of gaining control of the Foodland board;
- (bb) to procure the transfer or licensing of all intellectual property relating to Foodland New Zealand to the Foodland New Zealand holding company or one of its subsidiaries within 10 Business Days of obtaining control of the Foodland board;
- (cc) to use its best endeavours to achieve New Zealand Segregation;
- (dd) to use reasonable endeavours to procure the listing on ASX of NZ Holdco (and the exchange of NZ Shares for ordinary shares of such NZ Holdco) as soon as practicable;
- (ee) all transactions entered into by members of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group to be on arm's length terms (other than transactions between members of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group, excluding subsidiaries that relate to the Action Business, that are Guarantors);
- (ff) the proceeds of the CULS to be applied only to fund the Metoz Scheme and to the extent not so used to be held in a designated account and either returned to the holders of the CULS or converted into ordinary equity in Newco;
- (gg) no election to redeem the CUPS unless the cost of such redemption can be funded from a drawdown of the Syndicated Facility or out of equity or subordinated debt (the terms and subordination of which must be acceptable to the Senior Lenders);
- (hh) to pay all taxes and not to elect tax consolidation to apply outside of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group (including for this purpose the Action Companies) and, as part of Action Segregation, a valid tax sharing agreement between all members of the Senior Facilities Borrower Group (including for this purpose the Action Companies) and appropriate arrangements in relation to payment or security for the tax liabilities of the Action Companies;
- (ii) access to books and records;
- (jj) no amendments to constitutional documents;

- (kk) no changes to group structure or share capital other than pursuant to the Offer or the Capital Reorganisation;
- (II) to comply with laws and regulations, including environmental laws;
- (mm) the Senior Facilities Borrower Group's securitisation vehicle to be dormant;

- (nn) Metoz and its subsidiaries (other than Metcash and its subsidiaries) to be dormant. The Senior Facilities Borrower Group is to be reorganized such that Metcash is a direct subsidiary of Newco, as soon as reasonably practicable following completion of the Capital Reorganisation;
- (00) Newco to act as holding company;
- (pp) no financial support to the Action business save for certain exceptions;
- (qq) no use of the Working Capital Facility for the purposes of the Foodland Action store business save for certain exceptions;
- (rr) if the Metoz Option Scheme is not Effective at the same time as the Metcash Scheme and the Metoz Scheme, to procure that Metcash is a wholly owned subsidiary of Newco (other than because of the CUPS, the A Shares and the NZ Shares) as soon as practicable after the Metcash Scheme and the Metoz Scheme are Effective;
- (ss) other undertakings which are usual and customary for a facility of this nature; and
- (tt) compliance with specified financial ratios and undertakings.

## 2 Action Facility

#### 2.1 Action Facility Commitment Letter conditions and termination rights

ANZ's commitment under the Action Facility Commitment Letter to provide the Action Facility is subject to all of the following conditions being satisfied:

- (a) (No breach): there is no breach by Metcash of the terms of the Action Facility Commitment Letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (b) (**Documentation**): the Action Finance Documents being executed by all relevant parties and being in form and substance satisfactory to ANZ having regard to the agreed term sheet for the Action Facility and the satisfaction of the conditions precedent in the Action Finance Documents:
- (c) (no MAE): nothing having occurred from the date of the Action Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the Action Finance Documents that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Metcash and its subsidiaries and related entities, taken as a group that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on a successful syndication of the Action Facility, if it were to be syndicated; and
- (d) certain other conditions that have already been satisfied at the date of the Bidder's Statement.

In addition, ANZ may by notice to Metcash terminate its obligations under the Action Facility Commitment Letter if:

- either of the Offer or the other related transactions are cancelled in their entirety by Metcash or for whatever reason do not occur;
- the Action Facility Agreement is not signed by all parties to it by 15 April 2005 (or, following a reasonable request by Metcash for an extension of this date, such later date agreed in writing between ANZ and Metcash, each acting in good faith and subject to ANZ obtaining any further credit or underwriting approvals, as may be necessary);
- Metcash fails to comply with any of its obligations under the Action Facility Commitment Letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- any information provided by Metcash or its advisers to ANZ is inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect;
- 5 any of the conditions referred to in paragraphs (a)-(d) above are not satisfied; or
- Metcash fails to disclose any fact or information to ANZ which might reasonably be relevant to their decision to provide the Action Facility.



In addition, ANZ may by notice to Metcash terminate its obligations under the Action Facility Commitment Letter to provide the Action Facility if from the date of the Action Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the Action Facility Agreement anything occurs that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Foodland and its subsidiaries taken as a whole that would, if the Action Facility were to be syndicated, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the successful syndication of the Action Facility.

#### 2.2 Action Facility conditions precedent

The following conditions precedent will apply:

- A certified copy of the financial model prepared in relation to the transaction in relation to the Action Facility Borrower Group's supermarkets ("Financial Model").
- Other conditions precedent agreed in the Terms Sheet for the Syndicated Facility and relevant to the Action Facility, as specified below.

In respect of the initial drawing under the Facility, the general conditions precedent are as follows:

- (a) A certified copy of the constitution of the Action Borrower and each initial Guarantor (see Section 17.5 of the Bidder's Statement).
- (b) A certified copy of a resolution of the directors of the Action Borrower:
  - (1) approving the Action Facility and authorising the execution by the Action Borrower of the Action Facility Agreement and of each other Action Finance Document to which the Action Borrower is a party and the performance by the Action Borrower of its obligations under those Action Finance Documents; and
  - (2) appointing an authorised officer or authorised officers for the purposes of the Action Facility Agreement.
- (c) A certified copy of a resolution of the directors of each initial Guarantor:
  - (1) approving the giving of the guarantee and indemnity by that initial Guarantor under the Action Facility Agreement and entry into each other Action Finance Document to which the Guarantor is a party, confirming that it is in that Guarantor's best interests to enter into each Action Finance Document to which it is a party and authorising the execution by that Guarantor of those Action Finance Documents and the performance by that Guarantor of its obligations under those Action Finance Documents; and
  - (2) appointing an authorised officer or authorised officers for the purposes of the Action Facility Agreement.
- (d) If applicable, an original power of attorney for the execution of each Action Finance Document to which it is a party from the Action Borrower and each initial Guarantor executed under common seal or by two directors or a director and a secretary.
- (e) A certified copy of the signatures of all authorised officers of the Action Borrower and each initial Guarantor.
- (f) Originals of the Action Finance Documents (which will include a Letter of Comfort from Metcash) duly executed by all parties and, if necessary, stamped (or ANZ is satisfied as to arrangements for stamping) and in registrable form and evidence of satisfaction of all conditions precedent to the Action Finance Documents.
- (g) Legal opinions from ANZ's counsel in Australia.
- (h) A certified copy of the terms and conditions of the CULS and the CUPS (including any right of a holder to seek payment of any redemption amount), and evidence that the CULS and the CUPS have been issued if the Capital Reorganisation proceeds.
- (i) Confirmation of all Financial Indebtedness of Metcash and its current subsidiaries.
- (j) Evidence that the Metcash Group's current Receivables Securitisation Programme is dormant (that is, only existing securitised receivables to remain funded in the facility until repaid) and the cancellation and repayment of all other debt facilities of Metcash and its current subsidiaries and the discharge of all Encumbrances granted by Metcash and its current subsidiaries in relation thereto, other than certain permitted Financial Indebtedness and permitted securities.

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- (k) A copy of the audit of the financial model carried out by PricewaterhouseCoopers together with a reliance letter whereby ANZ may rely on such audit.
- (I) A report prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers in respect of the period up to April 2006.
- (m) Management forecasts of performance showing compliance with certain financial covenants applicable to the Action Facility for the term of the Action Facility.
- (n) No Material Adverse Effect having occurred from the date of the Action Facility Commitment Letter.
- (o) Evidence that all fees and costs then due and payable by members of the Action Facility Borrower Group under the Action Finance Documents have been paid or will be paid on first drawdown.
- (p) A solvency certificate signed by two directors for each of the Action Borrower and Metcash.
- (q) Disclosure of all material litigation within Metcash and its current subsidiaries (such litigation not having or reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect).
- (r) A structure chart showing the Senior Facilities Borrower Group:
  - (1) immediately prior to the Metoz Scheme;
  - (2) immediately following implementation of the Capital Reorganisation;
  - (3) immediately following Foodland becoming a subsidiary of Metcash.
- (s) Evidence that Metcash has sufficient funds or committed funding to complete the Capital Reorganisation, acquire all of the shares in Foodland, pay all associated fees, costs and expenses (including those in connection with the Action Facility) and has arranged committed funding to repay all financial indebtedness of Foodland and all of its subsidiaries (including for the avoidance of doubt Foodland New Zealand).
- (t) If the Capital Reorganisation is completed, evidence that any financial assistance in connection with the Capital Reorganisation (including the loan from Metcash to Newco and the guarantees granted by the relevant initial Guarantors) is able to be given under all applicable laws.
- (u) If the Capital Reorganisation is completed, evidence that Metcash has received \$794 million from the issuance of CULS and/or CUPS (with no more than \$50 million to be from the issuance of CUPS) and has or will apply such proceeds to the acquisition of Metoz shares pursuant to the Metoz Scheme.
- (v) If the Capital Reorganisation is completed, certified copies of the Metoz Scheme documents and the Metcash Scheme documents.
- (w) If the Capital Reorganisation is completed, the Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Scheme being finally Effective in accordance with all applicable laws.
- (x) Certified copy of the Bidder's Statement (the terms and conditions of which must for the avoidance of doubt be acceptable to ANZ).
- (y) Evidence that there has been no amendment to or waiver of a term of or condition to the Offer unless approved by ANZ other than an amendment to the date on which the Offer closes.
- (z) Until Metcash has acquired 90% of each class of share issued by Foodland, anything occurs that may reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Foodland and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.
- (aa) Evidence that the Offer is unconditional, including that Metcash has acceptances that would give it a relevant interest in at least 90% (by number) of each class of share issued by Foodland (the "90% Threshold") and has the right to compulsorily acquire all of the remaining shares of each class issued by Foodland.
- (bb) Metcash having complied with its undertaking to despatch compulsory acquisition notices and to diligently pursue its rights to acquire 100% of Foodland.



- (cc) Evidence that all existing Financial Indebtedness of and Encumbrances granted by Foodland and its subsidiaries (other than permitted Financial Indebtedness and permitted security interests) will be repaid and discharged as soon as practicable and in any event within 20 Business Days of Metcash obtaining control of the Foodland board.
- (dd) Application of the proceeds of the Equity Placement towards the consideration payable under the Offer for the acquisition of shares in Foodland.
- (ee) A certified copy of the duly executed NZ Facility Commitment Letter (including the agreed form of the NZ Facility Agreement), which must for the avoidance of doubt be on terms acceptable to ANZ, and evidence that the commitment is unconditional or that any condition precedent can be satisfied.
- (ff) A certified copy of the duly executed Senior Facilities Agreement (which must for the avoidance of doubt be on terms acceptable to ANZ) and Metcash having drawn under the Syndicated Facility for the purposes permitted under the Syndicated Facility at that time and such proceeds, to the extent drawn for this purpose, have been or are to be applied towards the consideration payable under the Offer for the acquisition of shares in Foodland.
- (gg) A final form of the Service Agreement referred to in Undertaking 16 in form and substance acceptable to ANZ.
- (hh) Certified copies of each due diligence report referred to in the Bidder's Statement in respect of the Offer.
- (ii) Resolution 5 (as described in the scheme booklet for the Metcash Scheme) has been passed.
- (jj) Any other condition precedent reasonably required by ANZ the satisfaction of which is within the reasonable control of Metcash or its subsidiaries and specified in the Action Facility Agreement.

In addition to the above initial conditions precedent, all drawings under the Action Facility will be subject to the following:

- All representations and warranties to be made or repeated on the date of the drawdown notice or the relevant drawdown date are true and correct and will be true and correct immediately following the drawdown, in each case with reference to the facts and circumstances existing at that time.
- No event of default, potential event of default or event of review is subsisting or will result from the making of the drawdown.
- Delivery of a drawdown request prior to 10:30 am on the day 2 Business Days before the proposed drawdown, and compliance with all other procedural requirements.

# 2.3 Action Facility Events of Default

The following will be events of default under the Action Facility:

- the occurrence of any acceleration of the debt under the Syndicated Facility;
- Metcash (or Newco) ceases to hold an interest (directly or indirectly) in 100% of the shares in the Action Borrower;
- a Material Adverse Effect;
- any failure to provide the guarantees and securities required by and in accordance with the terms of the Action Facility, whether due to section 260B resolutions not being passed or any other reason;
- a member of the Action Facility Borrower Group fails in any respect to comply with the direction of ANZ pursuant to Undertaking or;
- whilst any revaluation is being carried out as contemplated by Undertaking's ANZ considers (acting reasonably) that the Action Valuation was not accurate in a material respect or that the accounts or other data on which the Action Valuation was based were fraudulently prepared in a material respect and the Action Borrower is unable to satisfy ANZ within 5 Business Days that it has access to adequate financial resources to repay the amount (determined in good faith by ANZ having regard to all information available and the valuation methodology provided for in Undertaking s) that is anticipated would be required to be repaid so as to ensure the amount outstanding under the Action Facility does not exceed a specified percentage of the value of the Action business as determined under the revaluation, on completion of the revaluation; and
- other events of default agreed in the Terms Sheet for the Syndicated Facility and relevant to the Action Facility, as specified below.

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The following events of default adapted from the Syndicated Facility term sheet will also be events of default under the Action Facility:

- (a) (**Failure to pay**): any Obligor does not pay any amount payable by it at or before the due time on the due date and in the manner specified in any Action Finance Document unless the failure to pay is caused by administrative or technical error and payment is made within 2 Business Days of the due date;
- (b) (Failure to comply): any Obligor defaults in performing or observing any provision of any Action Finance Document other than a provision requiring the payment of money as contemplated by paragraph (a) above, Undertaking (o) or (r) or any other provision specifically referred to in this section "Events of Default", and if that default is capable of remedy it has not been remedied within 10 Business Days of the earlier of ANZ giving notice of default to the Action Borrower and any Obligor being aware of the default;
- (c) (**Untrue warranty**): any representation, warranty or statement made, repeated or taken to been made or repeated in any Action Finance Document or in connection with the Action Facility or any accounts is proved to be untrue in any material respect when made or repeated or deemed to be made or repeated (as the case may be) (a "misrepresentation") and if the circumstances causing such misrepresentation are capable of remedy those circumstances have not been remedied within 10 Business Days of the earlier of ANZ giving notice of the misrepresentation to the Action Borrower and any Obligor being aware of the misrepresentation;
- (d) (Financial covenant): there is a breach of any of the financial covenants applicable to the Action Facility;
- (e) (Event of Insolvency): an Event of Insolvency occurs in relation to any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group;
- (f) (Default under other transactions):
  - (1) any Financial Indebtedness of any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group exceeding \$1,000,000 becomes, or becomes capable of being declared, prematurely due and payable as a result of a default, an event of default or a review event, however described;
  - (2) any Financial Indebtedness of any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group exceeding \$1,000,000 or any sum payable in respect of it is not paid when due or within any applicable grace period;
  - (3) any Encumbrance relating to any asset of any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group becomes capable of enforcement; or
  - (4) any Encumbrance which is a floating security over any asset of any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group crystallises into, or otherwise becomes, a fixed or specific security;

#### (g) (Proceedings):

- (1) there occurs any litigation or arbitration, or administrative, governmental, regulatory or other investigations, proceedings or inquiry concerning or arising out of the Metoz Scheme, the Metcash Scheme, the Offer or the Action Finance Documents which has or is reasonably likely to have a Material Adverse Effect; or
- (2) any one or more judgments or orders is made against any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group involving an aggregate liability in excess of \$1,000,000 unless all of those judgments are discharged within 14 days of being made;

#### (h) (Intercreditor Agreement):

- (1) any party to the Intercreditor Agreement (other than ANZ) does not comply with the terms of the Intercreditor Agreement or a representation or warranty given by any party to the Intercreditor Agreement is incorrect in any material respect;
- (2) the Intercreditor Agreement is not effective or is alleged by a party to it (other than ANZ) to be ineffective;
- (3) any party to the Intercreditor Agreement (other than ANZ) repudiates the Intercreditor Agreement or evidences an intention to repudiate it; or
- (4) any other event occurs which has a material adverse effect on the rights of ANZ under the Intercreditor Agreement;
- (i) (New Zealand Segregation): there is a breach of any undertaking in relation to segregation of Foodland New Zealand other than a breach which relates to an undertaking to procure the New Zealand Release, excluding such a breach which relates to paragraph (a) of the definition of New Zealand Release;

# REMARKETERS, CAMPRELLS CASH & CARRY IGA DISTRIBUTION



- (j) (Void or voidable): any Action Finance Document is, becomes or is claimed by any Obligor to be void, voidable, unenforceable or of limited force and effect, either in whole or in any material part;
- (k) (Illegality): at any time it is unlawful for an Obligor to perform any of its obligations under any Action Finance Document;
- (I) (Reduction of Capital): there is a breach of any undertaking restricting capital reductions, share buy-backs or distributions to shareholders other than by way of ordinary dividends;
- (m) (Cessation or suspension of official quotation): any Obligor which is listed on the Australian Stock Exchange Limited or on any other stock exchange ceases to be so listed (other than Metcash if the Capital Reorganisation occurs and Newco is listed on ASX and other than Foodland) or trading in its shares is suspended for not less than 10 Business Days;
- (n) (Failure to grant Guarantees): the initial Action Facility Borrower Group guarantors do not grant guarantees as required;
- (o) (Cessation of business): an Obligor ceases, or threatens to cease, to carry on all or a material part of its business.

#### 2.4 Action Facility Events of Review

The following will be Events of Review for the purposes of the Action Facility:

- Any change of control of Metcash (or Newco) other than as a result of the Offer or the capital reorganisation of Metcash.
- New Zealand Release is not achieved within 90 days of gaining control of the Foodland board (without prejudice to any event of default).
- NZ Holdco is not listed on ASX within 6 months of first drawdown under the Action Facility.

On the occurrence of an event of review, there will be a 60 day negotiation period and a further 60 day period to refinance if the revised terms of the Action Facility cannot be agreed in good faith.

#### 2.5 Action Facility Representations and Warranties

The following representations and warranties will apply:

- (a) all material contracts in full force and effect and complied with;
- (b) ownership or acceptable licences of all material intellectual property rights in respect of the Action Facility Borrower Group (other than those to be transferred or licensed as part of the Action Segregation until that transfer or licence is effected) and those intellectual property rights are not being infringed;
- (c) compliance with environmental laws where failure to do so would have a Material Adverse Effect;
- (d) no financial indebtedness of the Action Facility Borrower Group other than ordinary trading terms and certain permitted indebtedness; and
- (e) other representations and warranties agreed in the terms sheet for the Syndicated Facility and relevant to the Action Facility.

#### 2.6 Undertakings

The following undertakings will apply:

- (a) no asset disposal other than of the Action Supermarkets in accordance with an agreed divestment process and customary and other exceptions in each case to be agreed;
- (b) maintain at least pari-passu ranking of obligations under Action Finance Documents with other unsubordinated Action Facility Borrower Group creditors;
- (c) no security other than usual permitted securities;
- (d) no further financial indebtedness other than financial indebtedness contemplated in respect of Action Segregation;
- (e) no capital reduction or distributions to shareholders;

- LAEIBBELLS CASH & CARRY,
- (f) provision of management accounts and a certificate signed by two directors confirming financial covenant compliance on a quarterly basis within 30 days of quarter end and for year end, annual accounts which are not formally audited but are verified by an auditor with a certificate signed by the auditor confirming financial covenant compliance within 90 days of year end;
- (g) provision of monthly updates on the divestment process;
- (h) material contracts to be maintained in full force and effect and complied with;
- (i) arm's length trading arrangements with the Metcash Group and the Foodland Group on one hand and the Action Facility Borrower Group;
- (j) maintain adequate insurance;
- (k) no equity will be released to Metcash (or Newco) or Foodland from the Action Facility Borrower Group until all outstandings have been cleared or otherwise agreed;
- (I) on request use reasonable endeavours to procure the counterparty to each material contract consent to the security for the Action Facility (where such consent is necessary under the terms of the material contract) and enter into a tripartite with ANZ acknowledging that enforcement by ANZ of the security will not (of itself) result in a right to terminate the material contract and providing reasonable step-in rights. For the avoidance of doubt each lease of a supermarket will be a material contract;
- (m) to the extent not already owned by the Action Borrower, the shares in the companies comprising the Action supermarket business, or the assets of those companies, are to be transferred from Foodland to the Action Borrower promptly after Metcash obtains control of the Foodland board on arm's length commercial terms, taking into account the time required in respect of any necessary financial assistance resolutions;
- (n) Metcash to obtain control of the Foodland board within 25 Business Days of drawdown of the Action Facility;
- (o) the Action Borrower must prior to the expiry of 10 months from executing the Action Facility Agreement notify ANZ as to whether the Action Facility is to be repaid in full prior to 12 months from executing the Action Facility Agreement;
- (p) the Action Facility Borrower Group is to procure that promptly (and no later than 5 days after Metcash has control of the Foodland board or, if financial assistance is involved, no later than the time financial assistance is completed in respect of the granting of the security) Metcash, Foodland and each of their subsidiaries that have contractual or other relationships with any member of the Action Facility Borrower Group or in relation to the Foodland Action Store business enters into an agreement with the members of the Action Facility Borrower Group (the "Service Agreement"), in the form of the agreement provided as a condition precedent, under which they undertake certain obligations in connection with the Action Segregation and the divestment process for the Action stores;
- (q) if at any time in relation to the Service Agreement a member of the Action Facility Borrower Group has or should have (if it were acting commercially and reasonably on the basis that an unrelated third party was the counterparty to the Service Agreement) knowledge that an obligation under the Service Agreement is not being complied with or is reasonably likely not to be being complied with, ANZ is to be notified of that occurrence;
- (r) if at any time ANZ is aware (whether by notice pursuant to Undertaking q or otherwise) that an obligation under the Service Agreement is not being complied with or is reasonably likely not to be complied with by any member of the Metcash Group or the Foodland Group, ANZ may direct the Action Facility Borrower Group to take action against any of those entities in relation to that breach (in respect of which the action may be of any nature that is consistent with reasonable commercial practice and commensurate with the breach but ANZ may make its decision having regard solely to its own interests and without regard to the interests of the Action Facility Borrower Group);
- (s) if at any time a member of the Action Facility Borrower Group has information, based on which it would be reasonable for a person to suspect that the accounts or other information of the Action Facility Borrower Group relating to the Action Valuation were not accurate in a material respect, that member of the Action Facility Borrower Group must immediately disclose that information to ANZ. At that time ANZ may undertake a revaluation of any supermarket existing at drawdown under the Action Facility that is not sold (based on the same valuation methodology used for the Action Valuation, and data verified by the Action Borrower utilising the same verification processes used by Metcash in its valuation of supermarkets for the verification of accounting information) and the Action Borrower will provide ANZ with access to all books and records to effect such revaluation;

- (t) the Action Facility Borrower Group must use reasonable endeavours to achieve Action Segregation as soon as practicable after Metcash obtains control of the Foodland board, and subject to all required board and shareholder resolutions having been passed;
- (u) the Action Facility Borrower Group must ensure that prior to Action Segregation the Action Facility Borrower Group does all things necessary and within its control to allow the Action Facility Borrower Group to operate effectively as a standalone business on the same basis as it operated prior to the takeover but on an arm's length basis;
- (v) provision of a structure chart showing the Action Facility Borrower Group, including for the avoidance of doubt the companies comprising the Action supermarket business, as soon as practicable after Metcash obtains control of the Foodland board and in any event on or before the date which is 20 Business Days after the date Metcash obtains that control;
- (w) other undertakings agreed in the Terms Sheet for the Senior Facility and relevant to the Action Facility; and
- (x) compliance with specified financial ratios and undertakings.

### 3 NZ Facility

#### 3.1 NZ Facility Commitment Letter conditions and termination rights

ANZ's commitment to provide the NZ Facility is subject to the following conditions precedent, as set out in the NZ Facility Commitment Letter:

- (a) (No breach): there is no breach by Metcash of the terms of the letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (b) (Documentation): the NZ Finance Documents being executed by all relevant parties and being in form and substance satisfactory to ANZ having regard to the term sheet for the NZ Facility and the satisfaction of the conditions precedent in the NZ Finance Documents;
- (c) (No material adverse effect): nothing having occurred from the date of the NZ Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the NZ Finance Documents that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of the Foodland New Zealand Companies, taken as a group, that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on a successful syndication of the NZ Facility, if it were to be syndicated;
- (d) (No market material adverse effect) nothing having occurred from the date of the NZ Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the NZ Finance Documents in the national or international financial, banking or capital markets which, in the reasonable opinion of ANZ, may, if the NZ Facility were to be syndicated, reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the successful syndication of the NZ Facility; and
- (e) certain other conditions that have already been satisfied at the date of the Bidder's Statement.

In addition, if the Independent Expert's Report provided in relation to the Offer, discloses any matter that is materially different to the assumptions and parameters upon which ANZ has provided the commitment under the NZ Facility Commitment Letter, ANZ may (in its absolute discretion) revise the terms and conditions (including, but not limited to, pricing) on which the NZ Facility is offered and amend the term sheet for the NZ Facility accordingly.

In addition, ANZ may by notice to Metcash terminate its obligations under the NZ Facility Commitment Letter and the term sheet attached to it if:

- (a) the Offer or the related transactions are cancelled in their entirety by Metcash or for whatever reason do not occur;
- (b) the NZ Facility Agreement is not in a form agreed by ANZ and Metcash by 15 April 2005 (or, following a reasonable request by Metcash for an extension of this date, such later date agreed in writing between ANZ and Metcash, each acting in good faith and subject to ANZ obtaining any further credit or underwriting approvals, as may be necessary);
- (c) the NZ Facility Agreement is not signed in the form agreed as referred to in paragraph (b) above by all parties to it by the Execution Date. For the purposes of this paragraph (c) the "Execution Date" means the first to occur of:
  - (1) 4 August 2005; and

- (2) the date which is 25 Business Days (being days on which banks are open for business generally in Sydney) after the date on which Metcash has acceptances that would give it a relevant interest in at least 90% (by number) of each class of share issued by Foodland and has the right to compulsorily acquire all of the remaining shares of each class issued by Foodland,
- or, following a reasonable request by Metcash for an extension of this date, such later date agreed in writing between ANZ and Metcash, each acting in good faith and subject to ANZ obtaining any further credit or underwriting approvals, as may be necessary;
- (d) Metcash fails to comply with any of its obligations under the NZ Facility Commitment Letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (e) any information provided by Metcash or its advisers to ANZ is inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect;
- (f) any of the conditions of the commitment referred to above are not satisfied; or
- (g) Metcash fails to disclose any fact or information to ANZ which might reasonably be relevant to their decision to provide the NZ Facility.

In addition, ANZ may by notice to Metcash terminate its obligations under the NZ Facility Commitment Letter to provide the NZ Facility if from the date of the NZ Facility Commitment Letter to the date of execution of the NZ Facility Agreement anything occurs that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of the Foodland New Zealand Companies taken as a whole that would reasonably be expected, if the NZ Facility were to be syndicated, to have a material adverse effect on the successful syndication of the NZ Facility.

#### 3.2 NZ Facility conditions precedent

The conditions precedent to drawing on the NZ Facility are:

- (a) the provision of a verification certificate from the NZ Borrower and each other Foodland NZ Company attaching its constitution, board resolutions, shareholder approvals for the grant of financial assistance, powers of attorney, specimen signatures and making statements on corporate authorisations and other matters usual for a facility of the nature of the NZ Facility;
- (b) the provision of executed documentation, including an undertaking from Metcash to procure the transfer or licensing of relevant Foodland intellectual property to the Foodland New Zealand Companies and any intercreditor agreement required by ANZ with any other secured lender of the Foodland New Zealand Companies and (if required) security;
- (c) a legal opinion addressed to ANZ;
- (d) satisfactory legal review of information on the NZ Borrower and each other Foodland NZ Company available on public registers;
- (e) provision of certified copies of all authorisations;
- (f) the delivery of a compliant drawdown notice;
- (g) payment of all fees;
- (h) the release of all security and guarantees granted by the Foodland NZ Companies to any non-continuing lender;
- (i) provision of the Independent Expert's Report prepared for the Offer;
- (j) evidence that the Offer has become unconditional, including that Metcash has a relevant interest in at least 90% (by number) of each class of shares issued by Foodland and has the right to compulsorily acquire all of the remaining shares of each class issued by Foodland;
- (k) that the terms of the shares issued in Metcash that relate to Foodland New Zealand and the Offer as it relates to Foodland New Zealand are consistent with the Bidder's Statement;
- (I) such other information as reasonably requested by ANZ; and
- (m) no event of default or potential event of default under the NZ Facility Agreement (other than an event of default or potential Event of Default which is a cross default or potential cross default) and all representations and warranties being true and correct.





#### 3.3 NZ Facility Events of Default

The NZ Facility will have events of default typical for a facility of the nature of the NZ Facility, addressing:

- (a) non-payment of amounts due;
- (b) failure to comply with other obligations which continues unremedied for 14 days;
- (c) representations and warranties are untrue or misleading in any material respect and not remedied within 14 days;
- (d) failure to comply with the undertaking in relation to New Zealand Segregation;
- (e) cross default exceeding A\$5 million;
- enforcement against security interests;
- insolvency;
- (h) a receiver being appointed;
- the cessation of business;
- vitiation of documents;
- (k) any authorisations cease to be binding and this has or is likely to have a material adverse effect;
- (I) a material adverse effect;
- (m) a change in control other than as a result of the Offer, or the capital reorganisation of Metcash, or the listing of Foodland New Zealand as proposed under the Offer;
- (n) all intellectual property related to the business of a Foodland NZ Company which prior to the Offer is owned by Foodland or one of its subsidiaries is not owned or licensed (on a perpetual, irrevocable, fee free basis so that the Foodland NZ Company has the sole entitlement to use and dispose of the intellectual property as if it were the legal owner or on such other basis as is agreed by ANZ) within 14 days of Metcash having (either legally or by agreement) board control of Foodland;
- (o) a reduction in capital; and
- (p) failure to provide the required guarantees and security, whether due to financial assistance procedures not being complied with or for any other reason.

#### 3.4 NZ Facility Representations and Warranties

The NZ Facility will include representations and warranties typical for a facility of the nature of the NZ Facility, addressing:

- (a) the legal status of the NZ Borrower and the other Foodland NZ Companies;
- (b) power and capacity of the NZ Borrower and the other Foodland NZ Companies;
- (c) corporate authority and binding obligations;
- (d) compliance with laws and all other documents where failure to do so has or is likely to have a material adverse effect;
- (e) accounts are true and fair;
- (f) no event of default or undisclosed potential event of default under the NZ Facility Agreement;
- (g) at least pari-passu ranking of obligations under the NZ Facility with other unsubordinated obligations;
- (h) no contravention of laws which has or is likely to have a material adverse effect;
- no litigation which has or is likely to have a material adverse effect;
- the NZ Borrower and the other Foodland NZ Companies not being immune from suit;
- (k) that the NZ Borrower and the other Foodland NZ Companies are not acting as Trustees;

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- (I) corporate benefit;
- (m) beneficial ownership of assets;
- (n) all authorisations having been obtained and maintained where failure to obtain and maintain any such authorisation has or is likely to have a material adverse effect;
- (o) all information provided being correct and not misleading in any material respect;
- (p) all material intellectual property owned or appropriately licensed (save as contemplated by the corresponding event of default);
- (q) all subsidiaries of the NZ Borrower having been disclosed to ANZ and being guarantors; and
- (r) other representations and warranties which are usual for a facility of this nature and subject to materiality thresholds and such exceptions and qualifications as are agreed.

#### 3.5 NZ Facility Undertakings

Undertakings typical for a facility of this nature, addressing:

- (a) provision of monthly management accounts, semi-annual unaudited accounts and annual audited accounts on a consolidated basis for the Foodland NZ Companies and any other financial and other information reasonably requested by ANZ;
- (b) provision of a compliance certificate with the accounts in relation to the financial undertakings;
- (c) notification of an event of default or potential event of default under the NZ Facility Agreement and proposed remedy;
- (d) notification of litigation or tax claims that have or are likely to have a material adverse effect;
- (e) maintaining authorisations and observing obligations and complying with laws where failure to do so has or is likely to have a material adverse effect;
- (f) procuring the listing on the ASX in accordance with requirements (if any) of the NZ Shares issued by Metcash;
- (g) Metcash to obtain control of the Foodland board within 30 days of drawdown of the NZ Facility;
- (h) procuring that a standard tripartite agreement (for example, no rights to terminate if ANZ enforces repayment of the NZ Facility, cure periods for rectifying breaches by the Foodland NZ Companies), on terms acceptable to the Senior Lenders, is entered into as soon as practicable for material contracts with the Metcash Group or the Foodland Group;
- (i) maintaining appropriate insurance;
- (j) negative pledge subject to appropriate permitted securities;
- (k) no new financial indebtedness other than:
  - (1) ordinary trading terms;
  - (2) ordinary working capital and transactional facilities; and
  - (3) the refinancing of other facilities in place as at financial close that expire in the ordinary course in accordance with their terms,

provided that the financial indebtedness of the Foodland NZ Companies (including under the NZ Facility and the working capital and transactional facilities and the refinanced facilities) is not, at any time, more than NZ\$440 million (subject to an agreed carve-out in respect of certain possible finance leases);

- (1) no disposal of assets;
- (m) no merger or change of business;
- (n) no acquisitions;
- (o) appropriately maintain assets;
- (p) no termination of material contracts and no material amendment of material contracts;

- (g) no distributions, other than the payment of a dividend of 60% of net profit after tax (NPAT) in respect of the period for which the dividend is paid;
- (r) any new subsidiaries of a Foodland NZ Company to grant a guarantee and security consistent with that granted by other Foodland NZ Companies;
- (s) no partnerships or joint ventures to be created or entered into on or after financial close and all subsidiaries to be wholly owned;
- (t) arm's length trading arrangements between the new Metcash Group Foodland Group and Foodland New Zealand;
- (u) use of reasonable endeavours to achieve New Zealand Segregation as soon as practicable after Metcash obtains (either legally or by agreement) board control of Foodland, and subject to all required board and shareholder resolutions having been passed;
- (v) ensure that prior to New Zealand Segregation the Foodland NZ Companies do all things necessary and within their control to allow Foodland New Zealand to operate effectively as a standalone business on the same basis as it operated prior to the Offer but on an arm's length basis;
- (w) other undertakings which are usual and customary for a facility of this nature and subject to materiality thresholds and such exceptions and qualifications as are agreed; and
- (x) compliance with specified financial ratios and undertakings.

#### 4 Definitions

The following definitions are relevant in relation to this annexure only.

Accepted Accounting Practices means the accounting practices and standards generally accepted in Australia.

**Action Facility Borrower Group** means the Action Borrower and its subsidiaries and, pending the transfer of their shares to the Action Borrower in accordance with relevant undertakings in the Action Finance Documents, includes each Action Company.

**Action Lender** means ANZ as lender under the Action Facility.

Action Segregation means the segregation of the Foodland Action Store business from the rest of the Foodland Group in accordance with an agreed set of principles.

Action Valuation means a valuation of the Foodland Action Store business in accordance with an agreed methodology to be undertaken within 30 days of Metcash obtaining board control of Foodland.

Business Day means a day (other than a Saturday or Sunday) on which banks are open for business generally in Sydney.

Encumbrance means a mortgage, charge, pledge, lien, encumbrance, security interest, title retention, preferential right, trust arrangement, contractual right of set off or any other security agreement or arrangement in favour of any person.

#### **Event of Insolvency** means:

- (a) a controller (as defined in section 9 of the Act), administrator or similar officer is appointed in respect of a person or any asset of a person;
- (b) a liquidator or provisional liquidator is appointed in respect of a corporation;
- (c) any application (not being an application withdrawn or dismissed within 7 days) is made to a court for an order, or an order is made, or a meeting is convened, or a resolution is passed, for the purpose of:
  - (1) appointing a person referred to in paragraph (a) or (b) of this definition;
  - (2) winding up or dissolving a corporation; or
  - (3) proposing or implementing a scheme of arrangement (other than the Metoz Scheme, the Metcash Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme);

- (d) a moratorium of any debts of a person or any other assignment, composition or arrangement (formal or informal) with a person's creditors or any similar proceeding or arrangement by which the assets of a person are subjected conditionally or unconditionally to the control of that person's creditors or a trustee, is ordered, declared or agreed to, or is applied for and the application is not withdrawn or dismissed within 7 days;
- (e) any writ of execution, garnishee order, mareva injunction or similar order, attachment, distress or other process is made, levied or issued against or in relation to any asset of a person with a value greater than \$1,000,000, unless it is contested in good faith and is discharged within 10 Business Days;
- (f) a person becomes, or admits in writing that it is, is declared to be or is taken under any applicable law to be, insolvent or unable to pay its debts; or
- (g) anything analogous to anything referred to in paragraphs (a) to (f) inclusive of this definition, or which has substantially similar effect, occurs with respect to a person under any other law.

**Financial Indebtedness** of a person means any liability or indebtedness (whether present or future, actual or contingent) of that person for or in respect of:

- (a) money borrowed or raised and debit balances at banks or financial institutions;
- (b) its obligations as lessee under any lease which in accordance with Accepted Accounting Practices would be treated as a finance or a capital lease;
- (c) any indemnity obligation in respect of any guarantee, indemnity, bond or letter of credit or similar instrument issued by a financial institution:
- (d) any guarantee, indemnity, letter of credit or similar assurance in respect of financial loss given in connection with any Financial Indebtedness of another person;
- (e) any amount payable in connection with the redemption of any redeemable preference share issued by that person;
- (f) amounts raised under or in connection with any bill acceptance, endorsement or discounting arrangement;
- (g) amounts raised under or in connection with any bond, debenture, note, loan stock or similar instruments;
- (h) receivables sold or discounted (other than to the extent they are sold on a non-recourse basis);
- (i) any futures contract, forward exchange or forward purchase contract, any swap, hedge, cap, collar, ceiling or floor or option contract in respect of any currency, interest rates or any commodity or any similar transaction, in each case using the then mark to market value:
- (j) the acquisition cost of any asset to the extent payable before or after the time of acquisition or possession where the advance or deferred payment is arranged primarily as a method of raising finance or financing the acquisition of that asset; or
- (k) amounts raised under any other transaction or series of transactions having the commercial effect of a borrowing or raising of money.

**Guarantor** means a guarantor of the Senior Facilities or the Action Facility as the case requires (see Section 17.4 of the Bidder's Statement). The initial Guarantors must include each of Metcash's wholly owned subsidiaries at the date of signing of the Senior Facilities Agreement or Action Facility Agreement (other than NZ Holdco and, in the case of the Action Facility, the Action Borrower) and, in the case of the Action Facility, Metcash.

Material Adverse Effect means in respect of the Syndicated Facility or the Action Facility (as the case may be required):

- (a) a material adverse effect on the ability of any Obligor to perform its payment or other material obligations under any Senior Finance Document or Action Finance Document (as the case requires);
- (b) a material adverse effect on the business, assets, financial condition or prospects of the Senior Facility Borrower Group or the Action Facility Borrower Group (as the case requires) taken as a whole; or

(c) any effect which results in or could result in any Senior Finance Document or Action Finance Document (as the case requires) not being legal, valid and binding on, and enforceable substantially in accordance with its terms against, any party to that finance document in a manner and to an extent reasonably considered by ANZ to be materially adverse to the interests of the Senior Lenders or itself as lender under the Action Facility (as the case requires).

**New Zealand Release** means the date on which Foodland Australia has:

- (a) been released from any liability in respect of guarantees or other obligations in respect of Financial Indebtedness of Foodland New Zealand:
- (b) been released from any guarantees or other obligations in respect of compliance by Foodland New Zealand of any lease or contract;
- (c) been released from liability in respect of any letter of credit or bank guarantee issued for the benefit of Foodland New Zealand or any other credit support provided on behalf of Foodland New Zealand;
- (d) been released from any other material obligation in respect of Foodland New Zealand;
- (e) been repaid any loan from Foodland Australia to Foodland New Zealand in an aggregate amount equal to Foodland Australia's external Financial Indebtedness (with the remainder of such loans being converted into equity in Foodland New Zealand);
- (f) been returned to it any cash collateral provided to a third party on behalf of Foodland New Zealand;
- (g) ceased to have any other material insolvency risk in connection with Foodland New Zealand; and
- (h) ceased to provide any other material support, assistance or subsidy to Foodland New Zealand (which for the avoidance of doubt does not require termination of trading contracts between Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand entered into in the ordinary course of business on arm's length terms).

**New Zealand Segregation** means the segregation of Foodland New Zealand from Foodland and its Australian subsidiaries in accordance with an agreed set of principles.

**Obligor** means, in respect of the Syndicated Facility or the Action Facility, the borrower (being Metcash) or the Action Borrower (as the case requires) and each Guarantor of that Facility.

Senior Facilities means the Syndicated Facility and the Working Capital Facility.

**Senior Facilities Borrower Group** means Metcash (or, if the Capital Reorganisation proceeds, Newco) and each of its subsidiaries other than the Foodland NZ Companies and, in certain circumstances where the Action Facility is outstanding, the Action Companies.

**Senior Finance Party** means a Senior Lender, a hedge counterparty in respect of the Senior Facilities or ANZ as underwriter of or facility agent for the Syndicated Facility.

**Senior Lender** means a lender under the Senior Facilities.

**Successful Syndication** means successful syndication of the Syndicated Facility, as defined in the Syndicated Facility Commitment Letter.

**Syndicated Facility Agent** means the facility agent under the Syndicated Facility, being ANZ.

# Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations Act 2001 – Subsection 741(1) – Declaration

Pursuant to subsection 741(1) of the Corporations Act (the Act) the Australian Securities and Investments Commission (ASIC) declares that Chapter 6D applies to the person specified in Schedule A in the case specified in Schedule B as if section 707 of the Act were modified or varied by omitting subsections 707(3) and (4) and substituting:

- "(3) An offer of a body's securities for sale within 12 months after their issue needs disclosure to investors under this Part if the body issued the securities:
  - (a) without disclosure to investors under this Part; and
  - (b) with the purpose of the person to whom they were issued:
    - (i) selling or transferring them; or
    - (ii) granting, issuing or transferring interests in, or options or warrants over, them;

and section 708 or 708A does not say otherwise.

(4) Unless the contrary is proved, a body is taken to issue securities with the purpose referred to in paragraph 3(b) if any of the securities are subsequently sold, or offered for sale, within 12 months after their issue."

#### Schedule A

Any person who makes an offer for sale of the kind referred to in Schedule B of ordinary shares in The Newco Project X Limited ACN 112 073 480 (Newco).

#### Schedule B

Offers of ordinary shares in Newco (Newco Shares) for sale within 12 months after their issue, where:

- (i) those Newco Shares were issued by reason of the exchange of A class preference shares (Metcash A Shares) issued by Metcash Trading Limited ACN 000 031 569 (Metcash) for Newco Shares, pursuant to the terms of issue of the Metcash A Shares; and
- (ii) those Metcash A Shares were issued as consideration under an off-market takeover bid by Metcash for all of the shares in Foodland Associated Limited ACN 008 667 650 (Offer) in respect of which a bidder's statement was lodged with ASIC on or about 21 January 2005 (Bidder's Statement);
- (iii) the Bidder's Statement includes all material specified in Items 1 and 2 of the table in subsection 710(1) of the Act in relation to the Metcash A Shares,

Newco Shares and any other underlying security for which Metcash A Shares may be exchanged.

Dated this 21st day of January 2005

Signed by Rachel Howitt

as a delegate of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission

# Australian Securities and Investments Commission Corporations Act 2001 – Subsection 655A(1) – Exemption

Under paragraph 655A(1)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001 ("Act"), the Australian Securities and Investments Commission ("ASIC") exempts the person named in Schedule A in the case referred to in Schedule B from compliance with subsection 654A(1) of the Act in respect of any disposal of the securities by the Bidder by reason only of the withdrawal by a person to whom the takeover offer is made of that person's acceptance of the offer in accordance with the terms of the offer, on the conditions specified in Schedule C for so long as those conditions are met.

And under paragraph 655A(1)(b) of the Act, ASIC declares that Chapter 6 of the Act applies to the person specified in Schedule A in the case specified in Schedule B as if:

- subsection 650A(1) were modified by inserting at the end of that subsection the words "or by terminating a right to withdraw acceptances";
- paragraph 653B(1)(a) were modified by inserting at the end of subparagraph (ii) the words "unless that acceptance has been withdrawn";

#### Schedule A

Metcash Trading Limited ACN 000 031 569 ("Bidder")

#### Schedule B

A takeover bid by the Bidder for all the ordinary shares in Foodland Associated Limited ACN 008 667 650 ("Target"), in relation to which a bidder's statement will be lodged on or about 21 January 2005, where the offer includes a right to withdraw acceptances ("Withdrawal Rights") on the following terms:

- (a) Persons to whom the offer was made ("Target Shareholders") may withdraw acceptances by notice in writing at any time before:
  - (i) the Bidder announcing that its minimum acceptance condition has been satisfied;
  - (ii) the end of the offer period,

whichever occurs first.

#### Schedule C

(a) A copy of the form that is to be used to exercise Withdrawal Rights ("Withdrawal Form") is included in or attached to the bidder's statement that is dispatched to all Target Shareholders ("Bidder's Statement");

- (b) The Withdrawal Form and Bidder's Statement clearly disclose the way in which Withdrawal Rights can be exercised;
- (d) Withdrawal Rights cannot be reinstated by the Bidder after they have been terminated.

Signed this 21st day of January 2005

Rachel Howitt

as a delegate of the Australian Securities and Investments Commission

CASH & CARRY HOUOR MARKETERS, CAMPBEELS CASH & CARRY, IGA DISTRIBUTION, AUGUST

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Metcash Trading Limited (ABN 61 000 031 569)

# **Scheme Booklet**

containing

**Explanatory Statements** 

and Notices of Meetings

to Shareholders and Optionholders

in Metcash Trading Limited







# THIS IS AN IMPORTANT DOCUMENT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

Y<del>OU SHO</del>ULD READ THIS DOCUMENT IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE DECIDING WHETHER TO VOTE FOR THE SCHEMES OF ARRANGEMENT AND RESOLUTIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS SCHEME BOOKLET.

rou are in any doubt as to how to deal with this document, please consult your legal or financial adviser immediately. If you have sold all your Metcash mares, then please ignore all enclosed documents

schemes of arrangement between Metcash and holders of its ordinary shares, and Metcash by Newco is to be effected in Australia by two schemes of arrangement between Metcash and holders of its ordinary shares, and Metcash and holders of options in Metcash. In South Africa the capital assignment is to be effected by a scheme of arrangement proposed between Metoz Holdings and holders of its ordinary shares.

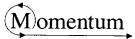
Scheme Booklet contains notices convening meetings of Metcash shareholders and Metcash optionholders to consider and vote on the schemes

OUR DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMEND THAT ELIGIBLE SHAREHOLDERS AND OPTIONHOLDERS VOTE FOR ALL RESOLUTIONS

Financial Advisers:







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# Corporate Directory

# Metcash Trading Limited

# Registered Office

4 Newington Road Silverwater NSW 2128 Phone: +61 2 9741 3000

Fax: +61 2 9741 3027 Website: <u>www.metcash.com</u>

# The Newco Project X Limited

# Registered Office

c/o Deutsche Bank AG Level 18 225 George Street Sydney NSW 2000



# A Important notices

# Read this document

This document is dated 11 February 2005.

You should read this document in its entirety before making a decision as to how to vote on the Resolutions to be considered at the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting.

# Purpose of this Scheme Booklet

This document is required by Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act in relation to the Metcash Schemes. It also contains a notice of meeting, and information required to be provided to Shareholders, in relation to the Extraordinary General Meeting.

The purpose of this document is to explain the terms of the Metcash Schemes, the manner in which they will be considered and implemented (if approved) and to provide such information as is material to your decision whether to approve the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions to be considered by Shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting.

#### Information

The information concerning Metoz Holdings Limited (Metoz Holdings) contained in Section 8 of this Scheme Booklet (save for Sections 8.3 and 8.5) (Metoz Information), has been provided by Metoz Holdings and is the responsibility of Metoz Holdings. Subject to the Corporations Act, neither Metcash nor its advisers assume any responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the Metoz Information.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited (PwCS) has prepared the Independent Accountant's Report and the financial services guide contained in Section 18 of this Scheme Booklet, and takes responsibility for that report and guide.

Metcash has engaged PwCS as an independent expert to report on the proposed Capital Reorganisation. Section 17 of this Scheme Booklet contains the Independent Expert's Report prepared by PwCS for Metcash and a financial services guide issued by PwCS relating to the financial services provided by it. PwCS is not responsible nor liable for any part of this Scheme Booklet other than the Independent Expert's Report, the FSG, the Independent Accountant's Report and the references to its name.

If the Foodland target statement relating to the Takeover Offer produces new financial information of a material nature, Metcash will ask PwCS to update its Independent Expert's Report to reflect that information. If this results in a material change to the Independent Expert's Report, if practicable Metcash will send any such updated report to Shareholders and Optionsholders, and otherwise Metcash will make the updated report available on its website at www.metcash.com.

Greenwoods & Freehills has prepared the Tax Adviser's Report contained in Sections 15.1 and 15.2 of this Scheme Booklet, and takes responsibility for that report.

Metcash takes responsibility for all other information contained in this Scheme Booklet.

#### Role of ASIC and ASX

A copy of this document has been registered by the Australian Securities & Investments Commission (ASIC) for the purposes of section 412(6) of the Corporations Act.

A copy of the document has been lodged with ASIC for examination. ASIC has been requested to provide a statement, in accordance with section 411(17)(b) of the Corporations Act, that ASIC has no objection to the Metcash Schemes. If ASIC provides that statement, then it will be produced to the Court at the time of the relevant Court hearing to approve the Metcash Schemes.

A copy of this Scheme Booklet has been provided to the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX).

None of ASIC, ASX nor any of their respective officers takes any responsibility for the contents of this Scheme Booklet.

#### Investment decisions

This Scheme Booklet does not take into account your individual investment objectives, financial situation and needs. The information in this document should not be relied upon as the sole basis for any investment decision in relation to your Metcash Shares, Metcash Options or any other securities. You should seek independent financial and tax advice before making any investment decision in relation to your Metcash Shares, Metcash Options or any other securities.

This Scheme Booklet is not an offer of the CULS proposed to be offered pursuant to the Rights Issue as described in this Scheme Booklet. The offers of the CULS pursuant to the Rights Issue will be made in, or accompanied by, a copy of a prospectus in relation to the Rights Issue. Shareholders wishing to subscribe for CULS under the Rights Issue will need to complete the application form that will be in or will accompany the prospectus in relation to the Rights Issue.

# Forward looking statements

This Scheme Booklet contains certain statements that relate to the future. These forward looking statements have been based on Metcash's current expectations about future events. They are, however, subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results, performance or achievements to differ materially from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward looking statements.

Neither Metcash nor its officers or advisers nor any other person gives any representation, assurance or guarantee that the occurrence of the events expressed or implied in any forward looking statement in this Scheme Booklet will actually occur. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward looking statements.

The forward looking statements reflect views held only as at the date of this Scheme Booklet. Except as required by law, Metcash disclaims any duty to update the statements to reflect any changes in expectations or events, conditions or circumstances on which any such forward looking statements are based.

# Defined terms and interpretation

A number of defined words and expressions are used in this document. Defined words and expressions are capitalised. If defined in the body of the document it will be bolded where defined. Please refer to the Glossary in Section 23 of this Scheme Booklet for the meaning of these words and expressions.

Unless otherwise stated, all data contained in the text, charts, graphs and tables is based on information available as at the date of this Scheme Booklet. All numbers are rounded unless otherwise indicated. All references to time in this Scheme Booklet are references to Sydney time.

## Privacy and personal information

The collection of certain personal information is required or authorised by the Corporations Act.

Metcash may collect personal information in the process of implementing the Metcash Schemes. The personal information may include the names, addresses, other contact details and details of the shareholdings of Shareholders and entitlements of Optionholders. Personal information may also include the names of individuals appointed by Shareholders and Optionholders as proxies, corporate representatives or attorneys at the Scheme Meetings or Extraordinary General Meeting.

Shareholders and Optionholders who are individuals, and the other individuals in respect of whom personal information is collected as outlined above, have certain rights to access the personal information collected in relation to them. Such individuals should contact the Company Secretary, Metcash Trading Limited on  $+61\ 2\ 9741\ 3000$  in the first instance if they wish to request access to that personal information.

The personal information is collected for the primary purpose of implementing the Metcash Schemes and to conduct the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting.



The personal information may be disclosed to print and mail service providers, to Metcash's share registry (Registries Limited) and to Metcash's advisers to the extent necessary to implement the Metcash Schemes and to conduct the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting.

The main consequence of not collecting the personal information outlined above would be that Metcash may be hindered in, or prevented from, conducting the Scheme Meetings and Extraordinary General Meeting and implementing the Metcash Schemes.

Shareholders or Optionholders who appoint an individual as their proxy, corporate representative or attorney to vote at the Scheme Meetings or Extraordinary General Meeting should inform that individual of the matters outlined above.

#### Questions

If you have any questions in relation to the proposed Metcash Schemes or Resolutions, please call our Australian toll-free information line on 1300 724 363 (international calls +61 2 9240 7470). The information line is available every Business Day from 9.00am to 5.00pm from the date you receive this Scheme Booklet until the outcome of the Schemes are known.

A copy of this Scheme Booklet can also be found on Metcash's website at <u>www.metcash.com</u>.

## B Key dates

Key Event	Key Date*
Last time and date by which proxy forms for the	20 March 2005 at 2.00pm
■ Scheme Meetings; and	
■ Extraordinary General Meeting	
must be received	
Time and date for determining eligibility to vote at the Scheme Meetings	21 March 2005 at 7.00pm
and the Extraordinary General Meeting	
Scheme Meetings to be held in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel,	22 March 2005
199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000	
Extraordinary General Meeting to be held in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel,	22 March 2005
199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000	
Court hearing for approval of the Metcash Schemes	5 April 2005
Effective Date of the Metcash Schemes	7 April 2005
Suspension of Metcash Shares from ASX trading	Close of trading on 7 April 2005
Commencement of trading of Newco Shares on deferred settlement basis	11 April 2005
Record Date	15 April 2005
Implementation Date (Newco Shares issued to Scheme Shareholders	18 April 2005
and Newco Options issued to Scheme Optionholders)	
Despatch of holding statements to Scheme Shareholders and Option certificates	22 April 2005
to Scheme Optionholders	
End of deferred settlement trading in Newco Shares	22 April 2005
<del></del>	

<sup>\*</sup>All dates are indicative only and subject to change due to, among other things, the review and approval procedures of the Court and other regulatory authorities.



## C Letter from the Independent Directors

4 NEWINGTON ROAD SILVERWATER NSW 2128 AUSTRALIA

ABN 61 000 031 569

PO BOX 6226 SILVERWATER BUSINESS CENTRE NSW 1811 AUSTRALIA

**METCASH TRADING LIMITED** 

PHONE: 02 9741 3000 02 9741 3027 FAX: WEB: www.metcash.com

11 February 2005

Dear Shareholders and Optionholders

#### Metcash Capital Reorganisation

We have great pleasure in writing to you following the announcement on 6 December 2004 of a proposed Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer.

The Capital Reorganisation will result in the acquisition by a new holding company of the issued share capital of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited and the issued share capital of Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders. Following the Capital Reorganisation, the practical effect will be the removal of Metcash's majority shareholder at a total cost to Newco of \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz, \$2.85 of which will be paid to Metoz to be on-paid to Metoz Shareholders and the balance to be used to repay Metoz debt.

Metcash also announced on 6 December 2004 a takeover bid for Foodland Associated Limited.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other. This Scheme Booklet deals with the Capital Reorganisation and considers, where appropriate, the implications of the Takeover Offer.

As certain of the Directors are also directors of Metoz, we thought it appropriate that the Directors who are not also directors of Metoz (the Independent Directors) write to you to give you our independent view of the proposals.

Since the Announcement, Metcash's share price has increased by \$0.48 per share representing an increase in the market capitalisation of Metcash of approximately \$307 million¹ and a strong endorsement for these initiatives.

#### Key benefits of the Capital Reorganisation

The Capital Reorganisation is expected to deliver enhanced returns to Shareholders and Optionholders and offers benefits which

- the acquisition of Metcash Shares held by Metoz at an attractive price;
- expected financial benefits including improved capital structure and EPS accretion;
- expected improved weighting in the S&P/ASX indices;
- improved liquidity in the shares held by Shareholders; and
- Metcash no longer having a single controlling shareholder.

#### Implementing the Capital Reorganisation

A new holding company for the Metcash group, Newco, will be put in place as part of the Capital Reorganisation which is being implemented pursuant to schemes of arrangement in Australia and South Africa. Once the Capital Reorganisation has become Effective, Newco will own (directly or indirectly) 100% of the ordinary shares of Metcash and will be renamed Metcash Limited.

Under a Scheme of Arrangement, Metcash Shareholders (other than Metoz) will receive one Newco Share for each Metcash Share held.

Under a separate Scheme of Arrangement, Optionholders in Metcash will receive one Newco Option for each Metcash Option held.

A scheme of arrangement will also be conducted in South Africa which will effect the acquisition of Metoz Holdings by Newco.

1 Excludes shares issued under the Equity Placement undertaken on 6 December 2004 and under the Share Purchase Plan undertaken post Announcement.

#### Metcash Shareholder and Optionholder approvals

The Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme require the approval in Scheme Meetings of Shareholders (other than Metoz) and Optionholders respectively and approval by the Court, as well as the satisfaction of certain conditions. The Metcash Schemes will only become Effective if the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective.

In addition, certain resolutions are required to be passed in order to implement the Metcash Schemes which will be proposed at an Extraordinary General Meeting which will take place on the same day as the Scheme Meetings. Metcash is also proposing a resolution to approve financial assistance in connection with the funding for the Takeover Offer at this meeting.

#### The Independent Expert recommendation

The Independent Expert, PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited, was appointed by the Board to independently assess the merits of the Metcash Schemes for Non-Metoz Shareholders and Optionholders. **PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited concluded** that the proposed Capital Reorganisation, taken as a whole, is in the best interests of Metcash and Non-Metoz Shareholders and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Optionholders.

#### Our recommendation

We consider the Capital Reorganisation and the Resolutions to be in the best interests of Shareholders and Optionholders and therefore unanimously recommend eligible Shareholders and Optionholders vote for the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions.

Meetings to vote on the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions are to be held on Tuesday, 22 March 2005 from 2.00pm, in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000. If you cannot attend the meetings, please complete the attached proxy forms as directed.

Important details regarding the Metcash Schemes, the Resolutions and the manner of implementation of the Capital Reorganisation are set out in this Scheme Booklet. We urge you to read it carefully and, if required, seek your own investment or other professional advice. If you have any questions, please call our Australian information line 1300 724 363 (International calls  $\pm 61.2.9240.7470$ ).

We look forward to your support and your attendance at the forthcoming meetings in March.

Yours faithfully,

A.E. (Ted) Harris, AC

Marie

Deputy Chairman

Peter Barnes

Non-Executive Director

Richard Longes

Non-Executive Director

Bernard J. Hale

**Executive Director** 

Michael Jablonski

**Executive Director** 

**Edwin Jankelowitz** 

**Executive Director** 

Lou Jardin

Executive Director

Michael Wesslink

Market.

Executive Director



### Overview

#### 1.1 Background

On 6 December 2004, Metcash announced a Capital Reorganisation which includes the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz, by Newco, a newly incorporated Australian company.

On the same day, Metcash also announced a Takeover Offer for Foodland and Metcash undertook a placement of 89.85 million Metcash Shares at \$3.00 per Metcash Share (Equity Placement). Metcash also offered a Share Purchase Plan (SPP) to its Shareholders whereby they had an opportunity to subscribe for up to 1,660 Metcash Shares per Shareholder at \$3.00 each. Under the SPP, Metcash issued 6.97 million shares and raised total funds of approximately \$2| million. Please refer to Section 12 for further details of the funding arrangements.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other.

#### 1.2 Proposals

#### (a) The Capital Reorganisation

Under the Capital Reorganisation, it is proposed that Newco will acquire 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash by acquiring:

- the approximately 52% of Metcash indirectly held by Metoz Holdings (Metoz Interest in Metcash), through the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metoz Holdings; and
- the remainder of Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders.

These steps will be implemented by the Metoz Scheme and Metcash Share Scheme respectively.

Newco will become the new group holding company for Metcash.

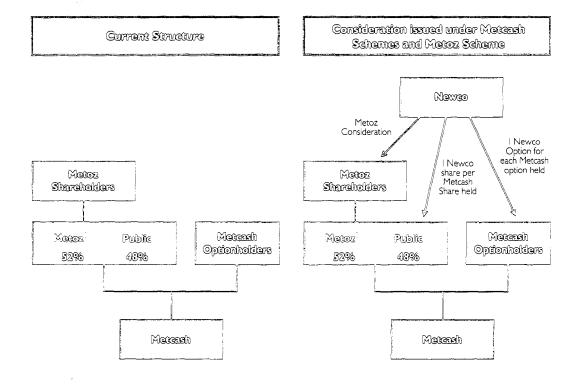
The Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Share Scheme are inter-conditional and need to be approved by the respective required percentages of shareholders of Metoz Holdings and Metcash for the Capital Reorganisation to become Effective.

The Metcash Options are also intended to be cancelled and replaced by options in the new group holding company, Newco (through the Metcash Option Scheme).

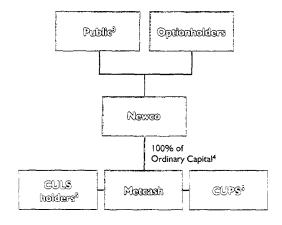
The Metcash Option Scheme is conditional on the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective. However, the Metcash Share Scheme can proceed even if the Metcash Option Scheme is not approved. If this occurs, Newco has indicated that it intends to compulsorily acquire the Metcash Options. Such acquisition must be at a fair value in the opinion of an independent expert nominated by ASIC.

A summary of the other conditions precedent to the Metcash Schemes is set out in Section 9.

The diagrams below depict the proposed Schemes and the resulting structure if the Schemes become Effective.



Proposed structure if Capital Reorganisation is successful? and Post-Scheme Restructuring has taken place



- The Metoz Interest in Metcash is held via three wholly owned subsidiaries.
- This assumes the Metcash Option Scheme has become Effective.
- The Public includes Non-Metoz Shareholders and any new shareholders as a result of the equity issued under the Rights Issue and the Takeover Offer.
- Newco will hold 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash: approximately 48% will be held directly, and approximately 52% will be held indirectly via wholly owned subsidiaries. As part of the Post-Scheme Restructuring, it is proposed that Metoz Holdings and these subsidiaries will be removed from the ownership chain so that Newco holds 100% of Metcash Shares
- The Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (**CULS**) and Convertible Undated Preference Shares (**CUPS**) convert into Newco equity under various circumstances, a portion of which is at Metcash's discretion. Refer to Section 12 for details.



Newco will apply to be listed on the ASX as the new Australian holding company of the Metcash group conditional on the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective. Following the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective, an intra-group restructuring will be carried out which will result in Metcash being held directly by Newco (Post-Scheme Restructuring). Ultimately, Metcash will be delisted. Further details of this restructuring are set out in Section 9.

In order for the Capital Reorganisation to be implemented, in addition to the votes on the Metcash Schemes, certain resolutions of Shareholders are required to be passed:

- Resolution 1: an ordinary resolution to approve the acquisition by Newco of Metoz Holdings' indirect stake in Metcash;
- Resolution 2: a special resolution to approve the giving of financial benefits by Metcash to Newco; and
- Resolutions 3-5: special resolutions to approve the giving of financial assistance in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer.

Please refer to Section 14 for further details on these Resolutions.

#### (b) The Takeover Offer

The Takeover Offer is an offer by Metcash to acquire Foodland. Metcash proposes to retain ownership of Foodland's Australian businesses (Foodland Australia) and to transfer ownership of Foodland's New Zealand businesses (Foodland New Zealand) to Foodland Shareholders after the Takeover Offer has been completed.

Metcash proposes to offer Foodland Shareholders the following consideration:

- 2.442 Metcash A Shares or \$7.18 cash per Foodland Share; and
- one NZ Share per Foodland Share.

Based on the cash alternative included in the Takeover Offer consideration, the Takeover Offer values Foodland Australia at \$846 million.

The Metcash A Shares will either be exchanged for Newco Shares (if the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective) or converted into Metcash Shares (if the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective), while NZ Shares will provide Foodland Shareholders with a continuing interest in Foodland New Zealand.

The NZ Shares facilitate the return of 100% of Foodland New Zealand's assets to Foodland Shareholders through a separately listed entity. The mechanism for the transfer to Foodland Shareholders will be subject to approval by Metcash Shareholders.

Metcash believes that the acquisition of Foodland Australia will provide numerous benefits to Metcash, Shareholders and Optionholders. The Foodland Australia acquisition:

- is complementary to Metcash's core business;
- increases business scale and expands its grocery wholesaling network into Western Australia;
- expands Metcash's independent retailer network;
- improves buying power;
- provides potential for supply chain and logistic efficiencies to be realised;
- provides an opportunity to achieve cost savings; and
- provides an opportunity to transform the IGA "chain" into a truly national player.

In order to facilitate the funding for the Takeover Offer, the Directors are seeking Metcash Shareholder approval under Resolution 5 for Metcash's subsidiaries (which, if the Takeover Offer is successful, will include Foodland and its subsidiaries) to provide financial assistance in the event that the Takeover Offer is successful.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate transactions and are not conditional upon one another.

<sup>2</sup> Based on a Metcash share price of \$2.94 prior to Announcement on 3 December 2004. If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, the exchange ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS).

However, it will be relevant for Shareholders to understand how their interests will be affected if the Schemes do, or do not, become Effective and if the Takeover Offer is successful or unsuccessful. Sections 11 and 13 of this Scheme Booklet contain an analysis of the implications of various outcomes that may result if the Takeover Offer is successful or unsuccessful and the Capital Reorganisation does or does not become Effective.

Whilst the Bidder's Statement prepared by Metcash in connection with the Takeover Offer contains full details of the Takeover Offer, certain information concerning the Takeover Offer has also been included in this Scheme Booklet to the extent that it may be material to an eligible Shareholder or Optionholder in their consideration of the Metcash Schemes. Further details of the Takeover Offer are contained in Section 10 of this Scheme Booklet. A copy of the Bidder's Statement may be obtained free of charge from Metcash's website (<a href="https://www.metcash.com">www.metcash.com</a>) or by calling the Metcash information line on 1300 724 363 (international calls +61 2 9240 7470).

#### 1.3 Consideration under the Schemes

#### Metcash Share Scheme

This Scheme involves the acquisition of the 48% of the shares in Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders. In consideration for the acquisition, Newco will issue one Newco Share per Metcash Share held.

#### Metcash Option Scheme

This scheme involves the cancellation of all existing options in Metcash. In consideration for the cancellation, Newco will issue one Newco Option for every Metcash Option held.

#### Metoz Scheme

The Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco with respect to Metoz is \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz. The calculation of this figure is set out below.

	At announcement	Current
Consideration payable per Metcash Share held by Metoz		
Metoz Consideration (payable to Metoz Shareholders)	\$2.80	\$2.85
Metoz Net Liabilities	\$0.12	\$0.07
Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco (per Metcash Share held by Metoz)	\$2.92	<b>\$2.92</b>

As at the date of the Announcement, the Metoz Net Liabilities were estimated to be \$0.12 per Metcash Share held by Metoz. Metoz Net Liabilities are now estimated to be \$0.07 per Metcash Share held by Metoz. The reduction in this figure derives from two sources. Firstly, since the date of the Announcement, Metcash has indicated that it intends to pay a 4 cent interim dividend out of distributable profits to all Shareholders prior to the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective, which will result in the net liabilities of Metoz as at the Implementation Date reducing by 4 cents per Metcash Share held by Metoz. Secondly, an adjustment of \$0.01 per Metcash Share held by Metoz was made due to additional information disclosed through due diligence.

The cash offer to Metoz Holdings shareholders equates to \$0.6015 per Metoz share. This offer is final and it will not be increased or renegotiated.

Metoz Holdings shareholders will carry full exchange rate risk prior to the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective. The Metoz Consideration will be paid to such shareholders in South African Rand. Metoz Holdings shareholders will receive a fixed \$0.6015 per Metoz share and Metoz, in conjunction with Newco, will arrange for the distribution of the converted currency equivalent in Rand, after currency conversion costs, in the optimal way to Metoz Holdings shareholders.



	At announcement	Current
Consideration payable per Metoz share		
Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco (per Metcash Share held by Metoz)	\$2.92	\$2.92
Number of Metcash Shares held by Metoz	385.3m	385.3m
Total acquisition cost to Newco	\$1,125m	\$1,125m
Less: total Metoz Net Liabilities	\$43m¹	\$27m <sup>1</sup>
Total consideration payable to Metoz Holdings Shareholders	\$1,082m	\$1,098m
Metoz shares in issue	1,825m	1,825m
Consideration payable to Metoz Holdings shareholders per Metoz share	\$0.5931	\$0.6015

#### 1.4 Funding the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer

Metcash has developed a flexible funding structure for the Capital Reorganisation and the cash portion of the Takeover Offer comprising new bank facilities and the issue of two new classes of securities, Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS) and Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS), both of which are convertible into shares in Newco in certain circumstances. See Section 12 for further details of the funding arrangements.

#### 1.5 Effect of the Schemes becoming Effective

If the Schemes become Effective, Shareholders and Optionholders will hold shares and options (respectively) in Newco. Newco will own (directly or indirectly) 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash.

If the Metcash Schemes become Effective, which is dependent on the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective, then all Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders will become bound by the Metcash Scheme to which they are a party (i.e. even Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders who did not vote in favour of the Metcash Schemes). Non-Metoz Shareholders will initially hold the entire issued ordinary share capital of Newco (other than the one Newco Share issued on incorporation of Newco to M & GM Investments Pty Limited). This is subject to the conversion of any CULS held by Non-Metoz Shareholders and any CUPS that are converted.

If the Takeover Offer is successful as well, Foodland Shareholders, if they choose to take scrip under the Takeover Offer, will also become holders of Newco Shares through the exchange of the Metcash A Shares for Newco Shares.

The effect of the Metcash Option Scheme will be that all Scheme Optionholders will effectively have their Metcash Options replaced with options in the new holding company of the group, Newco.

Newco will also, by virtue of the Metoz Scheme, own the entire issued share capital of Metoz Holdings.

<sup>1</sup> Uses a ZAR/AUD exchange rate of 4.67

### 1.6 Independent Expert's Report

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited has been engaged as an independent expert to analyse the Metcash Schemes and to determine whether, in its opinion, the Metcash Schemes are in the best interests of Shareholders and Optionholders. The Independent Expert's Report is set out in Section 17 of this Scheme Booklet.

The Independent Expert concluded that the proposed Capital Reorganisation, taken as a whole, is in the best interests of Metcash and Non-Metoz Shareholders and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Metcash Optionholders.

#### 1.7 Directors' recommendations

The Directors of Metcash (including all of the Independent Directors) believe that the Capital Reorganisation is in the best interests of Shareholders and Optionholders. The key advantages, disadvantages and risks which the Directors consider will flow to Shareholders and Optionholders from the Metcash Schemes are set out in Section 3 of this Scheme Booklet.

The recommendation of the Directors is also consistent with the opinion of the Independent Expert.

The Directors consider that succeeding in both the Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation would be the optimal outcome for Shareholders and Optionholders.

The Directors (including all of the Independent Directors) unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders and Optionholders vote for each of the resolutions to be considered at the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting.

Each eligible Director intends to vote all Metcash Shares or Metcash Options held or controlled by them in favour of the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions.



## 2 Frequently asked questions

## THE PROPOSAL

ORTHARKETERS.

Question and Answer	Relevant Section
Why have I received this Scheme Booklet?	
The Scheme Booklet has been sent to you because you are a Shareholder or Optionholder and the Metcash Board is proposing the Metcash Schemes which require the approval of Shareholders and Optionholders. The Scheme Booklet contains information relevant to your consideration of the Metcash Schemes. Its purpose is to assist you in making a decision on whether or not to approve the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions being proposed.	NA
What is the Capital Reorganisation?	-
The practical effect of the Capital Reorganisation will be the removal of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz, for an Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco of \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz.	1.3
What are the benefits of the Capital Reorganisation?	
The key benefits of the Capital Reorganisation include:	3.1(a)
the acquisition of Metcash Shares held by Metoz at an attractive price;	
expected financial benefits including improved capital structure and EPS accretion;	
expected improved weighting in the S&P/ASX indices;	
improved liquidity in the shares held by Shareholders; and	
■ Metcash no longer having a single controlling shareholder.	
Who is Metoz Holdings?	<u> </u>
Metoz Holdings is currently Metcash's major (indirect) shareholder. It is a South African listed company. Its only material asset is the Metoz Interest in Metcash.	8
Does the Metoz Holdings board support the Metoz Scheme?	
Yes. Following the sale in October 2004 of Metoz's other assets, Metoz's investment in Metcash is now its only material asset. The Metoz Holdings share price has generally traded at a material discount to the market value of its investment in Metcash after taking into account liabilities. Accordingly, in the absence of a superior offer, the Metoz Holdings board has recommended its shareholders accept the offer by approving the Metoz Scheme. This offer is at a premium to the price at which the shares of Metoz Holdings traded before the Announcement of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer on 6 December 2004.	8.4
How is the Capital Reorganisation being implemented?	
Newco will acquire control of 100% of Metcash by acquiring:	1.2
all of the issued capital of Metoz Holdings and therefore the Metoz Interest in Metcash (the Metoz Scheme and	);
the remainder of the ordinary shares in Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders (the <b>Metcash Share Scheme</b>	a).
All of the existing Metcash Options will also be cancelled and replaced by options in Newco (the <b>Metcash Option Scheme</b> ).	

DA DISTRIBUTION,

#### CAMPBELLS CASH & CARRY,

Question and Answer	Relevant Section
Who is Newco?	
The Newco Project X Limited ( <b>Newco</b> ) is a newly incorporated Australian company which, if the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, will acquire Metoz Holdings for cash and the remainder of Metcash in exchange for Newco Shares. Subject to ASX approval, Newco will become listed on the ASX after the Capital Reorganisation and will change its name to Metcash Limited. In this event Shareholders (other than Metoz) will become shareholders of Newco, Newco will own 100% (directly or indirectly) of the ordinary shares of Metcash, and the current Metcash Board of Directors will be appointed to the Newco Board.	7
What are the Schemes?	
The Schemes comprise the Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Schemes. The Metcash Schemes comprise the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme.	1.2
What is the Metcash Share Scheme?	
The Metcash Share Scheme is a Scheme of Arrangement between Metcash and its shareholders (other than Metoz) under which it is proposed that Newco will acquire all of Metcash's ordinary shares, other than those held by Metoz, in exchange for shares in Newco.	5.1
What is the Metcash Option Scheme?	
The Metcash Option Scheme is a Scheme of Arrangement between Metcash and its Optionholders whereby all of Metcash's outstanding options will be cancelled and new options will be issued in Newco, on the same terms as the outstanding Metcash Options (except that they will carry a right to shares in Newco rather than Metcash).	5.2
What is the Metoz Scheme?	
The Metoz Scheme is a scheme of arrangement in South Africa proposed by Newco between Metoz Holdings and its shareholders under which it is proposed that Newco will acquire all of the shares in Metoz Holdings for cash and hence acquire the Metoz Interest in Metcash. Metcash Shareholders and Optionholders do not vote on the Metoz Scheme.	5.4
What is the Takeover Offer?	
The Takeover Offer is an offer by Metcash to acquire Foodland. Metcash proposes to retain ownership of Foodland's businesses in Australia and for Foodland New Zealand to be returned to Foodland shareholders after the successful completion of the Takeover Offer.	10
Who is Foodland?	
Foodland is a company listed on the ASX which is a supermarket operator and a grocery wholesaler in Australia and New Zealand.	10



Question and Answer	Relevant Section
Why is Metcash making a Takeover Offer for Foodland?	
Metcash believes that the acquisition of Foodland Australia will provide numerous benefits to Metcash, Shareholders and Optionholders. The Foodland Australia acquisition:	1.2(b), 10
■ is complementary to Metcash's core business;	
■ increases business scale and expands its grocery wholesaling network into Western Australia;	
<ul><li>expands Metcash's independent retailer network;</li></ul>	
■ improves buying power;	
■ provides potential for supply chain and logistic efficiencies to be realised;	
■ provides an opportunity to achieve cost savings; and	
provides an opportunity to transform the IGA "chain" into a truly national player.	
What are the Resolutions?	
Five Resolutions are being put forward at a shareholder meeting to be held immediately after the Scheme Meetings. Resolution 1 is to approve the acquisition by Newco (and its Direct and Indirect Shareholders) of the Metoz Interest in Metcash (the <b>Downstream Acquisition Resolution</b> ). Resolution 2 is to approve	4
Metcash providing a financial benefit to Newco to acquire Metoz Holdings (the <b>Related Party Benefit Resolution</b> ).	
Resolutions 3 – 5 relate to Metcash and its subsidiaries (which if the Takeover Offer is successful will include Foodland and its subsidiaries) giving financial assistance to facilitate the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer (the <b>Financial Assistance Resolutions</b> ).	
Why am I voting in relation to financial assistance again?	
The financial assistance approved at the shareholder general meeting on 20 January 2005 was sought	14

## CONSIDERATION

Question and Answer	Relevant Section
What will I receive if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective	?
If you hold Metcash Shares and the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, you will receive one Newco Share in exchange for each Metcash Share held by you as at the Record Date.	5.1(a)
What will I receive if the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective	e?
If you hold Metcash Options and the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, you will receive one Newco Option in exchange for each Metcash Option held by you as at the Record Date.	5.2(b)
When will I receive Newco Shares or Newco Options if the Schemes become Effective?	5
Holding statements or certificates in respect of the Newco Shares and Newco Options due to you are expected to be despatched to you on 22 April 2005.	В
Can I trade the Newco Shares and Newco Options on the ASX?	
Subject to ASX approval, after the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Newco will be listed and Newco Shares will be traded on the ASX. As is the case with Metcash Options, Newco Options will not be quoted on the ASX and cannot be traded on the ASX.	7.2(a), 11.3
Will I have to pay brokerage fees or stamp duty?	
No. Shareholders and Optionholders will not have to pay any brokerage or stamp duty in connection with the Metcash Schemes.	5.6
Will this be a taxable transaction for Australian tax purposes?	
Scheme Shareholders, who would otherwise make a capital gain in respect of the disposal of any of their Metcash Shares, should be able to choose CGT rollover relief.	15
Scheme Optionholders who elected to be taxed upfront when they acquired their Metcash Options and would otherwise make a capital gain in respect of the disposal of any of their Metcash Options should be able to choose CGT roll-over relief.	
Scheme Optionholders who did not elect to be taxed upfront when they acquired their Metcash Options and would otherwise be subject to income tax on disposal of their Metcash Options may be entitled to income tax roll-over.	
Metcash is seeking a class ruling for CGT roll-over relief from the ATO.	



## VOTING

Question and Answer	Relevant Section
What should I do?	
Read the Scheme Booklet carefully. If necessary, get independent financial and taxation advice before making any decisions.	4
<ul> <li>Exercise your right to vote. Your Directors believe the Metcash Schemes are a matter of importance for all Shareholders and Optionholders and therefore urge you to vote on the proposals.</li> </ul>	
When and where will the Meetings be held?	
The meetings for the Metcash Schemes and the Extraordinary General Meeting will be held on Tuesday 22 March 2005 in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 commencing at 2.00pm.	4
What am I being asked to vote on?	
If you own Metcash Shares, you are being asked to vote on the:	4
■ Metcash Share Scheme;	
Resolution 1 (the <b>Downstream Acquisition Resolution</b> );	
Resolution 2 (the <b>Related Party Benefit Resolution</b> ); and	
■ Resolutions 3-5 (the Financial Assistance Resolutions).	
If you own Metcash Options you are being asked to vote on the Metcash Option Scheme.	
Am I entitled to vote?	
If you are registered as a holder of Metcash Shares or Metcash Options as at 7.00pm on Monday 21 March 2005 and you are eligible to vote, you will be entitled to vote at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting, the Extraordinary General Meeting or Metcash Option Scheme Meeting (as applicable). However, Metoz is not entitled to vote. You may vote at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting, the Extraordinary General Meeting or Metcash Option Scheme Meeting in person or by completing and lodging the relevant proxy form accompanying this Scheme Booklet.	4
What do the Metcash Directors recommend?	
The Directors consider that succeeding in both the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer would be the optimal outcome for Shareholders and Optionholders.	1.7
The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders and Optionholders vote for each of the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions to be considered at the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting. Each eligible Director intends to vote all Metcash Shares or Metcash Options directly held or controlled by them in favour of the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions.	n
What is the opinion of the Independent Expert?	
The Independent Expert, PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited, concluded that the proposed Capital Reorganisation taken as a whole is in the best interests of Metcash and the Non-Metoz Shareholders, and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Optionholders.	17

#### What voting majority is required to approve the Metcash Schemes?

The voting majority to approve the Metcash Share Scheme requires votes in favour of the Metcash Share Scheme to be received from:

4

- a majority in number (more than 50%) of Shareholders (other than Metoz) present and voting (including proxies) at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting; and
- Shareholders who together hold at least 75% of the total number of Metcash Shares present and voting (including proxies) at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting.

The voting majority to approve the Metcash Option Scheme requires votes in favour of the Metcash Option Scheme to be received from:

- a majority in number (more than 50%) of the Metcash Optionholders present and voting (including proxies) at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting;
- being a majority whose "debts or claims" against Metcash (represented by their Metcash Options) amount in aggregate to at least 75% of the total amount of the "debts or claims" of the Metcash Optionholders present and voting (including proxies) at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting.

Please refer to Section 14 for the approvals required for the Resolutions.

#### Are there any conditions that need to be satisfied?

In addition to the approval by Shareholders and/or Metcash Optionholders and the Court, implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme are subject to various conditions being satisfied or waived including the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective.

9.3

#### Will Metoz vote at the Meetings?

Metoz will not vote on the Metcash Share Scheme, the Metcash Option Scheme or Resolution 2. Metoz cannot vote for, but can vote against Resolution 1 or Resolution 3. Metoz can vote for or against Resolutions 4 and 5.

4

#### Should I vote?

You do not have to vote. However, your Directors believe that the Metcash Schemes are in the best interest of Shareholders and Optionholders and urge you to read this Scheme Booklet carefully and, if eligible, to vote in favour of the Metcash Schemes and Resolutions.

4

## What happens if I do not vote or I vote against the Metcash Share Scheme or Metcash Option Scheme?

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, your Metcash Shares will be transferred pursuant to the Metcash Share Scheme and you will receive Newco Shares for your Metcash Shares, even if you did not vote or voted against the Metcash Share Scheme.

9.6

Similarly, if the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, your Metcash Options will be cancelled pursuant to the Metcash Option Scheme and you will receive Newco Options, even if you did not vote or voted against the Metcash Option Scheme.



#### OTHER

**Question and Answer** Relevant Section

#### What happens if the Metcash Share Scheme is not approved by Shareholders?

If the Metcash Share Scheme is not approved, then the Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective so that:

- Newco will not acquire the Metoz Interest in Metcash; and
- Shareholders will not receive shares in Newco.

#### What happens if the Resolutions are not approved?

If all five Resolutions are not approved then the Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective.

14

Further, if Resolution 5 is not approved then, the Takeover Offer will not proceed in the form currently contemplated.

#### What if the Metcash Share Scheme is approved but the Metcash Option Scheme is not approved?

If the Metcash Share Scheme is approved by the requisite majority of Shareholders and by the Court and all other conditions are satisfied, then the Metcash Share Scheme will go ahead notwithstanding that the Metcash Option Scheme is not approved by the requisite majorities of Optionholders.

1.2, 5.3

If the Metcash Share Scheme is approved but the Metcash Option Scheme is not approved, Metcash will be owned by Newco and Shareholders will receive Newco Shares in exchange for Metcash Shares held at the Record Date. Optionholders will continue to hold Metcash Options but in an entity that will cease to be listed. In these circumstances, Newco intends to compulsorily acquire the Metcash Options in accordance with the Corporations Act.

#### Why are there different outcomes for shareholders of Metcash to consider?

At the time of launching the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash also announced an intention to make an off market Takeover Offer for Foodland. In order to provide Shareholders with all relevant information, the Directors of Metcash believe they should explain the expected impact of the various outcomes. The outcomes include:

11.13

- Metcash standalone the Capital Reorganisation not Effective and the Takeover Offer unsuccessful;
- Outcome 1 Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful;
- Outcome 2 Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful; and
- Outcome 3 Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful.

#### Who can help me answer my questions about the Schemes?

If you have any questions about the Schemes, please contact the Metcash information line on:

NA

- 1300 724 363 (Australia only); or
- +61 2 9240 7470 (International),

between 9:00am and 5:00pm on Monday to Friday, or consult your legal, financial or other professional advisor.

## 3 Advantages, disadvantages and risk factors

#### 3.1 Advantages of the Capital Reorganisation

#### (a) Advantages of the Metcash Share Scheme

The Directors of Metcash have considered the advantages, disadvantages and risks of the Metcash Share Scheme and concluded that the advantages outweigh the disadvantages and risks for Shareholders.

#### The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders vote for the Metcash Share Scheme.

The key advantages which the Directors have identified for Shareholders are set out below.

#### (I) Acquisition of Metcash Shares held by Metoz at an attractive price

Under the Metoz Scheme, the Metoz Interest in Metcash is being purchased at an Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco of \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz. The Directors believe this is an attractive price at which Newco is able to purchase a controlling stake in Metcash. It compares to a one month volume weighted averaged share price of Metcash Shares to 12 January 2005 of \$3.32 per share and the closing price of \$2.94 as at 3 December 2004 prior to the Announcement.

This view is supported by PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited which has been appointed to independently assess the merits of the Metcash Schemes for Non-Metoz Shareholders and Optionholders. PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited concluded that the consideration proposed for the Metoz Holdings shares is fair from the perspective of Non-Metoz Shareholders and the price is at the low end of the Independent Expert's Metcash standalone trading valuation range of \$2.86-\$3.03 per Metcash Share held by Metoz.

#### (2) Financial benefits

#### Improved capital structure

As a result of the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash's gearing will increase. The Directors consider that the gearing of Metcash is currently low and that the Capital Reorganisation will allow Metcash to implement an improved capital structure. Metcash's objective is to reach an optimal capital structure which strikes a balance between the debt and equity of Metcash post the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer. The extent of the increase in gearing will depend upon the level of cash versus scrip taken up by Foodland Shareholders pursuant to the Takeover Offer and the level of conversion of the CULS and CUPS into equity in Newco.

Whilst the Directors consider that the higher gearing of Metcash is acceptable, there are certain attendant risks which are discussed in Section 3.4(e).







#### **EPS** accretion

Metcash expects EPS to increase between 12% and 30% depending on the outcome of the Takeover Offer.

The financial impact on Metcash in terms of gearing and EPS are outlined below under each potential outcome.

#### Financial Impact (2006 YE)(1)

	Gearing <sup>(2)</sup>	EPS <sup>(3)</sup> Accretion
Metcash standalone	15%	0%
Outcomes		
I Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful	27%	12%
2 Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful <sup>4</sup>	33%	16%
3 Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful <sup>4</sup>	24%	30%
w.		

- 1 The forecast financial information included in this document from which the gearing and EPS calculations is derived, are based on a number of proforma transactions and assumptions described in Section 13. Accordingly, the actual results reported in the 30 April 2006 statutory financial statements of Metcash or Newco, as the case may be, will vary from the forecast financial information included in this document.
- 2 Gearing is defined as pro-forma Net Debt / (Net Debt + book value of Equity under AGAAP), with CULS and CUPS treated as equity.
- 3 EPS defined as Earnings per Share pre-goodwill amortisation, and amortisation of non-recurring transaction costs and restructuring costs under AGAAP.
- 4 Results based on Sources and Uses of Funds shown in Section 12.5. Assumed 100% cash take-up by Foodland shareholders under the Foodland Offer.

The key driver of the increase in EPS accretion from the date of Announcement to the numbers presented in this Scheme Booklet is the updated pricing with regard to the funding. The updated pricing takes into account the actual pricing of the Equity Placement and SPP and the estimated pricing, based on current market conditions, with regard to the remaining funding.

#### (3) Expected improved weighting on ASX indices

Following the exit of Metcash's majority shareholder under the Capital Reorganisation, and the Takeover Offer, it is expected that over time Newco (as the new holding company of the Metcash group) should move from the S&P/ASX 200 Index to inclusion in the S&P/ASX 100 Index. If the Capital Reorganisation occurs, Newco's free float will increase above the current level of Metcash's free float as a result of the conversion into Newco Shares at least 50% of the CULS used to fund the acquisition of the Metoz Interest in Metcash. An initial 25% of the CULS will convert upon the Schemes becoming Effective, with a further 25% of the CULS will convert six months after their date of issue. The balance of the CULS may be either converted or redeemed (at Metcash's election). If the Takeover Offer is successful, the issue of scrip to Foodland Shareholders will also contribute to this increase when the Metcash A Shares convert into Newco Shares.

The improved liquidity and investor focus from entry into the S&P/ASX100 may enable Newco (as the new holding company of the Metcash group) to benefit from improved access to equity capital due to the institutional composition of its share register and increased index weighting.

#### (4) Improved liquidity in the shares held by Shareholders

As a result of the change in Metcash's shareholding structure, increased free float and expected improvement in index weighting, Metcash also expects an increase in the liquidity of the Newco Shares when compared to the current liquidity of Metcash Shares. As a portion of Australian institutional investors benchmark performance against market indices, an increase in the index weighting of Newco is expected to increase investor demand for its ordinary shares. It is also expected there will be increased broker coverage following the Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation which will raise the profile of the group in the investment community.

#### (5) Removes uncertainty in relation to majority shareholder's stake

On 6 October 2004, Metoz Holdings sold its African business and other assets to a consortium including Metoz management. Following this sale, the investment proposition for Metoz Holdings shareholders significantly changed as Metoz Holdings was transformed from a geographically diversified wholesale and retail trading company to a holding vehicle for a controlling investment in Metcash.

Two significant institutional shareholders of Metoz Holdings controlling approximately 43% of Metoz (as at 14 January 2005) have indicated a desire for Metoz Holdings to bring about the elimination of, or reduction in, the prevailing holding company discount of Metoz Holdings shares to the underlying value of its shares in Metcash and their desire to sell their shareholding in Metoz. This creates uncertainty over future ownership and control of Metcash. The Capital Reorganisation removes this uncertainty.

Prior to the announcement of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer, Metoz Holdings shares traded at a material discount to the market value of its investment in Metcash after taking into account liabilities. Following the Announcement, the Metoz Holdings share price increased by 39% as at 12 January 2004, substantially narrowing that discount.

The fact that two of Metoz Holdings' substantial shareholders controlling approximately 43% of Metoz (as at 14 January 2004) have indicated a desire for Metoz Holdings to exit its investment in Metcash, could create an unstable share register for Metcash and creates uncertainty over future ownership and control of Metcash. This also poses a risk that Metoz Holdings shareholders may be willing to sell their Metoz Holdings shares at a discount to the value at which Metcash Shares are trading on the ASX, which could result in the minority shareholders of Metcash being subject to a change of control of Metcash at below fair value. Accordingly, by removing Metoz as majority shareholder, the Schemes should remove the uncertainty existing as a result of the current structure.

#### (6) The Metcash group will no longer have a single controlling shareholder

On the successful conclusion of the Capital Reorganisation, the South African entity, Metoz Holdings, will be wholly owned by Newco and Newco will not have a single controlling shareholder.

#### (b) Advantages of the Metcash Option Scheme

The advantages set out in Section 3.1(a) above in relation to the Metcash Share Scheme also apply with respect to Optionholders so far as they relate to the Newco Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of the Newco Options.

The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Optionholders vote for the Metcash Option Scheme.

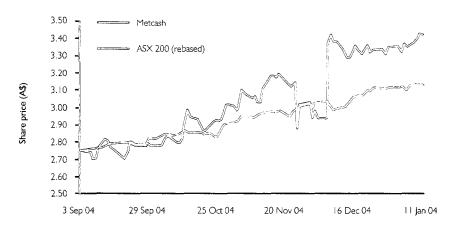




#### 3.2 Metcash share price

Since the Announcement on 6 December 2004, Metcash's share price has increased from \$2.94 on 3 December 2004 to \$3.42 as at 12 January 2005, representing an increase in market capitalisation of approximately \$307 million (excluding the Equity Placement shares) or \$0.48 per Metcash share and a strong endorsement of these initiatives. Metcash's share price has outperformed the ASX by approximately 13%.

#### MTT performance Post Announcement



Source: IRESS Historical performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance

## 3.3 Potential disadvantages of the Capital Reorganisation

- (1) No cash consideration Scheme Shareholders will receive Newco Shares in exchange for their existing Metcash Shares and will not receive any cash in consideration for their Metcash Shares. Therefore, the value of the consideration received is dependent on the price at which Newco Shares will trade on the ASX.
- (2) Fees and expenses a number of fees and expenses are payable as a result of the Metcash Share Scheme.

Newco and Metcash will incur transaction costs which include advisers' fees for financial, legal and accounting advice received in connection with the Capital Reorganisation in Australia and South Africa. Other relevant costs could include underwriting fees, bank fees, due diligence and associated costs. The fees associated with the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer vary depending on the outcome. Metcash has agreed to pay, and indemnify Newco against, such costs that are incurred by Newco up to a maximum aggregate amount of \$20,000 (or such higher amount as Metcash approves in advance), and all taxes and stamp duties in respect of the Metcash Schemes.

Metcash's costs are higher if the Schemes do not become Effective due to the costs associated with cancelling the funding, including redemption of all of the CULS at a premium to their face value.

#### Estimated fees and restructure costs, to be paid by Metcash/Newco, associated with the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer (\$m)

Metcash	standalone: Capital Reorganisation not Effective and the Takeover Offer unsuccessful	50
Outcome	e I: Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful	64
Outcome	e 2: Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful	104
Outcom	e 3: Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful	104

AUSTRALIA

The fact that some of the CULS may be redeemed is a disadvantage for Shareholders in that payment of fees associated with the issue of the CULS and the redemption premium will be incurred for funding which may not ultimately be required. However, from the perspective of a CULS Holder, who as a Shareholder has participated in the Rights Issue, the payment of a premium on redemption is effectively a distribution of funds by Metcash to such Shareholders.

(3) Restriction on dividend payments – Under the current AGAAP accounting regime the Capital Reorganisation is expected to result in the creation, for accounting purposes, of goodwill on consolidation in the statement of the financial position of Newco. The amount of goodwill on the acquisition of Metoz Holdings and the balance of Metcash Shares held by Non-Metoz Shareholders is expected to be up to approximately \$1.8 billion.

With the implementation of Australian IFRS on | January 2005, the accounting treatment of the Capital Reorganisation will not result in the creation of any goodwill but will be treated as a reverse acquisition by Metcash. Under Australian IFRS, the consolidated statement of financial position of Newco will reflect the historical carrying amounts of the Metcash equity balances less the consideration paid for Metoz Holdings in cash.

In addition, as a result of the Capital Reorganisation, all current year and retained earnings of Metcash prior to the Effective Date will be reclassified as pre-acquisition reserves. As pre-acquisition reserves are unavailable to pay dividends, Newco will be unable to declare a final dividend in relation to the 2005 financial year.3 Metcash intends to declare and pay an additional 2005 interim dividend of 4 cents per Metcash Share prior to the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective. In addition, subject to the usual considerations, Newco expects to be in a position to declare an interim dividend in November 2005 in relation to the six months ending 31 October 2005.

Newco will be reliant on profits earned after the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective in order to be able to pay future dividends. Currently, Metcash has negative retained earnings on a standalone basis and is relying on current year profits to pay dividends.

#### 3.4 Risk factors

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Scheme Shareholders will become shareholders of Newco. There are many factors that may influence the price of Newco Shares and future dividends paid on Newco Shares. These include risks that apply to the general economy and stock market or to the grocery retail and wholesale market. Many such risks apply equally to an investment in Metcash and are therefore risks to which Scheme Shareholders are already exposed and will continue regardless of the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation or the Takeover Offer. However, there may also be additional risks which:

- arise from the Capital Reorganisation;
- apply to Newco.

Where possible, Metcash's and Newco's respective management and directors will take appropriate action and use safeguards and systems to mitigate these risks. However, some may be beyond their control.

The following represent the Directors' view of those risks which may be relevant to Shareholders' and Optionholders' consideration of the Capital Reorganisation. However, this should not be considered an exhaustive list.

There are also general risks associated with any investment.

#### (a) Risk factors that affect the general economy and the stock market

General economic conditions such as interest rates, inflation, mortgage rates, foreign exchange rates, the labour market environment and oil prices may all have an impact on the businesses of Metcash and Newco.

Changes in economic conditions as a result of, but not limited to, war, civil unrest or terrorist activities, anywhere in the world may affect demand for the goods and services sold or provided by Metcash and Newco which may in turn have an adverse effect on Metcash's and Newco's financial performance.

The price at which Metcash Shares trade on ASX may be determined by a range of factors including movements in international and local stock markets, recommendations by brokers, inflation, interest rates, general economic conditions, changes in government, fiscal,



monetary and regulatory policies. In the future, these factors may cause Newco to trade at below current prices and may affect the financial position of Newco.

#### (b) Risk factors that affect the grocery retail and wholesale market

#### (I) Competitive risks

The Australian retail grocery market has become increasingly competitive in recent years, as Woolworths and Coles Myer have, through acquisitions and organic growth, attained a significant combined market share. As competition increases, which for example may be initiated through aggressive pricing strategies, there is a risk that Metcash's customers' operating and financial performance may be affected. However, Metcash is confident that it has strategies in place to enable its customers to remain competitive against the major chain stores.

Competitive risks that may negatively impact Metcash's or Newco's financial performance include:

#### Sale of Independent stores to major chains

A risk exists that Independent retailers, currently supplied by either Metcash or Foodland Australia, will decide to sell their businesses to the major grocery chains (Woolworths or Coles Myer). Should this occur, Metcash or Newco is likely to experience a decline in sales and profits.

Metcash believes that the merger of Metcash's existing businesses with Foodland Australia's wholesale business will enable the combined business to obtain better trading terms from suppliers, therefore assisting Metcash customers in remaining competitive with the major grocery chains.

#### Loss of key customers

Key customers currently supplied by either Metcash or Foodland may be acquired or may decide to change suppliers, resulting in a loss of those customers and their business. Recent examples of key customers terminating their supply arrangements include Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group (ALH), which was acquired by Woolworths, and Franklins which is intending to establish its own distribution operations. Should further customer supply arrangements be terminated, a decline in Metcash's or Newco's sales and profits is likely to occur.

#### Dispute with former customer

Following termination of the Franklins contract in January 2005, Franklins has alleged that Metcash owes it various sums in respect of the supply contract. It has commenced proceedings seeking as yet unquantified damages in respect of certain of the alleged claims, and sought access to certain Metcash records on the basis that these are required to allow Franklins to quantify them. Metcash does not consider that Franklins has any valid claim against it and has consented to orders permitting inspection of the Metcash records by Franklin's legal advisers and accountants on a confidential basis. Should Franklins proceed with any of these alleged claims, they will be vigorously defended by Metcash.

#### Entry of new wholesalers to the market

The Australian grocery market is very competitive but the possibility exists that a new wholesaler may enter the market. For example, a foreign wholesaler may decide to enter the Australian market or one of the major retailers may decide to establish a wholesaling operation.

Should this occur, Metcash or Newco may lose market share to the new entrant(s) and this would negatively impact on Metcash's or Newco's sales and profits.

It should be noted that barriers to entry differ between the various markets in which Metcash businesses compete. For example, barriers to entry in the confectionery and convenience sector served by Campbells Cash & Carry (CCC) are relatively low, whilst barriers to entry to the grocery wholesaling market in which IGA operates are high, with entrants requiring significant scale in order to provide a competitive offering.

#### (2) Other risks

#### Health concerns

A significant proportion of Metcash's sales relate to food products. A real or perceived health risk associated with any type of food group (e.g. meat, seafood) can have an adverse effect on sales of that product and consequently the companies involved in the sale of that product.

#### Damage to infrastructure

Loss or destruction of utilities and infrastructure such as power, warehouses, communications and transportation may prevent Metcash or Newco from carrying on its business in the normal manner and may therefore have a negative impact on Metcash's or Newco's sales.

#### Dependence on suppliers

Metcash's business relies on the ongoing supply of products to it from a wide range of suppliers. Natural disasters such as earthquakes, fire and floods as well as industrial factors can result in interruptions to Metcash's sources of supply and may consequently have an adverse effect on Metcash's business.

#### Scarcity of supply

Scarcity of certain products may result in higher prices being demanded for those products. In particular the supply of agriculturally based products can be impacted by factors such as drought, flood and other natural disasters. Consumers may not be willing to pay these higher prices and this may impact upon demand by Metcash customers for these products, hence impacting sales and profits.

#### Labour relations

Metcash has not experienced any significant labour disputes or work stoppages in recent years and Metcash believes it has satisfactory relationships with relevant unions. However, a work stoppage due to failure to renegotiate an enterprise bargaining agreement or otherwise, could have a material adverse impact on Metcash.

#### Acquisitions

Metcash has in recent years acquired a number of businesses, and intends to grow its underlying businesses by acquisition where appropriate. If Metcash is unable to integrate businesses successfully and realise anticipated economic, operational and other benefits in a timely manner, its sales and profitability may be impacted. In addition, the failure to integrate acquired businesses successfully may divert management's attention from its existing business operations.

#### (c) Specific risk factors that affect Newco

#### Changes in stock market rating of Metcash or Newco Securities

There is a risk that the stock market rating of Metcash or Newco Shares may change relative to other quoted securities. Any such change may result from either the Capital Reorganisation or the Takeover Offer or from matters affected by market sentiment either generally or in relation to the retail or wholesale grocery market in Australia. Changes to the stock market rating may affect the demand for, and price of, Newco securities.

#### Risk of not gaining inclusion in the S&P/ASX 100 Index

Metcash is not currently included in the S&P/ASX100 Index. Whilst Newco expects to qualify for inclusion in the S&P/ASX100 Index on completion of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer (if successful), it is ultimately a matter for S&P as to whether and when Newco is included in the index.

#### (d) Capital Reorganisation risk

The Capital Reorganisation will involve the combination of the business of Metcash and Metoz. Under the Metoz Scheme, Newco is acquiring Metoz Holdings' shares. Newco has undertaken legal, tax and accounting due diligence on the Metoz business, and identified certain risks that are set out in Section 8.5 of this Scheme Booklet. However, there is also a risk that unexpected liabilities or issues and complications may exist in Metoz or may arise during the process of integration. The structure under which Metoz Holdings is being acquired means that Newco will not have the protection of warranties or indemnities against such unanticipated risks.



#### (e) Increased financial risk

Metcash intends to incur indebtedness to finance the acquisition of Metoz Holdings and Foodland Australia. Metcash's ability to satisfy financial obligations under its indebtedness will depend on Metcash's performance which is subject to prevailing economic, business and other factors, many of which are beyond Metcash's control. Whilst the Directors consider that the gearing of Metcash is currently too low, higher gearing could increase Shareholders' financial risk and exposure to changes in interest rates, although the increased risk is expected to be mitigated by interest rate hedging. In time, this exposure may generate increased volatility in the Metcash or Newco Shares.

#### (f) Risk associated with the funding structure

The funding for the Capital Reorganisation is fully underwritten. However the underwriting agreements for each source of funding contain standard terms and conditions associated with underwriting these types of financial instruments, which include conditions to the underwriting and various events that can lead to the termination of the underwriting agreement. A summary of the conditions and termination events relating to the CULS and CUPS is set out in Annexure A to this Scheme Booklet.

As at the date of this Scheme Booklet, Metcash was not aware of any reason why the above conditions will not be satisfied as required under the funding arrangements. Whilst not anticipated to occur, if the funding for the Capital Reorganisation fails e.g. due to failure to fulfil one of the conditions to draw down under the Syndicated Facility or the termination of the CULS underwriting agreement or CUPS subscription agreement, Metcash will be unable to proceed with the Capital Reorganisation.

# 4 Action required by Metcash Shareholders and Optionholders

#### Step 1: Read the documents in full

You should carefully read this Scheme Booklet, the Notices of Meeting and all other documents you have been provided with.

If you have any queries concerning the Schemes or the Resolutions, please contact the Australian toll-free information line on 1300 724 363 (International calls +61 2 9240 7470) or consult your investment, financial, taxation or other professional advisor. For quality assurance purposes, all calls to the information line will be recorded.

#### Step 2: Vote on the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions

You can vote:

- by proxy, using the relevant enclosed proxy form;
- in person at the Meetings to be held on 22 March 2005;
- by attorney by following the instructions set out below; or
- by corporate representative (if the Shareholder or Optionholder is a company) by following the instructions set out below.

If you wish to vote in favour of the Metcash Schemes and Resolutions, as recommended by the Directors, by proxy you should mark X in the "for" box for each resolution on the relevant proxy forms.

For complete instructions on how to vote, please read this Section and see the Notices of Meeting and the relevant proxy form.

#### YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

THE DIRECTORS UNANIMOUSLY RECOMMEND THAT ELIGIBLE SHAREHOLDERS VOTE FOR THE METCASH SHARE SCHEME AND THE RESOLUTIONS AND THAT OPTIONHOLDERS VOTE FOR THE METCASH OPTION SCHEME

#### Your vote is important.

For the Metcash Schemes to be implemented, sufficient Shareholders and Optionholders must vote in favour of the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions.

The Metcash Share Scheme must be approved by a majority in number of Shareholders voting at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting (either in person or by proxy). The Shareholders who vote in favour of the Metcash Share Scheme must hold at least 75% of the total number of Metcash Shares voted at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting. Metoz is not eligible to vote at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting.

The Metcash Option Scheme must be approved by a majority in number of Optionholders voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting (either in person or by proxy). The Optionholders who vote in favour of the Metcash Option Scheme must hold at least 75% of the total amount of the "debts or claims" of the Optionholders present and voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting. The value of each Metcash Option for such voting purposes will be determined by an independent expert, PwCS. For this purpose, PwCS will use options valuation methodologies similar to those used to value Metcash Options in the Independent Expert's Report.

However, the closing trading price of Metcash Shares on 21 March 2005 (the record date for voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting) will be used to reflect the underlying value of a Metcash Share, rather than the values of Metcash Shares under various different outcomes that are used in the Independent Expert's Report. PwCS's report setting out values attaching to each Metcash Option tranche,



and the resulting votes attaching to those options, will be made available on the Metcash website at <u>www.metcash.com</u> on the morning of 22 March 2005.

If the Metcash Share Scheme is approved but the Metcash Option Scheme is not, the Metcash Share Scheme may still become Effective.

The Downstream Acquisition Resolution (Resolution I at the Extraordinary General Meeting) must be approved by a majority of the votes cast by Shareholders voting on the resolution (either in person or by proxy). All Shareholders are eligible to vote on the Downstream Acquisition Resolution provided that no votes may be cast in favour of the Resolution by Newco and its associates (including Metoz) or persons who hold shares in Metoz Holdings or their associates.

The Related Party Benefit Resolution (Resolution 2 at the Extraordinary General Meeting) must be approved by 75% of the votes cast by Shareholders voting on the resolution (either in person or by proxy). Newco and its associates (including Metoz) are not eligible to vote on the Related Party Benefit Resolution.

The Financial Assistance Resolutions (Resolutions 3-5 at the Extraordinary General Meeting) must be approved by 75% of the votes cast by Shareholders voting on the resolution (either in person or by proxy). All Shareholders are eligible to vote on Resolutions 3-5 provided that:

- no votes may be cast in favour of Resolution 3 by Newco or its associates (including Metoz); and
- no votes may be cast in favour of Resolution 4 by Non-Metoz Shareholders or their associates.

All Shareholders may vote for or against Resolution 5.

#### Meetings

The Meetings to approve the Metcash Schemes and Resolutions are three separate meetings which will be held on the same day, one after the other, at the same location.

The meetings will be held on 22 March 2005 in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000.

The meetings will take place at the following times:

■ Metcash Share Scheme Meeting 2.00pm

■ Metcash Option Scheme Meeting 2.30pm (or as soon after that time as the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting

is concluded or adjourned)

■ Extraordinary General Meeting 3.00pm (or as soon after that time as the Scheme Meetings are concluded or adjourned)

#### Voting entitlement

For the purposes of the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting and Extraordinary General Meeting, only those persons registered as the holders of Metcash Shares at 7.00pm on Monday 21 March 2005 will be treated as Shareholders. This means that if you are not the registered holder of a Metcash Share at that time, you will not be entitled to vote in respect of that Metcash Share at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting or the Extraordinary General Meeting.

For the purpose of attending and voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting, only those persons registered as the holders of Metcash Options at 7.00pm on Monday 21 March 2005 will be treated as Optionholders. This means that if you are not the registered holder of a Metcash Option at that time, you will not be entitled to vote in respect of that Option at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting.

#### How to vote

You may vote:

- in person by attending the Meetings;
- by proxy;
- by attorney; or
- where the Shareholder or Optionholder is a company, by corporate representative.

#### Voting in person

#### Shareholders

To vote in person at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting and the Extraordinary General Meeting, you must attend the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting and Extraordinary General Meeting respectively in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 commencing at 2.00pm on 22 March 2005 (in the case of the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting) and in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 at 3.00pm on 22 March 2005 or as soon after that time as the Scheme Meetings have concluded or are adjourned (in the case of the Extraordinary General Meeting).

#### Optionholders

To vote in person, you must attend the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 at 2.30pm on 22 March 2005, or as soon after that time as the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting has concluded or is adjourned.

#### Voting by proxy

- Shareholders and Optionholders have the right to appoint a proxy or proxies.
- Proxy forms accompany this Scheme Booklet.
- The blue proxy form should be used to appoint a proxy to vote at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting.
- The pink proxy form should be used to appoint a proxy to vote at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting.
- The green proxy form should be used to appoint a proxy to vote at the Extraordinary General Meeting.
- The proxy need not be a member of Metcash.
- If you appoint a body corporate as your proxy, that body corporate will need to ensure that it appoints an individual as its corporate representative to exercise its powers at meetings, in accordance with section 250D of the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), and provide satisfactory evidence of the appointment of its corporate representative prior to commencement of the General Meeting.
- A Shareholder or Optionholder who is entitled to cast two or more votes may appoint a maximum of two proxies to attend and vote instead of themselves. If you want to appoint two proxies, an additional proxy form will be supplied by Registries Limited on request by contacting them on + 61 2 9290 9600. Where two proxies are appointed, both forms should be completed with the nominated proportion or number of votes each proxy may exercise. Otherwise each proxy may exercise half of the votes to which the appointer is entitled.
- Proxy forms must be signed by a Shareholder or Optionholder (as the case may be) or the Shareholder's or Optionholder's attorney or, if the Shareholder or Optionholder is a corporation, must be signed by two directors or by a director and a secretary, or if it is a proprietary company that has a sole director who is also the sole secretary (or has no secretary), by that director, or under hand of its attorney or duly authorised officer.



- If the proxy form is signed by a person who is not the registered holder of Metcash Shares or Metcash Options (as applicable for the relevant meeting) (e.g. an attorney), then the relevant authority (for example, in the case of proxy forms signed by an attorney, the power of attorney or a certified copy of the power of attorney) must either have been exhibited previously to Metcash or be enclosed with the proxy form.
- To be effective, proxy forms must be deposited at or faxed to:

**Registries Limited** 

PO Box R67, Royal Exchange, Sydney NSW 1223, Australia

Fax number: +61 2 9279 0664

Attention: "The Share Registry - Metcash Trading Limited"

so that they are received no later than 2.00pm on Sunday 20 March 2005.

If you complete and return a proxy form, you may still attend the meetings in person, revoke the proxy and vote at the meetings.

#### Voting by attorney

If you wish to appoint an attorney to attend and vote at any of the Meetings on your behalf, the original or a certified copy of the power of attorney authorising your attorney to attend and vote at the relevant Meeting, and a declaration or statement by the attorney that he or she has not received any notice of revocation of appointment, must be lodged with Registries Limited by 2.00 pm on 20 March 2005.

You may lodge the power of attorney (and any supporting documents) by posting them in the reply paid envelope provided or by delivering, posting or faxing them to:

**Registries Limited** 

PO Box R67, Royal Exchange, Sydney NSW 1223, Australia

Fax number: +61 2 9279 0664

Attention: "The Share Registry - Metcash Trading Limited"

#### Voting by Corporate representative

A company may attend and vote at the Meetings by corporate representative. The appointment of the corporate representative must comply with the requirements of section 250D of the Corporations Act and the representative must bring to the Meetings evidence of his or her appointment, including any authority under which the appointment is signed. A form of the certificate used to appoint a corporate representative can be obtained from Metcash's share registry by telephoning +61 2 9290 9600.

#### Voting queries

Further information relating to these voting procedures and the resolutions to be proposed at the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting are contained in the Notices of Meetings accompanying this Scheme Booklet.

If you have any further questions in relation to the Meetings, please call the Australian toll free information line on 1300 724 363 (international calls +6 | 2 9240 7470) or consult your financial or other professional adviser.

# 5 Additional considerations in relation to the Schemes

#### 5.1 Metcash Share Scheme

#### (a) Consideration

Under the terms of the Metcash Share Scheme, Non-Metoz Shareholders registered on Metcash's Register on the Record Date will receive:

#### One Newco Share for each Metcash Share held.

#### (b) Implications if the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective

In the event that Scheme Shareholders or the Court do not approve the Metcash Share Scheme, or the approval of the Metoz Scheme is not forthcoming, Shareholders will retain their interests in Metcash which will continue to operate as a separate company. However, the Takeover Offer will still proceed and may or may not be successful.

If the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective, the following key implications arise for Shareholders:

- the benefits to Shareholders that Metcash expects to arise from the Schemes will not be obtained;
- Metcash will continue to be controlled by its majority shareholder, Metoz;
- if the Takeover Offer is successful Metoz's shareholding may be diluted depending on the portion of scrip versus cash taken by Foodland Shareholders;
- if the Takeover Offer succeeds, then a capital management program, such as a buy-back, would be undertaken to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. Metcash will buy-back ordinary shares equal to the number of Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland Shareholders. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period;
- should the Schemes not become Effective, the costs associated with the underwriting fees and the redemption fees payable with respect to the CULS will be charged against the profit and loss statement of Metcash in the 2005 financial year. This may impact upon the ability of Metcash to pay dividends in the 2005 financial year consistent with dividends paid in prior years;
- save as set out above, Metcash will maintain its dividend policy;
- the current structure whereby Metoz Holdings is a listed company whose only material asset is its 52% shareholding in Metcash will remain. This has a number of disadvantages for Shareholders, including:
  - a majority shareholder on the Register reduces the liquidity of Metcash Shares;
  - there will remain uncertainty as to the future ownership and control of Metcash;
  - Metoz's shareholding is excluded when determining Metcash's position in ASX indices;
- a significant amount of costs will be incurred, including the CULS redemption premium since 100% of the CULS are redeemed in this situation. These costs will be recognised as expenses in the statement of financial performance and will negatively impact on short term earnings. However, the redemption premium on the CULS should primarily be received by Shareholders (other than. Metoz) since they have the right to subscribe for the CULS under the Rights Issue;
- Metcash will continue to be considered a foreign company for the purposes of the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975
   (Cth). Hence any future acquisitions of significant Australian assets by Metcash will continue to require FIRB approval;
- if the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective, the funding raised for the Capital Reorganisation will cease to be available. The CULS are required to be redeemed and the Syndicated Facility will be reduced to \$600 million and be available only to fund the Takeover Offer:



Metcash will have incurred cash expenses in the order of \$50 million to put the Capital Reorganisation to a vote by Metcash Shareholders; In these circumstances the Metcash Board will not revisit the Capital Reorganisation proposal; and

Further, it is possible the Metcash share price, and as a result the Metoz Holdings share price, will fall. Prior to the announcement on 6 December 2004, the Metoz Holdings share price traded at a material discount to the market value of its investment in Metcash after taking into account liabilities. In the absence of other factors, the Directors expect that the Metoz Holdings share price is likely to again trade at a similar discount.

Further details of the implications for Metcash Shareholders if the Schemes do or do not become Effective, and the Takeover is successful or unsuccessful, are set out in Section 11 of this Scheme Booklet.

#### 5.2 Metcash Option Scheme

#### (a) Rights of Optionholders under the Metcash Employee Option Plan

#### (I) Exercise right

Under the rules of the Option Plan, Optionholders will technically have an immediate right to exercise their Metcash Options upon Non-Metoz Shareholders approving the Metcash Share Scheme by the requisite majorities at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting. However, as this is an internal restructuring exercise rather than a takeover by a third party, Optionholders are being asked under the terms of the Metcash Option Scheme to waive their accelerated rights to exercise upon the Share Scheme being approved.

#### (2) Reduction of exercise price

The Board considers that, as a result of the Rights Issue of CULS being made to Shareholders (such CULS being convertible in certain circumstances into Newco Shares) it would be appropriate, if the Schemes become Effective, to reduce the exercise price under the Newco Options. A similar adjustment will be made to the number of Metcash A Shares which a Foodland Shareholder will receive under the Takeover Offer if the Schemes become Effective. The Option Scheme accordingly provides that the exercise price under the Newco Options will be reduced in accordance with the formula set out in the schedule to the Option Scheme (which appears at Section 21 of this Scheme Booklet).

#### (3) Consequences of exercise of options

If an Optionholder chooses to exercise his/her Metcash Options prior to the Record Date, he/she will be issued Metcash Shares which will then be subject to the Metcash Share Scheme as described in this Scheme Booklet (unless they are sold prior to the Record Date).

If an Optionholder does not exercise his/her Metcash Options prior to the Record Date, he/she will be subject to the Metcash Option Scheme as described in this Scheme Booklet and will be issued Newco Options in replacement for his/her existing Metcash Options.

#### (4) Tax implications of exercise of Metcash Options

Please refer to the Tax Adviser's Report in Section 15.1 for details.

#### (b) Metcash Option Scheme consideration

Under the terms of the Metcash Option Scheme, Optionholders registered on Metcash's Option Register on the Record Date will receive:

#### One Newco Option for each Metcash Option held.

The Newco Option Plan will replicate the terms and conditions and rules of the Metcash Option Plan save that Newco Options issued pursuant to the Metcash Option Scheme will be exercisable over Newco Shares and the Newco Option Plan has been updated to reflect current law.

The Newco Options issued to Scheme Optionholders will be on the same terms as the Metcash Options which they replace (except that they will carry a right to shares in Newco rather than shares in Metcash) and the exercise period for the Newco Options will equal the unexpired exercise period of the Metcash Options which they replace. The exercise price under the Newco Options will be the same as the exercise price under the Metcash Options which they replace subject to adjustment in accordance with the formula set out in the Option Scheme as noted above.

#### (c) Implications if the Metcash Option Scheme does not become Effective

The implications set out in Section 5.1(b) above relating to the failure of the Metcash Share Scheme will also apply to Optionholders so far as they relate to the value of the underlying security of the Options.

In addition, the following implications may arise for Optionholders:

- since Metcash will become a subsidiary of Newco, the Options will be over unlisted securities. It follows that any unconverted Metcash Options would only be able to convert into shares in an unlisted company which are extremely illiquid. This would result in value realisation being uncertain for Optionholders;
- alternatively the Metcash Options may be compulsorily acquired. The right of an Optionholder to continue to hold a Metcash Option or any Metcash Share received upon the exercise of a Metcash Option will be subject to any power of Newco to compulsorily acquire that security under Chapter 6A of the Corporations Act. Newco has indicated that in these circumstances it intends to exercise its rights to compulsorily acquire the Metcash Options and any Metcash Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of such Metcash Option. The compulsory acquisition must be at a fair value for the Metcash Options in the opinion of an independent expert approved by ASIC but there is no guarantee that this amount will exceed the value of the Newco Options to be issued under the Metcash Option Scheme.

# 5.3 Relationship between the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme

The Metcash Option Scheme is conditional on the Metcash Share Scheme being approved by eligible Shareholders and the Court. Therefore, if the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective, the Metcash Option Scheme will not become Effective. However, the Metcash Share Scheme is not conditional on the success of the Metcash Option Scheme so that it could become Effective even if the Metcash Option Scheme does not become Effective.

#### 5.4 The Metoz Scheme

The Metcash Schemes are conditional on the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective. Pursuant to the Metoz Scheme, Metoz Holdings shareholders will receive the Metoz Consideration.

Metoz Holdings Shareholders will carry full exchange rate risk in relation to the South African Rand payment finally received in consideration for their shares in Metoz. The Metoz Consideration will be paid to such shareholders in South African Rand.

In order for the Scheme to become Effective, the Metoz Scheme will, amongst other things, need to be approved by shareholders representing at least 75% of the Metoz Holdings shareholders present and voting at the Scheme Meeting and will also need to be sanctioned by the High Court of South Africa.

On 3 December 2004, the two largest Metoz Holdings Shareholders: RMB Asset Management (Pty) Limited (**RMB**), and STANLIB Asset Management Limited (**STANLIB**), who at that date collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 47% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz Holdings, provided undertakings to vote in favour of the Metoz Scheme and all such shareholders' resolutions of Metoz Holdings as may be necessary to implement the Metoz Scheme. These undertakings will fall away on receipt by Metoz Holdings or all its shareholders of a materially superior offer for Metoz, which offer needs to be unconditional as to funding, and needs to be certified by an independent financial adviser appointed by Metoz Holdings as having a better than even prospect of becoming unconditional in every respect by the first closing date of such offer. Under the undertakings RMB and STANLIB are permitted to sell up to approximately 95 and 93 million Metoz shares respectively. In addition, the undertakings will not apply to any Metoz shares managed for a client which terminates the mandate to STANLIB or RMB as asset managers prior to completion of the Metoz Scheme. However, Metcash understands that both RMB and STANLIB have put in place controls to ensure that, under no circumstances, will they sell more than the approximately 95 and 93 million shares respectively permitted to be sold by the undertakings, so that the minimum proportion of the issued shares of Metoz Holdings to which the undertakings could apply is 36.5%.

Since the Announcement, STANLIB has sold approximately 71 million Metoz shares. Hence RMB and STANLIB as at 14 January 2005 collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 43% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz Holdings.

Further details of the Metoz Scheme are set out in Section 8.4 of this Scheme Booklet.



#### 5.5 Key steps for implementation of the Schemes

If the Metcash Schemes and Metoz Scheme are implemented, Scheme Shareholders will become shareholders in Newco, and Scheme Optionholders will become holders of options in Newco. Newco is proposed to be listed on the ASX and will own 100% of Metcash Shares.

However, before the Metcash Schemes can become Effective:

- the Metcash Share Scheme must be approved by the requisite majorities of the Shareholders attending and voting (either in person or by proxy) at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting to be held on 22 March 2005 in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 commencing at 2:00 pm;
- the Metcash Option Scheme must be approved by the requisite majorities of the Optionholders attending and voting (either in person or by proxy) at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting to be held on 22 March 2005 in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000; or as soon after that time as the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting concludes or is adjourned. However, the Share Scheme can be implemented regardless of the outcome of the Option Scheme;
- the Resolutions must be passed by the requisite majorities of the Shareholders attending and voting (either in person or by proxy) at the Extraordinary General Meeting to be held on 22 March 2005 in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 or as soon after that time as the Scheme Meetings are concluded or adjourned;
- the Court must approve the Metcash Share Scheme and, with respect to the Metcash Option Scheme only, the Court must also approve the Metcash Option Scheme; and
- the Metoz Scheme must have been approved by the requisite majority of Metoz Holdings shareholders, the High Court of South Africa and be deemed to be effective under the South African Companies Act No 61 of 1973.

The Metcash Schemes are subject to certain other conditions, which are described in Section 9 of this Scheme Booklet.

After satisfaction of the conditions referred to above, the final step required for the Metcash Schemes to become Effective is for an office copy of the court orders approving the Metcash Schemes to be lodged with ASIC. Details of the other steps which must be taken to implement the Metcash Schemes are set out in Section 9 of this Scheme Booklet.

The date of determining entitlement under or in connection with the Metcash Schemes will be the Record Date (expected to be on or around 15 April 2005). Metcash expects that the Metcash Schemes, if approved, will take effect on or around 7 April 2005 (which is the expected Effective Date).

#### 5.6 No brokerage or stamp duty

Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders will not have to pay any brokerage or stamp duty in connection with the Metcash Schemes.

## 6 Information about Metcash

## 6.1 Overview of the Australian grocery market

The Australian food and liquor retailing market (in a traditional "supermarket" context) consists of chain stores, the two largest of which are Coles and Woolworths, and independent operators.

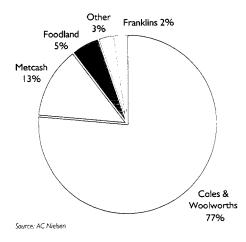
The market consists of:

- retail "chain" operations trading as supermarkets, liquor outlets and convenience stores. These include Woolworths, Coles, Franklins, Aldi and Action Stores;
- independent retailers some of which operate under a banner name or brand name including IGA and Foodworks;
- wholesalers (including Metcash) who supply independent retailers with groceries, liquor and other goods; and
- wholesalers who supply groceries to independent retailers as well as their own owned and operated chain stores. Foodland is the only organisation that operates in this manner in Australia.

Of the total independent retail grocery market, Metcash supplies a clear majority of stores on the eastern seaboard of Australia and in South Australia.

Coles and Woolworths each operate their own warehouse operations supplying their own stores.

#### **Estimated National Grocery Market share**



#### 6.2 Metcash overview

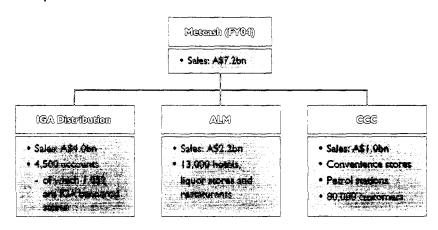
#### (a) Introduction

Metcash is a leading marketing and distribution company operating in the grocery and liquor industries in Australia and also in the New Zealand liquor market. The company operates through three business pillars:

- IGA Distribution (IGA) is Australia's largest grocery wholesaler operating on the eastern seaboard of Australia and in South Australia and provides specialist marketing and distribution services to independent grocery retailers;
- Australian Liquor Marketers (ALM) is the largest broad range liquor wholesaler in Australia and New Zealand, supplying independent licensed liquor retailers, hotels and restaurants; and
- Campbells Cash & Carry (CCC) is a wholesale distributor of groceries, liquor and confectionery to the convenience retail sector.

In Metcash's selected markets as distributors and marketers of groceries and liquor to independent retailers, the businesses complement each other. IGA and ALM deliver groceries and liquor respectively by pallet loads from major distribution centres and CCC focuses on the convenience market segments, supplying similar products but in smaller volume orders.

#### **Metcash Operational Structure**



#### (b) History of Metcash

Metcash, formerly known as Davids Limited, was founded in 1927 by Mr Joe David. In 1998, the South African group Metoz Holdings (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited) acquired a 76% stake in Davids Limited. The company had incurred a loss in the year prior to acquisition of \$240 million after tax with the write-off of \$266 million of abnormal items. Following the acquisition, new management was appointed and the company implemented a focused restructuring plan to return the company to profitability. Substantial assistance was provided by Metoz in providing new management, rebuilding IT systems, developing merchandising strategies and verifying the integrity of financial systems. As part of the restructuring the company sold to its customers, or closed, its company-owned retail stores to focus on wholesaling, reduced the number of store banners to enable a more focused marketing approach and regained the support of customers and suppliers.

The key "turnaround" strategies included:

- adopting the principle of not competing with its retail customers;
- rebuilding supplier relationships;
- becoming a low cost distributor;
- developing strong retail brands and marketing programs;

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- focusing on wholesale distribution and supporting independent retailers;
- building a strong team of competent and motivated people;
- promoting Metcash's image as the "Champion of the Independent Retailer"; and
- building a national network of wholesale warehouses to supply and support independent liquor, grocery and convenience customers.

In April 2001, Metcash managed the acquisition by its customers of 120 Franklins supermarket stores and the conversion of the stores into IGA stores. Metcash also sold its loss making John Lewis Food Service unit to focus on its core wholesaling businesses.

#### 6.3 Metcash's operations

#### (a) IGA

IGA is the main grocery wholesaler for independent supermarkets in South Australia and on the eastern seaboard of Australia. IGA operates eight strategically situated distribution centres which carry approximately 21,000 stock keeping units serving the dry grocery, chilled, frozen and general merchandise requirements of approximately 4,500 independent retailer grocery accounts. These independent retailers stores have a national market share of approximately 13.3%.<sup>4</sup>

IGA is an internationally recognised supermarket brand currently trading in 38 countries worldwide. Metcash has developed the IGA brand significantly over the last 5 years. The brand is sublicensed to independent supermarket operators who meet minimum entry criteria and standards. Metcash has exclusive rights to use the IGA brand in the areas in which IGA Distribution operates in Australia.

Metcash provides marketing programs and retail services to build the IGA brand and independent IGA businesses.

The IGA brand has successfully been marketed through three channels of operation to suit the consumer demographic and target market that the stores serve. These are:

Total IGA Stores	1,052 stores
IGA X-press and Friendly Grocer IGA/Other	300 stores
IGA and IGA Everyday	472 stores
Super IGA	280 stores

Metcash's second largest banner customer is Foodworks, which recently merged with another Metcash customer, Australian United Retailers. Foodworks operates 687 stores in Queensland, Victoria, New South Wales, Tasmania and Western Australia (under brand licence).

IGA has developed strategic relationships with major multi-store customers to secure long term supply contracts and assist them in growing their store networks. Metcash provides a comprehensive range of support services to these independent retailers. These services include retail systems support, in-store training, and a range of specialist personnel. Metcash service teams are an integral part of the growth and future development of independent businesses.

Metcash remains innovative and competitive. Recent initiatives include the:

- **launch of a competitive petrol offer:** consumers can buy petrol at any service station, and receive the equivalent of a 4 cent per litre discount off their grocery purchases when they spend \$30 or more at selected IGA stores in New South Wales and Queensland. The offer is also being extended into South Australia and Victoria;
- **expansion of the IGA network:** Metcash assists and supports strong investment by retailers in their businesses with 52 new stores, 46 major refurbishments and 22 extensions underway as at the date of this Scheme Booklet;







- IGA Way of Life catering to nutritional requirements and life choices;
- IGA Deli Shoppe pre-packed self service range; and
- IGA Kool pre-packed fresh produce range.
- implementation of voice directed order selection: Metcash has installed voice directed "picking" into seven of its major distribution centres over the past two years and will have completed nine by April 2005. This best practice technology has driven a productivity improvement of approximately 10% across each facility and has reduced customer claims (regarding accuracy of deliveries) by approximately 70%.

#### (b) Australian Liquor Marketers

ALM is the leading liquor wholesaler in Australia (based on turnover), and through its wholly owned subsidiary, Tasman Liquor Company is the leading wholesaler in New Zealand (again, based on turnover). ALM operates 24 distribution centres across Australia and New Zealand, carrying more than 10,000 products to meet the wine, beer and spirit requirements of more than 13,000 licensed premises. ALM has invested heavily in improved systems and infrastructure to better serve customers and suppliers, and to become an integral part of an efficient route to market for the independent retailers.

ALM has sought to protect its customers and its own market share by implementing and encouraging banner consolidation and by working closely with both internal and external banner groups to ensure they are competitively positioned in the market. This year, Metcash successfully launched Independent Brands Australia (IBA), forming a strong force in independent liquor retailing. IBA manages the Cellarbrations, Liquorwise, Cheeers and Liquorforce brands. The group has successfully consolidated over 1,200 independent retailers into the following groups:

- "Cellarbrations": a high compliance, consumer-focused "Retail Brand" currently with 195 stores;
- "Cheeers": a disciplined marketing banner but with a reduced promotional program, currently with 102 stores;
- "Liquor Force": a "buying group" with 740 members having access to various promotional programs; and
- The hotel channel comprising "Liquorwise" with 128 outlets and "The Local Liquorwise" with 100 outlets.

#### (c) Campbells Cash and Carry

CCC operates as a specialist distributor to the \$3.8 billion per annum<sup>5</sup> convenience store market. The business operates wholesale cash and carry warehouses across New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and the Northern Territory carrying 12,000 liquor, food service, grocery, dairy, frozen, confectionery and tobacco products. CCC operates 45 Cash and Carry branches, four Convenience Store Distribution outlets (C-Store Distribution) and six Specialist Confectionery Wholesale outlets. CCC services over 80,000 customers in the food service, liquor, convenience and confectionery markets. Key segments are:

- C-Store Distribution which targets those customers who have larger stores, place orders electronically and require regular scheduled deliveries. C-Store Distribution has forged a reputation as a leader in the "single pick" convenience market and serves the growing corporate, and multi-site independent convenience store market;
- Lucky 7 CCC's banner group of independently owned convenience stores in New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Queensland and the Northern Territory. CCC has built this banner for its smaller retail outlets. As at 31 December 2004, there were 131 Lucky 7 stores in operation; and
- The Collective Buying Group a marketing group operating in all the markets where CCC is represented. It offers independent retailers benefits through reward programs and, specifically, assists milk bars, mixed businesses and convenience stores.

CCC's key competitive advantages are the range of products sold, the depth and location of its distribution network and cost effectiveness of its convenience store distribution system.

#### 6.4 Metcash's strategy

The key objective of Metcash is to be the "Champion of the Independent Retailer". It has been a constant focal point for management and adhering to this goal is the cornerstone of the group's ongoing success. The clear intention of Metcash is not to compete with the independently owned retail stores which it supplies.

Metcash's strategy is to continue to improve internal efficiencies, drive costs down and add value to customer services. Continual investment in supply chain management, infrastructure and information technology will enable improvements in productivity, ensure customer needs are met and provide ready access to management information.

The success and prosperity of the independent grocery retailer is the key to Metcash's success. Metcash provides a comprehensive range of services to independent retailers, including retail system support on 24 hour call, in-store training and a range of specialist service personnel such as channel managers, business and fresh food managers. These service teams work with the individual retailers to grow both the brand and the individual businesses. Metcash also provides a retail development and store equipment service to assist in expanding, refurbishing or building new sites.

Metcash plans to expand its IGA distribution business through the acquisition of Foodland Australia. If the Takeover Offer for Foodland is successful, Metcash plans to divest Foodland's 82 Action Stores in Western Australia, Queensland and Northern New South Wales to independent retailers, store managers and employees and become the wholesaler to these stores. The Foodland Australia acquisition is expected to generate an additional \$2.0 billion per annum in wholesale revenue for Metcash.

Metcash has previously announced ambitions of expansion offshore, referred to as the "Fourth Pillar". If Metcash is successful with its acquisition of Foodland, Metcash plans to defer any offshore acquisition until it has completely integrated Foodland's Australian business into its current operations. Any opportunities previously considered have ceased indefinitely. However, should the Takeover Offer and/or the Capital Reorganisation not take place, there are other strategies and growth opportunities that may be pursued.

#### 6.5 Metcash's issued securities

#### (a) Metcash Shares

Metcash's issued capital at 12 January 2005 comprises 736,898,918 fully paid ordinary shares. This includes the ordinary shares issued under the share purchase plan (**SPP**) offered by Metcash to its shareholders in December 2004-January 2005 providing them with the opportunity to subscribe for up to 1,660 Metcash Shares per shareholder at \$3.00 per share. Under the SPP, Metcash issued 6.97 million shares and raised total funds of approximately \$21 million.

Metcash's significant Shareholders as at 12 January 2005 are set out below.

Name	Number of shares held	% of issued shares held
Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV (a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz)	385,332,000	52%
Lazard Asset Management	54,288,043	7%
Perennial Group	37,688,496	5%
Sub total	477,308,539	65%
Other shareholders	259,590,379	35%
Total	736,898,918	100%



#### (b) Optionholders

As at 12 January 2005, the number of Metcash Options outstanding was 16,344,120 or 2.2% of issued capital. Details of the Optionholders holding more than 5% of the Metcash Options are set out below.

	Optionholder Name 12-01-2005	Metcash Options at Options Outstanding	% of Metcash
Michael Jablonski		850,000	5%
Edwin Jankelowitz		850,000	5%
Bernard Hale		850,000	5%

#### 6.6 Metcash's Directors

Carlos S. dos Santos CA(SA)

Position: Non-Executive Chairman of Metcash

Date of appointment: 4 May 1998

Other Positions: Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

History: Mr Carlos dos Santos, a Chartered Accountant, is the Chief Executive of Metoz Holdings. He has had 34 years industry experience.

A.E. (Ted) Harris, AC F, Inst, D, FAIM, FAICD Position: Non-Executive Deputy Chairman of Metcash

Date of appointment: 28 March 1994

Other Positions: Chairman of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee

History: Mr Ted Harris served as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Ampol Group from 1977 to 1987. He was Chairman of Australian Airlines from 1987 to 1992. Since 1987 he has served as Chairman or a Director of a number of public companies and government bodies. Currently Mr Harris is Chairman of Arena Management (Sydney Entertainment Centre), Thakral Holdings, Australian Radio Network and St. Vincent's Clinic Foundation. He is Deputy Chairman of APN News & Media and a member of the International Advisory Board of Independent News & Media PLC, Ireland. He is a former Commissioner of the ABC and former Chairman of the Australian Sports Commission and Institute of Sport from 1984 to 1994. He was a member of the Executive Board of the Sydney Olympics Bid Company. He is a Life Governor of the Melanoma Foundation.

Andrew Reitzer B Comm MBL

**Position:** Chief Executive Officer of Metcash Date of appointment: 4 May 1998

Other Positions: N/A

History: Mr Andrew Reitzer has 26 years experience in the retail/wholesale FMCG industry. He had 20 years experience with Metoz Holdings, before joining Metcash. Previous positions at Metoz Holdings include Group Operations Director, head of operations in Russia and Israel, Marketing Director, IT Director and managing various operating divisions of Metoz. Mr Reitzer is a director of Metoz Holdings. Peter L. Barnes MBA (Melbourne), B Commerce (Hons)

Position: Non-Executive Director

Date of appointment: 12 November 1999

Other Positions: Member of the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee, Member of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee History: Mr Peter Barnes is a director of News Corporation and Ansell Limited and Chairman of Samuel Smith & Sons Pty Ltd, Yalumba Wines. Mr Barnes was formerly an executive with Philip Morris International Inc holding several senior management positions in Australia and overseas including Managing Director of Lindeman Holdings Ltd and President Asia Region based in Hong Kong. He was formerly the President of The Winemakers Federation of Australia.

Bernard J. Hale B Th (Canada)

Position: Executive Director, Chief Information Officer

Date of appointment: 8 November 2000

Other Positions: N/A

**History:** Mr Bernard Hale was formerly a director of Metoz Holdings of South Africa. Mr Hale has 29 years of IT industry experience, 23 of which have been within the Metoz organisation. Previous positions held in Metoz include IT Operations Director, Group IT Director, Group Operations Director (Domestic) and Corporate Group IT Director. He was appointed Chief Information Officer of Metcash on I December 2002. Prior to being appointed to his current role he served as a Non-Executive Director of Metcash.

#### Michael Jablonski

Position: Executive Director, Group Merchandise Director

Date of appointment: 4 May 1998

Other Positions: N/A

**History:** Mr Michael Jablonski has 32 years experience in the food industry. Previous positions include: Merchandise Executive-Foods of OK Bazaars (1984), Merchandise and Marketing Director of Score Food Holdings Ltd (1987-1991), Deputy Group Merchandise Director of Metoz Holdings (1992-1996) Director of Distribution and Retail Development of Metoz Holdings (1996-1998). Since 1998, Mr Jablonski has been the Group Merchandise Director of Metcash and he is responsible for the Group's merchandise, supplier relationships and the income derived therefrom.

Edwin Jankelowitz B Comm CA (SA)

Position: Finance Director

Date of appointment: 22 May 1998

Other Positions: N/A

**History:** Mr Edwin Jankelowitz qualified as a Chartered Accountant in South Africa in 1966. From July 1967 to November 1979 he worked with Adcock Ingram Ltd in the Head Office where he was promoted over time to Group Company Secretary and then Finance Director. From January 1980 to March 1983 he worked as a consultant in business management and tax. From there he moved to Caxton Ltd where he worked as Finance Director, then Managing Director and Chairman for the period 1983 to 1997. He has acted as chairman of other publicly quoted companies. Mr Jankelowitz has spent over 30 years in corporate offices of listed companies with excellent corporate governance reputations. He was a member of the Income Tax Special Court in South Africa for 20 years (1977-1997).



Lou Jardin

Position: Executive Director, CEO IGA Distribution

Date of appointment: 24 May 2002

Other Positions: N/A

History: Mr Lou Jardin has extensive industry experience, including owning and operating independent supermarkets and holding senior positions within a chain store environment, as well as warehouse and distribution operations. He held a senior position with Coles-Myer for 11 years before joining Metcash in 1997 as the national manager of company owned stores. In 1998, Mr Jardin moved to Queensland as the State General Manager until his current appointment to the role of CEO IGA Distribution.

Richard A Longes BA (Sydney), LLB (Sydney), MBA (UNSW) **Position:** Non-Executive Director, Solicitor (non-practising)

Date of appointment: 4 January 2000

Other Positions: Chairman of the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee

History: Mr Richard Longes has been a director of a number of public companies and a member of various government bodies and enquiries for 20 years. He is currently Deputy Chairman of Lend Lease Corporation Limited and a director of Boral Limited, the National Institute of Dramatic Art and Bangarra Dance Company. Mr Longes is an Executive Director of Investec Bank (Australia) Limited and was formerly a partner at Freehill Hollingdale & Page solicitors.

V. Dudley Rubin CA (SA), H Dip BDP, MBA

Position: Non-Executive Director Date of appointment: 4 May 1998

Other Positions: Member of the Audit Risk and Compliance Committee

History: Mr Dudley Rubin has been Group Finance Director of Metoz Holdings since 1991, with 21 years experience in the industry. He was originally involved with Score Food Holdings Ltd from 1979, prior to that company acquiring control of Metoz Holdings in 1991. Mr Rubin practised as a registered accountant and auditor for some 15 years after qualifying and has served on the boards of a number of listed companies.

Michael Wesslink B.Sc. (Chem. Eng.) Syd, MBA (UNSW) Position: Executive Director, CEO Australian Liquor Marketers

Date of appointment: 24 May 2002

Other Positions: N/A

History: Mr Wesslink joined ALM in March 1998. He has worked in the liquor industry for over 30 years having previously held the Chief Executive positions of Tooheys Limited and The Swan Brewery Company Limited. More recently, Mr Wesslink worked as Managing Director of Amcor Containers Packing Asia, in managing and establishing packaging operations throughout Asia, particularly in China and Singapore.

#### 6.7 Metcash's management

#### Andrew Reitzer

**Position:** CEO of Metcash **History:** Refer to Section 6.6.

#### Ken Bean

**Position:** Chief Executive, Group Logistics and Corporate Development

**History:** Mr Ken Bean has over 30 years experience in the retail and wholesale industry. Previously he was General Manager of Coles Myer Logistics Pty Ltd and was also responsible for Coles Myer Asia's buying offices. Mr Bean has also held senior roles in corporate development as well as finance and administration. He also has significant industrial property development experience and currently is Chairman of the Supply Chain Advisory Board to the Logistics Association of Australia.

#### Peter Dubbelman

Position: CEO Campbells Cash and Carry

**History:** Mr Peter Dubbelman was appointed CEO of Campbells and C-Store Distribution in June 1998. He has over 20 years experience in FMCG distribution at the wholesale level, primarily in multi-site general management and operations. Mr Dubbelman has successfully initiated major growth of the wholesale business through the establishment of an effective network of Campbells and C-Store Distribution warehouses which service the hospitality, liquor and convenience sectors in Australia.

#### Bernard J Hale

**Position:** Executive Director **History:** Refer to Section 6.6.

#### Michael Jablonski

Position: Group Merchandise Director

History: Refer to Section 6.6.

#### Edwin Jankelowitz

**Position:** Finance Director **History:** Refer to Section 6.6.

#### Lou Jardin

**Position:** CEO IGA Distribution **History:** Refer to Section 6.6.

#### **David Johnston**

Position: Chief Human Resources Officer

**History:** Mr David Johnston joined Metcash in December 2001. He has had 26 years experience in human resources with some of Australia's leading FMCG companies including Cadbury Schweppes and Simplot Australia at Senior Executive level. He has designed and implemented successful programs in executive development and brought about major culture change initiatives at a national and international level.

#### John Randall

**Position:** Company Secretary

**History:** Mr John Randall joined Metcash in 1997, initially on a contract basis. He was previously Chief Financial Officer of Metal Manufactures Limited and Overseas Telecommunications Corporation Limited, President of the Accounting Foundation, University of Sydney, a former National President of the Group of 100, NSW President and National Board member of CPA Australia. He was also appointed as a director of Newco in December 2004.

#### Michael Wesslink

**Position:** CEO Australian Liquor Marketers

**History:** Refer to Section 6.6.

## Information about Newco

#### 7.1 Background

#### (a) Corporate overview

Newco was incorporated on 3 December 2004 and its only shareholder is M & GM Investments Pty Ltd (M & GM), which holds one share in Newco and is unrelated to Metcash and controlled by an executive of Deutsche Bank.

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, M & GM will continue to hold one Newco Share.

Since its incorporation, Newco has not carried on any other business or activity and has no material assets or liabilities.

The principal activity and purpose of Newco is to acquire the entire issued share capital of Metoz Holdings by way of the Metoz Scheme and the stake in Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders via the Metcash Share Scheme. In addition, Newco will issue the Newco Options in consideration for the cancellation of existing Metcash Options.

#### (b) Current directors

The directors of Newco as at the date of this Scheme Booklet are:

#### John Randall Position: Director

History: Mr Randall became a director of Newco in December 2004. Mr Randall is also currently the Company Secretary of Metcash, having joined Metcash in 1997, initially on a contract basis. Previously he was Chief Financial Officer of Metal Manufactures Limited and Overseas Telecommunications Corporation Limited. Mr Randall is also President of the Accounting Foundation, University of Sydney, and formerly National President of the Group of 100 and NSW President and National Board member of CPA Australia.

## Mike Roche

Position: Director

History: Mr Roche became a director of Newco in December 2004. Mr Roche is a Managing Director of Deutsche Bank and Co-Head of Capital Advisory and Debt Products in Australia and New Zealand. Prior to joining Deutsche Bank in 1993, Mr Roche was a director of ANZ Capel Court and prior to this an Actuary with National Mutual. He has over 20 years of corporate finance experience.

#### Paul Kaplan

**Position:** Director

History: Mr Kaplan became a director of Newco in January 2005. Mr Kaplan is a director of Momentum Corporate Pty Limited, a boutique investment bank based in Sydney. Mr Kaplan is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia. Prior to joining Momentum Corporate in 2003, Mr Kaplan worked with Arthur Andersen and Brait Limited (a listed investment bank) as well as being a Director and Chief Operating Officer of Global Micro Solutions Pty Limited, a technology services firm.

#### 7.2 Intentions regarding Metcash and the Takeover Offer

#### (a) Intentions upon the Schemes becoming Effective

In the event that the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Newco will (directly or indirectly) own all of the issued ordinary share capital in Metcash.

Wherever this Scheme Booklet refers to Newco's intentions following the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective, this should be taken to mean the intentions of the Newco Board as it will be constituted immediately after the implementation of the Capital Reorganisation i.e. when the Newco Board will comprise the existing members of the Metcash Board.

Newco has the following intentions should the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective:

- immediately following the implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme the current Metcash Board of Directors will be appointed to the Newco Board, and the Newco directors listed above will resign;
- Newco will be renamed Metcash Limited and will seek to list on the ASX. Newco is simply a holding vehicle for Metcash (which is already listed) and hence approval for admission is expected to be forthcoming;
- subject to its intentions regarding Foodland Australia, Newco intends to continue to operate the Metcash businesses in a manner consistent with past practice; and
- Newco intends to undertake the Post-Scheme Restructuring which will result in Newco directly owning 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash. Further details of the Post-Scheme Restructuring are set out in Section 9.7 of this Scheme Booklet.

These statements of intention are based on the information concerning Metcash, its business and the general business environment which is known to Newco at the time of preparation of this Scheme Booklet. Final decisions will only be reached by Newco in light of additional knowledge through exposure to the business and material information and circumstances at the relevant time. Accordingly, the statements set out in this Section 7.2 are statements of current intention only which may change as new information becomes available or circumstances change.

#### (b) Intentions in relation to the Takeover Offer

With respect to the Takeover Offer, if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Newco intends to enter into a deed poll in favour of the Foodland Shareholders who take-up Metcash A Shares. The deed poll will bind Newco into the mechanism for the exchange of Metcash A Shares for Newco Shares. If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Newco will own (directly or indirectly) 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash. Newco intends to vote all shares controlled by it in favour of the resolution of Metcash required to effect the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to Foodland Shareholders. (Refer to Section 10 for additional information on the Takeover Offer.)

With respect to the acquisition of Foodland, Newco's intentions will be identical to those of Metcash had Newco acquired Foodland directly. Further information on Metcash's intentions with respect to Foodland are contained in Section 10.4.

#### 7.3 Other material information

#### (a) Dividend policy

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Newco will employ a dividend policy that is broadly consistent with Metcash's current policy.

#### (b) Newco dividend reinvestment plan

Newco plans to establish a dividend reinvestment plan (**DRP**), which would be fully underwritten in relation to interim and final dividends paid with respect to the years ending 30 April 2006, 30 April 2007 and 30 April 2008. It is currently a condition of the Syndicated Facility that the underwritten DRP be established. If that condition does not subsist, or is waived, the directors may decide not to establish, or to cancel or suspend, the DRP.

The DRP will provide shareholders with a choice of reinvesting dividends paid on Newco Shares rather than receiving such dividends in cash. Participation in the DRP will be optional and open to all holders of Newco Shares, with the exception of shareholders having a registered address or being resident in a jurisdiction other than Australia who may not be able to participate in the DRP because of legal requirements applicable in that jurisdiction. The Newco Board may also refuse to permit any shareholder to participate if, amongst other things, the shareholder's participation may breach a provision of Newco's constitution or may be contrary to any law.

#### Under the DRP:

- shareholders will be able to participate in the DRP in respect of some or all of their shares;
- the Newco Board will determine with respect to the DRP for any dividend whether to issue new Newco Shares or to cause a transfer of existing Newco Shares to participants, or to effect a combination of both;
- for interim and final dividends paid for the period up to 30 April 2008, Newco Shares issued to participants under the DRP will be issued at a discount to the volume weighted average market price of Newco Shares in a period commencing on or after the record date for any dividend and concluding prior to the dividend payment date;
- for Newco shareholders participating in the DRP dividends paid will be credited to a DRP account (consistent with the level of participation in the DRP) from which monies will be applied in subscribing for or acquiring additional Newco Shares; and
- no brokerage will be payable in respect of Newco Shares acquired under the DRP.

Newco will enter into an underwriting agreement with Deutsche Bank in respect of the DRP pursuant to which Deutsche Bank has agreed to underwrite 100% of the amount of any interim and final dividends paid up to 30 April 2008 (the **Underwriting Agreement**).

#### (c) Disclosure of benefits

Except as disclosed elsewhere in this Scheme Booklet, during the period of four months before the date of this Scheme Booklet, neither Newco nor any of its associates gave, or offered to give, or agreed to give a benefit to another person which was likely to induce the other person, or an associate of the other person, to:

- vote in favour of the Metcash Share Scheme or the Metcash Option Scheme; or
- dispose of Metcash Shares or Metcash Options,

and which is not offered to all Shareholders or Optionholders.

#### (d) Rights attached to Newco Shares

The constitution of Newco is identical to the constitution of Metcash (save in relation to the rights of Metcash A Shares and NZ Shares and amendments that have been made to reflect changes to the law). The rights attaching to Newco Shares are as summarised in Part 4 of Annexure A.

## 8 Information about Metoz Holdings

#### 8.1 Corporate overview

Metoz Holdings Limited (**Metoz Holdings**) (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited) was incorporated in South Africa in 1946. Its shares are listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange and had a market capitalisation of R4.9 billion (\$1.1 billion) based on Metoz's 12 January 2005 close price.

In past years, Metoz has been involved in grocery and liquor wholesaling and retailing in Africa, Asia, Australasia, Europe and North America. More recently, its activities have been focussed on Africa, the Far and Middle East and Australasia. Metoz's African and Far and Middle Eastern operations were operated by its wholly owned subsidiary, Metcash Trading Limited (**Metrade**), a South African incorporated company, whilst Metoz's Australasian operations were held through its majority interest in Metcash. This interest arose from Metoz's acquisition of a majority holding in Davids Limited in 1998. Davids Limited was subsequently renamed "Metcash Trading Limited" in 2000.

On 6 October 2004, a consortium, consisting of existing management, two financial institutions and a Black Economic Empowerment group (the **Consortium**), acquired the entire issued share capital of Metrade and other material assets from Metoz Holdings, except for its interest in Metcash and a bank loan under a Consortium Facility Agreement. The result of this transaction was that Metoz's sole remaining material asset is its interest in Metcash.

#### 8.2 Board of directors

The board of directors of Metoz Holdings consists of the following:

- Dr Frederik Van Zyl Slabbert Chairman
- Carlos S. dos Santos CEO\*
- John Grainger Non Executive Director
- Brian Joseph Non Executive Director
- Shepherd Shonhiwa Non Executive Director
- V. Dudley Rubin CFO\*
- Roy McAlpine Non Executive Director
- Gavin Pieterse Non Executive Director
- Gerald Rubenstein Non Executive Director
- Charles Turner Non Executive Director
- Andrew Reitzer Executive Director\*
- Ronnie Taurog Non Executive Director

Note: \* means the director also sits on the Metcash Board of Directors.



#### 8.3 Foodland's approach to Metoz

Over the course of the last two years the Metcash Board and management have been reviewing a number of strategic growth options, both domestically and in line with the company's previously announced desire for a fourth business pillar offshore. Consistent with this, one of the initiatives actively reviewed over the last 12 months has been the acquisition of Foodland's Australian assets.

Metcash is aware that Foodland has previously approached certain Metoz Holdings Shareholders with a highly conditional and incomplete proposal that could have led to a conditional off-market offer to acquire Metcash for \$3.30 cash per share.

Although Foodland did not directly approach Metcash, the Metcash Board carefully considered the highly conditional and incomplete proposal which included, amongst many other conditions, a request for due diligence. The Metcash Board, in conjunction with its advisers, assessed the highly conditional and incomplete proposal on the basis of price and conditionality against its completion prospects and value, relative to other options available to Metcash Shareholders. The Metcash Board concluded that the Foodland proposal was incomplete, highly conditional and less attractive than other options, including the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer, and that providing a major competitor with commercially sensitive information would be potentially damaging to Metcash, particularly in the event Foodland did not proceed to make any offer or, if made, the offer did not succeed.

#### 8.4 The Metoz Scheme

#### (a) Offer to Metoz Holdings and undertakings from certain shareholders

- (1) On 5 December 2004, Newco made an offer to Metoz Holdings to acquire all of the issued shares in the capital of Metoz, such offer to be implemented by way of a scheme of arrangement to be proposed by Newco between Metoz Holdings and its shareholders.
  - In a Metoz Holdings announcement to its shareholders on 6 December 2004, the Metoz Holdings board stated that it supports the Capital Reorganisation in principle, subject to confirmation of funding. The Metoz Holdings board has also appointed an independent adviser, Investec Bank Limited, South Africa, to opine on whether the terms and conditions of the offer are fair and reasonable.
- (2) On 3 December 2004, the two largest Metoz Holdings Shareholders: RMB and STANLIB, who at that date collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 47% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz Holdings, provided undertakings to vote in favour of the Metoz Scheme and all such shareholders' resolutions of Metoz Holdings as may be necessary to implement the Metoz Scheme. These undertakings will fall away on receipt by Metoz Holdings or all its shareholders of a materially superior offer for Metoz, which offer needs to be unconditional as to funding, and needs to be certified by an independent financial adviser appointed by Metoz Holdings as having a better than even prospect of becoming unconditional in every respect by the first closing date of such offer. Under the undertakings RMB and STANLIB are permitted to sell up to approximately 95 and 93 million Metoz shares respectively. In addition, the undertakings will not apply to any Metoz shares managed for a client which terminates the mandate to STANLIB or RMB as asset managers prior to the completion of the Metoz Scheme. However, Metcash understands that both RMB and STANLIB have put in place controls to ensure that, under no circumstances, will they sell more than the approximately 95 and 93 million shares respectively permitted to be sold by the undertakings, so that the minimum proportion of the issued shares of Metoz Holdings to which the undertakings could apply is 36.5%.

Since the Announcement, STANLIB has sold approximately 7 | million Metoz shares. Hence RMB and STANLIB as at 14 January 2005 collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 43% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz Holdings.

It is anticipated that the Metoz Holdings board will announce a firm intention to proceed with the Metoz Scheme in February 2005.

#### (b) Proposal

Under the Metoz Scheme, Newco will pay to Metoz shareholders the Rand equivalent of \$0.6015 per Metoz share held.

The Metoz Consideration will be paid to such shareholders in South African Rand.

#### (c) Relationship between the Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Schemes

In order for the Capital Reorganisation to be implemented, both the Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Share Scheme need to be successful. Accordingly:

- the Metcash Schemes are conditional on the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective; and
- the Metoz Scheme is conditional on the approval of the Metcash Share Scheme by the requisite majorities of Scheme Shareholders and by the Court, as described in Section 9.3. The Metcash Share Scheme may proceed without the Metcash Option Scheme and accordingly, the Metoz Scheme is not conditional on the success of the Metcash Option Scheme.

It is intended that the Metoz Scheme will become Effective (by way of lodgement of the order of the High Court of South Africa sanctioning the Metoz Scheme with the South African Registrar of Companies) shortly before the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective (by way of the lodgement of the court order approving the Metcash Share Scheme with ASIC).

#### (d) Key steps for implementation of the Metoz Scheme

If the Metoz Scheme is successful, existing shareholders in Metoz Holdings will receive the cash consideration for their shares and Metoz Holdings will become a wholly owned subsidiary of Newco. Metoz Holdings will then apply for termination of the listing of its shares on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange.

However, before the Metoz Scheme can become Effective:

- the Metoz Scheme must be approved by a majority representing at least 75% of the votes exercisable by eligible Metoz Holdings Shareholders present and voting at the Metoz Scheme Meeting, either in person or by proxy;
- there having been no material adverse change with regard to the business, continued existence, assets, revenues or financial position of Metoz Holdings (other than Metcash) as at the business day one day before the date on which the application for the sanctioning of the Metoz Scheme by the High Court of South Africa is lodged;
- the Metoz Scheme must be sanctioned by the High Court of South Africa;
- the Metcash Share Scheme must be approved by the requisite majorities of Scheme Shareholders and the Court; and
- the South African Registrar of Companies must register a certified copy of the Order of the High Court of South Africa sanctioning the Metoz Scheme in accordance with section 311 of the South African Companies Act No. 61 of 1973.

The High Court of South Africa has a discretion to refuse to grant the order approving the Metoz Scheme even if the Metoz Scheme is approved by the requisite majority of eligible shareholders.

# 8.5 Potential risks arising from the implementation of the Metoz Scheme

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, Metoz Holdings will form part of the Newco group. As referred to above, Metoz Holdings' only material asset is its shareholding in Metcash.

The following potential risks may arise in connection with the acquisition of Metoz Holdings pursuant to the Metoz Scheme:

#### Contingent liability on warranties in African Sale Agreement

As set out in Section 8.1, on 6 October 2004, the Consortium acquired all of Metoz's material assets and liabilities, other than the shareholding in Metcash and a bank loan under the Consortium Facility Agreement.

The sale agreement for this transaction (the **African Sale Agreement**) contained a number of warranties given by Metoz Holdings concerning Metrade and the operations being sold. However, no limitations were included in the agreement with regard to the amounts which can be claimed for a breach of warranty or the period within which any claims for breach of warranty can be brought.



If the Consortium makes a warranty claim in regard to the businesses acquired, Metoz Holdings may be liable for the full amount of the loss which the Consortium can prove that it suffered. Further, the time limit for bringing warranty claims is the statutory time limit of three years, which will only run from the date on which the Consortium becomes, or ought reasonably to have become, aware of the facts leading to the breach of warranty.

Accordingly, Metoz Holdings will have an unquantified contingent liability with respect to any such warranty claims for a potentially indefinite period. However, Metoz Holdings has received a letter from the purchaser under the African Sale Agreement confirming that, as at 19 January 2005:

- no issues have arisen in terms of the warranties in the African Sale Agreement (other than a contract dispute that Metoz does not consider to be material); and
- the purchaser is not aware of any other facts or circumstances which may give rise to any other claims in terms of such warranties.

In addition, the African Sale Agreement includes a non-compete covenant under which Metoz Holdings agreed not to carry on a business associated with the distribution of groceries or other fast moving consumer goods for 10 years in Africa, Madagascar, the Seychelles or Mauritius.

Newco intends to liquidate Metoz Holdings following the Post-Scheme Restructuring.

#### **Consortium Facility Agreement**

The only external financing arrangement in place in relation to Metoz is a Consortium Facility Agreement provided by ANZ, HSBC Bank Australia Limited and Standard Bank London (the **Banks**) on 1 May 2003. The amount outstanding under the facility as at 31 January 2005 was \$83 million. Certain key terms of the Consortium Facility Agreement are summarised below:

- The facility must be repaid in full no later than I May 2006. Soetensteeg (the borrower under the facility) is required to repay the following amounts on the following dates:
  - 31 July 2005
- \$15 million
- 31 January 2006
- \$14 million
- Metoz Holdings and certain of its subsidiaries jointly and severally guarantee the performance of Soetensteeg under the facility.
- Soetensteeg warrants that it will remain at all times the legal and beneficial owner of at least 51% of the ordinary shares and voting rights in the capital of Metcash and Soetensteeg must remain a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz Holdings.
- Certain other warranties are contained in the Consortium Facility Agreement including as to the ownership by Metoz Holdings of its subsidiaries.
- The facility is secured, amongst other things, against the shares in Metcash held by Soetensteeg.

The proposed Post-Scheme Restructuring may require certain consents or waivers to be obtained under the Consortium Facility Agreement. With regard to the issues set out above, Newco intends to pay the debt and other liabilities of Metoz Holdings (including repaying the amounts due under the Consortium Facility Agreement) using the second interim dividend paid to Metoz and funds paid by Newco to Metoz following the Schemes becoming Effective.

#### Potential cost implications

The Metoz Scheme is not expected to involve any material costs, but certain of the tax issues involved are complex and the relevant rules may be open to interpretation. The Directors have received advice that the better view is that there should be no tax liability in relation to the Metoz Scheme. However, there is a possibility that a liability may arise and in these circumstances, the Directors have been advised that such a liability will not exceed \$47 million.

## 8.6 Exchange control issues

Under the Listing Requirements of the Johannesburg Stock Exchange, the Metoz Scheme will need to be approved by the Exchange Control Department of the South African Reserve Bank.

## 9 Metcash Schemes in detail

#### 9.1 Details of the Metcash Schemes

This Scheme Booklet has been prepared pursuant to section 412(1) of the Corporations Act to explain the effect of the Metcash Schemes between Metcash and the Scheme Participants to be considered at the Scheme Meetings. The Metcash Share Scheme is included at Section 20 of this Scheme Booklet and the Metcash Option Scheme is included at Section 21 of this Scheme Booklet.

This Scheme Booklet also sets out information which is relevant to the Resolutions to be considered at the Extraordinary General Meeting.

#### 9.2 Steps for implementing the Metcash Schemes

To implement the Metcash Schemes, the steps set out below have been, or must be, taken:

- Metcash and Newco entered into the Implementation Agreement on 3 February 2005 in relation to the Metcash Schemes.
- Newco has executed a Deed Poll in favour of each Scheme Participant. Under the Deed Poll, Newco undertakes to perform certain obligations under the Implementation Agreement and the Metcash Schemes including the issue of the consideration under the Metcash Schemes.
- On 11 February 2005, the Court ordered that Metcash convene:
  - the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting on 22 March 2005 for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit approving, the Metcash Share Scheme; and
  - the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting on 22 March 2005 for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit approving, the Metcash Option Scheme.
- Metcash has also convened an Extraordinary General Meeting on 22 March 2005, at which it will seek approval for the Resolutions (see Section 14 of this Scheme Booklet for details of the Resolutions).
- At the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting, eligible Shareholders and Optionholders will be asked to consider, and if thought fit, pass the Resolutions and resolutions approving the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme.
- If:
  - the Metcash Share Scheme is approved by the requisite majorities (please see Section 9.4 below) of Shareholders voting at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting;
  - in the case of the Metcash Option Scheme only, the Metcash Option Scheme is approved by the requisite majorities (please see Section 9.4 below) of Optionholders voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting;
  - all of the conditions contained in clause 3.1 of the Implementation Agreement (Conditions) (other than approval by the
    Court) including the passing of the Resolutions to be put to the Extraordinary General Meeting by such majority as is set out
    respectively for each such Resolution in the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting), are satisfied or, where possible, waived;
    and
  - the Implementation Agreement has not been terminated,

on or before the dates specified for such steps under the Implementation Agreement, then Metcash will apply to the Court for orders approving the Metcash Schemes. The Court has a discretion to refuse to grant the orders approving the Metcash Schemes, even if the Metcash Schemes are approved by the requisite majorities of eligible Shareholders and Optionholders. The South African High Court has a similar discretion with respect to the approval of the Metoz Scheme.



The key dates with regard to the implementation of the Metcash Schemes include:

- the Effective Date of each Metcash Scheme which is the date on which the Court order approving the Metcash Scheme takes effect by way of lodgement with ASIC;
- the **Record Date** is the date on which the Register or the Option Register (as relevant) is examined to determine who is entitled to participate in the Metcash Share Scheme or the Metcash Option Scheme; and
- the **Implementation Date** which is the date on which:
  - the Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders will be transferred to Newco and the Newco Shares will be issued to Scheme Shareholders as consideration; and
  - the Metcash Options held by Scheme Optionholders will be cancelled and the Newco Options will be issued to Scheme Optionholders as consideration.

If the Court orders referred to above are obtained and the Conditions are satisfied or waived, then Metcash and Newco will take or procure the taking of the steps required to implement the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme, namely:

- Metcash will lodge with ASIC an office copy of the Court orders under section 411 of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme; and
- on the Implementation Date:
  - in consideration for the transfer of the Metcash Shares to Newco, Newco will issue Newco Shares to each Scheme Shareholder (or to a nominee on behalf of any Overseas Shareholders (as to which, please see Section 9.6(c) below)) in accordance with the provisions of the Metcash Share Scheme;
  - all Metcash Options will be cancelled by Metcash and Newco will issue Newco Options to each Scheme Optionholder in accordance with the provisions of the Metcash Option Scheme.

If the Schemes become Effective, Scheme Shareholders will become shareholders in Newco, a company to be listed on the ASX, which will own 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash. In addition, the Scheme Optionholders will hold options in Newco.

## 9.3 Conditions precedent and termination provisions

#### (a) Conditions

The obligations of Metcash and Newco under the Implementation Agreement to implement the Metcash Schemes, are subject to the Conditions being satisfied or (where possible) waived. If the Conditions are not satisfied or waived by the dates specified in the Implementation Agreement (as summarised below), the parties will consult in good faith to determine whether the transaction may proceed by way of an alternative means or method or whether the date for the Court hearing or the End Date should be changed. If the parties are unable to reach an agreement on such changes within five Business Days, either party may terminate the agreement.

A summary of the conditions contained in the Implementation Agreement is set out below:

- Regulatory approvals: ASX approvals (including conditional listing approval of the CULS), ASIC modifications, ACCC and all other regulatory approvals being obtained by 6.00pm on the day before the date for the hearing for the approval of the Metcash Schemes (Second Court Date).
- Metcash Share Scheme Shareholder approval: Approval of the Metcash Share Scheme by the requisite majorities of eligible Shareholders by 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.
- Optionholder approval: With respect to the Metcash Option Scheme only, approval of the Metcash Option Scheme by the requisite majorities of Optionholders by 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.

- Shareholder approval of Resolutions: Approval by the requisite majority of Shareholders of the Resolutions by 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.
- **No restraint:** No decision, order, action, legal restraint or prohibition of any government or judicial body preventing the Metcash Schemes in effect as at 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.
- **Material Adverse Change:** No Material Adverse Change having occurred between the date of the Implementation Agreement and 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.
- **Directors' recommendation:** A majority of the Directors recommending and not changing or withdrawing their recommendation to Shareholders and Optionholders to vote in favour of the Metcash Schemes prior to the Scheme Meetings.
- Conditional listing: Approval for admission to the official list and official quotation on the ASX of the Newco Shares to be issued under the Metcash Share Scheme (subject only to the issue of such shares and the submission of information required by Appendix 3B of the ASX Listing Rules) by 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.
- Court approval of Metcash Share Scheme: Approval by the Court of the Metcash Share Scheme by the End Date.
- Court approval of Metcash Option Scheme: With respect to the Option Scheme only, approval by the Court of the Metcash Option Scheme by the End Date.
- Resignation and appointment letters: The directors of Newco delivering resignation letters from their position as directors of Newco and Metcash delivering to Newco consents to appointment from the Metcash Directors to take effect immediately following the transfer of the Metcash Shares to Newco under the Metcash Share Scheme.
- Shareholder resolution to approve change of directors: Newco procuring that a shareholder resolution approving the appointment of the Metcash Directors and resignation of the existing Newco directors is passed, to take effect immediately following the transfer of the Metcash Shares to Newco under the Metcash Share Scheme.
- **No breach of warranty:** No breaches of the representations and warranties contained in Section 8 of the Implementation Agreement by 6.00 pm of the day before the Second Court Date.
- Advance of Metoz Offer Amount: Metcash having advanced to Newco the Metoz Offer Amount so as to allow Newco to meet its payment obligation under the Metoz Scheme and to allow Newco to make payment to Metoz for the purposes of Metoz settling its liabilities.

In addition, the Metcash Schemes are conditional on the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective by 30 April 2005. If this does not occur, the Metcash Schemes will automatically fall away.

The Metcash Option Scheme is conditional on the approval of the Metcash Share Scheme, however, the Metcash Share Scheme is not conditional on the success of the Metcash Option Scheme therefore allowing the Metcash Share Scheme to proceed alone if required.

A full copy of the Implementation Agreement appears in Section 19 of this Scheme Booklet.

Metcash and Newco have confirmed that as at the date of this Scheme Booklet, neither of them are aware of any reason why the conditions set out above, being the conditions which have not yet been satisfied or waived, will not be satisfied or waived on or before the time specified for their satisfaction.

#### (b) Termination of the Implementation Agreement

The Implementation Agreement may be terminated by either party at any time before 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date if any of the Conditions are not satisfied or waived by the date specified for their satisfaction or become incapable of being satisfied before that time, unless the Condition in question is waived.



#### 9.4 Requisite majorities for Metcash Schemes to be binding

For the Metcash Schemes to become Effective, the resolutions proposed at the Scheme Meetings must be approved:

- in the case of a resolution approving the Metcash Share Scheme, by a majority in number of Shareholders present and voting at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting (either in person or by proxy) where such Shareholders hold at least 75% of the votes cast on the resolution;
- in the case of a resolution approving the Metcash Option Scheme, by a majority in number of Optionholders present and voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting (either in person or by proxy) being a majority where "debts or claims" against Metcash (represented by their Metcash Options) amount in aggregate to at least 75% of the total amount of the "debts or claims" of the Optionholders present and voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting (please refer to Section 4 for details of the calculation of value of the Metcash Options).

#### 9.5 Determination of entitlements under the Metcash Share Scheme

For the purpose of determining which Shareholders (other than Metoz) are eligible to participate in the Metcash Share Scheme, dealings in Metcash Shares will be recognised only if:

- in the case of dealings of the type to be effected using CHESS, the transferee is registered in the Register as the holder of the relevant Metcash Shares by the Record Date; and
- in all other cases, registrable transmission applications or transfers in respect of those dealings are received on or before the Record Date at the place where the Register is kept.

For the purposes of determining entitlements under the Metcash Share Scheme, Metcash will not accept for registration or recognise any transmission application or transfer in respect of Metcash Shares received after the Record Date. Metcash will use its Register in the manner described above to determine the entitlements of Scheme Shareholders under the Metcash Share Scheme.

#### 9.6 Effect of the Metcash Schemes

#### (a) Metcash Share Scheme

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, on the Implementation Date:

- the Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders will be transferred to Newco without the need for any further input by Scheme Shareholders:
- Metcash will enter the name of Newco in the Register in respect of all the Metcash Shares which are the subject of the Metcash Share Scheme:
- save as set out below with respect to Overseas Shareholders, Newco will issue one Newco Share to each Scheme Shareholder for each Share held by such Scheme Shareholder as at the Record Date;
- save as set out below with respect to Overseas Shareholders, Newco will enter the name of each Scheme Shareholder in its register of members as the holder of the Newco Shares issued to it pursuant to the Metcash Share Scheme; and
- within seven Business Days of the Implementation Date, Newco will send, or procure the despatch, to each Scheme Shareholder by pre-paid post to the person's address as shown in the Register at the Record Date, uncertificated holding statements for the Newco Shares issued to them under the Metcash Share Scheme. In the case of joint shareholders, uncertificated holding statements for Newco Shares will be sent to the address of the Scheme Shareholder whose name appears first in the Register.

If the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, on the Implementation Date:

- the Metcash Options held by each Scheme Optionholder will be cancelled without the need for any further input by the Scheme Optionholder;
- Newco will issue one Newco Option to each Scheme Optionholder for each Metcash Option held by such Scheme Optionholder as at the Record Date:
- Newco will enter the name of each Scheme Optionholder in its register of optionholders; and
- within seven Business Days of the Implementation Date, Newco will send or procure the despatch to each Scheme Optionholder by pre-paid post to the person's address as shown in the Option Register at the Record Date, certificates representing the Newco Options issued to such Scheme Optionholder.

#### (c) Overseas Shareholders

Shareholders (other than Metoz) whose address as shown in the Register on the Record Date is in a place outside of Australia and its external territories, New Zealand and South Africa have been classified as Overseas Shareholders. The issue of Newco Shares to such Shareholders may be prohibited by the laws of the jurisdictions in which they reside or may require compliance with conditions or legal requirements which Newco regards as onerous.

Unless Newco is satisfied that the laws of an Overseas Shareholder's place of residence or registered address as shown in the Register do not prevent the issue and allotment of Newco Shares to that Overseas Shareholder (or if Newco considers that the compliance requirements are not too onerous), Newco will not issue Newco Shares to any Overseas Shareholder. Newco will instead issue and allot the Newco Shares in respect of each such Overseas Shareholder to a nominee appointed by Newco. The nominee will:

- as soon as reasonably practicable, sell the Newco Shares issued to it; and
- account to each Overseas Shareholder for the net proceeds of the sale of the Newco Shares allotted in respect of that Overseas Shareholder (after deduction of any applicable brokerage and other taxes and charges),

in full satisfaction of the Overseas Shareholder's rights to receive the Newco Shares. The nominee will have a discretion to determine the price at which the Newco Shares issued to it may be sold and the manner of any such sale. Neither Newco nor the nominee will be subject to any liability for failure to sell such Newco Shares at any particular price.

Metcash Shareholders who are resident in the Republic of South Africa should consider any terms and conditions imposed by the Exchange Control Division of the South African Reserve Bank in relation to any such shareholding and in particular are advised to notify the Exchange Control Division regarding the shareholding acquired in Newco.



#### 9.7 Post-Scheme Restructuring

#### (a) Introduction

Once the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, Newco will own all of the ordinary shares in Metcash:

- as to 52% indirectly, by acquiring the Metoz Interest in Metcash; and
- the balance directly, by acquiring all the Metcash Shares held by Non-Metoz Shareholders.

Upon the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective, Newco will acquire Metoz's current investment structure in Metcash. This means that Newco's indirect stake in Metcash will be held via a number of entities in various jurisdictions such as South Africa and the Netherlands.

After the Capital Reorganisation is completed, Newco will undertake an internal restructure of the resulting corporate group. This will result in Newco owning all of the Metcash Shares directly and is designed to facilitate efficient dividend distributions between Metcash and Newco, which will then both be Australian tax resident companies.

Once the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, to ensure that no dividend withholding taxes are payable, which would otherwise result under the inherited structure due to the payment of dividends by Metcash through a number of offshore jurisdictions, any dividends paid by Metcash will be made after completion of the Post-Scheme Restructuring.

The structure of Newco's ownership of Metcash upon the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective pre and post the Post-Scheme Restructuring is as shown below.

> Newso ownership structure following Newco ownership structure upon the Post-Scheme Restructuring Schemes becoming Effective Newco Maxao Australia Mateoz Holdings [Limites] 48% 100% Odhar Offshore Australia Meterah Measselfi

#### (b) Details of Post-Scheme Restructuring

The restructuring is intended to happen shortly after the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective.

The Directors have obtained both Australian and off-shore tax and legal advice in relation to the internal restructure. This advice, and thus the view formed by the Directors, is that there should be no material costs or adverse consequences associated with the Post-Scheme Restructuring.

## 10 The Takeover Offer for Foodland

#### 10.1 Background

Metcash announced on 6 December 2004 that it intends to make an off-market takeover offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland. The Takeover Offer is structured such that Metcash will retain Foodland Australia and ownership of Foodland New Zealand will be transferred to Foodland Shareholders after the Takeover Offer and compulsory acquisition of outstanding minority shareholdings has been completed.

Metcash proposes to offer Foodland Shareholders the following consideration:

- 2.446 Metcash A Shares or \$7.18 cash per Foodland Share; and
- one Metcash NZ Share per Foodland Share.

The Takeover Offer will be conditional on certain matters, including that at least 90% of Foodland Shareholders accept the Takeover Offer.

The Metcash A Shares are being issued to provide flexibility until the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation is known. If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, then the Metcash A Shares will be exchanged for Newco Shares following the successful completion of the Takeover Offer and compulsory acquisition of any outstanding minority shareholdings. If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective, then the Metcash A Shares will convert into Metcash Shares.

The NZ Shares are intended to facilitate Foodland New Zealand being transferred to Foodland Shareholders following the successful completion of the Takeover Offer and compulsory acquisition of any outstanding minority shareholdings. The NZ Shares will be subsequently cancelled in exchange for shares in NZ Holdco which will own Foodland New Zealand, and which will apply to be separately listed on the ASX.

#### 10.2 Overview of Foodland

Foodland is a supermarket operator and grocery wholesaler trading in Western Australia, Queensland, Northern New South Wales and New Zealand.

#### (a) Foodland in Australia

Foodland in Australia is comprised of two divisions:

#### (I) Franchise & Supply (Foodland Wholesale)

The Franchise & Supply division is a grocery wholesaler to 227 independent supermarket operators in Western Australia operating under Foodland's own franchise banner groups: Dewsons and Dewsons Express; Supa Valu; Foodland; and Four Square. In addition, Foodland supplies an additional 400 independent customers and associates.

#### (2) Action Stores

Foodland's supermarket division owns and operates 82 grocery stores trading under the Action brand name in Western Australia (37), Queensland and Northern New South Wales (45).

#### (b) Foodland in New Zealand

In New Zealand, Foodland owns and operates a store network and a grocery wholesale business. The corporate store network comprises supermarkets operating under the brands of Woolworths, Woolworths Quickstop, Foodtown, Countdown and Micro Stores.

<sup>6</sup> Based on a Metcash share price of \$2.94 prior to Announcement on 3 December 2004. If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, the exchange ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (**CULS**).



#### 10.3 Rationale for the Takeover Offer

Over the course of the last two years the Metcash Board and management have been actively reviewing a number of strategic growth initiatives, one of which has been the acquisition of Foodland's Australian assets.

The proposed acquisition of Foodland, the retention of Foodland Australia and the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to existing Foodland shareholders is part of Metcash's strategy to establish a stronger player in Australia's chain-dominated retail markets.

The Board believes the acquisition of Foodland Australia should deliver benefits to Metcash, Shareholders and Optionholders including that it:

- is complementary to Metcash's core business;
- increases business scale and expands its grocery wholesaling network into Western Australia;
- expands Metcash's independent retailer network;
- improves buying power;
- provides potential for supply chain and logistic efficiencies to be realised;
- provides an opportunity to achieve cost savings; and
- provides an opportunity to transform the IGA "chain" into a truly national player.

#### 10.4 Intentions if the Takeover Offer is successful

If the Takeover Offer is successful, Metcash intends to, inter alia:

- proceed with compulsory acquisition of the outstanding Foodland Shares in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 6A of the Corporations Act, including any Foodland Shares which are issued after the close of the Takeover Offer;
- arrange for Foodland to be removed from the Official List of the ASX;
- following the completion of compulsory acquisition commence all steps necessary to transfer the business of Foodland New Zealand to former Foodland Shareholders;
- undertake an immediate general operational and business review of Foodland Australia's structure and operations. This review is likely to result in rationalising a number of functions within Foodland Australia where there is overlap with Metcash's Australian business; and
- Metcash also intends to sell the Action Stores to independent owners and to secure supply agreements with these stores.

The above description is a summary only. Further details regarding Metcash's intentions regarding Foodland are contained in Metcash's Bidder's Statement.

# 11 Potential Outcomes arising from the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer

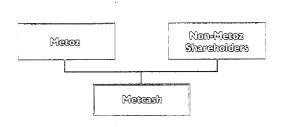
Given that Metcash is seeking to implement the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer at the same time there are a number of different outcomes which could occur including:

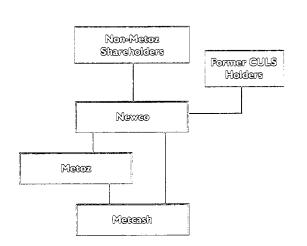
- Metcash standalone: Neither the Capital Reorganisation nor the Takeover Offer are successful
- Outcome I: Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful
- Outcome 2: Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful
- Outcome 3: Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful

The Directors are of the view that Outcome 3 is the most desirable for Metcash Shareholders.

#### 11.1 Structure

Set out below are the structures that may result from the four potential outcomes involving the combination of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer.





#### Metcash standalone

In this scenario, the proposed Capital Reorganisation will not proceed and Metoz will remain the majority shareholder in Metcash. As the Takeover Offer is unsuccessful, no Metcash A Shares will be issued to Foodland Shareholders.

#### Outcome 1: Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer unsuccessful

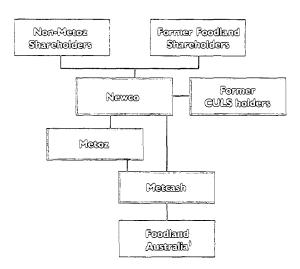
In this scenario, Newco would be the listed holding company for the Metcash group, comprising the existing Metcash business and Metoz.

This assumes that Foodland New Zealand has been transferred to Foodland Shareholders.

Australia<sup>1</sup>

#### Outcome 2: Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful

In this scenario, Newco will not acquire the issued share capital of Metoz Holdings (or the indirect 52% interest in Metcash), Metcash will continue to be a listed entity and Metoz will continue to hold its shareholding in Metcash. Foodland Australia will be owned by Metcash. Any Foodland shareholders accepting Metcash A Shares under the Takeover Offer will have these shares converted into Metcash Shares.



#### Outcome 3: Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful

In this scenario, Newco will be the listed holding company of the Metcash group, which will comprise the existing Metcash business, Metoz and Foodland Australia. Any Foodland Shareholders accepting Metcash A Shares under the Takeover Offer will have their shares exchanged for Newco Shares.

1 This assumes that Foodland New Zealand has been transferred to Foodland Shareholders

Note: These diagrams do not contemplate the CUPS, which are issued by Metcash and in certain events can convert into equity in Newco. Further detail in relation to the CUPS are set out in Section 12. The extent to which the CULS will convert into Newco Shares will vary as discussed in Section 12.11. In addition, these diagrams show the position prior to the Post-Scheme Restructuring taking place.

#### 11.2 Financial implications

Detailed financial implications of each of the above scenarios are included in Section 13 of this Scheme Booklet.

#### 11.3 Implications for shareholding

- If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders will be exchanged for Newco Shares. Newco Shares are intended to be quoted on the ASX and, subject to the ASX granting quotation of the Newco Shares, Scheme Shareholders will be able to trade their Newco Shares on the ASX. Shareholders may be diluted depending upon whether the Shareholder participates in the proposed Rights Issue of the CULS to fund the Metoz Scheme (this proposed CULS issue is described in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet) and the extent to which such CULS are redeemed or converted into shares in Newco.
- If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective, Metcash Shares will not be exchanged for Newco Shares and Shareholders will retain their shareholding in Metcash.
- If the Takeover Offer is successful, and the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, the Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland Shareholders pursuant to the Takeover Offer will be exchanged for Newco Shares. Accordingly, Metcash Shareholders will have their interest in Newco diluted by such exchange of the Metcash A Shares. The extent of the dilution will be dependent on the proportion of Foodland Shareholders that choose to take Metcash A Shares rather than cash as part consideration for their Foodland Shares.

If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective, the Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland Shareholders pursuant to the Takeover Offer will convert into ordinary Metcash shares and accordingly, Metcash Shareholders will have their interest in Metcash diluted by the conversion of the Metcash A Shares. The extent of the dilution will depend upon the proportion of Foodland Shareholders that choose to take Metcash A Shares as opposed to cash as part consideration for their Foodland Shares but will not be impacted by the CULS since they will be redeemed in this circumstance.

#### Implications for transfer of Foodland New Zealand (assuming the Takeover Offer is successful)

Metcash intends to transfer Foodland New Zealand to NZ Shareholders by way of Capital Reduction. This is intended to be achieved by the transfer to NZ Shareholders of shares in NZ Holdco (the holding company of the Foodland New Zealand business) in consideration for the cancellation of the NZ Shares. The Capital Reduction requires a special resolution of the Shareholders of Metcash (being at least 75% of Shareholders present and voting at the Shareholders' meeting).

- If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, the resolution to approve the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to holders of NZ Shares can be approved by Newco as sole shareholder of Metcash;
- If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective, all Shareholders will be eligible to vote on the resolution to approve the transfer of Foodland New Zealand to holders of NZ Shares. Metoz Holdings has indicated it will vote in favour of this resolution.

#### 11.4 Ownership of Metoz

- If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, Newco will own (directly or indirectly) 100% of the issued capital of Metoz.
- If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective, Metoz Holdings will continue to be a South African listed company whose only material asset is the Metoz Interest in Metcash. Metoz's shareholding in Metcash is likely to be diluted if the Takeover Offer is successful. The extent of the dilution will depend on the proportion of Foodland Shareholders that choose to take Metcash A Shares rather than cash as part consideration for their Foodland Shares. If the Takeover Offer succeeds, then a capital management program, such as a buy-back, would be undertaken to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. Metcash will buy-back ordinary shares equal to the number of Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland Shareholders. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period.

Additional detail on Metoz is contained in Section 8 of this Scheme Booklet. Details on Newco's intentions with regard to Metoz are set out in Section 7.

#### 11.5 Tax implications

The tax implications for Shareholders and Optionholders in each of the scenarios are set out in the letter from Greenwoods & Freehills contained in Section 15 of this Scheme Booklet.



# 12 Funding arrangements

#### 12.1 Introduction

All funding requirements in respect of the Capital Reorganisation have been underwritten.

This Section sets out information relating to these funding arrangements and the funding arrangements relating to the Takeover Offer.

#### 12.2 Funding the Capital Reorganisation

The consideration payable by Metcash to support the Capital Reorganisation will be financed by:

- a new 3 year senior unsecured syndicated loan note subscription facility (the **Syndicated Facility**) of up to \$825 million. The Syndicated Facility is to be provided to Metcash by a syndicate of lenders and has been fully underwritten by ANZ;
- a pro-rata rights issue of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS) to eligible Shareholders to raise approximately \$744 million. Deutsche Bank has underwritten the CULS issue to this level. Metoz Holdings has agreed that it will not be taking up its entitlement under the CULS issue; and
- the issue of Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS) of up to \$50 million. Deutsche Bank has agreed to subscribe for all of

Further details of these arrangements are set out below.

#### 12.3 Funding the Takeover Offer

The consideration payable by Metcash to support the Takeover Offer will be financed by:

- the Syndicated Facility referred to above (to the extent that funds available under such facility are not required for the Capital Reorganisation);
- a new \$235 million 18 month cash advance facility (the Action Facility). The Action Facility is to be provided by ANZ initially to a new subsidiary (Action Holdco) to be established by Metcash for the purpose of consolidating and then disposing of Foodland's Action Store business and/or the shares in Foodland's subsidiaries that own or operate that business. Action Holdco may be replaced as borrower (Action Borrower) under the Action Facility by a subsidiary of Foodland subsequently identified for the purpose of effecting this consolidation and disposal. The Action Facility is intended to be repaid using the proceeds of disposal of that business by the relevant Action Borrower;
- the proceeds of the institutional Equity Placement of Metcash Shares effected on 6 December 2004 which raised a total of approximately \$270 million; and
- the proceeds of the SPP offered by Metcash to Shareholders in the period 16 December 2004 to 11 January 2005, which raised approximately \$21 million.

Metcash has also obtained a commitment from ANZ to provide (either directly or through its New Zealand subsidiary, ANZ National Bank Limited) a new NZ\$440 million 6 month cash advance facility (the NZ Facility) to refinance indebtedness of Foodland New Zealand provided (directly or indirectly) by current lenders (including, in certain circumstances, Foodland Australia) in the event that the Takeover Offer is successful. The refinancing of the NZ Facility may be required if the current lenders to Foodland New Zealand exercise any rights they have to require early repayment of their facilities as a result of the Takeover Offer and may also be required in order to ensure compliance with the terms of the Syndicated Facility and the Action Facility.

In addition to the above, a new 364 day working capital facility of up to \$150 million (or \$100 million if the Takeover Offer is unsuccessful) (the Working Capital Facility) is to be provided to Metcash by ANZ for the purposes of funding (subject to certain restrictions) ongoing working capital requirements of Metcash and its subsidiaries.

Although the Working Capital Facility, the Action Facility and NZ Facility are not required for the purposes of funding the Capital Reorganisation, some details of them are set out in this Section 12 as the entry into these facilities and their related arrangements by Metcash and its subsidiaries (including, if acquired, Foodland and its subsidiaries) may constitute financial assistance for which approval is being sought under Resolutions 3-5 as described in Section 14.

Further details of these arrangements are set out below.

#### 12.4 Funding from Metcash to Newco

Metcash has agreed to provide loan funds to Newco to enable it to fund the Capital Reorganisation. These loans will be advanced as follows:

- an interest free loan of \$794 million being an advance of the proceeds of the CULS issue and the CUPS issue; and
- an interest bearing loan of up to \$527 million being the proceeds of drawings under the Syndicated Facility required to ensure that the total funding required to meet payments related to the Capital Reorganisation are available.

On completion of the Schemes, Newco and Metcash intend that the interest bearing loan will be repaid as soon as practicable.

The terms of the loan agreements are set out in Annexure B.

Metcash has also agreed to pay, and to indemnify Newco with respect to:

- all costs and expenses incurred by Newco in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution and performance of the Implementation Agreement and the proposed, attempted or actual implementation of the Implementation Agreement, the Schemes and this Scheme Booklet up to a maximum aggregate amount of \$20,000 (or such higher amounts as Metcash approves in advance); and
- all taxes and stamp duties in respect of the Implementation Agreement or Metcash Schemes.

#### 12.5 Sources and uses of funds

Set out below are the sources and uses of funds applicable for the potential outcomes under the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer which have been prepared on the following basis:

- they assume 100% cash acceptances by Foodland Shareholders under the Takeover Offer;
- the CULS are issued before the Scheme Meetings and are used to fund the Capital Reorganisation if it becomes Effective. If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective all of the issued CULS are redeemed;
- the CUPS are issued to fund the Capital Reorganisation; and
- they take into account the subsequent redemption of the CULS and/or CUPS depending on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer. These redemptions may be funded, in certain circumstances by drawing under the Syndicated Facility.

#### (a) Outcome 1 - Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful

Sources of funds	\$ million	Uses of funds	\$ million
Syndicated Facility	527	Capital Reorganisation	1,125
Action Facility	0	Takeover Offer	0
CULS	372	Transaction costs	64
CUPS	0		
Cash	291		
Sources of funds	1,189²	Uses of funds	1,189
N			

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Facility limit \$600 million – \$73 million remains undrawn

<sup>2</sup> Numbers contained in this Section 12 are rounded to zero decimal places. If a set of numbers do not appear to add together precisely, this is a function of rounding.



In this Outcome, 25% of the CULS will be converted to ordinary shares in Newco upon implementation of the Capital Reorganisation and a further 25% approximately six months later. It is assumed the remaining CULS are redeemed (and the redemption premium is paid) after approximately six months.

The CUPS are issued once the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective but are assumed to be redeemed after six months.

The source and use of funds table above is presented after the conversion of 50% of the CULS and redemption of the remaining 50% of the CULS and the redemption of the CUPS.

Under this Outcome, the Syndicated Facility limit reduces from \$825 million to \$600 million, hence \$527 million will be drawn under the Syndicated Facility and cash of \$291 million will fund the balance.

#### (b) Outcome 2 - Capital Reorganisation not Effective and Takeover Offer successful

Sources of funds	\$ million	Uses of funds	\$ million
Syndicated Facility <sup>1</sup>	425	Capital Reorganisation	0
Action Facility	235	Takeover Offer	846
CULS	0	Transaction and restructure costs	104
CUPS	0		
Cash	291		
Sources of funds	950	Uses of funds	950
Note:			

In this Outcome, 100% of the CULS will be redeemed (and a redemption premium will be paid). The source and uses of funds table above is presented after the redemption of the CULS.

No CUPS are drawn in this Outcome as the CUPS can only be issued if the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective.

Under this Outcome, the Syndicated Facility reduces to \$490 million and hence, \$425 million will be sourced under the Syndicated Facility and \$235 million under the Action Facility.

This outcome assumes 100% cash take-up under the Takeover Offer. If there is scrip take-up under the Takeover Offer, then a capital management program, such as a buy-back, would be undertaken to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. Metcash will buyback ordinary shares equal to the number of Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland Shareholders. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period.

#### (c) Outcome 3 - Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful

Sources of funds	\$ million	Uses of funds	\$ million
Syndicated Facility	756	Capital Reorganisation	1,125
Action Facility	235	Takeover Offer	846
CULS	744	Transaction and restructure costs	104
CUPS	50		
Cash	291		
Sources of funds	2,075	Uses of funds	2,075
Note:			

<sup>1</sup> Facility limit \$490 million - \$65 million remains undrawn

<sup>1</sup> Facility limit \$775 million - \$19 million remains undrawn. Initially, \$825 million is available, however the limit reduces to \$775 million due to the conversion of the CUPS into Newco Shares.

In this Outcome, 25% of the CULS will be converted to ordinary shares in Newco upon implementation of the Capital Reorganisation and a further 25% approximately six months later. It is assumed the remaining CULS are also converted to ordinary shares in Newco after approximately six months from their issue date.

The CUPS will be issued once the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective and are assumed to be converted to ordinary shares in Newco after six months.

The source and uses of funds table above is presented after the conversion of the CULS and CUPS.

Of the debt funding, \$756 million will be sourced under the Syndicated Facility and \$235 million under the Action Facility.

This outcome assumes 100% cash take-up under the Takeover Offer. If there is scrip take-up under the Takeover Offer, Metcash would consider capital management initiatives via a share buy-back to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period.

#### 12.6 Syndicated Facility

Further details of the Syndicated Facility and ANZ's commitment to underwrite it are set out below.

#### (a) Commitment letter

Metcash has received and accepted a signed commitment letter from ANZ under which ANZ has agreed to underwrite the Syndicated Facility and use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Syndicated Facility as soon as reasonably practicable. ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of the following terms and conditions:

- (I) (No Breach) there is no breach by Metcash of the terms of the commitment letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (2) (**Documentation**) the facility agreement, guarantee and other documents relating to the Syndicated Facility (the **Finance Documents**) being executed by all relevant parties and being in form and substance satisfactory to ANZ having regard to the agreed Term Sheet attached to the commitment letter and the satisfaction of the conditions precedent in the Finance Documents (provided that this condition does not affect ANZ's undertaking to use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Syndicated Facility as soon as reasonably practicable);
- (3) (no material adverse effect) nothing having occurred from the date of the commitment letter to the date of execution of the Finance Documents that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position, assets, revenues, business or prospects of Metcash and its subsidiaries and related entities, taken as a group, that would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the likelihood of achieving successful syndication;
- (4) (no market material adverse effect) nothing having occurred from the date of the commitment letter to the date of execution of the Finance Documents in the national or international financial, banking or capital market which in the reasonable opinion of ANZ would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on the likelihood of achieving successful syndication;
- (5) (**Syndication Support**) Metcash's agreement to a syndication strategy to be prepared by ANZ incorporating Metcash management commitment, responsibilities, target banks, timetable and bank presentations;
- (6) (Clear Markets) (subject to agreed carve-outs) from the date of the commitment letter until the earlier of successful syndication and the date that is six months after the date of first drawdown under the Syndicated Facility, no member of the Group will syndicate, issue or announce or authorise the announcement of the syndication or issuance of loans (including the establishment of a series of bilateral arrangements), debt securities or other forms of financial indebtedness in the same debt or syndications market as that targeted by ANZ (it being acknowledged that ANZ proposes targeting the Australian and international loan syndication markets for the syndication of the Syndicated Facility) or mandate any person to provide the same without the prior written approval of ANZ.

In addition, ANZ may terminate its commitment if:

- (1) the Capital Reorganisation or the Takeover Offer are cancelled in their entirety by Metcash; or
- (2) the Syndicated Facility agreement is not signed by all parties to it by 15 April 2005 (or, following a reasonable request by Metcash for an extension of this date, such later date agreed in writing between ANZ and Metcash, each acting in good faith and subject to ANZ obtaining any further credit or underwriting approvals, as may be necessary);



- (3) Metcash fails to comply with any of its obligations under the commitment letter which ANZ considers to be material;
- (4) any information provided by Metcash or its advisers to ANZ is inaccurate or incomplete in any material respect;
- (5) any of the conditions specified in paragraph 12.6(a)(1) (6) above are not satisfied; or
- (6) Metcash fails to disclose any fact or information to ANZ which might reasonably be relevant to their decision to arrange and underwrite the Syndicated Facility.

#### (b) Facility limit and term

The Syndicated Facility is to have an initial limit of \$825 million, subject to reduction as set out below:

- \$225 million if the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective and the Takeover Offer has not become unconditional by 15 June 2005 (or such later date as may be agreed); and/or
- \$335 million if the Metoz Scheme is voted down or not otherwise Effective by 15 April 2005 (or such later date as may be agreed);
- the amount of CUPS converted into ordinary shares in Newco; and/or
- on the date 24 months after signing of the Syndicated Facility agreement \$50 million; and/or
- on the date 30 months after signing of the Syndicated Facility agreement \$50 million; and/or
- the amount of any mandatory prepayments required under the terms of the Syndicated Facility agreement.

The Syndicated Facility is to have a term of three years from signing of the facility agreement, subject to certain mandatory prepayments required to reflect reductions in the facility limit described above and prepayments that may be required out of insurance proceeds in certain circumstances.

#### (c) Purpose

The Syndicated Facility may be drawn on for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer and certain other purposes.

#### (d) Borrower

The Syndicated Facility will be provided to Metcash as borrower.

#### (e) Guarantors

Subject to certain exceptions, each of Metcash's wholly owned subsidiaries other than NZ Holdco (including, following the Takeover Offer if it is successful and subject to the passing of all necessary financial assistance resolutions, Foodland and its wholly owned subsidiaries other than Foodland NZ Finance Limited, Foodland (N.Z.) Holdings Limited and its subsidiaries (together with NZ Holdco, the Foodland NZ Companies)) will be required to enter into a guarantee and indemnity in respect of the Syndicated Facility and to give various representations and undertakings referred to below. In addition, Metcash's subsidiaries may be required to subordinate intercompany claims, transfer assets to, or assume other liabilities of, other Metcash subsidiaries and/or make available directly or indirectly their cash flows (whether through dividends, capital distributions, inter-company loans or otherwise) or other resources in order to enable Metcash to comply with its payment and other obligations in respect of the Syndicated Facility.

If the Capital Reorganisation occurs, Newco will also be required to become a guarantor and provide the guarantee and indemnity, representations and undertakings referred to below.

#### (f) Lenders and syndication

As noted above, the Syndicated Facility has been underwritten by ANZ.

ANZ intends to syndicate the Syndicated Facility to other lenders and Metcash has given certain undertakings to assist ANZ with the syndication process. Successful syndication is not a condition precedent to funding under the Syndicated Facility.

#### (g) Conditions precedent to availability

ANZ's commitment to underwrite the Syndicated Facility is subject to a number of conditions precedent and termination rights described in 12.6(a) above. In addition, Metcash's ability to draw down under the Syndicated Facility will be subject to a number of conditions precedent. These include the correctness of representations and warranties and the non-occurrence of any event of default or potential event of default.

As at the date of this Scheme Booklet, Metcash is not aware of any reason why those conditions precedent will not be satisfied in time to allow the proceeds to be available to lend the Metoz Scheme Offer Amount to Newco to pay the consideration under the Metoz Scheme, as and when required, under the terms of the Metoz Scheme.

#### (h) Other terms

The Syndicated Facility includes events of default and requires Metcash and the guarantors to provide undertakings, representations and warranties (including a negative pledge and undertakings not to acquire or dispose of assets, incur financial obligations or make distributions to shareholders, subject to agreed exceptions) consistent with a facility of this nature or required by ANZ due to the particular circumstances of this transaction.

#### 12.7 Action Facility

The Action Facility is not required for the purposes of funding the Capital Reorganisation. However, some further details of the Action Facility and ANZ's commitment to provide it are set out below as entry into the Action Facility and related arrangements by Metcash and its subsidiaries (including, if acquired, Foodland and its subsidiaries) may constitute financial assistance for which approval is being sought under Resolutions 3 to 5 as described in Section 14.

#### (a) Commitment letter

Metcash has received and accepted a signed commitment letter from ANZ under which ANZ has agreed to provide the Action Facility and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Action Facility as soon as reasonably practicable. ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent and may be terminated in various circumstances.

#### (b) Facility limit and term

The Action Facility is to have a limit of up to \$235 million, subject to reduction in certain circumstances.

The Action Facility is to have a term of up to 18 months from signing of the facility agreement, subject to certain mandatory prepayments required to reflect reductions in the facility limit out of cash flows of the Action Store business, and out of the proceeds of sale of Action Stores.

#### (c) Purpose

The Action Facility may be drawn on for the purposes of the Takeover Offer and/or the purchase of the Action Store business.

#### (d) Borrower

The Action Facility will initially be provided to Action Holdco as borrower. Action Holdco may be replaced by a subsidiary of Foodland which is to be the holding company of the Action Store business or which is the sole company comprising that business.

#### (e) Guarantors

Subject to certain exceptions., it is intended that each of Metcash and its wholly owned subsidiaries (including, following the Takeover Offer, if it is successful and subject to the passing of all necessary financial assistance resolutions, Foodland and its wholly owned subsidiaries other than the Foodland NZ Companies) will be required to enter into a guarantee and indemnity in respect of, and in some cases grant security over their assets to secure, the Action Facility and to give various representations and undertakings referred to below. In addition, Metcash's subsidiaries may be required to subordinate intercompany claims, transfer assets to, or assume other liabilities of, other Metcash subsidiaries and/or make available directly or indirectly their cashflows (whether through dividends, capital







distributions, inter-company loans or otherwise) or other resources in order to enable the borrower to comply with its payment and other obligations in respect of the Action Facility.

#### (f) Lender

The Action Facility is to be provided by ANZ.

#### (g) Other terms

The Action Facility includes events of default and requires the borrower and the guarantors to provide undertakings and representations and warranties (including a negative pledge and undertakings not to acquire or dispose of assets, incur financial obligations or make distributions to shareholders, subject to agreed exceptions) consistent with a facility of this nature or required by ANZ due to the particular circumstances of this transaction.

#### 12.8 NZ Facility

The NZ Facility is not required for the purposes of funding the Capital Reorganisation. However, further details of the NZ Facility and ANZ's commitment to provide it are set out below as the arrangements relating to the NZ Facility may constitute financial assistance for which approval is being sought under Resolutions 3 to 5 as described in Section 14.

#### (a) Commitment letter

Metcash has received and accepted a signed commitment letter from ANZ under which ANZ has agreed to provide the NZ Facility to Foodland (N.Z.) Holdings Limited and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute, or procure the execution of, the documentation required for the NZ Facility as soon as reasonably practicable, provided that the documentation will not be executed if a determination is made by the relevant borrower that the borrower does not require the NZ Facility for the purpose specified below. ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent and may be terminated in various circumstances.

#### (b) Facility limit and term

The NZ Facility is to have a limit of up to NZ\$440 million.

The NZ Facility is to have a term of up to six months from the date that the offer for shares in Foodland becomes unconditional.

#### (c) Purpose

The NZ Facility may be drawn on for the purposes of refinancing indebtedness of Foodland New Zealand provided (directly or indirectly) by existing lenders (including, in certain circumstances, Foodland Australia) in the circumstances described in Section 12.3 above.

#### (d) Borrower

The NZ Facility will be provided (if required) to Foodland (N.Z.) Holdings Limited as borrower.

#### (e) Guarantors

It is intended that if the Takeover Offer is successful then the Foodland NZ Companies (other than the borrower) will be required to enter into a guarantee and indemnity in respect of, and may be required to grant security over their assets to secure, the NZ Facility and to give various representations and undertakings referred to below.

In addition, Metcash will provide an undertaking to use reasonable endeavours to procure, and intends to procure, that relevant intellectual property is transferred or licensed from Foodland Australia to Foodland New Zealand.

#### (f) Lender

The NZ Facility is to be provided by ANZ or its subsidiary ANZ National Bank Limited.

#### (g) Other terms

<del>JADI</del>STRIBUTION.

The NZ Facility includes events of default and requires the borrower and the guarantors to give undertakings and representations and warranties (including a negative pledge and undertakings not to acquire or dispose of assets, incur financial obligations or make distributions to shareholders, subject to agreed exceptions) consistent with a facility of this nature or required by ANZ due to the particular circumstances of this transaction.

#### 12.9 Working Capital Facility

The Working Capital Facility is not required for the purposes of funding the Capital Reorganisation. However further details of the Working Capital Facility and ANZ's commitment to provide it are set out below as entry into the Working Capital Facility and related arrangements by Metcash and its subsidiaries (including, if acquired, Foodland and certain of its subsidiaries) may constitute financial assistance for which approval is being sought under Resolutions 3 – 5 as described in Section 14.

#### (a) Commitment letter

Metcash has received and accepted a signed commitment letter from ANZ under which ANZ has agreed to provide the Working Capital Facility and ANZ and Metcash must use best endeavours to complete and execute the documentation required for the Working Capital Facility as soon as reasonably practicable. ANZ's commitment is conditional on satisfaction of a number of conditions precedent and may be terminated in various circumstances.

#### (b) Facility limit and term

The Working Capital Facility is to have a limit of up to \$150 million (subject to reduction in certain circumstances) and is for an initial term of up to 364 days.

#### (c) Purpose

Subject to certain restrictions, the Working Capital Facility may be drawn on for the general corporate purposes of Metcash and its subsidiaries (other than, if Foodland is acquired, the Foodland NZ Companies). Although the Working Capital Facility is not intended to be used to fund the Takeover Offer, Metcash may, in certain circumstances, use the Working Capital Facility to repay other funds borrowed for the purpose of funding the Takeover Offer.

#### (d) Borrower

The Working Capital Facility will be provided to Metcash as borrower.

#### (e) Guarantors

The Working Capital Facility is to have the benefit of the same guarantees and indemnities, representations and undertakings from the same guarantors as the Syndicated Facility. As described in relation to the Syndicated Facility, Metcash's subsidiaries may also provide other support for Metcash's obligations under the Working Capital Facility.

#### (f) Lender

The Working Capital Facility is to be provided by ANZ.

#### (g) Other terms

The Working Capital Facility is to be provided under a common facilities agreement with the Syndicated Facility and accordingly will contain the same events of default, representations and warranties and undertakings (including a negative pledge and undertakings not to acquire or dispose of assets, incur financial obligations or make distributions to shareholders, subject to agreed exceptions) and other provisions as the Syndicated Facility.





#### **12.10** Hedging arrangements

Metcash will implement appropriate arrangements to hedge its exposure to interest rate movements as required under the terms of the Syndicated Facility and other funding arrangements and as may otherwise be considered appropriate by its Board. To facilitate the entry into the hedging arrangements it is anticipated that some or all of Metcash's subsidiaries would provide guarantees and indemnities, and in some cases may provide security over their assets, in respect of the hedging arrangements.

#### 12.11 CULS Rights Issue

To fund the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash proposes to undertake a pro-rata 5:6 entitlement issue of CULS to eligible Shareholders (Rights Issue) at an issue price of \$2.54. However, the issue price of the CULS may be varied by agreement between Metcash and the Underwriter prior to the Offer being made. Metoz will not subscribe for its entitlement under the Rights Issue. The Rights Issue will raise approximately \$744 million, and is underwritten to this level by Deutsche Bank. Rights that are not exercised by eligible Shareholders (other than Metoz) and rights of excluded foreign shareholders will be offered to other investors via bookbuild processes. Any positive difference between the sale price achieved under the relevant bookbuild and the CULS Issue Price will be paid to nonparticipating shareholders (other than Metoz) who did not take up their rights as the value of their rights.

If eligible shareholders take up their rights to CULS in accordance with the Rights Issue, they will gain the benefit of any discount inherent in subscribing for CULS at the issue price. Any eligible shareholder who elects not to subscribe to its full entitlement to CULS will receive the value of the CULS (less the subscription price) as determined by the market as a result of the bookbuild process.

#### (a) Use of Proceeds

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective then the proceeds of the Rights Issue will be used to fund the Capital Reorganisation. If the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective by the date that is no later than six months following the date of issue of the CULS (Maturity Date), the proceeds will be used to redeem the CULS as set out below.

#### (b) Key terms of CULS

The key terms of the CULS are expected to be substantially as set out below.

#### (I) Nature of CULS

The CULS are convertible, unsecured, redeemable loan notes. Prior to the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective, the CULS will rank equally with all other non-secured creditors of Metcash. If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, the CULS will be subordinated to all creditors of Metcash other than those who are expressed to rank equally with or behind the CULS.

No interest will be payable on the CULS other than default interest payable upon a failure to pay amounts due and payable upon the CULS,

The CULS will either be redeemed or converted into ordinary shares in Newco as set out below.

#### (2) Redemption if Metcash Share Scheme not Effective

All of the CULS will be redeemed for the CULS Issue Price plus a redemption premium of 2.5% of the CULS Issue Price on the earlier of any of the following events occurring:

- the Metcash Share Scheme does not become Effective before the Maturity Date;
- the resolution submitted to the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting is not approved by the requisite majorities;
- the Resolutions are not approved by the requisite majority at the Extraordinary General Meeting;
- prior to the Second Court Date, a majority of the Metcash Board withdraws its recommendation of the Metcash Schemes or makes a public statement indicating that it no longer supports the Metcash Schemes;
- a Court or Government Agency has taken any action permanently restraining or otherwise prohibiting the Transaction, or has refused to do any thing necessary to permit the Transaction, and the action or refusal has become final and cannot be appealed;

- the Implementation Agreement being terminated in accordance with its terms; or
- the issuer forming the view, acting reasonably, that the Metcash Share Scheme will not become Effective by the Maturity Date.

#### (3) Conversion or redemption if Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective before the Maturity Date:

- 25% of the total number of CULS issued will be converted upon implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme;
- a further 25% of the total number of CULS issued will be converted on the Maturity Date;
- the remaining 50% of the total number of CULS issued will either be converted or redeemed (as determined by Metcash) on the Maturity Date.

Any CULS redeemed on the Maturity Date will be redeemed for the CULS Issue Price plus a redemption premium of 5% of the CULS Issue Price.

Any CULS converted will be converted into Newco shares on a one for one basis (subject to adjustment of this ratio in the event of a reconstruction of Newco shares).

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, Metcash may:

- by notice to CULS Holders, accelerate the Maturity Date if the Takeover Offer becomes unconditional; or
- extend the Maturity Date in respect of the final 50% of the CULS by 3 months if the Takeover Offer has not become unconditional by the Maturity Date. If the Maturity Date is extended any CULS redeemed on the extended Maturity Date as set out above will be redeemed for the CULS Issue Price plus a redemption premium of 7.5% of the CULS Issue Price.

In addition, if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, the 25% of the CULS that were due to be converted on the Maturity Date (as set out above) will be mandatorily converted at an earlier date if a takeover bid is made to acquire all or some of the ordinary shares in Metcash or all or some of the ordinary shares in Newco and the bid is, or becomes, unconditional and:

- (i) the bidder has at any time during the offer period, a relevant interest in more than 50% of the ordinary shares in Metcash on issue or the ordinary shares in Newco on issue, as the case may be; or
- (ii) the directors of Metcash or Newco, as the case may be, recommend that shareholders accept the bid.

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective:

- (i) CULS Holders will be able to elect to convert their CULS into ordinary shares in Newco if official quotation of the CULS is suspended or the Issuer or Newco proposes a shareholder resolution to dispose of its main undertaking (as defined in the ASX Listing Rules);
- (ii) CULS will be mandatorily converted into ordinary shares in Newco upon the occurrence of certain insolvency events.

Metcash will apply for the CULS to be listed on the ASX.

#### (c) Underwriting

Deutsche Bank (**CULS Underwriter**) has agreed to underwrite the Rights Issue up to the amount of approximately \$744 million.

Metcash has agreed to pay the CULS Underwriter a commission of 2.0% of the underwritten amount immediately upon the issue of the CULS and to reimburse the CULS Underwriter for reasonable fees and expenses incurred by it in connection with the Rights Issue up to a maximum amount of \$150,000. The CULS Underwriter is responsible for the payment of all sub-underwriting fees, handling fees, brokerage and other charges incurred by it to procure application for CULS.

The CULS Underwriter's obligation to underwrite the Rights Issue as set out above is subject to a number of conditions precedent and termination rights as set out in further detail in the summary of the key terms of the Underwriting Agreement set out in Part 1 of Annexure A to this Scheme Booklet.



#### 12.12 CUPS issue

EMARKETERS

If the Schemes become Effective, Metcash proposes to raise \$50 million through the issue of CUPS. The CUPS provide an additional source of funding and further flexibility to Metcash in undertaking the Capital Reorganisation.

#### (a) Subscription Agreement

Deutsche Bank (CUPS Holder) has agreed to subscribe for all of the CUPS pursuant to the Subscription Agreement. Deutsche Bank's obligation to subscribe for the CUPS is subject to a number of conditions precedent and termination rights as set out in further detail in the summary of the key terms of the Subscription Agreement in Part 2 of Annexure A to this Scheme Booklet.

Newco and Metcash also give a number of undertakings in favour of the CUPS Holder as summarised in further detail in Part 2 of Annexure A to this Scheme Booklet.

In a winding up of Newco or Metcash, any claim for breach of the above undertakings is subordinated to the claims of all persons claiming in the winding up other than creditors whose claims are expressed by their terms to be subordinated to the claims of creditors of Newco or Metcash (as applicable) generally and members of Newco.

#### (b) Key terms of the CUPS

The CUPS are convertible preference shares.

Under the CUPS Terms, the CUPS will rank behind the claims of the holders of NZ Shares and the holders of Metcash A Shares but in priority to claims of the holders of Metcash Shares and any other class of shares ranking behind the CUPS in all respects (including as to payment of dividends and return of capital on winding up). Metcash has entered into the Subscription Agreement under which it gives various undertakings in favour of the CUPS Holder as set out in further detail in section 12.12(a). Claims for damages for breach of these undertakings will rank ahead of the claims of all members of Metcash in a winding up (including the holders of NZ Shares and Metcash A Shares).

A preferential non-cumulative dividend will be payable on the CUPS in arrears based on a rate equal to (Base Rate + Margin) x (1 corporate tax rate) where the Base Rate is the 30 day bank bill rate on the first day of each calculation period and the Margin is the margin on the Syndicated Facility plus 1%. Payment of dividends will be subject to declaration by the Metcash Board. The first dividend payment date is the first business day after the first reset date (as set out below). If any dividend is not fully franked, Metcash must pay an additional amount to the CUPS Holder to compensate.

Metcash may, by notice to the holder, reset various terms of the CUPS on each reset date (the first of which is six months from the date of issue) including the dividend rate, conversion discount, dividend payment dates and reset dates. Metcash may extend the first reset date by three months if Metcash has not acquired 100% of the Foodland Shares pursuant to the Takeover Offer or the Takeover Offer has not lapsed or been withdrawn before that date.

The CUPS Holder will be entitled to request that all of the CUPS are exchanged on a reset date or on the occurrence of certain trigger events which include the amount paid for the CUPS exceeding 5% of the market capitalisation of Newco on any date (being the sum of the closing price on ASX of Newco shares multiplied by the number of Newco shares on issue plus the closing price of CULS on the ASX multiplied by the number of CULS on issue), non-payment of dividends, insolvency events, suspension of Newco Shares from trading, events of default under the Syndicated Facility and breach of undertakings in the Exchange Deed and the Subscription Agreement. Upon the CUPS Holder requesting exchange, Metcash:

- may, at its discretion, elect to repurchase the CUPS (by way of redemption, buy-back or capital reduction or procuring Newco or a third party to purchase the CUPS) for an amount equal to the face value plus interest at the rate of (Base Rate + Margin) (as described above) for the period from the last dividend payment date to the conversion date (Redemption Amount); or
- failing such election, must convert the CUPS into Newco shares by applying the Redemption Amount to acquire Newco shares at a 5% discount to the average of the 20 business day volume weighted average sale price of Newco shares sold on the ASX (VWAP) prior to the conversion.

The CUPS Holder cannot require repurchase of the CUPS. Metcash may elect to repurchase some or all of the CUPS if the CUPS Holder requests conversion or at any time other than in the period of 29 business days before an exchange date provided the amount of CUPS on issue after the repurchase is not less than \$20,000,000.

If the CUPS Holder requests conversion before Metcash has acquired 100% of the Foodland Shares pursuant to the Takeover Offer or the Takeover Offer has lapsed or been withdrawn, the date on which those CUPS are redeemed or converted (as set out above) will be the earlier of the reset date (if applicable, as extended) or five business days after one of the events specified above in relation to the Takeover Offer has occurred. If this occurs, any CUPS converted into Newco shares will be converted at a 10% discount to WWAP (as defined above) and the number of shares into which those CUPS will convert will be determined by reference to the WWAP (as defined above) when the exchange would have occurred if the delay in the exchange referred to above was disregarded.

The CUPS Holder will have no right to vote other than in the limited circumstances required under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules. Metcash will be restricted from issuing further shares that rank equally or in priority to the CUPS other than in limited circumstances. Further share issues by Metcash and Newco (other than those contemplated at the time of execution of the Subscription Agreement) are not permitted without the approval of the CUPS Holder.

The CUPS will not be quoted on the ASX and the CUPS Holder will not be entitled to transfer legal title to the CUPS without the consent of Metcash.

#### **Exchange Deed**

Since the CUPS may convert into ordinary shares in Newco, Newco has entered into a deed poll in favour of the CUPS Holder (**Exchange Deed**) under which it gives a number of undertakings in relation to the CUPS.

Under the Exchange Deed, Newco agrees:

- to issue Newco shares to the CUPS Holder upon conversion of the CUPS as set out above;
- to pay, or procure the payment of the Redemption Amount (as defined above), if any notice to repurchase the CUPS given by Metcash specifies Newco or a third party as the purchaser of the CUPS.

If Newco does not comply with these obligations, the CUPS Holder has a claim against Newco in a winding up of an amount equal to the Repurchase Amount less any amount the CUPS Holder has been paid under the CUPS Terms, the Exchange Deed or the Subscription Agreement. This claim ranks after the payment of all creditors of Newco but ahead of holders of ordinary shares in Newco.

If Metcash does not pay any dividend on the CUPS as set out above, Newco may, but is not required to, pay an amount equal to the amount of the dividend.

Newco also gives a number of undertakings in favour of the CUPS Holder including that it will:

- do everything reasonable within its power to ensure that any ordinary shares in Newco to be issued on conversion will be, to the extent permitted by applicable law, including the Listing Rules, freely tradeable upon issue (including, to the extent required, to prepare a disclosure document to facilitate a sale) without the need for any further disclosure;
- comply with the terms and conditions of any ASX waiver in relation to the issue of ordinary shares in Newco on conversion;
- comply with all other obligations which are specified in the CUPS Terms to be done or not done by it and to do all other things which are necessary to be done by it to enable Metcash to comply with the CUPS Terms;
- procure that Metcash complies in all respects with the CUPS Terms;
- maintain all necessary corporate authorisations to enable it to perform any of the undertakings specified in this deed;
- not amend its constitution, and will not amend Metcash's constitution, in a manner which is adverse to the interests of the CUPS Holder;
- ensure Metcash does not issue any further CUPS;
- not create or issue any class of securities other than:
  - as contemplated in the proposed transactions as at the date of execution of the Exchange Deed;
  - as a result of an increase in the scrip consideration alternative being offered under the Takeover Offer;
  - the issue of ordinary shares in Newco on conversion of the CULS in accordance with their terms of issue;



- under an employee share or option plan of Newco; or
- under a dividend reinvestment plan of Newco,

JR-MARKETERS,

- not incur any financial indebtedness which is subordinated to the claim of its creditors generally and ranks equally with, or senior to, the CUPS Holder's rights under the Exchange Deed other than financial indebtedness to refinance the CUPS or to retire or refinance any financial indebtedness other than financial indebtedness which is subordinated to the claims of the creditors generally of Newco:
- if Newco or any of its subsidiaries is beneficially entitled to any CUPS, not exercise, or direct the exercise of, any right to vote attached to the CUPS; and
- not dispose of, transfer or assign its shares in Metcash if the Schemes become Effective.

In a winding up of Newco, any claim for breach of the above undertakings is subordinated to the claims of all persons claiming in the winding up other than as members of Newco.

# 13 Financial information

# 13.1 Introduction

For the purpose of assessing the financial impact of the Capital Reorganisation a number of potential Outcomes have been considered as set out below.

Potential Outcomes table	Capital Reorganisation	Takeover Offer	Section reference	Entity <sup>2</sup>
Metcash standalone	X.	×	13.4	Metcash
Outcomes				
I – Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer not successful		×	13.5, 13.8	Newco
2 – Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful	×	✓¹	13.6, 13.8	Metcash
3 – Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful	√	<b>√</b> ¹	13.7, 13.8	Newco
Legend:				

The Independent Accountant's Report prepared by PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd is contained in Section 18. The report has been prepared in respect of the historical and forecast statements of financial performance and statements of cashflows, proforma statements of financial position and earnings per share calculations presented in this Section 13 and its appendix.

<sup>#</sup> Impact of this event not relevant to the financial information for this Outcome

<sup>✓</sup> Impact of this event has been incorporated in the financial information for this Outcome

In Outcomes where the Takeover Offer is successful, sensitivity analysis has been performed to illustrate the impact on gearing and EPS under various levels of acceptances of Metcash A Shares pursuant

<sup>2</sup> Under Outcome 2, Metcash relates to Metcash after it has acquired Foodland Australia, unless specified as Metcash standalone



# 13.2 Summary financial information

The summary information presented below for each Outcome is for the forecast year ending 30 April 2006.

	! " . =	Outcome I	Outcome 2	Outcome 3
	Metcash standalone	Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer not sucessful	Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful <sup>4</sup>	Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful
	We the second of	AC Year ending i	NAP 80-Apall-2003	
Sales (\$ million)	7,232	7,232	9,191	9,191
EBITA (\$ million)	205	205	295	295
EPS (cents) <sup>a</sup>	20.5	21.3	23.8	23.9
Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (cents) <sup>1</sup>	n.a	19.1	20.5	18.4
EPS accretion % <sup>2,3</sup>	n.a.	12%	16%	30%
Net debt / EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	2.6x <sup>5</sup>	1.1×5	2.1x <sup>5</sup>

Detailed analysis and explanation regarding the financial information for each Outcome and Metcash on a standalone basis is contained in the remainder of this Section and its appendix.

#### (a) Overview of financial information prepared

Set out below is a summary of the financial information that has been presented in this Section for Metcash standalone and Outcomes 1, 2 and 3.

The Metcash, Foodland and Newco financial information has been presented in abbreviated form. It does not contain all the disclosures usually provided in an annual report prepared in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001.

The EBITDA figures included in the forecast statements of financial performance have been prepared on the basis of assumptions relating to the operating margins of the businesses, rather than specific calculations of the line items that might otherwise appear between "Sales" and "EBITDA". The computation of the figures included the application of a percentage to the sales figures.

### (b) Metcash standalone financial information

Reference to financial information relating to Metcash standalone, refers to Metcash and its controlled entities on a consolidated basis.

The following financial information relating to Metcash on a standalone basis has been presented on an AGAAP basis:

- Historical statements of financial performance, earnings per share and statement of cashflow for the years ended 30 April 2003 and 2004
- Historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004
- Forecast statements of financial performance, earnings per share and statement of cashflow for the years ending 30 April 2005

Assumptions underlying the preparation of forecast financial information for Metcash standalone and details of the adjustments required to re-state financial information under Australian IFRS are also explained.

<sup>1</sup> Metcash standalone EPS of 20.5 cents has been adjusted under each Outcome in accordance with AASB 133. The quantum of adjustment is dependent on the assumption of the value of CULS converted to equity which differs between Outcomes. Refer Section 12 for further details

<sup>2</sup> EPS accretion is measured relative to Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (which excludes any impact of the Equity Placement undertaken on 6 December 2004, the Share Purchase Plan announced on 6 December 2004 and any costs associated with the Capital Reorganisation or Takeover Offer)

<sup>3</sup> Earnings is defined as earnings pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs

<sup>4</sup> Assumes 100% cash takeup by Foodland shareholders under the Takeover Offer

<sup>5</sup> Ratio calculated on proforma net debt as at 31 October 2004

#### (c) Financial information for Outcomes 1, 2 and 3

For each of Outcomes 1, 2 and 3 the following financial information has been presented on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis:

- Forecast statement of financial performance, earnings per share and statement of cashflow for the year ending 30 April 2006
- Proforma statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004

Sensitivity analysis for Outcomes 2 and 3 and the principal differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they relate to Metcash standalone and Outcomes 1, 2 and 3 are also presented below.

For assumptions relating to Outcomes 1, 2 and 3 refer to Section 13.8 and the appendix to this Section.

# 13.3 Basis of preparation

# (a) Assumed Metcash share price and shares outstanding for preparation of financial information

Where relevant under Outcomes 1, 2 and 3, all financial information presented in this Section 13 that makes an assumption regarding the Newco / Metcash share price or shares outstanding assumes:

- a Metcash share price of \$3.32, which is the 1 month VWAP prior to 12 January 2005. This is also approximately a 1 month period from the date of the Announcement of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer
- the shares outstanding in Metcash as at 12 January 2005, which includes the shares which will be issued under the Share Purchase Plan that closed on 11 January 2005

Under AGAAP, to the extent the actual share price immediately prior to the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation is different to \$3.32, an adjustment to the proforma statements of financial position in Outcomes I and 3 will be required to reflect the amended purchase consideration and corresponding goodwill arising in connection with Newco's acquisition of Metcash equity under the Capital Reorganisation.

Under Australian IFRS, the accounting treatment of the Capital Reorganisation will not result in the creation of any goodwill, but will be treated as a reverse acquisition by Metcash and accordingly an adjustment to reflect the actual share price immediately prior to the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation will not be required.

# (b) Weighted average shares outstanding

The weighted average shares outstanding presented in this Section 13 assumes that the shares to be issued from the conversion of the CULS and CUPS are assumed to occur on 1 May 2005. The purpose of this is to present a proforma EPS number which captures the full impact of all shares assumed to be issued in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer. This assumption is conservative, as in practice the conversion into ordinary equity will occur during the financial year and therefore the actual weighted average shares outstanding for the year ending 30 April 2006 will be lower. Accordingly, the EPS will be higher (assuming all other assumptions in this Section 13 and its appendix remain constant).

# (c) Assumed Effective date of Capital Reorganisation and completion date for the Takeover Offer

The forecast financial information in this Section 13 assumes the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, the Takeover Offer is completed and all related funding costs are incurred on 1 May 2005. To the extent that this does not happen, the financial results for Newco / Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ended 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section. The proforma statement of financial position for each of Outcomes 1, 2 and 3 has been presented as at 31 October 2004.

#### (d) Assumed cash takeup under the Takeover Offer

The proforma statements of financial position, statements of financial performance, statements of cashflow and earnings per share presented under Outcomes 2 and 3 assumes 100% cash takeup under the Takeover Offer. Sensitivities illustrating the impact on EPS and gearing of differing levels of takeup of Metcash A Shares under the Takeover Offer are also presented for Outcomes 2 and 3 in Sections 13.6 and 13.7 respectively.



#### (e) Rounding

Numbers contained in this Section 13 and the appendix to the Section are rounded to zero decimal places, therefore if a set of numbers do not appear to add together precisely this is a function of rounding.

#### (f) Australian IFRS financial information

For reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2005, Metcash and Newco will be required to comply with Australian equivalent International Financial Reporting Standards (**Australian IFRS**) as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (**AASB**).

The financial information presented in this Scheme Booklet that is referred to as being presented on an Australian IFRS basis reflects the series of standards adopted by the AASB in July 2004.

Metcash management has completed a thorough review of the impact of Australian IFRS upon the financial results for Metcash on a standalone basis. Under the provisions of Australian IFRS, Metcash will present actual results for the year ending 30 April 2006 under Australian IFRS and is required to restate comparative financial information for the year ending 30 April 2005.

Newco was incorporated in December 2004 and its first financial year end is 30 April 2005. Newco will present actual results for the year ending 30 April 2006 under Australian IFRS and is required to restate comparative financial information for the year ending 30 April 2005.

Metcash management has relied upon publicly available information to assess the likely impact of Australian IFRS on the financial results for Foodland

The information set out in Section 13.10 provides a summary of the principal differences (being those of a significant or material nature) between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as applicable to the financial information presented for Metcash, Newco and Foodland.

Shareholders and Optionholders should be aware that future financial performance presented under Australian IFRS may be significantly impacted by future changes to those standards and their application to the preparation of financial information. In particular, goodwill is no longer amortised, however the carrying value will be assessed annually for impairment. Other intangible assets with finite lives will be continue to be amortised over their useful lives and assessed for impairment where there is an indicator. This may introduce considerable volatility into the future reported results of Metcash / Newco thereby adversely impacting distributable earnings. This issue is not specific to Metcash / Newco and similar issues are likely to apply to other companies reporting under Australian IFRS.

Shareholders and Optionholders should review the Australian IFRS forecasts and the basis for their preparation in conjunction with the description of the basis of preparation of the AGAAP forecasts set out below.

#### (g) Disclosure regarding forward looking statements

The forecast financial information and other statements in this document which constitute forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other important factors which may materially impact on actual outcomes, many of which are outside the control of Metcash. These factors will cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Metcash, Newco or Foodland to differ, perhaps materially, from the results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by those forecasts or forward looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties and other important factors include, among other things, those matters set out in Section 3.

The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements do not constitute a representation that future profits (or any other matter) will be achieved in the amounts or by the dates indicated and are presented as a guide to assist Shareholders and Optionholders in assessing the proposed Capital Reorganisation. The forecast financial information and other forward looking statements are based on information available to Metcash at the date of this Scheme Booklet and should be read in conjunction with the assumptions underlying their preparation as set out in Section 13.8.

#### (h) Foodland financial information

Financial information relating to Foodland has been sourced from publicly available information. Where considered appropriate, Metcash has adjusted certain Foodland financial information based on Metcash's industry knowledge and expertise. The primary sources of information about Foodland used by Metcash were as follows:

Foodland's annual reports for 2003 and 2004

- Foodland's results presentations in 2003 and 2004
- Reports on Foodland prepared by stock brokers
- Press releases and ASX announcements made by Foodland
- IRESS and Bloomberg
- Other publicly released information on Foodland

Metcash has not had access to information on Foodland other than that which is available in the public domain. Metcash has not had access to the directors, management or staff of Foodland, or to any Foodland detailed budgets, workpapers, accounting records or other documentation. Therefore, there is some uncertainty associated with the financial information relating to Foodland. Metcash does not, except as required by law, make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of this information. It is expected that Foodland will release up-to-date financial information and financial forecasts in its target statement that will be sent to Foodland shareholders and made available publicly.

#### (i) Differing financial year ends for Metcash and Foodland

The financial year end adopted by Metcash is 30 April compared to 1 August adopted by Foodland. Metcash has estimated its forecasts for Foodland primarily based on stockbroker's reports which are based on Foodland's year end of 1 August. Metcash has adjusted the forecasts by stock brokers, where considered appropriate, based on its industry knowledge and expertise. Metcash has not however adjusted the forecasts for the differing financial year ends between Metcash and Foodland and has therefore used the 1 August year end of Foodland as a proxy for its 30 April year end. For example, for 2005 Metcash has used the financial year end for Metcash as 30 April 2005 and used 1 August 2005 for Foodland as a proxy.

# (j) Merger synergies and restructure costs

Included within the Newco / Metcash forecast financial information is an estimate of the merger synergies and restructure costs that are expected to arise in the event the Takeover Offer is successful.

The estimated impact of the synergies and restructuring costs is based on Metcash's directors' industry knowledge and information on Foodland available in the public domain.

There is therefore some uncertainty associated with the forecast financial information and actual estimated merger synergies and restructure costs may differ from those estimated.

Any final decisions and estimates on these matters will only be reached in light of all the material facts and information once Metcash has had an opportunity to conduct a detailed review of Foodland's operations and any relevant internal information.

# (k) Foodland property activities

Foodland currently undertakes various property related activities, including ownership of investment properties, developed land and buildings and properties held for development.

It is Metcash's intention following completion of the Takeover Offer to undertake a review of Foodland's Australian property assets with a view to disposing of these assets.

For the purpose of preparing the statement of financial performance of Newco, Metcash has excluded any income from property and has excluded all property assets from the proforma statement of financial position of Newco/Metcash. Refer to the appendix to this Section for further detail.

In the event that all properties have not been disposed of by the announcement of Newco / Metcash's next financial results (year ending 30 April 2006 or half year to 31 October 2005) then the statement of financial position at that date and the financial results for that period will be required to consolidate the financial impact of the property ownership. Accordingly, the financial results for Newco / Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ended 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.



### (I) Treatment of Action Supermarkets

In accordance with one of Metcash's core principles of not competing with its customers, it is Metcash's intention to divest the Action Supermarkets (acquired from Foodland if the Takeover Offer is successful) to independent retailers.

To implement this intention, a special purpose divestment vehicle will be established to hold Action Supermarkets, thereby effectively "ring fencing" them from Newco / Metcash. The stores will be sold over a period, which management expect not to exceed 12-18 months. For this reason, no results from retail operations from the Action Supermarkets are included in the forecast financial information presented in this Section.

In the event any Action Supermarkets have not been divested by announcement of Newco / Metcash's next financial results (year ending 30 April 2006 or half year to 31 October 2005) then the Newco / Metcash statement of financial position at that date will include unsold stores and the statement of financial performance will consolidate the financial results of the Action Supermarkets for the period owned.

Accordingly, the financial results for Newco / Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section. Please refer to the appendix of this Section for details of historical sales of Action Supermarkets.

#### (m) Treatment of Foodland New Zealand in Newco/Metcash forecasts

All income from and assets of the Foodland New Zealand business have been excluded from the forecast financial information of Newco/Metcash on the basis that existing Foodland shareholders will retain ownership of the Foodland New Zealand business with the intention to list this new entity on the Australian Stock Exchange (subject to ASX approval). In the event that this has not been completed by the announcement of Newco / Metcash's next financial results (year ending 30 April 2006 or half year to 31 October 2005), then the statement of financial position as at that date and the financial results for the Foodland New Zealand business for that period will be required to be consolidated.

Accordingly, the financial results for Newco / Metcash for the half year to 31 October 2005 or year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.

### (n) Acquisition of Metoz Holdings

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, Newco will acquire 100% of the issued share capital in Metoz Holdings. The total consideration paid by Newco for the acquisition of Metoz Holdings will be approximately \$1,125 million which includes the price paid for the acquisition of shares from Metoz Holdings shareholders and, following acquisition, the assumption and subsequent payment of Metoz's net liabilities.

Metoz Holdings' only material asset is its subsidiary shareholding in Metozsh. Metoz's net liabilities are estimated to be approximately \$27 million at the date when the Capital Reorganisation is expected to become Effective.

It is Metcash's intention that Metoz Holdings will be liquidated shortly after the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective. Prior to liquidation, it is intended a Metoz Holdings subsidiary, owning indirectly all shares in Metcash controlled by Metoz Holdings, be transferred to Metcash and all liabilities settled. On liquidation, the remaining assets of Metoz Holdings, if any, will be distributed to Newco. Refer to Post-Scheme Restructure detailed in Section 9.

#### 13.4 Metcash standalone

The financial information presented below relates to Metcash standalone and has been compiled assuming that neither the Capital Reorganisation nor the Takeover Offer were undertaken. Accordingly, the information below excludes any impact of:

- transaction costs Metcash will incur in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer
- the Equity Placement undertaken by Metcash on 6 December 2004
- the Share Purchase Plan announced by Metcash on 6 December 2004

Metcash will incur transaction costs of approximately \$50 million if the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective and the Takeover Offer is unsuccessful. These costs relate to legal, funding, and advisory expenses.

If the Capital Reorganisation does not become Effective Metcash will incur a large portion of these costs prior to 30 April 2005, thereby potentially limiting the amount of any dividend that Metcash may declare and payout from the profits generated in the 2005 financial year.

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In addition, interest income on the cash raised from the Equity Placement and SPP have also been excluded from the forecasts.

# (a) Statement of financial position

The historical statement of financial position detailed below has been extracted from the half year financial report of Metcash as at 31 October 2004 and is prepared under AGAAP. Under half year reporting requirements Metcash's auditor, Ernst & Young has reviewed this financial report.

	AGAAP
	31-Oct-04
\$ million	Historical
Current assets	
Cash	19
Inventory	428
Accounts receivable	694
Other	9
Total current assets	1,150
Non-current assets	
Accounts receivable	10
Property, plant & equipment	129
Intangibles	236
Other	5
Total non-current assets	380
Total assets	1,530
Current liabilities	
Debt	86
Accounts payable	881
Other	44
Total current liabilities	1,011
Non current liabilities	
Debt	16
Other	19
Total non current liabilities	35
Total liabilites	1,046
Net assets	484
Equity	563
Retained earnings	(93)
Other	14
Total equity	484
Note:	

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Statement of financial position excludes impact of the \$35 million (5.5 cent per Metcash share) interim dividend declared by Metcash on 25 November 2004 and paid on 15 December 2004 and the proposed dividend of 4.0 cent (approximately \$30 million). Refer to Section 3 for further details.





# (b) Statements of financial performance

The Metcash standalone historical statements of financial performance and statements of cashflow shown below have been compiled on an AGAAP basis and extracted from Metcash's audited consolidated statements of financial performance for the years ended 30 April 2003 and 30 April 2004. The forecasts for 30 April 2005 and 30 April 2006 are based on a number of assumptions which are set out in Section 13.8. The forecast financial information for the year ending 30 April 2005 has been based on the actual results for the 6 months to 31 October 2004 plus forecasts for the 6 months to 30 April 2005.

	AGAAP			
Year ending	30-Apr-03	30-Apr-04	30-Apr-05	30-Apr-06
S mallion	His	odel	Bor Bor	eesse consultation
Sales	6,696	7,174	7,090	7,232
Sales growth		7.1%	(1.2%)	2.0%
EBITDA	181	211	222	231
Depreciation	(23)	(20)	(24)	(26)
EB)TA'	158	191	198	205
EBITA margin	2.4%	2.7%	2.8%	2.8%
Amortisation	(25)	(28)	(29)	(29)
EBIT	133	163 <sup>1</sup>	170	176
Net interest expense	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)
PBT	126	156	162	169
Tax expense	(45)	(54)	(57)	(59)
Reported NPAT	81	102	105	110

#### (c) Earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone historic and forecast earnings per share for the financial periods ending 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2006.

	AGAAP			
Year ending	30-Apr-03	30-Apr-04	30-Apr-05	30-Apr-06
Simillion		orienia: " : :		ecast
Reported NPAT	81	102	105	110
Add goodwill amortisation	19	21	22	22
Adjusted NPAT	100	123	127	132
Weighted average shares outstanding	621	634	639	640
Basic EPS (cents)	16.2	19.3	19.8	20.5

<sup>1</sup> Financial information for 30 April 2004 represents 53 weeks trading. For comparative purposes Sales and EBIT for the 52 weeks ending 30 April 2004 were \$7,044 million and \$159 million respectively. The actual adjusted sales growth for the 52 weeks ending 30 April 2004 is 5.2% and the forecast adjusted sales growth for the year ending 30 April 2005 is 0.7%

<sup>2</sup> In accordance with Metcash's current accounting policies finance lease amortisation (\$5 million for the year ended 30 April 2003, \$7 million for the year ended 30 April 2004 and forecast \$7 million per annum for the 2 years ending 2006) has been classified as amortisation. In the five year review contained in Metcash's 2004 Annual Report, finance lease amortisation for these periods has been treated as depreciation

#### (d) Statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash's standalone historic and forecast statement of cashflow for the financial periods ending 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2006.

		AGAAP		
Year ending	30-Apr-03	30-Apr-04	30-Apr-05	30-Apr-06
\$ million	Histo	orical -	Fore	east :
EBITDA	181	211	222	231
Change in working capital	(26)	(31)	(22)	(19)
Tax paid	(34)	(41)	(57)	(59)
Net interest expense	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)
Operating cashflow	113	131	135	146
Less capital expenditure	(28)	(26)	(28)	(29)
Less investments	(18)	(33)	(27)	(20)
Net cashflow pre financing	67	72	80	97

#### (e) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone, based on the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004.

	AGAAP
	Metcash standalone
Net debt / EBITDA (2006)	0.4x
2006 EBITA / net interest (2006)	29.1x
Net debt / net debt + book equity	15%

# (f) Management commentary on historical results

For ease of reference, the following brief commentary pertaining to the historical financial performance of Metcash, as contained in Metcash's Annual Reports for the years ending 30 April 2003 and 2004, is summarised below:

- Net profit after tax (NPAT) rose 25% from 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2004 to \$102 million, based on 7.1% sales growth for the 53 week period, exceeding group forecasts
- Operating cashflow (pre investments and financing) grew from \$113 million to \$131 million
- The growth in earnings per share (before goodwill) from 30 April 2003 to 30 April 2004 of 19.3% from 16.2 cents to 19.3 cents facilitated the 28% increase in dividends declared out of the year's profits, to a fully franked 11 cents per share from the 8.6 cents per share of 2003
- Each of Metcash's three businesses performed exceptionally well with solid improvements in sales and profits. The key focus of the group was to grow sales and volumes whilst reducing the cost of doing business
- Cost of doing business (includes the direct and indirect costs of operating the group's businesses) reduced from 71% of gross profit in 2003 to 68% in 2004. This was and continues to be, a focus in each business division. The 2004 result was achieved by reducing costs through investment in new distribution technologies and rigorous control of cost / income relationships.

EMARKETERS



Further commentary relating to the historical financial results for Metcash for the years ending 30 April 2003 and 2004 can be sourced from each respective year's Annual Report.

### (g) Forecast assumptions

The material and best estimate assumptions made by the directors in preparing the Metcash standalone forecast statements of financial performance and statements of cashflow for 2005 and 2006 are as follows:

#### General assumptions

- There will be no significant change in the economic conditions or in the competitive environment in which Metcash operates
- There are no major investments by Metcash in new projects outside the core business of Metcash and no material sales of noncore assets
- The company tax rate in Australia remains at 30%
- There will be no material adverse change in any other taxes relevant to Metcash
- There will be no material changes in the terms and conditions with customers and suppliers
- There are no changes in applicable accounting standards or other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, (other than those pertaining to the application of Australian IFRS) which would have a material effect on the results of Metcash
- Metcash will implement appropriate arrangements to hedge its exposure to interest rate movements
- Newco will not consolidate Metcash for tax consolidation purposes

### Major trading assumptions

- The impact of the loss of the supply agreement between ALM and Australian Leisure and Hospitality group (ALH) on 13 August 2004 has been taken into account. The agreement generated annual sales for ALM of approximately \$140 million in the year ending 30 April 2004 and \$41 million in the year ending 30 April 2005
- The impact of the cessation of the supply agreement between IGA and Franklins in January 2005 has been taken into account. The agreement generated annual sales for IGA of approximately \$600 million in the year ending 30 April 2004 and \$450 million in the year ending 30 April 2005
- Ongoing deterioration of convenience store sales resulting from the discount petrol schemes being offered by Woolworths and
- Organic sales growth at the current underlying growth rate (after adjusting for above factors) as applicable to each of Metcash's business divisions
- Certain targeted revenue growth strategies applicable to each of Metcash's business divisions these activities are not discussed in detail in view of their commercial and strategic sensitivity
- Other applicable growth strategies assumed in the forecast financial information include the following:

IGA

- Completion of the IGA channel rebranding and relaunch strategy, further enhancing the market positioning of the IGA brand and its broad, yet distinguishable, retail offerings
- Ongoing development of new Supa IGA stores in partnership with customers, targeted to be approximately 45 stores over three years, commencing in the 2005 financial year
- Securing an increased share of total grocery customer's purchases, by decreasing the proportion which is currently direct supply from manufacturers and increasing the purchases going through the Metcash warehouse
- Expansion of network of Valu Mart 'price impact' stores in partnership with customers

#### ALM

- Targeted acquisitions in the liquor wholesale market, replacing volume lost due to competitor acquisitions of customers
- Further development and expansion of the IBA network as a focused national grouping of liquor retailers operating under a clearly defined brand strategy
- Securing an increased share of suppliers' 'direct-to-customer' business

#### CCC

- Targeted acquisitions in the confectionery wholesale market in line with the strategy of consolidating a significant presence as a national leader of confectionery supply to the convenience market
- Expansion of the 'street' foodservice network
- Targeted cash and carry wholesaler acquisitions
- Metcash's gross margin has been assumed to be broadly consistent with historical trends. The cost of doing business as a percentage of sales will continue to reduce at a rate consistent with historical trends and reflective of Metcash's ongoing drive to improve supply chain efficiency via targeted technological improvements, such as the implementation of 'voice pick' technology into all major distribution facilities. Together, these factors are forecast to result in an improvement in Metcash's EBITDA margin over the last two years to 30 April 2006.

#### Cashflow assumptions

- Capital expenditure is forecast to remain at a level consistent with established historical trends
- Investing activities include expectations of future acquisitions of confectionery wholesalers and other bolt-on acquisitions anticipated in the CCC and ALM businesses
- Working capital movement is forecast to reflect current trends. The cash flow impact of loans to customers and early creditor payments which affected the reported operating cash flows for the 6 months ended 31 October 2004 have not been included in forecast working capital movements as Metcash has assessed these items as one-offs

#### (h) Australian IFRS

Metcash has completed a thorough review of the Australian IFRS implications upon its business and are of the opinion that the only significant adjustment from AGAAP prepared accounts will be to reverse amortisation of goodwill in accordance with AASB 3 (Business Combinations).

The impact on the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 will be to reverse 6 months of amortisation of goodwill expense of \$11 million to retained earnings and adjust the carrying value of goodwill accordingly.

The impact on the forecast statements of financial performance in the years ending 30 April 2005 and 2006 will be to exclude the annual amortisation of assumed goodwill expense of \$22 million in deriving the AGAAP results. This will result in a NPAT for the year ending 30 April 2005 of \$127 million and 30 April 2006 of \$132 million.

# 13.5 Outcome 1 - Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful

This Section sets out financial information in relation to Outcome 1, whereby the Capital Reorganisation is Effective but the Takeover Offer is unsuccessful.

Section 13.8 sets out the major assumptions that have been made in preparing the financial information relating to this Outcome.

Section 13.10 sets out information relating to the differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they impact the proforma statement of financial position and forecast statement of financial performance for Newco.





# (a) Proforma statement of financial position

Set out below is the proforma statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Newco (prepared on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS
	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04
\$ million	Historical Material standalone	Newso	Newco
Current assets			
Cash	19	19	19
Inventory	428	428	428
Accounts receivable	694	694	694
Other	9	9	9
Total current assets	1,150	1,150	1,150
Non-current assets			
Accounts receivable	10	10	10
PP&E	129	129	129
Intangibles	236	1,912	247
Other	5	5	5
Total non-current assets	380	2,056	391
Total assets	1,530	3,206	1,541
Current liabilities			
Debt	86	86	86
Accounts payable	881	188	881
Other	44	44	44
Total current liabilities	1,011	1,011	1,011
Non-current liabilities			
Debt	16	532	532
Other	19	19	19
Total non-current liabilities	35	551	551
Total liabilities	1,046	1,562	1,562
Net assets	484	1,644	(21)
Equity	563	1,644	1,213
Retained earnings	(93)	0	(131)
Other reserves	14	0	(1,103)
Net equity	484	1,644	(21)

Under Australian IFRS, the treatment of the acquisition of all shares in Metoz Holdings and all the shares in Metcash excluding shares owned by Metoz as a reverse acquisition contributes significantly to Newco's pro forma net liability position as at 31 October 2004 (see Section 13.9). On consolidation there is no fair value uplift for the existing assets or liabilities of Metcash as it is deemed as the acquiring entity. No goodwill arises under the reverse acquisition, instead the amount paid in cash by Newco for Metoz Holdings shares is eliminated against other reserves.

In this Outcome, 25% of the funds raised from the issue of CULS will be converted to ordinary shares in Newco shortly after the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation and 25% after 6 months. It is assumed the residual funds raised under the CULS and 100% of the CUPS are redeemed after 6 months. The proforma statement of financial position presented above and in the appendix to this Section are presented after the conversion and redemption of the CULS and CUPS (refer to Section 12 for further detail).

The appendix to this Section contains a detailed reconciliation showing the construction of the statement of financial position pursuant to this Outcome. Details of the adjustments made to derive the statement of financial position under Australian IFRS are set out in Section 13.10.

# (b) Forecast statement of financial performance

Set out below is the forecast statement of financial performance for the year ending 30 April 2006 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Newco (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AG	AGAAP		
	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	
\$ million	Meceash seandalone	Newco	Newso	
Sales	7,232	7,232	7,232	
EBITDA'	231	231	231	
Depreciation	(26)	(26)	(26)	
EBITA	205	205	205	
EBITA margin <sup>1</sup>	2.8%	2.8%	2.8%	
Transaction and restructure costs <sup>2</sup>	0	(33)	(34)	
Amortisation	(29)	(103)	(7)	
EBIT	176	69	164	
Net interest expense	(7)	(41)	(43)2	
РВТ	169	27	120	
Tax expense	(59)	(42)	(42)	
Reported NPAT	110	(15)	78	

Notes:

I Pre transaction and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> CUPS are assumed to be redeemed 6 months after the Capital Reorganisation is Effective. In accordance with the terms of the CUPS an underwriting fee of 1% is payable on drawdown and a redemption premium of 8% p.a of the value of CUPS issued is payable on redemption. Refer to Section 13.9 for further details.



# (c) Forecast earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone forecast earnings per share for the financial period ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Newco (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGA	Australian IFRS	
	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06	30-Apr-06
S million	Metersh standalone	Newco	News
Reported NPAT	110	(15)	78
Add post tax transactions and restructure costs	0	26	26
Add goodwill amortisation	22	95	0
Adjusted NPAT	132	107	105
Weighted average shares outstanding (million)	640	501	501
Basic EPS	20.5	21.3	20.9
Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (cents)'	19.1	19.1	19.1
EPS accretion	na	12%	10%²

<sup>1</sup> EPS has been adjusted in accordance with AASB 133. The adjustment assumes the conversion of approximately \$372 million of CULS to ordinary equity in Newco

<sup>2</sup> EPS accretion measured against adjusted Metcash standalone basic EPS accounted for under AGAAP. It is not expected that the adjusted NPAT under AGAAP for Metcash standalone would differ under Australian IFRS

#### (d) Forecast statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash standalone and Newco forecast cashflow for the year ending 30 April 2006 pursuant to Outcome 1. Forecast cashflow has been prepared on an AGAAP basis only. Metcash expects the primary cashflow impact from the change from AGAAP to Australian IFRS will be the reclassification of the dividends and redemption premium payable of approximately \$2 million on the CUPS from a preference dividend under AGAAP to interest expense under Australian IFRS.

	30-Apr-06 Forecast	30-Apr-06 Forecast
	Metcash standalone	Newco
EBITDA	231	231
Change in working capital	(19)	(19)
Tax paid	(59)	(42)
Net interest expense	(7)	(41)
Operating cashflow	146	129
Less capital expenditure	(29)	(29)
Less investments	(20)	(20)
Net cashflow	97	80
Note:		

#### (e) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone and Newco pursuant to this Outcome.

	AGA	AGAAP		
	Metcash standalone	Newco		
Net debt/EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	2.6x <sup>1</sup>		
2006 EBITA/net interest (2006)	29.1x	4.9×		
Net debt/net debt + book equity	15%	27%'		
Note:				

I Proforma net debt as at 31 October 2004 used in ratio

# 13.6 Outcome 2 - Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful

This Section sets out financial information in relation to Outcome 2, whereby the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective but Takeover Offer is successful.

In this Outcome, Newco does not acquire Metcash and therefore a reference to Metcash is a reference to Metcash after it has acquired Foodland Australia, unless specified as Metcash standalone.

Section 13.8 sets out the major assumptions that have been made in preparing the financial information relating to this Outcome.

<sup>1</sup> Pre financing, transaction and restructure costs



Section 13.10 sets out information relating to the differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they impact the proforma statement of financial position and the forecast statement of financial performance for Metcash.

# (a) Proforma statement of financial position

Set out below is the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Metcash (prepared on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS	
	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04	31-Oct-04	
mMen :	Historical Metensh standalone	Meterah	Materials of the second of the	
Current assets				
Cash	19	25	25	
Inventory	428	523	523	
Accounts receivable	694	766	766	
Other	9	13	13	
Total current assets	1,150	1,327	1,327	
Non-current assets				
Accounts receivable	10	10	10	
Property, Plant & Equipment	129	146	146	
Intangibles	236	601	597	
Other	5	82	82	
Total non-current assets	380	839	835	
Total assets	1,530	2,166	2,162	
Current liabilities				
Debt	86	86	86	
Accounts payable	881	988	988	
Other	44	44	44	
Total current liabilities	1,011	1,118	1,118	
Non-current liabilities				
Debt	16	293	293	
Accounts payable		2	2	
Other	19	19	45	
Total non-current liabilities	35	314	340	
Total liabilities	1,046	1,432	1,458	
Net assets	484	734	704	

The appendix to this Section contains a detailed reconciliation showing the construction of the statement of financial position pursuant to this Outcome. Details of the adjustments made to derive the statement of financial position under Australian IFRS are set out in Section 13.10.

CAMPBELLS CASH & CARRY.

In this Outcome, 100% of the funds raised from the issue of CULS must be redeemed. Given the Capital Reorganisation was not Effective the CUPS are not drawn. The proforma statement of financial position presented above and in the appendix to this Section are presented after the redemption of the CULS (refer to Section 12 for further detail).

# (b) Forecast statement of financial performance

Set out below is the forecast statement of financial performance for the year ending 30 April 2006 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and forecast statement of financial performance for Metcash for the year ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS
	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06
18 million.	Metendh standalone	Moderan	Mesensh
Sales	7,232	9,191	9,191
EBITDA'	231	329	329
Depreciation	(26)	(35)	(35)
EBITA'	205	295	295
EBITA margin <sup>1</sup>	2.8%	3.2%	3.2%
Transaction and restructure costs	0	(37)	(67)2
Amortisation	(29)	(46)	(7)
EBIT	176	211	220
Net interest expense	(7)	(33)	(33)
PBT	169	179	188
Tax expense	(59)	(71)	(65)
Reported NPAT	110	108	122

#### Notes

<sup>1</sup> Pre transaction and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> Restructure costs expensed under Australan IFRS



# (c) Forecast earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone forecast earnings per share for the financial period ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Metcash (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS
	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06
S and the same of	Metensh standalone	Metersh	Mace Mace II
Reported NPAT	110	108	122
Add post tax transaction and restructure costs'	0	29	53
Add goodwill amortisation	22	39	0
Adjusted NPAT	132	176	176
Weighted average shares outstanding	640	737	737
Basic EPS <sup>2</sup>	20.5	23.8	23.8
EPS accretion	n.a.	16%	16%³

#### Notes:

### (d) Forecast statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash's standalone and Metcash's forecast cashflow for the financial period ending 30 April 2006. Forecast cashflow has been prepared on an AGAAP basis only. Metcash expects no significant impact on the forecast cashflow from the change from AGAAP to Australian IFRS.

	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06
\$ million	Metcash standalone	Metcash
EBITDA	23	329
Change in working capital	(19)	(24)
Tax paid	(59)	(70)
Net interest expense	(7)	(33)
Operating cashflow	146	203
Less capital expenditure	(29)	(37)
Less investments	(20)	(20)
Net cashflow	97	146

<sup>1</sup> Non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> EPS is not adjusted as no CULS are converted to ordinary equity in Metcash under this Outcome

<sup>3</sup> EPS accretion measured against Metcash standalone basic EPS accounted for under AGAAP. It is not expected that the adjusted NPAT under AGAAP for Metcash standalone would differ under IFRS

I Pre financing, transaction and restructure costs

# (e) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone and Metcash pursuant to this Outcome.

	AGAAP	
	Metcash standalone	Metcash
Net debt/EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	1.1x'
2006 EBITA/net interest (2006)	29.1x	9.0x
Net debt/net debt + book equity	15%	33%'
Note:  I Praforma net debt as at 31 October 2004 used in the above ratio		

#### (f) Sensitivities

Sensitivity analysis has been undertaken on the financial information pursuant to this Outcome.

# Sensitivity I - Scrip take-up

Set out below is a sensitivity analysis that illustrates the impact on gearing and EPS based on different levels of acceptance by Foodland shareholders of Metcash A Shares as opposed to cash.

Metcash A Share take-up	AGAAP		
	0%	50%	100%
Net debt/net debt + book equity	33%	(6%)²	(45%)²
EPS accretion <sup>3</sup>	16%	7%	(1%)

#### Notes:

- 1 Proforma net debt and proforma book value of equity as at 31 October 2004 used in ratio
- 2 Negative gearing a function of cash being greater than debt
- 3 EPS is based on earnings pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs relative to Metcash standalone EPS

A capital management program, such as a buy-back, would be undertaken to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. Metcash will buy-back ordinary shares equal to the number of Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland Shareholders. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period. This means the 0% Metcash A Share take-up sensitivity is a more realistic guide to the likely impact.

#### Sensitivity 2 - Foodland Australia EBITA change

Set out below is the EPS after a plus or minus 5% change in the EBITA Metcash is expected to generate from the acquisition of Foodland.

Foodland Australia EBITA change	AGAAP 30 April 2006	
	+5%	-5%
Basic EPS¹ (cents)	24.3	23.4
Metcash standalone basic EPS (cents)	20.5	20.5
EPS accretion %	18%	14%
Nissa		

I EPS is based on earnings pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs



# 13.7 Outcome 3 - Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful

This Section sets out financial information in relation to Outcome 3, whereby the Capital Reorganisation is Effective and Takeover Offer is successful.

Section 13.8 sets out the major assumptions that have been made in preparing the financial information relating to this Outcome.

Section 13.10 sets out information relating to the differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as they impact the proforma statement of financial position and the forecast statement of financial performance for Newco.

# (a) Proforma statement of financial position

Set out below is the historical statement of financial position as at 31 October 2004 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Newco (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS
	31 Oct 04	31 Oct 04	31 Oct 04
\$ million	Meterali sentiale Meterali sentiale	Newco	Newco
Current assets			
Cash	19	25	25
Inventory	428	523	523
Accounts receivable	694	766	766
Other	9	13	13
Total current assets	1,150	1,327	1,327
Non-current assets			
Accounts receivable	10	10	10
PP&E	129	146	146
Intangibles	236	2,382	606
Other	5	82	82
Total non-current assets	380	2,620	844
Total assets	1,530	3,947	2,171
Current liabilities			
Debt	86	86	86
Accounts payable	881	988	988
Other	44	44	44
Total current liabilities	1,011	1,118	1,118
Non-current liabilities			
Debt	16	620	620
Accounts payable		2	2
Other	19	19	45
Total non-current liabilities	35	641	667
Total liabilities	1,046	1,759	1,785
Net assets	484	2,188	385

The appendix to this Section contains a detailed reconciliation showing the construction of the statement of financial position pursuant to this Outcome.

In this Outcome, 25% of the funds raised from the issue of CULS will be converted to ordinary shares in Newco shortly after the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation and 25% after 6 months. It is assumed the remaining 50% of the CULS are also converted after 6 months. 100% of the CUPS are assumed to be converted into ordinary equity in Newco after 6 months. The proforma statement of financial position presented above and in the appendix to this Section are presented after conversion of the CULS and CUPS (refer to Section 12 for further detail).

# (b) Forecast statement of financial performance

Set out below is the forecast statement of financial performance for the year ending 30 April 2006 for Metcash standalone (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and Newco (prepared on an AGAAP and Australian IFRS basis).

	AG	AGAAP	
	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06
La (Sanillian)	Mesesah Standalone	Newson :	Newse :
Sales	7,232	9,191	9,191
EBITDA'	231	329	329
Depreciation	(26)	(35)	(35)
EBITA'	205	295	295
EBITA margin'	2.8%	3.2%	3.2%
Transaction and restructure costs	0	(20)	(50)
Amortisation	(29)	(126)	(7)
EBIT	176	149	237
Net interest expense <sup>2</sup>	(7)	(56)	(58)
PBT	169	93	179
Tax expense	(59)	(64)	(58)
Reported NPAT	110	29	122

#### Notes

I Pre transaction and restructure costs

<sup>2</sup> CUPS are assumed to be converted 6 months after the Capital Reorganisation is Effective. In accordance with the terms of the CUPS on underwriting fee of 1% is payable on drawdown and a redemption premium of 8% p.a of the value of CUPS issued, is payable on conversion. Refer to Section 13.9 for further details.



#### (c) Forecast earnings per share

Set out below is Metcash's standalone forecast earnings per share for the financial period ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an AGAAP basis) and for Newco for the year ending 30 April 2006 (prepared on an Australian IFRS and AGAAP basis).

	AGAAP		Australian IFRS
	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06	30 Apr 06
\$ million	Metersh sandalone	Newco	Newco
Reported NPAT	110	29	122
Add post tax transaction and restructure costs¹	0	10	35
Add goodwill amortisation	22	119	0
Adjusted NPAT	132	159	157
Weighted average shares outstanding	640	664	664
Basic EPS	20.5	23.9	23.6
Metcash standalone adjusted EPS (cents) <sup>2</sup>	18.4	18.4	18.4
EPS accretion	na	30%	<b>28%</b> ³

Notes:

- 1 Non recurring transaction and restructure costs
- 2 EPS has been adjusted in accordance with AASB 133. The adjustment assumes the conversion of approximately \$744 million of CULS to ordinary equity in Newco
- 3 EPS accretion measured against adjusted Metcash standalone basic EPS accounted for under AGAAP, It is not expected that the adjusted NPAT under AGAAP for Metcash standalone would differ under IFRS

### (d) Forecast statement of cashflow

Set out below is Metcash standalone and Newco forecast cashflow for the year ending 30 April 2006 pursuant to this Outcome. Forecast cashflow has been prepared on an AGAAP basis only. Metcash expects the primary cashflow impact from the change from AGAAP to Australian IFRS will be the reclassification of the dividends and redemption premium payable on the CUPS from a preference dividend under AGAAP to interest expense under Australian IFRS.

	30-Apr-06 Forecast	30-Apr-06 Forecast
\$ million	Metcash standalone	Newco
EBITDA	231	329
Change in working capital	(19)	(24)
Tax paid	(59)	(62)
Net interest expense	(7)	(56)
Operating cashflow	146	188
Less capital expenditure	(29)	(37)
Less investments	(20)	(20)
Net cashflow	97	130
Note:		

I Pre financing, transaction and restructure costs

#### (e) Forecast key ratios

Set out below are key gearing and interest cover ratios for Metcash standalone and Newco pursuant to this Outcome.

	AGA	AAP
	Metcash standalone	Newco
Net debt/EBITDA (2006)	0.4x	2. lx <sup>i</sup>
2006 EBITA/net interest (2006)	29.1x	5.3x
Net debt/net debt + book equity	15%	24%'
Note:		

I Proforma net debt as at 31 October 2004 used in the above ratio

#### (f) Sensitivities

Sensitivity analysis has been undertaken on the financial information pursuant to this Outcome.

### Sensitivity I - Scrip take-up

Set out below is a sensitivity analysis that illustrates the impact on gearing and EPS based on different levels of acceptance by Foodland shareholders of Metcash A Shares as opposed to cash.

Metcash A Share take-up		AGAAP	
	0%	50%	100%
Net debt/net debt + book equity	24%	24%	9%
EPS accretion <sup>2</sup>	30%	28%³	19%³

#### Notes:

- 1 Proforma net debt and proforma book value of equity as at 31 October 2004 used in ratio
- 2 EPS is based on earnings pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs relative to Metcash standalone EPS
- 3 This sensitivity assumes Metcash will issue 2.44 Metcash A Shares to Foodland shareholders who accept Metcash A Shares as opposed to the cash alternative under the Tokeover Offer. The 2.44 Exchange Ratio will be adjusted in accordance with the formula set out in the appendix to this Section due to CULS being a pro rata issue. The 2.44 Exchange Ratio in the above sensitivity has not been adjusted given the adjustment factor can not be reasonably quantified as it is based on future share prices of Metcash. Therefore the actual EPS if adjusted may be less

As set out in Section 12 Newco has the ability to redeem up to 50% of the CULS if the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective and the ability to either convert or redeem the CUPS. Under the sensitivity above where Foodland shareholders accept Metcash A Shares it has been assumed that Newco redeems the 50% of the CULS it is entitled to redeem and redeems the 100% of CUPS.

Depending on the level of Metcash A Share takeup under the Takeover Offer, Metcash would consider capital management initiatives via a share buy-back to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period.



#### Sensitivity 2 - Foodland Australia EBITA change

Set out below is the EPS after a plus or minus 5% change in the EBITA Metcash is expected to generate from the acquisition of Foodland.

Foodland Australia EBITA change	AGAAP 30	April 2006
	+5%	-5%
Basic EPS' (cents)	24.4	23.4
Metcash standalone adjusted basic EPS <sup>12</sup> (cents)	18.4	18.4
EPS accretion %	32%	27%
Notes		

<sup>1</sup> EPS is based on earnings pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructure costs

# **13.8** Assumptions relating to Outcomes 1, 2 and 3

There is significant commonality in the assumptions underlying the preparation of the financial information pursuant to each of Outcomes 1, 2 and 3. Accordingly, the assumptions underlying the preparation of the financial information have been allocated into four discrete groups which apply to the 3 Outcomes to the extent shown in the table below:

Assumptions	Outcome I Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer not successful	Outcome 2 Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful	Outcome 3 Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful
Assumptions relating specifically to the Capital Reorganisation	✓	z z	1
Assumptions relating specifically to the Takeover Offer	×	1	1
Assumptions relating to transaction costs	1	1	1
Assumptions relating to funding structure	1	₹	./
Legend:			

Assumptions relating specifically to the Capital Reorganisation apply to Outcomes 1 and 3, and hence have not been repeated in Sections 13.5 and 13.7. Assumptions relating specifically to the Takeover Offer apply to Outcomes 2 and 3, and hence have not been repeated in Sections 13.6 and 13.7. Assumptions detailed below relating to transaction costs and funding structure are common to each Outcome and hence have not been repeated in Sections 13.5 to 13.7 above.

# (a) Assumptions relating specifically to the Capital Reorganisation

The following assumptions relate specifically to the Capital Reorganisation:

- Metcash's standalone financial performance remains unchanged. That is, it is assumed to be as set out in Section 13.4
- Under AGAAP, pursuant to Newco's acquisition of all shares in Metoz Holdings and all the shares in Metcash, excluding shares owned by Metoz, goodwill of up to approximately \$1.8 billion arises, representing the difference between the fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired and the consideration paid to Metcash shareholders (excluding Metoz) and the conversion of CULS into Newco ordinary shares. This goodwill is amortised over 20 years
- Under Australian IFRS (AASB 3 Business Combinations) the acquisition of all shares in Metoz Holdings and all the shares in Metozah excluding shares owned by Metoz will be treated as a reverse acquisition (see Section 13.9). On consolidation there is no fair value uplift for the existing assets or liabilities of Metcash as it is deemed the acquiring entity. No goodwill arises under the reverse acquisition, instead the amount paid in cash by Newco for Metoz Holdings shares is eliminated against other reserves.

<sup>2</sup> EPS has been adjusted in accordance with AASB 133 given the CULS is a pro-rata issue

<sup>\*</sup> Assumptions are not relevant for the preparation of the financial information in respect of this Outcome

Assumptions are relevant for the preparation of the financial information in respect of this Outcome

- The acquisition of the shareholding of the existing Shareholders will be effected by a scrip issue of 1 Newco share for every Metcash Share
- For detail in regards to the CULS and CUPS refer to Sections 12 and 13.9.

### (b) Assumptions relating specifically to the Takeover Offer

The following assumptions relate specifically to the Takeover Offer:

- Metcash acquires 100% of the shares of Foodland
- Newco / Metcash will initially invest \$101 million into the limited recourse vehicle that will own the Action Supermarkets. Following the completion of the Takeover Offer, the Action Supermarkets acquired will be transferred into the limited recourse vehicle. It is intended that the Action Supermarkets will be sold to independent retailers within 12-18 months of the completion of the Takeover Offer
- The proforma statement of financial position of Newco / Metcash has been prepared assuming all Action Supermarkets have been divested to independent retailers at the same price paid by Metcash. The proceeds from these divestments are assumed to be used firstly to repay the limited recourse Action Facility. Once this is fully repaid, Newco / Metcash will recoup its investment in the limited recourse vehicle
- Whilst it is intended that Newco / Metcash will divest all Action Supermarkets within 12 18 months, the forecast of financial performance, cashflows and earning per share calculations for Outcomes 2 and 3 assume Newco / Metcash has not recouped any of it \$101 million investment by 30 April 2006 or received any return on its equity investment
- No retail earnings from owning the Action Supermarkets have been assumed in the forecasts
- Newco / Metcash supplies all Action Supermarkets whilst owned by the limited recourse vehicle and subsequently when owned by independent retailers following divestment
- Newco / Metcash will supply the wholesale equivalent of approximately 60% of the total retail sales of the Action Supermarkets
- Newco / Metcash supplies all independent retailers currently being supplied by Foodland in Western Australia
- Refer to the appendix to this Section for a detailed breakdown of the bridge from Foodland Wholesale and Action Supermarkets store sales for 2006 to the sales revenue assumed that Newco / Metcash will derive if the Takeover Offer is successful
- Growth in Foodland Wholesale sales and Action Supermarkets sales has been sourced from stock broker's forecasts and adjusted where considered appropriate, by Metcash based on Metcash's industry knowledge and expertise
- Metcash believes the assumed growth of wholesale sales to the Action Supermarkets of approximately 8% per annum from 2004 to 2006 is reasonable due to:
  - strong population growth expected in Queensland
  - benefits from the recent refurbishment and new store program
  - enhanced opportunity to drive growth from implementing the Metcash and IGA business model
- Metcash believes the assumed relatively flat growth of wholesale sales to the independent retailers that Foodland is currently supplying in Western Australia from 2004 to 2006 is reasonable due to:
  - the relaxation of trading hours in Western Australia
  - improved competitive pricing under the Metcash business model
- Newco / Metcash will service Queensland and Northern NSW Action Supermarkets with existing Metcash infrastructure and that no significant new infrastructure investment will be required
- Newco / Metcash services independent and Action Supermarkets in Western Australia with the existing Foodland distribution centre and that no significant new infrastructure investment will be required



- Foodland New Zealand is transferred out of Newco / Metcash immediately after the successful completion of the Takeover Offer. The forecast statement of financial performance of Newco / Metcash does not include any earnings from Foodland New Zealand and the proforma statement of financial position of Newco / Metcash does not include the assets and liabilities of Foodland New Zealand
- The EBITA margin earned on the wholesale sales to independent retailers in Western Australia and the Action Supermarkets has been assumed based on Metcash's experience with supplying independent retailers and is not necessarily consistent with Foodland's current wholesale EBITA margins. This EBITA margin reflects operational synergies which are listed below
- Operational EBITA synergies are assumed to arise as a result of:
  - improved buying power and rebate revenue
  - benefits relating to supply chain and logistics, in particular the cessation of the operations of the Richlands warehouse operated by Foodland Australia
  - the assumed amalgamation of the general administration, information technology and corporate services functions of Foodland Australia with Metcash's existing operations
  - the closure of the Melbourne buying office with the relocation of some staff
  - the centralisation of the corporate head office function
- No income is assumed from the Foodland property assets that Metcash will acquire through the Takeover Offer and they are not included in the pro-forma statement of financial position for Newco / Metcash
- Metcash has recognised a reduction in debt in respect of the property currently held by Foodland Australia which is equal to the book value
- Restructure costs of \$30 million have been assumed as part of the Takeover Offer. These costs have been capitalised in preparing the financial information for the Takeover Offer under AGAAP and expensed as incurred under Australian IFRS
- The proforma statement of financial position for Newco / Metcash has required Metcash to make a number of assumptions in regard to the proforma statement of financial position of Foodland Wholesale. The methodology for and assumptions used to derive the proforma statement of financial position for Foodland Wholesale is detailed in the appendix to this Section

#### (c) Assumptions relating to transaction costs

The following assumptions relating to transaction costs are applicable to each Outcome:

- Transaction costs relating to debt finance are capitalised and amortised over the period of the debt under AGAAP and Australian IFRS
- Transaction costs relating to equity raised are deducted from the equity proceeds under AGAAP and Australian IFRS
- Transaction costs not related to debt or equity are capitalised into the cost of investment as part of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer under AGAAP and Australian IFRS
- If either or both the Capital Reorganisation or Takeover Offer are unsuccessful, costs attributable to the unsuccessful event are written off immediately under AGAAP and Australian IFRS
- Refer to Section 13.9 for details on the treatment of the transaction costs relating to the CULS and CUPS

#### (d) Assumptions relating to funding structure

The funding structure under each Outcome differs. Details relating to the funding structures for Outcomes 1, 2 and 3 are contained in Section 12.

# 13.9 Accounting considerations

Detailed below are the key accounting considerations which arise in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer.

#### (a) Reverse take-over assessment

If the Capital Reorganisation is Effective, the Metcash Shares owned by all non-Metoz shareholders will be exchanged for Newco Shares. The shares in Metcash owned by a subsidiary of Metoz Holdings will be purchased for cash by Newco. Under AGAAP this transaction will be accounted for as an acquisition by Newco, which will be the parent for both legal and accounting purposes, of Metcash.

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 3, Business Combinations) this acquisition will be treated as a reverse acquisition since the substance of the transaction is that the existing public shareholders of Metcash will, through Newco, effectively be acquiring Metoz Holdings. Metcash will retain operating and financial control and will be treated as the acquirer for accounting purposes. On consolidation by Newco, no goodwill arises on the acquisition by Newco of the Metoz Holdings shares and the amount paid in cash by Newco to Metoz Holdings shareholders for their shares will be eliminated against other reserves.

### (b) Purchase price allocation in connection with Foodland

Metcash management will assess the fair value of the identifiable net assets which have been acquired from Foodland. The difference between the cost of acquisition and the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired under AGAAP will be allocated to goodwill.

Australian IFRS requires a thorough identification of all intangible assets which is considerably more extensive than that required under AGAAP. In preparing the statement of financial position under Outcomes 2 and 3 Metcash has not allocated any of the purchase price to separately identifiable intangible assets that Foodland may have (such as brands, customer relationships and contracts) on the basis that it has not had access to information other than that which is available in the public domain. To the extent that any intangible assets are identified with a "finite" useful life, these will need to be amortised which will adversely affect forecast earnings.

Australian IFRS also requires any contingent liabilities of Foodland to be recognised on the opening consolidated balance sheet and eliminated against goodwill on consolidation.

The final allocation of the purchase price to the fair value of the identifiable net assets which have been acquired will not be finalised prior to the issue of this Scheme Booklet as access to the detailed accounting and other information of the company is not possible. Subsequent to acquisition, any change in the value of Foodland's assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition will be matched by a corresponding decrease or increase in goodwill and there will be no impact on the cashflows of Newco or Metcash.

# (c) Retained earnings and payment of dividends

Under Australian IFRS, the retained earnings of Newco / Metcash may be negative. Newco / Metcash will be reliant on profits earned subsequent to the Effective Date of the Capital Reorganisation in order to be able to pay future dividends.

Future financial performance presented under Australian IFRS may be significantly impacted by future changes to those standards and their application to the preparation of financial information. This may introduce considerable volatility into the future reported results of Newco / Metcash thereby adversely impacting distributable earnings. This issue is not specific to Newco / Metcash and similar issues are likely to apply to other companies reporting under Australian IFRS.

#### (d) Impact of tax consolidations

Foodland became a consolidated group for tax purposes for the financial year ending I August 2004. Metcash has elected to become a consolidated group for tax purposes for the financial year ending 30 April 2004. Accordingly where Metcash consolidated group acquires the Foodland consolidated group, there should be no deconsolidation event for Foodland and thus there should be no adverse tax consequences. Foodland will be tax consolidated with Metcash upon acquisition and the tax values of Foodland will be reset to be broadly consistent with the purchase price allocation under AGAAP. However, any tax consolidation impact upon the acquisition of Foodland can only be finalised once Metcash has access to the detailed tax and accounting records and other information of Foodland.



### (e) Treatment of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock ("CULS") and Convertible Undated Preference Shares ("CUPS")

#### CULS

#### Accounting classification

For statutory accounting purposes, the classification between debt and equity of the CULS issued by Metcash is undertaken at the date of issue. This classification will impact the treatment of all associated issuance and transaction costs.

Under both AGAAP and Australian IFRS the CULS will be classified as debt by Metcash at initial recognition. This is on the basis that the outcome of the Scheme is outside the control of Metcash or the holder of the CULS and that redemption is required in cash if the Capital Reorganisation is unsuccessful. The CULS will remain classified as debt on the statement of financial position until either redeemed or converted or an event occurs which results in the issuer becoming obliged to mandatorily convert the CULS into a fixed number of ordinary shares of Newco. When such an event occurs the portion of the CULS to which the event relates will be affected. The proforma statements of financial position are presented on the basis that the CULS have been redeemed and/or converted to equity as envisaged under the various Outcomes.

#### Transactions costs

On the basis that the CULS have been classified as debt on initial recognition, all associated issuance and transaction costs (such as underwriting fees) will be recorded on the statement of financial position under AGAAP and Australian IFRS.

Under AGAAP, if the Capital Reorganisation is successful, the costs are presented as an asset and amortised to the statement of financial performance over the term of the CULS (up to 9 months after they are issued). In the event the Capital Reorganisation is not successful, the costs are expensed to the statement of financial performance at that date. When an event occurs which results in a portion of the CULS either being reclassified as equity or redeemed, it is expected the transaction costs will continue to be written off over the term of the CULS (up to 9 months after they are issued).

Under Australian IFRS, the costs are netted off against the CULS liability and expensed to the statement of financial performance between the date of issue and the date on which the Scheme is voted on, effectively representing an immediate write-off.

#### Redemption premium

A premium is payable on the redemption of CULS. This must be expensed to the statement of financial performance under AGAAP and Australian IFRS as it relates to the portion of any CULS that remain classified as debt at that date.

# Forecast financial information

The forecast financial information has been prepared on the basis that the result on the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer is unknown until 1 May 2005 and hence, unlike the statutory accounting position it is assumed related funding transaction costs are incurred on 1 May 2005. Accordingly, the issuance, transaction costs and redemption fees in connection with the CULS are expensed to the statement of financial performance in the year ending 30 April 2006 under the various outcomes included in this section in accordance with both AGAAP and Australian IFRS. Therefore, the actual financial results of Newco for the year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.

#### CUPS

#### Accounting classification

The terms of the CUPS allow for the holder to request conversion, at which time the issuer can choose to convert them into a variable number of shares in Newco or redeem for cash at a fixed amount. The issuer can also redeem the CUPS at any time prior to conversion.

Under AGAAP a financial instrument with these terms is classified as equity on the basis that conversion is at the option of the holder. The manner in which the conversion could be settled by the issuer does not impact this classification. Under Australian IFRS, classification of the CUPS would be debt on initial recognition on the basis that the issuer has the option to redeem the CUPS for cash of a fixed amount or to settle for a variable number of shares. In the event they are converted into ordinary shares in Newco, the CUPS will be classified as equity.

# Transaction costs

On the basis that the CUPS have been classified as equity under AGAAP, any underwriting fees are netted off against equity. Under Australian IFRS, underwriting fees are amortised to the statement of financial performance over the shorter of the expected life of the CUPS or the first reset date.

# **Dividend payments**

Under AGAAP dividend payments are classified as a preference dividend. Under Australian IFRS these payments are classified as interest expense.

# Redemption premium

Under AGAAP, any redemption payments are classified as a preference dividend. Under Australian IFRS these payments are classified as interest expense.

# Forecast financial information

The forecast financial information has been prepared on the basis that the result on the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer is unknown until 1 May 2005 and hence, unlike the statutory accounting position it is assumed related funding transaction costs are incurred on 1 May 2005. Accordingly, the issuance, transaction costs and redemption fees in connection with the CUPS are expensed to the statement of financial performance in the year ending 30 April 2006 under the various outcomes included in this section in accordance with AGAAP. The funding related transaction costs have been expensed through the statement of financial performance in the year ending 30 April 2006 for the purposes of the Australian IFRS disclosures. Therefore, the actual financial results of Newco for the year ending 30 April 2006 will differ from those presented in this Section.



# 13.10 Differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

Metcash management has completed a review of the impact of Australian IFRS upon the financial results for Metcash standalone. Metcash management has relied upon publicly available information to assess the likely impact of Australian IFRS on the financial results of Foodland. Metcash has not had access to information on Foodland other than that which is available in the public domain. The information below sets out the significant differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS as identified by Metcash management using information which is currently available, as they impact Metcash, Foodland and Newco as the case may be. Whilst Metcash management has been diligent in its review of publicly available information, Metcash makes no assurance that they have identified all required disclosure and presentation differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS.

# (a) Summary of differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

The following table summarises the effect of significant differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS on Metcash, Foodland and Newco.

Metcash standalone	Foodland standalone*		Newco	
		Outcome I	Outcome 2	Outcome 3
Restructuring costs	None	None	n/a	\$30m costs have been expensed in preparing the Australian IFRS forecast consolidated statement of financial performance
Goodwill	Reversal of amortisation expense of \$22m. Impairment test of goodwill required annually	Reversal of amortisation expense of \$43m. Impairment test of goodwill required annually	No goodwill arises under the Ca Goodwill arising from the Takeo but assessed for impairment ann	ver Offer is not amortised
Deferred taxes	No material effect	No material effect	No material effect	
Impairment of assets		Reliable assessment not yet possible		
Employee benefits	None	Liability will be recognised in connection with a defined benefits fund which is currently under funded by \$0.5m. Adjusted against retained earnings	\$0.5m Foodland liability has bee preparing the Australian IFRS pro statement of financial position	
Acquired contingent liabilities	None	\$25.5m in respect of outstanding assessments, including penalties and interest as a result of amended assessments from the Australian Tax Office, that are currently being contested to be adjusted against retained earnings.	\$25.5 Foodland contingent liabilin preparing the Australia IFRS prinancial position.	ity has been taken into account roforma consolidated statement of
Pre-opening expenses	None	\$4.6m (pre tax) of unamortised expenses to be adjusted against retained earnings.	These related wholly to Action S not included in the pro forma st	•
Share based payments	None	Reliable assessment not yet possible		
Financial instruments	None	Most hedges are expected to be cashflow hedges. Processes are under review to determine the extent of any embedded derivatives and hedge accounting.	Metcash will implement appropried hedge its exposure to interest ra	
*Sourced from Foodland's Annu	ual Report 2004			

#### (b) Further detail of differences between AGAAP and Australian IFRS

#### ■ Restructuring costs

Under AGAAP, provided certain conditions are met, restructure costs can be included as part of the cost of acquisition and thus effectively applied against the goodwill of businesses acquired. Under Australian IFRS restructure costs are expensed when the cost is incurred and only included as part of the cost of acquisition when the acquiree has an existing liability for restructuring at the date of acquisition.

#### ■ Goodwill

Under AGAAP, goodwill is amortised over the useful life of the assets acquired, not exceeding 20 years, resulting in an annual charge for amortisation of goodwill. Under Australian IFRS (AASB 138 Intangibles and AASB 136 Impairment of Assets), goodwill will be allocated to the smallest 'cash generating unit', capitalised and be subject to an annual impairment test. Thus, rather than being amortised over a predetermined period, goodwill will be tested for impairment on an annual basis. Where impairment is identified, the carrying value of goodwill will be written down and profit reported for the period reduced accordingly.

#### Deferred taxes

Under AGAAP the tax effect of items of income and expense that are recognised in the statement of financial performance in one period but are taxable or deductible in other periods are included in the calculation of the accounting income tax expense and reflected as deferred tax assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Australian IFRS introduces a balance sheet method of accounting for taxation. Under this approach, deferred tax is calculated as the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Therefore, if an asset was held at valuation with changes in fair value recognised in an asset revaluation reserve, no deferred tax liability would be recognised under AGAAP but a deferred tax liability would be recognised under Australian IFRS.

#### ■ Impairment of assets

Under AGAAP the recoverable amount of an asset is determined as the amount that is expected to be recovered through cash inflows and outflows from the continued use and subsequent disposal of the asset, on the basis of discounted or undiscounted future cash flows. For this purpose, Metcash and Foodland currently discount future cash flows at the weighted average costs of capital and risk free rate respectively. Under Australian IFRS (AASB 136 Impairment of Assets), 'recoverable amount' is determined as the higher of net selling value and value in use, determined by discounting cash flows at an asset-specific discount rate. Reliable estimation of the future financial effects of this change in accounting policy is currently impracticable because the conditions under which impairment will be assessed are not yet known.

#### Employee benefits

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 119), employer sponsors are required to recognise the net surplus or deficit in their employer-sponsored defined benefit superannuation funds as an asset or liability, respectively with the year on year movement to be expensed to the statement of financial performance or adjusted against equity. Under AGAAP, a surplus or deficit is not required to be recognised as an asset or liability respectively.

### Acquired contingent liabilities

Under AGAAP, contingent liabilities of the acquiree are not specifically recognised at the date of acquisition as they do not meet the qualifying requirements of a liability under AGAAP (i.e. that it is probable that any associated resources embodying economic benefits will flow from the acquirer, and a reliable measure is available of their cost or fair value). Under Australian IFRS, contingent liabilities of the acquiree should be identified and recognised at their fair value on the consolidated statement of financial position at the acquisition date and at each subsequent reporting date.

#### ■ Pre opening expenses

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 138 Intangible assets), costs incurred in the start-up phase of a newly acquired, constructed or refurbished store must be expensed. Under AGAAP pre opening expenses have been capitalised and amortised on a straight line basis over 12 months following the commencement of trading.



#### Share based payments

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 2, Share Based Payments) employers are required to determine the fair value of shares issued to employees as remuneration and recognise this as an expense in the statement of financial performance. This applies to both option and share based forms of equity based remuneration. Under AGAAP shares issued to employees as remuneration do not need to be expensed.

#### **■** Financial instruments

Under Australian IFRS (AASB 139 Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement) requires all derivative contracts, whether used as hedging instruments or otherwise, to be recognised and measured at fair value. Unless detailed hedge accounting requirements are met, movements in fair value of these contracts must be taken to the statement of financial performance. AASB 139 also introduces the concept of embedded derivatives and requires the identification, recognition and measurement of derivatives embedded within host contracts. Embedded derivatives are required to be fair valued and movements reported in the statement of financial performance. AGAAP is not specific about the treatment of such financial instruments.

#### Transaction costs relating to the raising of debt

Under both AGAAP and Australian IFRS, transaction costs relating to debt finance are deducted from the net proceeds received and amortised over the period of the debt using the effective interest method.

# 13.11 Consistency of accounting policies between Metcash and Foodland

The principal accounting policies adopted by Metcash are set out in detail in their financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2004. Metcash management has conducted a review of the accounting policies of Foodland, as disclosed in Foodland's 2004 annual report, for consistency with the accounting policies of Metcash. No significant differences were noted based upon the information available.

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# Appendix to financial information

#### Additional financial information

This appendix should be read in conjunction with Section 13 of this Scheme Booklet. In particular all disclaimers, notes and detail in Section 13.3 should be given detailed attention.

# Detailed reconciliation of statement of financial position for Outcomes 1, 2 and 3

# 1.1 Outcome 1 - Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful

Set out below is a detailed reconciliation of the statement of financial position of Newco including further detail on the adjustments relating to Australian IFRS.

:		31-Oct-04 AGAAP			31-Oct-04 Australian IFRS
\$ million	Metcash standalone	Funding transaction and restructure costs	Capital Reorganisation	Newco	Newco
Current assets					
Cash	19	1,1251	(1,   25)2	19	19
Inventory	428			428	428
Accounts receivable	694			694	694
Other	9			9	9
Total current assets	1,150	1,125	(1,125)	1,150	1,150
Non-current assets					
Accounts receivable	10			10	10
PP&E	129			129	129
Intangibles	236	16	1,660	1,912³	247⁴
Other	5			5	5
Total non-current assets	380	16	1,160	2,056	391
Total assets	1,530	1,141	535	3,206	1,541
Current liabilities					
Debt	86			86	86
Accounts payable	881			881	881
Other	44			44	44
Total current liabilities	1,011			1,011	1,011
Non-current liabilities					
Debt	16	516'		532	532
Other	19			19	19
Total non-current liabilities	35	516		551	551
Total liabilities	1,046	516		1,562	1,562
Net assets	484	626	535	1,644	(21)



# (a) Consolidation adjustments

#### Note I

The funding for Outcome 1 is sourced as follows:

	\$ million
Debt	
Senior debt	527
Less debt related transaction costs	(11)
	516
Other	
CULS	372
Cash	291
Less CULS redemption premium <sup>a</sup>	(9)
Less other transaction costs	(45)
	609
Net funds	1,125
Notes:	

- a Redemption premium on CULS net of any interest assumed to be earned/saved
- b Subsequent to conversion to ordinary shares

#### Note 2

Represents gross purchase consideration for acquisition of Metoz Holdings

The goodwill generated on consolidation in Newco is as follows:

	\$ million
Consideration	2,305
Conversion of CULS to Newco ordinary equity <sup>b</sup>	486
Less fair value of net assets acquired <sup>c</sup>	(879)
	1,912

- a Comprises consideration of approximately \$1.2 billion for the purchase of the shares of existing Metcash shareholders and \$1.1 billion for the purchase of Metoz Holdings including acquisition expenses of \$16 million.
- Conversion of CULS into Newco ordinary equity at \$3.32
- c Metcash are of the opinion that the fair value of assets equals the book value. This represents:

	\$ million
Net assets of Metcash standalone	484
Placement	263
CULS	348
SPP	21
Less existing Metcash goodwill	(237)
	879

# (b) Australian IFRS adjustments

#### Note 4:

	\$ million
AGAAP goodwill	1,912
Reversal of goodwill under reverse takeover	(1,676)
Reversal of goodwill amortisation (6 months to 31 October 2004)	1.1
Australian IFRS Goodwill	247

# 1.2 Outcome 2 - Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful

Set out below is the detailed reconciliation of the statement of financial position of Metcash including further detail on the adjustments relating to Australian IFRS.

31-Oct-04 AGAAP			31-Oct-04 Australian IFRS					
\$ million	Metcash standalone	Foodland Wholesale	Funding, transaction & restructure costs	Takeover Offer	Action Super- markets <sup>4</sup>	Property	Metcash	Metcash
Current assets								
Cash	19	6	846'	(846)2			25	25
Inventory	428	95					523	523
Accounts receivable	694	72					766	766
Other	9	4		336	(336)⁴		13	13
Total current assets	1,150	177	846	(510)	(336)		1,327	1,327
Non-current assets								
Accounts receivable	10						10	10
PP&E	129	53				(36)5	146	146
Intangibles	236	9	53	303³			6013	5976
Other	5	77					82	82
Total non-current assets	380	139	53	303		(36)	839	835
Total assets	1,530	316	899	(207)	(336)	(36)	2,166	2,162
Current liabilities								
Debt	86						86	86
Accounts payable	881	107					988	988
Other	44						44	44
Total current liabilities	1,011	107					1,118	1,118
Non-current liabilities								
Debt	16		6491		(336)4	(36)5	293	293
Accounts payable		2					2	2
Other	19						19	45 <sup>7</sup>
Total non-current liabilities	35	2	649		(336)	(36)	314	340
Total liabilities	1,046	109	649		(336)	(36)	1,432	1,458
Net assets	484	207	250	(207)	0	0	734	704



# (a) Consolidation adjustments

# Note I

The funding for Outcome 2 is sourced as follows:

	\$ million
Debt	
Senior debt	425
Action Facility	235
Less debt related transaction costs	(11)
	649
Other	
Cash	291
Less CULS redemption premium	(19)
Less other transaction costs	(45)
Less restructure costs	(30)
	197
Net funds	846

# Note 2

Represents purchase consideration for acquisition of Foodland Australia.

The goodwill generated on consolidation of Foodland Australia is as follows:

	\$ million
Consideration	846
Less fair value of Action Supermarkets (refer note 4)	(336)
Less fair value of net assets of Foodland Wholesale acquired	(207)
	303
Existing Foodland Wholesale goodwill	9
Existing Metcash goodwill	236
Restructure costs	30
Non debt or equity related transaction costs	23
	601
Note:	

Metcash has assumed that the fair value of assets equals the book value

The assets, liabilities and associated funding relating to the Action Supermarkets are held in a limited recourse vehicle for the purposes of divestment.

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#### Note 5:

Foodland's 2004 Annual Report discloses the independent valuation of all Foodland's owned land and buildings (other than land held for resale which is included in inventories), plus additions in the 2004 financial year recorded at cost. The independent valuations were performed as at July 2003, with a value attributed to the property assets of \$67.4 million.

The annual report does not disclose a split of land and buildings by these segments however, it does disclose the split of 'Property and Other' assets. Metcash has allocated the land and buildings between Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand as follows based on the proportion of 'Property and Other' assets.

	\$ million
Foodland Australia	36
Foodland New Zealand	31
Total	67

#### (b) Australian IFRS adjustments

#### Note 6:

	\$ million
AGAAP Intangible assets	601
Write off of restructure costs	(30)
Contingent Liabilities	25
Australian IFRS Intangible assets	597

#### Note 7:

A contingent liability for Foodland taxation matters of \$25.5 million is recognised as a liability in accordance with Australian IFRS. This has an impact of increasing the goodwill arising on the acquisition of Foodland.



#### 1.3 Outcome 3 - Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful

Set out below is a detailed reconciliation of the statement of financial position for Newco including further detail on the adjustments relating to Australian IFRS.

31-Oct-04 AGAAP					31-Oct-04 Australian IFRS				
\$ million	Metcash standalone	Foodland Wholesale	Funding, transaction and restructure costs	Capital Reorganisation	Takeover Offer	Action Super- markets <sup>3</sup>	Property <sup>3</sup>	Newco	Newco
Current assets									
Cash	19	6	1,971	$(1,125)^2$	(846)³			25	25
Inventory	428	95						523	523
Accounts receivable	694	72						766	766
Other	9	4			336³	(336)³		13	13
Total current assets	1,150	177	1,971	(1,125)	(510)	(336)		1,327	1,327
Non-current assets	i								
Accounts receivable	10							10	10
PP&E	129	53					(36)3	146	146
Intangibles	236"	91	68*	1,767	303			2,3824	6065
Other	5	77						82	82
Total non-current assets	380	139	68	1,767	303		(36)	2,620	844
Total assets	1,530	316	2,039	642	(207)	(336)	(36)	3,947	2,171
Current liabilities									
Debt	86							86	86
Accounts payable	881	107						988	988
Other	44							44	44
Total current liabilities	1,011	107						1,118	1,118
Non-current liabili	ties								
Debt	16		976'			(336)	(36)	620	620
Accounts payable		2						2	2
Other	19							19	456
Total non- current liabilities	35	2	976			(336)	(36)	641	667
Total liabilities	1,046	109	976			(336)	(36)	1,759	1,785
Net assets	484	207	1,063	642	(207)	0	0	2,188	385

### (a) Consolidation adjustments

#### Note I

The funding for Outcome 3 is sourced as follows:

-	\$ million
Debt	
Senior debt	756
Action Facility	235
Less debt related transaction costs	(15)
	976
Other	
CUPS•	50
CULS <sup>4</sup>	744
Cash	291
Less other transaction costs	(60)
Less restructure costs	(30)
	955
Net funds	1,971
Note:	

a Subsequent to conversion to ordinary shares



#### Note 2

Represents gross purchase consideration for acquisition of Metoz Holdings.

Refer to the detailed notes 2, 4 and 5 for Outcome 2.

The goodwill generated on consolidation in Newco is as follows:

	\$ million
Consideration for the Capital Reorganisation <sup>a</sup>	2,341
Conversion of CULS to Newco ordinary equity <sup>2</sup>	972
Less fair value of net assets required <sup>c</sup>	(1,547)
	1,766
Consideration for the Takeover Offer	846
Less fair value of Action Supermarkets*	(336)
Less fair value of net assets of Foodland Wholesale acquired	(207)
	303
Existing Foodland Wholesale goodwill	9
Existing Metcash goodwill	236
Restructure costs	30
Non debt or equity related transaction costs	38
	2,382

#### Notes

- a Comprises consideration of approximately \$1.2 billion for the purchase of the shares of existing Metcash shareholders and \$1.1 billion for the purchase of Metoz Holdings
- b conversion of CULS into Newco ordinary equity at \$3.32
- Metcash are of the opinion that the fair value of assets equals the book value (see table below)
- Metcash has assumed that the fair value of assets equals the book value
- The assets, liabilities and associated funding relating to the Action Supermarkets are held in a limited recourse vehicle for the purposes of divestment.

		\$ million
Net assets of Metcash stand alone	•	484
Placement		263
CULS		729
SPP		21
CUPS		50
		1,547

#### (b) Australian IFRS adjustments

#### Note 5:

	\$ million
AGAAP Intangible assets	2,382
Reversal of goodwill which does not arise under Australian IFRS	(1,766)
Reversal of goodwill amortisation (6 months to 31 October 2004)	11
Contingent liabilities	25
Non debt or equity related transaction costs relating to Capital Reorganisation	(16)
Write off of restructure costs	(30)
	606

#### Note 6:

A contingent liability for Foodland taxation matters of \$25.5 million is recognised as a liability in accordance with Australian IFRS. This has an impact of increasing the goodwill arising on the acquisition of Foodland.

#### 1.4 Reconciliation of Metcash incremental sales for Takeover Offer

Below is a breakdown of the incremental sales Newco / Metcash is forecast to generate as a result of the Takeover Offer.

Newco/Metcash incremental sales	30-Apr-06	
\$ million	Forecast	
Sales		
Sales from supplying Action Supermarkets	917	
Foodland Wholesale external sales	1,041	
Total Incremental sales to Metcash/Newco from acquiring Foodland	1,959	
Forecast sales of Action Supermarkets	1,529	
Assumed Metcash Wholesale % of Action Supermarkets retail sales	60%	
Sales from supplying Action Supermarkets	917	

Newco/Metcash incremental sales	30-Apr-06
\$ million	Forecast
Metcash standalone sales	7,232
Total incremental sales to Metcash from acquiring Foodland	1,959
Newco/Metcash total sales	9,191

#### 1.5 Foodland Australia standalone

#### (a) Financial performance

Set out below is the historical financial information for Foodland Australia's two major divisions, Action Supermarkets and Foodland Wholesale for the years ending 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004.

	AG	AGAAP		
	03-Aug-03	01-Aug-04		
Smillion 232 11	Line Hills	oded		
Sales				
Action Supermarkets	1,209	1,330		
Foodland Wholesale external sales	1,002	100,1		
Total	2,211	2,331		
Sales growth %		5.4%		
EBITA				
Action Supermarkets	36	39		
Foodland Wholesale	51	45		
EBITA pre corporate costs	87	84		
EBITA margin pre corporate costs	3,9%	3.6%		
Corporate costs	(4)	(4)		
EBITA post corporate costs	83	80		
EBITA margin post corporate costs	3.8%	3.4%		
Capital expenditure	62	84		





#### (b) Foodland Australia historical performance assumptions

Sales and EBITA attributable to the Action Supermarkets chain are assumed to be equivalent to Australia Supermarket sales in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004. Foodland Wholesale sales and EBITA reflects the Australia Franchise & Supply segment per the segment note in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004.

Unallocated historical corporate costs in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 (\$10.1 m in 2004 and \$9.8m in 2003) have been applied against the Foodland Australia standalone and Foodland New Zealand standalone operations in proportion to gross revenue of each operation. Metcash understands that Foodland allocates a proportion of corporate costs directly to its business segments. Metcash has assumed these corporate costs have been allocated in a manner that is consistent with business segment use and activity.

Historical EBITA reflected in the above table excludes property income and profits/(losses) on sale of property as reflected in the segment note to Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004.

Historical capital expenditure has been sourced from the business segment commentary of Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004, with any additional group capital expenditure initiatives disclosed in other public information being attributed to Foodland Australia on a basis broadly consistent with the Foodland Australia and Foodland New Zealand sales split.

#### (c) Statement of financial position

	autor.	AGAAP	· F
		01-Aug-04 Historical	
\$ million	Foodland Associated Limited	Foodland Australia	Foodland Austrilia Wholesale
Current assets			
Cash	59	23	6
Inventory	412	202	95
Accounts receivable	229	75	72
Other	(60)	9	4
Total current assets	640	309	177
Non-current assets			
PP&E	451	180	53
Intangibles	722	147	9
Other	131	107	77
Total non-current assets	1,304	433	139
Total assets	1,944	742	316
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable and other	486	240	107
Total current liabilities	486	240	107
Non-current liabilities			
Debt	425	0	0
Accounts payable and other	20	10	2
Total non-current liabilities	445	10	2
Total liabilities	931	250	109
Net assets	1,013	492	207

#### (d) Foodland Australia's statement of financial position assumptions

The proforma statement of financial position above has been prepared on the basis of information disclosed in Foodland's annual report for the year ending 1 August 2004 in order to reflect Metcash management's best estimate of Foodland Australia as a standalone operation.

The proforma information provided above is based on the statement of financial position disclosed in note 28 of Foodland's annual report for the year ending 1 August 2004, which separately discloses all Australian controlled entities, with the following adjustments:

- To the extent practicable, removal of all intercompany balances and other items that should eliminate on consolidation of the Foodland group (in order to present Foodland Australia as a standalone operation)
- Other adjustments required to reflect information that is consistent with the Australian segment assets represented in the segment note of Foodland's annual report for the year ending | August 2004 and other disclosed amounts

Metcash has assumed that this provides a reasonable estimate of the financial position of Foodland Australia as a standalone operation without property investments. We note that segment asset information provided in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 has not been provided by statement of financial position breakdown. In addition, the segment note does not split liabilities by geographic segment. Accordingly, the statement of financial position above necessarily contains some estimates. Metcash does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the proforma statement of financial position above. Further information relating to the financial position of Foodland Australia as a standalone operation may be included in Foodland's target statement in relation to the Takeover Offer which will be sent to Foodland shareholders directly by Foodland and will be publicly available.

#### (e) Foodland Australia Wholesale statement of financial position assumptions

Metcash has estimated the Foodland Australia Wholesale standalone proportion of the proforma Foodland Australia standalone statement of financial position based on the Foodland parent company statement of financial position reflected in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004. The parent entity incorporates the Foodland group's Australian wholesale operations (its principal activities are listed as Chief entity/Wholesale). Metcash has adjusted this statement of financial position for the following items:

- To the extent practicable, removal of all intercompany balances and other items that should eliminate on consolidation of the Foodland group (in order to present Foodland Wholesale Australia as a standalone operation)
- Other adjustments required to reflect segment assets that are consistent with the Australia Franchise & Supply segment per the segment note in Foodland's annual report for the year ending 1 August 2004 and other disclosed amounts

Metcash notes that segment asset information provided in Foodland's annual report for the year ending I August 2004 has not been provided by statement of financial position breakdown. In addition, the segment note does not split liabilities by geographic segment. Accordingly, the statement of financial position above necessarily contains some estimates. Metcash does not make any representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of the proforma Foodland Australia Wholesale statement of financial position above. Further information relating to these items may be included in Foodland's target statement in relation to the Takeover Offer which will be sent to Foodland shareholders directly by Foodland and will be made publicly available.

#### 1.6 Exchange Ratio Adjustment

The 2.44 Exchange Ratio will be adjusted as the CULS is a prorata issue. The Exchange Ratio will be adjusted in accordance with the following formula:

2.44 x 5 day VWAP of Metcash shares immediately prior to Ex-Rights Date

5 day VWAP of Metcash shares including and immediately after Ex-Rights Date

Where:

WWAP = volume weighted average price

Ex-Rights Date = the date Metcash Shares go ex-rights with respect to the CULS





### 14 Extraordinary General Meeting: Resolutions

### 14.1 Summary of Resolutions

In addition to the resolutions to be considered, and if thought fit passed, by Shareholders (other than Metoz) and Optionholders at the Scheme Meetings, Shareholders are also being asked to consider, and if thought fit to pass, other resolutions (referred to in this Scheme Booklet as the **Resolutions**) at an Extraordinary General Meeting to follow the conclusion or adjournment of the Scheme Meetings.

The table below summarises the Resolutions, and this Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet provides Shareholders with information regarding these Resolutions.

Proposed Resolution	What is the rationale for the Resolution?	What is the outcome if the Resolution is not passed?	Who can vote on the Resolution?	What is the required approval threshold?
Resolution I (Downstream Acquisition Resolution) - To approve the acquisition by Newco (and its Direct and Indirect Shareholders) of the Metoz Interest in Metcash	Permits Newco to acquire all of the issued shares in Metoz Holdings (and thereby to acquire more than 20% of Metcash)	The Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective	All Shareholders provided that no votes may be cast for the resolution by Newco or its associates (including Metoz) or by persons holding shares in Metoz Holdings (or their associates), although such persons can vote against the Resolution	Ordinary resolution 50% threshold (of shares voted)
Resolution 2 (Related Party Benefit Resolution) - To approve the giving of financial benefits by Metcash to Newco	Enables Metcash to provide financial benefits to Newco for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation	The Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective	All Shareholders except Newco and any associates of Newco (including Metoz)	Special resolution 75% threshold (of shares voted)
Resolution 3 (Financial Assistance Resolution) - To approve the giving of financial assistance by Metcash and its subsidiaries to Newco	Enables Metcash to provide financial assistance to Newco for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation	The Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective	All Shareholders provided that no votes may be cast for the resolution by Newco or by its associates (including Metoz) although such persons can vote against the Resolution	Special resolution 75% threshold (of shares voted)
Resolution 4 (Financial Assistance Resolution) - To approve the giving of financial assistance by Metcash to Metcash shareholders (other than Metoz)	Enables Metcash to provide financial assistance to Metcash shareholders other than Metoz for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation	The Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective	All Shareholders provided that no votes may be cast for the resolution by Non-Metoz Shareholders or their associates although such persons can vote against the Resolution	Special resolution 75% threshold (of shares voted)
Resolution 5 (Financial Assistance Resolution)- To approve the giving of financial assistance by Metcash subsidiaries (including, if the Takeover Offer is successful, Foodland and/or its subsidiaries) to Newco, Non-Metoz Shareholders, Metcash, Metcash subsidiaries and Foodland Shareholders	Enables Metcash subsidiaries to give financial assistance for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer	The Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective. The Takeover Offer will not proceed in the form currently contemplated.	All Shareholders	Special resolution 75% threshold (of shares voted)

The Resolutions are discussed in more detail in the Sections below.

#### 14.2 Resolution 1 - Downstream Acquisition Resolution

#### (a) Background to and reasons for resolution

Under Section 606 of the Corporations Act, a person must not acquire a "relevant interest" in voting shares in a listed company if the acquisition results in the person's voting power in the listed company increasing from below 20% to more than 20%. A "relevant interest" will arise if (among other things) the person has the ability to control the voting or disposal of shares.

An acquisition is not prohibited by this rule if the acquisition has been approved by shareholders of the listed company under item 7 of section 611 of the Corporations Act.

Metoz holds approximately 52% of the ordinary shares in Metcash. If the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective, Newco will acquire all of the issued shares in Metoz Holdings and therefore acquire control over the Metoz Interest in Metcash, giving it a "relevant interest" in those shares.

As at the date of this Scheme Booklet, Newco's voting power in Metcash is approximately 52%, as Newco and Metoz are deemed to be "associates" by virtue of the arrangements between them in relation to the Capital Reorganisation. While the result of the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective will be that Newco's voting power in Metcash would remain at approximately 52%, Newco will acquire a direct relevant interest in the 52% stake in Metcash held by Metoz.

Accordingly, the approval of Shareholders is sought under item 7 of section 611 of the Corporations Act for the acquisition of shares in Metoz Holdings by Newco.

Shareholders should also note that:

- since the Metoz Scheme is conditional upon the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective; and
- since the result of the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective would be that Newco acquires all of the ordinary shares in Metcash that are not held by Metoz (being, approximately 48% of the ordinary shares in Metcash),

if the acquisition by Newco of the shares in Metoz Holdings does proceed, then Newco will in fact become the holding company of Metcash and acquire a relevant interest in 100% of the shares in Metcash.

#### (b) Prescribed information

The Corporations Act and ASIC policy prescribe certain information to be given to Shareholders in connection with an approval of the nature of the Downstream Acquisition Resolution. For convenience, that information is set out or referenced below:

- The identity of the person proposing to make the acquisition is Newco and its Direct and Indirect Shareholders. Currently, Newco's directors are:
  - John Randall;
  - Paul Kaplan; and
  - Michael Roche.

Further information in relation to the directors of Newco is set out in Section 7 of this Scheme Booklet.

- The voting power in Metcash that Newco would have, and the maximum extent of the increase in Newco's voting power, as a result of the acquisition would be 52%. However, as indicated above, since the Metoz Scheme and Metcash Share Scheme are inter-conditional, if the acquisition the subject of the Downstream Acquisition Resolution proceeds, then in fact Newco's voting power in Metcash will become 100%.
- The maximum extent of the increase in voting power in Metcash of each of Newco's associates that would result from the acquisition is set out in the table below:



Name	Name Voting power (before)	Voting power (after)	Increase in voting power
M & GM Investments Pty Limited <sup>7</sup>	Nil	52% (but will effectively decrease to nil on implementation of the Metcash	52% (but will effectively be nil upon implementation of the Metcash Share
ACN 101 563 348		Share Scheme)	Scheme)
Metoz Holdings and each of its subsidiaries	52%	52% (but will increase to 100% on implementation of the Metcash Share	Nil (but will affectively be 48% upon implementation of the Metcash Share
		Scheme as a result of it being controlled by Newco which itself will	Scheme)
		have 100% of the voting power in	
		Metcash)	

The shares in Metcash (by number and percentage) in which Newco will have a relevant interest immediately before and after the proposed acquisition are as set out in the table below:

	Number of ordinary shares	% of total
Before Metoz Scheme becomes Effective	0	0
After Metoz Scheme becomes Effective but disregarding effect of Metcash Share Scheme	385,332,000 (through indirect holding in Metoz)	52% (through indirect holding in Metoz)
After Metoz Scheme and Metcash Share Scheme Effective	736,898,918°	100%

- Newco expects the acquisition to be completed on 18 April 2005 being the Implementation Date. An explanation of the conditions precedent and termination events relating to the acquisition is set out in Section 9 of this Scheme Booklet.
- The purpose of the acquisition of shares in Metoz Holdings (and therefore of a relevant interest in Metcash shares) by Newco is to effect the Metoz Scheme for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation (as described in this Scheme Booklet).
- Newco's intentions regarding the future of Metcash are set out in Section 7 of this Scheme Booklet.
- Particulars of the terms of contracts or proposed contracts between Newco and Metcash or the Metoz shareholders which are conditional upon, or directly or indirectly dependent on, Shareholders' agreement to the acquisition are as set out below:

Details of contract	Particulars of terms
Letter of offer from Newco to Metoz dated 5 December 2004	Please refer to Part 3 of Annexure A
Implementation Agreement	Please refer to Section 19
The loan deeds set out in Annexure B	Please refer to Annexure B
The Metoz Scheme	Please refer to Section 8

As indicated in Section 7, if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, the current board of Newco will resign and the incumbent board of Metcash will be appointed as directors of Newco. The existing board of directors of Metcash will continue as directors of Metcash.

Details in this prescribed information relating to M&GM Investments Pty Limited ACN 101 563 348 also relate to its shareholders, Michael Roche and Geraldine Mary Roche. Its directors are Michael Roche and Geraldine Mary Roche. Michael Roche also has a relevant interest in a parcel of 5,000 Metcash Shares through a discretionary investment account.

<sup>8</sup> Based on number of Metcash Shares outstanding as at 12 January 2005.

- The following directors of Metcash have an interest in the outcome of the Downstream Acquisition Resolution by virtue of their holding of office on the board of and employment by, Metoz Holdings:
  - Carlos S dos Santos;
  - Dudley Rubin; and
  - Andrew Reitzer.
- The interests of the directors of Metcash and Metoz Holdings in Metcash are set out in Section 16 of this Scheme Booklet.
- All eligible Directors voted in favour of the proposal to put the Downstream Acquisition Resolution to Shareholders.
- Each Director recommends that non-associated Shareholders vote in favour of the Downstream Acquisition Resolution for the reason that he considers the Downstream Acquisition Resolution and the implementation of the Capital Reorganisation to be in the best interests of Metcash for the reasons outlined in Section 1.7 of this Scheme Booklet.
- The intentions of Newco with regard to the financial or dividend policies of Metcash are set out in Section 7 of this Scheme Booklet.
- The Independent Expert, PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited, has considered whether the proposals contained in this Scheme Booklet, including the proposed Downstream Acquisition Resolution, are fair and reasonable to non-associated Shareholders, and has concluded that the downstream acquisition of Metcash by Newco, being an integrated part of the Capital Reorganisation, is fair and reasonable for non-associated Shareholders. The Independent Expert's Report is set out in full in Section 17 of this Scheme Booklet.

#### (c) Shareholder approval and voting exclusion

Resolution I (the Downstream Acquisition Resolution) will be decided on a poll and will be passed if a majority of those voting at the Extraordinary General Meeting (whether in person or by proxy) vote in favour of the resolution.

Metcash will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 1 by:

- Newco and its associates (including Metoz); and
- persons holding shares in Metoz Holdings or their associates.

The Directors unanimously recommend that you vote FOR Resolution 1.

#### 14.3 Resolution 2 - Related Party Benefit Resolution

#### (a) Background to and reasons for the resolution

The funding arrangements for the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer are set out in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet.

These funding arrangements are likely to entail the provision of "financial benefits" by Metcash and entities it controls to Newco within the meaning of Chapter 2E of the Corporations Act, as:

- Metcash proposes to:
  - lend funds to Newco on the basis outlined in Section 12.4;
  - pay, and indemnify Newco with respect to:
    - all costs and expenses incurred by Newco in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution and performance of the Implementation Agreement and the proposed, attempted or actual implementation of the Implementation Agreement, the Schemes and this Scheme Booklet up to a maximum aggregate amount of \$20,000 (or such higher amounts as Metcash approves in advance); and
    - all taxes and stamp duties in respect of the Implementation Agreement or Metcash Schemes.



- redeem or convert (as applicable), the CULS and if, the CULS are converted, apply the proceeds towards subscription for Newco Shares; and
- repurchase the CUPS (by way of redemption, buy-back or capital reduction or procuring Newco or a third party to purchase the CUPS for the Redemption Amount) or facilitate the purchase by Newco of the CUPS in consideration for the issue by Newco of Newco Shares; and
- Metcash, and entities it controls from time to time (which may come to include Foodland and entities it controls) propose to give guarantees, securities, negative pledges and other covenants, incur other obligations and make available directly or indirectly their cashflows (whether through dividends, capital distributions, inter-company loans or otherwise) and other resources in support of the funding arrangements required for the Capital Reorganisation (as referred to in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet),

(together, the Financial Benefits).

Each of the above will confer a "financial benefit" on Newco.

Since, as a result of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will become a related party (namely a holding company) of Metcash for the purposes of the Corporations Act, Section 228(6) of the Corporations Act has the effect of deeming Newco to be a "related party" immediately. Accordingly, the giving of the Financial Benefits by Metcash (and entities it controls) to Newco must be approved in advance by Shareholders (other than Newco and its associates) under Section 208 of the Corporations Act.

#### (b) Prescribed information

The Corporations Act prescribes certain information to be given to shareholders in connection with the Related Party Benefit Resolution. For convenience, that information is set out or below:

- The Related Party Benefit Resolution would permit the Financial Benefits to be given.
- In light of the advantages expected to accrue to Metcash in connection with the implementation of the Capital Reorganisation as outlined in Section 3.1 of this Scheme Booklet, each Director recommends that eligible Shareholders vote in favour of the Related Party Benefit Resolution. The following directors of Metcash have an interest in the outcome of the Related Party Benefit Resolution by virtue of their holding of office on the board of Metoz Holdings:
  - Carlos S dos Santos;
  - Dudley Rubin; and
  - Andrew Reitzer.

The interests of the Directors in Metcash and Metoz Holdings are set out in Section 16 of this Scheme Booklet.

The advantages, disadvantages and risks associated with the Capital Reorganisation are set out in Section 3, and the financial information relating to the Capital Reorganisation is set out in Section 13).

#### (c) Shareholder approval and voting exclusion

Resolution 2 (the Related Party Benefit Resolution) will be decided on a poll and will be passed if 75% of those voting at the Extraordinary General Meeting (whether in person or by proxy) vote in favour of the resolution.

Metcash will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 2 by Newco and its associates (including Metoz).

The Directors unanimously recommend that you vote FOR Resolution 2.

#### 14.4 Resolutions 3-5 - Financial Assistance Resolutions

#### (a) Background to and reasons for the resolutions

Under section 260B(I) of the Corporations Act, the giving of financial assistance by a company to acquire shares in the company or a holding company of the company must be approved by a special resolution passed at a general meeting of the shareholders of the company. This is the reason for Resolutions 3 and 4.

Under sections 260B(2) and 260B(3) of the Corporations Act, if a company will be a subsidiary of a listed domestic corporation (**Listed Holding Company**), or of a domestic corporation that is not itself a subsidiary of another domestic corporation (**Ultimate Australian Holding Company**), immediately after an acquisition of shares in respect of which the company gives financial assistance, then the financial assistance must also be approved by a special resolution of the shareholders of the Listed Holding Company or Ultimate Australian Holding Company. This is the reason for Resolution 5.

It is also a pre-condition to the Metcash Schemes and debt funding arrangements that Resolutions 3, 4 and 5 be approved. If these resolutions are not approved, the Capital Reorganisation cannot proceed.

At the general meeting of Shareholders held on 20 January 2005, as a preliminary step to the parties initiating the steps required to effect the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash sought and obtained from Shareholders approval for the giving of financial assistance to Newco in connection with various costs to be borne by Newco in relation to the proposed acquisition of shares in Metoz Holdings under the Metoz Scheme.

In the explanatory memorandum dated 20 December 2004 in respect of that general meeting, Metcash indicated that the nature and source of the relevant funding had not been finalised at that time. Subsequently, the funding arrangements for the Schemes and the Takeover Offer have now been settled in principle, as described in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet, and accordingly, the financial assistance to be provided under those arrangements is the subject of Resolutions 3-5.

The Schemes, the Takeover Offer and the related funding arrangements (as described in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet) will involve, amongst other things, the direct or indirect acquisition by various persons of shares in Newco, Metoz, Metcash, Foodland and certain of Foodland's subsidiaries, in circumstances which may entail the provision of "financial assistance" by those entities and entities they control in connection with the acquisition, within the meaning of Part 2J.3 of the Corporations Act.

#### Resolution 3 and 4

By entering into the funding arrangements for the Schemes and the Takeover Offer and the related transactions as described in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet, Metcash may provide financial assistance:

- to Newco to enable Newco to acquire shares in Metoz Holdings (the holding company of Metcash) and Metcash, if the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective. This assistance is the subject of Resolution 3; and
- to Metcash shareholders other than Metoz to acquire shares in Newco, if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective. This is because, in providing financial assistance to Newco, Metcash places Newco in a position whereby it can conclude the Metoz Scheme and Metcash Share Scheme, thereby facilitating the acquisition of Newco Shares by the Non-Metoz Shareholders. This assistance is the subject of Resolution 4.

#### Resolution 5

By entering into the funding arrangements for the Schemes and the Takeover Offer and the related transactions as described in Section 12 of this Scheme Booklet, Metcash's subsidiaries from time to time (including, following the Takeover Offer, Foodland and its subsidiaries) may provide financial assistance:

- to Newco to enable Newco to acquire shares in Metoz Holdings (the holding company of Metcash) and Metcash, if the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective;
- to Metcash shareholders other than Metoz to acquire shares in Newco, if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective;



- to Metcash to acquire shares in Foodland if the Takeover Offer is successful. Similarly, in that circumstance, financial assistance may be provided to Action Holdco, NZ Holdco or other Metcash subsidiaries to enable them to acquire shares in subsidiaries of Foodland; and
- to enable Foodland Shareholders to acquire shares in Metcash and/or Newco as part or all of the consideration for the Takeover Offer, if the Takeover Offer is successful.

#### Other approvals

Separately, if the Schemes become Effective, the approval by special resolution of the shareholders of Newco would be required to permit the giving of the financial assistance addressed in Resolution 3, 4 and 5, since (subject to ASX approval) Newco would be the listed domestic holding company of Metcash after the acquisition of Metoz. The shareholder of Newco has passed a special resolution in favour of the giving of this financial assistance.

Separately, special resolutions of Metcash's existing subsidiaries will be obtained approving the giving of financial assistance by those companies. Such special resolutions will be passed by relevant group companies.

In addition, special resolutions of Foodland and its subsidiaries will be required before those companies can give financial assistance. It is envisaged that the passing of those resolutions will occur after the acquisition of Foodland by Metcash under the Takeover Offer, but before the financial assistance is actually given.

Finally, since it will also become a party to the funding arrangements described in Section 12, Newco may also give financial assistance in connection with the acquisition of shares in Newco by Metcash shareholders, Foodland Shareholders and others. Accordingly, a separate special resolution of Newco will be required to approve the giving of this financial assistance. The shareholder of Newco has passed a special resolution in favour of the giving of this financial assistance.

#### (b) Impact on Metcash's financial position

The impact on Metcash's financial position of providing the financial assistance depends on whether or not the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective and Takeover Offer is successful. The relevant financial information is set out in Section 13.

#### (c) Voting

Resolutions 3-5 (the Financial Assistance Resolutions) will each be decided on a poll and will be passed if 75% of those voting at the Extraordinary General Meeting (whether in person or by proxy) are in favour of the resolution.

Metcash will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 3 by Newco or its associates (including Metoz).

Metcash will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 4 by any Non-Metoz Shareholder (and its associates).

All Shareholders (including Metoz) may vote either for or against Resolution 5.

The Directors unanimously recommend that you vote FOR each of Resolutions 3, 4 and 5.

### 15 Tax implications

# 15.1 Australian tax implications for Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders

# Greenwoods & Freehills

13 January 2005

The Directors

Metcash Trading Limited

4 Newington Road

SILVERWATER NSW 2128

Dear Sirs

#### Metcash scheme of arrangement Australian Taxation Report

We have been instructed by Metcash Trading Limited ("**Metcash**") to prepare a report on Australian income tax and goods and services tax ("**GST**") issues, for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet in relation to the Metcash Schemes between Newco Limited and:

- in the case of the Metcash Share Scheme holders of fully paid ordinary shares in Metcash other than Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV ("Soetensteeg") (such ordinary shares referred to herein as the "**Metcash Shares**" and such holders referred to herein as the "**Scheme Shareholders**"); and
- in the case of the Metcash Option Scheme holders of options to subscribe for Metcash Shares granted under the Option Plan (such options referred to herein as the "**Metcash Options**" and such holders referred to herein as the "**Scheme Optionholders**").

This report outlines the general Australian taxation implications for Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders (together, "Scheme Participants") who are Australian residents for taxation purposes and who hold their respective Metcash Shares or Metcash Options on capital account.

The report does not address the tax treatment for Scheme Participants who:

- hold their respective Metcash Shares or Metcash Options on revenue account such as banks and share trading entities; or
- are non-residents of Australia (including non-resident Shareholders who currently hold, or will hold, their Metcash Shares through a permanent establishment in Australia).

The information contained in this report is of a general nature only. It does not constitute tax advice and should not be relied upon as such.

In respect of any Scheme Shareholder that is a subsidiary member of a tax consolidated group at the date on which the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective (the "**Effective Date**"), any reference to a Scheme Shareholder should be read as a reference to the head entity of that group and not the Scheme Shareholder.

All investors should seek independent professional advice on the consequences of their participation in the Metcash Scheme, based on their particular circumstances.

Terms used in this report are, unless stated otherwise, defined in the same way as they are in the Scheme Booklet.

This report is based on the provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936 and the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997 (together, the "Tax Act"), the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 and related acts, regulations and Australian Taxation Office ("ATO") rulings and determinations applicable as at the date of this report.

#### 1 Tax Consequences of Share Scheme

#### 1.1 Summary

Scenario	Tax consequences
Metcash Schemes Effective, Takeover Offer successful	CGT event on disposal of Metcash Shares; CGT roll-over relief should be available (see 1.3 below). Treatment of unexercised Metcash Options will depend on Optionholders' circumstances; roll-over relief should be available (see 4 below).
Metcash Schemes Effective, Takeover Offer unsuccessful	CGT event on disposal of Metcash Shares; CGT roll-over relief should be available (see 1.3 below). Treatment of unexercised Metcash Options will depend on Optionholders' circumstances; roll-over relief should be available (see 4 below).
Metcash Schemes not Effective, Takeover Offer successful	No disposal of Metcash Shares or Metcash Options; no taxation consequences.
Metcash Schemes not Effective, Takeover Offer unsuccessful	No disposal of Metcash Shares or Metcash Options; no taxation consequences.

#### 1.2 Disposal of Metcash Shares

If the Metcash Share Scheme is approved, Newco will acquire all of the Metcash Shares other than the Metcash Shares held by Soetensteeg a company incorporated in the Netherlands and which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Metoz Holdings Limited.

Pursuant to the Share Scheme, each Scheme Shareholder (other than Overseas Shareholders) will receive consideration for the transfer of their Metcash Shares to Newco in the form of Newco ordinary shares ("Newco Shares"). The capital gains tax ("CGT") and income tax consequences discussed below will generally apply to Scheme Shareholders.

The exchange of Metcash Shares gives rise to a CGT event for Australian tax purposes for each Scheme Shareholder. Scheme Shareholders who acquired (or are taken to have acquired) their Metcash Shares on or after 20 September 1985 will:

- make a capital gain if the capital proceeds for their Metcash Shares are greater than the cost base of their Metcash Shares, subject to CGT scrip-for-scrip roll-over relief; or
- make a capital loss if the reduced cost base of their Metcash Shares is greater than the capital proceeds for their Metcash Shares.

Any capital gain or capital loss made by Scheme Shareholders who acquired (or are taken to have acquired) their Metcash Shares before 20 September 1985 will be disregarded.

The capital proceeds from the exchange will be the market value of the Newco Shares received in respect of the Metcash Shares. The market value of the Newco Shares should be calculated on the date that the Metcash Shares are disposed of, which will the Effective Date.

The cost base of Metcash Shares will generally include their original cost of acquisition.

#### 1.3 Availability of CGT scrip-for-scrip roll-over

In our view, Scheme Shareholders who would otherwise make a capital gain in respect of the disposal of any of the Metcash Shares should be able to choose CGT scrip-for-scrip roll-over relief (referred to hereafter as "CGT roll-over relief") in respect of their Metcash Shares. Where the disposal of Metcash Shares give rise to a capital loss for a Scheme Shareholder, CGT roll-over relief is not available in respect of such Metcash Shares.

To be able to choose CGT roll-over relief, a number of conditions must be satisfied. In our view, these conditions should be satisfied in relation to the Metcash Share Scheme. Metcash intends to lodge with the ATO an application for a class ruling seeking confirmation that these conditions will be satisfied and that CGT roll-over relief will be available to eligible Scheme Shareholders.

If, contrary to our view, the conditions for CGT roll-over relief are not satisfied in respect of the Share Scheme, the CGT consequences for Scheme Shareholders are explained in Section 1.6 of this report.

#### 1.4 Effect of CGT scrip-for-scrip roll-over

On the basis that CGT roll-over relief is available, if a Scheme Shareholder chooses CGT roll-over relief for Metcash Shares exchanged for Newco Shares, any capital gain in respect of the disposal of the Metcash Shares is disregarded.

The effect of CGT roll-over relief is to defer any capital gain until the disposal of the Newco Shares received in exchange for the Metcash Shares. Choosing CGT roll-over relief will affect the cost base and reduced cost base of the Newco Shares received in exchange and therefore will affect the taxation consequences of a subsequent disposal of the Newco Shares. The consequences of disposing of the Newco Shares are explained in Section 3 of this report.

#### 1.5 How to choose CGT roll-over relief

On the basis that the conditions for CGT roll-over relief are satisfied, each Scheme Shareholder will be entitled to choose whether to apply CGT roll-over relief in respect of the disposal of all (or only some) of those Metcash Shares that would otherwise result in a capital gain being realised.

Scheme Shareholder will generally need to choose CGT roll-over relief before the lodgement of the income tax return for the income year in which the CGT event happens. For Scheme Shareholders who do not have a substituted accounting period for tax purposes, this is expected to be the tax return for the year ending 30 June 2005. The choice is evidenced by excluding such portion of the capital gain, in respect of which CGT roll-over relief is chosen, from the Scheme Shareholder's tax return.

The benefit of choosing CGT roll-over relief will depend on the circumstances of each Scheme Shareholder. Choosing CGT roll-over relief will generally benefit Scheme Shareholders who hold Metcash Shares with a low CGT cost base relative to the market value of Newco Shares received in exchange or Scheme Shareholders who intend to hold Newco Shares for an extended period of time. Scheme Shareholders who have capital losses available, or minimal other assessable income, may benefit from not choosing CGT roll-over relief. This report is not to be construed as providing a recommendation as to the most appropriate action for Scheme Shareholders and all Scheme Shareholders should obtain independent advice based on their own particular circumstances.

#### 1.6 Where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen or not available

Where a Scheme Shareholder does not choose CGT roll-over relief in respect of some or all of their Metcash Shares (or if the Share Scheme does not satisfy the conditions for CGT roll-over relief), the CGT consequences for a Scheme Shareholder who makes a capital gain will be as follows.

Capital gains and capital losses of a Scheme Shareholder in a year of income from all sources are aggregated to determine whether there is a net capital gain. Any net capital gain for the year is included in assessable income and is subject to income tax at the Scheme Shareholder's marginal tax rate. Net capital losses may not be deducted against other income for income tax purposes, but may be carried forward to offset against capital gains derived in future income years.

Capital losses may only be deducted against capital gains, in the same or a later income year. Capital losses cannot be deducted against other assessable income. Specific capital loss carry forward rules apply to Scheme Shareholders who are companies.

Individuals, complying superannuation entities or trustees that have held Metcash Shares for at least 12 months should be entitled to discount the amount of the capital gain (after the application of capital losses, if any). The amount of this discount is 50% in the case of individuals and trustees and 331/3% for complying superannuation entities. No discount is available for Scheme Shareholders that are companies.

Where the Scheme Shareholder is a trustee, the CGT discount may flow through to the beneficiaries in that trust, other than companies. Scheme Shareholders that are trustees should seek specific advice regarding the tax consequences of distributions to beneficiaries attributable to discounted capital gains.

For Scheme Shareholders who acquired (or are taken to have acquired) their Metcash Shares for CGT purposes prior to 21 September 1999, the capital gain resulting from the exchange may be calculated using a cost base indexed for inflation. If the Scheme Shareholder makes a capital loss, the reduced cost base is not indexed. The cost base may only be indexed for inflation up to 30 September 1999. Scheme Shareholders who choose to calculate the capital gain using an indexed cost base cannot apply the CGT discount to the capital gain.

As noted above, where the exchange of Metcash Shares gives rise to a capital loss, CGT roll-over relief is not available.

#### 2 Holding Newco shares

#### 2.1 Summary

The taxation consequences for a person holding Newco Shares will be generally comparable to the tax consequences of holding Metcash Shares. That is, Scheme Shareholders holding Newco Shares will generally be taxable on:

- the amount of any dividend received from Newco and any franking credits attached to the dividend; and
- any capital gain arising from the subsequent disposal of the Newco Shares (refer Section 3 below).

#### 2.2 Dividends from Newco

Newco will be required to pay tax on its taxable income at the company tax rate (currently 30%) and will be able to frank dividends paid to Scheme Shareholders.

Generally, a Scheme Shareholder's assessable income will include any franking credits attached to dividends paid by Newco in addition to the amount of the dividends (even if any of the dividends are reinvested). Where franking credits are included in a Scheme Shareholder's assessable income, the Scheme Shareholder will generally be entitled to a corresponding tax offset.

Relevantly, to be eligible for the franking credit and tax offset, the Scheme Shareholder must have held the Newco Shares at risk for at least 45 days (not including the date of acquisition or the date of disposal). This holding period rule should not apply to a Scheme Shareholder if the Scheme Shareholder is an individual whose tax offset entitlement (on all interests which give rise to frankable distributions, including shares and interests in shares) does not exceed \$5,000 for the income year in which the franked dividend is paid.

Where the Scheme Shareholder is an individual, complying superannuation entity or a registered charity (in certain circumstances), the Scheme Shareholder will generally be entitled to a refund to the extent that the franking credits attached to the Scheme Shareholder's dividends exceed the Scheme Shareholder's tax liability for the income year.

Where the Scheme Shareholder is a company, any franked dividends received will generally give rise to a franking credit in the company's franking account.

#### 3 Disposal of Newco Shares

#### 3.1 General

The taxation consequences for Scheme Shareholders on a subsequent disposal of Newco Shares in a normal on-market transaction should generally be similar to the consequences on the disposal of Metcash Shares without choosing CGT roll-over relief as described at 1.6 above.

Capital gains and capital losses in relation to Newco Shares taken to have been acquired for CGT purposes prior to 20 September 1985 are disregarded and cannot be added to or offset against capital gains or capital losses realised in relation to any other Newco Shares acquired or taken to have been acquired on or after 20 September 1985.

#### 3.2 CGT cost base of Newco Shares

To work out any capital gain or capital loss on a disposal of Newco Shares it will be necessary to have regard to the cost base or reduced cost base of the Newco Shares, respectively, and their date of acquisition. The cost base, reduced cost base and acquisition date of the Newco Shares will be affected where a Scheme Shareholder chooses CGT roll-over relief in respect of Metcash Shares exchanged for Newco Shares.

#### (a) Where CGT roll-over relief is chosen

In respect of those Metcash Shares exchanged where CGT roll-over relief is chosen, the first element of the CGT cost base and reduced cost base of the Newco Shares acquired is equal to the portion of the cost base of the Metcash Shares which is reasonably attributable to the Newco Shares acquired. No prescribed method of allocating the cost base and reduced cost base is prescribed by the tax legislation.

However, based on previous ATO rulings in relation to CGT roll-over relief (for example, Class Rulings CR 2004/79 and CR 2004/80), we understand that the ATO accepts that a reasonable method of cost base allocation is to pool the cost bases of each parcel of Metcash Shares with the same "per share" cost base and acquisition date. The total cost base of each parcel of Metcash Shares should be allocated pro-rata to the Newco Shares received in exchange for those Metcash Shares. Other methods may also provide a reasonable attribution of cost base.

Applying this method, the first element of the cost base and reduced cost base of a Newco Share received by a Scheme Shareholder will be as follows:

First element of cost base = The total of the cost bases of the parcel of Metcash Shares exchanged (worked out at the time of disposal of Metcash Shares)

Number of Newco Shares issued in exchange for the parcel of Metcash Shares

Similarly, the first element of the reduced cost base of each Newco Share received by a Scheme Shareholder will be as follows:

similarly, the first element of the reduced cost base of each Newco Share received by a scheme shareholder will be as follows.

First element of reduced cost bases of the parcel of Metcash Shares exchanged cost base = (worked out at the time of disposal of Metcash Shares)

Number of Newco Shares issued in exchange for the parcel of Metcash Shares

We have set out worked examples in the Appendix.

For the purposes of applying the CGT discount provisions to a future disposal of the Newco Shares, the acquisition date is the original date of acquisition of the Metcash Shares that were transferred in exchange for the Newco Shares. The acquisition date of the Newco Shares may be important for any future disposal of those shares, as the CGT discount is only available for assets held for 12 months or more.

#### (b) Where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen

In respect of those Metcash Shares exchanged where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen or is not available, the first element of the CGT cost base and reduced cost base of the Newco Shares is equal to the market value of the Metcash Shares exchanged, measured at the date of acquisition of the Newco Shares. In the absence of any contrary indication of the value of those Metcash Shares, their market value should be equal to the market value of the Newco Shares on the Effective Date, which should also be the date of issue of the Newco Shares.

Where CGT roll-over relief is not chosen, the acquisition date of the Newco Shares for CGT purposes is the Effective Date. This may impact the application of the CGT discount provisions to a future disposal of the Newco Shares, as the CGT discount is only available for shares held for more than 12 months.

#### 4 Consequences for Optionholders

#### 4.1 Optionholders who elected to be taxed upfront

Division I3A of the Tax Act contains specific provisions which govern the taxation consequences arising for participants in the Option Plan, Scheme Optionholders should also consult information on the Option Plan provided to them at the time their Metcash Options were granted. Where an Optionholder has elected to be "taxed upfront" in respect of the grant of a Metcash Option, the Optionholder will have a CGT cost base in the Metcash Option equal to the market value of the Metcash Option calculated in accordance with the provisions of Division 13A of the Tax Act at the time it was issued.

#### (a) Metcash Options exercised

Optionholders who exercise their Metcash Options will acquire Metcash Shares with a cost base equal to the cost base of the Metcash Options plus any amount paid to exercise the Metcash Options.

If the Metcash Shares are sold prior to the Record Date, the Optionholder will make a capital gain if the sale proceeds for the Metcash Shares is greater than their cost base and will make a capital loss if the consideration for the Metcash Shares is less than their reduced cost base.

If the Metcash Shares are not sold prior to the Record Date, the Optionholder will be able to participate in the Share Scheme and the taxation consequences will be the same as for other Metcash Shareholders as set out above.

#### (b) Metcash Options not exercised

Optionholders who do not exercise their Metcash Options will be able to participate in the Option Scheme. When a Metcash Option is cancelled, the Optionholder will make a capital gain if the capital proceeds from the cancellation are greater than the cost base of the Metcash Option unless CGT roll-over relief is chosen. The Optionholder will make a capital loss if the capital proceeds are less than the reduced cost base of the Metcash Option. The capital proceeds will be the market value of the Newco Options issued in exchange for the cancelled Metcash Options.

In our view, Optionholders who elected to be taxed upfront and who would otherwise make a capital gain should be able to choose CGT roll-over relief. To be able to choose CGT roll-over relief, certain conditions must be satisfied. In our view, these conditions should be satisfied.

If CGT roll-over relief is available and Optionholders choose for it to apply, each Newco Option received in exchange should have a cost base equal to the cost base of the Metcash Option which was exchanged.

If CGT roll-over is not available (e.g. the conditions for roll-over are not satisfied or the Optionholder makes a capital loss) or Optionholders choose for it not to apply, the Optionholder will make a capital gain or capital loss as outlined above.

#### 4.2 Optionholders who deferred taxation in relation to Metcash Options

#### (a) Metcash Options exercised

Optionholders who exercise their Metcash Options will trigger a taxable event (called the "cessation time") for the purposes of Division 13A. Such Optionholders will be required to include an amount in their assessable income for the income year ending 30 June 2005.

If the Metcash Shares received on exercise of Metcash Options are sold within 30 days of exercise and prior to the Record Date in an arm's length transaction, the amount to include in assessable income is the consideration received by the Optionholder for the Metcash Shares less the amount paid to exercise the Metcash Options.

If the Metcash Shares received on exercise of the Metcash Options are not sold within 30 days of exercise and the Record Date has not occurred, the amount to include in assessable income is the market value of the Metcash Shares at the time of exercise less the amount paid to exercise the Metcash Options. The cost base of the Metcash Shares will be the market value of the Metcash Shares at the time of exercise. The Optionholder can then choose whether to participate in the Metcash Share Scheme if it becomes Effective (the consequences of which are set out above) or otherwise dispose of their Metcash Shares (which will have CGT consequences).

If the Optionholder continues to hold the Metcash Shares until the Record Date and the Record Date is within 30 days of the date of exercise, the amount to include in assessable income is the market value of the Newco Shares received in exchange less the amount paid to exercise the Metcash Options. Any capital gain or capital loss on disposal of the Metcash Shares is disregarded. The cost base of the Newco Shares will be equal to the market value of the Metcash Shares on the Effective Date.

#### (b) Metcash Options not exercised

Optionholders who do not exercise their Metcash Options will be able to participate in the Option Scheme. Under the current law, the cancellation of the Metcash Options will trigger a "cessation time" for the purposes of Division 13A of the Tax Act and Optionholders will be required to include the market value of the Newco Options received at that time in their assessable income. The Newco Options received in exchange will be treated as having a cost base equal to the market value of the cancelled Metcash Options immediately before they are cancelled.

Under amendments to the Tax Act proposed under the Tax Laws Amendment (2004 Measures No. 7) Bill 2004 ("No. 7 Bill"), an income tax roll-over will be available where, relevantly:

- (a) an Optionholder acquires Newco Options, being rights that the Optionholder acquired under an employee share scheme, and the Newco Options can reasonably be regarded as matching the Metcash Options in terms of, inter alia, their market value; and
- (b) the acquisition occurs in connection with a 100% takeover of Metcash; and
- (c) as a result of the takeover, the Optionholder ceases to hold the Metcash Options.

In our view, if the No. 7 Bill is enacted in its current form, Optionholders who have not elected to be taxed up-front in respect of their options, should be entitled to the income tax roll-over contained in the No. 7 Bill.

The effect of the rollover is that no amount of assessable income will arise as a consequence of the exchange and the Newco Options that are received will be treated for Division 13A purposes as a continuation of the Metcash Options. The No. 7 Bill was introduced into Federal Parliament on 8 December 2004. If the No. 7 Bill receives Royal Assent it will have retrospective effect from 1 July 2004.

Optionholders who participate in the Option Scheme and acquire Newco Options should obtain tax advice prior to lodging their tax return for the income year ending 30 June 2005.

#### 5 Goods and Services Tax ("GST")

No GST should generally be payable in respect of the transactions outlined above, including the disposal of the Metcash Shares and the acquisition of the Newco Shares pursuant to the Share Scheme. As these all involve dealings with securities, the various supplies will be input taxed (i.e. not subject to GST).

There may be an indirect GST cost for Scheme Shareholders who are registered for GST as input tax credits will generally not be available for GST charged to the acquirer in respect of supplies relating to the dealings with these securities (e.g. legal and other adviser fees).

#### 6 Tax File Numbers

Australian resident shareholders may notify Newco of their Australian Tax File Number (or Australian Business Number if the Newco Shares are held by the shareholder in the course of carrying on an enterprise). If the required notifications are not provided, tax will be deducted from the unfranked component of dividends paid by Newco. The current rate of withholding will be 48.5% of the payment. However, shareholders will be entitled to claim an income tax credit/refund (as applicable) in respect of the tax withheld in their income tax returns.

Yours sincerely

Afterwhy

**GREENWOODS & FREEHILLS PTY LIMITED** 

#### **Appendix**

The examples below are provided for illustrative purposes only, do not show actual numbers and do not represent tax advice. The effect of any indexation of cost base is ignored. The consequences to any specific Scheme Shareholder may differ from those set forth below as a result of the Scheme Shareholder's particular tax situation or the particular facts applicable to that Scheme Shareholder. Scheme Shareholders should seek independent professional advice on the particular consequences of exchanging their Metcash Shares for Newco Shares, including whether or not to choose any roll-over relief which may be available.

#### Example 1 - one parcel of Metcash Shares

Mr Ford owns 1000 Metcash Shares each with a cost base and reduced cost base of \$1.00. All of the Metcash Shares were acquired on I March 2000. Under the Metcash Scheme, Mr Ford receives 1000 Newco Shares in exchange for his 1000 Metcash Shares. Each Newco Share has a market value of \$3.30 on the Effective Date.

Ignoring any incidental costs or other cost base items, Mr Ford makes a prima facie capital gain on the disposal of his Metcash shares calculated as follows:

Capital proceeds:	\$3.30 x 1000	\$3,300
Less: cost base	\$1.00 × 1000	(\$1,000)
Capital gain		\$2,300

On the basis that the Metcash Scheme qualifies for CGT roll-over relief, Mr Ford can choose to either:

- (a) include some or all of the capital gain of \$2,300 in working out the net capital gain or net capital loss (i.e. after the application of any available prior year or current year capital losses and any CGT discount) in his assessable income; and/or
- (b) choose CGT roll-over relief and defer part or all of the capital gain until any subsequent disposal of his Newco Shares.

If Mr Ford does not choose CGT roll-over relief, then each Newco Share will have an initial cost base and reduced cost base calculated by reference to the market value of the Metcash Shares exchanged. The acquisition date of each Newco Share will be the Effective Date.

If Mr Ford chooses CGT roll-over relief, then the cost base and reduced cost base of each Newco Share received will be calculated as follows:

Total cost base of parcel of Metcash Shares =  $1000 \times $1.00$ 

= \$1,000

Cost base per Newco Share = \$1,000/1000

= \$1.00

The acquisition date of each Newco Share will taken to be | March 2000.

#### Example 2 - three parcels of Metcash Shares

Sally owns the following parcels of Metcash Shares:

Parcel	Acquisition date	No. of Metcash Shares acquired	Cost base/ reduced cost base	Total cost base/ reduced cost base
1	30 January 2001	800	\$0.40	\$320
2	16 November 2001	550	\$1.50	\$825
3	I October 2004	300	\$2.78	\$834
	TOTAL	1,650		\$1,979

Under the Metcash Scheme, Sally receives 1,650 Newco Shares in exchange for her 1,650 Metcash Shares. Each Newco Share has a market value of \$3.30 on the Effective Date.

Ignoring any incidental costs or other cost base items, Sally makes a prima facie capital gain on the disposal of her Metcash Shares calculated as follows:

#### Parcel I

TOTAL CAPITAL GAIN	\$3,466
Capital gain	\$156
Capital proceeds: \$3.30 × 300 Less: cost base \$2.78 × 300	\$990 (\$834)
Parcel 3	
Capital gain	\$990
Capital proceeds: $$3.30 \times 550$ Less: cost base $$1.50 \times 550$	\$1,815 (\$825)
Parcel 2	
Capital gain	\$2,320
Capital proceeds: \$3.30 x 800 Less: cost base \$0.40 x 800	\$2,640 (\$320)

On the basis that the Metcash Scheme qualifies for CGT roll-over relief, Sally can choose to either:

- (a) include some or all of the total capital gain of \$3,466 in working out the net capital gain or net capital loss (i.e. after the application of any available prior year or current year capital losses and any CGT discount in respect of the capital gain made on her Metcash Shares acquired on 30 January 2001 and 16 November 2001) in her assessable income; and/or
- (b) choose CGT roll-over relief and defer part or all of the capital gain until any subsequent disposal by her Newco Shares.

If Sally does not choose CGT roll-over relief, then each Newco Share will have an initial cost base and reduced cost base calculated by reference to the market value of the Metcash Shares exchanged. The acquisition date of each Newco Share will be the Effective Date.

If however Sally chooses CGT roll-over relief, then the cost base and reduced cost base of each Newco Share received will be calculated as follows:

#### Parcel I - 30 January 2001 acquisition date

Total cost base of parcel of Metcash Shares = \$320 Cost base per Newco Share = \$320/800 = \$0.40

The acquisition date of each Newco Share in this parcel will be taken to be 30 January 2001.

#### Parcel 2 - 16 November 2001 acquisition date

Total cost base of parcel of Metcash Shares = \$825 Cost base per Newco Share = \$825/550 = \$1.50

The acquisition date of each Newco Share in this parcel will be taken to be 16 November 2001.

#### Parcel 3 - I October 2004 acquisition date

Total cost base of parcel of Metcash Shares = \$834 Cost base per Newco Share = \$834/300 = \$2.78

The acquisition date of each Newco Share in this parcel will be taken to be I October 2004.

#### 15.2 Summary Australian tax implications for Overseas Shareholders

13 January 2005

The Directors Metcash Trading Limited 4 Newington Road SILVERWATER NSW 2128

Dear Sirs

#### Metcash scheme of arrangement **Australian Taxation Report**

We have been instructed by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") to prepare a report on Australian income tax and goods and services tax ("GST") issues, for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet in relation to the Metcash Share Scheme for Overseas Shareholders participating in the Metcash Share Scheme.

This report outlines the general Australian taxation implications for Overseas Shareholders who are non-residents for Australian taxation purposes, receive cash for their Metcash Shares if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective and who hold their Metcash Shares on capital account.

The report does not address the tax treatment for Overseas Shareholders who:

- hold their Metcash Shares on revenue account such as banks and share trading entities;
- are residents of Australia; or
- currently hold, or will hold, their Metcash Shares in carrying on a business through a permanent establishment in Australia.

The information contained in this report is of a general nature only. It does not constitute tax advice and should not be relied upon as such.

All Overseas Shareholders should seek independent professional advice on the consequences of their participation in the Metcash Share Scheme, based on their particular circumstances.

Terms used in this report are, unless stated otherwise, defined in the same way as they are in the Scheme Booklet.

This memorandum is based on the provisions of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1936, the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997, the A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999 and related acts, regulations and Australian Taxation Office rulings and determinations applicable as at the date of this letter.

#### Australian capital gains tax ("CGT")

#### 1.1 Disposal on Effective Date

For Australian CGT purposes, Overseas Shareholders will be treated as disposing of their Metcash Shares to Newco on the Effective Date for the Metcash Share Scheme.

#### 1.2 Metcash Shares must have necessary connection with Australia

There will only be CGT consequences for an Overseas Shareholder on disposal of Metcash Shares if the Overseas Shareholder's Metcash Shares have the necessary connection with Australia. Metcash Shares will have the necessary connection with Australia if the Overseas Shareholder (together with the Overseas Shareholder's associates) has held (at any time during the 5 years preceding the date of disposal) at least 10% of any of the Metcash Shares on issue.

Disposal of any Metcash Shares acquired (or taken to be acquired) prior to 20 September 1985 for CGT purposes are not subject to CGT at all (although such Metcash Shares will count towards the 10% threshold if the Overseas Shareholder acquired additional Metcash Shares on or after 20 September 1985).

We understand that no Overseas Shareholder has held (alone or together with associates), at any time during the 5 years preceding the date of disposal, at least 10% of any of the Metcash Shares on issue. Accordingly there should not be any Australian taxation consequences for Overseas Shareholders (who hold their Metcash Shares on capital account) participating in the Metcash Share Scheme.

#### 1.3 Metcash Shares having the necessary connection with Australia

In the event that an Overseas Shareholder has held (alone or together with associates), at any time during the 5 years preceding the date of disposal at least 10% of any of the Metcash Shares on issue prior to the Effective Date, that Overseas Shareholder will be subject to Australian CGT.

In respect of such Metcash Shares acquired or taken to have been acquired by an Overseas Shareholder on or after 20 September 1985 for CGT purposes ("Post-CGT Metcash Shares"), upon disposal of a Post-CGT Metcash Share, an Overseas Shareholder will make a capital gain if the net proceeds in respect of the disposal of the Post-CGT Metcash Share exceeds the cost base of the Post-CGT Metcash Share. If the net proceeds in respect of the disposal of the Metcash Share is less than the reduced cost base of the Metcash Share, the Overseas Shareholder will make a capital loss.

In broad terms, the cost base for Metcash Shares is generally the amount the Overseas Shareholder paid for them in Australian currency (including incidental costs of acquisition and disposal).

Where the Overseas Shareholder is a resident of a country with which Australia has concluded a double tax treaty, the Overseas Shareholder may be entitled to relief from Australian CGT pursuant to the terms of the treaty. If treaty relief is not available, the Overseas Shareholder may be eligible for the CGT discount or indexation (refer to the Australian Taxation Report in respect of Australian resident Scheme Shareholders at Section 15.1).

#### 2 GST

Certain brokerage and other fees paid by Newco's nominee when it sells the Newco Shares issued to it (refer to Section 9.6(c)) may be subject to Australian GST, which will be taken into account in working out the net proceeds payable to Overseas Shareholders.

Yours sincerely

**GREENWOODS & FREEHILLS PTY LIMITED** 



### 16 Additional information

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#### 16.1 ASX listing of Metcash and Newco

#### (a) Newco

On or about the date of this Scheme Booklet, Newco will apply to ASX for admission to ASX's official list and for quotation of the Newco Shares on ASX. The application will be conditional on the approval and implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme.

#### (b) Metcash

It is expected that suspension of trading on ASX in Metcash Shares will occur from close of trading on the day on which Metcash notifies ASX of the approval of the Metcash Share Scheme by the Court.

Provided that the Metcash Share Scheme has been fully implemented in accordance with its terms, Metcash will apply for termination of the official quotation of Metcash Shares on ASX after the Implementation Date.

It is expected, however, that although official quotations of Metcash Shares will be terminated as outlined above, Metcash will, for a period, continue to be admitted to the official list of ASX and that the Metcash A Shares, NZ Shares and CULS will be quoted and tradeable on ASX.

#### 16.2 Interests of directors and executive officers

The Directors are named below. Each of the Directors' interests in Metcash Shares and Metcash Options and shares in Metoz Holdings, as at the date of this Scheme Booklet are set out in the table below.

Name	Number of Metcash Shares held	Number of Metcash Options held	Number of Metoz Holdings shares held
Mr. Carlos S. dos Santos	0	0	17,433,601
Mr. A.E. (Ted) Harris, AC	344,980	0	207,118
Mr. Andrew Reitzer	1,820,000	680,000	205,671
Mr. Michael R. Jablonski	0	850,000	0
Mr. Edwin M. Jankelowitz	600,000	850,000	0
Mr. V. Dudley Rubin	0	0	1,286,827
Mr. Peter L. Barnes	125,000	0	0
Mr. Richard A. Longes	100,000	0	0
Mr. Bernard J. Hale	0	850,000	1,190,015
Mr. Joao Louis S. Jardin	0	520,000	0
Mr. Michael Wesslink	145,000	540,000	0

No Director as at the date of this Scheme Booklet holds a beneficial interest in any other Metcash Shares, Metcash Options, or shares in Metoz Holdings.

It is proposed that all Directors will, following the transfer of Metcash Shares to Newco under the Metcash Share Scheme, be appointed as directors of Newco on a basis of remuneration equivalent to their existing arrangements with Metcash. Each Director has agreed to waive all payments or other benefits otherwise payable or due to him as compensation for loss of, or as consideration for or in connection with his or her retirement from office in Metcash or its related bodies corporate as a result of the Schemes becoming Effective. Accordingly, no such payments or benefits will be made or given.

Each of the Newco directors' interest in Metcash Shares and Metcash Options and Metoz Holdings shares and options are set out in the table below.

AUSTRALIAI



#### Other payments and benefits

Except as disclosed elsewhere in this Scheme Booklet, no Director has any other interests, whether as a director or member or creditor of Metcash or otherwise, material to the Metcash Schemes.

As at the date of this Scheme Booklet, no marketable securities of Newco are held by or on behalf of the Directors.

No Director as at the date of this Scheme Booklet has entered into an agreement or arrangement with another person in connection with or conditional on the outcome of the Metcash Schemes.

No Director as at the date of this Scheme Booklet has any interest in any contract entered into by Newco.

No payment or other benefit is proposed to be made or provided to any Director, secretary or executive officer of Metcash or its related bodies corporate as a result of the Schemes becoming Effective.

#### 16.3 Disclosure of fees and other benefits

Greenwoods & Freehills has prepared the Tax Adviser's Report. Metcash has paid or agreed to pay \$103,000 for such services to 12 January 2005. Further amounts may be paid to Greenwoods & Freehills in accordance with its time-based charge-out rates.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited was appointed as Independent Expert and Independent Accountant for the Metcash Schemes. Metcash had paid or agreed to pay \$575,000 for the Independent Expert's Report and the Independent Accountant's Report. Further amounts may be paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited in accordance with its time-based charge-out rates.

#### 16.4 Independent Expert's Report and Independent Accountant's Report

Metcash has engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited (PwCS) as an independent expert to report on the proposed Capital Reorganisation. Section 17 of this Scheme Booklet contains the Independent Expert's Report prepared by PwCS for Metcash and a financial services guide issued by PwCS relating to the financial services provided by it. PwCS is not responsible nor liable for any part of this Scheme Booklet other than the Independent Expert's Report, the FSG and the Independent Accountant's Report.

The Directors recommend that you read the Independent Expert's Report carefully before voting at the Scheme Meetings.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited has consented to the inclusion of its Independent Expert's Report and Independent Accountant's Report in this Scheme Booklet in the form and context in which they are included and has not withdrawn that consent at the date of this Scheme Booklet. It has not caused or authorised the issue of this Scheme Booklet and takes no responsibility for any part of it other than the Independent Expert's Report, the FSGs, the Independent Accountant's Report and the references to its name.

#### 16.5 Material changes in the financial position of Metcash

The latest published financial statements of Metcash are the reviewed financial statements for the half year ended 31 October 2004 that were released to the ASX on 25 November 2004. The last balance sheet of Metcash laid before the company or sent to shareholders in accordance with sections 314 or 317 of the Corporations Act was the audited balance sheet of Metcash at 30 April 2004 contained within Metcash's 2004 Annual Report that was released to ASX on 29 July 2004.



To the knowledge of the Directors, there has not been a material change in the financial position of Metcash since 30 April 2004, except as disclosed in announcements to the ASX. Copies of these announcements are available to any Shareholder or Optionholder free of charge by writing to:

Company Secretary Metcash Trading Limited 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW 2128 Fax number: +61 29741 3027

### 16.6 ASIC relief

Email: john.randall@metcash.com

ASIC has granted Metcash relief from the obligations to state the matters set out in clause 8201, and to contain or have annexed the reports and copies of documents referred to in clauses 8203(a) and 8203(b), of Part 2 of Schedule 8 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth), which this Scheme Booklet would otherwise be required to contain or annex.

#### 16.7 Other material information

Other than as contained in this Scheme Booklet, there is no information material to the making of a decision in relation to the Metcash Schemes (being information that is within the knowledge of any director of Metcash or a related company, acting in that capacity) that has not previously been disclosed to Shareholders and Optionholders.

#### 16.8 Copy of Option Register

Under the Corporations Act, any Optionholder has a right to inspect and to ask for a copy of the Option Register, which contains details of the name and address of each Optionholder and other details regarding the terms of the Metcash Options. A copy of the Option Register will be made available to any Optionholder on payment of the prescribed fee under the Corporations Act.

#### 16.9 Consents

Greenwoods & Freehills has consented to the inclusion of the Tax Adviser's Report in this Scheme Booklet in the form and context in which it is included and has not withdrawn that consent at the date of this Scheme Booklet. It has not caused or authorised the issue of this Scheme Booklet and takes no responsibility for any part of it other than the Tax Adviser's Report and the references to its name.

Metcash Trading Africa (Pty) Limited has consented to the inclusion of statements attributed to it in this Scheme Booklet in the form and context in which they are included and has not withdrawn that consent at the date of this Scheme Booklet.

Metoz Holdings has consented to the inclusion of statements attributed to it in this Scheme Booklet in the form and context in which they are included and has not withdrawn that consent at the date of this Scheme Booklet.

Newco has consented to the inclusion of statements attributed to it in this Scheme Booklet in the form and context in which they are included and has not withdrawn that consent at the date of this Scheme Booklet.

and Financial Services Guide

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**Metcash Trading Limited** 

Independent Expert's Report and Financial Services Guide

in relation to the proposed Capital Reorganisation

11 February 2005



**PricewaterhouseCoopers** Securities Ltd ACN 003 311 617 ABN 54 003 311 617 Holder of Australian Financial Services Licence No 244572

Darling Park Tower 2 201 Sussex Street **GPO BOX 2650** SYDNEY NSW 1171 DX 77 Sydney Australia www.pwc.com/au Telephone +61 2 8266 0000 Facsimile +61 2 8266 9999

**Financial Services Guide** This Financial Services Guide is dated 11 February 2005

#### About us

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (ABN 54 003 311 617, Australian Financial Services Licence no 244572) ("PwCS") has been engaged by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") to provide a report in the form of an Independent Expert's Report (the "Report") in relation to the Proposed Capital Reorganisation for inclusion in this Scheme Booklet.

You have not engaged us directly but have been provided with a copy of the Report as a retail client because of your connection to the matters set out in the Report.

#### This Financial Services Guide

This Financial Services Guide ("FSG") is designed to assist retail clients in their use of any general financial product advice contained in the Report. This FSG contains information about PwCS generally, the financial services we are licensed to provide, the remuneration we may receive in connection with the preparation of the Report, and how complaints against us will be dealt with.

#### Financial services we are licensed to provide

Our Australian financial services licence allows us to provide a broad range of services. including providing financial product advice in relation to various financial products such as securities, interests in managed investment schemes, derivatives, superannuation products, foreign exchange contracts, insurance products, life products, managed investment schemes, government debentures, stocks or bonds, and deposit products.

#### General financial product advice

The Report contains only general financial product advice. It was prepared without taking into account your personal objectives, financial situation or needs.

You should consider your own objectives, financial situation and needs when assessing the suitability of the Report to your situation. You may wish to obtain personal financial product advice from the holder of an Australian Financial Services Licence to assist you in this assessment.



#### Fees, commissions and other benefits we may receive

PwCS charges fees to produce reports, including this Report. These fees are negotiated and agreed with the entity who engages PwCS to provide a report. Fees are charged on an hourly basis or as a fixed amount depending on the terms of the agreement with the person who engages us. The fees we have charged for the preparation of this Report and our basis of charging are disclosed in Appendix A to the Report.

Directors or employees of PwCS, PricewaterhouseCoopers, or other associated entities, may receive partnership distributions, salary or wages from PricewaterhouseCoopers.

#### Associations with issuers of financial products

PwCS and its partners, employees and associates may from time to time have relationships with the issuers of financial products. For example, PricewaterhouseCoopers may be the auditor of, or PwCS may provide financial advisory services to, the issuer of a financial product in the ordinary course of its business. However, PwCS has no prior professional relationship with Metcash.

#### Complaints

If you have a complaint, please raise it with us first, using the contact details listed below. We will endeavour to satisfactorily resolve your complaint in a timely manner. In addition, a copy of our internal complaints handling procedure is availably upon request.

If we are not able to resolve your complaint to your satisfaction within 45 days of your written notification, you are entitled to have your matter referred to the Financial Industry Complaints Service ("FICS"), an external complaints resolution service. You will not be charged for using the FICS service.

#### Contact details

PwCS can be contacted by sending a letter to the following address:

Richard Stewart
PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd
201 Sussex Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000



The Independent Directors Metcash Trading Limited 4 Newington Road Silverwater NSW 2128

11 February 2005

**Securities Ltd** ACN 003 311 617 ABN 54 003 311 617 Holder of Australian Financial Services Licence No 244572

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Darling Park Tower 2 201 Sussex Street **GPO BOX 2650** SYDNEY NSW 1171 DX 77 Sydney Australia www.pwc.com/au Telephone +61 2 8266 0000 Facsimile +61 2 8266 9999

**Dear Sirs** 

Independent Expert's Report in relation to the proposed Capital Reorganisation

#### Introduction

On 6 December 2004, Metcash Trading Limited (Metcash) announced a proposed corporate reorganisation (Capital Reorganisation) which, if successful, will result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's majority shareholder. Metoz Holdings Limited (Metoz).

On the same day, Metcash also announced its intention to make an off-market takeover offer (the Takeover Offer) for the entire issued share capital of Foodland Associated Limited (Foodland). The Takeover Offer is structured so that Metcash shareholders including Foodland shareholders accepting Metcash scrip as part of the Takeover Offer will own Foodland's Australian businesses and that current Foodland shareholders will ultimately be transferred direct ownership of Foodland's New Zealand businesses.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other.

The proposed Capital Reorganisation will be implemented by three Schemes of Arrangement (the Schemes). There will be two schemes of arrangement in Australia (Metcash Schemes) and a scheme of arrangement in South Africa (Metoz Scheme). The two Metcash schemes relate to, firstly, the ordinary shares not held by Metoz (Metcash Share Scheme) and secondly, to options (Metcash Option Scheme) that are outstanding in Metcash. The Metcash Share Scheme and Metoz Scheme are inter-conditional. The Metcash Option Scheme is conditional upon the Metcash Share Scheme and Metoz Scheme, but the Metcash Share Scheme and Metoz Scheme are not conditional upon the Metcash Option Scheme.

Once the Metcash Share Scheme and Metoz Scheme become effective, Metcash will be controlled by Metcash shareholders (other than Metoz) who will become shareholders in a new company (Newco), which will then be listed on the ASX.



### 1.1. Purpose of report

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (PwCS) has been engaged by the independent directors of Metcash to prepare this independent expert's report to accompany the Scheme Booklet to be sent to Metcash shareholders and optionholders in connection with the proposed Capital Reorganisation.

We understand that our report will be used to assist in providing non-associated (those who are not related parties of Metoz) shareholders and optionholders with proper and full disclosure to enable them to assess the merits of the proposed Capital Reorganisation, details of which are included in the Scheme Booklet and summarised in Section 3 of this report. Our report has been prepared solely for the purpose of assisting the non-associated shareholders and optionholders of Metcash in considering the proposed transaction.

In particular, in relation to the Capital Reorganisation, you have asked us to provide our opinion on the following:

- whether the proposed scheme is in the best interests of the members of Metcash.
   (ASIC Policy Statement 75.09);
- whether or not it is in Metcash's interests to pass the proposed resolution relating to giving financial benefits to related parties where Metcash and Newco are not dealing at arm's length (Corporations Act section 219(1)(e)(i));
- whether the giving of financial assistance by Metcash and its subsidiaries in connection with the implementation of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer is in the best interests of the members of Metcash (Corporations Act section 260B);
   and
- whether the resolution to allow Newco to rely on an exception from the otherwise prohibited downstream acquisition of Metcash is fair and reasonable to non-associated shareholders of Metcash (Corporations Act section 611 item 7).

We consider that the Capital Reorganisation is effectively one integrated transaction. Accordingly, we consider that satisfying the first test above, will in turn satisfy each of the other tests.

We express no opinion on the interests of Metoz in the proposed transaction. Our opinion in all cases refers to the interests of non-associated shareholders of Metcash.

In relation to the option scheme, you have asked us to provide our opinion on the following:

• whether or not the proposed option scheme is in the best interests of non-associated Metcash optionholders.

As the interests of optionholders are separate and distinct from those of ordinary shareholders, we have conducted a separate analysis of the position of these optionholders.



### **Summary and conclusions**

### 2.1. Evaluation of the Capital Reorganisation for non-associated shareholders

We are of the opinion that:

- The proposed Capital Reorganisation, taken as a whole, is in the best interests of the non-associated shareholders;
- It is in Metcash's best interests to pass the proposed resolutions in relation to the Metcash Share Scheme:
- The Metcash Share Scheme involving the payment of consideration to Newco (a related party) is fair and reasonable to non-associated shareholders; and
- The resolution to approve the downstream acquisition of Metcash by Newco, being an integrated part of the Metcash Share Scheme, is fair and reasonable for nonassociated shareholders.

### 2.2. Assessment of the consideration payable to Metoz under the **Capital Reorganisation**

The effective consideration offered to Metoz shareholders of \$2.92 per Metcash share is within our assessed range for a minority interest in Metcash on a stand-alone basis of \$2.86 to \$3.03 and below our assessed range for a minority interest in Metcash resulting from the proposed acquisition of Foodland of \$3.07 to \$3.54.

In our view, Metoz will not receive a control premium for its pre-Capital Reorganisation 52% stake in Metcash under the terms of the Capital Reorganisation even though the structure of the Capital Reorganisation and its efficiency compared to other alternatives to acquire Metoz shareholders' interest provides for a substantial premium over the trading price of Metoz prior to the announcement.

Accordingly, we believe the consideration proposed for the Metoz shares is fair from the perspective of the non-associated shareholders of Metcash.

### 2.3. Assessment of advantages and disadvantages of the Capital Reorganisation for non-associated shareholders

Shareholders should be aware of the other advantages and disadvantages of the Capital Reorganisation which we have summarised as follows:

#### Advantages:

The pricing of the purchase of Metoz's shares does not significantly dilute the minority interests of non-associated shareholders in Metcash. We expect that the



per share value (including CULS<sup>1</sup> rights but before the accretion arising from the Takeover Offer) would continue to be in a similar range to that pre-Capital Reorganisation;

- It is possible that the price of Metcash's shares would decline if the Capital Reorganisation is rejected but the Takeover Offer is successful as Metoz would participate in the anticipated accretion in Metcash's value arising as a result of the proposed Foodland acquisition.
- The Capital Reorganisation will be EPS accretive for the Newco group compared to the existing Metcash EPS.
- Eligible shareholders will be able to participate, pro-rata, in the favourable terms
  proposed for the issue of CULS. The rights of the shareholders, who do not
  participate, will be offered to other investors through a bookbuild process and the
  amount (if any) by which the sale proceeds exceeds the issue price for the CULS
  will be returned to non-participating shareholders as value for their rights.
- In our view, Metoz is no longer a natural holder of its investment in Metcash.
   Therefore, it would likely be a seller of its holding over an uncertain timeframe.
   The Metcash Share Scheme presents an opportunity to remove this potential overhang from the market for the ordinary shares, benefiting non-associated shareholders.
- The mechanics of the Capital Reorganisation increase the free float in Metcash's (or Newco's) shares. This would, inter alia, improve Newco's position in market indicies and, increase liquidity and possibly reduce the bid/ask spread for the benefit of non associated shareholders.

#### Disadvantages:

- The funding by debt of a significant component of the consideration for the Metoz shares increases the leverage of the Newco equity. This effect is compounded under the contemplated funding arrangement for the proposed Foodland acquisition. Whilst the resulting level of gearing is within the observed range for the grocery wholesaling and retailing industry, it will likely generate increased volatility in the share price.
- The effective change of control of the Metcash business may trigger change of control clauses in some of Metcash's contracts. Whilst we are not of the view that this will result in any of these contracts being withdrawn from Metcash, it may present an opportunity for Metcash's suppliers or customers to attempt to renegotiate contract terms.
- The Capital Reorganisation, including the acquisition of Metoz, results in the Newco group assuming all liabilities of Metoz and its subsidiaries including potential tax liabilities and warranty claims. Whilst the directors intend to conduct a post-Capital Reorganisation restructure to mitigate any risk of these potential

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> CULS – Convertible Unsecured Loan Note Securities



liabilities, shareholders should be aware that these liabilities may arise in subsequent periods. The directors have received advice that the expected tax payable is \$Nil, but also that in the worst case, the tax liability may be \$47 million.

- The interposition of Newco may create a restriction in terms of Metcash's ability to distribute its final dividend this year. However, we note that a 2<sup>nd</sup> interim dividend of \$0.04 per share will be proposed and paid to existing Metcash shareholders if the Capital Reorganisation is approved. As such, the maximum value impact of this could be approximately \$0.02 per share (based on the anticipated full amount of the final dividend of \$0.06 per share, assumed to be similar to the interim dividend), but as the dividend would be retained in the company we would expect the share price impact to be insignificant.
- The coincidence of timing of the scheme (and associated funding) with the proposed Foodland acquisition makes the proposal more difficult from an execution point of view, than is customary in a scrip acquisition.

Shareholders should also be aware that Metcash is committed to incurring costs of approximately \$50 million in relation to the funding of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer regardless of whether they proceed or not.

We are of the view that the balance of advantages and disadvantages is favourable to non-associated shareholders. We are also not aware of any more favourable alternative available to Metcash, but note that should a more favourable option present itself the Metcash Share Scheme does not prevent non-associated shareholders from participating in that alternative. Accordingly, we are of the opinion that the Metcash Share Scheme would be reasonable, even if the fairness issue was ignored.

# 2.4. Assessment of the Metcash Option Scheme

#### Based on:

- the valuation of the options pre- and post-schemes being substantially the same;
- the preservation of all other optionholder rights on equivalent or better terms under the terms of the Metcash Option Scheme; and
- the advantages outweighing the disadvantages of the Metcash Option Scheme,

we are of the view that the proposed Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of the optionholders of Metcash.

## 2.5. Limitations

#### Available information

Certain valuations included in this report relate to Foodland's business that is the subject of a current takeover offer from Metcash. A limitation of the valuation scenarios of Metcash which include Foodland is that the components of the valuation relating to Foodland are based solely on publicly available information. Although Foodland is



required to disclose information regarding its geographical business segments in accordance with Australian accounting standards, this financial information is considerably less detailed than that would normally be available in providing opinions of value for inclusion in public documents.

#### In particular:

- We have not had access to Foodland management to better understand the operations of Foodland's businesses and the likely synergies arising from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian businesses: and
- Foodland's financial year end is on or around 31 July. Hence, the most recent financial information we have is for the 52 weeks to 1 August 2004 and first quarter 2005 sales report.

## Rounding

Numbers contained in this report are rounded to either zero or one decimal place, therefore if a set of numbers do not appear to add together precisely it is purely a function of rounding.

#### **Future information limitations**

We note that in utilising forecast financial information and, because events and circumstances frequently do not occur as expected, differences between forecast and actual results are likely to arise, some of which may be material.

#### Individual shareholder circumstances

This report is to be included with the Scheme Booklet in assisting Metcash's shareholders and optionholders in their consideration of the Metcash Schemes.

This report is intended for use within Australia and New Zealand in connection with the Metcash Schemes. It is not to be used in any other jurisdiction whatsoever.

This report has not been prepared to provide information to any parties considering the purchase or sale of any Metcash securities (save under the Metcash Schemes). Accordingly, we do not assume any responsibility or liability for any losses suffered as a result of the use of this report contrary to the provisions of this paragraph.

Users of this report should have regard to the qualifications, disclaimers and consents contained in Appendix A. All amounts referred to in this report are in Australian dollars, unless otherwise specifically stated.

#### General advice warning

This report sets out general advice in relation to the Metcash Schemes and has been prepared without taking account of the particular objectives, financial situation or needs of the individual shareholders and optionholders of Metcash. Accordingly, before taking any action in relation to the Metcash Schemes, shareholders and optionholders should consider the appropriateness of the advice having regard to their individual circumstances



and, if they are in any doubt about their decision, obtain their own professional financial advice. Any decision to hold shares in Metcash is a separate investment decision. This report provides no advice or opinion in relation to this decision and shareholders and optionholders should seek their own professional advice as to the investment decision appropriate to their particular circumstances.

The balance of our report is set out in the following sections:



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# 3. Overview of the Capital Reorganisation

The terms of the proposed Capital Reorganisation are fully described in the Scheme Booklet. For convenience, we have summarised the terms and effect of the proposed Capital Reorganisation in this section.

## 3.1. The Capital Reorganisation

On 6 December 2004, Metcash announced its intention to undertake a Capital Reorganisation that will result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz.

Under the Capital Reorganisation, a new company, Newco, has been incorporated with the intention that:

- Newco will purchase all of the shares in Metoz for the South African Rand (SA Rand) equivalent of A\$0.6015 per Metoz share (derived from a cash consideration of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz (including assumed Metoz net liabilities of A\$0.07 per Metcash share with the result that the effective cash consideration to Metoz shareholders to be A\$2.85 per Metcash share)); and
- All other shareholders in Metcash will receive 1 Newco ordinary share for each Metcash share held.

At the completion of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will be renamed Metcash.

The Capital Reorganisation will be implemented by way of three Schemes of Arrangement:

- Metoz Scheme a Metoz Scheme of Arrangement to be voted on by Metoz shareholders in South Africa; and
- Metcash Schemes two Metcash Schemes of Arrangement to be voted on in Australia by Metcash shareholders and optionholders respectively.

Assuming the Schemes are approved and if the Takeover Offer is successful, Metcash shareholders (including former Foodland shareholders that accept the scrip alternative) will become shareholders of Newco, a company to be listed on the ASX, which will own 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash.

On 3 December 2004, the two largest Metoz shareholders: RMB Asset Management (Pty) Limited (RMB), and STANLIB Asset Management Limited (STANLIB), who at that time collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 47% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz, separately provided undertakings to vote in favour of the Metoz Scheme and all such shareholders' resolutions of Metoz as may be necessary to implement the Metoz Scheme.

These undertakings will fall away on receipt by Metoz or all its shareholders of a materially superior offer for Metoz, which offer needs to be unconditional as to funding, and needs to be certified by an independent financial adviser appointed by Metoz as having a better



than even prospect of becoming unconditional in every respect by the first closing date of such offer. Under the undertakings, RMB and STANLIB are permitted to sell up to approximately 95 and 93 million Metoz shares respectively. In addition, the undertakings will not apply to any Metoz shares managed for client which terminates the mandate to RMB or STANLIB as asset managers prior to completion of the Metoz Scheme. However, Metcash understands that both RMB and STANLIB have put in place controls to ensure that, under no circumstances, will they sell more than the approximately 95 and 93 million shares respectively permitted to be sold by the undertakings, so that the minimum proportion of the issued shares of Metoz to which the undertakings could apply is 36.5%.

Since the announcement on 6 December 2004, STANLIB has sold approximately 71 million Metoz shares. As a result, RMB and STANLIB as at 14 January 2005 collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 43% of the issued shares in Metoz.

### **Background on Metoz**

Metoz (formerly called Metro Cash and Carry Limited) was incorporated in South Africa in 1946 and its shares are listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange (JSE). On 6 October 2004, Metoz sold all of its businesses except Metcash to a consortium of Metro management and a Black Empowerment Consortium. Prior to the divestment, Metoz conducted business in sixteen countries across Africa, Australasia and the Far East as distributors of groceries and other fast moving consumer goods.

#### Shareholder Structure

Metoz's three largest shareholders, RMB Asset Management Proprietary Limited, STANLIB Asset Management Limited and Old Mutual Asset Managers, collectively control approximately 63% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz. Issued share capital of Metoz at 31 October 2004 was approximately 1,825 million ordinary shares. The effective acquisition price in SA Rand is 2.61 per share, which represents a substantial 31% premium to the three month VWAP of Metoz's shares on the JSE of SA Rand 1.99.

#### Assets and Liabilities of Metoz

Metoz's only major asset is its investment in Metcash. Metoz also has net liabilities of approximately \$43 million, some of which will be extinguished by the 4 cents per share special dividend payable upon the Capital Reorganisation being approved. The remaining net liabilities would be approximately A\$27 million. It is the intention of Metcash to retire this debt immediately on acquisition of Metoz.

There are also residual warranties provided by Metoz in relation to various aspects of the sale to the consortium referred to above and potential tax liabilities on the potential realisation of the capital gain enjoyed by Metoz in respect of its holding in Metcash. The directors have received advice that no warranty claims exist and that likely tax liabilities will be zero. A post-Capital Reorganisation restructure is planned to minimise the risk of any of these liabilities arising. The directors also sought an opinion that in the worst case, the tax liabilities arising from the capital gain and/or the restructure will not exceed \$47 million. In our valuation, we have excluded these potential liabilities.



#### The Takeover Offer

As noted above, on the same day as the announcement of the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash announced its intention to make an off-market takeover offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are not inter-conditional.

Under the Takeover Offer, Metcash is proposing that Foodland shareholders will receive:

- 2.44<sup>2</sup> Metcash Australian preference shares (A Shares) (to represent the same value and economic entitlement as Metcash ordinary shares) or A\$7.18 cash per Foodland share; and
- one Metcash New Zealand preference share (NZ Shares) per Foodland share (to represent the value of and economic entitlement to Foodland New Zealand, intended to be retained by Foodland shareholders).

The A Shares being issued are to provide flexibility until Metcash knows if and when the Capital Reorganisation becomes effective. If the Capital Reorganisation does become effective, the A Shares will be exchanged for ordinary shares in Newco (a newly listed company which will then own all of the ordinary capital of Metcash). If the Capital Reorganisation is not effective, the A Shares will convert into Metcash ordinary shares.

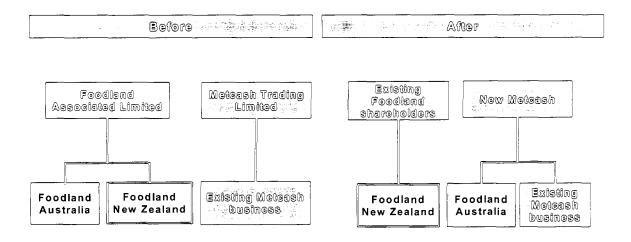
Following the successful completion of the Takeover Offer and compulsory acquisition, it is Metcash's stated intention that the NZ Shares will be cancelled in exchange for the transfer of ordinary shares in a new holding company for Foodland New Zealand (NZ Holdco), which will be separately listed on the ASX. This exchange will be subject to various shareholder approvals at that time. We understand that from the time of issue until exchange for ordinary shares in NZ Holdco, the NZ Shares will be listed on the ASX.

If capital is raised from current Metcash shareholders on a discounted pro-rata basis pursuant to the Capital Reorganisation, it is the intention of Metcash to minimise the effect of any dilution of Foodland shareholders by increasing the number of shares offered. The terms of such adjustments are set out below and the impact is reflected in our valuations under relevant scenarios.

The proposed structure before and after the proposed takeover of Foodland are summarised in the diagram below:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As adjusted for pro-rata offerings that may be required to insulate accepting Foodland shareholders from the dilutionary impact of the funding arrangements associated with the Capital Reorganisation discussed above.





## Funding of the Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation

In order to help fund the Offer, Metcash issued ordinary shares under an institutional placement on 6 December 2004. At the conclusion of the placement, Metcash issued 89,850,000 ordinary shares at a price of \$3.00 per share, representing a 2% premium to Metcash's previous closing price on 3 December 2004 of \$2.94. The placement raised a total of \$269,550,000.

Metcash also conducted a share purchase plan (SPP) for retail investors subsequent to this placement. At the conclusion of the SPP, Metcash issued approximately 7 million ordinary shares at a price of \$3.00 per share. The SPP raised a total of \$20.9 million.

The amount raised under the placement and SPP may or may not be enough to equity fund the entire cash consideration under the Takeover Offer, depending upon how many Foodland shareholders elect to receive cash rather than scrip.

Accordingly, some debt may be required; the various debt facilities proposed are described below.

We set out below a summary of Metcash's funding arrangements under possible scenarios regarding the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer.



Capital reorganisation proceeds Takeover Offer proceeds	Yes No	No Yes	Yes Yes
\$ million		(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Sources of cash			
Syndicated Facility	527	425	756
Action Facility		235	235
CUPS			50
CULS	372		744
Placement	270	270	270
SPP	21	21	21
	1,189	950	2,075
Uses of cash			
Capital Reorganisation	1,125		1,125
Offer		846	846
Transaction costs	64	74	74
Restructuring costs		30	30
	1,189	950	2,075

Note 1: The Takeover Offer proceeds with 100% take up of cash offer.

Management has advised us that if surplus funds are raised under the proposed funding arrangements, due to a higher take up of scrip than anticipated, then they will consider a range of capital management techniques to adjust the capital structure of the group to that which they consider optimal.

It should be noted that the Capital Reorganisation is a yes/no proposition which will either occur or not occur. On the other hand, the result of the Takeover Offer may lie anywhere on a continuum between 100% scrip acceptance and 100% cash acceptance.

A brief description for the various sources of funding is set out below. Please refer to Section 12 of the Scheme Booklet for full details of the terms of the debt instruments.

### Syndicated Facility

Funding is proposed to be raised via a syndicated facility (Syndicated Facility). There is no proposed collateral and the security offered will be effectively negative pledge supported by a range of financial covenants. Metcash and Newco will be the guarantors of the Syndicated Facility.

#### Action Facility

This relates entirely to the acquisition of the Action stores by Metcash which will be funded through ring-fenced debt (Action Facility) and geared to approximately 70%. Metcash will not have access to the cashflows of Actions.



Metcash and the other guarantors of the Syndicated Facility will guarantee the Action Facility.

Should a value in excess of the Action Facility be realised by Metcash through the sale of the Action stores, value will be retained by Metcash. We have reflected an estimate of the value to be retained in our estimated value of the Metcash shares, post-successful completion of the Takeover Offer.

CULS (Convertible Unsecured Loan Note Securities)

These are underwritten by Deutsche Bank up to \$744 million. They will be offered to existing Metcash ordinary shareholders (other than excluded foreign shareholders) on a pro-rata basis and Metoz has undertaken not to take up any of their rights to subscribe for CULS. The issue price will be \$2.54 (or any other price agreed between Metcash and the CULS underwriter) per CULS and the maturity date is 6 months from issue subject to extension in certain circumstances.

If the Metcash Share Scheme does not become effective by the date that is 6 months after the date of issue (Maturity Date), all of the CULS will be redeemed for face value plus a redemption premium of 2.5%.

If the Metcash Share Scheme does become effective, 25% of the CULS will immediately convert into ordinary shares in Newco on a one for one basis<sup>3</sup>. A further 25% will convert on the Maturity Date.

In addition, a CULS holder may elect to accelerate prior to the Maturity Date the date of the conversion of the second 25% of the number of CULS in the event that a takeover bid is made to acquire all or some of the ordinary shares in Metcash or all or some of the ordinary shares in Newco and the bid is, or becomes, unconditional and:

- the bidder has at any time during the offer period, a relevant interest in more than 50% of the ordinary shares in Metcash on issue or the ordinary shares in Newco on issue, as the case may be; or
- the directors of Metcash or Newco, as the case may be, recommend that shareholders accept the bid.

Metcash will either convert or redeem the remaining 50% of the CULS on the Maturity Date as determined by Metcash. Any redemption by Metcash of CULS at this time will be at face value plus a redemption premium of 5%.

If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes effective, Metcash may:

- by notice to CULS holders, accelerate the maturity date if the Takeover Offer becomes unconditional; and
- at any time that is 30 days prior to the Maturity Date, extend the Maturity Date in respect of the final 50% of the CULS by 3 months if the Takeover Offer has not

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Subject to adjustment of the ratio in the event of a reconstruction of Newco shares.



> become unconditional. If the Maturity Date is extended, the conversion of the second 25% of CULS will still occur on the original Maturity Date, and any CULS redeemed on the extended maturity date will be redeemed at the face value of the CULS plus a redemption premium of 7.5%.

The extent of the final 50% of CULS conversion depends on the level of scrip take-up if the Takeover Offer is successful.

The CULS may also be converted or redeemed if certain insolvency or change of control events occur in relation to Metcash

The conversion entitlement for CULS at \$2.54 (or any price agreed between Metcash and the CULS underwriter) gives rise to potential dilution of existing holders since our valuation of the ordinary shares is in excess of \$2.54. Existing Metcash shareholders are able to mitigate this dilution by participating in the CULS offer, or potentially receiving value from the sale of their rights if they are unable to participate.

Foodland shareholders, who would receive share consideration, will not be able to participate and hence could be diluted. To take account of this potential dilution with respect to the Foodland shareholders, included in the terms of the Takeover Offer are provisions that increase the number of shares issued to Foodland shareholders by comparing the value of (1) a Metcash share cum the right to participate in the CULS offer, with the value of a share (2) ex this right<sup>4</sup> and adjusting the number of shares offered to Foodland shareholders by the ratio of (1) divided by (2).

CUPS (Convertible Undated Preference Shares)

The CUPS will only be issued if the Capital Reorganisation becomes effective.

The CUPS may be redeemed at face value plus commercial interest within 9 months of the Schemes. If Metcash chooses not to redeem the CUPS, they will convert into Newco ordinary shares at a 5% discount to the 20 days VWAP prior to the time of conversion (or at a 10% discount if certain default events occur prior to the Takeover Offer being completed or withdrawn).

Because of their nature, we have treated CUPS as debt in our analysis.

# The Metcash Option Scheme

Pursuant to the Capital Reorganisation, optionholders in Metcash will be offered, under a separate option scheme, options in Newco, in return for the cancellation of their existing options in Metcash.

The principal terms of the option offer are that options will be issued by Newco on the same terms and conditions as those currently outstanding with Metcash save that they will carry the right to the issue of ordinary shares in Newco rather than in Metcash and the exercise price under the Newco Options will be adjusted to take account of the issue of CULS (and their conversion into shares in Newco).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Both determined on a 5 day Volume Weighted Average Price



## 3.2. Resolutions

Metcash Ordinary Shareholders and Optionholders will be asked to vote on the respective Scheme in accordance with the resolutions contained in the relevant notices of meeting included within the Scheme Booklet.

The implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme is conditional on shareholders approving the Metcash Share Scheme and the implementation of the Metcash Option Scheme is conditional on optionholders approving the Metcash Option Scheme. If shareholders approve the Metcash Share Scheme, but optionholders do not approve the Metcash Option Scheme, then the proposed Capital Reorganisation will proceed with the result that optionholders will then hold options over unlisted shares, being those of Metcash rather than Newco.



# 4. Basis of our assessment

## 4.1. The Capital Reorganisation as a whole

In our view, a "best interests" assessment of a proposed transaction incorporates the criteria of a fair and reasonable assessment.

In assessing whether the proposed transactions are fair and reasonable from the perspective of non-associated shareholders, we have had regard to the criteria set out in ASIC Policy Statement 75

- a transaction is 'fair' if the value of the consideration offered is equal to or greater than (in the context of this transaction, this should be read as "less than" as a related party is being paid the consideration) the value of the asset or assets which are the subject of the transaction
- a transaction is 'reasonable' if it is fair. It may also be reasonable if, despite not being fair, after considering other significant factors, shareholders should accept the terms of the transaction.

In considering whether the proposed transaction is fair and reasonable to the non-associated shareholders, the factors that we have considered include:

Assessment of transaction price (i.e. fairness)

 Whether or not the non-associated shareholders of Metcash are paying a fair price for the acquisition of Metoz shares. In particular, whether Metoz is receiving a control premium that is not being offered to non-associated shareholders.

Assessment of transaction advantages and disadvantages (i.e. reasonableness)

- The strategic rationale for the Capital Reorganisation and the expected impact of the proposed transaction upon Metcash's future growth and business risks, and accordingly, the value of a Newco share vis-à-vis a Metcash share.
- Possible alternatives to the proposed transaction.
- The expected impact of the proposed transaction upon the liquidity of the market for Metcash shares.
- The expected impact of the proposed transaction upon key financial measures such as earnings per share, net tangible assets per share and gearing.

To provide a full picture to shareholders of their position, we consider it appropriate to deal with the other advantages and disadvantages of the transaction even if we judged the price at which the transaction is proposed to be fair. Each of the above factors shall be assessed as either an advantage or a disadvantage of the proposed transaction.



## **Uncertainty surrounding the Takeover Offer**

As noted above, the proposed Capital Reorganisation is not inter-conditional with the Takeover Offer. Consequently, there is the possibility that the Takeover Offer may or may not be accepted at the time of the proposed Capital Reorganisation.

Given the uncertainty regarding the status of the takeover of Foodland at the time of the proposed Capital Reorganisation, we consider it necessary to analyse the proposed Corporate Reorganisation under both of the following scenarios:

- that the Takeover Offer is not accepted by 90% of Foodland shareholders
- that the Takeover Offer is accepted by at least 90% of Foodland shareholders and Metcash proceeds to compulsory acquisition

#### Valuation methodology

ASIC's Practice Note 43 "Valuation reports and profit forecasts" indicates that it is appropriate for an independent expert to consider the following valuation methods:

- net present value of projected cash flows (discounted cash flow)
- capitalisation of estimated future maintainable earnings
- comparison with similar open market transactions
- net asset backing assuming an orderly realisation of the assets, and
- the most recent quoted price of listed securities.

The selection of the techniques that are most appropriate to apply in any situation rests with the circumstances of the particular case. The following valuation techniques are not mutually exclusive and can be applied in conjunction with each other.

## Capitalisation of earnings

A widely applied valuation technique is the application of an appropriate multiple to estimated future maintainable earnings. This requires an assessment of:

- A maintainable level of earnings which can be sustained by the company in the long run:
- The selection of an appropriate multiple to apply to these earnings; and
- The identification of any assets or liabilities surplus to the business needs.

Where the valuation is based on an assessment of earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation, the value derived is of the whole business enterprise.

Consequently, the value of any debt required to achieve this level of earnings must be



deducted in order to derive the value of the shares. This approach has the advantage of not distorting the business value by the effects of differing debt levels.

#### Discounted cash flow

The discounted cash flow (DCF) approach is considered to be a technically superior methodology since it allows for fluctuations in future performance to be properly recognised. To be most effective it requires at least five, and preferably more, years of reasonably reliable cash flow forecasts.

#### Open market transactions

This approach involves a comparison to similar recent open market transactions and the financial ratios implied by those transactions.

#### Net asset backing

The net asset backing approach assumes an orderly realisation of the net assets of the company. It is often the primary valuation technique where businesses are not currently trading or making profits and have little prospect of doing so in the future, or where the capitalisation of profits (or cash flows) yields a lower value than that of the net assets.

## 4.2. The optionholder scheme

In considering whether the proposed Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Metcash optionholders, we have applied similar bases of analysis.

# 4.3. Position of individual shareholders and optionholders

In undertaking our assessment, we have considered the likely impact of the proposed schemes on the shareholders and optionholders as a whole. We have not considered how the proposed schemes may affect individual shareholders and optionholders. Individual shareholders and optionholders have different financial and tax circumstances and it is not practicable nor possible to consider the implications of the proposed schemes on individuals as their respective financial circumstances are not known to us. Individual shareholders and optionholders should seek their own professional advice.

Documents, information and representations relied upon for the purposes of this report are listed in Appendix C.



# 5. Industry profile

## 5.1. Introduction

The Australian grocery industry is dominated by two major players, namely Woolworths Limited (Woolworths) and Coles Myer Limited (Coles). Both companies operate integrated national grocery retail and wholesale businesses. The rest of the grocery industry can be broadly split into two categories, wholesale and retail.

Metcash is the largest specialist grocery wholesaler in Australia. Foodland operates integrated wholesale and retail businesses primarily in New Zealand, Northern New South Wales, Queensland and Western Australia. Foodland is also a wholesaler to independent retailers in Western Australia.

Metcash also has a liquor wholesaling business which is subject to different market dynamics to the grocery business. We therefore analyse the liquor wholesaling industry separately below.

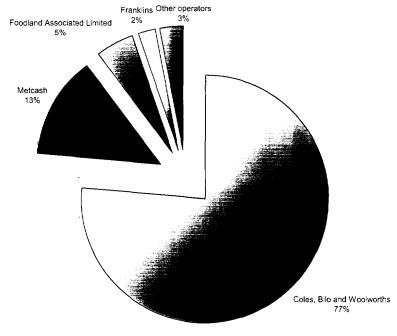
## 5.2. Competitive environment

#### **Grocery retailing**

In the year ended 30 June 2004, the Australian grocery retailing industry generated total revenues of approximately \$52.5 billion. Competition in this industry is driven largely by price, product range, product quality, location of stores and customer service.

We set out below a split of market revenue for the grocery retailing industry in Australia for 2004.





Source: AC Nielsen



The larger chains also compete through alliances with petrol retailers, the promotion of inhouse fresh food products and through the opening of convenience stores. In response to this, some smaller players such as Foodland's Action supermarkets are promoting various loyalty schemes (including some less significant relationships with petrol retailers) as well as their customer service, given that, often, they are unable to compete on price and hours of operation.

In addition to competing with the large chains described above, grocery operators also compete with other specialty outlets, such as bakeries and convenience stores.

The two largest players, Woolworths and Coles, are able to maintain prominence in the industry primarily through their scale which provides them with considerable purchasing power.

Woolworths operates more than 1,400 stores in Australia. In addition to its grocery retailing, the company also conducts retail operations in general merchandising, apparel and homeware through its Big W stores, and in liquor and petrol.

Coles conducts grocery retailing and retail operations in general merchandising through Kmart and Officeworks, apparel and homeware through Target and department stores through Myer. Over recent years, Coles' grocery retailing area has grown through the opening of new stores, through the acquisition of various independent supermarkets, and through entering the liquor and petrol retailing segments.

Metcash operates as the wholesaler for a number of independent players in the industry under the IGA banner and Foodworks Supermarket group. These stores have a combined market share by revenue of 13% as displayed above, and collectively represent the third largest retail grocery chain in Australia.

Foodland operates in the Australian grocery retailing industry directly through its Action supermarkets in Western Australia, Northern NSW and Queensland and indirectly through its wholesale operations to independent retailers in Western Australia.

Other players in this industry include chain operators such as Aldi and Franklins/Pick'n'Pay and other independent operators.

#### Grocery wholesaling

As noted above, Woolworths and Coles have their own supply networks to stores. The grocery wholesaling industry therefore predominantly relates to the independent retailers. Metcash is the market leader in this market.

In 2004, the combined revenue of Metcash and Foodland Australia generated from the Australian grocery wholesaling industry was approximately \$9 billion (including wholesale to Action stores). The remaining revenue from the grocery wholesale industry was shared by other independent operators.

Competition in this industry is driven largely by price, however, other factors such as after sales service, quaranteed supply, and use of buying power to compete with the major retail chains are important in growing and maintaining market share. Given competition is primarily based on price, wholesaling margins are relatively low, especially for high volume goods.



## 5.3. Value drivers

#### **Grocery retailing**

Industry performance is driven mainly by changes in real household disposable income and changes in consumer tastes. Total household disposable income in a particular area is linked to population growth and prevailing general economic conditions at any given time. A sustained period of low interest rates and a buoyant housing market in Australia has increased overall household expenditure, although in periods of high consumer confidence, households are more inclined to replace grocery purchases with restaurant and fast food alternatives.

Government legislation regarding hours of operation has allowed larger players to pursue a key competitive advantage in providing flexibility to consumers in their shopping patterns. This has been to the detriment of smaller individual operators who may lack necessary staff and resources to do this. Given the relatively high labour intensity of grocery retailers, the operating expenses of operators are influenced by Government regulations regarding wages paid, working conditions and casual employment.

## **Grocery wholesaling**

The revenue of the grocery wholesale market is closely linked and its prospects are heavily dependent on the performance of the retail sector.

In low margin businesses, cost control is an essential element of business performance. As such the costs of operating wholesale supply logistics are a key driver. In recent times, the industry's major players have gained an advantage by developing sophisticated electronic ordering, purchasing and supplying systems.

# 5.4. Barriers to entry

Scale is the major barrier to entry in both the retail and wholesale grocery sectors. The purchasing power, real estate locations and efficient distribution networks of Coles and Woolworths enable significant pricing power in the retail market.

To compete effectively, new retailers need to differentiate themselves from the majors, from specialty stores, such as bakers and speciality food retailers, and from other grocery players within their geographical region.

For wholesalers, the cost of establishing sufficient coverage and efficiency of distribution facilities is a major barrier as is the need to develop strong relationships with retailers.

# 5.5. Industry performance and outlook

#### **Grocery retailing**

Over the last two decades expenditure on groceries as a percentage of total household final expenditure has declined, reflecting the long term relative decline in expenditure by households on food and grocery items and increases in expenditure on fast food and restaurant meals.

Industry revenue and growth in revenue is displayed below:



Year to 30 June	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
Industry revenue (\$m)	48,089	48,481	49,366	50,654	52,486
Growth (%) <sup>1</sup>	2.6	0.8	1.8	2.6	3.6

Estimated by IBISWorld

Over the four years to 2003-04, the industry grew at an average rate of 2.2% per annum.

In 2002-03, the industry's growth was aided by stable interest rates and GDP growth. In 2003-04, revenues are estimated to have grown by 3.6%, assisted by stronger GDP growth, a fall in unemployment and stronger income growth.

Over the five years to 2008-09, IBIS World expects the industry to experience average growth in total revenues of 2.7% per annum.

The grocery retailing industry is mature and it is likely that competitive pressures will limit entry by new players. The product range offered by existing players suggests that the grocery market is reaching a point of saturation, and as such further product innovation is unlikely to drive further significant growth in industry revenue.

There are few foreign competitors in this industry, however, the entry of such international players as Aldi and Pick'n Pay (via its acquisition of Franklins) in recent years has given an indication that international players with strong resourcing capabilities and operating practices may be able to compete with Coles and Woolworths in Australia. The growth and effect of international players is not expected to be dramatic given the mature nature of the Australian industry currently.

## **Grocery wholesaling**

The wholesale industry is also mature reflecting the consolidation of industry players, the power of Coles and Woolworths and market position of Metcash in the pure play wholesale market.

Growth in revenue over the five years to 2003-04 is displayed below:

Year to 30 June	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
Industry revenue (\$m)	13,559	13,749	14,495	15,522	16,500
Growth (%)	2.2	1.4	5.4	7.1	6.3

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Forecast by IBISWorld at June 2004

Over the four years to 2003-04, the industry grew at an average rate of 5.1% per annum. For the year ended 30 June 2004, the growth for the industry was anticipated to be approximately 6.3%.5

Over the five years to 2008-09, according to IBIS World, the industry is expected to experience average growth in total revenues of 2.8% per annum. This reflects an alignment of the long-term growth prospects of the grocery wholesaling industry with that of the grocery retailers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Most recent information available - IBISWorld



# 5.6. Australian Liquor Wholesaling Industry

In the year ending 30 June 2004, the Australian liquor wholesaling industry generated total revenues of approximately \$3.76 billion of which 34% related to hotels, clubs and casinos, 33% related to supermarkets and 33% related to retail liquor stores.

Most liquor supplies are sourced within Australia by wholesalers. Since many liquor retailers obtain domestic beers directly from the brewery, most wholesalers specialise in wines, spirits and imported beer.

Wholesalers tend not to be integrated with liquor manufacturers.

## Competitive environment

The independents' portion of the industry (excluding integrated retailers) is lead by Australian Liquor Marketers (ALM), an operating division of Metcash. Other broad-range liquor wholesalers include Independent Liquor Group (ILG), South Australia Liquor Distributors (SALD), Hotel Liquor Wholesalers (HLW), Southern Independent Liquor Group (SILG) and Capital Liquor. A large number of manufacturers supply liquor direct to retailers including Southcorp, Swift & Moore, Maxxium and Beringer Blass. Both the major brewers, Carlton United and Lion Nathan, supply the majority of their product direct to retailers.

Coles and Woolworths also operate in the liquor retailing industry and, as integrated retailers, predominantly source product supplies independently.

Competition in this industry is driven primarily by price. Other bases of competition include range of products, stock availability, delivery service, terms of payment and product sales support. Many players in the industry perform after-sales service in the form of assistance with store layout and merchandising.

Contracts with retail outlets are heavily contested, as are contracts to wholesale major brands from manufacturers. As a result, net profit margins are estimated to average about 2.5% across both the manufacturer-suppliers and the broad –range wholesalers.

Main barriers to entry for this industry are the cost of establishing warehouse and distribution facilities, liquor licensing requirements, competition for agreements with liquor banners and retailers and the dominance of existing major operators.

While individual product labels and packaging are subject to copyrights, the contents (alcohol) are not, thus leading to the possibility of parallel importing of similar products, usually under different labels and packaging.

In addition, the extent of foreign company participation in the liquor wholesaling industry is significant. The liquor industry world wide is consolidating, with products often shifted amongst wholesalers by brewers and distillers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Estimated by IBIS World at July 2004 – most recent information available

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Survey conducted by IBIS World in 2002 – most recent information available. Similar statistics are shown on the ATO website for 2003.



#### Value drivers

As for the grocery industry, performance of the liquor industry generally is driven by changes in real household disposable income and consumer tastes. Changing social attitudes to levels of alcohol consumption and preferred types of alcohol have a large influence on the industry mix.

#### Industry performance and outlook

The liquor wholesaling industry in Australia is mature. Given a decline in total alcohol consumption in Australia since the early 1990s (partly as a result of altered drink driving legislation), recent competition in this industry has been primarily price based.

Growth in total industry revenue over the five years to 2003-04 is displayed below.

Liquor wholesaling industry performance (Year to 30 June)	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004 <sup>1</sup>
Industry revenue (\$m)	3,281	3,332	3,413	3,480	3,663
Growth (%) <sup>1</sup>	3.8	1.6	2.4	2.0	5.3

<sup>1</sup> Forecast by IBISWorld at June 2004

Over the four years to 2003-04, the industry grew at an average rate of 2.8% per annum. For the year ending 30 June 2004, the growth for the industry is approximately 5.3%

Over the period to 2005-09, average total industry revenue growth of 3.0% is expected. Future growth in the industry is expected to come from continuing industry consolidation, and from beer brewers and wineries handing over their liquor distribution function to wholesalers. The industry is expected to continue to operate on thin profit margins with the major operators expecting to seek market share growth through price competition and acquisition. This is evidenced by Woolworths' and Coles' recent takeover battle for Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group (ALH) which was finally acquired by Woolworths in December 2004.

The increasing consolidation of liquor outlets means fewer retailer contracts are available to be won. Continued growth of Woolworths and Coles into liquor retailing is a risk to ALM.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Most recent information available - IBISWorld



# 6. Profile of Metcash

## 6.1. History

Metcash is Australia's largest independent wholesaler of food, liquor and general merchandise products.

Founded in 1927, Metcash (formerly known as Davids Limited) operates three major business units: IGA Distribution, Campbells Cash & Carry and Australian Liquor Marketers. Metcash also operated John Lewis Foodservice until 2001 when it was sold following a strategic review of the company's operations. The company is 52% owned by a South African listed company, Metoz (formerly known as Metro Cash and Carry).

Floated in 1994, Metcash pursued a strategy of growth through acquisition, particularly in South Australia, Queensland and Victoria. Such acquisitions included Sysco Food Services Pty Ltd, Jewel Food stores, Rainbow Supermarkets Pty Ltd, QIW-Composite Buyers, Independent Holdings Limited and City Ice and Cold Storage Company.

In 2002, Metcash announced a major expansion of its distribution and supply operations by signing a 10 year supply agreement with Foodworks Supermarket Group. Foodworks is a retailer owned and marketed brand covering more than 90 stores across Victoria and Southern New South Wales.

In recent months, Metcash's contract as supplier to Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group (ALH) has been terminated due to the takeover of ALH by Woolworths and The Bruce Mathieson Group. In addition, Metcash has also lost the Franklins contract due to its decision to become a self distributing retailer in similar vein to Woolworth's and Coles.

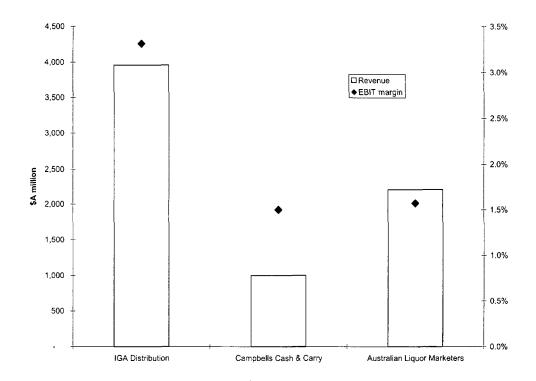
# 6.2. Operations

Metcash comprises three business units:

- IGA Distribution IGA has eight distribution centres carrying around 21,000 items serving the dry, chilled and frozen grocery requirements of approximately 4,500 independent retail grocery customers on the eastern seaboard of Australia and South Australia.
- Australian Liquor Marketers (ALM) is the leading broad-range liquor wholesaler in Australia. ALM also operates in New Zealand through its wholly owned subsidiary, Tasman Liquor Company. It operates 24 distribution centres across Australia and New Zealand, carrying more than 10,000 products to meet the wine, sprit and beer requirements of more than 13,000 licensed premises.
- Campbells Cash & Carry (CCC) The business operates 44 self-service and distribution warehouses across NSW, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia and the Northern Territory, serving over 80,000 business customers. It also operates a specialist distributor to convenience stores and petrol stations.

The contribution of these business units to Metcash's revenue and EBIT margin is illustrated in the graph below:





Source: Metcash Annual Report, 2004.

## 6.3. Financial performance

The recent financial performance for Metcash is provided in the table below:

Metcash Trading Limited Financial performance for year ended 30 April \$million	2002 (52 weeks)	2003 (52 weeks)	2004 (53 weeks)	Half year ended 31 October 2004
Net sales	5,769.4	6,695.5	7,173.9	3,519.7
EBITA <sup>2</sup>	117.5	152.7	183.8	91.8
EBIT	98.9	133.5	163.2	81.0
Interest	(9.7)	(7.5)	(7.6)	(3.9)
Operating profit before tax	89.2	126.0	155.7	77.1
Net sales growth	n/a	16.1%	7.1%	2.2%1
EBITA margin	2.0%	2.3%	2.6%	2.6%

Source: Metcash Trading Limited Annual Reports 2003 and 2004, Metcash Trading Limited Half Year Report 2004

Metcash has achieved a strong improvement in financial performance in recent years. Revenues grew by 16% in 2003 as a result of securing the Foodworks contract from AIW and the subsequent flow of AIW's remaining supply business into Metcash. Revenues further grew by 7% in 2004 due to the opening of new customers' stores, retail square meterage growth, the establishment of new arrangements for independent liquor retail customers and continued promotional programs and competitive pricing. EBITA margins have improved significantly from 2.0% to 2.6%. In addition, we note that financial information for 30 April 2004 represents 53 weeks trading.

<sup>1.</sup> Compared to the net sales for the half-year ended 31 October 2003

<sup>2.</sup> EBITA – Earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation (but after finance lease amortisation)



Results over the first half of 2005 were mixed. IGA posted strong sales growth of 4.1% and EBIT growth of 9% on the comparable period in 2004, whilst ALM's margins fell due to strong price competition and the loss of ALH as a customer. Campbells Cash & Carry lost volume in the tobacco, petrol and convenience markets but increased volume in its targeted growth market of confectionery distribution. The overall result was a marginal increase on equivalent prior period sales and an increase in EBITA margin to 2.6% for the six months.

# 6.4. Financial position

Metcash Trading Limited Financial position \$ million	Audited As at 30 April 2004	Unaudited As at 31 October 2004
Current assets	•	
Cash	33.7	19.1
Receivables	658.4	694.1
Inventories	401.0	428.0
Other	8.2	8.5
Total current assets	1101.2	1149.7
Non-current assets		
Receivables	9.7	10.0
Investments	1.1	1.1
Other financial assets	0.8	1.1
Property, plant and equipment	130.2	129.1
Deferred tax assets	2.6	2.6
Intangible assets	243.1	236.4
Total non-current assets	387.5	380.4
Total assets	1488.7	1530.1
Current liabilities		
Payables	884.0	880.6
Interest-bearing liabilities	52.6	86.4
Current tax liabilities	13.6	13.5
Provisions	32.4	30.8
Total current liabilities	982.6	1011.4
Non-current liabilities		
Interest-bearing liabilities	16.6	15.5
Provisions	19.3	19.2
Total non current liabilities	35.9	34.8
Total liabilities	1018.5	1046.1
Net assets	470.2	484.0
Equity		
Contributed equity	562.2	563.1
Reserves	12.6	13.6
Retained profits	(104.6)	(92.7)
Total equity	470.2	484.0

Source: Metcash Trading Limited Half Year Report 2004.



Metcash's operations rely heavily on the management of working capital. Working capital balances significantly increased in the last six months. This is understood to be largely a timing issue and both Metcash management and external brokers expect this trend to reverse in future periods.

Property, plant and equipment comprises freehold land and buildings, leasehold improvements, and plant and machinery. Valuations were undertaken on the freehold land and buildings in April 2003.

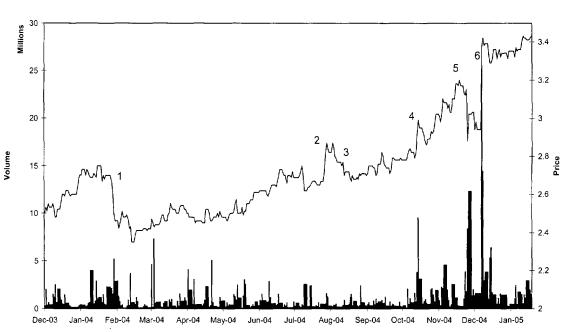
Interest bearing liabilities comprise secured finance lease liabilities, bills of exchange and promissory notes secured by a floating charge.

Intangible assets reflect the goodwill purchased in the company's previous acquisitions.

Provisions primarily comprise employee entitlements and a store lease and remediation provision.

# 6.5. Share price history

We set out below the share price history of Metcash for the past year:



#### Metcash share price - volume analysis

The share price of Metcash increased by 17.1% over the year leading up to the announcement of the Offer (from \$2.51 on 3 December 2003 to \$2.94 on 3 December 2004). Since the announcement of the Offer and Capital Reorganisation, the shares have traded between \$3.22 and \$3.45 per share. Key changes in the share price and unusual trading volumes for Metcash over the last year have been driven by the following events:

(1) 29 January 2004 - The share price fell by approximately 4% and trading volumes increased as Metcash announced the conclusion of their supply agreement with Interfrank



Pty Limited (owners of the Franklins grocery chain). It was estimated that this would result in a \$600 million reduction in the year ending 2004 sales.

- (2) 27 July 2004 Upon the release of Metcash's annual results with more favourable than anticipated outcomes, the share price increased by approximately 6%.
- (3) 12 August 2004 The share price fell after the announcement of the termination of the supply agreement between the ALH group and Metcash subsidiary ALM. Expected loss of the year ending 2004 sales was in the region of \$140m.
- (4) 7 October 2004 –Lazard Asset Management's reduction in shareholding by approximately 7 million shares impacted prices and volumes.
- (5) 25 November 2004 The release of Metcash's half yearly report, which presented disappointing results for ALM and Campbell's Cash and Carry, resulted in a fall in the share price by approximately 4% and increased trading activity.
- (6) 7 December 2004 Following a trading halt on 6 December and Metcash's announcement of the Offer for Foodland and Capital Reorganisation, the share price increased from \$2.94 prior to the trading halt to \$3.42 on 8 December (16% increase). Metcash subsequently announced the completion of an Institutional Placement at \$3.00 per share raising almost \$270 million.



## 6.6. Shareholder Structure

We set out below the percentage shareholdings of the top 20 shareholders in Metcash as at 12 January 2005:

Metcash Trading Limited Top 20 shareholders as at 12 January 2005	Percentage of ordinary shares
Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV 1	52.79% <sup>2</sup>
Westpac Custodian Nominees Limited	9.18%
National Nominees Limited	6.06%
J P Morgan Nominees Australia Limited	5.18%
ANZ Nominees Limited	1.68%
Cogent Nominees Pty Limited	1.64%
RBC Global Services Australia Nominees Pty Limited	1.62%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	1.57%
IOOF Investment Management Limited	1.50%
Warbont Nominees Pty Ltd	1.38%
Queensland Investment Corporation	1.07%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	0.68%
Health Super Pty Ltd	0.42%
Westpac Life Insurance Services Limited	0.39%
IAG Nominees Pty Limited	0.39%
Victorian Workcover Authority	0.31%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	0.30%
Woodross Nominees Pty Limited	0.21%
Government Superannuation Office	0.18%
Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	0.17%
Total top 20 shareholders	86.71%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz.

<sup>2</sup> If the SPP are included, Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV owns approximately 52.2% of the ordinary shares issued by Metcash.



# 7. Impact of takeover offer on Metcash

# 7.1. Summary of the Takeover Offer

As noted in Section 3, on the same day as the announcement of the Capital Reorganisation, Metcash announced its intention to make an off-market takeover offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland.

Following the successful completion of the Takeover Offer and compulsory acquisition, it is Metcash's stated intention that the NZ Shares will be cancelled in exchange for the transfer of the ordinary shares in a new holding company for Foodland New Zealand (NZ Holdco) and NZ Holdco will be separately listed on the ASX. This exchange will be subject to various shareholder approvals at that time. We understand that from the time of issue until exchange for ordinary shares in NZ Holdco, the NZ Shares will be listed on the ASX.

It is not clear whether this Takeover Offer will be resolved prior to the Capital Reorganisation. Accordingly, we have provided a summary of the impact of the Foodland acquisition below.

Full details of the Takeover Offer are included in the Bidders' Statement, a copy of which may be found on the Metcash website (www.metcash.com).

## 7.2. Rationale for the Takeover Offer

Metcash believes that the acquisition of Foodland will provide the following main benefits to Metcash shareholders:

- Foodland's Australian business is considered to be complementary to Metcash's core business. The acquisition will increase the business scale and expands Metcash's grocery wholesaling network into Western Australia;
- The acquisition will expand Metcash's independent retailer network because of the
  acquisition of Foodland's existing independent retailer network. This will be
  augmented following the proposed divestment of the Action stores and retention of
  those stores on wholesale supply agreements;
- Improves Metcash's buying power;
- Provide potential for supply chain and logistic scale efficiencies;
- Provides an opportunity to achieve cost savings; and
- Transforms the IGA "chain" into a truly national player.

# 7.3. Composition of Metcash post Takeover Offer

Metcash's business following successful completion of the Takeover Offer will comprise:

Metcash's existing business;



- Foodland's Western Australia, Queensland and Northern NSW wholesale businesses;
- Action stores in Western Australia, Northern NSW and Queensland which are proposed to be progressively sold to independent retailers and probably renamed IGA stores: and
- debt and equity funding introduced to enable the Foodland acquisition.

The group will also include for a period, Foodland's New Zealand business until it is transferred to NZ Shareholders. However, the ordinary shareholders of Metcash will not participate in this business's earnings or capital, and as such we have excluded it from our analysis.

# 7.4. Proforma historical and forecast financial performance – Metcash stand-alone

We have only considered below the financial performance of Metcash prepared on the Australian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (AGAAP) basis. This is predominantly because most of the available information relating to the comparable companies we have identified is prepared on this basis. Accordingly, we have not considered the financial performance of Metcash prepared on the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) basis.

Furthermore, we are of the view that given the nature of both Foodland and Metcash, the impact of IFRS will be relatively modest. We acknowledge that whilst IFRS may impact the reported financials, it should not impact the underlying value of Metcash shares significantly as it will not affect the cash flows of the underlying businesses.

## Statement of financial performance

Metcash standalone Pro-forma financial performance for year ended 30 April	AGAAP				
\$ million	2003 (52 weeks) Historic	2004 (53 weeks) Historic	2005 (52 weeks) Forecast	2006 (52 weeks) Forecast	
Sales	6,696	7,174	7,090	7,232	
Sales growth		7.1%	(1.2%)	2.0%	
EBITA <sup>1</sup>	153	184	191	198	
EBITA margin	2.3%	2.6%	2.7%	2.7%	
Amortisation – goodwill	(19)	(21)	(21)	(22)	
EBIT	133	163	170	176	
Net interest expense	(8)	(8)	(8)	(7)	
PBT	126	156	162	169	
Tax expense	(45)	(54)	(57)	(59)	
Reported NPAT	81	102	105	110	

<sup>1.</sup> EBITA - Earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation (but after finance lease amortisation)



For historical trends refer to section 6.3 of this report.

The above forecast financial performance of Metcash reflects the following:

- the reduced sales in 2005 forecast are mainly due to the loss of the Franklins and ALH contracts during the year.
- Sales volumes in 2006 reflect the full year impact of contract losses discussed above, together with price increases as a result of CPI and volume increases as a result of a number of planned initiatives including the opening of new stores.
- EBITA margin (throughout this report we have adopted the EBITA definition as EBIT plus goodwill amortisation) is projected to increase by 0.1% in 2005 and remain the same in 2006, reflecting an improvement in trading terms with suppliers and improvements in business efficiency. We note that Metcash has forecast an improvement less than it has achieved in the two preceding years.

Having regard to the industry structure and Metcash's historical performance, we have reviewed the composition of the forecast and believe that it provides a reasonable basis for our estimate of maintainable earnings for the Metcash business, stand alone.

## 7.5. Foodland's Australian operations overview

Foodland was incorporated in the State of Western Australia in 1926 and has its origins in the amalgamation of a number of Western Australian grocery cooperatives. The Company was listed on the Australian Stock Exchange on 29 March 1990. Foodland conducts grocery wholesale and retail operations in New Zealand and Australia.

Foodland's retail activities in Australia are conducted under the Action brand, which covers 45 supermarkets in Queensland and northern New South Wales and 37 stores in Western Australia. Action became a wholly owned entity of Foodland in June 1993, prior to which Foodland owned 50% of Action, then a listed company.

Foodland also provides wholesale supplies to all of Western Australia's independent supermarket operators and co-ordinates the Dewsons, Supa Valu, Foodland and 4 Square banner franchise groups. In addition Foodland's FoodLink food service division supplies hotels, restaurants, cafes, institutions, schools and fast food outlets throughout Western Australia. The company also operates three Cash & Carry wholesale grocery warehouses.

## Retailing -- Action supermarkets

Action serves in excess of 750,000 customers every week and employs over 7,800 staff. Action's management team believes that the company holds approximately 13% of the Western Australian retail grocery market and over 6% of the Queensland market. Action's major competitors are Woolworths and Coles. The chart on page 20 suggests that Foodland (including Action's retail operations) represent a national market share of around 5%.



Action is undertaking a refurbishment programme for its 45 store east coast network, which is planned to be completed on a staged basis over the next several years.

#### Wholesale

Foodland coordinates the merchandising activities of several supermarket banner franchise groups, namely Dewsons, Supa Valu, Foodland and Four Square as well as being a supplier to all of Western Australia's independent supermarket operators.

Foodland's wholesaling operations are conducted principally from its distribution centre complex in Canning Vale, in Perth. Following the acquisition of Foodlink in September 2002 the food service business is conducted from a warehouse in the Perth suburb of O'Connor.

The Canning Vale complex comprises a main warehouse with an area of about 50,000 square metres, opened in 1993; a cold store of 7,790 square metres opened in 1988 and extended to 8,920 square metres in 1996; a second dry grocery warehouse comprising 4,300 square metres, opened in 1992, and a Cash & Carry branch comprising about 10,000 square metres, which opened in 1988.

Cash & Carry branches are also located in the northern Perth suburb of Balcatta, comprising 7,013 square metres, and in the regional city of Kalgoorlie where a 1,300 square metre branch was opened in August 1998.

The main warehouse workforce comprises approximately 279 employees, together with 59 in the cold store facility. Approximately 16,000 different grocery and general merchandise lines are distributed to over 700 customers throughout Western Australia. Foodland holds about 39% of the wholesale packaged grocery market in Western Australia. With few exceptions, the balance of the State's grocery distribution occurs either directly from suppliers or through warehouses operated by national supermarket chains.

Foodland's food service operations supply about 6,600 lines to nearly 1,700 customers, comprising caterers, hotels, restaurants, cafes, institutions, schools and fast food outlets throughout the State and employs 95 staff. Fiscal 2003 Sales were \$79.1 million compared to \$47.0 million the previous year.

Foodland's three Cash & Carry warehouses supply up to 34,000 separate grocery and general merchandise lines to retailers and small business operators seeking to purchase less than full carton quantities. Sales in fiscal 2003 were \$131.6 million compared to \$134.5 million the previous year.



# 7.6. Proforma historical and forecast financial performance – Foodland Australia stand alone

Foodland Australia standalone Pro-forma financial performance for period ended		AGAAP	
\$ million	52 wks ended 3 August 2003	53 wks ended 1 August 2004	2005 Forecast
Action sales	1,209	1,330	1,419
Foodland's Australian Wholesale external sales	1,002	1,001	1,028
Total sales	2,211	2,331	2,447
Sales growth %		5.4%	5.0%
Action EBITA	36	39	41
Foodland's Australian Wholesale EBITA	51	45	46
Total EBITA (pre corporate costs)	87	84	87
EBITA margin (pre corporate costs)	3.9%	3.6%	3.6%
Corporate costs	(4)	(4)	(4)
Total EBITA	83	80	83
EBITA margin	3.8%	3.4%	3.4%

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes property income

The historical financial performance for Foodland's Australian business, set out in the table above, has been compiled from a review of historical segment information from Foodland financial statements. In addition, we have developed the forecast set out in the table above of 2005 revenue and EBITA based on a number of assumptions set out below.

As it is the intention of Metcash to liquidate property holdings post a successful Takeover Offer, we have excluded this income from our analysis above and treated property holdings as surplus assets in our valuation analysis. We have also made the assumption that the cost allocations in Foodland's segment information reflect the true underlying cost structures of the Australian business. Similarly, corporate costs have been allocated on the basis of the percentage of revenue of the Australian business compared to the total Foodland business.



Other assumptions used in developing this 2005 sales and EBITA forecasts are:

Summary of 2005 EBITA assumptions		Comments
Underlying revenue growth (including inflation, population growth, grocery spending and for wholesale operations, a fair share of independent store growth)		
<ul><li>Action Stores</li><li>Wholesale</li></ul>	2.7% 2.8%	These underlying growth rates are consistent with our industry research set out in section 5.5 above
Store area growth – Action Stores	4.0%	This is comparable to annualised Foodland's floor area growth in 2004- 2005 according to the most recent quarterly sales report
EBITA Margins		
<ul><li>Action Stores</li><li>Wholesale</li></ul>	2.9% 4.5% <sup>9</sup>	These margins are consistent with Foodland's 2004 annual margins. We considered that no economies of scale will be able to be realised due to industry competitive pressures.
There are no substantial changes in the economic or industry environment in which Foodland operates.		
Capital expenditures are adequate to facilitate store area growth above.		
There are no material changes in Foodland's trading arrangements with supplier or customers.		
There are no material changes in accounting policies from those shown in Foodland's last annual report.		

In preparing our estimate and assumptions as shown above, we have considered the following:

- Review of a variety of macro economic forecasts;
- Comparison of future estimates and assumptions with historical Foodland performance;
- Review of Foodland public announcements for notable changes in outlook;
- Review of industry research and brokers reports for guidance as to appropriate growth and profitability percentages to apply;
- Comparison of our estimates of 2005 sales and EBITA with averages of brokers forecasts. Our estimates are consistent with the average (and within the ranges of them as set out below) of these forecasts.

We note that we have not had access to Foodland management to clarify details of the historical financials, outlook and/or management plans. However, in the context of the transaction, we are of the opinion that the information we have considered and the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Includes internal margin on WA Wholesale



procedures we have used to consider that information forms a reasonable and reliable basis for the estimates above.

Foodland operates in an industry that is mature and it is apparent that company performance within that industry is relatively stable. However, we note that there is risk and uncertainty around the above assumptions and estimates, particularly in view of the limited access to Foodland management. In this respect, we have estimated the variability of these estimates having regard to the variability embodied in contemporaneous brokers' estimates of 2005 sales and EBITA

In most of the brokers' estimates, we have found it is not possible to specifically identify the source of the variation from the estimates we developed above, so we have compared outcomes only. Summarised below are the broker's estimates we gathered in this respect.

The brokers' forecast 2005 sales for Action stores are in the range \$1,360 million to \$1,478 million with an average of \$1,419 million and a median of \$1,414 million. The minimum and maximum of these estimates vary by less than plus or minus 5% from our estimate of Action revenue.

The brokers' forecast 2005 EBITA for Action stores are in the range \$38 million to \$46 million with an average and a median of \$41 million. The minimum and maximum of these estimates vary by less than plus or minus 10% from our estimate of Action profitability. However, we note that our assessment of value is not particularly sensitive to the degree of profitability from the Action stores as we have adopted a multiple of sales basis of valuation for these stores in anticipation of the sell-down of this portfolio of stores under Metcash ownership.

The brokers' forecast 2005 sales for Foodland's Australian wholesale operations are in the range \$939 million to \$1,094 million with an average of \$1,028 million and a median of \$1,021 million. The minimum and maximum of these estimates vary by less than plus or minus 10% from our estimate of wholesale revenue. However, we have primarily had regard to the profitability (shown below) of the wholesale operations rather than revenue in estimating the value of the Foodland Australian wholesale business.

The brokers' forecast 2005 EBITA for Foodland's Australian wholesale operations are in the range \$44 million to \$47 million with an average and a median of \$46 million. The minimum and maximum of these estimates vary by less than plus or minus 5% from our estimate of wholesale profitability in total.

We note that continuous disclosure obligations on Foodland would likely have resulted in further announcements by Foodland should there have been a material deviation anticipated by them from the earnings forecasts of brokers. We found no such announcements and accordingly formed the view that as at the date of our report that the range of expectations embodied in brokers' forecasts were likely to have been materially consistent with Foodland's own expectations. Accordingly, as the variations between the brokers forecasts noted above and our own are all less than 10% we have adopted the maximum and minimum of these variations as reflective of the range of uncertainty arising from no direct access to Foodland management and the commercial uncertainties surrounding the outcome of future results.



## Assessment of the consideration paid to Metoz 8. shareholders under the proposed Metoz Scheme

## 8.1. Overview

The consideration being offered by Newco for each Metoz share is the South African Rand equivalent of A\$0.6015 per Metoz share (derived from a cash consideration of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz (including assumed Metoz net liabilities)).

Given the fact that Metoz's only asset apart from some surplus liabilities is its 52% shareholding in Metcash, we have based our assessment of the fairness of the proposed Capital Reorganisation on our valuation of Metcash.

As noted above, due to the fact we will not know the outcome of the Takeover Offer, we have assessed the value of Metcash under the following two scenarios:

- Takeover Offer is not successful
- Takeover Offer is successful

## 8.2. Valuation methodology

A first step to forming our opinion of the value of Metcash is an assessment of the fair market value of Metcash's underlying businesses. Fair market value is commonly defined as:

"The price that would be negotiated in an open and unrestricted market between a knowledgeable, willing but not anxious buyer and a knowledgeable, willing but not anxious seller acting at arms length."

## Selection of valuation methodology

Our primary approach in assessing the value of Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations is the capitalisation of earnings (EBITA) methodology. This methodology has been adopted for the following reasons:

- The relative stability of historical earnings of both businesses
- The absence of detailed long term forecasts for Metcash or Foodland suitable for the application of a DCF methodology
- The limited access to information in relation to Foodland
- Using EBITA as an earnings definition removes distortions to value caused by capital structures and tax outcomes. This allows more reliable benchmarking of value to other listed comparable companies.

The capitalisation of earnings approach involved the following procedures:



- Using 2005 forecast EBITA for Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations as they currently operate as a basis for estimated future maintainable EBITA
- Examining comparable companies and transactions to arrive at a range of industry EBITA multiples on a 2005 forecast basis
- Adjusting the range of EBITA multiples for specific factors relating to the risks and growth potential of Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations
- Capitalising the estimated future EBITA by applying the range of multiples to arrive at a range of enterprise values
- Adding existing surplus assets and net cash, and subtracting net debt to arrive at a value for Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations

As further support to this approach, we have cross-checked the individual enterprise valuation utilising a DCF methodology based on management's forecasts, brokers forecasts, industry analysis and discussion with Metcash management. We have deducted a minority discount from this DCF valuation to be consistent with the minority basis of valuation in our capitalisation of maintainable earnings approach.

To this estimated enterprise value, we have added the value of forecast synergies calculated on a discounted cash flow basis (after making allowance for the time taken and particular risks of achieving synergies) adjusted for the overall minority basis of valuation, deducted transaction and restructuring costs and modelled the value effects of the funding of the Offer and the Capital Reorganisation.

### 8.3. Valuation if Takeover Offer is not successful

If the Takeover Offer is not successful, the economic interest represented by Metcash shares is the Metcash business on a stand alone basis as it currently operates.

### Earnings to be capitalised

We have based our estimate of the earnings to be capitalised on Metcash Managements' forecast 2005 EBITA of \$191.2 million. This level of earnings is seen to be suitable for use in the primary valuation given:

- The stability displayed in Metcash's recent historical earnings.
- The mature nature of the grocery wholesaling industry in Australia, and
- The fact that this 2005 earnings forecast allows for the loss of the Franklins and ALH contracts.

We have selected an earnings range of \$190.0 million to \$193.0 million reflecting appropriate uncertainty around the last four months forecast results for the financial year ending 30 April 2005.



### Selection of EBITA multiple

In selecting an EBITA multiple range we have considered the EBITA multiple of Metcash prior to the announcement of the proposed transaction. We have also undertaken a review of trading multiples of other listed food wholesalers and retailers in Australia, the United Kingdom and the United States. In addition, we have considered the implied multiples for a number of transactions including Foodland's purchase of Woolworths NZ in 2002. We believe that the drivers of retail and wholesale businesses are similar so we have had regard to trading and transaction multiples of both in forming our views of an appropriate multiple to capitalise the earnings of the wholesale businesses.

### Analysis of comparable company trading multiples

As our EBITA range is based on management forecasts for 2005, we have focused our attention on the forecast multiples for our comparable companies. The comparable company analysis, set out in Appendix B, illustrates a range of forecast trading multiples for the various food retailers and wholesalers. However, excluding outliers, the average forecast EBITA trading multiples are in the range of 10 to 13 times forecast earnings although the Australian comparable companies (Metcash, Foodland, Woolworths and Coles Myer) are trading in the range of 10.2 to 12.7 times forecast earnings. Integrated retailers and wholesalers tend to trade higher than pure-play wholesalers.

### Analysis of comparable transaction multiples

We have also researched a number of transactions, which have occurred in the grocery sector over the last five years, to identify relevant pricing parameters that can be extracted from these transactions.

Our review of these transactions produces an historical EBITA multiple in the range of 6.2 to 19.1 times, with an average multiple of 12.6 times historical EBITA. We have only been able to obtain forecast EBITA multiples for three transactions, ranging from 10.8 for Foodland's acquisition of the minority shareholders in the New Zealand business in 1999 to 12.9 times for Woolworths' recent takeover of Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group. The third transaction, Foodland's acquisition of Woolworths NZ in 2002, produces an implied forecast EBITA multiple of 11.5 times.

The relatively wide range of observed multiples reflects the unique circumstances pertaining to each transaction. For example, where there are large synergy gains available or particular strategic advantages, a higher EBITA multiple may be justified. These transaction multiples will also contain any premium attributed to the benefits for the acquirer of obtaining outright control.

### Selection of EBITA Multiple

The market evidence suggests that grocery players generally trade in the range of 10 to 13 times forecast 2005 EBITA (excluding any premium for control), although there are a limited number of exceptions. The Australian players are currently trading in a range from 10.2 to 12.7 times forecast EBITA.

Given this range of multiples, we have considered the following factors in determining an appropriate EBITA multiple for Metcash:



- Metcash trades in the wholesaling industry only, an industry which presents similar
  risk to the grocery retailing industry, but which is in the mature stage of its industry
  lifecycle and is heavily influenced by the retail/wholesale integration of the Coles and
  Woolworths operations
- Metcash is smaller than Coles and Woolworths in terms of scale of operations, but similar in terms of geographical coverage
- Metcash has a strong market position in the 'independents' segment of the grocery wholesaling industry in Australia and has delivered sound earnings growth in recent years with further growth projected

Considering all of the factors set out above, we consider that an appropriate multiple with which to capitalise Metcash's 2005 prospective EBITA range is between 10.0 and 10.5 times. We have compared this multiple to the trading multiple of Metcash pre-transaction. It is consistent with this multiple. We note that this is a minority multiple excluding any control premium.

### Net debt

We have assumed that net debt is equal to the net debt balance of \$82.8 million per the latest publicly available statement of financial position and after deducting the latest dividend paid in December, using an estimate of cash generated from operations since that balance date and deducting cash received on the exercise of employee options since that balance date. We have also made an allowance for the placement (\$269.6 million) and SPP (\$20.9 million) that have either occurred or are planned to occur subsequent to the last financial statements. This provides a revised net cash balance of \$220.8 million.

If the Capital Reorganisation is approved, it is the intention of Metcash that a 2<sup>nd</sup> interim dividend of 4 cents per ordinary share will be proposed and paid to existing Metcash shareholders (i.e. \$29.5 million).

Because the valuation in this report is cum-this dividend, we have not adjusted the net debt for this amount.

### Surplus assets

Surplus assets comprise the 40% equity accounted interest in Produce Traders Trust and sundry loans receivable, amounting to \$1.1 million and \$9.9 million respectively.

### Estimated dilution of value attributable to options

In estimating the value of the outstanding Metcash options, we have had regard to the Black Scholes option pricing model. In practice the value of options is less than the theoretical value for the vested and unvested options based on the estimated volatility of Metcash shares as:

• for in the money options there is the likelihood of early exercise of vested options and hence not all time value being applicable



for unvested options, there is uncertainty as to vesting due to the possibility of holders leaving employment.

However, based on the assessed value range on a minority basis for ordinary shares of Metcash, most of the vested and unvested options are deep in the money meaning that they have little or negative time value. Having regard to the above, we consider that the higher of the intrinsic value and the theoretical value of the Metcash options represents a full estimate of the dilution attributable to currently outstanding options (i.e. \$24.6 million mid-point).

### **Valuation summary**

The table below summarises our earnings-based valuation of Metcash:

Valuation of Metcash on stand alone basis \$ million	Low	High
Prospective EBITA	190.0	193.0
2005 Prospective EBITA multiple	10.0	10.5
Enterprise value – Metcash on a standalone basis	1,900.0	2026.5
Add: surplus assets	11.0	11.0
Add: net cash	220.8	220.8
Less: estimated value of Metcash options	(24.6)	(24.6)
Value of Metcash on a standalone basis (minority basis)	2,107.2	2,233.7
Number of shares on issue	736.9	736.9
Value per share (minority basis)	\$2.86	\$3.03

The capitalisation of earnings methodology produces a valuation range (on a minority basis) of \$2,107.2 million to \$2,233.7 million as at 31 December 2004 (mid-point \$2,170.5 million) for Metcash stand alone. This is equivalent to approximately \$2.86 to \$3.03 per ordinary share (mid-point \$2.95).

#### Valuation cross check

Indicative DCF valuation

We have cross-checked the value derived above by developing a 6 year discounted cash flow model. We based our cash flow projections upon Metcash management's forecast for 2005 and 2006, together with discussion regarding expectations for subsequent years. In developing our cash flow model, we modelled the divisions of Metcash separately to account for differing growth expectations.

In order to arrive at the enterprise value, we discounted the nominal projected cash flows at an appropriate WACC for Metcash. The WACC was calculated as the long-term weighted average of the cost of equity and the cost of debt. In order to determine an appropriate cost of equity we analysed equity betas for companies most comparable to Metcash.

A summary of key assumptions in our high level DCF analysis are:



- Growth (nominal) is in a range of 2% to 4% across divisions after 2006;
- Margins consistent with 2006 management forecasts;
- Effective tax rate unchanged from 2006 forecasts with a partial allowance for the franking credit benefit arising on tax payments;
- Working capital utilised at rates consistent with historical experience over the forecast period;
- Capex consistent with management forecasts to 2006 with inflation growth thereafter;
- Terminal value underlying cash flow growth of 2% and capex equal to 150% of depreciation, to reflect inflation;
- WACC at 8.3% to 8.5%; and
- Minority discount of 15-20% (equates to control premiums of 20-25% consistent with recent transaction evidence).

Our DCF analysis arrived at values broadly consistent with those assessed under the capitalisation of EBITA methodology.

### 8.4. Valuation if Takeover Offer is successful

If the Takeover Offer is successful, the economic interest represented by Metcash shares is the Metcash business merged with Foodland's Australian businesses, excluding the Action stores which will be divested and retained on wholesale supply agreements.

In order to value the Metcash shares assuming the Takeover Offer is successful, we have considered the following components of value that will comprise the economic interests of Metcash following successful completion of the Takeover Offer as follows:

- The value of the combined Metcash and Foodland's Australian wholesale operations as they currently operate;
- The value expected to be realised on the sell down of the Action stores to independent owners;
- The value of the expected synergies to be realised from a merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations, net of restructuring and transaction costs; and
- The funding structure of Metcash post-successful completion of the Takeover Offer.

### Valuation of the combined Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations

### Earnings to be capitalised

We have utilised the following earnings to be capitalised:



Combined business before synergies -EBITA 2005 \$ million	Low	High
Metcash (as per Section 8.3 above)	190.0	193.0
Foodland's Australian wholesale operations	49.6	54.1
Total	239.6	247.1

The Metcash's earnings are as in the previous section.

### Foodland's Australian Wholesale Operations

As noted in the introduction to this report, a limitation of the valuation of Foodland's operations is that they are based wholly on publicly available information. Although Foodland is required to disclose information regarding its geographical business segments in accordance with Australian accounting standards, this financial information is considerably less detailed than that which would normally be available in providing opinions of value for inclusion in public documents.

We calculated our estimate of the stand-alone earnings in 2005 of Foodland Australia as follows:

Foodland's Australian wholesale on standalone basis -2005 \$ million	Low	High
Total EBITA per Foodland Australia standalone (after corporate costs) <sup>1</sup>	77.7	89.1
Less: Action Stores treated in our analysis as surplus assets	(38.2)	(46.0)
Add: Estimated margin from wholesale sales to Queensland/ Northern NSW Action stores	10.1	11.0
Standalone Foodland 2005 EBITA under Metcash operating model before synergies	49.6	54.1

<sup>1.</sup> Based on the range of forecasts for Foodland's Australian wholesale operations, Action stores and corporate costs (refer section 7.6 above)

It is Metcash management's intention that following successful completion of the Takeover Offer, Foodland's Australian retail operations, which are currently conducted under the Action banner, will be sold to independent owners and retained by Metcash as wholesale customers.

For the purposes of this valuation, we have adopted the following assumptions to estimate the EBITA margin from the wholesale operation that relates to Action stores in Queensland and NSW:

- 45% of the Australian supermarkets revenue represents the wholesale turnover between Foodland and Action stores in Western Australia and Queensland/Northern NSW. This is an estimate of the amount of turnover that is supplied in-house by Foodland based on an estimate of the turnover supplied to Western Australian Action stores;
- The inter-segment sales in the Australian wholesale operations represent sales to Action stores in Western Australia only as they have not grown in recent years as the portfolio of stores in Queensland/Northern NSW has been built up;



- Accordingly, the EBITA for the wholesale to Action stores in Western Australia has been included in the EBITA for the Australian wholesale operations; and
- The EBITA margin for the wholesale to Action stores in Queensland/Northern NSW is 3.4%.

Based on our estimates of sales for Foodland's Australian Supermarket operations for the year ended 1 August 2005, we have estimated the additional EBITA from the wholesale operations to Action stores in Queensland/Northern NSW to be in the range of \$10.1 million to \$11.0 million.

The table below sets out the calculation of the EBITA range utilised in our valuation of Foodland's Australian wholesale operations:

Profitability of Foodland's Australian wholesale for Qld and NSW \$ million	Low	High
Forecast Foodland's Australian supermarket sales – 2005 <sup>1</sup>	1,359.9	1,478.0
Foodland's wholesale to Action stores as a % of total Australian supermarket sales	45%	45%
Forecast wholesale sales to Actions stores (W.A. and Queensland/NSW)	612.0	665.1
Less: Inter-segment (Australian wholesale to Action stores in W.A.) <sup>2</sup>	(314.9)	(342.3)
Therefore, forecast wholesale sales to Action stores in Queensland/NSW	297.1	322.8
EBITA margin – wholesale	3.4%	3.4%
Estimated forecast EBITA from wholesale to Action stores in Queensland/NSW	10.1	11.0

- 1. Based on the range of forecast for Action stores (refer section 7.6 above)
- 2: Inter-segment sales of \$308.0m in 2004 x estimated sales growth of Action stores 2005

### Selection of EBITA multiple

We have considered the EBITA multiple range for the merged business by reference to data on listed comparable companies and transactions involving companies in the groceries sector. The analysis and outcomes are consistent with that conducted above in respect of Metcash. Accordingly, we consider that an appropriate multiple with which to capitalise the merged business's 2005 prospective EBITA range is between 10.0 and 10.5 times. We have compared this multiple to the trading multiple of Metcash and Foodland pre-transaction. It is consistent with the Metcash pre-transaction multiple and similar to the Foodland pre-transaction multiple.

### **Existing net debt**

As stated in Section 8.3 above, the net cash balance of Metcash is \$220.8 million.



### Foodland existing

We have assumed that net debt is equal to the net cash balance of \$6.0 million per the proforma statement of financial position for Foodland Australian wholesale business, adjusting for the inclusion of cash balance of \$17.0 million to be retained from Foodland Australian retail operations, the latest dividend paid in October 2004 and an estimate of cash generated from Foodland Australian wholesale and retail operations since that balance date. We have also had regard to the intention of Metcash to pass the expected interim dividend of \$0.43 per share to Foodland shareholders rather than retaining it within the merged entity. We have apportioned the latest dividend paid in October 2004 and the expected interim dividend between Foodland's Australian and New Zealand businesses. This provides a revised net cash balance of \$10.4 million.

### Surplus assets

Surplus assets of Metcash are \$11.0 million as per Section 8.3 above.

### Foodland post-Takeover Offer

As at the latest balance sheet date, we note that Foodland Australia has a contingent tax liability of \$25.5 million arising from a disputed tax assessment and a contingent pension liability of \$0.9 million. Due to the contingent nature of these liabilities, for the purposes of this valuation, we have only considered these liabilities in our low case scenario. We also note that Foodland has shortfalls on redemption of loan balance in relation to the Employee Share Option Plan of \$2,000.

Based on the pro-forma financial position of Foodland Australia, we note that the market value of the Australian properties owned by Foodland is \$36.1 million as at July 2003. As we have not had access to Foodland management, for the purposes of this valuation, we have assumed the market value of these properties is \$36.1 million as at 31 December 2004. We have also assumed no tax liability in relation to this value as the financial statements of Foodland do not identify any potential tax payable in relation to the eventual sale of these properties.

As noted above, it is Metcash management's intention that following successful completion of the Takeover Offer, Foodland's Australian retail operations, which are currently conducted under the Action banner, will be sold to independent owners and retained by Metcash as wholesale customers. As such, for the purposes of the assessment of the value of the Metcash shares post Takeover Offer, we have considered the likely consideration that will be received for those stores.

For the purposes of this valuation, we have adopted Metcash management's assumption that the likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores will be in the range of 10 to 12 times (including inventory) the average weekly sales of the Action stores. This is consistent with the range achieved in the sell-down of Franklins stores in the liquidation of Dairy Farm's interest in that business at between 10 to 15 times plus inventory and other observed transaction values in these types of transactions.

Based on estimated sales of Foodland's Australian supermarket operations for the year ended 1 August 2005 (i.e. from \$1,359.9 million to \$1,478.0 million), we set out below our calculation of the likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores:



Calculation of likely proceeds from Action disposal \$ million	Low	High
Forecast Foodland's Australian supermarket sales – 2005	1,359.9	1,478.0
Average weekly sales (52 weeks)	26.2	28.4
Average multiple of average weekly sales (including inventories)	11x	12x
Likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores	288.2	340.8

We have cross checked the implied multiple to the likely profitability of these stores in the hands of an independent operator as follows:

Cross-check of Action disposal proceeds \$ million	Low	High
Likely proceeds from the disposal of Action stores – as per above	288.2	340.8
Forecast Foodland's Australian supermarket sales – 2005 Average retail EBIT margins as per ATO business statistics	1,359.9 4.0%	1,478.0 4.0%
Average profitability for an independent retailer	54.4	59.1
Implied 2005 EBIT multiple	5.3	5.8

We note that this profitability is higher than Foodland's Action Stores enjoy overall (after deducting the wholesale margin in Queensland/Northern NSW). However, the market for independent stores generally transact on revenue multiples and assume either standard industry or particular buyer profitability. We do not consider the implied multiples above to be unreasonable given the likely size and nature of purchasers of these stores.

### Estimated dilution of value attributable to Metcash options

Based on the assessed value range on a minority basis for the ordinary shares of Metcash post a successful Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation does not proceed, we have estimated the dilution attributable to currently Metcash outstanding options if the Takeover Offer successful with 100% scrip and 100% cash to be \$28.8 million and \$30.6 million (mid-point) respectively.

### Summary of pre-synergy merged company valuation

The following table summarises our pre-synergy merged company valuation:



	Takeover Off	Takeover Offer100% scrip		fer 100 cash
Merged company valuation pre-synergies \$ million	Low	High	Low	High
Forecast 2005 combined EBITA pre synergies	239.6	247.1	239.6	247.1
EBITA Multiple	10.0x	10.5x	10.0x	10.5x
	2,396.0	2,594.6	2,396.0	2,594.6
Add: Surplus assets	308.9	387.9	308.9	387.9
Add: Net cash	231.2	231.2	231.2	231.2
Deduct: Metcash options	(28.8)	(28.8)	(30.6)	(30.6)
Equity value pre-synergies	2,907.3	3,184.9	2,905.5	3,183.1
Equity value pre-synergies – mid-point		3,046.1		3,044.3

### Valuation cross check

#### Indicative DCF valuation

We have cross-checked the value derived above by developing a 6 year discounted cash flow model. For the Metcash business, we based our cash flow projections upon Metcash management's forecast for 2005 and 2006, together with discussion regarding expectations for subsequent years. In developing our cash flow model, we modelled the divisions of Metcash separately to account for differing growth expectations. For the Foodland element of the valuation, we based our cash flow projections upon brokers' forecasts, industry analysis and discussion with Metcash management.

In order to arrive at the enterprise value, we discounted the nominal projected cash flows at an appropriate WACC for the combined business. The WACC was calculated as the long-term weighted average of the cost of equity and the cost of debt. In order to determine an appropriate cost of equity we analysed equity betas for companies most comparable to the merged business.

A summary of key assumptions in our high level DCF analysis (in addition to those assumptions for Metcash as per Section 8.3 above) are as follows:

- Growth for Foodland's existing external wholesale business (nominal) is in a range of 2% to 3% across divisions after 2006;
- Growth for Foodland's Action store wholesale business of 3% to 6% after 2006;
- Sales and margins consistent with 2006 management or brokers forecasts;
- Effective tax rate unchanged from 2006 forecasts with a partial allowance for the franking credit benefit arising on tax payments;
- Working capital utilised at rates consistent with historical experience over the forecast period; and



• Capex for Foodland consistent with the capital expenditure to sales ratio for Metcash.

Our DCF analysis arrived at values broadly consistent with those assessed under the capitalisation of EBITA methodology.

## Expected value of synergies from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations

We have valued the synergies from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian operations using the DCF approach. This methodology has been adopted so that both the timing and the associated risks for achieving these synergies can be considered.

We have estimated the magnitude of these synergies based on publicly available information about Foodland and discussions with Metcash management. We note that this analysis is limited in that we have only had access to publicly available information about Foodland businesses and the likely synergies arising from the merger of Metcash and Foodland's Australian businesses.

Metcash management have identified the following main categories that will lead to differences in value following successful completion of the Takeover Offer as follows:

### 1. Increased teamwork scores

Based on Metcash's own "teamwork" scores of 60%, Metcash expects an increase in the percentage of goods supplied to independent retailers as a percentage of the sales compared to that currently achieved by Foodland of 45%.

We believe this estimate to be reasonable based on our understanding of Metcash's currently achieved rates.

### 2. Elimination of duplicate infrastructure

It is proposed that both the distribution centre at Richlands in Brisbane and the Melbourne buying office will be surplus to the requirements of the merged operations of Metcash and Foodland Australia. We have assumed cost savings that represent elimination of this surplus capacity.

### 3. Buying synergies

The Foodland offer, should it successfully proceed, represents a significant opportunity for Metcash to increase its scale by approximately 15%. It will also reduce alternatives for suppliers looking for channels to market. This will improve Metcash's negotiating position with suppliers.

In addition, as Metcash is significantly larger than Foodland's Australian wholesaling business, it is likely that it would currently be on better net terms with suppliers.

We have reflected synergies being management's estimate of a three year delivery of improved trading terms with suppliers as a result of improved scale.



### 4. Elimination of corporate costs currently incurred by Foodland

The corporate costs assumed to be incurred by Foodland Australia, on a standalone basis, are not expected to recur in the merged scenario.

Whilst we believe that these assumptions are reasonable, we have made an allowance for the difficulties and risks associated with these synergies.

We have deducted taxes from these synergy estimates and made allowances for growth at underlying business growth rates to project annual saving going forward. We have then discounted these projections at a WACC consistent with that used in our cross-check above and allowed for the fact that the synergies need to be valued on a minority basis.

Based on our DCF analysis, we consider that the net value of the above synergies from these factors falls in the range of \$310.1 million to \$351.6 million (mid-point \$330.9 million).

We have performed a sensitivity analysis of the value of the synergies by flexing the time taken to achieve them and their magnitude. Results are shown in the table below:

Time required to achieve synergies	Synergies as above			ove + \$10 million <sup>1</sup> from 2006
	\$ million	Equivalent value per share (Cents) <sup>2</sup>	\$ million	Equivalent value per share (Cents) <sup>2</sup>
The financial year ended 30 April 2006	310.1 to 351.6	42.1 to 47.7	415.0 to 467.9	56.3 to 63.5
6 months delay	251.9 to 286.8	34.2 to 38.9	337.2 to 381.9	45.8 to 51.8
12 months delay	205.6 to 235.0	27.9 to 31.9	275.2 to 312.9	37.3 to 42.5

Note 1: \$10 million per annum is equivalent to 11 basis points increase in margin.

Note 2: Under the scenario that the Takeover Offer is successful with 100% take up of the cash offer (Scenario 2 as per "Valuation Summary" below)

### Estimated transaction and restructuring costs

### 1. Transaction costs

The management of Metcash advised us that the estimated transaction costs to be borne by the Australian entity for the proposed Takeover Offer and Capital Reorganisation are as follows:

Capital reorganisation proceeds	Yes	No	Yes
Takeover Offer	No	Yes	Yes
\$ million		(Note 1)	(Note 1)
Estimated transaction costs (before tax)	64.0	74.3	74.3

Note 1: if the Takeover Offer proceeds with 100% take up of cash offer.



### 2. Restructuring costs

The management of Metcash advised us that the estimated restructuring costs for the proposed Takeover Offer are \$30 million before any associated tax shield.

We have reviewed the calculations and estimates underlying these costs and believe them to be suitable for inclusion in our estimate of value for the Metcash shares post Takeover Offer.

### Valuation Summary – Merged Metcash and Foodland Australia group

We set out below our valuation conclusion of the value per ordinary share of the merged Metcash and Foodland Australia group under each of the following scenarios:

- The Takeover Offer is successful with 100% take up of A Shares (Scenario 1); and
- The Takeover Offer is successful with 100% take up of the cash offer. Again, we recognise that no A shares would be issued in such a scenario, however, note the take up of A shares is possible across a continuum of 0% to 100% and this scenario describes one end of the continuum (Scenario 2).

Valuation of Metcash share – if the Takeover Offer is successful (Mid-point)

valuation of Meteash Share — If the	ic rancover o	1101 10 30000001
	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
\$ million		
Value of merged business before synergies	3,046.1	3,044.3
Value of synergies (after transaction and restructuring costs)	252.8	252.8
Value of merged Metcash and Foodland's Australian business	3,298.9	3,297.1
Less new debt, comprising:		
Syndicated Facility		(424.9)
Action Facility	(235.0)	(235.0)
Surplus cash available for capital management / (net deficit funded from existing cash)	235.0	(186.1)
Implied equity value of Metcash post Offer, minority basis	3,298.9	2,451.1
Shares on issue (refer below)	1,024.4	736.9
Value per share – mid point	\$3.22	\$3.33
Value per share – Low	\$3.07	\$3.11
Value per share - High	\$3.37	\$3.54



We set out below the number of shares on issue under various scenarios:

	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
million		
Existing outstanding shares	729.9	729.9
Share Purchase Plan	7.0	7.0
New shares issued to Foodland shareholders	287.5	
Total shares on issue	1,024.4	736.9

We also set out below the balances of "surplus cash available for capital management / (net deficit funded from existing cash)" in the above table as follows:

	Scenario 1	Scenario 2
million		
Syndicated Facility		424.9
Action Facility	235.0	235.0
Cash payment to Foodland shareholders		(846.0)
Total	235.0	(186.1)

### 8.5. Conclusions regarding transaction consideration

We have compared the purchase price of Metoz shares to our estimate of the value of Metcash shares below:

Description	Low \$	High \$
Purchase price of Metoz shares	2.92	2.92
Metcash trading range 3 months prior to announcement	2.70	3.20
Our estimate of the value of Metcash per share on a standalone basis prior to the Foodland offer on a minority basis	2.86	3.03
Our estimate of the value of Metcash shares assuming successful Foodland acquisition (on current terms) on a minority basis	3.07	3.54

As the Metoz offer is within our assessed minority value ranges, we are of the view that Metoz would not received a control premium for the sale of its holding even though the structure of the Capital Reorganisation and its efficiency compared to other methods of acquiring the interest of Metoz shareholders in Metcash result in a substantial premium to the pre-transaction trading price of Metoz...

In addition, it is below the value we have assessed for the value of Metcash shares in the event of a successful Foodland offer.

Accordingly, in our opinion, the price offered to Metoz is fair from the perspective of the non-associated shareholders.



# 9. Assessment of the advantages and disadvantages of the proposed Capital Reorganisation

To be fully informed about the proposal, we believe that shareholders should be aware of the other advantages and disadvantages that accrue to them as a result of the Metcash Share Scheme.

We consider that these advantages and disadvantages are substantially similar whether or not the Foodland proposal proceeds. Where we believe there is a difference to the degree of advantage or disadvantage arising as a result of the Foodland acquisition, we have indicated below.

### 9.1. Advantages

We have outlined our view of the proposed Capital Reorganisation's advantages below:

- Pricing: The pricing of the purchase of Metoz's shares does not dilute the minority interests of non-associated shareholders in Metcash. The price offered to Metoz shareholders is consistent with our assessed range of \$2.86 to \$3.03 for a minority interest in Metcash pre-Foodland Offer. Accordingly, there is no dilution of the minority interests through the payment of a control premium to one shareholder. In addition, we note that the price offered to Metoz shareholders is below our assessed range of a minority interest in Metcash assuming a successful Foodland acquisition on the currently proposed terms.
- Impact on share price if the Capital Reorganisation does not proceed: It is possible that the price of Metcash's shares would decline, if the Capital Reorganisation is rejected, since Metoz would participate in the anticipated accretion in Metcash's value arising as a result of the proposed Foodland acquisition. In our view, the current share price appears to factor in this accretion and accordingly would be likely to fall if the Capital Reorganisation is unsuccessful.
- **EPS Accretion**: The impact of the Capital Reorganisation will be positive for earnings per share reflecting the increased financial leverage introduced into the equity structure of Newco. The following table illustrates the earnings per share (before goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non recurring transaction costs and restructuring costs) impact under various scenarios:



Financial ratio/statistic based on 2006 AGAAP forecasts, pro-forma financial position				
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	Yes	No	Yes
Takeover Offer	No	No	Yes	Yes
			(Note 1)	(Note 1)
EPS <sup>10</sup> (basic) – cents (for period ending 30 April 2006)	20.5	21.3	23.8	23.9

Note 1: The Takeover Offer proceeds with 100% take up of cash offer.

- Participation in the CULS raising: If the Capital Reorganisation is successful, shareholders will be able to participate pro-rata in the favourable terms proposed for the issue of CULS. If shareholders do not participate, we note that their rights will be offered to other investors through a bookbuild process and the amount (if any) by which the sale proceeds exceeds the issue price will be returned to non-participating shareholders.
- Removal of potential overhang: In our view, Metoz is no longer a natural holder of its investment in Metcash. This is because Metoz's sole substantial asset is its investment in Metcash, a primarily Australian asset. South African financial institutions can hold only 15% of their assets in offshore investments and as a result the investors in Metoz would most likely consider their investment in that company to be relatively overweight in offshore exposure. Accordingly, Metoz would likely be a seller of its holding over an uncertain timeframe. The Capital Reorganisation presents an opportunity to remove this potential overhang from the market for the ordinary shares, benefiting non-associated shareholders.
- Increased free float benefits: The mechanics of the Capital Reorganisation increase the free float in Newco's shares compared to the pre-existing float in Metcash shares. This would, inter alia, improve Newco's position in market indices and, based on our research, increase liquidity and reduce the bid/ask spread for the benefit of non associated shareholders. In simple terms:
  - Metcash's pre-proposal free float was around 40% of ordinary shares. This equated to approximately 255 million shares – at pre-proposal share prices a float of approximately \$750 million
  - Post Capital Reorganisation this free float will move to 100% for Newco. This will equate to approximately 498.1 million shares, assuming partial CULS conversion and an unsuccessful Foodland offer. At our estimate of the postscheme value diluted by the CULS conversion this would result in a post proposal float of approximately \$1.4 billion.
  - A float of this size would roughly double Metcash's weighting in the S&P/ASX 200

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Calculated before goodwill amortisation and transaction costs. We have not made an allowance for the pro-rata effect of CULS. This pro-rata effect improves EPS accretion.



> If the Foodland offer is successful, regardless of whether it is funded by CULS or by scrip consideration, the float will increase further, potentially moving Newco into the S&P/ASX100.

### 9.2. Disadvantages

We have outlined our view of the proposed Metcash Share Scheme's disadvantages below:

Increased financial leverage: The funding by debt of a significant component of
the consideration for the Metoz shares raises the leverage of Newco equity. This
effect is compounded under the contemplated funding arrangement for the
proposed Foodland acquisition. Whilst the resulting level of gearing is within the
observed range of the grocery wholesaling and retailing industry, it will likely
generate increased volatility in the shares. The impact of these changes is
summarised in the table below:

Financial ratio/statistic based on 2006 AGAAP forecasts, pro-forma financial position					
Capital reorganisation proceeds	No	Yes	No	Yes	Comparable range
producus	No	No	Yes (Note 2)	Yes (Note 2)	
Debt to enterprise value <sup>11</sup>	(11.2%)	30.8%	21.8%	34.8%	1.0% to 44.7%
Net interest cover by EBITA <sup>1</sup>	28.3x	4.8x	8.7x	5.1x	3.07x to 24.7x
Volatility <sup>12</sup>	21.2%	34.3%	30.3%	36.4%	13% to 27%
NTA per share	\$0.34	(\$0.58)	\$0.17	(\$0.31)	N/A

- 1. EBITA Earnings before interest, tax and goodwill amortisation
- 2 The Takeover Offer proceeds with 100% take up of cash offer.
  - Change of control risk: The effective change of control of the Metcash business
    may trigger change of control clauses in some of Metcash's contracts. Whilst we
    are not of the view that this will result in any of these contracts being withdrawn
    from Metcash, it may present an opportunity for Metcash's suppliers or customers
    to attempt to renegotiate contract terms.
  - Assumption of Metoz liabilities: The Capital Reorganisation, including the
    acquisition of Metoz, results in the Newco group assuming all liabilities of Metoz
    and its subsidiaries including potential tax liabilities and warranty claims. Whilst the
    directors intend to conduct a post-Capital Reorganisation restructure to mitigate
    any risk of these potential liabilities, shareholders should be aware that these

Calculated based on our assessed ranges for values per share times shares outstanding together with the pro-forma debt in each scenario. Excludes Action Facility and related interest as well as the NZ Shares to be transferred to NZ Shareholders. In the scenario where neither Takeover Offer or Capital Reorganisation proceeds, it is likely this cash would be returned to shareholders.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Calculated by grossing up existing volatility by increased leverage. No allowance has been made for volatility arising from the Takeover Offer.



> liabilities may arise in subsequent periods. The directors have received advice that the expected tax payable is \$Nil, but also that in the worst case, the tax liability may be \$47 million.

- Potential restriction of 2004/5 final dividend: The interposition of Newco may create a restriction in terms of Metcash's ability to distribute its final dividend this year. However, we note that a 2<sup>nd</sup> interim dividend of \$0.04 per share will be proposed and paid to existing Metcash shareholders if the Capital Reorganisation is approved. As such, the maximum value impact of this would be approximately \$0.02 per share (based on the anticipated full amount of the final dividend of \$0.06 per share, assumed to be similar to the interim dividend), but as the dividend would be retained in the company we would expect the share price impact to be significantly less than this amount.
- Uncertainty of scheme outcome creates uncertainty in bidding for Foodland: The coincidence of timing of the scheme and the funding of the scheme makes the proposal to acquire Foodland more difficult from an execution point of view, than is customary in a scrip acquisition. However, in part this is compensated for by the exclusion of Metoz from the benefits of the Foodland proposal if both the Shareholder and Metcash Option Schemes are approved.

### 9.3. Other issues

### Transaction costs if Capital Reorganisation does not proceed

Shareholders should also be aware that Metcash is committed to incurring costs of approximately \$50 million in relation to the funding of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer regardless of whether they proceed or not.

### Other alternatives

We understand that the Metcash board considered other options with respect to dealing with the Metoz shareholding. Inter alia, these included:

- selective buyback of the Metoz shareholding;
- soliciting an alternative cornerstone strategic investor; and
- placement of the Metoz shares direct to market.

We understand that the directors considered these alternatives in terms of execution risk and value outcomes and believe that the current proposal was the most attractive available. The directors believe that none of the alternatives above would have generated a materially better result than the current proposal for the non-associated shareholders. We have no information which would cause us to hold an alternative view.

### The Foodland approach

We have been informed by Metcash that, recently, Foodland approached certain Metoz shareholders with a conditional and incomplete proposal that could have led to a conditional off-market offer to acquire Metcash for \$3.30 per Metcash share. This



proposal was highly conditional with a requirement to gain access for due diligence of Metcash.

We understand that this approach was never formalised.

Should a firm proposal be made for Metcash or Newco at this or any other price, nothing in the terms of either scheme pursuant to the Capital Reorganisation would preclude non-associated shareholders from availing themselves of such proposals.

## 9.4. Conclusions regarding transaction advantages and disadvantages

We are of the view that the balance of advantages and disadvantages is favourable to non-associated shareholders of Metcash. We are also not aware of any more favourable alternative available to Metcash, but note that should a more favourable option present itself, the Metcash Share Scheme does not prevent non-associated shareholders from participating in that alternative.

Accordingly, we are of the opinion that the terms of the Metcash Share Scheme are fair and reasonable to non-associated shareholders.



### Assessment of the proposed Metcash Option **Scheme**

Holders of options of Metcash will vote on the proposed transaction under one Scheme related to all optionholders.

The outstanding options in Metcash at 12 January 2005 are as follows:

		<b>Exercise Price</b>	No. of options	
Issue Date	<b>Exercise Date</b>	(\$)	at 12/1/2005	Expiry Date
26/03/1999	26/03/2002	0.44	464,100	26/03/2005
26/03/1999	26/03/2003	0.44	264,000	26/03/2005
26/03/1999	26/03/2004	0.44	378,900	26/03/2005
11/08/2000	11/08/2003	0.43	201,120	11/08/2006
11/08/2000	11/08/2004	0.43	112,200	11/08/2006
11/08/2000	11/08/2005	0.43	832,800	11/08/2006
25/11/2000	25/11/2003	0.43	2,600	25/11/2006
25/11/2000	25/11/2004	0.43	2,200	25/11/2006
25/11/2000	25/11/2005	0.43	30,000	25/11/2006
15/12/2000	15/12/2003	0.43	-	15/12/2006
15/12/2000	15/12/2004	0.43	8,000	15/12/2006
15/12/2000	15/12/2005	0.43	8,000	15/12/2006
14/12/2001	14/12/2004	1.66	1,020,000	14/12/2007
14/12/2001	14/12/2005	1.66	680,000	14/12/2007
14/12/2001	14/12/2006	1.66	680,000	14/12/2007
25/01/2002	25/01/2005	1.54	6,312,660	25/01/2008
25/01/2002	25/01/2006	1.54	2,104,220	25/01/2008
25/01/2002	25/01/2007	1.54	2,104,220	25/01/2008
10/07/2003	10/07/2005	2.14	134,100	10/07/2008
10/07/2003	10/07/2006	2.14	44,700	10/07/2008
10/07/2003	10/07/2007	2.14	44,700	10/07/2008
2/09/2004	2/09/2007	2.70	510,000	2/09/2010
2/09/2004	2/09/2008	2.70	170,000	2/09/2010
2/09/2004	2/09/2009	2.70	170,000	2/09/2010
			16,278,520	

- The optionholders will receive options in Newco on substantially similar terms to those currently outstanding in Metcash. The only notable exception to the terms is that the Newco options will carry the right to shares in Newco rather than in Metcash.
- Ordinarily under the terms of the option plan, the approval of the Capital Reorganisation would result in all optionholders being able to exercise all their options. However, the Metcash Option Scheme includes a provision that this right would be waived by optionholders.
- We have been informed by Metcash that it has received advice that optionholders will be able to avail themselves of a rollover that will mean that no tax will become payable as a result of the Metcash Option Scheme.



- Certain optionholders can currently exercise their options. If they are of a view that the most valuable alternative is to exercise early and convert their entitlement into ordinary shares and sell those on market, they will remain free to do so until 1 April 2005.
- If any dilution of the options occurs as a result of the Metcash Share Scheme for the Capital Reorganisation, in particular in relation to the pro-rata conversion of CULS, there is an adjustment to the strike price of the options to adjust for this dilution.

### 10.1. Position of optionholders

In considering the position of optionholders under the Metcash Option Scheme, we have primarily had regard to the value of their entitlements pre and post-Metcash Share Scheme. We have estimated the value of the option entitlements using the Black-Scholes formula incorporating the following assumptions:

- Risk free interest rate: 5.163% and 5.080% (1yr and 2yr Australian Government Bond rates respectively, depending on term to expiry for each option)
- Dividend yield: 3.45%
- Share price: \$2.86 \$3.03 (Metcash stand-alone valuation) for pre-scheme values. The post-scheme values are equivalent to the pre-scheme values, less transaction costs per share plus pro-rata effect of purchasing Metoz's shares in Metcash at \$2.92 compared to stand-alone value range). We have also calculated these same values assuming the Takeover Offer is successful.
- Exercise price: As specified per individual tranche of options
- Expiry date: Reflecting the lack of liquidity in the options, we have recognised the effective expiry date of the options to be the later of the date half way into the exercise period and 12 January 2005. This assumption is supported by the tendency of existing holders to exercise early.
- Volatility: For pre-scheme: Historic Metcash 260 day volatility of 21.24%. For post-scheme we have adjusted for the increase in gearing and added 5% reflecting the volatility associated with the uncertainty regarding the steps in the Foodland proposal resulting in a volatility estimate of approximately 34 %. As the majority of the outstanding options are deeply in the money, the option values are relatively insensitive to changes in volatility.

The following table summarises the results of our analysis:



			Capit	al Reorganisation		No		П		Yes		T	No			Yes	1
				Takeover Offer		No				Νo			Yes	3		Yes	
											Value per	option (\$)					
		Exercise	No. of														
	Exercise	Price	options at	Expiry	(Low)		(High)		(Low)		(High)	(Low)		(High)	(Low)		(High)
Issue Date 26/03/1999	Date 26/03/2002	(\$)	12/1/2005	Date	0.40		0.50		0.45		0.50	0.00		2.10			0.70
		0.44	464,100	26/03/2005	2.42	to	2.59			to	2.50		to	3.10	2.82	to	3.70
26/03/1999		0.44	264,000	26/03/2005	2.42	to	2.59		2.15	to	2.50	2.68	to	3.10	2.82	to	3.70
26/03/1999		0.44	378,900	26/03/2005	2.42	to	2.59	1	2.15	to	2.50	2.68	to	3.10	2.82	to	3.70
11/08/2000		0.43	201,120	11/08/2006	2.43	to	2.60	- 1	2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
	11/08/2004	0.43	112,200	11/08/2006	2.43	to	2.60	- 1	2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
	11/08/2005	0.43	832,800	11/08/2006	2.43	to	2.60		2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
	25/11/2003	0.43	2,600	25/11/2006	2.43	to	2.60	ľ	2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to.	3.11	2.83		3.71
	25/11/2004	0.43	2,200	25/11/2006	2.43	to	2.60	ı İ	2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83		3.71
25/11/2000		0.43		25/11/2006	2.43	to	2.60		2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
15/12/2000		0.43		15/12/2006	2.43	to	2.60		2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to:	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
15/12/2000		0.43		15/12/2006	2.43	to	2.60		2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
15/12/2000		0.43	8,000	15/12/2006	2.43	to	2.60		2.16	to	2.51	2.69	to	3.11	2.83	to	3.71
14/12/2001	14/12/2004	1.66	1,020,000	14/12/2007	1.20	to	1.37	. 1	0.94	to	1.28	1.46	to	1.88	1,60	to	2.48
14/12/2001	14/12/2005	1.66	680,000	14/12/2007	1.20	to	1.37		0.94	to	1.28	1.46	to	1.88	1,60	to	2.48
14/12/2001	14/12/2006	1.66	680,000	14/12/2007	1.20	to	1.37		0.94	to	1.28	1.46	to	1.88	1.60	to	2.48
25/01/2002		1.54	6,312,660	25/01/2008	1.32	to	1.49		1.05	to	1.40	1.58	to	2.00	1.72	to	2.60
25/01/2002	25/01/2006	1.54	2,104,220	25/01/2008	1.32	to	1.49		1.05	to	1.40	1.58	to	2.00	1.72	to	2.60
25/01/2002	25/01/2007	1.54	2,104,220	25/01/2008	1.32	to	1.49		1.05	to	1.40	1.58	to	2.00	1.72	to	2.60
10/07/2003	10/07/2005	2.14	134,100	10/07/2008	0.83	to	0.96		0.63	to	0.89	1.03	to	1.40	1.15	to	2.00
10/07/2003	10/07/2006	2.14	44,700	10/07/2008	0.83	to	0.96		0.63	to	0.89	1.03	to	1.40	1.15	to	2.00
10/07/2003	10/07/2007	2.14	44,700	10/07/2008	0.83	to	0.96	- 1	0.63	to	0.89	1.03	to	1.40	1.15	to	2.00
2/09/2004	2/09/2007	2.70	510,000	2/09/2010	0.63	to	0.73		0.48	to	0.68	0.79	to	1.07	0.88	to	1.50
2/09/2004	2/09/2008	2.70	170,000	2/09/2010	0.63	to	0.73		0.48	to	0.68	0.79	to	1.07	0.88	to	1.50
2/09/2004	2/09/2009	2.70	170,000	2/09/2010	0.63	to	0.73		0.48	to	0.68	0.79	to	1.07	0.88	to	1.50
			16,278,520							^							
			1	FOTAL value (\$m)	23.1	to	25.8		18.8	to	24.4	27.2	to	33.9	29.4	to	43.5
			TOTAL value	e - mid-point (\$m)		Ξ	24.4				21.6			30,6			36.5
			TOTAL VAID	e - mio-point (\$m)		-	24.4				21.0		-	30.0			30.3

Note 1: The 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> scenarios above are assuming the Takeover Offer with 100% take up of cash offer

As can be seen in the table above the values are similar pre- and post-Capital Reorganisation if the Takeover Offer does not proceed. Whilst, the mid-point total value of the options calculated above is marginally lower than the value is lower pre-Capital Reorganisation (by 11.5%), the ranges overlap. To mitigate this, deep in-the-money optionholders should exercise their options, if possible.

However, we note that the values (both pre and post-Capital Reorganisation) are higher if the Takeover Offer is successful. Furthermore the current trading price of Metcash shares, and accordingly the option value, is higher than our assessed stand-alone Metcash value. and it is comparable to the value of Metcash if Takeover Offer is successful. Accordingly. we are of the view that the consideration offered to optionholders of Metcash is fair

In terms of advantages and disadvantages, optionholders should be aware of the advantages and disadvantages that relate to ordinary shareholders set out at Section 9 above as the options are derivatives of these shares. Furthermore, the Metcash Option Scheme maintains the ability of optionholders to convert into listed Newco shares rather than having to be either compulsorily acquired or remaining as convertible into unlisted Metcash shares. There are no significant specific disadvantages of the Metcash Option Scheme.

We have not reflected any potential dilution in respect of the issue and subsequent conversion of CULS at \$2.54 per ordinary shares in our valuation of the options above. This is because the effect of the anti-dilution provisions contained in the Metcash Option Scheme minimise the value impact of any potential dilution.



### 10.2. Conclusion on the Metcash Option Scheme

We consider that the terms of the proposed Metcash Option Scheme are in the best interests of the optionholders of Metcash as:

- our assessment of the value of the options post-Capital Reorganisation in the event of the Takeover Offer being unsuccessful is consistent with the value we estimated for the value pre-Capital Reorganisation;
- our assessment of the value of the options post-Capital Reorganisation in the event of the Takeover Offer being successful is higher than the value we estimated for the value pre-Capital Reorganisation if the Takeover Offer is unsuccessful;
- other terms and conditions in relation to the options are virtually identical pre and post the Metcash Option Scheme; and
- other advantages of the Metcash Option Scheme outweigh the disadvantages.



### **Conclusions**

Based on the above analysis, we are of the opinion that:

- The proposed Capital Reorganisation, taken as a whole, is in the best interests of the non-associated shareholders of Metcash;
- The Metcash Share Scheme involving the payment of consideration to Newco (a related party) is fair and reasonable to non-associated shareholders;
- The downstream acquisition of Metcash by Newco, being an integrated part of the Metcash Share Scheme, is fair and reasonable for non-associated shareholders; and
- the proposed Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interest of the optionholders of Metcash.

Furthermore, we note that in our opinion:

- the effective consideration offered to Metoz shareholders of \$2.92 per Metcash share is fair with respect to the non-associated shareholders of Metcash;
- the advantages outweigh the disadvantages of the Capital Reorganisation under the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme, and
- the consideration offered to the optionholders of equivalent options in Newco is fair and other terms are reasonable in relation to the Metcash Option Scheme.

Yours faithfully

Richard Stewart

Authorised Representative

11 February 2005

Mark Reading

Authorised Representative



### Appendix A Qualifications, declarations and consent

### **Qualifications and Experience**

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (PwCS) is wholly owned by PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC). The firm has extensive experience in providing corporate financial advice and in preparing independent expert's reports. PwCS is a Licensed Dealer (no. 11203) under the Corporations Act.

Mr Richard Stewart is the person primarily responsible for this report and is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, an affiliate of the Securities Institute of Australia and a member of the Australian Institute of Company Directors. He holds an MBA and BEc as well as being an Adjunct Professor in Business at the University of Technology, Sydney. Richard has over 8 years experience in the valuation of shares and businesses and has been with PricewaterhouseCoopers since 1986.

Mr Mark Reading is a member of the Securities Institute of Australia and The Institute of Chartered Accountants in Australia, holds Masters of Business Administration and Bachelor of Commerce degrees and has had over 19 years experience in the preparation of independent expert's reports and the valuation of shares and businesses, including approximately 10 years as a partner of PricewaterhouseCoopers.

### **Declaration**

At the date of this report neither PwCS or any company associated with them:

- Has any interest in the outcome of the offers;
- Holds any beneficial interest in securities of Metcash, and has not held any such beneficial interest during the previous two years; or
- Has any relationship with Metcash.

None of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Mr Mark Reading or Mr Richard Stewart has any relationship with Metcash or any other party interested in the proposal that affects their independence in preparing this report.

PricewaterhouseCoopers has provided various miscellaneous advices to both Foodland and Metcash over the preceding 5 years. These minor pieces of work involved superannuation, workers compensation, sale of internal audit checklist software and tax advice unrelated to the proposal.

In addition, PwCS has been engaged to prepare an Investigating Accountant's Report in relation to the Takeover Offer, an Independent Accountant's Report in relation to the Capital Reorganisation and an Independent Expert report in relation to the Takeover Offer. We have addressed the implications of the above roles in the context of Practice Note 42 and consider that it does not affect our independence or objectivity in preparing this report.

The only pecuniary or other interest other than the indemnity described below, that PwCS or any entity associated with them has in relation to the entire proposal including the



Foodland offer arises from the right to receive a fee of \$1.2 million plus GST in connection with the preparation of this report and the related report on the Takeover Offer and the preparation of the Investigating Accountant's Report and Independent Accountant's Report. This fee is payable regardless of whether or not any part of the entire proposal is successful. Except for this fee, none of PwCS or any entity associated with them has received, or will receive, any pecuniary or other benefit, whether direct or indirect, for or in connection with the making of this report.

### Purpose of report

This report has been prepared at the request of Directors of Metcash for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet and should not be used for any other purpose. In particular, it is not intended that this report should serve any purpose other than an expression of our opinions on the Proposals. This report has been prepared solely for the benefit of the Directors of Metcash and for the benefit of those persons who are expressly entitled to vote at the meetings. Neither the whole or any part of this report nor any reference to it may be included in or attached to any document, circular, resolution, letter or statement (other than the Scheme Booklet mentioned above) without the prior written consent of PwCS to the form and context in which it appears.

## Special note regarding forward-looking statements and forecast financial information

Certain statements in this report may constitute forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results, performance and achievements of Metcash or Foodland or industry results, to be materially different from any further results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such factors may include:

- Changes in laws, regulations or governmental policies (or the interpretation of those laws, regulations or policies) which may adversely impact upon the grocery industry in general, or Metcash or Foodland in particular
- Any adverse changes in general economic conditions, levels of employment and a decline in discretionary spending as a result thereof, and
- Other factors referenced in this report.

### Consents

Neither the whole or any part of this report nor any reference thereto may be included in or with or attached to any document, circular, resolution, letter or statement (other than the present Scheme Booklet) without the prior written consent of PwCS to the form and context in which it appears.

### Indemnity

Metcash has agreed to indemnify PwCS and its employees against claims, liabilities, losses and expenses they incur if information or documentation provided by or on behalf of Metcash is false, misleading or omits material particulars, or if relevant information or documents have not been supplied.



### Appendix B Comparable company analysis

### Comparable company multiples

	Market Cap	D/E ratio	D/EV	Interest Cover	Volatility	Revenue	EBITA Margin	Revenue Multiple	EBITA Multiple				Multiple	
(A\$ million)							,	Historical	Historical	Forecast	,	Forecast		
Notes	1	2	3	4	5		6				7			
Australia														
Metcash Trading	1,872	4.4%	4.2%	24.68	21%	7,251	2.64%	0.27	10.2	10.2	14.7	14.2		
Foodland Associated	2,250	16.2%	14.0%	8.10	15%	6,027	4.11%	0.43	10.6	10.3	16.8	13.4		
Woolworths	15,043	1.1%	1.0%	23.92	14%	27,934	4.05%	0.57	14.0	12.7	18.9	17.5		
Coles Myer	11,764	1.1%	1.0%	20.17	13%	32,267	3.13%	0.39	12.5	11.3	16.8	16.3		
Average									11.8	11.1	16.8	15.4		
United Kingdom									}					
Wm Morrison Supermarkets	8,700	46.5%	31.7%	14.93	27%	8,104	4.10%	0.61	15.0	10.9	18.9	12.9		
J Sainsbury	13,280	34.7%	25.8%	9.38	23%	16,212	3.82%	0.43	11.3	16.2	13.1	17.6		
Tesco	61,099	14.5%	12.7%	9.36	18%	32,725	6.26%	0.83	13.3	12.7	18.5	16.8		
Average	,								13.2	13.3	16.8	15.7		
United States														
Sysco Corp	31.505	5.3%	5.0%	22.93	19%	29.733	5.32%	0.84	15.8	14.8	25.4	23.8		
Supervalu Inc	6,105	24.9%	19.9%	4.21	23%	20,180	3.06%	0.28	9.3	9.0	16.4	13.9		
Albertson's Inc	11,400	80.7%	44.7%	3.19	21%	35,436	3.68%	0.44	11.9	11.7	15.7	16.6		
The Kroger Co	16,525	61.8%	38.2%	3,21	22%	53,791	3.60%	0.37	10.4	10.6	14.2	14.9		
Safeway Inc	11,586	77.5%	43.7%	3.07	25%	35,282	3.69%	0.44	11.9	11.6	9.3	13.0		
Average							1		11.9	11.5	16.2	16.4		

<sup>1</sup> Market Capitalisation has been calculated as at 5-Dec-04 for Metcash and Foodland, other market caps have been calculated as at 15-Dec-04.

### Comparable company descriptions

Metcash Trading Limited is a marketing and distribution company operating in the food and other consumer goods sectors. The Company operates distribution centers serving grocery products for independent retail grocery stores, liquor distribution centers and cash and carry warehouses which serve retailers and businesses in the grocery, liquor, food services and convenience stores.

Foodland Associated Limited is a grocery wholesaler and operator of the Action supermarket chain. The Company wholesales and distributes groceries, chilled and frozen foods, liquor and general merchandise. The Company also manages, owns and operates shopping centers and supermarkets.

Woolworths Limited operates supermarkets, specialty and discount department stores, liquor and electronics stores throughout Australia. Woolworths also manufactures processed foods, exports and wholesales food and offers petrol retailing. The Company's store names include "Woolworths", "Dick Smith" and "Big W".

Coles Myer Limited operates retail stores, including supermarkets, department stores, apparel shops, liquor stores, office supplies and discount stores located throughout Australia and New Zealand. The Company also operates an online retail website along with investment property holdings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Net Debt divided by Market Capitalisation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Net Debt divided by Enterprise Value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> EBITA divided by Net Interest Expense.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 5}$  Standard deviation of returns over 260 trading days to 5-Dec-04.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}$  EBITA is Earnings before net interest, tax and amortisation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> NPATA is Net profit after tax, but before amortisation.



William Morrison Supermarkets plc retails groceries through a chain of supermarkets in England. Approximately half of the Group's stores contain petrol filling stations. William Morrison has its own fresh food manufacturing and processing operations, thus allowing them to market a number of own label brands.

J Sainsbury plc is a retail distributor of food. Their products are distributed through the Company's Sainsbury supermarkets in the United Kingdom and Shaw's supermarkets in the United States. Through Sainsbury Bank, the Company offers saving accounts, mortgages, and personal loans. J Sainsbury also owns a company which buys, develops, rents, and sells property investments.

Tesco plc is a food retailer. The Group operates stores in the United Kingdom, Republic of Ireland, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Slovakia, Turkey, Japan, Malaysia, South Korea, Taiwan, and Thailand.

Sysco Corporation is a foodservice marketing and distribution organization, providing food and related products and services to customers in the United States and portions of Canada. The Company also distributes personal care guest amenities, housekeeping supplies, room accessories, and textiles to the lodging industry. In addition, Sysco supplies health and beauty aid products.

SUPERVALU INC. sells food and non-food products at wholesale, and operates a variety of store formats at retail. The Company operates retail stores, including price superstores, combination food and drug stores, and limited assortment stores under banners such as Cub Foods, Save-A-Lot, and Laneco. SUPERVALU sells its products at wholesale to stores located across the US.

### Comparable transaction multiples

Date	Target	Acquirer	EV (US\$M)	Historical EBITA Multiple	Forecast EBITA Multiple
Oct-04	Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group	Woolworths Limited	1,084	14.4	12.9
Mar-04	Shaw's Supermarkets Inc	Albertson's Inc	2,475	9.9	n/a
Dec-03	Safeway plc	Wm Morrison Supermarkets	7,980	10.5	n/a
Oct-03	Farmers Holdings Limited	James Pascoe/Fisher& Paykel Finance	186	7.4	n/a
Jun-02	Budgens Plc	Musgrave Group	314	19.1	n/a
Jun-02	Woolworths (NZ)	Foodland Associated Limited	338	13.8	11.5
May-01	Sigfried Weis Family Holdings	Weis Markets Inc	1,251	14.4	n/a
May-00	Booker Plc	Big Food Group Plc	555	6.2	n/a
Mar-00	US Foodservice	Koninklijke Ahold NV	3,405	13.6	n/a
Jun-99	Asda Group Plc	Wal-Mart Stores Inc	10,565	16.5	n/a
Jul-99	Progressive Enterprises	Foodland Associated Limited	338	12.3	10.8
Average	<u> </u>	<del></del>		12.6	11.7
Median			1 1	13.6	11.5



### Appendix C Sources of information

In our assessment of the proposal, we have had access to the following principal sources of information:

- Scheme Booklet
- Bidder's Statement
- Metcash Notice of General Meeting and Explanatory Statement
- Metcash Annual reports
- Foodland Annual reports
- All other publicly available information relating to Metcash and Foodland
- Year-to-date management accounts and forecasts provided by Metcash management
- www.metcash.com.au
- www.fal.com.au
- www.ato.gov.au
- Broker reports
- Corporations Act, ASX Listing Rules and ASIC Policy Statements
- Bloomberg's online database covering financial markets and news and IBIS industry reports
- IBISWorld industry reports and AC Nielsen market share statistics
- Other publicly available information regarding companies considered to be comparable to Metcash and Foodland, and
- Discussions with key management of Metcash to gain an understanding of the business and the impact of acceptance of the proposed transaction.

We have not carried out independent confirmation of the information provided to us, nor have we independently verified the information and other representations made to us in the course of preparing this report. However, we have no reason to believe that any information has been withheld from us or that any of the information provided is misleading to any material degree.

We have been indemnified by Metcash against any losses or claims arising out of the inaccuracy of any material supplied by or on behalf of Metcash, or the failure of Metcash to provide us with all relevant documents or information.

and Financial Services Guide



#### PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS SECURITIES LTD

#### FINANCIAL SERVICES GUIDE

### This Financial Services Guide is dated 11 February 2005

### About us

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd (ABN 54 003 311 617, Australian Financial Services Licence no 244572) ("PwC Securities") has been engaged by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") to provide a report in the form of an Independent Accountant's Report (the "Report") in relation to the proposed takeover of Foodland Australia Limited ("FAL") by Metcash and a capital reorganisation of Metcash (together the "Transactions") for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet dated on or about 11 February 2005.

You have not engaged us directly but have been provided with a copy of the Report as a retail client because of your connection to the matters set out in the Report.

#### This Financial Services Guide

This Financial Services Guide ("FSG") is designed to assist retail clients in their use of any general financial product advice contained in the Report. This FSG contains information about PwC Securities generally, the financial services we are licensed to provide, the remuneration we may receive in connection with the preparation of the Report, and how complaints against us will be dealt with.

### Financial services we are licensed to provide

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The Report contains only general financial product advice. It was prepared without taking into account your personal objectives, financial situation or needs.

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#### **Contact Details**

PwC Securities can be contacted by sending a letter to the following address:

Glen Hadlow / Wim Blom

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd 201 Sussex Street Sydney NSW 2000



The Directors Metcash Trading Limited 4 Newington Road SILVERWATER NSW 2128

11 February 2005

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd ACN 003 311 617 ABN 54 003 311 617 Holder of Australian Financial Services Licence No 244572

Darling Park Tower 2 201 Sussex Street **GPO BOX 2650** SYDNEY NSW 1171 DX 77 Sydney Australia www.pwc.com/au Telephone +61 2 8266 0000 Facsimile +61 2 8266 9999

Dear Sirs

### Independent Accountant's Report on Historical and Forecast Financial Information

We have prepared this report on the historical and forecast financial information of Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash") and Foodland Associated Limited ("Foodland") for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet (the "Scheme Booklet") dated on or about 11 February 2005 relating to the proposed Capital Reorganisation of Metcash and the Takeover Offer for Foodland by Metcash.

Expressions defined in the Scheme Booklet have the same meaning in this Report.

The nature of this Report is such that it should be given by an entity which holds an Australian Financial Services licence under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cwlth). PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd is wholly owned by PricewaterhouseCoopers and holds the appropriate Australian Financial Services licence.

### **Background**

On 6 December 2004, Metcash announced its intention to undertake a Capital Reorganisation which would, in effect, result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metcash's 52% majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited ("Metoz"). Since Metoz's only material asset is its holding in Metcash, the Capital Reorganisation will, in effect, achieve a selective buyback of Metoz's shareholding in Metcash.

Under the Capital Reorganisation, a new company, The Newco Project X Limited ("Newco") has been incorporated with the intention that:

- Newco will purchase all of the shares in Metoz for a total cost of A\$2.92 for each Metcash share held by Metoz, \$2.85 of which will be paid to Metoz to be on-paid to Metoz Shareholders and the balance to be used to repay Metoz debt; and
- All other shareholders in Metcash will receive one Newco ordinary share for each Metcash share held before the Capital Reorganisation is implemented.

On 6 December 2004, Metcash also announced its intention to make an offer to acquire the entire issued share capital of Foodland. Under the Takeover Offer, Foodland shareholders will ultimately retain ownership of Foodland's New Zealand business ("Foodland New Zealand") whilst Metcash or Newco as the case may be will retain Foodland's Australian business ("Foodland Australia").



The Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other.

In order to help fund the Takeover Offer, Metcash raised approximately \$270 million through the issue of ordinary shares under an institutional placement on 6 December 2004. Various other funding arrangements have been put in place by Metcash to fund the Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation and these are summarised in section 12 of the Scheme Booklet.

### Scope

You have requested PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd to prepare an Independent Accountant's Report (the "Report") covering the following information contained within the Scheme Booklet:

#### Historical Financial Information

- (a) the historical statements of financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of Metcash for each of the years ended 30 April 2003 and 2004;
- (b) the adjusted historical statements of financial performance of Foodland Australia for each of the years ended 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004;
- (c) the historical statement of financial position of Metcash as at 31 October 2004;
- (d) the adjusted historical statements of financial position of Foodland, Foodland Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale at 1 August 2004; and
- (e) the proforma statements of financial position of Metcash and of Newco as at 31 October 2004.

(collectively the "Historical Financial Information").

The Historical Financial Information has been prepared on the basis of four scenarios:

- Metcash Standalone Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer not undertaken.
- Outcome 1 Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer not successful.
- Outcome 2 Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful.
- Outcome 3 Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful.

The scope of our work has included a review of the Historical Financial Information under each of the above scenarios.



#### Forecast Financial Information

- (a) the Directors statement of forecast financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of Metcash for each of the years ended 30 April 2005 and 2006;
- the Directors estimate of the forecast financial information for Foodland Australia (b) Wholesale for the year ended 30 April 2006; and
- the Directors statement of forecast financial performance, earnings per share and (c) cashflows of Newco for the year ended 30 April 2006.

(collectively the "Forecast Financial Information").

The Forecast Financial Information has also been prepared under the four scenarios described previously in this Report. The scope of our work has included a review of the Forecast Financial Information under each of the four scenarios.

This Report has been prepared for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet. We disclaim any assumption of responsibility for any reliance on this Report or on the Historical Financial Information or the Forecast Financial Information to which it relates for any purposes other than for which it was prepared.

### Scope of review of Historical Financial Information

The Historical Financial Information set out in section 13 of the Scheme Booklet and the appendix to that section, has been based on the audited financial statements of Metcash and Foodland, except for financial information relating to Metcash for the period ending 31 October 2004 which has been extracted from reviewed financial statements. The auditor of both Metcash and Foodland for the period covered by the Historical Financial Information has been Ernst & Young. The Historical Financial Information incorporates such adjustments as the Directors considered necessary to reflect the operations of Metcash, Newco, Foodland Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale going forward. The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the Historical Financial Information, including determination of the adjustments.

We have conducted our review of the Historical Financial Information in accordance with Australian Auditing Standard AUS 902 "Review of Financial Reports". We made such inquiries and performed such procedures as we, in our professional judgement, considered reasonable in the circumstances including:

- an analytical review of the audited and reviewed financial statements of Metcash and Foodland for the relevant historical periods;
- a review of work papers, accounting records and other documents of Metcash and Newco only;



- a review of the adjustments made to the reported historical financial performance and statement of financial position of Foodland;
- a review of the assumptions used to compile the proforma statements of financial position set out in section 13 of the Scheme Booklet ("the proforma transactions");
- a comparison of consistency in application of the recognition and measurement principles in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and the accounting policies adopted by Metcash disclosed in their 30 April 2004 financial statements; and
- enquiry of directors, management and others.

These procedures do not provide all the evidence that would be required in an audit, thus the level of assurance provided is less than given in an audit. We have not performed an audit and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

### Limitation of scope of Historical Financial Information

The Historical Financial Information relating to Foodland has been extracted from publicly available information. The Directors have made various assumptions in order to present standalone Foodland Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale information which have not been discussed with Foodland management or verified to supporting accounting records. Accordingly the standalone Historical Financial Information relating to the Foodland Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale businesses should be reviewed with this limitation in mind.

### Review statement on Historical Financial Information

Except for the limitation in scope referred to above, and the effects of such adjustments, if any, that may have been required had the limitation not existed, based on our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that:

- the proforma statements of financial position have not been properly prepared on the basis of the proforma transactions;
- the proforma transactions do not form a reasonable basis for the proforma statements of financial position;
- the Historical Financial Information, as set out in Section 13 and its appendix of the Scheme Booklet does not present fairly:
  - (a) the historical statements of financial performance, earnings per share and cashflows of Metcash for each of the years ended 30 April 2003 and 2004;
  - (b) the adjusted historical statements of financial performance of Foodland Australia for each of the years ended 3 August 2003 and 1 August 2004;
  - (c) the historical statement of financial position of Metcash as at 31 October 2004;



- (d) the adjusted historical statements of financial position of Foodland, Foodland Australia and Foodland Australia Wholesale at 1 August 2004; and
- (e) the proforma statement of financial position of Metcash and for Newco as at 31 October 2004 assuming completion of the proforma transactions.

in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles prescribed in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and accounting policies adopted by Metcash in their 30 April 2004 financial statements.

### Scope of review of Forecast Financial Information

The Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Forecast Financial Information, including the best estimate assumptions, on which they are based.

Our review of the best estimate assumptions underlying the Forecast Financial Information was conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standard AUS 902 "Review of Financial Reports". Our procedures consisted primarily of enquiry and comparison and other such analytical review procedures we considered necessary so as to adequately evaluate whether the best estimate assumptions provide a reasonable basis for the Forecast Financial Information.

These procedures included discussion with the Directors and management of Metcash and have been undertaken to form an opinion whether anything has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the best estimate assumptions do not provide a reasonable basis for the preparation of the Forecast Financial Information and whether, in all material respects, the Forecast Financial Information is properly prepared on the basis of the assumptions and is presented fairly in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles prescribed in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and the accounting policies of the Metcash disclosed in their 30 April 2004 financial statements so as to present a view of Metcash and Newco which is consistent with our understanding of the past, current and future operations of the businesses.

The Forecast Financial Information has been prepared by the Directors to provide investors with a guide to the potential future financial performance of Metcash and Newco based upon the achievement of certain economic, operating, development and trading assumptions about future events and actions that have not yet occurred and may not necessarily occur. There is a considerable degree of subjective judgement involved in the preparation of Forecast Financial Information. Actual results may vary materially from the Forecast Financial Information and the variation may be materially positive or negative. Accordingly, shareholders should have regard to the investment risks set out in section 3 of the Scheme Booklet.



The Directors 11 February 2005

Our review of the Forecast Financial Information is substantially less in scope than an audit examination conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing and Assurance Standards. A review of this nature provides less assurance than an audit. We have not performed an audit and we do not express an audit opinion on the Forecast Financial Information included in the Scheme Booklet.

# **Limitation of scope of Forecast Financial Information**

The components of the Metcash, Newco and Foodland Australia Wholesale Forecast Financial Information relating to the underlying operations of Foodland Australia together with the impact of the expected merger synergies have been based on publicly available information and Metcash Directors' industry knowledge.

Neither the Metcash Directors' nor PwCS have had access to Foodland's management, auditors, financial records, budgets or business plans to assess the reliability of the Foodland Australia historical and forecast financial information or the reliability of the merger synergy estimates (in particular the extent, timing and cost of delivering such synergies). Accordingly, the Forecast Financial Information should be reviewed with these limitations in mind.

# Review statement on the Forecast Financial Information

Except for the limitation in scope referred to above, and the effects, if any that may have been required had the limitation not existed, based on our review of the Forecast Financial Information, which is not an audit, and based on an investigation of the reasonableness of the best estimate assumptions giving rise to the Forecast Financial Information, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that:

- the best estimate assumptions set out in section 13 of the Scheme Booklet do not provide a reasonable basis for the preparation of the Forecast Financial Information;
- (b) the Forecast Financial Information is not properly prepared on the basis of the best estimate assumptions presented fairly in accordance with the recognition and measurement principles prescribed in Accounting Standards and other mandatory professional reporting requirements in Australia, and the accounting policies adopted by Metcash disclosed in their 30 April 2004 financial statements; and
- (c) the Forecast Financial Information is unreasonable.



The Directors 11 February 2005

The underlying assumptions are subject to significant uncertainties including those resulting from the limitation of scope referenced to above and contingencies often outside the control of Metcash and Newco. If events do not occur as assumed, actual results achieved by Metcash and/or Newco may vary significantly from the Forecast Financial Information. Accordingly, we do not confirm or guarantee the achievement of the Forecast Financial Information, as future events, by their very nature, are not capable of independent substantiation.

# Subsequent events

Apart from the matters dealt with in this Report, and having regard to the scope of our Report, to the best of our knowledge and belief no material transactions or events outside of the ordinary business of Metcash have come to our attention that would require comment on, or adjustment to, the information referred to in our Report or that would cause such information to be misleading or deceptive.

# Independence or Disclosure of Interest

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd does not have any interest in the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation or the Takeover Offer other than the preparation of this Report, the preparation of the Independent Expert's Report and participation in due diligence procedures for which normal professional fees will be received.

Yours faithfully

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Yours faithfully

Glen Hadlow Authorised Representative

PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd

Wim Blom Authorised Representative PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Ltd

#### AMPBELLS CASH & CARRY

# 19 Implementation Agreement

# This Implementation Agreement

is made on 3 February 2005 between the following parties:

# I The Newco Project X Limited

ABN 32 112 073 480 c/o Deutsche Bank, Level 18, 225 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000 (Newco)

# 2 Metcash Trading Limited

ABN 61 000 031 569 of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW, 2138 (Metcash)

#### Recitals

- A. Pursuant to a capital reorganisation, Newco is acquiring all of the issued shares in Metcash by way of two inter-conditional schemes of arrangement.
- B. Under the Metoz Scheme, it is intended that Newco will acquire all of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz and will as a result indirectly hold approximately 52% of Metcash.
- C. Under the Metcash Share Scheme, it is proposed that Newco will acquire the remaining approximately 48% of Metcash held by the Scheme Shareholders by means of a scheme of arrangement under Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act.
- D. Under the Metcash Option Scheme, it is proposed that all options in Metcash will be cancelled in consideration for the grant of new options over shares in Newco to be effected by means of a further scheme of arrangement under Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act.
- E. Metcash and Newco have agreed in good faith to implement the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme on the terms of this agreement.

#### The parties agree

in consideration of, among other things, the mutual promises contained in this agreement:

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

# 1.1 Definitions

In this agreement:

**ACCC** means the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission;

ASIC means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission;

**ASX** means the Australian Stock Exchange Limited (ACN 008 624 691);

**Business Day** means a weekday on which trading banks are open for business in Sydney, excluding any Saturday, Sunday or public holiday;

**Capital Reorganisation** means the capital reorganisation to be effected by means of the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metoz Scheme under which, amongst other things, subject to the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective and the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective:

(a) Newco will acquire all Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders in exchange for the issue by Newco of Newco Shares to such Scheme Shareholders;

- (b) Newco will purchase all of the issued shares in Metoz Holdings for cash; and
- (c) if the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, all Metcash Options will be cancelled in consideration for the issue by Newco of Newco Options to Scheme Optionholders;

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);

Court means the Supreme Court of New South Wales;

Effective when used in relation to:

- (a) a Metcash Scheme, means the coming into effect, pursuant to section 411(10) of the Corporations Act, of the order of the Court made under section 411(4)(b) in relation to that Metcash Scheme; and
- (b) the Metoz Scheme, means the coming into effect of the Metoz Scheme pursuant to section 311 of the Companies Act 1973 (South Africa);

End Date means 31 May 2005, or such later date as Metcash and Newco may agree in writing;

Extraordinary General Meeting means the extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders to be held on 22 March 2005 for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit passing, the Resolutions;

Government Agency means any foreign or Australian government or governmental, semi-governmental, administrative, fiscal or judicial body, department, commission, authority, tribunal, agency or entity, or any minister of the Crown in right of the Commonwealth of Australia or any state;

Implementation Date means in relation to a Metcash Share, the date one Business Day following the Record Date;

Listing Rules means the official listing rules of the ASX;

#### Material Adverse Change means:

- (a) in the case of Metcash:
  - (1) a diminution in value of the net assets of Metcash and all its subsidiaries, taken as a whole, (as stated in the consolidated Metcash balance sheet reported in the half yearly report to the ASX) resulting from any matters, events or circumstances which individually, or when aggregated with any other matters, events or circumstances of a similar kind or category, diminish this sum by at least \$50 million; or
  - (2) any matter, event or circumstance that is, or is reasonably likely to be, materially adverse to:
    - (A) the business, operations or financial condition (including contingent liabilities) of Metcash and its subsidiaries taken as a whole:
    - (B) the ability of Metcash to perform its obligations under this agreement; or
    - (C) the status of any Regulatory Approvals which have been granted and affect the Metcash Schemes; and
- (b) in the case of Newco any matter, event or circumstance that is, or is reasonably likely to be, materially adverse to:
  - (1) the business, operations or financial condition (including contingent liabilities) of Metcash and its subsidiaries taken as a whole;
  - (2) the ability of Metcash to perform its obligations under this agreement; or
  - (3) the status of any Regulatory Approvals which have been granted and affect the Metcash Schemes;

**Metcash Board** means the board of directors of Metcash from time to time;

Metcash Indemnified Parties means Metcash and its directors and officers:

Metcash Option means options to subscribe for a Metcash Share granted under the Option Plan, individually a Metcash Option;

Metcash Option Scheme means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Optionholders in respect of the Metcash Options subject to any alteration or condition made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Corporations Act;

**Metcash Option Scheme Consideration** means the consideration to be provided to Scheme Optionholders in accordance with clause 5.2;

**Metcash Option Scheme Meeting** means the scheme meeting of Optionholders to consider, and if thought fit approve, the Metcash Option Scheme;

Metcash Schemes mean the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme;

**Metcash Share Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act to be made between Metcash and the Scheme Shareholders in the form of Annexure 1, subject to any alterations or conditions made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Corporations Act;

**Metcash Share Scheme Consideration** means the consideration to be provided to Scheme Shareholders in accordance with clause 4.2;

**Metcash Share Scheme Meeting** means the meeting of shareholders (other than Metoz) to consider, and if thought fit approve, the Metcash Share Scheme;

Metcash Shares means fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of Metcash, individually a Metcash Share;

**Metoz** means Metoz Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Pinnacle Holdings Limited, a Jersey resident company, Wickson Corporation Limited, a Netherlands Antilles resident company, and Soetensteeg 2-6 | Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a Dutch resident company or any of them;

Metoz Holdings means Metoz Holdings Limited (a holding company listed on the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa);

**Metoz Loan Agreements** means the loan agreements under which Metcash will lend the Metoz Offer Amount to Newco in substantially the form set out in Annexure 4;

Metoz Net Liabilities means Metcash's understanding of the net liabilities of Metoz as at the Implementation Date;

**Metoz Offer Amount** means the aggregate cash sum payable by Newco to Metoz Holdings for on-payment to Metoz Holdings shareholders under the Metoz Scheme plus the sum payable by Newco to Metoz to settle the Metoz Net Liabilities, being the total sum of \$1,124,205,879;

**Metoz Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement which is to be proposed by Newco between Metoz Holdings and its members in terms of Section 311 of the South African Companies Act No.61 of 1973 which will result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz;

Newco Board means the board of directors of Newco from time to time;

Newco Indemnified Parties means Newco and its directors and officers;

**Newco Information** means information regarding Newco provided by Newco to Metcash in writing for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet;

**Newco Option** means an option to subscribe for an ordinary share in Newco granted under the Newco Option Plan;

Newco Option Plan means The Newco Project X Limited Employee Option Plan;

**Newco Shares** means fully paid ordinary shares in Newco to be issued to Metcash Share Scheme Participants under the Metcash Share Scheme;

**Option** means an option to subscribe for a Share in Metcash granted under the Option Plan;

**Optionholder** means each Metcash employee who is entered into the Option Register as the holder of Metcash Options from time to time;

Option Plan means the Metcash Employee Option Plan;

**Option Register** means the Metcash register of Optionholders;



Overseas Shareholder means a Scheme Shareholder whose address in the Register is a place outside Australia and its external territories, New Zealand and South Africa, other than Metoz;

Record Date means 5.00pm on 15 April 2005;

**Register** means the Metcash register of members;

**Regulatory Approvals** has the meaning given to that term in clause 3.1(a);

Related Body Corporate has the meaning given in section 50 of the Corporations Act;

Resolutions means the resolutions to be put to eligible Shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting of Metcash in substantially the form set out the Scheme Booklet and Resolutions means any of them;

Scheme Booklet means the document containing the information described in clause 7.1(a) to be approved by the Court and despatched to the Shareholders and Optionholders;

Scheme Meetings means the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting and the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting;

Scheme Optionholder means each person who is registered in the Option Register as the holder of Options at the Record Date;

**Scheme Participants** means Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders;

Scheme Shareholders means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares at the Record Date (other than Metoz);

**Schemes** means the Metcash Schemes and the Metoz Scheme;

Second Court Date means the first day on which an application is made to the Court for an order under Section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Schemes is heard;

**Shareholder** means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares from time to time (including

Soetensteeg means Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz Holdings incorporated in the Netherlands:

**Takeover Offer** means Metcash's offer to acquire Foodland Associated Limited as announced on 6 December 2004;

Transaction means the Metcash implementation of the Metcash Schemes in accordance with the terms of this agreement; and

**Transaction Documents** means this agreement and the Scheme Booklet.

#### 1.2 Interpretation

In this agreement, headings are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation and, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (b) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (c) other parts of speech and grammatical forms of a word or phrase defined in this agreement have a corresponding meaning;
- (d) a reference to a person includes an individual, the estate of an individual, a corporation, an authority, an association or a joint venture, a partnership, a trust and any Government Agency;
- (e) a reference to a clause, party, annexure, exhibit or schedule is a reference to a clause of, and a party, annexure, exhibit and schedule to this agreement, and a reference to this agreement includes any annexure, exhibit and schedule;
- (f) a reference to a statute, regulation, proclamation, ordinance or by law includes all statutes, regulations, proclamations ordinances or by laws amending, consolidating or replacing it, whether passed by the same or another Government Agency with legal power to do so, and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by laws issued under that statute;

- (g) a reference to any document (including this agreement) is to that document as varied, novated, ratified or replaced from time to time;
- (h) the word "includes" in any form is not a word of limitation;
- (i) a reference to "\$" or "dollar" is to Australian currency;
- (j) a reference to any time is a reference to that time in Sydney;
- (k) a term defined in or for the purposes of the Corporations Act has the same meaning when used in this agreement; and
- (I) a reference to the Listing Rules includes any variation, consolidation or replacement of these rules and is to be taken to be subject to any waiver or exemption granted to the compliance of those rules by a party.

# 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the next Business Day.

# 2 Agreement to propose Metcash Schemes

Metcash agrees to propose the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme upon and subject to the terms and conditions of this agreement.

# 3 Conditions precedent and pre-implementation steps

# 3.1 Conditions precedent to implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme

Subject to this clause 3, the obligations of Newco under clause 4.2 are subject to the satisfaction of each of the following conditions precedent to the extent and in the manner set out in clauses 3.3 and 3.4.

- (a) **Regulatory Approvals:** Subject to clause 3.7:
  - (1) **ASIC and ASX:** before 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date, ASIC and ASX issue or provide any consents or approvals or do other acts necessary or desirable to implement the Transactions;
  - (2) ACCC: before 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date, the ACCC takes no action to oppose the Transaction; and
  - (3) **Government Agencies:** before 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date, all other approvals of a Governmental Agency which Metcash and Newco agree are necessary or desirable to implement the Metcash Schemes are obtained,

(together Regulatory Approvals).

- (b) **Scheme Shareholder approval:** before 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date, Shareholders approve the Metcash Share Scheme at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting by the requisite majorities under the Corporations Act.
- (c) **Resolutions:** before 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date, Shareholders approve the Resolutions.
- (d) **Restraints:** No temporary restraining order, preliminary or permanent injunction or other order issued by any court of competent jurisdiction or other legal restraint or prohibition preventing the Transaction is in effect at 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date.
- (e) **Material Adverse Change:** No Material Adverse Change occurs between the date of this agreement and 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date.
- (f) **Directors' recommendation:** Between the date of this agreement and the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting or the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting (as relevant), a majority of the directors of Metcash do not change or withdraw their recommendation to:
  - (1) Shareholders to vote in favour of the Metcash Share Scheme; and
  - (2) Optionholders to vote in favour of the Metcash Option Scheme.





- (g) Conditional listing: the Newco Shares to be issued to Metcash Share Scheme Shareholders under the Metcash Share Scheme having, before 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date, been approved for admission to the official list of ASX and official quotation on the ASX (subject only to the issue of Newco Shares on implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme and submission of all information required by Appendix 3B of the Listing Rules);
- (h) Court approval of Metcash Share Scheme: The Court approving the Metcash Share Scheme in accordance with section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act;
- (i) Appointment of Metcash nominees:
  - (1) the directors of Newco delivering to Newco letters of resignation from their position as directors of Newco;
  - (2) Metcash delivering to Newco consents to appointment from the nominees of Metcash listed in Schedule 1; and
  - (3) Newco procuring that a shareholders resolution of Newco is passed approving the appointment of the Metcash nominees and the resignation of the existing directors of Newco,

in each case to take effect immediately following the transfer of the Metcash Shares the subject of the Metcash Share Scheme to Newco:

- (j) No breach of warranty: There being no breach of the representations and warranties contained in clause 8 as at 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date; and
- (k) Advance of Metoz Offer Amount: Metcash having advanced to Newco the Metoz Offer Amount under the Metoz Loan Agreements in accordance with clause 9.1.

# 3.2 Conditions precedent to the implementation of the Metcash Option Scheme

Subject to this clause 3, the obligations of Newco under clause 5.2 are subject to the satisfaction of each of the conditions precedent set out in clause 3.1 and the conditions precedent set out in this clause 3.2, to the extent and in the manner set out in clauses 3.3 and 3.4.

- (a) Optionholder approval: before 6.00pm on the day prior to the Second Court Date, Optionholders approving the Metcash Option Scheme by the requisite majorities under the Corporations Act; and
- (b) Court approval of the Metcash Option Scheme: The Court approving the Metcash Option Scheme in accordance with section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act.

# 3.3 Best endeavours

- (a) Metcash must use its best endeavours to procure that:
  - (1) each of the conditions precedent in clause 3.1 is satisfied as soon as practicable after the date of this agreement; and
  - (2) there is no occurrence within the control of Metcash or its subsidiaries that would prevent the conditions precedent in clause 3.1 being satisfied (as the context requires).
- (b) Newco must use its best endeavours to procure that the condition precedent in clause 3.1(i) is satisfied as soon as practicable after the date of this agreement.

# 3.4 Waiver of conditions precedent

- (a) The conditions precedent in:
  - (1) clause 3.1(e) with respect to Metcash; and
  - (2) clause 3.1(j) with respect only to a breach by Metcash of the warranties contained in clause 8.3 may be waived by Newco in writing with respect to the Metcash Share Scheme and/or the Metcash Option Scheme.
- (b) The conditions precedent in:
  - (1) clauses 3.1(e) with respect to Newco;

- (2) clause 3.1(i); and
- (3) clause 3.1(j) with respect only to a breach by Newco of the warranties contained in clause 8.1,

may be waived by Metcash in writing with respect to the Metcash Share Scheme and/or the Metcash Option Scheme.

# 3.5 Pre-implementation steps

Without limiting the general nature of clauses 3.1 to 3.4:

- (a) **Regulatory Approvals:** Metcash must:
  - (1) promptly apply for all relevant Regulatory Approvals and provide to Newco with a copy of all those applications;
  - (2) take all steps it is responsible for as part of the approval process, including responding to requests for information at the earliest practicable time and taking or agreeing to take any action or agreeing to any limitation; and
  - (3) provide the other party with all information reasonably requested in connection with the applications for any Regulatory Approval,

but neither party is required to take any action which would require the divestiture of material assets of Metcash or Newco and their subsidiaries.

- (b) **Newco Information:** Newco must provide any assistance reasonably requested by Metcash in relation to the provision to Metcash of the Newco Information for inclusion in the Scheme Booklet.
- (c) **Preparation of Scheme Booklet:** Metcash must prepare the Scheme Booklet in accordance with all applicable laws and in particular with the Corporations Act, ASIC policy statements and the Listing Rules in consultation with Newco as to the content and presentation of the Scheme Booklet.
- (d) **Independent expert's report:** Newco must provide any assistance or information reasonably requested by Metcash or by the independent expert in connection with the preparation of the independent expert's report to be sent together with the Scheme Booklet.

# 3.6 Consultation on failure of condition precedent

- (a) **Consultation:** If any of the conditions precedent in clause 3.1 or clause 3.2 is not satisfied or waived by the date specified in this agreement for its satisfaction, or if the Metcash Schemes are not Effective by the End Date, then the parties will consult in good faith:
  - (1) with a view to determining whether the Transaction may proceed by way of alternative means or methods; or
  - (2) to extend the date for satisfaction of the relevant condition precedent or the End Date or to adjourn or change the date of an application to the Court,

and agree a course of action that achieves either (1) or (2) above.

(b) **Termination:** If the parties are unable to reach agreement under clause 3.6(a) within five Business Days after the relevant date, then unless that condition precedent is waived by Metcash as provided in clause 3.4, either party may terminate this agreement without any liability to the other party because of that termination.

# 3.7 Regulatory approval

For the purposes of clause 3.1(a), a Regulatory Approval will be regarded as having been obtained even though a condition has been attached to that Regulatory Approval, if the parties agree to treat the approval as having been obtained.





# 4 Metcash Share Scheme

#### 4.1 Metcash Share Scheme

Metcash must propose the Metcash Share Scheme under which all of the Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders will be transferred to Newco and the Scheme Shareholders will be entitled to receive the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration.

#### 4.2 Metcash Share Scheme consideration

Newco covenants in favour of Metcash (in its own right and on behalf of the Scheme Shareholders) that in consideration for the transfer to Newco of each Metcash Share held by a Scheme Shareholder under the terms of the Metcash Share Scheme, Newco will issue to each such Scheme Shareholder (or, in accordance with clause 4.3 of the Metcash Share Scheme, to a nominee on its behalf where such Scheme Shareholder is an Overseas Shareholder) one Newco Share for each Metcash Share Scheme Share held at the Record Date.

# 5 Metcash Option Scheme

# 5.1 Metcash Option Scheme

Metcash must propose the Metcash Option Scheme under which all of the Options held by Scheme Optionholders will be cancelled and the Scheme Optionholders will be entitled to receive the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration.

# 5.2 Metcash Option Scheme consideration

Newco covenants in favour of Metcash (in its own right and on behalf of the Scheme Optionholders) that in consideration for the delivery up and cancellation of an Option held by an Scheme Optionholder under the terms of the Metcash Option Scheme as at the Record Date, Newco will grant or procure the grant to each such Scheme Optionholder of one Newco Option.

# **6** Termination

#### 6.1 Termination

This agreement may be terminated at any time prior to 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date by a party:

- (a) if the resolution submitted to the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting is not approved by the requisite majorities;
- (b) if the Resolutions are not approved by the requisite majority at the Extraordinary General Meeting;
- (c) if, prior to the Second Court Date, a majority of the Metcash Board withdraws its recommendation of the Metcash Schemes or makes a public statement indicating that it no longer supports the Metcash Schemes;
- (d) if a Court or Government Agency has taken any action permanently restraining or otherwise prohibiting the Transaction, or has refused to do any thing necessary to permit the Transaction, and the action or refusal has become final and cannot be appealed; or
- (e) in accordance with and pursuant to clause 3.6.

#### 6.2 Effect of termination

If this agreement is terminated by either Metcash or Newco under clauses 3 or 6, except to the extent that the termination results from a breach by either party of its obligations under this agreement, this agreement will become void and have no effect, without any liability or obligation on the part of Metcash or Newco, other than the provisions of clauses 8.3, 9.3, 12.1 and 13, which will remain in force after termination.

# 7 Implementation

# 7.1 Metcash's obligations

Metcash must take all necessary steps to implement the Metcash Schemes as soon as is reasonably practicable, including without limitation taking each of the following steps:

- (a) Court direction: apply to the Court for orders directing Metcash to convene the Scheme Meetings;
- (b) **Section 411(17)(b) statement:** apply to ASIC for the production of a statement under section 411(17)(b) of the Corporations Act stating that ASIC has no objection to the Metcash Schemes;
- (c) **Scheme Booklet:** prepare and despatch a Scheme Booklet, in relation to the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme, to the Scheme Shareholders and the Scheme Optionholders which will:
  - (1) include the Metcash Schemes;
  - (2) include a statement that the Metcash Board unanimously recommends to:
    - (A) the Scheme Shareholders, that the Metcash Share Scheme be approved; and
    - (B) the Optionholders, that the Metcash Option Scheme be approved;
  - (3) include notices of meeting and proxy forms;
  - (4) be updated by all such further or new information which may arise after the Scheme Booklet has been despatched until the date of the Scheme Meetings which is necessary to ensure that it is not misleading or deceptive in any material respect (whether by omission or otherwise);
- (d) **Scheme Meetings:** convene the Scheme Meetings in accordance with any orders made by the Court pursuant to section 411(1) of the Corporations Act and seek the approval of Scheme Shareholders and Optionholders for the Schemes;
- (e) **Court approval for Metcash Share Scheme:** (subject to all conditions other than Court approval being satisfied or waived) as soon as practicable apply to the Court for orders approving the Metcash Share Scheme as approved by the Scheme Shareholders at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting;
- (f) **Court approval for Metcash Option Scheme:** (subject to all conditions other than Court approval being satisfied or waived) as soon as practicable apply to the Court for orders approving the Metcash Option Scheme as approved by the Optionholders at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting;
- (g) **Lodge copy of Court order:** the Business Day after the Metoz Scheme has become Effective, lodge with ASIC an office copy of the Court order approving such of the Metcash Schemes as are approved by Scheme Participants at the Scheme Meetings; and
- (h) **Registration:** register all transfers of Scheme Shares on or as soon as practicable after the Implementation Date.

# 7.2 Newco obligations

Newco must take all necessary steps to assist Metcash to propose and implement the Metcash Schemes as soon as is reasonably practicable, including without limitation taking each of the following steps:

- (a) **Supplementary Information:** Newco must promptly notify Metcash if anything comes to the attention of Newco which indicates that the Scheme Booklet contains any material statement which is false or misleading or indicates that there is a material omission from the Scheme Booklet;
- (b) **Deed Poll:** prior to the despatch of the Scheme Booklet, enter into a deed poll in favour of the Scheme Shareholders and the Scheme Optionholders in the form of Annexures 3 and 4 (or such other form as agreed between Metcash and Newco);
- (c) **Metcash Share Scheme Consideration:** if the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, allot and issue the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration to the Scheme Shareholders in accordance with the Metcash Share Scheme on the Implementation Date; and



(d) Metcash Option Scheme Consideration: if the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, issue and provide the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration to the Scheme Optionholders in accordance with the Metcash Option Scheme on the Implementation Date.

# 7.3 Appointment of directors

Newco must, prior to the Second Court Date, procure that a shareholder meeting be held at which the conditional appointment of the nominees of Metcash listed in Schedule I to this agreement to the Newco Board and the resignation of Newco directors be approved as referred to in clause 3.1(i).

# 7.4 Variations, alterations and conditions

Metcash may, with the consent of Newco (which cannot be unreasonably withheld), by its counsel or solicitor consent on behalf of all persons concerned to any variations, alterations or conditions to the Metcash Share Scheme or the Metcash Option Scheme which the Court thinks fit to impose.

# 8 Representations and undertakings

# 8.1 Newco's representations

Newco represents and warrants to Metcash (in its own right and separately as trustee or nominee for each of the other Metcash Indemnified Parties) that:

- (a) Newco is a validly existing corporation registered under the laws of its place of incorporation;
- (b) Newco has full corporate power and lawful authority to execute, deliver and perform this agreement;
- (c) the execution and delivery of this agreement has been duly authorised by a unanimous resolution of directors of Newco;
- (d) Newco has not conducted and it will not conduct prior to the Implementation Date any business nor acquired any material assets or incurred any liabilities since its incorporation; and
- (e) Newco has not:
  - (1) borrowed any money or granted any security; and
  - (2) will not borrow any money or give any security prior to the Implementation Date;
  - except in relation to the funding for the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer.

# 8.2 Metcash's representations

Metcash represents and warrants to Newco and its directors and officers (in its own right and separately as trustee or nominee for each of the Newco Indemnified Parties) that:

- (a) no information (other than the Newco Information and information for which a third party is taking responsibility) contained in the Scheme Booklet, as at the date the Scheme Booklet is despatched to Shareholders, will contain any statement which is materially misleading or deceptive, including by way of omission from that statement;
- (b) Metcash is a validly existing corporation registered under the laws of its place of incorporation;
- (c) the execution and delivery of this agreement has been properly authorised by all necessary corporate action of Metcash;
- (d) Metcash has full corporate power and lawful authority to execute and deliver this agreement and to perform or cause to be performed its obligations under this agreement; and
- (e) this agreement does not conflict with or result in the breach of or default under any provision of Metcash's constitution or any material term or provision of any agreement or any writ, order or injunction, judgment, law, rule or regulation to which it is party or subject or by which it is bound.

# 8.3 Metcash's indemnity

Metcash agrees with Newco (in its own right and separately as trustee or nominee for each of the other Newco Indemnified Parties) to indemnify the Newco Indemnified Parties from any claim, action, damage, loss, liability, cost, expense or payment of whatever nature and however arising which the Newco Indemnified Parties suffer, incur or are liable for arising out of the Capital Reorganisation save in the case of fraud, wilful misconduct or other conduct of Newco against which the Corporations Act prohibits indemnification.

#### 8.4 Survival of representations

Each representation and warranty in clauses 8.1 and 8.3:

- (a) is severable;
- (b) survives the termination of this agreement; and
- (c) is given with the intention that liability under it is not confined to breaches which are discovered before the date of termination of this agreement.

#### 8.5 Survival of indemnities

Each indemnity in this agreement (including those in clauses 8.2 and 8.4):

- (a) is severable;
- (b) is a continuing obligation;
- (c) constitutes a separate and independent obligation of the party giving the indemnity from any other obligations of that party under this agreement; and
- (d) survives the termination of this agreement.

# 9 Metoz Loans

# 9.1 Availability of Metoz Offer Amount

Metcash shall make available to Newco the Metoz Offer Amount on the terms of the Metoz Loan Agreements for the purposes of Newco discharging its obligations to:

- (a) make payment to Metoz Holdings shareholders under the Metoz Scheme; and
- (b) make payment to Metoz to allow Metoz to settle the Metoz Net Liabilities.

# 9.2 Direction to pay

Newco directs Metcash to pay the Metoz Offer Amount advanced pursuant to the Metoz Loan Agreement directly to Metoz:

- (a) for on-payment to eligible Metoz shareholders on its behalf under and in accordance with the terms of the Metoz Scheme in consideration for the transfer to Newco of the shares in Metoz Holdings held by such shareholders; and
- (b) to allow Metoz to settle the Metoz Net Liabilities.

# 9.3 Payment of costs and expenses

Metcash agrees to pay, and shall indemnify Newco with respect to, all costs and expenses incurred by Newco in connection with the negotiation, preparation, execution and performance of this agreement and the proposed, attempted or actual implementation of this agreement, the Schemes and the Transaction Documents provided that any amount in excess of \$20,000 will require the prior written approval of Metcash.



#### 10 Public announcement

# 10.1 Announcement of Metcash Scheme

Immediately after the execution of this agreement, Metcash and Newco must issue public announcements including a unanimous recommendation by the directors of Metcash to Shareholders that the Metcash Schemes be approved (subject to no higher offer being made for all Metcash Shares).

#### 10.2 Public announcement and submissions

- (a) No public announcement in connection with any Transaction Document or the Metcash Schemes may be made other than in a form approved by both parties.
- (b) No submission for any Regulatory Approval under this agreement may be made by one party without reasonable consultation with the other party.
- (c) Each party must use all reasonable endeavours to provide the approval and constructively participate in the consultation contemplated by clauses 10.2(a) and (b) as soon as practicable.

#### 10.3 Required disclosure

If a party is required by law or the Listing Rules to make any announcement or disclosure relating to matter the subject of a Transaction Document, it may do so only after it has given the other party at least 3 Business Days notice (or any lesser period of notice required or permitted by the effect of a legal obligation), but in any event prior notice must be given to the other party and the party must consult to the fullest extent possible with the other party regarding the form and content of the announcement or disclosure.

# 11 Conduct of Court proceedings

- (a) Metcash and Newco are entitled to separate representation at all Court proceedings affecting the Transaction.
- (b) This agreement does not give Metcash or Newco any right or power to give undertakings to the Court for or on behalf of the other party without that party's consent.
- (c) Metcash and Newco must give all undertakings to the Court in all Court proceedings which are reasonably required to obtain Court approval and confirmation of the Transaction as contemplated by this agreement.

# 12 Duty and taxes

#### 12.1 Stamp duty

Metcash must:

- (a) pay all taxes, stamp duties and any fines and penalties with respect to such taxes or stamp duty in respect of this agreement or the Metcash Schemes or the steps to be taken under this agreement or the Metcash Schemes; and
- (b) indemnify Newco against any liability arising from failure to comply with clause 12.1(a).

# 13 General

# 13.1 No representation or reliance

- (a) Each party acknowledges that no party (nor any person acting on its behalf) has made any representation or other inducement to it to enter into this agreement, except for representations or inducements expressly set out in this agreement.
- (b) Each party acknowledges and confirms that it does not enter into this agreement in reliance on any representation or other inducement by or on behalf of any other party, except for any representation or inducement expressly set out in this agreement.

(c) Each party acknowledges and confirms that clauses 13.1(a) and (b) do not prejudice any rights a party may have in relation to information which has been filed by the other party with the ASIC or ASX.

# 13.2 No merger

The rights and obligations of the parties do not merge on completion of the Transaction. They survive the execution and delivery of any assignment or other document entered into for the purpose of implementing the Transaction.

#### 13.3 Consents

Any consent referred to in, or required under, this agreement from any party may not be unreasonably withheld, unless this agreement expressly provides for that consent to be given in that party's absolute discretion.

#### 13.4 Notices

Any communication under or in connection with this agreement:

- (a) must be in writing;
- (b) must be addressed as shown below:

#### Metcash

Address:

4 Newington Road

Silverwater, NSW, 2128

Fax no:

+61 2 9741 3027

For the attention of:

The Company Secretary

#### Newco

Address:

c/o Deutsche Bank AG

Level 18, 225 George Street

Sydney, NSW, 2000

Fax no:

+61 2 9258 1400

For the attention of:

The Company Secretary

(or as otherwise notified by that party to the other party from time to time);

- (c) must be signed by the party making the communication or by a person duly authorised by that party;
- (d) must be delivered or posted by prepaid post to the address, or sent by fax to the number, of the addressee, in accordance with clause 13.4(b); and
- (e) is regarded as received by the addressee:
  - (1) if sent by prepaid post, on the third Business Day after the date of posting to an address within Australia, and on the fifth Business Day after the date of posting to an address outside Australia;
  - (2) if sent by fax, at the local time (in the place of receipt of that fax) which then equates to the time at which that fax is sent as shown on the transmission report which is produced by the machine from which that fax is sent and which confirms transmission of that fax in its entirety, unless that local time is not a Business Day, or is after 5.00pm on a Business Day, when that communication will be regarded as received at 9.00am on the next Business Day; and
  - (3) if delivered by hand, on delivery at the address of the addressee as provided in clause 13.4(b), unless delivery is not made on a Business Day, or after 5.00pm on a Business Day, when that communication will be regarded as received at 9.00am on the next Business Day.



# 13.5 Governing law and jurisdiction

- (a) This agreement is governed by the laws of New South Wales.
- (b) Each party irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales and courts competent to hear appeals from those courts.

#### 13.6 Waivers

- (a) Failure to exercise or enforce, a delay in exercising or enforcing, or the partial exercise or enforcement of any right, power or remedy provided by law or under this agreement by any party does not in any way preclude, or operate as a waiver of, any exercise or enforcement, or further exercise or enforcement, of that or any other right, power or remedy provided by law or under this agreement.
- (b) Any waiver or consent given by any party under this agreement is only effective and binding on that party if it is given or confirmed in writing by that party.
- (c) No waiver of a breach of any term of this agreement operates as a waiver of another breach of that term or of a breach of any other term of this agreement.

#### 13.7 Variation

This agreement may only be varied by a document signed by or on behalf of each of the parties.

# 13.8 Assignment

A party may not assign, novate or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations under this agreement without the prior written consent of the other party.

#### 13.9 Further action

Each party will do all things and execute all further documents necessary to give full effect to this agreement.

# 13.10 Entire agreement

This agreement supersedes all previous agreements in respect of its subject matter and embodies the entire agreement between the parties.

# 13.11 Counterparts

- (a) This agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts.
- (b) All counterparts, taken together, constitute one instrument.

A party may execute this agreement by signing any counterpart.

# Schedule 1 - Metcash nominees

Carlos S dos Santos

A.E. (Ted) Harris, AC

Andrew Reitzer

Peter L Barnes

Bernard J Hale

Michael Jablonski

Edwin Jankelowitz

Lou Jardin

Richard A Longes

V Dudley Rubin

Michael Wesslink

Signed by

Director/Secretary

Name (please print)

# Executed as an agreement:

The Newco Project X Limited by:

Director/Secretary	Director	
Name (please print)	Name (please print)	
Signed by Metcash Trading Limited by:		

Director

Name (please print)

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# Annexure 1 - Metcash Share Scheme

Please see form set out in Section 20 of this Scheme Booklet.

# Annexure 2 - Metcash Option Scheme

Please see form set out in Section 21 of this Scheme Booklet.

# Annexure 3 - Deed Poll in favour of Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders

Please see form set out in Section 22 of this Scheme Booklet.

# Annexure 4 - Metoz Loan Agreements

Please see forms set out in Annexure B to this Scheme Booklet.

# 20 Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement

# This Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement

is made under Section 411 of the Corporations Act 2001 between the following parties:

# I Metcash Trading Limited

ABN 61 000 031 569 of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW, 2138 (Metcash)

2 The holders of fully paid ordinary shares in Metcash (other than Soetensteeg)

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this Metcash Share Scheme:

**ASIC** means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission:

**ASX** means the Australian Stock Exchange Limited (ACN 008 624 691);

**Business Day** means a weekday on which trading banks are open for business generally in Sydney, excluding any Saturday, Sunday and public holiday;

**CHESS** means the clearing house electronic sub-register system of share transfers operated by ASX Settlement and Transfer Corporation Pty Ltd;

**Company Secretary** means the company secretary of Metcash;

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);

Court means a court of competent jurisdiction under the Corporations Act;

**Deed Poll** means the deed poll dated 11 February 2005 executed by Newco under which Newco covenants in favour of the Scheme Shareholders to perform its obligations under the Implementation Agreement;

Effective when used in relation to:

- (a) the Metcash Schemes, means the coming into effect, under Section 411(10) of the Corporations Act, of the Court order made under Section 411(4)(b) in relation to the Metcash Option Scheme; and
- (b) the Metoz Scheme, means the coming into effect under Section 311 of the Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 (South Africa).

Effective Date means the date on which the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective;

**End Date** has the meaning given to it in the Implementation Agreement;

**Implementation Agreement** means the implementation agreement dated 3 February 2005 between Metcash and Newco relating to the implementation of the Metcash Share Scheme;

**Implementation Date** means one Business Day following the Record Date;

Metcash Board means the board of directors of Metcash;

**Metcash Share Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Shareholders in the form of Annexure 1, subject to any alterations or conditions made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(b) of the Corporations Act;



Metcash Share Scheme Consideration means one Newco Share in respect of each Metcash Share held by Scheme Shareholders as at the Record Date:

Metcash Share Scheme Meeting means the meeting of Scheme Shareholders ordered by the Court to be convened under Section 411(1) of the Corporations Act;

Metcash Share Scheme Transfer means, for each Scheme Shareholder, a duly completed and executed instrument of transfer of the Shares for the purposes of Section 1071B of the Corporations Act, which may be a master transfer of all the Shares;

Metoz Holdings means Metoz Holdings Limited (a company incorporated in South Africa and listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange);

Metoz Scheme means the scheme of arrangement which is to be proposed by Newco between Metoz Holdings and its members in terms of Section 311 of the South African Companies Act No.61 of 1973 which would, if approved, result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz;

**Newco** means The Newco Project X Limited (ACN | 12 073 480);

Newco Register means the Newco register of members;

**Newco Shares** means fully paid ordinary shares in Newco to be issued to Scheme Shareholders under the Metcash Share Scheme;

Overseas Shareholder means a Scheme Shareholder whose address in the Register is a place outside Australia and its external territories, New Zealand and South Africa;

Record Date means 5.00pm on 15 April 2005;

Register means the Metcash register of members;

Registered Address means, in relation to a Scheme Shareholder, the address shown in the Register;

**Scheme Shareholder** means each Shareholder as at the Record Date (other than Soetensteeg);

Second Court Date means the first day on which an application is made to the Court for an order under Section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Share Scheme is heard by the Court;

Second Court Hearing means the hearing of the application made to the Court for an order pursuant to Section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Share Scheme;

Soetensteeg means Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a company incorporated in the Netherlands and which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz Holdings;

Share means a fully paid ordinary share in Metcash;

Shareholder means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Shares as at 5.00pm on the Record Date;

Share Scheme means this scheme of arrangement subject to any alterations or conditions made or required by the Court under Section 411(6) of the Corporations Act;

#### 1.2 Interpretation

In this Metcash Share Scheme, headings and bold type are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation and, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (b) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (c) other parts of speech and grammatical forms of a word or phrase defined in this Metcash Share Scheme have a corresponding meaning;
- (d) a reference to a person includes an individual, the estate of an individual, a corporation, an authority, an association or a joint venture, a partnership, a trust and any government agency;

- (e) a reference to a clause, party, annexure or schedule is a reference to a clause of, and a party, annexure and schedule to this Metcash Share Scheme, and a reference to this Metcash Share Scheme includes any annexure and schedule;
- (f) a reference to a statute, regulation, proclamation, ordinance or by law includes all statutes, regulations, proclamations ordinances or by laws amending, consolidating or replacing it, whether passed by the same or another government agency with legal power to do so, and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by laws issued under that statute;
- (g) a reference to any document (including this Metcash Share Scheme) is to that document as varied, novated, ratified or replaced from time to time;
- (h) the word "includes" in any form is not a word of limitation;
- (i) a reference to "\$" or "dollar" is to Australian currency;
- (j) a reference to any time is a reference to that time in Sydney; and
- (k) a term defined in or for the purposes of the Corporations Act has the same meaning when used in this Metcash Share Scheme.

#### 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the next Business Day.

# 2 Preliminary

- (a) Metcash is a public company registered in New South Wales and is a company limited by shares.
- (b) As at 12 January 2005, 736,898,998 Shares were on issue.
- (c) Newco is a company registered in New South Wales and is a company limited by shares.
- (d) If the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective:
  - (1) in consideration of the transfer of each Share held by the Scheme Shareholders to Newco, Newco will issue the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration to Scheme Shareholders for their Shares in accordance with the terms of this Metcash Share Scheme;
  - (2) all Shares held by the Scheme Shareholders will be transferred to Newco;
  - (3) Metcash will enter the name of Newco in the Register in respect of all Shares transferred to Newco in accordance with the terms of this Metcash Share Scheme;
- (e) Newco has executed the Deed Poll in favour of Scheme Shareholders pursuant to which it has covenanted to pay the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration in accordance with the terms of the Deed Poll.

#### 3 Conditions

- (a) The Metcash Share Scheme is conditional on all the conditions in clause 3.1 of the Implementation Agreement having been satisfied or waived (as amended (if relevant) in accordance with clause 3.6 of the Implementation Agreement) in accordance with their terms by 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date (or such later date or time as is agreed by the parties under section 3.6 of the Implementation Agreement).
- (b) Metcash and Newco will provide to the Court at the Second Court Hearing a certificate confirming whether or not all conditions precedent in the Implementation Agreement have been satisfied or waived.
- (c) The Metcash Share Scheme is also conditional on the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective.
- (d) The satisfaction of clauses 3(a) and 3(c) is a condition precedent to the operation of clause 4.
- (e) The Metcash Share Scheme will lapse and be of no further force or effect:
  - (1) if the Metoz Scheme does not become Effective by 30 April 2005; or
  - (2) If the Effective Date does not occur on or before the End Date or such later date as Metcash and Newco may agree in writing.



# 4 The Metcash Share Scheme

# 4.1 Lodgement of Court orders with ASIC

Metcash will lodge with ASIC, pursuant to Section 411(10) of the Corporations Act, an office copy of the Court order made under section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Share Scheme by 5.00pm on the first Business Day after the day on which the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective.

# 4.2 Transfer and registration of Shares

Subject to clause 4.3, on the Implementation Date following the receipt by Newco of a printout of the register of members of Metoz Holdings showing Newco as the holder of all the issued shares in Metoz Holdings:

- (a) the Shares held by the Scheme Shareholders, together with all rights and entitlements attaching to the Shares as at the Implementation Date, will be transferred to Newco without the need for any further act by any Scheme Shareholder (other than acts performed by Metcash as attorney and agent for Scheme Shareholders under clause 7);
- (b) Metcash will procure that Newco will deliver to Metcash a duly completed, executed (by Newco as transferee) and stamped Metcash Share Scheme Transfer for registration;
- (c) Metcash will procure that Newco will issue the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration to each Scheme Shareholder for their Shares in accordance with the Metcash Share Scheme; and
- (d) after the duly completed and executed Metcash Share Scheme Transfer is received by Metcash, Metcash will, subject to Newco issuing the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration as contemplated in clause 4.2(c), enter the name of Newco in the Register in respect of all Shares the subject of the Metcash Share Scheme Transfer.

#### 4.3 Overseas Shareholders

Unless Newco is satisfied that the laws of an Overseas Shareholder's place of residence or registered address as shown in the Register do not prevent the issue and allotment of Newco Shares to that Overseas Shareholder, Newco shall be under no obligation to issue and allot Newco Shares to any Overseas Shareholder. Newco will instead issue and allot the Newco Shares in respect of each such Overseas Shareholder to a nominee appointed by Newco. The nominee will:

- (a) as soon as reasonably practicable, sell the Newco Shares issued and allotted to the nominee pursuant to this clause 4.3; and
- (b) account to each Overseas Shareholder for the net proceeds of the sale of the Newco Shares allotted in respect of that Overseas Shareholder (after deduction of any applicable brokerage, taxes and charges),

in full satisfaction of the Overseas Shareholder's rights to receive the Newco Shares. The nominee will sell the Newco Shares issued and allotted to the nominee pursuant to this clause 4.3 on a market conducted by the ASX at such a time as it in its discretion determines. Neither Newco nor the nominee will be subject to any liability for failure to sell such Newco Shares at any particular price.

#### 4.4 Agreement to transfer

The Scheme Shareholders agree to the transfer of their Shares (together with all rights and entitlements attaching to their Shares) in accordance with this Metcash Share Scheme.

# 4.5 Warranties by Scheme Shareholders

Each Scheme Shareholder is deemed to have warranted to Newco and Metcash that all their Shares (including any rights attaching to those shares) which are transferred to Newco under this Metcash Share Scheme will, at the date of transfer, be fully paid and free from all mortgages, charges, liens, encumbrances and interests of third parties of any kind, whether legal or otherwise, and restrictions on transfer of any kind, and that they have full power and capacity to transfer their Metcash Shares together with any rights attaching to those shares.

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#### 4.6 Beneficial entitlement to Shares

Newco will be beneficially entitled to the Shares transferred to it under the Metcash Share Scheme pending registration by Metcash of Newco in the Register as the holder of the Shares.

# 4.7 Appointment of sole proxy

Upon the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective and until Metcash registers Newco as the holder of all Shares transferred by Scheme Shareholders in the Register, each Scheme Shareholder:

- (a) is deemed to have appointed Newco as attorney and agent (and directed Newco in such capacity to appoint the Chairman of Newco as its sole proxy and, where applicable, corporate representative) to attend shareholders' meetings, exercise the votes attaching to the Shares registered in their name and sign any shareholders' resolution, and no Scheme Shareholder may itself attend or vote at any of those meetings or sign any resolution, whether in person, by proxy or by corporate representative (other than pursuant to this clause 4.7(a)); and
- (b) must take all other actions in the capacity of a registered holder of Shares as Newco reasonably directs.

Metcash will procure that it will obtain an undertaking from Newco that it will appoint the Chairman of Newco as that Scheme Shareholder's proxy or, where applicable, corporate representative in accordance with clause 4.7(a).

# 5 Newco Shares issued as Metcash Share Scheme Consideration

# 5.1 Provision of Metcash Share Scheme Consideration

The obligation of Newco to provide each Scheme Shareholder with the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration shall be satisfied by:

- (a) issuing and allotting the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration to each Scheme Shareholder, or to the nominee in accordance with clause 4.3 with respect to an Overseas Shareholder, in respect of each Share registered in the name of that Scheme Shareholder in the Register at the Record Date;
- (b) on the Implementation Date, entering the name of each Scheme Shareholder, or the nominee in accordance with clause 4.3 with respect to an Overseas Shareholder, on the Newco Register; and
- (c) no later than seven Business Days after the Implementation Date, despatching or procuring the despatch to each Scheme Shareholder, or to the nominee in accordance with clause 4.3 with respect to an Overseas Shareholder, by pre-paid post to his or her Registered Address at the Record Date, an uncertified holding statement in the name of that Scheme Shareholder in accordance with this Metcash Share Scheme. In the case of joint holders of Shares, uncertified holding statements shall be issued in the name of and forwarded to the holder whose name appears first in the Register on the Record Date.

#### 5.2 Newco Shares

- (a) All Newco Shares issued pursuant to the Metcash Share Scheme will be issued on the terms set out in Newco's constitution, credited as fully paid and will rank equally in all respects with other Newco Shares issued at the Effective Date.
- (b) Metcash will procure that Newco will, before the Second Court Date, obtain confirmation from ASX that, as from the Business Day following the Effective Date, the Newco Shares comprising the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration will be listed for quotation on the official list of ASX, initially on a deferred settlement basis and thereafter on an ordinary settlement basis.
- (c) Metcash will procure that Newco will take all steps necessary or expedient to ensure that the Newco Shares comprising the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration will be listed for quotation on the official list of ASX.



# 6 Dealings in Metcash Shares

# 6.1 Determination of Scheme Shareholders

To establish the identity of the Scheme Shareholders, dealings in Shares will only be recognised if:

- (a) in the case of dealings of the type to be effected using CHESS, the transferee is registered in the Register as the holder of the relevant Shares by the Record Date; and
- (b) in all other cases, registrable transmission applications or transfers in respect of those dealings are received on or before the Record Date at the place where the Register is kept.

# 6.2 Metcash Register

- (a) Metcash must register registrable transmission applications or transfers of Shares received in accordance with clause 6.1(b) on or before the Record Date.
- (b) Metcash will not accept for registration or recognise for any purpose any transmission application or transfer in respect of Shares received after the Record Date (except a transfer by Newco pursuant to this Metcash Share Scheme and any subsequent transfer by Newco or its successors in title).
- (c) For the purpose of determining entitlements to the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration, Metcash must maintain the Register in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this clause 6 until the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration has been provided to the Scheme Shareholders. The Register in this form will solely determine entitlements to the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration.
- (d) Any statements of holding for Shares will cease to have effect after the Record Date as documents of title in respect of those shares (other than entries in respect of Newco or its successors in title). After the Record Date, each entry in the Register as at the Record Date (other than entries in respect of Newco or its successors in title) will cease to have any effect, except as evidence of entitlement under the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration.

#### 6.3 Quotation of Metcash Shares

- (a) It is expected that suspension of trading on ASX in Shares will occur from the close of trading on the day on which Metcash notifies ASX that the Court order approving the Metcash Share Scheme has been lodged with ASIC in accordance with clause 4.1.
- (b) Provided that the Metcash Share Scheme has been fully implemented in accordance with its terms, Metcash will apply for termination of the official quotation of Shares on ASX after the Implementation Date.

# 7 Power of attorney

Upon the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective, each Scheme Shareholder, without the need for any further act by each Scheme Shareholder, irrevocably appoints Metcash and each of its directors and officers (jointly and severally) as its attorney and agent for the purpose of executing any document necessary or expedient to give effect to this Metcash Share Scheme including, without limitation:

- (a) the Metcash Share Scheme Transfer; and
- (b) any instrument appointing Newco as sole proxy for or, where applicable, corporate representative of each Scheme Shareholder as contemplated by clause 4.7.

# 8 General Metcash Share Scheme provisions

# 8.1 Further action by Metcash

Metcash will execute all documents and do all things necessary or expedient to implement, and perform its obligations under, this Metcash Share Scheme.

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# 8.2 Authority and acknowledgment

Each Scheme Shareholder consents to Metcash doing all things necessary or expedient for or incidental to the implementation of this Metcash Share Scheme.

# 8.4 Stamp duty

Metcash will pay all stamp duties and any related fines, penalties and other costs in respect of the Metcash Share Scheme (including, without limitation, in connection with the transfer of Shares to Newco in accordance with the terms of this Metcash Share Scheme).

# 8.5 Notices

If a notice, transfer, transmission application, direction or other communication referred to in this Metcash Share Scheme is sent by post to Metcash, it will not be taken to be received in the ordinary course of post or on a date and time other than the date and time (if any) on which it is actually received at Metcash's registered office or at the office of the registrar of Shares.

# 8.6 Governing law

This Metcash Share Scheme is governed by the laws of New South Wales. The parties irrevocably submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts in New South Wales and the courts competent to determine appeals from those courts.



# 21 Metcash Option Scheme of Arrangement

# This Metcash Option Scheme of arrangement

is made under Section 411 of the Corporations Act 2001 between the following parties:

Metcash Trading Limited ABN 61 000 031 569 of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW, 2138 (Metcash)

2 The holders of options in Metcash

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

# 1.1 Definitions

In this Metcash Option Scheme:

**ASIC** means the Australian Securities and Investments Commission;

Business Day means a weekday on which trading banks are open for business generally in Sydney, excluding any Saturday, Sunday and public holiday;

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth);

Court means a court of competent jurisdiction under the Corporations Act;

Deed Poll means the deed poll dated 11 February 2005 executed by Newco under which Newco covenants in favour of the Scheme Optionholders to perform its obligations under the Implementation Agreement;

Effective when used in relation to:

- (a) the Metcash Schemes, means the coming into effect, under Section 411(10) of the Corporations Act, of the Court order made under Section 411(4)(b) in relation to the Metcash Option Scheme; and
- (b) the Metoz Scheme, the coming into effect under Section 311 of the Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 (South Africa);

Effective Date means the date on which the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective;

**End Date** has the meaning given to it in the Implementation Agreement;

Implementation Agreement means the implementation agreement dated 3 February 2005 between Metcash and Newco relating to the implementation of the Metcash Option Scheme;

Implementation Date means the date one Business Day following the Record Date;

Metcash Option Scheme means this scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Optionholders in respect of the Metcash Options, as described in this Scheme Booklet, subject to any alteration or condition made or required by the Court pursuant to Section 411(6) of the Corporations Act;

Metcash Option Scheme Consideration means one Newco Option in respect of each Option held by Scheme Optionholders as at the Record Date:

Metcash Option Scheme Meeting means the meeting of Scheme Shareholders ordered by the Court to be convened under Section 411(1) of the Corporations Act;

Metcash Options mean options to subscribe for a Metcash Share granted under the Option Plan;

**Metcash Shares** mean fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of Metcash;

**Metoz Holdings** means Metoz Holdings Limited (a company incorporated in South Africa and listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange);

**Metoz** means Metoz Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Pinnacle Holdings Limited, a Jersey resident company, Wickson Corporation Limited, a Netherlands Antilles resident company, and Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a Dutch resident company, or any of them;

**Metoz Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement which is to be proposed by Newco between Metoz Holdings and its members in terms of Section 311 of the South African Companies Act No.61 of 1973 which would, if approved, result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz;

Newco means The Newco Project X Limited (ACN 112 073 480);

Newco Option means an option to subscribe for an ordinary share in Newco granted under the Newco Option Plan;

Newco Option Plan means The Newco Project X Limited Employee Option Plan;

**Newco Option Register** means the Newco register of optionholders;

Non-Metoz Shareholder means a Shareholder other than Metoz Holdings or its wholly owned subsidiaries;

**Optionholder** means each Metcash employee who is entered into the Option Register as the holder of Metcash Options from time to time;

**Option Plan** means the Metcash Trading Limited Employee Option Plan;

Option Register means Metcash's register of optionholders;

Record Date means 5.00pm on 15 April 2005;

**Register** means the Metcash register of members;

Registered Address means, in relation to a Scheme Optionholder, the address shown in the Option Register;

Scheme Optionholder means each Optionholder as at the Record Date;

**Second Court Date** means the first day on which an application made to the Court for an order under Section 41 I(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Option Scheme is heard by the Court;

**Second Court Hearing** means the hearing of the application made to the Court for an order pursuant to Section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Option Scheme;

**Shareholder** means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares from time to time (including Soetensteeg); and

**Soetensteeg** means Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a company incorporated in the Netherlands, and which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz Holdings.

#### 1.2 Interpretation

In this Metcash Option Scheme, headings and bold type are for convenience only and do not affect interpretation and, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (b) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (c) other parts of speech and grammatical forms of a word or phrase defined in this Metcash Option Scheme have a corresponding meaning;
- (d) a reference to a person includes an individual, the estate of an individual, a corporation, an authority, an association or a joint venture, a partnership, a trust and any government agency;



- (e) a reference to a clause, party, annexure or schedule is a reference to a clause of, and a party, annexure and schedule to this Metcash Option Scheme, and a reference to this Metcash Option Scheme includes any annexure and schedule;
- (f) a reference to a statute, regulation, proclamation, ordinance or by law includes all statutes, regulations, proclamations ordinances or by laws amending, consolidating or replacing it, whether passed by the same or another government agency with legal power to do so, and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by laws issued under that statute;
- (g) a reference to any document (including this Metcash Option Scheme) is to that document as varied, novated, ratified or replaced from time to time:
- (h) the word "includes" in any form is not a word of limitation;
- (i) a reference to "\$" or "dollar" is to Australian currency;
- (j) a reference to any time is a reference to that time in Sydney; and
- (k) a term defined in or for the purposes of the Corporations Act has the same meaning when used in this Metcash Option Scheme.

# 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the next Business Day.

# 2 Preliminary

- (a) Metcash is a public company registered in New South Wales and is a company limited by shares.
- (b) Newco is a company registered in New South Wales and is a company limited by shares.
- (c) If the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective:
  - (1) all Metcash Options held by the Scheme Optionholders will be cancelled without the need for any further act by any Scheme Optionholder;
  - (2) in consideration for the Scheme Optionholders agreeing to that cancellation, Newco will issue one Newco Option to each Scheme Optionholder for each Metcash Option held by such Scheme Optionholder as at the Record Date (in accordance with the terms of this Metcash Option Scheme);
  - (3) Newco will enter the name of each Scheme Optionholder in its register of option holders in accordance with the terms of this Metcash Option Scheme;
- (d) Newco has executed the Deed Poll in favour of Scheme Optionholders pursuant to which it has covenanted to issue the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration in accordance with the terms of the Deed Poll.

# 3 Conditions

- (a) The Metcash Option Scheme is conditional on all the conditions in clause 3.2 of the Implementation Agreement having been satisfied or waived (as amended (if relevant) in accordance with clause 3.6 of the Implementation Agreement) in accordance with their terms by 6.00pm on the day before the Second Court Date (or such later date or time as is agreed by the parties under section 3.6 of the Implementation Agreement).
- (b) Metcash and Newco will provide to the Court at the Second Court Hearing a certificate confirming whether or not all conditions precedent in the Implementation Agreement have been satisfied or waived.
- (c) The Metcash Option Scheme is also conditional on the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective.
- (d) The satisfaction of clauses 3(a) and 3(c) is a condition precedent to the operation of clause 4.
- (e) The Metcash Option Scheme will lapse and be of no further force or effect:
  - (1) if the Metoz Scheme does not become Effective by 30 April 2005; or
  - (2) the Effective Date does not occur on or before the End Date or such later date as Metcash and Newco may agree in writing.

# 4 The Metcash Option Scheme

# 4.1 Lodgement of Court orders with ASIC

Metcash will lodge with ASIC, pursuant to Section 41 I(10) of the Corporations Act, an office copy of the Court order made under section 41 I(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving the Metcash Option Scheme by 5.00pm on the first Business Day after the day on which the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective.

#### 4.2 Agreement to cancellation

The Scheme Optionholders agree to the cancellation of their Metcash Options (together with all rights and entitlements attaching to their Metcash Options) by this Metcash Option Scheme.

# 4.3 Waiver of accelerated exercise rights

The Scheme Optionholders agree that the approval of the Metcash Share Scheme by Scheme Shareholders will not be deemed to be an event under clause 5.10 of the Rules of the Option Plan allowing the immediate exercise by Optionholders of their Metcash Options. Accordingly, Scheme Optionholders agree to waive all and any rights to exercise their Metcash Options pursuant to such clause.

# 5 Metcash Option Scheme Consideration

# 5.1 Provision of Metcash Option Scheme Consideration

The obligation of Newco to provide each Scheme Optionholder with the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration shall be satisfied by:

- (a) issuing the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration to each Scheme Optionholder, in respect of each Option registered in the name of that Scheme Optionholder in the Option Register at the Record Date;
- (b) on the Implementation Date, entering the name of each Scheme Optionholder on the Newco Option Register; and
- (c) no later than seven Business Days after the Implementation Date, despatching or procuring the despatch to each Scheme Optionholder by pre-paid post to his or her Registered Address at the Record Date, a certificate representing the Newco Option in the name of that Scheme Optionholder in accordance with this Metcash Option Scheme.

# 5.2 Newco Options

All Newco Options issued pursuant to the Metcash Option Scheme will:

- (a) be issued on the terms and conditions set out in the Rules of the Newco Option Plan;
- (b) have an exercise price equal to the exercise price per Metcash Option of the Metcash Option which it replaces as adjusted in accordance with the formula set out in the schedule to this Scheme; and
- (c) have an exercise period equal to the unexpired exercise period of the Metcash Options which it replaces.

# 6 Exercise of Metcash Options

- (a) Metcash will issue Metcash Shares in accordance with a valid exercise of a Metcash Option which is received on or before 12.00 noon on the Business Day prior to the Record Date.
- (b) Metcash will not accept for registration or recognise for any purpose any exercise of a Metcash Option received after 12.00 noon on the Business Day before the Record Date and, after such time, the Metcash Option shall not be capable of exercise notwithstanding any terms on which such Metcash Option was granted.



- (c) For the purpose of determining entitlements to the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration, Metcash must maintain the Option Register in accordance with the foregoing provisions of this clause 6 until the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration has been provided to the Scheme Optionholders. The Option Register in this form will solely determine entitlements to the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration.
- (d) After the Record Date, each entry in the Option Register as at the Record Date (other than entries in respect of Newco or its successors in title) will cease to have any effect, except as evidence of entitlement under the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration.

# 7 General Metcash Option Scheme provisions

#### 7.1 Further action by Metcash

Metcash will execute all documents and do all things necessary or expedient to implement, and perform its obligations under, this Metcash Option Scheme.

# 7.2 Authority and acknowledgment

Each Scheme Optionholder consents to Metcash doing all things necessary or expedient for or incidental to the implementation of this Metcash Option Scheme.

# 7.4 Stamp duty

Metcash will pay all stamp duties and any related fines, penalties and other costs in respect of the Metcash Option Scheme (including, without limitation, in connection with the issue of Newco Options to Scheme Optionholders in accordance with the terms of this Metcash Option Scheme).

# 7.5 Notices

If a notice, transfer, transmission application, direction or other communication referred to in this Metcash Option Scheme is sent by post to Metcash, it will not be taken to be received in the ordinary course of post or on a date and time other than the date and time (if any) on which it is actually received at Metcash's registered office or at the office of the registrar of options.

# 7.6 Governing law

This Metcash Option Scheme is governed by the laws of New South Wales. The parties irrevocably submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts in New South Wales and the courts competent to determine appeals from those courts.

# Schedule Formula for adjustment of exercise price

Upon the Metcash Option Scheme becoming Effective, the exercise price of each Metcash Option (and consequently each Newco Option issued pursuant to the Metcash Option Scheme) shall be adjusted in accordance with the following formula:

$$O' = O - E(P_{VWAP PRE} - P_{VWAP Ex})$$

where:

O'= the new exercise price of the Metcash Option.

O = the old exercise price of the Metcash Option.

E = the number of Metcash Shares into which one Metcash Option is exercisable.

 $P_{VWAP\ PRE} =$  the average "market price" (as that term is defined in the Listing Rules) per Metcash Share (weighted by reference

to volume) during the 5 trading days ending immediately prior to ex-rights date under the ASX Listing Rules.

P<sub>VWAP Ex</sub> = the average 'market price' (as that term is defined in the Listing Rules) per Metcash Share (weighted by reference

to volume) during the 5 trading days including and immediately after ex-rights date under the ASX Listing Rules.



# 22 Metcash Schemes Deed Poll

# This Metcash Schemes deed poll

is made on 11 February 2005

by The Newco Project X Limited

ABN 32 112 073 480

c/o Deutsche Bank, Level 18, 225 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000

(Newco)

in favour of

Each holder of ordinary shares (other than Soetensteeg)

as at the Record Date in

Metcash Trading Limited (Metcash)

ABN 61 000 031 569

of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW 2138 (Scheme Shareholders)

and

each holder of options as at the Record Date in Metcash (Scheme Optionholders)

# Recitals

- A. Metcash's directors consider that it is in Metcash's interests that Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders be given the opportunity to consider and, if they think fit, approve the Metcash Schemes.
- B. Accordingly, the directors of Metcash have resolved that Metcash should propose the Metcash Schemes.
- C. The effect of the Metcash Schemes will be that:
  - (1) the Shares held by Scheme Shareholders as at the Record Date will be transferred to Newco in consideration for the issue of shares by Newco to such Scheme Shareholders; and
  - (2) the Options held by Scheme Optionholders as at the Record Date will be cancelled in consideration for the issue by Newco of options to such Scheme Optionholders.
- D. On 3 February 2005, Metcash and Newco entered into the Implementation Agreement.
- E. In the Implementation Agreement, Newco agreed amongst other things to take all necessary steps to assist Metcash to implement the Metcash Schemes, to issue and provide the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration and Metcash Option Scheme Consideration and to promptly do all further acts and execute and deliver all further documents (in form and content reasonably satisfactory to Newco) required by law or reasonably requested by Metcash to give effect to the Implementation Agreement and the Metcash Schemes.
- F. Newco is entering into this deed poll for the purpose of covenanting in favour of Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders to perform its obligations under the Implementation Agreement.

# This deed poll provides

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this deed poll (including the Recitals), unless the context otherwise requires:

**Metcash Share Scheme** means the proposed scheme of arrangement between Metcash and Scheme Shareholders substantially in the form of Annexure I to the Implementation Agreement with any alterations or additional conditions made pursuant to Section 41 I(6) of the Corporations Act;

**Metcash Option Scheme** means the proposed scheme of arrangement between Metcash and Scheme Optionholders substantially in the form of Annexure 2 to the Implementation Agreement without alterations or additional conditions made pursuant to Section 411(6) of the Corporations Act;

**Metcash Schemes** means the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme;

and save where defined in this deed or where the context otherwise requires, words and phrases used in this deed poll have the same meaning as given to them in the Metcash Share Scheme and Metcash Option Scheme combined.

#### 1.2 Interpretation

In this deed poll headings and bold type are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation and, unless the context requires otherwise:

- (a) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (b) a reference to any document (including this deed poll) is to that document as varied, novated, ratified or replaced; and
- (c) a reference to a clause, party, annexure or schedule is a reference to a clause of, and a party, annexure and schedule to, this deed poll and a reference to this deed poll includes any annexure and schedule.

#### 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the next Business Day.

# 1.4 Nature of deed poll

Newco acknowledges that this deed poll may be relied on and enforced by any Scheme Shareholder or Scheme Optionholder in accordance with its terms even though they are not parties to it.

# 2 Conditions

# 2.1 Conditions

Newco's obligations under clause 4 are subject to the Metcash Schemes becoming Effective.

#### 2.2 Termination

Newco's obligations under this deed poll terminate:

- (a) if the conditions in clause 2.1 of this deed poll are not satisfied or waived in writing by Newco on or before the End Date; or
- (b) automatically on the termination of the Implementation Agreement,

unless Newco and Metcash otherwise agree.

# 2.3 Consequences of termination

If this deed poll is terminated under clause 2.2, in addition and without prejudice to any other rights, powers or remedies available to it:

- (a) Newco is released from its obligations to further perform this deed poll except those obligations under clause 7.1; and
- (b) Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders retain the rights they have against Newco in respect of any breach of this deed poll which occurs before it is terminated.



# 3 Performance of obligations generally

Newco will comply with its obligations under Sections 4.2 and 5.2 of the Implementation Agreement and will do all things necessary or expedient on its part to implement the Metcash Schemes.

#### 4 Provision of Metcash Schemes Consideration

#### 4.1 Metcash Share Scheme

- (a) Subject to clause 2.1 and clause 4.1(c), in consideration of the transfer of Shares held by Scheme Shareholders to Newco, Newco shall, in accordance with the terms of the Metcash Share Scheme:
  - (1) issue and allot the Metcash Share Scheme Consideration to each Scheme Shareholder in respect of each Share registered in the name of that Scheme Shareholder in the Register at the Record Date;
  - (2) on the Implementation Date, enter the name of each Scheme Shareholder on the Newco Register; and
- (b) no later than seven Business Days after the Implementation Date, despatch or procure the despatch to each Scheme Shareholder (or the nominee in the case of Overseas Shareholders) by pre-paid post to his or her address recorded in the Register at the Record Date, an uncertified holding statement in the name of that Scheme Shareholder. In the case of joint holders of shares, uncertified holding statements shall be issued in the name of and forwarded to the holder whose name appears first in the Register on the Record Date.
- (c) Unless Newco is satisfied that the laws of an Overseas Shareholder's place of residence or registered address as shown in the Register do not prevent the issue and allotment of Newco Shares to that Overseas Shareholder, Newco shall be under no obligation to issue and allot Newco Shares to any Overseas Shareholder. Newco will instead issue and allot the Newco Shares in respect of each such Overseas Shareholder to a nominee appointed by Newco. The nominee will:
  - (1) as soon as reasonably practicable, sell the Newco Shares issued and allotted to the nominee pursuant to this clause 4.1(c); and
  - (2) account to each Overseas Shareholder for the net proceeds of the sale of the Newco Shares allotted in respect of that Overseas Shareholder (after deduction of any applicable brokerage and other taxes and charges), in full satisfaction of the Overseas Shareholder's rights to receive the Newco Shares. The nominee will sell the Newco Shares issued and allotted to the nominee pursuant to this clause 4.1(c) on a market conducted by the ASX at such a time as it in its discretion determines. Neither Newco nor the nominee will be subject to any liability for failure to sell such Newco Shares at any particular price.

# 4.2 Metcash Option Scheme

- (a) Subject to clause 2.1 in consideration of the cancellation of Options held by Scheme Optionholders, Newco shall, in accordance with the terms of the Metcash Option Scheme:
  - (1) issue the Metcash Option Scheme Consideration to each Scheme Optionholder in respect of each Option registered in the name of that Scheme Optionholder in the Option Register at the Record Date;
  - (2) on the Implementation Date, enter the name of each Scheme Optionholder on the Newco Option Register; and
- (b) No later than seven Business Days after the Implementation Date, despatch or procure the despatch to each Scheme Optionholder by pre-paid post to his or her address recorded in the Option Register at the Record Date, a certificate representing the Newco Option in the name of that Scheme Optionholder.

# 5 Warranties

Newco represents and warrants that:

- (a) it is a corporation validly existing under the laws of its place of registration;
- (b) it has the corporate power to enter into and perform its obligations under this deed poll and to carry out the transactions contemplated by this deed poll;

- (c) it has taken all necessary corporate action to authorise its entry into this deed poll and has taken or will take all necessary corporate action to authorise the performance of this deed poll and to carry out the transactions contemplated by this deed poll; and
- (d) this deed poll is valid and binding on it.

# 6 Continuing obligations

This deed poll is irrevocable and, subject to clause 2, remains in full force and effect until:

- (a) Newco has fully performed its obligations under this deed poll; or
- (b) the earlier termination of this deed poll under clause 2.

# 7 General

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# 7.1 Stamp duty

Newco will:

- (a) pay all stamp duties and any related fines, penalties and other costs in respect of the Metcash Schemes and this deed poll, the performance of this deed poll and each transaction effected by or made under the Metcash Schemes and this deed poll; and
- (b) indemnify each Scheme Shareholder and Scheme Optionholder against any liability arising from failure to comply with clause 7.1(a).

#### 7.2 Notices

Any notice or other communication to Newco in respect of this deed poll must be in legible writing and in English and:

(a) addressed as shown below:

Attention: Company Secretary

Address: c/o Deutsche Bank AG

Level 18, 225 George Street

Sydney, NSW, 2000

Fax no: (+612) 9258 1400

- (b) must be signed by the person making the communication or by a person duly authorised by that person;
- (c) must be delivered or posted by prepaid post to the address, or sent by fax to the fax number, of Newco in accordance with clause 7.2(a);
- (d) will be regarded as received by Newco:
  - (1) if sent by fax, at the local time (in the place of receipt of that fax) which then equates to the time at which that fax is sent as shown on the transmission report which is produced by the machine from which that fax is sent and which confirms transmission of that fax in its entirety, unless that local time is a not a Business Day, or is after 5.00pm on a Business Day, when that communication will be regarded as received at 9.00am on the next Business Day; and
  - (2) in any other case, on delivery at the address of Newco as provided in clause 7.2(a), unless that delivery is not made on a Business Day, or after 5.00pm on a Business Day, when that communication will be regarded as received at 9.00am on the next Business Day.

#### 7.3 Governing law and jurisdiction

This deed poll is governed by the laws of New South Wales. Newco irrevocably submits to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales.



# 7.4 Waiver

- (a) Waiver of any right arising from a breach of this deed poll or of any right, power, authority, discretion or remedy arising upon default under this deed poll must be in writing and signed by the party granting the waiver.
- (b) A failure or delay in exercise, or partial exercise, of:
  - (1) a right arising from a breach of this deed poll; or
  - (2) a right, power, authority, discretion or remedy created or arising upon default under this deed poll,
  - does not result in a waiver of that right, power, authority, discretion or remedy.
- (c) A party is not entitled to rely on a delay in the exercise or non-exercise of a right, power, authority, discretion or remedy arising from a breach of this deed poll or on a default under this deed poll as constituting a waiver of that right, power, authority, discretion or remedy.
- (d) A party may not rely on any conduct of another party as a defence to exercise of a right, power, authority, discretion or remedy by that other party.
- (e) This clause may not itself be waived except in writing.

#### 7.5 Variation

A provision of this deed poll may not be varied, altered or otherwise amended unless the variation is agreed to by Metcash and the Court indicates that the amendment would not of itself preclude approval of the Metcash Schemes, in which event Newco will enter into a further deed poll in favour of the Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders giving effect to the variation, alteration or amendment.

# 7.6 Cumulative rights

The rights, powers and remedies of Newco, the Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders under this deed poll are cumulative and do not exclude any other rights, powers or remedies provided by law independently of this deed poll.

# 7.7 Assignment

The rights and obligations of Newco and each Scheme Shareholder and Scheme Optionholder under this deed poll are personal and must not be assigned or otherwise dealt with at law or in equity.

# 7.8 Further action

Newco will promptly do all things and execute all further documents necessary to give effect to this deed poll.

**Executed as a deed poll** in New South Wales:

The common seal of

The Newco Project X Limited

is fixed to this document

in the presence of:

Secretary/Director

Director

Name (please print)

Name (please print)



# 23 Glossary

\$, dollar and cent means Australian currency, unless the context otherwise requires.

A Shareholder means a person who is registered in the Register as the holder of a Metcash A Share.

**AASB** means the Australian Accounting Standards Board.

**ACCC** means the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission.

Action Facility means a \$235 million, 18 month limited recourse facility to facilitate the funding of the Action Stores.

**Action Holdco** has the meaning given to it in Section 12.3.

African Sale Agreement has the meaning given to it in Section 8.5.

**AGAAP** means Australian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

Aggregate Acquisition cost to Newco means \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz, being the aggregate of the Metoz Consideration and the amount required to repay Metoz's Net Liabilities.

**ALH** means Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group.

**ALM** means Australian Liquor Marketers.

Announcement means Metcash's public announcement on 6 December 2004 of its proposed Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer.

ANZ means Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (ABN 11 005 357 522).

**ASIC** means the Australian Securities & Investments Commission.

ASX means Australian Stock Exchange Limited (ACN 088 624 691).

**ASX Listing Rules** means the official listing rules of ASX (ACN 008 624 691).

ATO means the Australian Taxation Office.

Australian IFRS means Australian equivalent to International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB),

**Banks** has the meaning given to it in Section 8.5.

**Base Rate** has the meaning given to it in Section 12.12.

Bidder's Statement means the bidder's statement prepared by Metcash for the Takeover Offer under Part 6.5 of the Corporations Act.

Board or Metcash Board means the board of directors of Metcash from time to time.

Business Day means a weekday on which trading banks are open for business in Sydney, excluding any Saturday, Sunday or public holiday.

**C-Store Distribution** means Convenience Store Distribution.

Capital Gains Tax or CGT means capital gains tax.

Capital Reduction means the proposed selective reduction of capital by Metcash under which all NZ Shares on issue will be cancelled and, in consideration of the cancellation, NZ Shareholders will receive one share in NZ Holdco for each NZ Share they hold.

Capital Reorganisation means the capital reorganisation to be effected by means of the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metoz Scheme under which, amongst other things, subject to the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective and the Metoz Scheme becoming Effective:

- \_\_\_\_\_
- (a) Newco will acquire all Metcash Shares held by Scheme Shareholders in exchange for the issue by Newco of Newco Shares to such Scheme Shareholders;
- (b) Newco will purchase all of the issued shares in Metoz Holdings for cash; and
- (c) if the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, all Metcash Options will be cancelled in consideration for the issue by Newco of Newco Options to Scheme Optionholders.

**CCC** means Campbells Cash & Carry.

**Certificate** has the meaning given to it in Annexure A Part 1.

**CGT rollover relief** has the meaning given to it in Section 15.1.

**CHESS** means the clearing house electronic sub-register system of share transfers operated by ASX Settlement and Transfer Corporation Pty Ltd.

**Conditions** means the conditions precedent specified in Section 3.1 of the Implementation Agreement (included in Section 19 of this Scheme Booklet, and summarised in Section 9.3 of this Scheme Booklet).

Consortium has the meaning given to it in Section 8.1.

**Consortium Facility Agreement** has the meaning given to it in Section 8.5.

Corporations Act means the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth).

**Court** means the Supreme Court of New South Wales.

CULS means convertible, redeemable, subordinated, unsecured loan notes proposed to be issued by Metcash.

**CULS Holders** means each person who is a holder of CULS from time to time.

CULS Issue Price means \$2.54 or any other price agreed between Metcash and the CULS Underwriter.

CULS Prospectus means the prospectus proposed to be issued by Metcash in relation to the Rights Offer.

CULS Terms means the terms of issue of the CULS.

**CULS Underwriter** means Deutsche Bank.

**CUPS** means Convertible Undated Preference Shares.

CUPS Holder means Deutsche Bank.

CUPS Issue Price means \$1.00 for each CUPS.

**CUPS Terms** means the terms of issue of the CUPS.

**Deed Poll** means the deed poll dated 11 February 2005 executed by Newco in favour of Scheme Participants undertaking to perform certain obligations in connection with the Metcash Schemes.

Deutsche Bank means Deutsche Bank AG.

Direct and Indirect Shareholders means, in respect of Newco, M & GM, Michael Roche and Geraldine Mary Roche.

**Director** means a director of Metcash from time to time.

**Downstream Acquisition Resolution** (or **Resolution I**) means a resolution to be considered, and if thought fit passed, by Shareholders approving the acquisition by Newco of relevant interests in more than 20% of the voting shares in Metcash through its acquisition of Metoz.

DRP means the underwritten dividend reinvestment plan proposed to be established by Newco.

**Earnings Per Share** or **EPS** means earnings per share pre-goodwill amortisation and amortisation of non-recurring transaction costs and restructure costs.



#### **Effective** when used in relation to:

- (a) a Metcash Scheme, means the coming into effect, pursuant to section 411(10) of the Corporations Act, of the order of the Court made under section 411(4)(b) in relation to that Metcash Scheme; and
- (b) the Metoz Scheme, means the coming into effect of the Metoz Scheme pursuant to section 311 of the Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 (South Africa); and
- (c) the Capital Reorganisation, means the Metcash Share Scheme and Metoz Scheme becoming "Effective" in the manner described in (a) and (b) above.

#### Effective Date when used in relation to:

- (a) a Metcash Scheme, means the date on which an office copy of a Court order under section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act approving that Scheme is lodged with ASIC; and
- (b) the Metoz Scheme, means the date on which the order of the High Court of South Africa approving the Metoz Scheme is lodged with the South African Registrar of Companies.

End Date means 31 May 2005 or such later date as Metcash and Newco may agree in writing.

Equity Placement means the issue of 89,850,000 ordinary shares by Metcash under an institutional placement on 6 December 2004.

Exchange Deed means the exchange deed dated on or about 21 January 2005 between Newco and Deutsche Bank in relation to the CUPS.

Extraordinary General Meeting means the extraordinary general meeting of Shareholders to be held for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit passing, the Resolutions.

**Finance Document** has the meaning set out in Section 12.6.

Financial Assistance Resolutions (or Resolutions 3-5) means the special resolutions to be considered, and if thought fit passed, by Shareholders to permit Metcash and its subsidiaries (including, if the Takeover Offer is successful, Foodland and its subsidiaries) to financially assist the Share Acquisitions.

Financial Benefits has the meaning set out in Section 14.3(a) of this Scheme Booklet.

FIRB means Foreign Investment Review Board.

FMCG means Fast Moving Consumer Goods.

Foodland means Foodland Associated Limited (ABN 13 008 667 650).

Foodland Australia means the Australian business carried on by Foodland and its subsidiaries.

Foodland New Zealand means the New Zealand businesses carried on by Foodland and its subsidiaries.

Foodland Shareholder means a person registered in the register of members of Foodland as a holder of Foodland Shares from time to time.

Foodland Shares means fully paid ordinary shares in Foodland.

Foodland Wholesale means the Australian Franchise and Supply business currently owned by Foodland.

FSGs means the financial services guides contained in Sections 17 and 18 of this Scheme Booklet.

**Group** means initially, Metcash and its subsidiaries, with the addition of:

- (1) Newco and its subsidiaries upon implementation of the Metoz Scheme; and
- (2) Foodland and its subsidiaries upon Foodland becoming a subsidiary of Metcash, excluding subsidiaries that relate solely to Foodland New Zealand and the Action Guarantors (being the guarantors described in Section 12.8(e)) while the Action Facility is secured and outstanding.

**GST** means Goods and Services Tax.

**Hedging Policy** means 50% of the Facility Limit within 3 months of first drawdown under the Facility. All hedging is to be maintained with the Lenders.

IBA means Independent Brands Australia.

**Implementation Agreement** means the Implementation Agreement dated 3 February 2005 between Metcash and Newco in relation to the Metcash Schemes as set out in Section 19 of this Scheme Booklet.

Implementation Date means, in relation to a Scheme, the date one Business Day following the Record Date.

**Independents** means supermarket retailers not affiliated with the major chains Coles Myer, Woolworths and Franklins, each an **Independent**.

**Independent Accountant** means PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited.

Independent Accountant's Report means the report of the Independent Accountant set out in Section 18 of this Scheme Booklet.

Independent Directors means the directors of Metcash other than those directors who are also directors of Metoz.

IGA means IGA Distribution.

**Independent Expert** means PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited.

**Independent Expert's Report** means the report of the Independent Expert on the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme set out in Section 17 of this Scheme Booklet.

Johannesburg Stock Exchange means the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa.

**Listed Holding Company** has the meaning given to it in Section 14.4(a).

M & GM means M & GM Investments Pty Ltd.

Margin has the meaning given to it in Section 12.12.

Material Adverse Change has the meaning given to it in the Implementation Agreement.

**Maturity Date** means, in respect of the CULS, the date that is six months after the date of issue of the CULS or such later date as determined in accordance with the CULS Terms.

Meetings means the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting.

Metcash means Metcash Trading Limited (ABN 61 000 03 | 569).

**Metcash A Shares** means preference shares in Metcash which have a preferential right to the same dividends as Metcash Shares and which are proposed to be issued by Metcash to Foodland Shareholders as part of the consideration for the Takeover Offer.

**Metcash Option Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Optionholders in respect of the Metcash Options, as described in this Scheme Booklet, subject to any alteration or condition made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Corporations Act.

**Metcash Option Scheme Meeting** means the scheme meeting of Optionholders to consider, and if thought fit approve, the Metcash Option Scheme.

Metcash Options mean options to subscribe for a Metcash Share granted under the Option Plan, individually a Metcash Option.

Metcash Schemes means the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme.

**Metcash Share Scheme** means the scheme of arrangement pursuant to Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act to be made between Metcash and Scheme Shareholders, as described in this Scheme Booklet, subject to any alterations or conditions made or required by the Court pursuant to section 411(6) of the Corporations Act.

**Metcash Share Scheme Meeting** means the scheme meeting of Shareholders (other than Metoz) to consider, and if thought fit approve, the Metcash Share Scheme.

Metcash Shares mean fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of Metcash, individually a Metcash Share.



Metrade has the meaning given to it in Section 8.1.

MARKETERS

Metoz means Metoz Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Pinnacle Holdings Limited, a Jersey resident company, Wickson Corporation Limited, a Netherlands Antilles resident company, and Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a Dutch resident company or any of them.

Metoz Consideration means the consideration payable for the Metoz shares, being the equivalent of \$2.85 per Metcash Share held by Metoz (based on Metcash valuing each Metcash Share held by Metoz at \$2.92 and on the basis that Metoz's Net Liabilities are 7 cents per Metcash Share held by Metoz).

Metoz Holdings means Metoz Holdings Limited (a holding company of Metcash listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange in South Africa).

Metoz Holdings Shareholder means each person who is registered in the register of members of Metoz Holdings as a holder of shares in Metoz Holdings from time to time.

Metoz Information means the information concerning Metoz contained in Section 8 of this Scheme Booklet.

Metoz Interest in Metcash means the stake in Metcash indirectly held by Metoz Holdings through its wholly-owned subsidiary Soetensteeg which as at 12 January 2005 was approximately 52%.

Metoz Net Liabilities means Metcash's understanding of the net liabilities of Metoz as at the Implementation Date.

Metoz Offer Amount means the aggregate cash sum payable by Newco to Metoz Holdings for on-payment to Metoz Holdings shareholders under the Metoz Scheme plus the sum payable by Newco to Metoz to settle the Metoz Net Liabilities, being the total sum of \$1,124,205,879.

Metoz Scheme means the Scheme of Arrangement which is proposed by Newco between Metoz and its members in terms of section 311 of the South African Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 which will result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz.

Metoz Scheme Meeting means the meeting to be convened by order of the High Court of South Africa pursuant to section 311 of the South African Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 in order to consider and, if deemed fit, approve the Metoz Scheme.

Metoz Scheme Offer Amount means the aggregate cash sum payable by Newco to the Metoz Holdings Shareholders under the Metoz Scheme, being the sum of \$1,097,503,000.

Newco means The Newco Project X Limited (ACN 112 073 480).

**Newco Board** means the board of directors of Newco from time to time.

Newco Information means the information concerning Newco and its intentions in relation to Metcash and Foodland, contained in Section 7 of this Scheme Booklet.

**Newco Option Plan** means The Newco Project X Limited Employee Option Plan.

Newco Option means an option to subscribe for an ordinary share in Newco granted under the Newco Option Plan.

Newco Shares means fully paid ordinary shares in Newco to be issued to Scheme Shareholders under the Metcash Share Scheme.

Non-Metoz Shareholder means a Shareholder other than Metoz Holdings and its wholly owned subsidiaries.

Notices of Meetings means the notices of the Scheme Meetings and Extraordinary General Meeting accompanying this Scheme Booklet.

**NPAT** means Net Profit After Tax.

NZ Facility means a new NZ\$440 million 6 month cash advance to refinance facilities of Foodland New Zealand.

NZ Holdco means NZ Holdco Limited (ACN 112 196 077), which, after the completion of the Takeover Offer, the compulsory acquisition by Metcash of any outstanding minority shares in Foodland and a reorganisation of Foodland New Zealand, will be the Australian holding company for Foodland New Zealand.

#### AMPREH S CASH & CARRY

**NZ Shares** means the preference shares which have economic entitlements to the profits of Foodland New Zealand and which are proposed to be issued by Metcash to Foodland Shareholders as part consideration for the Takeover Offer.

**NZ Shareholder** means a person who is registered in the Register as the holder of NZ Share.

**Optionholder** means each Metcash employee who is entered in the Option Register as the holder of Metcash Options from time to time.

Option Plan means the Metcash Trading Limited Employee Option Plan.

Option Register means the Metcash register of Optionholders.

**Outcome I** - Capital Reorganisation Effective but Takeover Offer unsuccessful.

Outcome 2 - Capital Reorganisation not Effective but Takeover Offer successful.

**Outcome 3** - Capital Reorganisation Effective and Takeover Offer successful.

Outcomes means Outcome 1, Outcome 2 and Outcome 3, each an Outcome.

**Overseas Shareholder** means a Scheme Shareholder whose address in the Register is a place outside Australia and its external territories, New Zealand and South Africa other than Metoz.

**Post-Scheme Restructuring** means the proposed restructuring of the Newco group (assuming the Schemes become Effective) described in Section 9.7 of this Scheme Booklet.

**PwCS** means PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited.

Record Date means 15 April 2005.

**Redemption Amount** has the meaning given to it in Section 12.12.

Register means the Metcash register of members.

**Regulatory Approval** means the regulatory approvals specified in Section 3.1(a) of the Implementation Agreement (included in Section 19 of this Scheme Booklet).

**Related Party Benefit Resolution** (or **Resolution 2**) means the special resolution to be considered, and if thought fit passed, by Shareholders to allow Metcash to provide financial benefits to Newco.

**Resolutions** means the Downstream Acquisition Resolution, the Related Party Benefit Resolution and the Financial Assistance Resolutions.

**Resolution I** means the Downstream Acquisition Resolution.

**Resolution 2** means the Related Party Benefit Resolution.

**Resolutions 3-5** means the Financial Assistance Resolutions.

**Rights Issue** means the proposed issue of CULS to eligible Shareholders.

Scheme Booklet means this booklet.

Scheme Meeting when used in relation to:

- a Metcash Scheme, means a meeting to be convened by an order of the Court pursuant to section 411(1) of the Corporations Act to consider that Metcash Scheme; and
- the Metoz Scheme means a meeting convened by an Order of the court pursuant to section 311 of the Companies Act No 61 of 1973 (South Africa).

Scheme of Arrangement means a scheme of arrangement under Part 5.1 of the Corporations Act.

**Scheme Optionholders** means each person who is an Optionholder at the Record Date.

**Scheme Participants** means the Scheme Shareholders and Scheme Optionholders.



Scheme Shareholders means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares at the Record Date other than Metoz.

**Schemes** means the Metcash Schemes and the Metoz Scheme, each a **Scheme**.

**Second Court Date** has the meaning given to it in Section 9.3(a).

**Share Acquisitions** means the acquisitions of shares in:

- (a) Metoz Holdings and Metcash by Newco;
- (b) Newco by Metcash shareholders other than Metoz;
- (c) Foodland by Metcash;
- (d) subsidiaries of Foodland by Action Holdco, NZ Holdco or other Metcash subsidiaries; and
- (e) Metcash and/or Newco by Foodland Shareholders.

Shareholder means each person who is registered in the Register as the holder of Metcash Shares from time to time (including Metoz).

Soetensteeg means Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a company incorporated in the Netherlands, and which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Metoz.

SPP means the share purchase plan offered by Metcash to Australian and New Zealand Shareholders from 16 December 2004 to 11 January 2005.

**S&P** means Standard & Poor's.

Subscriber has the meaning set out in Part 2 of Annexure A.

Subscription Agreement means the subscription agreement dated on or about 21 January 2005 between Metcash, Newco and Deutsche Bank.

Syndicated Facility means a new 3 year senior unsecured syndicated cash advance facility to be entered into by Metcash for the purposes of the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer.

Takeover Offer means Metcash's offer to acquire Foodland Shares in the form announced on 6 December 2004.

Tax Adviser's Report means the report of Greenwoods & Freehills set out in Sections 15.1 and 15.2 of this Scheme Booklet.

Ultimate Australian Holding Company has the meaning given to it in Section 14.4(a).

Underwriting Agreement means the underwriting agreement dated on or about 21 January 2005 between Metcash and Deutsche Bank.

**VWAP** means volume weighted average price.

Working Capital Facility means a new \$150 million 364 day working capital facility to be entered into by Metcash.

# 24 Notice of Metcash Share Scheme Meeting

By an order of the Court pursuant to Section 411(1) of the Corporations Act, a meeting of ordinary shareholders of Metcash Trading Limited (**Metcash**) (other than Soetensteeg) will be held in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney 2000 on 22 March 2005 at 2.00pm for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution:

'That, pursuant to and in accordance with section 411 of the Corporations Act, the Metcash Share Scheme proposed to be entered into between Metcash and its fully paid ordinary shareholders (other than Soetensteeg) (which is described in the Scheme Booklet of which the notice convening this meeting forms part) is approved (with or without modification as approved by the Court).'

# **Explanatory Notes**

# Material accompanying this notice

This notice of meeting and the resolution should be read in conjunction with the Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part. Terms used in this notice, unless otherwise defined, have the same meaning as set out in the Glossary in Section 23 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part.

A copy of the Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement is contained in Section 20 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part.

A blue proxy form also accompanies this notice.

### Voting

The directors of Metcash unanimously recommend that you vote in favour of the resolution. They each intend to vote all Metcash Shares held by them in favour of the resolution.

# Majority required

In accordance with section 41 I (4)(a) of the Corporations Act, for the Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement to be approved by Shareholders, the resolution must be passed by:

- a majority in number of holders of ordinary shares in Metcash (other than Metoz) present and voting (either in person or by proxy);
   and
- 75% of the votes cast on the resolution.

#### Voting by poll

Voting at the meeting will occur by poll.

### Court approval

In accordance with section 41 I(4)(b) of the Corporations Act, to become Effective, the Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement must be approved by order of the Court. If the resolution set out in this notice is approved by the required majorities set out above and the conditions precedent set out in the Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement are satisfied or waived, Metcash will apply to the Court for the necessary orders to give effect to the Metcash Share Scheme of Arrangement.

#### Determination of entitlement to attend and vote

For the purposes of voting at the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting, Metcash Shares will be taken to be held by the persons who are registered as members as at 7.00 pm on Monday 21 March 2005.



#### **Proxies**

If you are a member entitled to attend and vote, you are entitled to appoint one or two proxies. Where two proxies are appointed, you may specify the number or proportion of votes that each may exercise, failing which each may exercise half of the votes. A proxy need not be a member of Metcash.

If you want to appoint a proxy in respect of the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting, please complete and return part A of the blue form provided. If you want to appoint two proxies, apply to Metcash's external share registrar, Registries Limited.

To be effective, the blue proxy form must be received by Registries Limited, at the address or facsimile number below, or by Metcash at our registered office, 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW 2128, Australia, not later than 2.00 pm on Sunday 20 March 2005.

A replacement proxy form may be obtained from Metcash's external share registrar:

Registries Limited PO Box R67 Royal Exchange Sydney NSW 1223 Australia

Telephone +61 9290 9600 Facsimile +61 2 9279 0664

By order of the board

John Randall

Company secretary Metcash Trading Limited

11 February 2005

# 25 Notice of Metcash Option Scheme Meeting

By an order of the Court pursuant to Section 411(1) of the Corporations Act, a meeting of option holders of Metcash Trading Limited (**Metcash**) will be held in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney 2000 on 22 March 2005 at 2.30pm or as soon after that time as the Metcash Share Scheme Meeting is concluded or adjourned for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution:

That, pursuant to and in accordance with section 411 of the Corporations Act, the Metcash Option Scheme proposed to be entered into between Metcash and its optionholders (which is described in the Scheme Booklet of which the notice convening this meeting forms part) is approved (with or without modification as approved by the Court).

# **Explanatory Notes**

# Material accompanying this notice

This notice of meeting and the resolution should be read in conjunction with the Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part. Terms used in this notice, unless otherwise defined, have the same meaning as set out in the Glossary in Section 23 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part.

A copy of the Metcash Option Scheme of Arrangement is contained in Section 21 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part.

A pink proxy form also accompanies this notice.

# Voting

The directors of Metcash unanimously recommend that you vote in favour of the resolution. They each intend to vote all Metcash Options held by them in favour of the resolution.

# Majority required

In accordance with section 411(4)(a) of the Corporations Act, for the Metcash Option Scheme of Arrangement to be approved by Optionholders, the resolution must be passed by a majority in number of holders of options in Metcash present and voting (either in person or by proxy) being a majority whose "debts or claims" against Metcash (represented by their Metcash Options) amount in aggregate to at least 75% of the total amount of the "debts or claims" of the Metcash Optionholders present and voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting.

#### Voting by poll

Voting at the meeting will occur by poll.

# Court approval

In accordance with section 411(4)(b) of the Corporations Act, to become Effective, the Metcash Option Scheme of Arrangement must be approved by order of the Court. If the resolution set out in this notice is approved by the required majorities set out above and the conditions precedent set out in the Metcash Option Scheme of Arrangement are satisfied or waived, the Company will apply to the Court for the necessary orders to give effect to the Metcash Option Scheme of Arrangement.

# Determination of entitlement to attend and vote

For the purposes of voting at the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting, Metcash Options will be taken to be held by the persons who are registered as holders of Metcash Options in the Option Register as at 7.00 pm on Monday 21 March 2005.





#### **Proxies**

If you are an Optionholder entitled to attend and vote, you are entitled to appoint one or two proxies. Where two proxies are appointed, you may specify the number or proportion of votes that each may exercise, failing which each may exercise half of the votes. A proxy need not be a member or Optionholder of Metcash.

If you want to appoint a proxy in respect of the Metcash Option Scheme Meeting, please complete and return part A of the pink form provided. If you want to appoint two proxies, apply to Metcash's external share registrar, Registries Limited.

To be effective, the pink proxy form must be received by Registries Limited, at the address or facsimile number below, or by Metcash at our registered office, 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW 2128, Australia, not later than 2.00 pm on Sunday 20 March 2005.

A replacement proxy form may be obtained from Metcash's external share registrar:

Registries Limited PO Box R67 Royal Exchange Sydney NSW 1223 Australia

Telephone +61 9290 9600 Facsimile +61 2 9279 0664

By order of the board

John Randall

Company secretary Metcash Trading Limited

11 February 2005

# 26 Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting

# Metcash Trading Limited (ABN 61 000 031 569)

#### Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting

Notice is given to the members of Metcash Trading Limited (**Metcash**) that an Extraordinary General Meeting of Metcash will be held in the Teale Room, at the Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney, NSW, 2000 on Tuesday 22 March 2005 at 3.00pm or as soon after that time as the Scheme Meetings are concluded or adjourned. The purpose of the meeting is to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions:

### Resolution 1 Downstream Acquisition Resolution

Shareholders are asked to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolution as an ordinary resolution:

"That, for the purposes of item 7 of section 611 of the Corporations Act, the acquisition by Newco (and its Direct and Indirect Shareholders) of a relevant interest in 52% of the ordinary shares in Metcash as a result of Newco's acquisition of shares in Metoz Holdings in the event that the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective, as described in Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part, is approved."

An explanation of the acquisition the subject of Resolution 1 is contained in Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part.

Metcash will disregard any votes in favour of Resolution 1 by:

- Newco and its associates (including Metoz); and
- any person holding shares in Metoz Holdings or their associates.

# Resolution 2 Related Party Benefit Resolution

Shareholders are asked to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolution as a special resolution:

"That, in accordance with section 208(1)(a) of the Corporations Act, approval is given for the Financial Benefits to be provided by Metcash and entities it controls to Newco in connection with the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer, as described in Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part."

An explanation of the proposed financial benefits under Resolution 2 is contained in Section 14 of this Scheme Booklet.

Metcash will disregard any votes cast on Resolution 2 by Newco and its associates (including Metoz).

#### Resolutions 3-5 Financial Assistance Resolutions

Shareholders are asked to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions as special resolutions:

- 3 "That, for the purposes of section 260B(1) of the Corporations Act, approval is given for the financial assistance to be provided by Metcash to Newco in connection with the Share Acquisitions by Newco, all as described in Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part."
- 4 "That for the purposes of section 260B(1) of the Corporations Act, approval is given for the financial assistance to be provided by Metcash to Metcash Shareholders other than Metoz in connection with the Share Acquisitions by Metcash Shareholders other than Metoz, all as described in Section 14 of this Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part."
- "That for the purposes of sections 260B(2) and 260B(3) of the Corporations Act, approval is given for the financial assistance to be provided by Metcash's subsidiaries (including, if the Takeover Offer is successful, Foodland and/or its subsidiaries) to Newco, Non-Metoz Shareholders, Metcash, Action Holdco, NZ Holdco or other subsidiaries of Metcash, and Foodland Shareholders in connection with the Share Acquisitions, all as described in Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice of meeting forms part."

#### CADISTRIBUTION



An explanation of the proposed financial assistance under Resolution 3 is contained in Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part.

Metcash will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 3 by Newco or its associates (including Metoz).

Metcash will disregard any votes cast in favour of Resolution 4 by any Non-Metoz Shareholder and its associates.

All Shareholders (including Metoz) may vote either for or against Resolution 5.

# **Explanatory Notes**

#### Material accompanying this notice

This notice of meeting and the resolution should be read in conjunction with this Scheme Booklet. Terms used in this notice, unless otherwise defined, have the same meaning as set out in the Glossary in Section 23 of this Scheme Booklet of which this notice forms part.

A green proxy form also accompanies this notice.

#### Voting

The directors of Metcash unanimously recommend that you vote in favour of the Resolutions. They each intend to vote all Metcash Shares held by them in favour of the Resolutions.

# Majority required

The Downstream Acquisition Resolutions (Resolution 1) must be approved by a majority of the votes cast by Shareholders voting on the resolution.

The Related Party Benefit Resolution (Resolution 2) must be approved by 75% of the votes cast by Shareholders voting on the resolution. The Financial Assistance Resolutions (Resolutions 3-5) must be approved by 75% of the votes cast by Shareholders voting on the resolutions.

#### Determination of entitlement to attend and vote

For the purposes of voting at the Extraordinary General Meeting, Metcash Shares will be taken to be held by the persons who are registered as members as at 7.00pm on Monday, 21 March 2005.

#### **Proxies**

If you are a member entitled to attend and vote, you are entitled to appoint one or two proxies. Where two proxies are appointed, you may specify the number or proportion of votes that each may exercise, failing which each may exercise half of the votes. A proxy need not be a member of Metcash.

If you want to appoint a proxy in respect of the Extraordinary General Meeting, please complete and return part A of the green form provided. If you want to appoint two proxies, apply to Metcash's external share registrar, Registries Limited.

To be effective, the green proxy form must be received by Registries Limited, at the address or facsimile number below, or by Metcash at our registered office, 4 Newington Road, Silverwater, NSW 2128, Australia, not later than 2.00 pm on Sunday 20 March 2005.

A replacement proxy form may be obtained from Metcash's external share registrar:

Registries Limited PO Box R67 Royal Exchange Sydney NSW 1223 Australia

Telephone +612 9290 9600 Facsimile +61 2 9279 0664

By order of the Board

Dated: | | February 2005

John Randall

Company secretary

Metcash Trading Limited



# Annexure A - Summaries

# Part 1 - CULS Underwriting Agreement

# (a) Underwriting

Under the Underwriting Agreement, Deutsche Bank (the CULS Underwriter) agrees to underwrite Metcash's Rights Issue of the CULS (Rights Issue), up to the amount of \$744,144,367, at a price of \$2.54 per CULS or such other amount as agreed (CULS Issue Price) between Metcash and the CULS Underwriter. The CULS Underwriter agrees to underwrite by either procuring subscribers for CULS or purchasing CULS itself. The Rights Issue will be done by a pro-rata "jumbo" style offer under which the institutional component of the Rights Issue is conducted on an accelerated timetable such that the offer to Shareholders who are institutional investors under the Rights Issue will open and close earlier than the offer to other eligible shareholders under the retail component of the Rights Issue.

#### (b) Pre-conditions

The obligations of the CULS Underwriter under the Underwriting Agreement in relation to the institutional component of the Rights Issue are conditional on:

- (1) completion of due diligence investigations in connection with the Rights Issue to the satisfaction of the CULS Underwriter (acting reasonably), including the verification of the CULS Prospectus and the delivery of a due diligence report in a form acceptable to the CULS Underwriter (acting reasonably) on or before the date on which the institutional component of the Rights Issue opens. This condition will be taken to be satisfied if the CULS Underwriter's representatives on the due diligence committee established by the board in relation to the preparation of the CULS Prospectus sign the due diligence report;
- (2) the CULS Underwriter receiving, on or before the day that the institutional component of the Rights Issue opens, a copy of the signed opinion letters from Metcash's solicitors and investigating accountants expressed for the benefit of the members of the due diligence committee established by the board in relation to the preparation of the CULS Prospectus;
- (3) Metcash opening (or having the CULS Underwriter or Metcash's registry open) the lists for receipt of institutional acceptances by the day that the institutional component of the Rights Offer opens;
- (4) the granting of a confirmation by the ASX in respect of certain matters relating to the Rights Issue;
- (5) Metoz notifying Metcash, in writing, that it is not taking up its entitlement to participate in the Rights Issue by no later than the date that the institutional component of the Rights Issue opens;
- (6) Metcash delivering a certificate to the CULS Underwriter confirming that except as notified to the CULS Underwriter before the date of giving the certificate, to the best of Metcash's knowledge, information and belief no termination event has occurred and each of the warranties given under the agreement is true and correct and not misleading in any way (Certificate), by 10am on the date that the institutional component of the Rights Issue opens; and
- (7) the CULS Underwriter receiving, on or before the date that the institutional component of the Rights Issue opens, a copy of the trust deed in relation to the CULS, incorporating the CULS terms of issue and executed by the all parties.

In addition, the obligations of the CULS Underwriter under the Underwriting Agreement in relation to the retail component of the Rights Issue are conditional on:

- (1) Metcash lodging the CULS Prospectus with ASIC by the date agreed for lodgement of the CULS Prospectus;
- (2) Metcash opening (or having its registry open) the lists for receipt of entitlement and acceptance forms by the date agreed for the retail component of the Rights Issue to open; and
- (3) Metcash delivering a further Certificate to the CULS Underwriter by 5pm on the business day before the date agreed for the retail component of the Rights Issue to open.

# (c) Commission and expenses

Metcash has agreed to pay the CULS Underwriter a commission of 2.0% of the underwritten amount immediately upon the issue of the CULS under the Rights Issue and to reimburse the CULS Underwriter for all reasonable legal fees and expenses, all other costs and expenses of and incidental to the Rights Issue (including advertising and promotion costs), any transaction taxes and any reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred by it in connection with the Rights Issue. The CULS Underwriter is responsible for the payment of all sub-underwriting fees, handling fees, brokerage and other charges incurred by it to procure applications for CULS.

#### (d) Termination events

If any of the pre-conditions are not satisfied by the relevant date specified, the CULS Underwriter may immediately terminate its obligations.

The CULS Underwriter may also terminate its underwriting liability under the Underwriting Agreement, if any of the following events occur before the settlement date of the Rights Issue:

- (1) (**ASX indices fall**) The All Ordinaries Index is at a level which is lower than or equal to the level which is 12.5% below its level as at the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the date of the Underwriting Agreement:
  - (A) during any period of 3 consecutive Business Days;
  - (B) during any one of the 2 Business Days immediately preceding the date the institutional component of the Rights Offer opens;
  - (C) during any one of the 2 Business Days immediately preceding the payment date for the institutional component of the Rights Issue;
  - (D) during any one of the 2 Business Days immediately preceding the settlement date of the Rights Issue;
- (2) (**change in law**) there is introduced into the parliament of the Commonwealth of Australia, any State or Territory of Australia, a new law, or the Government of Australia or any State or Territory of Australia, announces prospective legislation or policy, or ASIC, its delegates, or the Reserve Bank of Australia, adopts any regulation or policy, which:
  - (A) does or is likely to prohibit, restrict or regulate the Rights Issue; or
  - (B) materially reduces the level or likely level of valid applications;
  - other than any such law, announcement or policy which is announced before the date of the Underwriting Agreement;
- (3) (breach of significant contracts) without the prior consent of the CULS Underwriter (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed), a significant or material contract referred to in the CULS Prospectus is breached by Metcash or a related body corporate, terminated, altered or amended, or found to be void or voidable;
- (4) (**listing**) ASX makes an official statement that ASX approval will not be given for listing of the CULS, or such approval has not been given by the closing date;
- (5) (**default**) Metcash is in default under the Underwriting Agreement or breaches in any respect any warranty or covenant in the Underwriting Agreement, and the default or breach is incapable of remedy or is not remedied within five business days after it occurs;
- (6) (failure to comply) Metcash or a related body corporate (other than Metoz) fails to comply in a material way with a clause of its constitution, a statute, the listing rules, any policy or guidelines of ASIC or any other requirement, order or request made by or on behalf of ASIC or any governmental agency or any material agreement entered into by it;
- (7) (capital structure) Metcash or a related body corporate (other than Metoz) alters its capital structure without the prior written consent of the CULS Underwriter other than;
  - 1. as contemplated in the proposed transactions as at the date of the Underwriting Agreement;
  - 2. as a result of an increase in the scrip consideration alternative being offered under the Takeover Offer;
  - 3. under an existing employee share plan;
  - 4. under a dividend reinvestment plan;



- (8) (constitution altered) without the prior written consent of the CULS Underwriter (which must not be unreasonably withheld) and subject to the proposed transactions, Metcash or a related body corporate (other than Metoz) amends its constitution;
- (9) (financial assistance) without the prior written consent of the CULS Underwriter and subject to the proposed transactions, Metcash or a related body corporate (other than Metoz) seeks shareholder approval under section 260B of the Corporations Act;
- (10) (business) without the prior written consent of the CULS Underwriter and subject to the proposed transactions, Metcash or a related body corporate (other than Metoz):
  - (A) disposes or agrees to dispose of (the whole of or a substantial part of) its business or property unless:
    - (i) in the reasonable opinion of the CULS Underwriter, the disposal or acquisition does not have or is not likely to have a material adverse effect on Metcash;
    - (ii) the disposal or acquisition is in the ordinary course of business and, in the case of a disposal, is for full market consideration,
  - (B) or ceases or threatens to cease to carry on business;

- (11) (hostilities) there is an outbreak of hostilities not presently existing, a major escalation in existing hostilities, declaration of a national emergency, or the perpetration of a major terrorist act;
- (12) (adverse change) subject to the proposed transactions, an adverse change occurs (or becomes known) after lodgement of the CULS Prospectus in the assets, liabilities, financial position or performance, profits, losses or prospectus of Metcash including from those disclosed in the CULS Prospectus;
- (13) (CULS Prospectus) the CULS Prospectus contains a material omission, contains a materially misleading or deceptive statement or a statement that becomes materially misleading or deceptive, or the CULS Prospectus does not comply with Section 710(1) of the Corporations Act, or a matter referred to in Section 719 of the Corporations Act occurs in respect of the CULS Prospectus;
- (14) (Corporations Act) in relation to the Corporations Act and the CULS Prospectus:
  - (A) ASIC applies for a order under Section 1324B and it is not withdrawn or dismissed before the closing date;
  - (B) a person gives a notice under Section 730;
  - (C) ASIC gives notice of intention to hold a hearing in relation to the CULS Prospectus under Section 739(2) or makes an interim order under Section 739 (other than an order which does not become public and is withdrawn within 3 Business Days); or
  - (D) any person, other than the CULS Underwriter, withdraws its consent to being named in the CULS Prospectus;
- (15) (supplementary prospectus) the CULS Underwriter reasonably forms the view that a supplementary or replacement prospectus must be lodged with ASIC under Section 719 of the Corporations Act and Metcash does not lodge this document in the form, content or time reasonably required by the CULS Underwriter;
- (16) (management and directors) a director (or if that person is not a director, the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer or Chief Operating Officer) of Metcash or a related body corporate is charged with an indictable offence in relation to a corporate or financial matter:
- (17) (insolvency event) any insolvency event occurs in relation to Metcash or a related body corporate;
- (18) (charge) subject to the proposed transactions, the Company or a related body corporate (other than Metoz) charges or agrees to charge the whole or a substantial part of its business or property;
- (19) (ASX Listing Rules) Metcash commits a material breach of the ASX Listing Rules;
- (20) (banking moratorium) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities is declared, or there is a material disruption in commercial banking or security settlement or clearance services, in Australia, the United States or the United Kingdom; or
- (21) (ASX trading) trading in all securities quoted or listed on the ASX is suspended or limited in a material respect for three consecutive trading days or substantially all of a trading day.

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In respect of the events set out in 3, 5, 6 to 19 inclusive, the CULS Underwriter can only exercise its right of termination if the CULS Underwriter determines (reasonably and in good faith) that the event has or would have had a material adverse effect on the Rights Issue or could create a potential material liability for the CULS Underwriter under the Corporations Act.

If the CULS Underwriter is entitled to terminate the underwriting agreement prior to the institutional opening date, it must first give notice to Metcash, negotiate in good faith with Metcash to seek to agree a new Issue Price and, failing such agreement, may exercise its right to terminate.

#### (e) Warranties, covenants and indemnities

Metcash gives the CULS Underwriter certain customary representations and warranties concerning, amongst other things, the content of the prospectus relating to the Rights Issue complying with the Corporations Act and the Listing Rules. Metcash also gives certain covenants to the CULS Underwriter with regard to the conduct of its business during the offer period for the CULS. In particular, Metcash must not draw down under the Syndicated Facility until the earlier of the redemption of the CULS in accordance with the CULS terms of issue, the Metcash Share Scheme becoming Effective or the Takeover Offer becoming unconditional.

Metcash agrees to indemnify the CULS Underwriter, its directors, officers, employees or advisers against all losses suffered by such parties arising from the Rights Issue except where such losses were incurred as a result of the fraud, recklessness, wilful misconduct or negligence of such indemnified parties or any penalty which an indemnified party is required to pay for any contravention of the Corporations Act. Indemnifiable losses do not include loss or damage suffered simply as a result of the CULS Underwriter being required to perform its obligations under the Underwriting Agreement or being required to compensate Metcash for a breach of the CULS Underwriter of that agreement.

# Part 2 - CUPS Subscription Agreement

# Summary of CUPS Subscription Agreement

# (a) Subscription

Under the Subscription Agreement, Deutsche Bank (the **Subscriber**) agrees to subscribe for, and Metcash agrees to issue to the Subscriber, 500,000 CUPS for an aggregate sum of \$50,000,000, on the terms set out in the Subscription Agreement and the terms of issue of the CUPS (**CUPS Terms**). The Subscriber is also entitled to hedge some or all of the CUPS issued to the Subscriber, provided that the Subscriber remains the holder of the CUPS.

#### (b) Pre-conditions

The obligations of the Subscriber to subscribe for CUPS under the subscription agreement are conditional upon the following being satisfied or waived by the Subscriber by 31 May 2005 (or such other date as the parties may agree):

- (I) the completion of the issue of the CULS as set out in the Underwriting Agreement;
- (2) Metcash delivering to the Subscriber evidence of the Metcash Scheme coming into full force and effect in accordance with the Corporations Act;
- (3) Newco and Metcash each delivering to the Subscriber, on the date immediately before the day on which the Metoz Scheme Meeting is held, a certificate whereby two directors of each company certify that as at the date of each such certificate, and other than as notified to the Subscriber prior to the date of the certificate, neither company has failed to comply with its obligations pursuant to the transaction documents to which each of them is a party, that none of the representations and warranties made by each of them are untrue and incorrect and misleading in any respect and no termination event (see below) has occurred;
- (4) the receipt by Metcash and Newco (as the case may be) of any waivers or approvals from the ASX in a form reasonably satisfactory to the Subscriber necessary for the issue of CUPS to proceed and for shares in Newco to be delivered to holders of CUPS upon exchange in accordance with the CUPS Terms;





- (5) the delivery to the Subscriber of an opinion from Minter Ellison in the agreed form; and
- (6) Newco delivering to the Subscriber a certified copy of the executed Exchange Deed (as set out in the Subscription Agreement) and the CUPS Terms.

#### (c) Fees

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Upon issue of the CUPS, Metcash must pay the Subscriber a usage fee of \$500,000.

Metcash must also pay the reasonable legal and out of pocket costs and expenses of the Subscriber of and incidental to the negotiation and execution of the transaction documents and the issue of the CUPS pursuant to the Subscription Agreement.

# (d) Termination events

If as at 31 May 2005 (or such other date as may be agreed between the parties) any of the above conditions at (b) has not been satisfied or waived by the Subscriber or any of the events referred to in section 12.11(b)(2) occurs, either party may terminate the Subscription Agreement.

The Subscriber may also, after prior consultation with Metcash, terminate all of its outstanding obligations under the Subscription Agreement if any of the following events occur at any time prior to the Metoz Scheme Meeting:

- (1) (no quotation) the ASX does either of the following:
  - (A) suspends quotation of the Newco Shares (other than a trading halt granted with the prior consent of the Subscriber and other than a suspension for part of, but not less than, a day) for a reason connected with, or arising from, Newco not keeping the market fully informed of material matters and issues relating to Newco in accordance with ASX Listing Rule 3.1; or
  - (B) suspends quotation of the Newco Shares (other than a trading halt granted with the prior approval of the Subscriber) for a reason other than that referred to in the above sub-paragraph, for two or more consecutive Business Days;
- (2) (certificate) the certificates are not furnished by Metcash or Newco in accordance with all of the requirements of pre-condition (3) above;
- (3) (default) Metcash or Newco is in default of any of the terms or conditions of any of several transaction documents in relation to CUPS to which it is a party or breaches in any respect any warranty, representation, covenant or undertaking given by it in any such transaction document and that default or breach is either incapable of remedy or is not remedied within 5 Business Days after it occurs;
- (4) (ASIC) ASIC:
  - (i) applies for an order under Section 1324B of the Corporations Act in relation to the issue of CUPS and the application is not dismissed or withdrawn before the Metoz Scheme Meeting;
  - (ii) gives notice of intention to hold a hearing or investigation into Metcash or Newco;
  - (iii) gives notice of an intention to prosecute Metcash or Newco or any director of either company;
- (5) (capital structure) subject to the Subscription Agreement, either Newco or Metcash alters its capital structure without the prior written consent of the Subscriber, other than:
  - (i) as contemplated in the proposed transactions as at the date of the Subscription Agreement;
  - (ii) as a result of an increase in the scrip consideration alternative being offered under the Takeover Offer;
  - (iii) under an existing employee share plan of Metcash or Newco; or
  - (iv) under a dividend reinvestment plan of Metcash or Newco;
- (6) (constitution altered) subject to the Subscription Agreement or the proposed transactions, the constitution or any other constituent document of Newco or Metcash is amended without the prior written consent of the Subscriber, which consent must not be unreasonably withheld;

- (7) (adverse change) subject to the proposed transactions, any adverse change occurs (or becomes known) prior to the Metoz Scheme Meeting in the assets, liabilities, financial position or performance, profits, losses or prospects of Metcash or Newco, including any adverse change in the assets, liabilities, financial position or performance, profits, losses or prospects of Metcash or Newco including from those respectively disclosed in the CULS Prospectus;
- (8) (hostilities) there is an outbreak of hostilities (whether or not war has been declared) not presently existing, or a major escalation in existing hostilities occurs, involving any one or more of the following:
  - (A) Australia;

- (B) the United Kingdom;
- (C) the United States of America;
- (D) the Peoples Republic of China;
- (E) any of the republics formerly comprising the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics;
- (F) Japan;
- (G) Israel;
- (H) Indonesia;
- (I) any member country of the Organisation of Petrol Exporting Countries; or
- (J) any member state of the European Union,
- a national emergency is declared in any of those countries, or a major terrorist act is perpetrated anywhere in the world;
- (9) (banking moratorium) a general moratorium on commercial banking activities in Australia, the United States of America or the United Kingdom is declared by the relevant central banking authority in any of those countries, or there is a material disruption in commercial banking or security settlement or clearance services in any of those countries;
- (10) (vitiation of transaction documents):
  - (A) All or a material part of any material provision of any transaction document in relation to the CUPS (including the Subscription Agreement, the Exchange Deed or the CUPS Terms):
    - (i) ceases to have effect, otherwise and in accordance with its terms as permitted by the transaction documents; or
    - (ii) is or becomes void, voidable, illegal, invalid or unenforceable (other than by reason only of a party waiving any of its rights) or capable of being terminated, rescinded or avoided or of limited force and effect, or its performance by Metcash or Newco becomes illegal; or
  - (B) Metcash or Newco alleges or claims that such an event as has occurred; or
- (11) (**revocation of approvals**) any of the waivers or approvals provided under pre-condition (4) above by a person other than the Subscriber are repealed, revoked, terminated or withheld or expire or are modified or amended in a material respect and are not furnished, replaced or reinstated by another sufficient waiver or approval.

In respect of the events set out in (3) to (9), the Subscriber may only terminate the Subscription Agreement if the relevant event is one which, in the reasonable judgment of the Subscriber, would or is reasonably likely to materially and adversely affect the investment in the CUPS.

#### (e) Warranties, covenants

Metcash and Newco give the Subscriber certain representations and warranties ordinarily provided in relation to this type of agreement.

In addition, Metcash and Newco undertake to the Subscriber not to issue CUPS to any person other than the Subscriber without the Subscriber's prior written consent, while Metcash undertakes to the Subscriber not to issue any other Shares, options or any other securities without the Subscriber's prior written consent (such consent not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed) other than as contemplated in the proposed transactions as at the date of the Subscription Agreement, as a result of an increase in the scrip consideration alternative being offered under the Takeover Offer, under an existing employee share plan of Metcash or Newco or



under a dividend reinvestment plan of Metcash or Newco. Each also undertakes to the Subscriber (other than as set out in the proposed transactions) not to undertake any reorganisation or restructuring of Metcash or Newco or alter the constitution of either, without the Subscriber's prior consent, to comply with the CUPS Terms and to ensure that no event of default occurs under the Syndicated Facilities. Most of these undertakings continue until the date that the shares in Newco are issued under and in accordance with the Exchange Deed.

# Part 3 - Offer letter from Newco to Metoz Holdings dated 5 December 2004

# Summary of Newco's offer to purchase all Metcash Shares

Under the offer the subject of the letter (Offer), Newco offers to purchase all of the issued ordinary no par value shares in the capital of Metoz Holdings (the Metoz Holdings shares). Newco offers the South African Rand equivalent on the date on which the currency is converted, of \$0.5925° per Metoz Holdings Share, amounting to a total Metoz Scheme Offer Amount of \$1,081,081,509. The Metoz Holdings Shareholders collectively assume all exchange rate risk in relation to the payment of the consideration for the Metoz Holdings shares under the Offer.

The Offer forms the basis of the Metoz Scheme, which is intended to be implemented to effect the transaction contemplated by the Offer.

#### (a) Fees

Any fee which may be agreed to by the Metoz Holdings Board and payable by way of a facilitation fee due to any financial advisor shall be paid, as to no more than an amount of 0.3 South African cents per Metoz Holdings Share, by Metoz. In the event that no such fee or a lesser fee is paid, the consideration per Metoz Holdings Share will be increased by an amount equal to the difference between 0.3 South African cents and the amount actually paid.

## (b) Pre-conditions

The Offer is contingent on the satisfaction of the following pre-conditions:

- (I) Newco delivering by no later than 31 January 2005, a letter to the board of Metoz Holdings, confirming, in form and substance satisfactory to the South African Securities Regulation Panel, and to the reasonable satisfaction of Metoz Holdings, that it has cash resources available to satisfy in full the Metoz Scheme Offer Amount;
- (2) an unqualified recommendation from a majority of the board of directors of Metoz Holdings to the Metoz Holdings Shareholders to vote in favour of the Offer by no later than 10 business days after the delivery of the letter referred to at (1);
- (3) an independent financial adviser being appointed by the board of Metoz Holdings to advise the Metoz Holdings Shareholders and the adviser confirming that the consideration offered per Metoz Holdings Share pursuant to the Offer is fair and reasonable to Metoz Holdings Shareholders by no later than 10 business days after the delivery of the letter referred to at (1); and
- (4) all of the directors of Metoz Holdings agreeing to vote all of their Metoz Holdings shares in favour of the Metoz Scheme and agreeing to indicate this in the relevant Metoz Scheme documentation to Metoz Holdings Shareholders by no later than 10 business days after the delivery of the letter referred to at (1).

#### (c) Conditions precedent

The Metoz Scheme effecting the transfer of the Metoz Holdings shares pursuant to the Offer will be subject to the fulfilment of the following conditions precedent by no later than 30 June 2005 (except in relation to (4)):

- (1) the approval of the ISE Securities Exchange South Africa, Securities Regulation Panel and Exchange Control Department of the South African Reserve Bank, to the Metoz Scheme and all of the documents associated with that scheme:
- (2) the Metoz Scheme:
  - (A) being approved by not less than the statutory majority necessary (being no less than three-fourths of those Metoz Holdings Shareholders present and voting at the Metoz Scheme meeting);
- 9 Due to the reduction in the amount of Metoz Net Liabilities since the Announcement, as outlined in Section 1.3. this figure has now increased to \$0.6015 per Metoz share held.

- (B) being sanctioned by the High Court of South Africa; and
- (C) the order of court being registered by the Registrar of Companies;
- (3) the Metcash Share Scheme becoming unconditional in every respect (save for any condition in the Metcash Share Scheme requiring or depending on the Metoz Scheme to become unconditional);

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(4) no material adverse change having arisen in relation to Metoz, by no later than the business day prior to the date of sanction of the Metoz Scheme, where a material adverse change means any adverse effect, fact, circumstances or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance which has arisen or occurred, or which might reasonably be expected to occur and which is or might reasonably be expected (alone or together with any other actual or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance) to be material with regard to the business, continued existence, assets, revenues or financial position of Metoz. Such a change should involve an adverse impact of no less than 10% upon the assets and/or market capitalisation of Metoz Holdings and its subsidiaries (other than Metcash) for the change to be "material".

# Part 4 - Summary of Newco constitution

- (a) (**Share capital**) Newco directors may issue or cancel Newco Shares (including preference shares), or grant options over unissued Newco Shares.
- (b) (**Transfer of Newco Shares**) Subject to Newco's constitution and to the rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares, a member may transfer all or any of their shares by a proper ASTC transfer or an instrument in writing in any usual form or in any other form that the directors of Newco approve.
  - The transferor remains the holder of the shares transferred until the transfer is effected in accordance with the ASTC Settlement Rules or the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect of the shares.
  - The directors may decline to register a transfer where the transfer is not in registrable form or the refusal to register is permitted under the ASX Listing Rules.
- (c) **(Voting)** Subject to Newco's constitution, at a general meeting, each ordinary shareholder entitled to vote may attend and vote in person or by proxy, attorney or (where a member is a body corporate) by representative.
  - A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is demanded. Subject to the Newco constitution, on a show of hands, every ordinary shareholder present in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote. Subject to the Newco constitution, on a poll, every ordinary shareholder voting in person or by proxy, attorney or representative has one vote for each fully paid share held by them.
- (d) (**Dividends**) Subject to the Corporations Act, the directors of Newco may pay any interim and final dividends, without confirmation by a general meeting as, in their judgment, the financial position of Newco justifies.
- (e) (Dividend reinvestment plan) The Directors may implement a dividend reinvestment plan on such terms as they think fit.
- (f) (Capitalisation of profits) Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares, the directors of Newco may capitalise any amount and distribute it among such of the members as would be entitled to receive dividends and in the same proportions.
- (g) (**Winding up**) Subject to the Newco constitution and to the rights or restrictions attached to any shares or a class of shares, if Newco is wound up and the property of Newco is sufficient to pay all debts, liabilities and costs of winding up, the excess must be divided among the ordinary shareholders in proportion to the number of shares held by them.
  - If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution divide the whole or any part of the property of the company among the members and determine how the division is to be carried out as between the members.
- (h) (Alteration of capital) Subject to the Corporations Act, Newco may, by resolution, alter the company's share capital. The directors may determine any distribution paid on a return of capital including a distribution of specific assets. If the company distributes to its members securities in another body corporate, each member agrees to become a member of that other body corporate.





# Annexure B - Loan Deeds

# Part A

#### This loan deed

is made on

2005 between the following parties:

#### I Metcash Trading Limited

ACN 000 03 | 569 of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater NSW 2128 (Lender)

#### 2 The Newco Project X Limited

ACN | 12 073 480 c/o Deutsche Bank AG, 225 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 (Borrower)

#### Recitais

- A. The Borrower has requested the Lender to make available the Loan to the Borrower for the Express Purpose.
- B. The Lender has agreed to make the Loan on the terms and subject to the conditions of this deed.

#### This deed witnesses

that in consideration of, among other things, the mutual promises contained in this deed, the parties agree:

# 1 Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this deed:

# **Business Day** means:

- (a) for the purposes of clause 4.2, a day on which banks are open for business in the city where the notice or other communication is received excluding a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday; and
- (b) for all other purposes, a day on which banks are open for business in Sydney excluding a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday;

Capital Reorganisation means the proposed capital reorganisation of the Lender which will result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of the Lender's (indirect) majority shareholder Metoz and the issued capital of the Lender held by shareholders not associated with Metoz:

Dollars, A\$ and \$ means the lawful currency of the Commonwealth of Australia;

Effective means the coming into effect of the Metoz Scheme pursuant to section 311 of the Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 (South Africa);

**Excluded Tax** means any Tax imposed by any jurisdiction on the net income of a party;

**Express Purpose** means the payment by the Borrower of:

- (a) the cash consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of the Metoz pursuant to the Metoz Scheme; and
- (b) an amount to Metoz to pay down Metoz's net liabilities;

**Governmental Agency** means any government or governmental, semi-governmental, administrative, fiscal or judicial body, department, commission, authority, tribunal, agency or entity;

Interest Rate means an interest rate equal to the interest rate payable by the Lender under the Senior Facility;

Loan means up to \$527,000,000 to be made available by the Lender to the Borrower under this deed;

Metoz means Metoz Holdings Limited:

Metoz Scheme means the Scheme of Arrangement which is proposed by Newco between Metoz and its members in terms of section 311 of the South African Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 which will result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz.

Officer means in relation to this deed, a director, secretary or authorised officer for the purposes of this deed;

**Outstanding Moneys** means all debts and monetary liabilities of the Borrower to the Lender under or in relation to this deed and in any capacity, irrespective of whether the debts or liabilities:

- (a) are present or future;
- (b) are actual, prospective, contingent or otherwise;
- (c) are at any time ascertained or unascertained;
- (d) are owed or incurred by or on account of the Borrower alone, or severally or jointly with any other person;
- (e) are owed or incurred as principal, interest, fees, charges, taxes, duties or other imposts, damages (whether for breach of contract or tort or incurred on any other ground), losses, costs or expenses, or on any other account; or
- (f) comprise any combination of the above;

Release Time means the date and time at which the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective.

Repayment Date means 31 January 2014;

**Senior Facility** means the Senior Syndicated Revolving Facility between Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited and the Lender entered into in connection with the Capital Reorganisation; and

#### Tax means:

- (a) any tax, levy, charge, impost, duty, fee, deduction, compulsory loan or withholding; or
- (b) any income, stamp or transaction duty, tax or charge,

which is assessed, levied, imposed or collected by any Governmental Agency and includes, but is not limited to, any interest, fine, penalty, charge, fee or other amount imposed on, or in respect of, any of the above.

## 1.2 Interpretation

# In this deed:

- (a) headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this deed;
- (b) the singular includes the plural and the converse;
- (c) where a word or phrase is defined, its other grammatical forms have a corresponding meaning;
- (d) a reference to a person includes a corporation, trust, partnership, unincorporated body or other entity;
- (e) a reference to a clause or schedule is a reference to a clause of, or schedule to, this deed;
- (f) a reference to a party to this deed or another agreement or document includes the party's successors and permitted substitutes or assigns;
- (g) a reference to an agreement or document is to the agreement or document as amended, novated, supplemented or replaced from time to time; and



(h) a reference to "writing" includes a facsimile transmission and any means of reproducing words in a tangible and permanently visible form.

# 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done under this deed is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the preceding Business Day.

#### 2 Loan

#### 2.1 Loan

- (a) The Lender agrees to provide the Loan to the Borrower for the Express Purpose only on the terms and conditions contained in this deed.
- (b) The Borrower is not entitled to draw down under the Loan until the Release Time.

#### 2.2 Interest

- (a) The Borrower must pay interest on the Loan at the Interest Rate on the earlier of:
  - (I) the Repayment Date; and
  - (2) on demand by the Lender at any time after the Implementation Date.
- (b) The interest payable under this clause 2.2 will be capitalised by the Lender at monthly intervals.

# Repayment

- (a) The Borrower must repay the Outstanding Moneys to the Lender on the earlier of:
  - (1) the Repayment Date; and
  - (2) on demand by the Lender at any time after the Implementation Date.
- (b) No amount repaid shall be available for re-borrowing.
- (c) The Borrower shall have the right, without any penalty, to repay the Loan before the Repayment Date, in whole or in part, provided that the Borrower gives the Lender 10 Business Days prior notice of such repayment.

## 3 Payments

#### 3.1 Time and method of payment

The Borrower must make all payments due to the Lender under this deed:

- (a) in immediately available funds to the account specified in writing by the Lender to the Borrower;
- (b) in dollars; and
- (c) not later than 11:00am on the due date,

or in such other manner as the Lender in its absolute discretion directs.

## 3.2 Payments in gross

All payments which the Borrower is required to make under this deed must be:

- (a) without any set-off, counterclaim or condition; and
- (b) without any deduction or withholding for any Tax or any other reason unless the withholding or deduction is required by law.

#### 3.3 Additional payments

lf:

- (a) the Borrower is required to make a deduction or withholding in respect of Tax (other than Excluded Tax) from any payment to be made to the Lender under this deed; or
- (b) the Lender is required to pay any Tax (other than Excluded Tax) in respect of any payment it receives from the Borrower under this deed

the Borrower:

- (c) indemnifies the Lender against that Tax; and
- (d) must pay to the Lender an additional amount which the Lender determines to be necessary to ensure that the Lender receives when due a net amount (after payment of any Tax in respect of each additional amount) that is equal to the full amount it would have received if a deduction or withholding or payment of Tax had not been made.

#### 3.4 Taxation deduction procedures

If clause 3.3(a) applies:

- (a) the Borrower must pay the amount deducted or withheld to the appropriate Governmental Agency as required by law; and
- (b) the Borrower must:
  - (1) use reasonable endeavours to obtain a payment receipt from the Governmental Agency (and any other documentation ordinarily provided by the Governmental Agency in connection with the payment); and
  - (2) within 2 Business Days after receipt of the documents referred to in clause 3.4(b)(1), deliver copies of them to the Lender.

# 3.5 Tax Credit

If the Borrower makes an additional payment under clause 3.3 for the benefit of the Lender, and the Lender determines that:

- (a) a credit against, relief or remission for, or repayment of any Tax (Tax Credit) is attributable to that additional payment; and
- (b) the Lender has obtained, utilised or retained that Tax Credit,

then the Lender must pay an amount to the Borrower which the Lender determines will leave it (after that payment) in the same after Tax position as it would have been in had the additional payment not been made by the Borrower.

#### 3.6 Tax affairs

Nothing in clause 3.5:

- (a) interferes with the right of the Lender to arrange its tax affairs in any manner it thinks fit;
- (b) obliges the Lender to investigate the availability of, or claim, any Tax Credit; or
- (c) obliges the Lender to disclose any information relating to its tax affairs or any tax computations.

# 4 General

#### 4.1 Assignment

Neither party may transfer or assign any of its rights or obligations under this deed without the prior written consent of the other party.

## 4.2 Notices

- (a) Any notice or other communication to or by a party to this deed:
- (1) may be given by delivery in person or sent by post or facsimile transmission;





- (2) must be in legible writing and in English addressed as shown below:
  - (A) if to the Borrower:

Address:

c/o Deutsche Bank AG

Level 18, 225 George Street

Sydney NSW 2000

Attention:

The Company Secretary

Facsimile:

+61 2 9258 1400

(B) if to the Lender:

Address:

4 Newington Road, Silverwater NSW 2128

Attention:

The Company Secretary

Facsimile:

+61 2 9741 3027

or as specified by any party to the sender by notice;

- (3) must be signed by an Officer of the sender or under the common seal of the sender;
- (4) is regarded as being given by the sender and received by the addressee:
  - (A) if by delivery in person, when delivered to the addressee;
  - (B) if by post, on delivery to the addressee; or
  - (C) if by facsimile transmission, when received by the addressee in legible form,
  - but if the delivery or receipt is on a day which is not a Business Day or is after 4.00 pm (addressee's time) on a Business Day it is regarded as received at 9.00 am on the following Business Day; and
- (5) can be relied upon by the addressee and the addressee is not liable to any person for any consequence of that reliance if the addressee in good faith believes it to be genuine, correct and authorised by the sender.
- (b) A facsimile transmission is regarded as legible unless the addressee telephones the sender within 24 hours after the transmission is received or regarded as received under clause 4.2(a) and informs the sender that it is not legible.
- (c) In this clause 4.2, a reference to an addressee includes a reference to an addressee's officers, agents or employees and any person reasonably believed by the sender to be an officer, agent or employee of the addressee.

# 4.3 Governing law and jurisdiction

- (a) This deed is governed by the laws of New South Wales.
- (b) The parties irrevocably submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales.

#### 4.4 Variation

Variation of any term of this deed must be in writing and signed by the parties.

#### 4.5 Tax

- (a) The Borrower must pay any Tax, other than an Excluded Tax in respect of the Lender, in respect of the execution, delivery, performance, release, discharge, amendment, enforcement or attempted enforcement or otherwise in respect of this deed and any transaction contemplated under this deed.
- (b) The Borrower must pay any fine, penalty or other cost in respect of a failure to pay any Tax described in clause 4.5(a) except to the extent that the fine, penalty or other cost is caused by the Lender's failure to lodge money received from the Borrower within 3 Business Days before the due date for lodgement.
- (c) The Borrower indemnifies the Lender against any amount payable under clause 4.5(a) or 4.5(b) or both.

# 4.6 Counterparts

- (a) This deed may be executed in any number of counterparts.
- (b) All counterparts, taken together, constitute one instrument.
- (c) A party may execute this deed by signing any counterpart.

# Executed as a deed

Signed sealed and delivered by  Metcash Trading Limited  by:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
Signed sealed and delivered by <b>The Newco Project X Limited</b> by:	
Secretary/Director Director	
Name (please print)	Name (please print)



# Part B

#### This loan deed

is made on

2005 between the following parties:

#### Metcash Trading Limited

ACN 000 031 569 of 4 Newington Road, Silverwater NSW 2128 (Lender)

# 2 The Newco Project X Limited

ACN 112 073 480 c/o Deutsche Bank AG, 225 George Street, Sydney, NSW 2000 (Borrower)

# Recitals

- A. The Borrower has requested the Lender to make available the Loan to the Borrower for the Express Purpose.
- B. The Lender has agreed to make the Loan on the terms and subject to the conditions of this deed.

#### This deed witnesses

that in consideration of, among other things, the mutual promises contained in this deed, the parties agree:

# Definitions and interpretation

#### 1.1 Definitions

In this deed:

#### **Business Day** means:

- (a) for the purposes of clause 4.2, a day on which banks are open for business in the city where the notice or other communication is received excluding a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday; and
- (b) for all other purposes, a day on which banks are open for business in Sydney excluding a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday;

Capital Reorganisation means the proposed capital reorganisation of the Lender which will result in the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of the Lender's (indirect) majority shareholder Metoz and the issued capital of the Lender held by shareholders not associated with Metoz;

**Dollars**, **A\$** and **\$** means the lawful currency of the Commonwealth of Australia;

Effective means the coming into effect of the Metoz Scheme pursuant to section 311 of the Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 (South Africa);

**Excluded Tax** means any Tax imposed by any jurisdiction on the net income of a party;

Express Purpose means the payment by the Borrower of:

- (a) the cash consideration for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metoz pursuant to the Metoz Scheme; and
- (b) an amount to Metoz to pay down Metoz's net liabilities;

Governmental Agency means any government or governmental, semi-governmental, administrative, fiscal or judicial body, department, commission, authority, tribunal, agency or entity;

Loan means the amount of \$794,000,000 to be made available by the Lender to the Borrower under this deed;

Metoz means Metoz Holdings Limited;

**Metoz Scheme** means the Scheme of Arrangement which is proposed by Newco between Metoz and its members in terms of section 311 of the South African Companies Act No. 61 of 1973 which will result in Newco acquiring the entire issued share capital of Metoz;

Officer means in relation to this deed, a director, secretary or authorised officer for the purposes of this deed;

**Outstanding Moneys** means all debts and monetary liabilities of the Borrower to the Lender under or in relation to this deed and in any capacity, irrespective of whether the debts or liabilities:

- (a) are present or future;
- (b) are actual, prospective, contingent or otherwise;
- (c) are at any time ascertained or unascertained;
- (d) are owed or incurred by or on account of the Borrower alone, or severally or jointly with any other person;
- (e) are owed or incurred as principal, interest, fees, charges, taxes, duties or other imposts, damages (whether for breach of contract or tort or incurred on any other ground), losses, costs or expenses, or on any other account; or
- (f) comprise any combination of the above;

**Release Time** means the date and time at which the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective.

Repayment Date means 31 January 2014; and

#### Tax means:

- (a) any tax, levy, charge, impost, duty, fee, deduction, compulsory loan or withholding; or
- (b) any income, stamp or transaction duty, tax or charge,

which is assessed, levied, imposed or collected by any Governmental Agency and includes, but is not limited to, any interest, fine, penalty, charge, fee or other amount imposed on, or in respect of, any of the above.

## 1.2 Interpretation

In this deed:

- (a) headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this deed;
- (b) the singular includes the plural and the converse;
- (c) where a word or phrase is defined, its other grammatical forms have a corresponding meaning;
- (d) a reference to a person includes a corporation, trust, partnership, unincorporated body or other entity;
- (e) a reference to a clause or schedule is a reference to a clause of, or schedule to, this deed;
- (f) a reference to a party to this deed or another agreement or document includes the party's successors and permitted substitutes or assigns;
- (g) a reference to an agreement or document is to the agreement or document as amended, novated, supplemented or replaced from time to time; and
- (h) a reference to "writing" includes a facsimile transmission and any means of reproducing words in a tangible and permanently visible form.

#### 1.3 Business Day

Where the day on or by which any thing is to be done under this deed is not a Business Day, that thing must be done on or by the preceding Business Day.



#### 2 Loan

#### 2.1 Loan

- (a) The Lender agrees to provide the Loan to the Borrower for the Express Purpose only on the terms and conditions contained in this deed.
- (b) The Borrower is not entitled to draw down under the Loan until the Release Time.

#### 2.2 Interest

No interest shall be payable on the Loan by the Borrower to the Lender.

# 2.3 Repayment

- (a) The Borrower must repay the Outstanding Moneys to the Lender on the earlier of:
  - (i) the Repayment Date; and
  - (2) on demand by the Lender at any time after the Implementation Date.
- (b) No amount repaid shall be available for re-borrowing.
- (c) The Borrower shall have the right, without any penalty, to repay the Loan before the Repayment Date, in whole or in part, provided that the Borrower gives the Lender 10 Business Days prior notice of such repayment.

# 3 Payments

# 3.1 Time and method of payment

The Borrower must make all payments due to the Lender under this deed:

- (a) in immediately available funds to the account specified in writing by the Lender to the Borrower;
- (b) in dollars; and
- (c) not later than 11:00am on the due date.

or in such other manner as the Lender in its absolute discretion directs.

# 3.2 Payments in gross

All payments which the Borrower is required to make under this deed must be:

- (a) without any set-off, counterclaim or condition; and
- (b) without any deduction or withholding for any Tax or any other reason unless the withholding or deduction is required by law.

## 3.3 Additional payments

- (a) the Borrower is required to make a deduction or withholding in respect of Tax (other than Excluded Tax) from any payment to be made to the Lender under this deed; or
- (b) the Lender is required to pay any Tax (other than Excluded Tax) in respect of any payment it receives from the Borrower under this deed.

the Borrower:

(c) indemnifies the Lender against that Tax; and

have received if a deduction or withholding or payment of Tax had not been made.

(d) must pay to the Lender an additional amount which the Lender determines to be necessary to ensure that the Lender receives when due a net amount (after payment of any Tax in respect of each additional amount) that is equal to the full amount it would

# 3.4 Taxation deduction procedures

If clause 3.3(a) applies:

- (a) the Borrower must pay the amount deducted or withheld to the appropriate Governmental Agency as required by law; and
- (b) the Borrower must:
  - (I) use reasonable endeavours to obtain a payment receipt from the Governmental Agency (and any other documentation ordinarily provided by the Governmental Agency in connection with the payment); and
  - (2) within two Business Days after receipt of the documents referred to in clause 3.4(b)(1), deliver copies of them to the Lender.

#### 3.5 Tax Credit

If the Borrower makes an additional payment under clause 3.3 for the benefit of the Lender, and the Lender determines that:

- (a) a credit against, relief or remission for, or repayment of any Tax (Tax Credit) is attributable to that additional payment; and
- (b) the Lender has obtained, utilised or retained that Tax Credit,

then the Lender must pay an amount to the Borrower which the Lender determines will leave it (after that payment) in the same after Tax position as it would have been in had the additional payment not been made by the Borrower.

#### 3.6 Tax affairs

Nothing in clause 3.5:

- (a) interferes with the right of the Lender to arrange its tax affairs in any manner it thinks fit;
- (b) obliges the Lender to investigate the availability of, or claim, any Tax Credit; or
- (c) obliges the Lender to disclose any information relating to its tax affairs or any tax computations.

# 4 General

#### 4.1 Assignment

Neither party may transfer or assign any of their rights or obligations under this deed without the prior written consent of the other party.

#### 4.2 Notices

- (a) Any notice or other communication to or by a party to this deed:
  - (1) may be given by delivery in person or sent by post or facsimile transmission;
  - (2) must be in legible writing and in English addressed as shown below:
    - (A) if to the Borrower:

Address: c/o De

c/o Deutsche Bank AG

Level 18, 225 George Street

Sydney NSW 2000

Attention:

The Company Secretary

Facsimile:

+6| 2 9258 | 400



(B) if to the Lender:

Address:

4 Newington Road, Silverwater NSW 2128

Attention:

The Company Secretary

Facsimile:

+ 61 2 9741 3027

or as specified by any party to the sender by notice;

- (3) must be signed by an Officer of the sender or under the common seal of the sender;
- (4) is regarded as being given by the sender and received by the addressee:
  - (A) if by delivery in person, when delivered to the addressee;
  - (B) if by post, on delivery to the addressee; or
  - (C) if by facsimile transmission, when received by the addressee in legible form,

but if the delivery or receipt is on a day which is not a Business Day or is after 4.00 pm (addressee's time) on a Business Day it is regarded as received at 9.00 am on the following Business Day; and

- (5) can be relied upon by the addressee and the addressee is not liable to any person for any consequence of that reliance if the addressee in good faith believes it to be genuine, correct and authorised by the sender.
- (b) A facsimile transmission is regarded as legible unless the addressee telephones the sender within 24 hours after the transmission is received or regarded as received under clause 4.2(a) and informs the sender that it is not legible.
- (c) In this clause 4.2, a reference to an addressee includes a reference to an addressee's officers, agents or employees and any person reasonably believed by the sender to be an officer, agent or employee of the addressee.

#### 4.3 Governing law and jurisdiction

- (a) This deed is governed by the laws of New South Wales.
- (b) The parties irrevocably submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of New South Wales.

#### 4.4 Variation

Variation of any term of this deed must be in writing and signed by the parties.

## 4.5 Tax

- (a) The Borrower must pay any Tax, other than an Excluded Tax in respect of the Lender, in respect of the execution, delivery, performance, release, discharge, amendment, enforcement or attempted enforcement or otherwise in respect of this deed and any transaction contemplated under this deed.
- (b) The Borrower must pay any fine, penalty or other cost in respect of a failure to pay any Tax described in clause 4.5(a) except to the extent that the fine, penalty or other cost is caused by the Lender's failure to lodge money received from the Borrower within 3 Business Days before the due date for lodgement.
- (c) The Borrower indemnifies the Lender against any amount payable under clause 4.5(a) or 4.5(b) or both.

# 4.6 Counterparts

- (a) This deed may be executed in any number of counterparts.
- (b) All counterparts, taken together, constitute one instrument.
- (c) A party may execute this deed by signing any counterpart.

CAMPBELLS CASH & CARRY.

AUSTRALI

Executed as a deed	
Signed sealed and delivered by  Metcash Trading Limited	
by:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)
Signed sealed and delivered by <b>The Newco Project X Limited</b> by:	
Secretary/Director	Director
Name (please print)	Name (please print)



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<del>Cam</del>pbells cash & carry

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#### THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

#### **Action required**

- 1 If you are in any doubt as to the action you should take, please consult your CSDP, broker, attorney, accountant, banker or other professional adviser immediately.
  - Should you have disposed of all of your shares in Metoz, please forward this document to the purchaser of such shares or to the stockbroker or agent through whom that disposal was effected.
- 2 Metoz shareholders must refer to pages 3 and 4 of this document for full details of the actions required of them.

Metoz does not accept responsibility and will not be held liable for any failure on the part of the CSDP or broker of a dematerialised shareholder to notify such dematerialised shareholder of the scheme meeting.



# **Metoz Holdings Limited**

(formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)
(Registration number 1946/021315/06)
Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410
("Metoz" or "the company")



The Newco Project XX Limited

(Incorporated in Australia)
(Registration number ABN 32 12 073 480)
("Newco")

# Circular to shareholders

regarding -

a scheme of arrangement in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended ("Companies Act"), proposed by Newco, between Metoz and its shareholders ("the scheme members"), to acquire all of the shares held by the scheme members for a cash consideration (subject to exchange rate fluctuations) of R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the closing exchange rate on the last practicable date). The ZAR amount paid to scheme participants will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted and the possible effects of this are illustrated in the table contained in Annexure V on page 57;

and incorporating -

- a notice of the scheme meeting:
- an explanatory statement in terms of section 312(1)(a)(i) of the Companies Act, which explains the provisions and effect of the scheme (blue);
- the scheme of arrangement in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act between Metoz and the scheme members as proposed by Newco (yellow);
- a valuation statement in terms of section 312(1)(a)(ii) of the Companies Act;
- a statement of directors' interests in terms of section 312(1)(a)(iii) of the Companies Act;
- a statement of additional information required by the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa and Securities Regulation Panel;
- the Order of Court convening the scheme meeting;
- a form of proxy in respect of the scheme meeting for use by certificated and own name dematerialised shareholders only (green);
- a form of surrender and transfer for use by certificated shareholders only (white).

Independent adviser to Metoz

Investec

Corporate Finance

Invested Bank Limited
(Registration number 1969/004763/06)

Attorneys to Metoz



Sponsor to Metoz

Sasfin
CORPORATE FINANCE
A Division of Sasfin Bank Limited

Attorneys to Newco

WB
WEBBER WENTZEL BOWENS

Reporting accountants and auditors

**II ERNST & YOUNG** 

Chartered Accountants (SA) (Registered Accountants and Auditors)

# Corporate information and advisers to Metoz

# Secretary and registered office

P M Gishen (Miss)
First Floor
33 Scott Street
Waverley
Johannesburg 2090
(PO Box 1970, Highlands North 2037)

# Independent adviser to Metoz Board

Investec Bank Limited (Registration number 1969/004763/06) 100 Grayston Drive Sandown Sandton 2196 (PO Box 785700, Sandton 2146)

### Reporting accountants

Ernst & Young
Chartered Accountants and Auditors (SA)
Registered Accountants and Auditors
Wanderers Office Park
52 Corlett Drive
Illovo
Johannesburg 2196
(PO Box 2322, Johannesburg 2000)

### **Attorneys**

Fluxmans Inc.
(Registration number 2000/024775/21)
11 Biermann Avenue
Rosebank
Johannesburg 2196
(Private Bag X41, Saxonwold 2132)

### **Sponsor**

Sasfin Bank Limited (Registration number 1951/002280/06) Sasfin Place, North Block 13 – 15 Scott Street Waverley Johannesburg 2090 (PO Box 95103, Grant Park 2051)

#### **Transfer secretaries**

Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited (Registration number 2004/003647/07) 70 Marshall Street Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61051, Marshalltown 2107)

# Corporate information and advisers to Newco

#### Registered office

Deutsche Bank AG Level 18 225 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

### Attorneys in South Africa

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Copies of this document may be obtained from the registered office of Metoz and the office of the Sponsor, the addresses of which are set out in the "Corporate information and advisers to Metoz" section of this document.

The definitions and interpretations on pages 8 to 12 of this document apply throughout this document excluding the scheme of arrangement.

# Actions required by Metoz shareholders and scheme consideration payment

# Please take careful note of the following provisions regarding the actions required by Metoz shareholders.

If you are in any doubt as to the actions you should take, please consult your CSDP, broker, attorney, accountant, banker or other professional adviser immediately.

If you have disposed of all your Metoz shares, this document should be handed to the purchaser of such shares or the stockbroker, banker or other agent through whom such disposal was effected.

#### 1 If you have dematerialised your shares and do not have own name registration

#### 1.1 Voting at the scheme meeting

If your dematerialised shares are **not** recorded in your own name in the electronic sub-register of Metoz, you should notify your duly appointed CSDP or broker, as the case may be, in the manner and cut-off time stipulated in the custody agreement governing your relationship with your CSDP or broker, of your instructions as regards voting your shares at the scheme meeting.

If you have not been contacted, it would be advisable for you to contact your CSDP or broker immediately and furnish your CSDP or broker with your instructions.

If your CSDP or broker does not obtain instructions from you, your CSDP or broker will be obliged to act in accordance with the instructions contained in the custody agreement concluded between you and your CSDP or broker.

You must **not** complete the attached form of proxy (green).

### 1.2 Attendance and representation at the scheme meeting and Court hearing

In accordance with the mandate between you and your CSDP/broker, you must advise your CSDP or broker if you wish to –

- attend the scheme meeting and/or Court hearing to sanction the scheme; or
- send a proxy to represent you at the scheme meeting and/or Court hearing.

Your CSDP or broker will then issue the necessary letter of authority to you to attend the scheme meeting and/or Court hearing. Otherwise your CSDP or broker will vote on your behalf at the scheme meeting in accordance with the mandate between you and your CSDP or broker.

#### 1.3 Consideration

If the scheme becomes operative, scheme participants will have their accounts held at their CDSP or broker credited with the scheme consideration on the operative date.

# 2 If you have not dematerialised your shares or if you have own name registration dematerialised shares

## 2.1 Voting, attendance and representation at scheme meeting

You may attend the scheme meeting in person.

Alternatively, you may appoint a proxy to represent you at the scheme meeting by completing the attached form of proxy (green) in accordance with its instructions and return it to the registered office of the company or the transfer secretaries to be received by no later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005. Forms of proxy may also be handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting no later than ten minutes before the scheme meeting is due to commence.

# 2.2 Attendance at Court hearing

You are entitled to attend or be represented by counsel at the Court hearing for the sanctioning of the scheme in the High Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division), which is located at High Court Building, von Brandis Square, corner Pritchard and von Brandis Streets, Johannesburg, 2001, when the application for sanction by the Court of the scheme is heard. This hearing is expected to take place at 10h00 or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard on Tuesday, 5 April 2005.

# 2.3 Surrender of documents of title (this applies only to certificated and not to own name dematerialised shareholders)

You are required to surrender your documents of title in respect of all your scheme shares in order to claim the scheme consideration, by completing the attached form of surrender and transfer (white) in accordance with its instructions, and returning it, together with the relevant documents of title, to the transfer secretaries.

#### 2.4 Consideration

If the scheme becomes operative and you surrender your documents of title on or before the consideration record date, the scheme consideration will be posted to you by ordinary post on or about the operative date. If you surrender your documents of title after the consideration record date, the transfer secretaries will post the scheme consideration to you within five business days of receipt thereof.

If you hold certificated shares and wish to anticipate the scheme becoming operative (expected to be on Wednesday, 6 April 2005) and so expedite receipt of the scheme consideration, you should complete the attached form of surrender and transfer (white) and return it together with the relevant share certificate/s or other documents of title in accordance with the instructions contained therein to the transfer secretaries.

Should the scheme not become operative, the transfer secretaries shall, within five business days of either the date upon which it becomes known that the scheme will not become operative or of receipt of the required documents of title, whichever is the later, return the documents of title to the shareholder concerned by registered post at the risk of such certificated shareholder.

If you wish to dematerialise your shares, please contact your broker. You do not need to dematerialise your shares in order to receive the scheme consideration.

Shareholders are advised to consult their professional advisers about their personal tax positions regarding the receipt of the scheme consideration.

# IN THE HIGH COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA (Witwatersrand Local Division)

In the ex parte application of:

METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06)

Case number: 05/3593

**Applicant** 

# Notice of Metoz scheme meeting

- 1 Under authority of an Order of the High Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division) ("the Court") issued in the above matter on Tuesday, 22 February 2005, this notice serves to convene a meeting ("the scheme meeting") of shareholders of the Applicant who are recorded in the register of the Applicant as such at 17h00 on Thursday, 17 March 2005 ("the scheme members").
- 2 The scheme meeting will be held at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, in the Applicant's boardroom, First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg. Mr Christopher Haig Ewing (or failing him, Mr Ian Keith Hayes) has been appointed by the Court as chairperson and the chairperson's address is c/o Cliffe Dekker Incorporated, Fourth Floor, 1 Protea Place, Sandown, Sandton (Private Bag X7, Benmore 2010).
- The purpose of the scheme meeting is to consider and, if deemed fit, to agree (with or without modification) to the scheme of arrangement ("the scheme") proposed by The Newco Project X Limited ("Newco") between the Applicant and the scheme members. The object of the scheme is that, subject to the fulfilment of certain conditions precedent which are stated in paragraph 4 of the scheme, Newco will acquire all of the Applicant's shares held by scheme members who are registered as shareholders of the Applicant on the consideration record date (as referred to in the circular dated 23 February 2005, which has been posted to scheme members) and which is expected to be Friday, 15 April 2005 ("the scheme record date"). In terms of the scheme, the scheme participants will receive the scheme consideration for every share in the Applicant held on the scheme record date, which scheme consideration is R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the closing exchange rate on 8 February 2005). The South African Rand amount paid to scheme members will vary in accordance with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted.
- A copy of the scheme, the statements in terms of section 312(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended, which explains the scheme, this notice, the approved form of proxy and the Order of Court convening the scheme meeting have been posted to shareholders of the Applicant, recorded in the register as at the close of business on a date not more than four business days before the date of posting these documents. Scheme members may, during normal business hours, inspect or obtain a copy of these documents free of charge at the Applicant's registered office at First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg (PO Box 1970 Highlands North 2037), or from the office of the chairperson, c/o Cliffe Dekker Incorporated, Fourth Floor, 1 Protea Place, Sandown, Sandton (Private Bag X7, Benmore 2010).
- Each scheme member who holds certificated ordinary shares in the Applicant ("certificated scheme member") or who holds dematerialised ordinary shares in the Applicant through a Central Securities Depository Participant ("CSDP") and has own name registration ("dematerialised own name scheme member"), may attend, speak and vote in person at the scheme meeting or any adjourned scheme meeting, or may appoint one or more proxies (who need not be shareholders of the Applicant) to attend, speak and vote at the scheme meeting in the place of such certificated scheme member or dematerialised own name scheme member. A form of proxy for this purpose, for completion by certificated scheme members and dematerialised own name scheme members only, are included in the circular dated 23 February 2005, which has been posted to scheme members. If more than one person is appointed on a single form of proxy, then only one of those proxies (in order of appointment) will be entitled to exercise that proxy. In the case of joint certificated scheme members and joint dematerialised own name scheme members, the vote of the senior certificated scheme member or

senior dematerialised own name scheme member (seniority will be determined by the order in which the names of the joint certificated scheme members or joint dematerialised own name scheme members stand in the Applicant's register of shareholders) who tenders a vote (whether in person or by proxy) will be accepted to the exclusion of the vote of the other joint certificated scheme member/s or joint dematerialised own name scheme member/s.

- Properly completed forms of proxy must be lodged with or posted to the transfer secretaries of the Applicant, Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61763, Marshalltown 2107) to be received by no later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005, or on the business day immediately preceding any adjourned meeting, or handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting no later than ten minutes before the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting is due to commence. Notwithstanding the aforegoing, the chairperson of the scheme meeting may approve at his discretion the use of any other form of proxy.
- Each person who holds a beneficial interest in dematerialised ordinary shares in the Applicant and who does not have own name registration ("dematerialised scheme member") may attend, speak and vote in person at the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting only if such dematerialised scheme member informs his/her CSDP or broker timeously of his/her intention to attend and vote at the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting or be represented by proxy thereat in order for his/her CSDP or broker to issue him/her with the necessary authorisation to do so or such dematerialised scheme member provides his/her CSDP or broker timeously with his/her voting instruction should such dematerialised scheme member not wish to attend the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting in person in order for his/her CSDP or broker to vote in accordance with his/her instruction at the scheme meeting or adjourned meeting. The CSDP or broker will then provide the transfer secretaries of the Applicant with the form of proxy in terms of each individual dematerialised scheme member's instruction.
- 8 The Order of Court convening the scheme meeting requires the chairperson to report on the scheme meeting to the above Honourable Court at 10h00 or so soon thereafter as counsel may be heard on Tuesday, 5 April 2005. During normal business hours in the week preceding that date a free copy of the chairperson's report to Court will be available to any scheme member at the chairperson's office and the Applicant's registered office referred to in paragraph 4.

# **Christopher Haig Ewing**

Chairperson of the scheme meeting

22 February 2005

#### **FLUXMANS INCORPORATED**

Attorneys for Applicant 11 Biermann Avenue Rosebank JOHANNESBURG

Tel: (011) 328-1700 Fax: (011) 880-2261 Ref: S Slom/C Wannell

# Important dates and times

The definitions and interpretations on pages 8 to 12 of this document have been used in the following table –

2005

Last day to trade Metoz shares in order to be recorded in the register
of Metoz or in the sub-registers of Metoz administered by CSDPs to vote
at the scheme meeting (see note 1)

Thursday, 10 March Thursday, 17 March

Last day to lodge forms of proxy for the scheme meeting (by 09h00) (see note 2)

Friday, 18 March

Scheme meeting held (at 09h00)

Voting record date

Tuesday, 22 March

Publish results of the scheme meeting on SENS

Tuesday, 22 March

Publish results of the scheme meeting in the press

Wednesday, 23 March

Court hearing to sanction the scheme (at 10h00 or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard)

Tuesday, 5 April

Publish the results of Court hearing on SENS

Tuesday, 5 April

Publish results of the Court hearing in the press

Wednesday, 6 April

# If the scheme is sanctioned and becomes operative

Final date Wednesday, 6 April

Last day to trade Metoż shares on the JSE in order to be recorded in the register of Metoz or the sub-registers of Metoz administered by the CSDPs to participate in the scheme (see note 3)

Friday, 8 April

Suspension of Metoz shares (from the commencement of business)

Monday, 11 April

Publish final scheme consideration in Rand (before 17h00) on SENS

Wednesday, 13 April

Publish final scheme consideration in Rand in the press

Thursday, 14 April Friday, 15 April

Consideration record date to determine participation in the scheme

Operative date of the scheme (from the commencement of business) when –

Monday, 18 April

- the scheme consideration is posted to certificated scheme participants (if documents of title are received on or prior to the consideration record date) or, failing receipt of documents of title on or before the consideration record date, within five business days of receipt thereof by the transfer secretaries; and
- dematerialised scheme participants have their accounts held at their CSDP or broker credited with the scheme consideration

Termination of listing of the Metoz shares on the JSE (from the commencement of business)

Tuesday, 19 April

#### Notes -

- 1 Shareholders should note that as Metoz shares now settle in the STRATE system, settlement for trade takes place five business days after such trade. Therefore, shareholders who acquire Metoz shares after Thursday, 10 March 2005, will not be eligible to vote at the scheme meeting.
- 2 If the forms of proxy are not received by the time and date shown above, they may be handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting, no later than ten minutes before the commencement of the scheme meeting.
- 3 No dematerialisation or rematerialisation of Metoz share certificates may take place after Friday, 8 April 2005.
- 4 These dates and times are subject to change. Any such change will be published on SENS and in the press.
- 5 All times indicated above are South African times.

# **Definitions and interpretations**

In this document, unless otherwise stated or clearly indicated by the context, the words in the first column have the meanings stated opposite them in the second column; words in the singular include the plural and *vice versa*; words importing one gender include the other gender and references to a person include reference to a body corporate and *vice versa* –

"ANZ" Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (ABN 11 005 357 522)

"ASX" Australian Stock Exchange Limited (ACN 088 624 691)

"AUD" Australian Dollar, the official currency of Australia

"Australian Court" The Supreme Court of New South Wales

"broker" any person registered as a "broking member (equities)" in terms of

the Rules of the JSE made in accordance with the provisions of the

Securities Services Act, 2004 (Act 36 of 2004)

"business day" any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or official public holiday in

South Africa

"capital reorganisation" the capital reorganisation being proposed by Metcash Australia which

includes the scheme and the Metcash Australia schemes

"cents" South African cents in the official currency of South Africa

"certificated scheme members" scheme members who hold certificated shares

"certificated scheme

participants"

scheme participants who hold certificated shares

"certificated shares" Metoz shares which have not yet been dematerialised, title to which

is represented by a share certificate or other document of title

"certificated shareholders" holders of certificated shares

"CGT" Capital Gains Tax as levied in terms of Schedule 8 of the Income Tax Act,

1962 (Act 58 of 1962), as amended

"Code" the Securities Regulation Code on Take-overs and Mergers established

in terms of section 440C of the Companies Act

"common monetary area" South Africa, the Republic of Namibia and the Kingdoms of Lesotho and

Swaziland

"Companies Act" the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended

"conditions precedent" the conditions precedent referred to in paragraph 4 of the scheme

"consideration record date" the close of business on the Friday (or if that Friday is not a business day,

the immediately preceding business day) at least five business days following the final date, being the latest date and time on which a holder of Metoz shares must be recorded in the register as such to receive the scheme consideration, which consideration record date is expected

to be on Friday, 15 April 2005

"Consortium Facility Agreement" a Consortium Facility Agreement provided by ANZ, HSBC Bank Australia

Limited and Standard Bank London Limited, being the only existing

financing arrangement of Metoz

"Court"	the High Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division), which is located at High Court Building, von Brandis Square, corner Pritchard and von Brandis Streets, Johannesburg 2001
"CSDP"	a participant in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004 (Act 36 of 2004)
"delisting"	the removal of the Metoz shares from the list of the JSE
"dematerialised scheme members"	scheme members who hold dematerialised shares
"dematerialised scheme participants"	scheme participants who hold dematerialised shares
"dematerialised shares"	Metoz shares which have been incorporated into the STRATE system and which are no longer evidenced by physical documents of title
"directors" or "the board"	the board of directors of Metoz
"document"	this bound document dated 23 February 2005, including the scheme, the statements in terms of section 312(i)(a) of the Companies Act, the section setting out the additional information required by the JSE and SRP, the annexures, and the forms and notices it contains
"documents of title"	valid share certificate/s, certified transfer deed/s, balance receipts or any other documents of title acceptable to Newco in respect of Metoz shares
"explanatory statement"	the explanatory statement prepared by the directors in terms of section 312(1)(a)(i) of the Companies Act, which is set out on pages 13 to 19 of this document
"emigrant"	any emigrant from the common monetary area whose address is outside the common monetary area
"Exchange Control Regulations"	the Exchange Control Regulations, 1961, as amended, made in terms of section 9 of the Currency and Exchanges Act, 1933 (Act 9 of 1933), as amended
"final date"	the date on which Metoz announces on SENS that all the conditions precedent have been fulfilled and that the scheme has become unconditional and binding, which final date is expected to be Wednesday, 6 April 2005
"Foodland"	Foodland Associated Limited (registration number ABN 13 008 667 650), a public company incorporated in Australia, whose shares are listed on the ASX
"Foodland Australia"	the Australian business carried on by Foodland and its subsidiaries
"Foodland New Zealand"	the New Zealand businesses carried on by Foodland and its subsidiaries
"Foodland shareholders"	the registered holders of Foodland shares
"Foodland shares"	fully paid ordinary shares in Foodland
"Foodland takeover offer"	Metcash Australia's offer to acquire all the Foodland shares and which is structured such that Metcash Australia will retain Foodland Australia, and Foodland New Zealand will be transferred to Foodland shareholders after the takeover offer is complete

"form of surrender and transfer" the form attached to this circular (white), applicable to certificated shareholders only, to be completed and to accompany surrendered documents of title "Investec" Invested Bank Limited (registration number 1969/004763/06), a public company incorporated in South Africa, being the appointed independent adviser to Metoz "JSE" the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa "JSE listing requirements" the listing requirements of the JSE as amended from time to time by the JSE and detailed in the JSE Listing Requirements "last practicable date" 8 February 2005, being the last practicable date prior to the finalisation of this document "Metcash Australia" Metcash Trading Limited (registration number ABN 61 000 031 569), a public company incorporated in Australia, whose shares are listed on the ASX "Metcash Australia option the scheme of arrangement in terms of the laws of Australia, between scheme" Metcash Australia and the holders of options in Metcash Australia, in terms of which all of the options held in Metcash Australia will be cancelled on the basis that the option holders of Metcash Australia will receive one option in Newco for each option held by them in Metcash Australia "Metcash Australia schemes" the Metcash Australia option scheme and Metcash Australia share scheme "Metcash Australia share the scheme of arrangement in terms of the laws of Australia, between scheme" Metcash Australia and the shareholders of Metcash Australia (other than Soetensteeg), in terms of which Newco will acquire all of the ordinary shares held by the shareholders of Metcash Australia (other than Soetensteeg) on the basis that the shareholders of Metcash Australia (other than Soetensteeg) will receive one Newco share for each share held by them in Metcash Australia "Metcash A shares" preference shares which are proposed to be issued by Metcash Australia to Foodland shareholders as part consideration for the Foodland takeover offer and which, if the capital reorganisation is successful will convert into Newco shares, otherwise they will convert into Metcash shares "Metcash NZ shares" preference shares which are proposed to be issued by Metcash Australia to Foodland shareholders as part consideration for the Foodland takeover offer and which will convert into shares of Foodland New Zealand if the Foodland takeover offer is successful "Metcash shares" fully paid ordinary shares in the capital of Metcash Australia "Metoz" or "the company" Metoz Holdings Limited (registration number 1946/021315/06), a public company with limited liability, incorporated in South Africa, the shares of which are listed on the JSE "Metoz shareholders" or the registered holders of Metoz shares "shareholders"

"Metoz shares" ordinary shares of no par value in the issued share capital of Metoz

"Metrade" Metcash Trading Limited (registration number 1967/011651/06), a public company incorporated in South Africa, which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Metoz

"Newco" The Newco Project X Limited (registration number ABN 32 112 073 480),

a public company incorporated in Australia

"Newco shares" fully paid ordinary shares in Newco

"operative" once all the conditions precedent to the scheme have been fulfilled

"operative date" the business day immediately following the consideration record date

> on which operative date the scheme consideration is due to be posted to certificated scheme participants who have surrendered their documents of title, or on which operative date dematerialised scheme participants' safe custody accounts held at their CSDP or broker are to be credited with the scheme consideration, which operative date

is expected to be Monday, 18 April 2005

"own name registration" the registration of dematerialised shares in the name of the beneficial

owner of the dematerialised shares

"Rand" or "ZAR" South African Rand, the official currency of South Africa

"register" the register of certificated shareholders and the sub-register of holders

of dematerialised shares, maintained by Metoz in terms of sections 101

and 91A respectively of the Companies Act

"Registrar" the Registrar of Companies in South Africa

"SARS" the South African Revenue Service

"Sasfin Corporate Finance" Sasfin Corporate Finance, a division of Sasfin Bank Limited, (registration

number 1987/002097/06), a public company incorporated in South Africa,

being the sponsor to Metoz

"scheme" the scheme of arrangement in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act

> proposed by Newco between Metoz and its shareholders as set out on pages 20 to 29 of this document, in terms of which Newco will acquire the scheme shares in exchange for the scheme consideration, subject to any modifications or amendments made thereto and which is subject

to sanction by the Court

"scheme consideration" the cash consideration payable to scheme participants in terms

> of the scheme being an amount of R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the exchange rate at the last practicable date). At the above exchange rate the total consideration payable is approximately the sum of R5 258 billion (five billion and two hundred and fifty eight million Rand). The Rand amount paid to scheme participants will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted and the possible effects of this are illustrated in the table contained in Annexure V on page 57, it being recorded that the scheme participants shall carry the exchange rate risk (and be entitled to any benefit) in relation to the amount

of the scheme consideration

the meeting of scheme members convened by the Court in terms "scheme meeting"

> of section 311(2)(b) of the Companies Act, to be held in the boardroom of Metoz, First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg, at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, or any adjournment thereof (the time and date of which adjournment will be announced on SENS and in the press)

at which scheme members will consider and vote on the scheme

"scheme members" persons registered as shareholders of Metoz on the voting record date

who are entitled to attend and vote at the scheme meeting

"scheme participants" persons registered as shareholders of Metoz on the consideration record date who are entitled to receive the scheme consideration "scheme shares" the Metoz shares held by scheme participants on the consideration record date totalling, in aggregate, 1 824 610 142 Metoz shares "SENS" the Securities Exchange News Service of the JSE Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a company incorporated "Soetensteeg" in The Netherlands which is indirectly wholly-owned by Metoz and which owns approximately 52% of Metcash Australia "South Africa" the Republic of South Africa "SRP" the South African Securities Regulation Panel established in terms of section 440B of the Companies Act "stamp duty" the duty leviable in terms of Item 15(3) of Schedule 1 to the Stamp Duties Act, 1968 (Act 77 of 1968), as amended "statement of directors' the statement of directors' interests prepared by the directors in terms interests" of section 312(i)(a)(iii) of the Companies Act, which is set out on pages 36 and 37 of this document "statement of additional the statement of additional information prepared by the directors as information" required by the JSE in terms of JSE listings requirements and by the SRP in terms of the Code, which is set out on pages 38 to 41 of this document "STRATE" STRATE Limited (registration number 1998/022242/06), a registered securities depository in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004 (Act 36 of 2004) "STRATE system" a clearing and settlement environment for security transactions to be settled and transfer of ownership to be recorded electronically, managed by STRATE "transfer secretaries" Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited (registration number 2004/003647/07), a private company incorporated in South Africa whose address is Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61051, Marshalltown 2107) "UST" the duty leviable in terms of the Uncertificated Securities Tax Act, No. 31 of 1968 "valuation statement" the valuation statement prepared by the directors in terms of

section 312(i)(a)(ii) of the Companies Act, which is set out on pages 30

to 35 of this document

"voting record date" the latest time and date for Metoz shareholders to be recorded in the register as shareholders of Metoz in order to be eligible to vote at the scheme meeting, being 17h00 on the second business day preceding

the date of the scheme meeting, which voting record date is expected

to be Thursday, 17 March 2005



# **Metoz Holdings Limited**

(formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410

# The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia)
(Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480)

Explanatory statement in terms of section 312(1)(a)(i) of the Companies Act explaining the effect of schemes of arrangement and the scheme proposed by Newco between Metoz and its shareholders

#### 1 Introduction

- 1.1 The scheme (yellow) is set out in full in the section immediately following this explanatory statement. For a full understanding of the detailed legal terms and conditions, the scheme should be read in its complete form.
- 1.2 For an understanding of the background and rationale for the scheme, see paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of the valuation statement.

#### 2 Requirements and mechanics of schemes of arrangement

- 2.1 In terms of section 311 of the Companies Act, a scheme of arrangement proposed between a company and all its shareholders (or any class of its shareholders) will become binding on that company and all shareholders (or all shareholders of that class, as the case may be), irrespective of whether any such member agrees with the scheme and is willing to be bound thereby if
  - a meeting of its shareholders (or shareholders of that class) has been summoned in a manner directed by the Court;
  - the scheme is agreed to by a majority representing not less than three-fourths of the votes exercisable by shareholders present and voting, either in person or by proxy, at such meeting;
  - after such approval, the scheme is sanctioned by the Court at an open hearing; and
  - the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme is lodged with, and registered by, the Registrar.
- 2.2 The Court has granted an Order of Court (a copy of which is set out on pages 58 to 60) in terms of which a meeting of shareholders of Metoz must be convened to consider the scheme.
- 2.3 A copy of the notice convening the scheme meeting (which will be published in the press in accordance with the requirements of the Order of Court) is set out on pages 5 to 6 of this document.

#### 3 The scheme

- 3.1 The scheme envisages that if the conditions precedent to the scheme (which are set out in paragraph 4) are fulfilled and the scheme accordingly becomes operative –
- 3.1.1 Metoz shareholders, who are recorded in the register as such on the consideration record date, shall be deemed to have disposed of (and shall be deemed to have undertaken to transfer) all of the Metoz shares held by them as at the consideration record date (whether they hold those shares in certificated or dematerialised form), to Newco, which shall acquire ownership of such shares;

- 3.1.2 in consideration for such disposal each disposing scheme participant will be entitled to the scheme consideration in accordance with paragraphs 8 and 9 of this explanatory statement;
- 3.1.3 as between Metoz and its shareholders, Metoz will be deemed to be authorised on behalf of such shareholders to –
- 3.1.3.1 procure the transfer of the Metoz shares disposed of to Newco on behalf of each such scheme participant on the operative date; and
- 3.1.3.2 procure the collection on behalf of each such scheme participant of the scheme consideration from Newco and further procure the delivery in accordance with the scheme, of the scheme consideration so collected to each such scheme participant against transfer thereof to Newco;
- 3.1.4 accordingly, in terms of the scheme, only Metoz will be entitled to enforce the scheme provisions against Newco and each such scheme participant who has disposed of his Metoz shares to Newco and received rights to the scheme consideration will only be entitled to enforce that right against Metoz to the extent that Metoz has received the scheme consideration from Newco and will be entitled to require Metoz to enforce such rights against Newco;
- 3.1.5 as a result, Metoz will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newco and the listing of the Metoz shares on the JSE will be terminated.

# 4 Conditions precedent

- 4.1 The scheme will become operative, subject to the fulfilment or waiver (as provided for in terms of paragraphs 4.3 and 4.4) by no later than 30 June 2005, of the conditions precedent that –
- 4.1.1 the scheme is approved by a majority representing not less than three-fourths of the votes exercisable by scheme members, present and voting either in person or by proxy at the scheme meeting;
- 4.1.2 no material adverse change in respect of or in relation to Metoz, excluding Metcash Australia, shall have arisen on or before the business day prior to the date upon which the sanctioning of the scheme by the Court occurs. For the aforegoing purpose –
- 4.1.2.1 a material adverse change shall mean any adverse effect, fact, circumstance or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance which has arisen or occurred or which might reasonably be expected to arise or occur and which is or might reasonably be expected (alone or together with any other actual or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance) to be material with regard to the business, continued existence, assets, revenues or financial position of Metoz;
- 4.1.2.2 to be "material" there must be an adverse impact of not less than 10% upon the assets and/or market capitalisation of Metoz and its subsidiaries (other than Metoash Australia), without double counting where a single matter affects more than one measure of value;
- 4.1.3 the Court sanctions the scheme;
- 4.1.4 a certified copy of the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme is registered by the Registrar in terms of the Companies Act;
- 4.1.5 by not later than 6 April 2005, the Metcash Australia share scheme is approved by the shareholders of Metcash Australia and the Australian Court.
- 4.2 The conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 4.1.1, 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 are not capable of being waived.
- 4.3 The conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 4.1.2 and 4.1.5 are conditions precedent stipulated for the benefit of Newco and may be waived by Newco only, in writing, at any time prior to the date upon which such conditions precedent are to be fulfilled.

- 4.4 Fulfilment or waiver of the conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 4.1.2 and 4.1.5 shall be confirmed in writing by Newco, which confirmation is to be delivered to Metoz on or before the dates upon which such conditions precedent are to be fulfilled.
- 4.5 The date for fulfilment of the condition precedent set out in paragraph 4.1.5 may be extended at Newco's discretion for a period not exceeding fourteen days by notice in writing from Newco to Metoz, in which event, the final date, the consideration record date and the operative date will be extended accordingly.
- 4.6 Metoz shall publish a notice on SENS and in the press notifying scheme participants of any extension referred to in paragraph 4.5 and/or of the fulfilment or waiver of the condition precedent set out in paragraph 4.1.5.

# 5 The scheme meeting

- 5.1 The scheme will be put to a vote at the scheme meeting to be held at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, at the registered office of Metoz, being First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg.
- In terms of section 311(2)(b) of the Companies Act, the scheme requires the approval of a majority representing not less than three-fourths of the votes exercisable by the scheme members, present and voting either in person or by proxy at the scheme meeting.
- 5.3 Each certificated scheme member and dematerialised scheme member with own name registration who is recorded in the register on the voting record date, can attend the scheme meeting in person or give a proxy to someone else (including the chairperson of the scheme meeting) to represent him at the scheme meeting.
- A form of proxy (green) must be received at the registered office of the company or by the transfer secretaries by not later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005. Forms of proxy may also be handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting not later than ten minutes before the scheme meeting is due to commence.
- 5.5 Should a dematerialised scheme member who does not have own name registration wish to attend the scheme meeting or appoint a proxy, such scheme member must arrange with his CSDP or broker to do so and to obtain a letter of representation.
- 5.6 Scheme members who do not want to vote in favour of the scheme will be given the opportunity to explain why at the scheme meeting.

### 6 Court hearing

- 6.1 Subject to the scheme being approved by the requisite majority at the scheme meeting and no material adverse change referred to in paragraph 4.1.2 having arisen, application will be made to the Court to sanction the scheme. Metoz shareholders will be entitled to attend the Court in person, or to be represented by counsel on the day on which the application is to be made and to oppose the sanctioning of the scheme should they wish to do so. No action need be taken by shareholders should such shareholders not wish to attend the Court hearing.
- 6.2 If the Court sanctions the scheme, the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme will be lodged with the Registrar for registration. When the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme is registered, which is expected to be on Wednesday, 6 April 2005, the scheme will, subject to the fulfilment of the condition set out in paragraph 4.1.5, if such condition has not yet been fulfilled and the date for the fulfilment of such condition has been extended in terms of paragraph 4.5, become operative and be binding on all scheme participants, including those scheme members who may have voted against it.

#### 7 The scheme mechanism

- 7.1 Subject to the scheme becoming operative, scheme participants shall be deemed, with effect from the operative date, to have –
- 7.1.1 disposed of the scheme shares to Newco in exchange for the scheme consideration;
- 7.1.2 authorised Metoz, to transfer or to procure the transfer of the scheme shares into the name of Newco or its nominee with effect from the operative date; and
- 7.1.3 authorised Metoz or its agents, to collect or procure the collection of the scheme consideration from Newco for distribution by Metoz or its agents to scheme participants in accordance with the scheme.
- 7.2 In consideration for the disposal of all their scheme shares to Newco, as set out in paragraph 7.1.1, each scheme participant shall be entitled to receive payment of the scheme consideration.
- 7.3 Certificated scheme participants shall be obliged to surrender their documents of title in respect of their scheme shares to the transfer secretaries together with the attached form of surrender and transfer (white) duly completed.
- 7.4 Subject to scheme becoming operative, Metoz shall on the operative date-
- 7.4.1 procure the registration of the scheme shares into the name of Newco;
- 7.4.2 procure the posting by registered post of cheques in respect of the scheme consideration to the scheme participants concerned in the case of certificated scheme participants, provided that the certificated scheme participants have surrendered their documents of title in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 7.3 and failing such prior surrender, the posting of cheques within five business days of the date of such surrender; and
- 7.4.3 procure, in the case of dematerialised scheme participants, the crediting of their accounts held at their CSDP or brokers with the amount of the scheme consideration.
- 7.5 Subject to the scheme becoming operative, Newco shall be obliged to pay to Metoz in AUD the scheme consideration in respect of the scheme shares, such payment to be effected prior to the operative date into a bank account jointly controlled by Newco and Metoz.
- 7.6 The right of scheme participants to receive the scheme consideration shall be a right, enforceable by the scheme participants against Metoz only, to require Metoz to enforce performance by Newco of its obligations in terms of the scheme. Scheme participants will, accordingly, be entitled to require Metoz to enforce its rights against Newco and Metoz has undertaken in favour of the scheme participants to enforce all its rights against Newco should the necessity arise.
- 7.7 Scheme participants are referred to paragraph 9, which sets out in detail the basis on and manner in which the scheme consideration will be made available to scheme participants.
- 7.8 Share certificates held by certificated scheme participants in respect of the scheme shares will cease to be of any value from the operative date, other than for surrender in terms of paragraph 7.3.
- 7.9 On the operative date, any director of Metoz or the transfer secretaries will irrevocably be deemed to be the attorney and agent, in *rem suam*, of all scheme participants to implement the transfer referred to in paragraph 7.1 and to sign any instrument of transfer in respect thereof or any other documents required to implement the scheme.

#### 8 The scheme consideration

- 8.1 If the scheme becomes operative, scheme participants will, on operative date, be entitled to receive R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the closing exchange rate at the last practicable date). The Rand amount paid to scheme members will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted and the possible effects of this are illustrated in the table contained in Annexure V on page 57. If the Rand strengthens against the AUD, the amount of the scheme consideration payable in Rands will be reduced and if the Rand weakens against the AUD, the amount of the scheme consideration payable in Rands will be increased, it being recorded that the scheme participants shall carry the exchange rate risk (and be entitled to any benefit) in relation to the amount of the scheme consideration.
- 8.2 Scheme participants will receive a fixed AUD0.6015 per Metoz share and Metoz, in consultation with Newco, will arrange for the distribution to scheme participants of the converted currency equivalent in Rand.
- 8.3 The settlement of the scheme consideration to which any scheme participant becomes entitled in terms of the scheme will be discharged in full in accordance with the terms of the scheme without regard to any lien, right of set-off, counterclaim or other analogous right to which Newco may be entitled.

#### 9 Settlement of the scheme consideration

- 9.1 If the scheme becomes operative, scheme participants will on the operative date be entitled to receive payment of the scheme consideration as follows –
- 9.1.1 provided that certificated scheme participants have surrendered their documents of title before the consideration record date, settlement of the scheme consideration will be made on the operative date which is expected to be on or about Monday, 18 April 2005, failing such surrender, settlement will take place within five business days of receipt of the scheme participants' documents of title;
- 9.1.2 the scheme consideration will be posted to certificated scheme participants by ordinary post, at the risk of such certificated scheme participants;
- 9.1.3 dematerialised scheme participants will have their accounts with their CSDP or broker credited on the operative date with the scheme consideration in accordance with the custody agreements that they have signed with their CSDP or broker.
- 9.2 Subject to the Exchange Control Regulations, details of which are set out in paragraph 11 of this statement, the scheme consideration will be posted to the addresses registered in the register at the risk of the relevant scheme participant, unless written instructions to the contrary are furnished on the form of surrender and transfer (white) attached to this document.
- 9.3 Where, on or subsequent to the operative date, a person who was not a registered holder of scheme shares on the consideration record date tenders to the transfer secretaries documents of title together with a form of surrender and transfer (white) purporting to have been executed by or on behalf of the registered holder of such shares and provided that the scheme consideration shall not already have been posted or delivered to the registered holder, such transfer shall be accepted by Newco and Metoz as if it were a valid transfer to such person of the scheme shares concerned.

#### 10 Surrender of documents of title

10.1 Certificated scheme participants must surrender their documents of title in order to claim the scheme consideration. The surrender of documents of title only applies to certificated shareholders and must be made to the transfer secretaries, Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61763, Marshalltown 2107) together with their share certificates and/or other documents of title.

- 10.2 Certificated scheme participants must use the relevant attached form of surrender and transfer (white) to surrender their documents of title. This can be done before the scheme meeting, in which case paragraph 10.4 will apply.
- 10.3 No receipts will be issued unless specifically requested. Scheme participants who require receipts are requested to prepare such receipts and to submit them for stamping, together with the form of surrender and transfer and documents of title.
- Documents of title surrendered by certificated scheme participants in anticipation of the scheme becoming operative will be held in trust by the transfer secretaries pending the scheme becoming operative. In the event that any condition precedent is not timeously fulfilled, the transfer secretaries will, within five business days of the date upon which it becomes known that the scheme will not become operative, return the documents of title to the certificated scheme participants concerned, by registered post, at the risk of such certificated participants.
- The attention of shareholders is drawn to the fact that if the documents of title in respect of certificated shares are surrendered in advance, it will not be possible to dematerialise the shares or to trade on the JSE between the date of surrender and the operative date. In addition, no dematerialisation or rematerialisation of shares may take place after Friday, 8 April 2005.
- 10.6 If the documents of title have been lost or destroyed and the holder produces evidence to this effect to the satisfaction of Metoz and Newco, Metoz and Newco may dispense with the surrender of documents of title requirements against provision of an acceptable indemnity, the cost of which indemnity will be borne by the scheme participant concerned.
- 10.7 If the scheme consideration is not sent to certificated scheme participants entitled thereto because the relevant documents of title have not been surrendered for any reason whatsoever, such scheme consideration will be held by Metoz or the transfer secretaries or a South African Bank in trust (if not held by Metoz, scheme participants will be notified in the press) until such documents of title are surrendered in terms of the scheme. No interest will accrue or be paid to scheme participants in respect of the scheme consideration.
- 10.8 Dematerialised scheme participants do not have to surrender any documents of title.

#### 11 Exchange Control Regulations

The following is a summary of the Exchange Control Regulations, which apply to scheme participants. If in doubt, scheme participants should consult their professional advisers without delay.

#### 11.1 Emigrants from the common monetary area

The scheme consideration is not freely transferable from South Africa and needs to be dealt with in accordance with the terms of the Exchange Control Regulations.

The scheme consideration will be forwarded to the scheme participant's authorised dealer in South Africa controlling the emigrant shareholder's blocked assets.

The attached form of surrender and transfer (white) makes provision for details of the authorised dealer concerned.

If the information regarding the authorised dealer is not given, the scheme consideration will be paid to an authorised dealer nominated by Metoz to hold for the scheme participants concerned pending receipt of the necessary information or instruction.

### 11.2 All other non-residents of the common monetary area

The scheme consideration will be forwarded to the scheme participant's authorised dealer in South Africa. Where the scheme participant does not have an authorised dealer in South Africa, the scheme consideration will be posted, at the risk of such scheme participant, to the address of such scheme participant in the register on the consideration record date.

The attached form of surrender and transfer (white) makes provision for details of the authorised dealer concerned.

# 12 Authors

The authors of this explanatory statement are the directors, assisted by Investec and Fluxmans Attorneys.

For and on behalf of

#### **METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED**

#### Director

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of Metoz Holdings Limited)

Johannesburg 23 February 2005 For and on behalf of

### THE NEWCO PROJECT X LIMITED

# Authorised signatory

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of The Newco Project X Limited)

Sydney 23 February 2005



# Metoz Holdings Limited (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410

# The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia)
(Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480)

# Scheme of Arrangement in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act, proposed by Newco between Metoz and its shareholders

### **Definitions and interpretations**

In this scheme of arrangement, unless otherwise stated or clearly indicated by the context, the words in the first column have the meanings stated opposite them in the second column; words in the singular include the plural and *vice versa*; words importing one gender include the other gender and references to a person include reference to a body corporate and *vice versa* –

"AUD" Australian Dollar, the official currency of Australia

"Australian Court" The Supreme Court of New South Wales

"broker" any person registered as a "broking member (equities)" in terms of

the Rules of the JSE made in accordance with the provisions of the

Securities Services Act, 2004 (Act 36 of 2004)

"business day" any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or official public holiday in

South Africa

"certificated scheme members" scheme members who hold certificated shares

"certificated scheme

participants"

scheme participants who hold certificated shares

"certificated shares" Metoz shares which have not yet been dematerialised title which is

represented by a share certificate or other document of title

"certificated shareholders" holders of certificated shares

"common monetary area" South Africa, the Republic of Namibia and the Kingdoms of Lesotho and

Swaziland

"Companies Act" the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended

"conditions precedent" the conditions precedent referred to in paragraph 4 of the scheme

"consideration record date" the close of business on the Friday (or if that Friday is not a business day,

the immediately preceding business day) at least five business days following the final date, being the latest date and time on which a holder of Metoz shares must be recorded in the register as such to receive the scheme consideration, which consideration record date is expected

to be on Friday, 15 April 2005

"Court" the High Court of South Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division), which

is located at High Court Building, von Brandis Square, corner Pritchard

and von Brandis Streets, Johannesburg 2001

"CSDP" a participant in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004 (Act 36 of 2004) "dematerialised scheme scheme members who hold dematerialised shares members" "dematerialised scheme scheme participants who hold dematerialised shares participants" "dematerialised shares" Metoz shares which have been incorporated into the STRATE system and which are no longer evidenced by physical documents of title "directors" or "the board" the board of directors of Metoz "document" this bound document dated 23 February 2005, including the scheme, the statements in terms of section 312(i)(a) of the Companies Act, the section setting out the additional information required by the JSE and SRP, the annexures, and the forms and notices it contains "documents of title" valid share certificate/s, certified transfer deed/s, balance receipts or any other documents of title acceptable to Newco in respect of Metoz shares "emigrant" any emigrant from the common monetary area whose address is outside the common monetary area "Exchange Control Regulations" the Exchange Control Regulations, 1961, as amended, made in terms of section 9 of the Currency and Exchanges Act, 1933 (Act 9 of 1933), as amended "final date" the date on which Metoz announces on SENS that all the conditions precedent have been fulfilled and that the scheme has become unconditional and binding, which final date is expected to be Wednesday, 6 April 2005 "form of surrender and transfer" the form attached to this circular (white), applicable to certificated shareholders only, to be completed and to accompany surrendered documents of title "JSE" the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa "last practicable date" 8 February 2005, being the last practicable date prior to the finalisation of this document "Metcash Australia" Metcash Trading Limited (registration number ABN 61 000 031 569), a public company incorporated in Australia, whose shares are listed on the Australia Stock Exchange Limited (ACN 088 624 691) "Metcash Australia share the scheme of arrangement in terms of the laws of Australia between scheme" Metcash Australia and the shareholders of Metcash Australia (other than Soetensteeg), in terms of which Newco will acquire all of the ordinary shares held by the shareholders of Metcash Australia (other than Soetensteeg) on the basis that the shareholders of Metcash Australia (other than Soetensteeg) will receive one ordinary share in Newco for each share held by them in Metcash Australia "Metoz" or "the company" Metoz Holdings Limited (registration number 1946/021315/06), a public company with limited liability, incorporated in South Africa, the shares of which are listed on the JSE "Metoz shareholders" or the registered holders of Metoz shares "shareholders" "Metoz shares" ordinary shares of no par value in the issued stated capital of Metoz

"Newco" The Newco Project X Limited (registration number ABN 32 112 073 480),

a public company incorporated in Australia

"operative" once all the conditions precedent to the scheme have been fulfilled

"operative date" the business day immediately following the consideration record date

on which operative date the scheme consideration is due to be posted to certificated scheme participants who have surrendered their documents of title, or on which dematerialised scheme participants' safe custody accounts held at their CSDP or broker are to be credited with the scheme consideration, which operative date is expected to be Monday,

18 April 2005

"own name registration" the registration of dematerialised shares in the name of the beneficial

owner of the dematerialised share

"Rand" or "ZAR" South African Rand, the official currency of South Africa

"register" the register of certificated shareholders and the sub-register of holders of dematerialised shares, maintained by Metoz in terms of sections 101

and 91A respectively of the Companies Act

"Registrar" the Registrar of Companies in South Africa

"scheme" the scheme of arrangement in terms of section 311 of the Companies Act

proposed by Newco between Metoz and its shareholders as set out on pages 20 to 29 of this document, in terms of which Newco will acquire the scheme shares in exchange for the scheme consideration, subject to any modifications or amendments made thereto and which is subject

to sanction by the Court

"scheme consideration" the cash consideration payable to scheme participants in terms

of the scheme being an amount of R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD being the exchange rate at the last practicable date). At the above exchange rate the total consideration payable is approximately the sum of R5 258 billion (five billion and two hundred and fifty eight million Rand). The Rand amount paid to scheme participants will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted and the possible effects of this are illustrated in the table contained in Annexure V on page 57, it being recorded that the scheme participants shall carry the

exchange rate risk (and be entitled to any benefit) in relation to the amount of the scheme consideration

"scheme meeting" the meeting of scheme members convened by the Court in terms

of section 311(2)(b) of the Companies Act, to be held in the boardroom of Metoz, First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg, at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, or any adjournment thereof (the time and date of which adjournment will be announced on SENS and in the press)

at which scheme members will consider and vote on the scheme

"scheme members" persons registered as shareholders of Metoz on the voting record date

who are entitled to attend and vote at the scheme meeting

"scheme participants" persons registered as shareholders of Metoz on the consideration record

date who are entitled to receive the scheme consideration

"scheme shares" the Metoz shares held by scheme participants on the consideration record

date totalling, in aggregate, 1 824 610 142 Metoz shares

"SENS" the Securities Exchange News Service of the JSE

"Soetensteeg" Soetensteeg 2-61 Exploitatiemaatschappij BV, a company incorporated

in The Netherlands which is indirectly wholly-owned by Metoz and which

owns approximately 52% of Metcash Australia

"South Africa" the Republic of South Africa

"SRP" the South African Securities Regulation Panel established in terms of

section 440B of the Companies Act

"stamp duty" the duty leviable in terms of Item 15(3) of Schedule 1 to the Stamp Duties

Act, 1968 (Act 77 of 1968), as amended

"STRATE" STRATE Limited (registration number 1998/022242/06), a registered

securities depository in terms of the Securities Services Act, 2004

(Act 36 of 2004)

"STRATE system" a clearing and settlement environment for security transactions to be

settled and transfer of ownership to be recorded electronically, managed

by STRATE

"transfer secretaries" Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited (registration

number 2004/003647/07), a private company incorporated in South Africa whose address is Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001

(PO Box 61051, Marshalltown 2107)

"voting record date" the latest time and date for Metoz shareholders to be recorded in the

register as shareholders of Metoz in order to be eligible to vote at the scheme meeting, being 17h00 on the second business day preceding the date of the scheme meeting, which voting record date

is expected to be Thursday, 17 March 2005

#### 1 Share capital of Metoz

1.1 The authorised share capital of Metoz comprises 2 000 000 000 ordinary shares of no par value.

1.2 The issued share capital of Metoz comprises 1 824 610 142 ordinary shares of no par value.

1.3 The Metoz shares are listed on the JSE.

# 2 The objective of the scheme

The objective of the scheme is to constitute Newco as the holder of the entire issued share capital of Metoz.

#### 3 The scheme

- The scheme will be put to the vote at the scheme meeting to be held at 09h00 on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, at the First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg.
- 3.2 Section 311 of the Companies Act requires that the scheme be approved by a majority representing not less than three-fourths of the votes exercisable by scheme members who are present and voting either in person or by proxy at the scheme meeting.
- 3.3 Each certificated scheme member and dematerialised scheme member, with own name registration who is recorded in the register on the voting record date, can attend and speak at the scheme meeting in person or give a proxy to someone else (including the chairperson of the scheme meeting) to represent him at the scheme meeting.
- 3.4 A dematerialised scheme member who does not have own name registration, must arrange with his/her CSDP or broker, to give the dematerialised scheme member authority to attend the scheme meeting or appoint a proxy.

- 3.5 A form of proxy (green) must be received at the registered office of the company or by the transfer secretaries by not later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005. Forms of proxy may also be handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting not later than ten minutes before the scheme meeting is due to commence.
- 3.6 Scheme members who do not want to vote in favour of the scheme will be given an opportunity to explain why at the scheme meeting.
- 3.7 In terms of the scheme and provided the scheme has become operative, Metoz and the scheme participants agree that, with effect from the operative date, scheme participants shall be deemed to have –
- 3.7.1 disposed of their scheme shares to Newco in exchange for the scheme consideration and Newco will be deemed to have acquired ownership of the scheme shares in exchange for the scheme consideration;
- 3.7.2 authorised Metoz to transfer or procure the transfer of the scheme shares into the name of Newco or its nominees with effect from the operative date; and
- 3.7.3 authorised Metoz or its agents, to collect or procure the collection of, from Newco the scheme consideration for distribution by Metoz or its agents to scheme participants in accordance with the provisions of the scheme.
- 3.8 Should the scheme become operative, scheme participants will be entitled to receive the scheme consideration from Metoz on the operative date only, in terms of paragraphs 5 and 6.
- 3.9 Newco will deliver the scheme consideration to Metoz (or its agents), as principal, prior to the operative date and such payment to be effected into a bank account jointly controlled by Newco and Metoz, it being recorded that settlement of the scheme consideration due to the scheme participants will be effected by Metoz or its agents.
- 3.10 Subject to the scheme becoming operative and against the transfer of the scheme shares to Newco, or its nominee, the scheme consideration will be posted or transferred to the scheme participants concerned in terms of paragraph 6.
- 3.11 Delivery by Newco to Metoz, as principal (or its agent) of the scheme consideration shall be the sole and exclusive manner of discharge by Newco of its obligations in respect of the scheme.
- 3.12 The rights of the scheme participants to receive the scheme consideration will be rights enforceable by scheme participants against Metoz only. Scheme participants will in turn be entitled to require Metoz to enforce its rights in terms of the scheme against Newco.
- 3.13 Metoz undertakes in favour of scheme participants to enforce all its rights in terms of the scheme against Newco.
- 3.14 The effect of the scheme will be that Newco will, from the operative date, become the owner of the entire issued share capital of Metoz.
- 3.15 Scheme participants are referred to paragraphs 5 and 6 which set out in detail the bases on and the manner in which the scheme consideration will be made available to scheme participants.
- 3.16 Documents of title held by certificated scheme participants in respect of the scheme shares will cease to be of any value and shall not be good for delivery from the operative date, other than for surrender in terms of paragraph 7.
- 3.17 With effect from the operative date, any director of Metoz or the transfer secretaries will each irrevocably be deemed to be the attorney and agent in *rem suam* of all scheme participants to implement the transfer referred to in paragraph 3.7 and to sign any instrument of transfer in respect thereof or any other documents required to implement the scheme.

# 4 Conditions precedent

- 4.1 The scheme is subject to the fulfilment or waiver (as provided for in terms of paragraphs 4.3 and 4.4) by no later than 30 June 2005, of the conditions precedent that –
- 4.1.1 the scheme is approved by a majority representing not less than three-fourths of the votes exercisable by the scheme members present and voting, either in person or by proxy, at the scheme meeting;
- 4.1.2 no material adverse change in respect of or in relation to Metoz (excluding Metcash Australia) shall have arisen on or before the business day prior to the date upon which the sanctioning of the scheme by the Court occurs. For the aforegoing purpose –
- 4.1.2.1 a material adverse change shall mean any adverse effect, fact, circumstance or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance which has arisen or occurred or which might reasonably be expected to arise or occur and which is or might reasonably be expected (alone or together with any other actual or potential adverse effect, fact or circumstance) to be material with regard to the business, continued existence, assets, revenues or financial position of Metoz;
- to be "material" there must be an adverse impact of not less than 10% upon the assets and/or market capitalisation of Metoz and its subsidiaries (other than Metcash Australia), without double counting where a single matter affects more than one measure of value;
- 4.1.3 the Court sanctions the scheme;
- 4.1.4 a certified copy of the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme is registered by the Registrar in terms of the Companies Act; and
- 4.1.5 by not later than 6 April 2005, the Metcash Australia share scheme is approved by the shareholders of Metcash Australia and the Australian Court.
- 4.2 The conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 4.1.1, 4.1.3 and 4.1.4 are not capable of being waived.
- 4.3 The conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 4.1.2 and 4.1.5 are conditions precedent stipulated for the benefit of Newco and may be waived by Newco only, in writing, at any time prior to the date upon which such conditions precedent are to be fulfilled.
- 4.4 Fulfilment or waiver of the conditions precedent set out in paragraphs 4.1.2 and 4.1.5 shall be confirmed in writing by Newco, which confirmation is to be delivered to Metoz on or before the dates upon which such conditions precedent are to be fulfilled.
- 4.5 The date for fulfilment of the condition precedent set out in paragraph 4.1.5 may be extended at Newco's discretion for a period not exceeding fourteen days by notice in writing from Newco to Metoz, in which event, the final date, the consideration record date and the operative date will be extended accordingly.
- 4.6 Metoz shall publish notice on SENS and in the press notifying scheme participants of any extension referred to in paragraph 4.5 and/or of the fulfilment or waiver of the condition precedent set out in paragraph 4.1.5.

### 5 The scheme consideration

- 5.1 In the event of the scheme becoming operative, scheme participants will, on the operative date, be entitled to receive in accordance with paragraph 6, from Metoz only, the amount of the scheme consideration for every scheme share held on the consideration record date.
- If the scheme consideration is not sent to certificated scheme participants entitled thereto because the relevant documents of title have not been surrendered for any reason whatsoever, such scheme consideration will be held by Metoz or the transfer secretaries or a South African Bank in trust (if not held by Metoz, scheme participants will be notified in the press) until such documents of title are surrendered in terms of the scheme. No interest will accrue or be paid to scheme participants in respect of the scheme consideration.

5.3 Scheme participants will receive a fixed AUD0.6015 per Metoz share and Metoz, in consultation with Newco, will arrange for the distribution to scheme participants of the converted currency equivalent in Rand.

#### 6 Settlement of the scheme consideration

- 6.1 The scheme consideration will, where the documents of title have been surrendered prior to the consideration record date, be posted by ordinary post to certificated scheme participants at the risk of the scheme participant concerned in accordance with the scheme participant's instructions (if any) contained in the properly completed form of surrender and transfer (white) attached to the document, by the transfer secretaries on the operative date, or be posted by ordinary post within five business days of the subsequent receipt after the operative date of the form of surrender and transfer together with the relevant documents of title.
- 6.2 Dematerialised scheme participants will have their accounts held at their CSDP or broker credited with the scheme consideration on the operative date in accordance with the custody agreement between dematerialised scheme participants and their CSDP or broker.
- 6.3 Subject to the Exchange Control Regulations, a summary of which are set out in paragraph 8, the scheme consideration will be posted to the addresses registered in the register at the risk of the relevant scheme participant, unless written instructions to the contrary are furnished on the abovementioned form of surrender and transfer (white).
- Where, on or subsequent to the operative date, a person who was not a registered holder of scheme shares on the consideration record date tenders to the transfer secretaries documents of title together with a form of surrender and transfer (white) purporting to have been executed by or on behalf of the registered holder of such shares and provided that the scheme consideration shall not already have been posted or delivered to the registered holder, such transfer shall subject to paragraph 6.5 be accepted by Newco and Metoz as if it were a valid transfer to such person of the scheme shares concerned.
- 6.5 The scheme consideration will be posted to the person referred to in paragraph 6.4 in accordance with the provisions of that paragraph, within five business days of such tender, subject to satisfactory proof to Newco and Metoz as to the payment of any stamp duty or UST payable and provided that Newco and Metoz are, if so required by either or both of them, given an indemnity on terms acceptable to them in respect of such scheme consideration.
- 6.6 If –
- the scheme consideration is not sent to scheme participants entitled thereto, because the relevant documents of title have not been surrendered; or
- 6.6.2 the scheme consideration is returned undelivered to the transfer secretaries,

then the scheme consideration will be held by Metoz or the transfer secretaries, or one of the South African banks in trust until claimed by the relevant scheme participant. No interest will accrue or be paid to scheme participants in respect of the scheme consideration.

6.7 The scheme consideration will be discharged in full in accordance with the terms of the scheme without regard to any lien, right of set-off, counterclaim or other analogous right to which Newco may be entitled.

#### 7 Surrender of documents of title

7.1 Certificated scheme participants must surrender their documents of title in order to claim the scheme consideration. The surrender of documents of title only applies to certificated shareholders and must be made to the transfer secretaries, Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61763, Marshalltown 2107) together with their share certificates and/or other documents of title.

- 7.2 Certificated scheme participants who wish to anticipate the implementation of the scheme and expedite receipt of the scheme consideration should complete the attached form of surrender and transfer (white) and return same as soon as possible to the transfer secretaries.
- 7.3 Alternatively, certificated scheme participants can wait until the scheme becomes operative, which is expected to be on Wednesday, 6 April 2005, and surrender their documents of title under cover of the completed attached form of surrender and transfer (white) at that time or notify their broker accordingly.
- 7.4 The provisions of paragraphs 7.1, 7.2 and 7.3 do not apply to dematerialised scheme participants.
- 7.5 Dematerialised scheme participants will receive from their CSDP or broker, in accordance with the provisions of the custody agreement between each such beneficial owner and his CSDP or broker, that portion of the scheme consideration received by the CSDP or broker as is attributable to the dematerialised shares held by the CSDP or broker on behalf of that beneficial owner.
- 7.6 No receipts will be issued for documents of title surrendered unless specifically requested. Scheme participants are requested to prepare receipts if required.
- 7.7 Documents of title surrendered or instructions given by scheme participants prior to the operative date in anticipation of the scheme becoming operative will be held in trust by the transfer secretaries pending the scheme becoming operative. Should the scheme not become operative for any reason whatsoever, then the transfer secretaries will, within five business days of the date upon which it becomes known that the scheme will not become operative, return the documents of title to the scheme participant concerned, by registered post, at the risk of such scheme participant, to the address recorded in the register, in respect of scheme participants holding certificated shares.

Certificated scheme participants should be aware that if they surrender their documents of title in advance they will not be in a position to deal in their scheme shares on the JSE from the date of surrender or instruction, as the case may be.

### 8 Exchange Control Regulations

The following is a summary of the Exchange Control Regulations, which apply to scheme participants. If in doubt, scheme participants should consult their professional advisers without delay.

## 8.1 Emigrants from the common monetary area

The scheme consideration is not freely transferable from South Africa and needs to be dealt with in accordance with the terms of the Exchange Control Regulations.

The scheme consideration will be forwarded to the scheme participant's authorised dealer in South Africa controlling the emigrant shareholder's blocked assets.

The attached form of surrender and transfer (white) makes provision for details of the authorised dealer concerned to be given.

If the information regarding the authorised dealer is not given, the scheme consideration will be paid to an authorised dealer nominated by Metoz to hold for the scheme participants concerned pending receipt of the necessary information or instruction.

# 8.2 All other non-residents of the common monetary area

The scheme consideration will be forwarded to the scheme participant's authorised dealer in South Africa. Where the scheme participant does not have an authorised dealer in South Africa, the scheme consideration will be posted, at the risk of such scheme participant, to the address of such scheme participant in the share register on the consideration record date.

The attached form of surrender and transfer (white) makes provision for details of the authorised dealer concerned.

# 9 Suspension and termination of listing of Metoz shares on the JSE

Subject to the scheme becoming operative, the JSE has granted approval for the suspension of the listing of Metoz shares with effect from the commencement of trading on Monday, 11 April 2005, and termination of the listing of Metoz shares at the commencement of trading on Tuesday, 19 April 2005. These dates are subject to change and any change will be announced on SENS and in the press.

### 10 Undertakings by Metoz and Newco

Metoz and Newco each agree that upon the final date, they will give effect to the terms and conditions of the scheme and they will sign and procure the signing of all documents and carry out and procure the carrying out of all acts, which are necessary to give effect to the scheme.

#### 11 Instructions and authorities

- 11.1 Metoz shall be entitled to accept and act on all documents relating to the status and capacity of any scheme participant and shall be empowered to act on behalf of any scheme participant as if such documents had been registered with Metoz.
- 11.2 Each mandate and instruction in regard to the scheme shares recorded with Metoz at the consideration record date will be deemed, unless and until revoked, to be a mandate and instruction to Metoz and Newco in respect of any rights accruing in respect of the scheme consideration.

#### 12 General

- 12.1 Subject to obtaining the prior written approval of Newco, the directors of Metoz may consent –
- 12.1.1 before or at the scheme meeting, to any amendment, variation or modification of the scheme; or
- 12.1.2 after the scheme meeting, to any amendment, variation or modification which the Court may deem fit to approve or impose,
  - provided that no amendment, variation or modification made after the scheme meeting shall have the effect of diminishing the rights which will accrue to a scheme participant in terms of the scheme.
- Subject to the provisions of paragraph 4.4, a certificate signed by a director of Metoz stating that all the conditions precedent have been fulfilled and/or waived and that the scheme has become operative shall be binding on Metoz, Newco, the scheme members and the scheme participants.
- 12.3 The costs of the scheme, including fees payable to professional advisers and printing and publishing costs will be borne by Metoz.
- Metoz will be entitled, and will have the authority, on behalf of itself and each scheme participant, to authorise any person nominated by Metoz to sign all documents required to carry the scheme into effect, including but not limited to proxies, changes of address and cessions of rights to dividends and other entitlements from Metoz.
- A copy of the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme will constitute the contract relating to the entitlement of each scheme participant to the scheme consideration, which Order of Court is required to be registered by the Registrar in terms of the Companies Act. When the Order of Court sanctioning the scheme is registered, the scheme will be binding on all scheme participants, even those who voted against it.

All times and dates referred to in the scheme are subject to change by mutual agreement between Metoz and Newco. Any such change will be released on SENS and published in the press.

For and on behalf of

**METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED** 

Director

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of Metoz Holdings Limited)

Johannesburg 23 February 2005 For and on behalf of

### THE NEWCO PROJECT X LIMITED

Authorised signatory

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of The Newco Project X Limited)

Sydney 23 February 2005



# **Metoz Holdings Limited**

(formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ | ISIN: ZAE000057410

# The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia) (Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480)

Valuation statement in terms of section 312(1)(a)(ii) of the Companies Act setting out relevant information to holders of Metoz shares

#### 1 Introduction

Following the disposal by Metoz in October last year of Metrade, Metoz has as its principal asset an approximate 52% equity stake in Metcash Australia, after Metcash Australia's successful placement of an additional 89.95 million Metcash Australia shares in December 2004, and 6.97 million Metcash Australia shares in January 2005, for cash. On 6 December 2004, Metcash Australia announced the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer. The capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other.

# 2 The capital reorganisation

Under the capital reorganisation, it is proposed that Newco will acquire 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash Australia by acquiring –

- all the Metcash Australia shares indirectly held by Metoz through the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metoz; and
- the remainder of the Metcash Australia shares held by Metcash shareholders other than Metoz.

These steps will be implemented by the scheme and Metcash Australia share scheme respectively. The scheme and the Metcash Australia share scheme are inter-conditional and need to be approved by the respective required percentages of shareholders of Metoz and Metcash Australia for the capital reorganisation to become effective.

Newco has accordingly, proposed the scheme between Metoz and its shareholders. Should the scheme be implemented Newco will acquire all the scheme shares. As a result, Metoz will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newco and the listing of the Metoz shares on the JSE will be terminated.

The purpose of this document is to provide shareholders with the relevant information material as to the value of the Metoz shares.

#### 3 Rationale for the scheme

Following the disposal of Metrade, the investment proposition for Metoz shareholders changed significantly. Rather than owning a geographically diversified wholesale and retail trading company, Metoz shareholders now solely hold an indirect investment in Metoash Australia, which, from a market price perspective, is an inefficient holding company structure and certain significant shareholders in Metoz have indicated a desire for Metoz to exit its investment in Metoash Australia.

Prior to Newco announcing the capital reorganisation, Metoz shares traded at a discount to the underlying market value of its investment in Metcash Australia, reflecting the inefficiency of the holding company structure. Furthermore, the fact that certain Metoz shareholders have indicated a desire for Metoz to exit its investment in Metcash Australia could create an unstable share register for Metcash Australia and may be depressive on its share price and thus on the share price of Metoz.

Accordingly, the scheme facilitates an exit for Metoz shareholders at a 33% premium to the thirty day weighted average price of the Metoz shares up to 3 December 2004, being the last trading day before the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer were announced.

In the event that the capital reorganisation is implemented, Newco will acquire all of the scheme shares and all of the shares in Metcash Australia, other than those held by Soetensteeg, in pursuance of which Metoz and Metcash Australia will be wholly-owned subsidiaries of Newco, whose shares will thereafter be listed on the ASX.

#### 4 Pro forma financial effects

The table below sets out the *pro forma* financial effects of the scheme on Metoz shareholders based on the assumptions set out below. The *pro forma* financial effects have been prepared by the Metoz board for illustrative purposes only, in order to provide information about how the scheme may have affected the scheme participants, had the scheme been implemented on the dates indicated in the notes below. Due to their nature, the *pro forma* financial effects may not give a true reflection of the financial effects of the scheme.

The independent reporting accountants' report on the unaudited *pro forma* financial effects is set out in Annexure III to this circular.

	Before the scheme (ZAR per share)	After the scheme (ZAR per share) <sup>5</sup>	Percentage increase
Market value 1	1.9500	2.8818	47.8
Thirty-day volume weighted average market value <sup>2</sup>	1.9860	2.8818	45.1
Net asset value <sup>3</sup>	0.4813	2.8818	498.8
Net tangible asset value 4	0.0436	2.8818	6 509.6

#### Notes -

- 1 The "Before the scheme" column reflects the closing JSE market value per Metoz share on 3 December 2004, being the last trading day preceding the publication of the detailed cautionary announcement. The "After the scheme" column shows the scheme consideration to be received.
- 2 The "Before the scheme" column reflects the thirty-day volume weighted average JSE market value per Metoz share calculated for the thirty trading days up to and including 3 December 2004, being the last trading day preceding the publication of the detailed cautionary announcement. The "After the scheme" column shows the scheme consideration to be received.
- 3 The "Before the scheme" column reflects the unaudited net asset value per share as extracted, without adjustment, from the unaudited results of Metoz for the six months ended 31 October 2004. The "After the scheme" column shows the scheme consideration to be received.
- 4 The "Before the scheme" column reflects the unaudited net tangible asset value per share as extracted, without adjustment, from the unaudited results of Metoz for the six months ended 31 October 2004. The "After the scheme" column shows the scheme consideration to be received.
- 5 The scheme consideration of R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the closing exchange rate on 8 February 2005). The Rand amount paid to scheme members will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted and the possible effects of this are illustrated in the table contained in Annexure V on page 57.

#### 5 Information on Metoz and Newco

#### 5.1 **Metoz**

#### 5.1.1 **Incorporation**

Metoz (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited) was incorporated in South Africa in 1946. Its shares are listed on the JSE and had a market capitalisation of R5 291 369 412 based on the closing share price of R2.90 per Metoz share on the last practicable date.

#### 5.1.2 Nature of business

In past years, Metoz has been involved in grocery and liquor wholesaling and retailing in Africa, Asia, Australasia, Europe and North America. More recently, its activities have been focused on Africa, the Far and Middle East and Australasia. Its African and Far and Middle Eastern operations were operated by its wholly-owned subsidiary, Metrade, whilst its Australasian operations were held through its majority interest in Metcash Australia. This majority interest arose from the acquisition by Metoz of a majority holding in Davids Limited in 1998. Davids Limited was subsequently renamed "Metcash Trading Limited" in 2000.

On 6 October 2004, a consortium, consisting of existing management, two financial institutions and a Black Economic Empowerment group, acquired the entire issued share capital of Metrade and other material assets from Metoz, except for its interest in Metcash Australia and a bank loan under a Consortium Facility Agreement. The result of this transaction was that the sole remaining material asset of Metoz is its interest in Metcash Australia. As at the last practicable date this investment represented approximately 52% of Metcash Australia's issued share capital.

## 5.1.3 **Prospects for Metoz**

In the event that the capital reorganisation is implemented, Newco will acquire all of the scheme shares and all of the shares in Metcash Australia, other than those held by Metoz, in pursuance of which Metoz and Metcash Australia will become wholly-owned subsidiaries of Newco. Newco's shares will thereafter be listed on the ASX.

If the capital reorganisation does not proceed, Metoz will continue to be a South African listed company with its only material asset being Metoash Australia.

The Metoz shareholding in Metcash Australia is likely to be diluted if the Foodland takeover offer is successful. The extent of the dilution will depend on the proportion of Foodland shareholders that choose to take Metcash A shares rather than cash as part consideration for their Foodland shares.

A capital management programme, such as a share buy-back, will be undertaken by Metcash Australia to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. Metcash Australia will buy-back ordinary shares equal to or greater than the number of Metcash A Shares issued to Foodland shareholders. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period. In the event that the capital reorganisation is not effective, such buy-back should result in Metoz at least maintaining its current indirect investment in Metcash Australia.

There are various funding related costs which have been or will be incurred for the takeover offer and the capital reorganisation and further details thereof can be obtained in the Metcash Australia scheme booklet, which is available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office of Metoz from the date of issue of this document until the date on which application is made to the Court for the sanctioning of the scheme. The Metcash Australia scheme booklet may also be viewed on the Metcash Australia website on www.metcash.com.

### 5.1.4 Trading history of Metoz shares on the JSE

The trading history of Metoz shares on the JSE is set out in Annexure IV.

#### 5.1.5 Material changes

Since the latest published reviewed accounts for the six months ended 31 October 2004, Metcash Australia has announced the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer and has issued an additional 89.95 million Metcash shares in December 2004, and an additional 6.7 million Metcash shares in January 2005, for cash. Otherwise, the board of directors of Metoz is not aware of any material changes in the business of Metoz subsequent to the latest published reviewed accounts for the six months ended 31 October 2004, other than in the ordinary course of business and as set out in this document.

#### 5.2 Information on Newco

### 5.2.1 **Incorporation**

Newco was incorporated on 3 December 2004 and its only shareholder is M & GM Investments Proprietary Limited, which holds one share in Newco and is unrelated to Metcash and controlled by an executive of Deutsche Bank AG.

If the Metcash Australia share scheme becomes effective, M & GM Investments Proprietary Limited will continue to hold one Newco share.

#### 5.2.2 Nature of business

Since its incorporation, Newco has not carried on any other business or activity and has no material assets or liabilities.

The principal activity and purpose of Newco is to acquire the entire issued share capital of Metoz by way of the scheme and the stake in Metcash Australia held by Metcash Australia shareholders other than Metoz via the Metcash Australia share scheme. In addition, Newco will issue options in Newco as consideration for the cancellation of existing options in Metcash Australia.

#### 5.2.3 **Prospects for Newco**

In the event that the scheme and the Metcash Australia share schemes become effective, Newco will (directly or indirectly) own all of the issued ordinary share capital in Metcash Australia.

Wherever this document refers to Newco's intentions following the capital reorganisation becoming effective, this should be taken to mean the intentions of the board of directors of Newco, as it will be constituted immediately after the implementation of the capital reorganisation, i.e. when the board of directors of Newco will comprise the existing members of the board of directors of Metcash Australia.

Newco has the following intentions should the capital reorganisation become effective –

- immediately following the implementation of the Metcash Australia share scheme the current board of directors of Metcash Australia will be appointed to the board of directors of Newco, and the current Newco directors will resign;
- Newco will be renamed Metcash Limited and will seek to list on the ASX. As Newco is simply a holding vehicle for Metcash Australia (which is already listed) approval for admission is expected to be forthcoming;
- subject to its intentions regarding Foodland Australia, Newco intends to continue to operate Metcash Australia businesses in a manner consistent with past practice; and
- Newco intends to undertake a restructuring exercise, which will result in Newco directly owning 100% of the ordinary shares in Metcash Australia.

These statements of intention are based on the information concerning Metcash Australia, its business and the general business environment, which is known to Newco at the time of preparation of this document. Final decisions will only be reached by Newco in light of additional knowledge through exposure to the business and material information and circumstances at the relevant time. Accordingly, the above statements are statements of current intention only that may change as new information becomes available or circumstances change.

#### 6 Tax implications for scheme participants

Scheme participants should seek advice from appropriate professional advisers if they are in any doubt whatsoever about their tax position and in particular to confirm how the general comments below apply in their specific personal circumstances.

This paragraph contains a general summary of the tax implications of the scheme for scheme participants. The tax analysis is therefore not comprehensive or determinative.

If the scheme participant holds the Metoz shares as an investment –

 the sale and transfer of the Metoz shares to Newco will be a disposal by the scheme participants for CGT purposes;

- consequently, a scheme participant will realise a capital gain or a capital loss, being the difference between the base cost for the Metoz shares and the proceeds received by or accrued in respect of those shares;
- the scheme participant's proceeds will be equal to the scheme consideration received. The base cost should be determined in accordance with the rules contained in the Eighth Schedule to the Income Tax Act ("the CGT legislation"). Different rules apply to shares acquired before and after 1 October 2001. The applicable rules will depend on the personal circumstances of the scheme participant; and
- in terms of the CGT legislation an individual's total capital gains (or losses) are reduced by R10 000 per year. Broadly, this means that a share participant will not pay CGT on the first R10 000 of capital gain per year (including the gain from the present transaction). Other gains or losses, arising from other transactions concluded in this tax year, if any, as well as any CGT loss carried forward from a previous tax year should be taken into account.

If the scheme participant holds the Metoz shares as a share dealer or as part of a profit-making scheme the scheme consideration will be subject to income tax in the hands of the scheme participant.

A scheme participant who is not a South African resident for tax purposes will, under certain circumstances, not be liable for the taxes set out above. Scheme participants who think that they may qualify as non-residents, should consult with appropriate professional advisers to ascertain whether they are non-residents for tax purposes and whether and on what basis they will be liable for tax.

#### 7 Share capital of Metoz

As at the last practicable date, the authorised and issued share capital of Metoz is as follows -

	R'000
Authorised share capital	
Ordinary shares (2 000 000 000 shares of no par value)	
Issued share capital	<del></del>
Ordinary shares (1 824 610 142 shares of no par value)	582 339
Total issued share capital	582 339

#### 8 Financial information

#### 8.1 Historical financial information

Annexure I to this circular contains extracts from the audited historical financial information of Metoz, respectively, for the years ended 30 April 2002, 2003 and 2004 and the reviewed historical financial information for the six months ended 31 October 2004.

#### 8.2 Financial effects of the proposed scheme

The independent reporting accountants' report on the pro forma financial effects of the scheme as discussed in paragraph 3 is set out in Annexure III to this circular.

#### 9 The Foodland takeover offer

The Foodland takeover offer is structured such that Metcash Australia will retain Foodland Australia and that ownership of Foodland New Zealand will be transferred to Foodland shareholders after the Foodland takeover offer is complete.

Metcash Australia proposes to offer Foodland Shareholders the following consideration -

- 2.44 Metcash A shares or AUD7.18 cash per Foodland ordinary share; and
- 1 Metcash NZ share per Foodland ordinary share.

The Foodland takeover offer and the capital reorganisation are not inter-conditional.

If the Foodland takeover offer succeeds and the capital reorganisation is unsuccessful, then a capital management programme, such as a share buy-back, will be undertaken by Metcash Australia to ensure an optimum balance of debt and equity. Metcash Australia will buy-back ordinary shares equal to or greater than the number of Metcash A shares issued to Foodland shareholders. The buy-back would be subject to agreement from the lenders under the banking facilities and would be expected to be complete within a three month period. In the event that the capital reorganisation is not effective, such buy-back should result in Metoz at least maintaining its current indirect investment in Metcash Australia.

#### 10 Opinions and recommendations

Investec, which has been appointed independent adviser to the Metoz board, has advised the Metoz board that it believes that the terms and conditions of the scheme are fair and reasonable to Metoz shareholders.

The directors of Metoz (excluding Messrs C S dos Santos, A Reitzer and V D Rubin who are also directors of Metcash Australia) have considered the terms and conditions of the scheme and, *inter alia*, the opinion of Investec, and are of the unanimous opinion that those terms and conditions are fair and reasonable to shareholders. **Accordingly, the board of directors of Metoz supports the scheme and recommends that shareholders vote in favour of the scheme.** All the directors of Metoz who hold Metoz shares intend to vote in favour of the scheme at the scheme meeting in respect of their own holdings of Metoz shares.

The full text of the Investec opinion delivered to the Metoz directors, which sets forth the assumptions made, matters considered and qualifications and limitations on the review undertaken by Investec, is included in Annexure II to this document. The foregoing summary is qualified by reference to this opinion and you are urged to read this opinion carefully in its entirety.

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of

#### **METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED**

#### Director

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of Metoz Holdings Limited)

Johannesburg 23 February 2005

#### THE NEWCO PROJECT X LIMITED

Authorised signatory

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of The Newco Project X Limited)

Sydney 23 February 2005



### **Metoz Holdings Limited**

(formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410

### The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia)
(Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480)

#### **Metoz directors**

Dr F van Zyl Slabbert\* (Chairman)

C S dos Santos

(Chief executive)

J L Grainger

B Joseph

J R McAlpine\*

G H Pieterse\*

A Reitzer

G B Rubenstein\*

V D Rubin

S O Shonhiwa\*°

R D Taurog

C F Turner\*

\*Non-executive

°Zimbabwe

#### **Newco directors**

P Kaplan J Randall

M Roche

Statement of directors' interests in terms of section 312(1)(a)(iii) of the Companies Act

#### 1 Interests of the directors of Metoz

#### 1.1 Shareholdings

1.1.1 On the last practicable date the directors of Metoz held the following Metoz shares –

	Ben	Beneficial		
Director	Direct	Indirect	Percentage holding	
Dr F van Zyl Slabbert	_	_	0.00	
C S dos Santos*	2 158 438	14 781 757	0.93	
J L Grainger	1 524 827	0.08		
B Joseph	1 204 290	51 823	0.07	
J R McAlpine	-	974 115	0.05	
G H Pieterse	_	_	0.00	
A Reitzer*	199 850	-	0.01	
G B Rubenstein*	142 751	_	0.00	
V D Rubin*	1 249 973	434	0.07	
S O Shonhiwa	2 400	_	0.00	
R D Taurog*	2 020 736	_	0.11	
C F Turner		128 726	0.00	

<sup>\*</sup> In terms of a third party arrangement, these directors have a call option over 10 289 367 shares at a strike price of R1.30 fluctuating in terms of a predetermined formula. The number of shares subject to the call option has not changed since 30 April 2004. This call option was exercisable on or before 31 January 2005. The third party sold the shares in question without instructions prior to 31 January 2005 and a dispute now exists.

The said interests include the interests which the directors hold in terms of the Metro Share Incentive Schemes. None of the directors held any non-beneficial interests in the company.

- 1.1.2 On the last practicable date none of the directors of Metoz held any Metcash shares, other than Mr A Reitzer who beneficially held directly 1 820 000 Metcash shares and 680 000 Metcash options.
- 1.1.3 On the last practicable date the directors of Metoz did not hold any shares in Newco.
- 1.1.4 On the last practicable date the directors of Newco did not hold any shares in Metoz.

#### 2 Directors' interests in the scheme

The directors of Metoz have no interest in the scheme other than through their holding of Metoz shares and Metoash shares and options.

#### 3 Directors' emoluments and service contracts

The following table sets out an analysis of the pre-tax remuneration, including bonuses for the years ended 30 April for individual directors who held office at the last practicable date –

	Fe	es	Sa	lary	Во	nus		ent and benefit	To	otal
	2004 R000	2003 R000	2004 R000	2003 R000	2004 R000	2003 R000	2004 R000	2003 R000	2004 R000	2003 R000
Dr F van Zyl Slabbert	542	477	_	_		_	_	_	542	477
C S dos Santos	_	_	3 281	2 846	1 535	1 000	374	341	5 190	4 187
J L Grainger	_	-	2 180	2 109	507	193	151	195	2 838	2 497
B Joseph	_	_	1 597	1 392	625	301	220	192	2 442	1 885
J R McAlpine	123	78	_	_	_	-	_	_	123	78
G H Pieterse	118	68	_	_	_	_	_	_	118	68
A Reitzer	_	_	5 330	5 213	623	1 336	270	53	6 223	6 602
G B Rubenstein	133	83	_	_	_	_	_	_	133	83
V D Rubin	_	_	1 599	1 392	625	301	208	181	2 432	1 874
S O Shonhiwa	143	83	_	_	_	-	_	_	143	83
R D Taurog	_	_	1 599	1 392	625	301	206	178	2 430	1 871
C F Turner	65	-	_	_	_	<u>-</u>			65	
Total	1 124	789	15 586	14 344	4 540	3 432	1 429	1 140	22 679	19 705

If the scheme is implemented the board of directors of Metoz will be reconstituted and the current remuneration of the Metoz directors will cease.

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of

#### METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### Director

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of Metoz Holdings Limited)

Johannesburg 23 February 2005

#### THE NEWCO PROJECT X LIMITED

Authorised signatory

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of The Newco Project X Limited)

Sydney 23 February 2005



### The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia) (Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480)

#### (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited) (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06)

Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410

### Statement of additional information required by the JSE and SRP

#### Interests of Newco in Metoz

Newco holds no Metoz shares and has never held any Metoz shares.

#### 2 Cash confirmation

Deutsche Securities (SA) (Proprietary) Limited has furnished a letter to the SRP confirming funding arrangements with regards to the scheme.

The funding for the scheme will be by way of an unconditional loan from Metcash Australia to Newco, which will be drawn down prior to the operative date. Metcash Australia will finance the loan through -

- a three year senior unsecured syndicated loan note subscription facility of up to AUD825 million ("the syndicated loan facility"). The syndicated facility is to be provided to Metcash Australia by a syndicate of lenders and has been fully underwritten by ANZ;
- a pro rata entitlement offer of convertible unsecured loan stock ("CULS") to eligible shareholders to raise approximately AUD744 million. Deutsche Bank AG has underwritten the CULS to this level;
- the issue of convertible undated preference shares ("CUPS") of up to AUD50 million. Deutsche Bank AG has agreed to subscribe for all CUPS.

The underwriting agreements referred to above must become or be declared unconditional in relation to the provision of funding for the scheme consideration by no later than the last day to lodge forms of proxy for the scheme meeting, which is expected to be 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005. Scheme members will be advised whether the underwriting agreements have become or been declared unconditional by publication on SENS and in the press.

#### JSE listing

Subject to the fulfilment of the conditions precedent set out in paragraph 4 of the scheme and the scheme becoming operative, the JSE has granted approval for the suspension of the listing of Metoz with effect from the commencement of trading on Monday, 11 April 2005, and termination of the listing of Metoz at the commencement of trading on Tuesday, 19 April 2005. These dates are subject to change and any change will be announced on SENS and in the press.

#### Major shareholders

On 28 January 2005 the following shareholders as defined in 7.A.27 of the JSE listing requirements beneficially held 5% or greater shareholding in the issued share capital of Metoz -

Shareholder	Number of shares held	Percentage of issued share capital
Rand Merchant Bank Limited	341 882 291	18.74
Public Investment Commissioners	256 328 505	14.05
Liberty Life Assurance of Africa Limited	226 785 225	12.43
Morgan Stanley and Company International Limited	169 201 030	9.27
The Metro Share Incentive Schemes	94 098 604	5.16
Total	1 088 295 655	59.65

Note: Certain of the institutions listed above have the right to vote additional shares held on behalf of their clients.

#### 5 Undertakings

On 3 December 2004, the two largest Metoz shareholders, RMB Asset Management (Proprietary) Limited ("RMB") and STANLIB Asset Management Limited ("STANLIB"), who at that date collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 47% of the issued shares in Metoz, separately provided undertakings to vote in favour of the scheme and all such shareholders' resolutions of Metoz as may be necessary to implement the scheme. These undertakings will fall away on receipt by Metoz or its shareholders of a materially superior offer for Metoz, which offer needs to be unconditional as to funding, and needs to be certified by Investec as having a better than even prospect of becoming unconditional in every respect by the first closing date of such offer. Under the undertakings RMB and STANLIB are permitted to sell up to approximately 95 million and 93 million Metoz shares respectively. In addition, the undertakings will not apply to any Metoz shares managed for a client, which terminates the mandate to STANLIB or RMB as asset managers prior to the completion of the scheme. However, Metcash Australia understands that both RMB and STANLIB have put in place controls to ensure that, under no circumstances, will they sell more than the approximately 95 million and 93 million shares respectively permitted to be sold by the undertakings, so that the minimum proportion of the issued shares of Metoz to which the undertakings could apply is 36.5%.

Since that time STANLIB has sold approximately 71 million Metoz shares. Hence RMB and STANLIB as at the last practicable date collectively controlled, as asset managers on behalf of their clients, approximately 43% of the issued ordinary shares in Metoz.

In relation to the Foodland takeover offer, RMB and STANLIB have undertaken to vote in favour of all such Metoz shareholder resolutions in South Africa as may be necessary to implement the Foodland takeover offer. These undertakings are conditional upon the Foodland takeover offer being recommended by the Metoz board of directors and the Metoash Australia board of directors and being certified as fair and reasonable by an independent financial adviser.

#### 6 Material contracts

- 6.1 Metoz has entered into the following material contracts otherwise than in the ordinary course of business within two years prior to the date of this circular –
- 6.1.1 the acquisition by Metrade of the Seven Eleven franchise business, the particulars of which transaction was set out in the annual financial statements of Metoz for the financial year ended on 30 April 2004;
- 6.1.2 the disposal by Metoz of Metrade to its senior executive management and others, particulars of which transaction were set out in a circular to shareholders of Metoz and which transaction was approved by the shareholders of Metoz on 29 September 2004;
- 6.1.3 the Consortium Facility Agreement relating to the loan of AUD119 million to pay the balance owing in respect of the acquisition of Metcash Australia.
- 6.2 Metcash Australia has or will enter into the following material contracts to finance the capital reorganisation including contracts relating to –
- 6.2.1 the syndicated loan facility;
- 6.2.2 the CULS;
- 6.2.3 the CUPS; and
- 6.2.4 in addition a new 364 day working capital facility of up to AUD150 million is to be provided to Metcash Australia by ANZ for the purposes of funding (subject to certain restrictions) ongoing working capital requirements of Metcash Australia and its subsidiaries;
- 6.3 Metcash Australia has agreed to provide loan funds to Newco to enable it to fund the capital reorganisation. These loans will be advanced as follows –
- 6.3.1 interest free loan of AUD794 million being an advance of the proceeds of the CULS issue and the CUPS issue; and

6.3.2 interest bearing loan of AUD527 million being the proceeds of drawings under the syndicated facility required to ensure that the total funding required to meet payments related to the capital reorganisation are available.

On completion of the capital reorganisation, Newco and Metcash Australia intend that the interest bearing loan will be repaid as soon as practicable.

#### 7 Special arrangements and undertakings by Metoz and Newco

- 7.1 Newco and Metoz have agreed that, on the operative date, they will give effect to the terms and conditions of the scheme insofar as such terms and conditions may apply to them, sign and procure the signing of all documents and carry out and procure the carrying out of all acts which may be necessary to give effect to the scheme.
- 7.2 No arrangements, undertakings or agreements have been made between Metoz and Newco or persons acting in concert with either of them in relation to Metoz shares.
- 7.3 No arrangements or undertakings (including any compensation arrangements) which have any connection with or dependence on the scheme exist between Newco and any person acting in concert with it and/or any director of Metoz and/or any person who was a director of Metoz within the period commencing twelve months prior to the operative date.
- 7.4 No arrangements or undertakings (including any compensation arrangements) which have any connection with or dependence on the scheme exist between Metoz and any person acting in concert with it and/or any director of Newco and/or any person who was a director of Newco within the period commencing twelve months prior to the operative date.

#### 8 Litigation statement

Except as described below or elsewhere in this document, there are no legal or arbitration proceedings pending or threatened of which Metoz is aware involving Metoz, which may have or have had a significant effect on the financial position of Metoz taken as a whole.

#### 9 Directors' responsibility statement

- 9.1 The directors of Metoz –
- 9.1.1 have considered all statements of fact and opinion in this document relating to Metoz;
- 9.1.2 accept, individually and collectively, full responsibility for such statements; and
- 9.1.3 certify that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no omissions of material facts or consideration which would make any statement of fact or opinion relating to Metoz contained in this document false or misleading and have made all reasonable inquiries in this regard.
- 9.2 The directors of Newco –
- 9.2.1 have considered all statements of fact and opinion in this document relating to Newco;
- 9.2.2 accept, individually and collectively, full responsibility for such statements; and
- 9.2.3 certify that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no omissions of material facts or consideration which would make any statement of fact or opinion relating to Newco contained in this document false or misleading and have made all reasonable inquiries in this regard.

#### 10 Consents

The independent adviser to Metoz, the attorneys to Metoz, the independent reporting accountant to Metoz, the sponsor to Metoz and the attorneys to Newco have consented in writing to act in the capacities stated in this document and to their names being stated in this document and, where appropriate, consented to the form and context in which their reports are included, and have not withdrawn their consents prior to the publication of this document.

#### 11 Cost of the scheme

The costs of the scheme are expected to amount to approximately R4.6 million (including VAT), which amount includes the JSE documentation and inspection fee of R5 817 (including VAT). The costs of the scheme will be borne by Metoz.

#### 12 Documents available for inspection

The following documents, or copies thereof, will be available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office of Metoz from the date of issue of this document until the date on which application is made to the Court for the sanctioning of the scheme –

- 12.1 a signed copy of this document;
- the Metoz memorandum and articles of association;
- 12.3 a copy of the Order of Court convening the scheme meeting;
- the audited annual financial statements of Metoz for the last five reporting periods ended 30 April 2004;
- the audited annual financial statements of Metcash Australia for the last five reporting periods ended 30 April 2004;
- the signed letters of consent of the independent adviser to Metoz, the attorneys to Metoz, the independent reporting accountant to Metoz, the sponsor to Metoz and the attorneys to Newco consenting to the publication of their names in the form and context in which they appear in this scheme circular referred to in paragraph 10;
- 12.7 Investec's fair and reasonable opinion;
- the independent reporting accountant's report on the proforma financial effects from Ernst & Young referred to in paragraph 4 of the valuation statement to this document;
- 12.9 a signed copy of the scheme (yellow) and the explanatory statement (blue);
- 12.10 the Metcash Australia scheme booklet, which may also be viewed on the Metcash Australia website on www.metcash.com; and
- 12.11 the Metcash Australia bidders statement in respect of the Foodland takeover offer, which may also be viewed on the Metcash Australia website on www.metcash.com.

For and on behalf of

For and on behalf of

#### METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### Director

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of Metoz Holdings Limited)

Johannesburg 23 February 2005

#### THE NEWCO PROJECT X LIMITED

Authorised signatory

(who is duly authorised hereto in terms of a resolution passed by the board of directors of The Newco Project X Limited)

Sydney 23 February 2005

#### **Extracts of historical financial information on Metoz**

Extracts of audited financial information on Metoz for the three years ended 30 April 2002, 30 April 2003, 30 April 2004, and extracts of historical financial information for the six months ended 31 October 2004. The information for the six months ended 31 October 2004 excludes that of Metrade which had been sold.

#### Abridged income statement

	Six months ended 31 October 2004 Reviewed Rm	Year ended 30 April 2004 Audited Rm	Year ended 30 April 2003 Audited Rm	Year ended 30 April 2002 Audited Rm
Revenue	16 193	51 517	51 788	43 090
Cost of sales	(15 344)	(49 206)	(49 638)	(41 376)
Administration, human resource and information costs  Depreciation of tangible assets	(332) (72)	(865) (213)	(682) (234)	(599) (178)
	444	1 232	1 234	
Operating income Interest paid	(39)	(168)	(197)	937 (195)
·	(59)	(100)	(197)	(190)
Income before exceptional items and taxation	406	1 064	1 037	742
Exceptional items	88	(3)	18	183
Amortisation of goodwill and other		(-,	· ·	
intangibles	(25)	(57)	(54)	(48)
Income before taxation	469	1004	1 001	877
Taxation	(200)	(342)	(329)	(249)
Income after taxation Income attributable to outside	269	662	672	628
shareholders	(91)	(251)	(232)	(168)
Income attributable to ordinary shareholders	178	411	440	460
Headline earnings for the period Income attributable to ordinary shareholders Loss/(Surplus) arising from	178	411	440	460
allotment of shares by the Australian subsidiary	2	3	(64)	38
Exceptional items	(90)	_	38	(193)
Amortisation of goodwill	20	47	43	36
Headline earnings	110	461	457	341
Weighted average shares in issue (000)	1 795 237	1 788 861	1 712 015	1 693 151
Headline earnings per ordinary share (cents)	6.1	25.8	26.7	20.2
Earnings per ordinary share (cents) Net number of shares issued (000)	9.9	23.0	25.7	27.2
- at period-end	1 794 343	1 798 155	1 738 951	1 707 762
- weighted average for the period	1 795 237	1 788 861	1 712 015	1 693 151

	31 October 2004 Reviewed Rm	30 April 2004 Audited Rm	30 April 2003 Audited Rm	30 April 2002 Audited Rm
ASSETS				
Non-current assets	1 404	2 492	2 134	2 232
Tangible fixed assets Intangible assets Investments and loans Long term debtors Deferred taxation	597 785 10 - 12	1 220 1 059 104 - 110	1 103 857 61 - 113	1 090 836 162 - 144
Current assets	5 468	8 376	7 204	7 613
Inventories Accounts receivables Short term loan – employee Share incentive trusts Cash and cash equivalents	1 977 3 242 - 118 131	3 329 4 529 - 122 396	2 923 3 524 - 125 632	2 919 3 885 - - 808
Total assets	6 872	10 868	9 338	9 844
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capital and reserves Outside shareholders' interest Non-current liabilities	864 603 470	2 091 754 718	1 612 666 1 163	1 301 442 1 647
Deferred tax Interest bearing liabilities Provisions	- 381 89	21 601 97	14 1 069 79	5 1 642 -
Current liabilities	4 936	7 305	5 897	6 453
Accounts payable Provisions Taxation Interest bearing liabilities	4 170 142 63 561	6 103 338 110 754	5 145 304 41 407	5 431 411 87 524
Total equity and liabilities	6 872	10 868	9 338	9 844

	Six months ended 31 October 2004 Reviewed Rm	Year ended 30 April 2004 Audited Rm	Year ended 30 April 2003 Audited Rm	Year ended 30 April 2002 Audited Rm
Cash generated from operating				
activities	158	1 187	1004	1 085
Finance costs	(39)	(169)	(197)	(195)
Taxation paid	(199)	(265)	(319)	(102)
Cash flows from operating activities	(80)	753	488	788
Investment to maintain operations	71	(204)	(207)	565
Additions to and replacement of tangible and intangible assets  Proceeds on disposal of tangible	71	(239)	(248)	(101)
and intangible assets	_	25	16	101
Proceeds on disposal of business	_	10	14	565
Proceeds on disposal of investments			11_	
Investment to expand operations	_	(300)	(126)	(471)
Acquisition of businesses		(300)	(126)	(471)
Cash flows from investing activities	71	(504)	(333)	94
Cash flows from financing activities	41	(606)	(227)	(473)
Net proceeds of share issues	41	9	224	34
Non-current liabilities raised	_	538	247	412
Non-current liabilities repaid		(970)	(668)	(858)
Loan advanced from outside shareholders	_	_	3	_
Proceeds from sale and lease of property	_	_	113	_
Repayment of finance lease principal	_	(37)	(30)	- [
Payments to outside shareholders	_	(146)	(116)	(61)
Net decrease in cash resources Balance at beginning of year	32 112	(357) 469	(71) 540	409 131
Balance at end of year	131	112	469	540

	Stated capital Rm	Non- distributable reserves Rm	Distributable reserves Rm	Capital and reserve
Balance - April 2001 as reported	1 432	(358)	15	1 089
Prior year adjustment for AC 116	_	_	(117)	(117)
Balance - April 2001 restated	1 432	(358)	(102)	972
Income for the year		_	460	460
Transfer from distributable reserves	_	2	(2)	_
Foreign currency translation reserve	-	(122)	-	(122)
Share issue expenses	-	_	-	_
Disposal of joint venture	_	(9)	-	(9)
Capitalisation award	50	_	(50)	_
Balance - April 2002 as reported	1 482	(488)	307	1 301
Prior year adjustment for AC 132	(30)	_	-	(30)
Balance – April 2002 restated	1 452	(488)	307	1 271
Income for the year	_	_	440	440
Transfer from distributable reserves	-	1	(1)	_
Foreign currency translation reserve	_	(65)		(65)
Share issue expenses	(1)	_	-	(1)
Odd lot capital reduction	_	-	-	-
Capitalisation award	161	_	(161)	_
AC 133 Financial instrument recognition and measurement	_	_	(33)	(33)
Balance - April 2003 as reported	1 612	(551)	551	1 612
Income for the year	_	_	411	411
Transfer from distributable reserves	_	3	(3)	_
Foreign currency translation reserve	_	71		. 71
Share issue expenses	(3)	_		(3)
Unallocated shares in trust	_	_	-	_
Accumulated surplus in trust				<del>-</del>
Capitalisation awards	112	_	(112)	_
Balance - April 2004 as reported	1 720	(477)	847	2 091
Income for the year	-	-	178	178
Transfer from distributable reserves	_	-	-	<del></del>
Foreign currency translation reserve	_	(267)	-	(267)
Share issue expenses	_	_	-	_
Distribution to shareholders	(1 138)	_	-	(1 138)
Capitalisation award		_		
Balance - October 2004 as reported	582	(744)	1 025	864

#### **Accounting policies**

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except where indicated otherwise, and incorporate the following principal accounting policies, which conform with South African Statements of Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include those of the company, its subsidiaries and trading managed associated companies and the Metro share incentive trusts. The results of any subsidiary acquired or disposed of are included from the effective dates of control and up to the date of relinquishment of control.

Trading managed associated companies are consolidated. These are long term investments where the interests of the Group are sufficiently material to enable it, with the consent of all shareholders, to exercise management control over the financial and operating policies of the companies concerned. Unrealised income arising from transactions within the Group and inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated.

The carrying values of subsidiaries, at cost, in the financial statements of the company are compared to their recoverable amount when indication of an impairment exists. Where carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, investments in subsidiaries are written down to their recoverable amounts. Non-consolidated subsidiaries which are treated as available for sale assets in terms of AC 133 are classified as investments in the balance sheet.

#### **Associated companies**

The equity method is used to account for investments in associated companies. These are long-term investments where the interests of the Group are sufficiently material to enable it to exercise significant influence over the financial and operating policies of the investee companies concerned.

#### Investments and loans

All investments are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration paid and including acquisition charges associated with the investment. After initial recognition, investments which are classified as held for trading and available for sale are measured at fair value. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognised in income.

Gains or losses on available for sale investments are recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed of, or until the investment is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in income.

For investments that are actively traded in organised financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business on the balance sheet date. For investments where there is no quoted market price, fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of another instrument which is substantially the same or is calculated based on the expected cash flows of the underlying net asset base of the investment.

Long-term accounts receivable are classified as available for sale assets and initially recognised at original invoice value. Subsequently they are measured at fair value, being the discounted present value of the expected cash flows according to the terms agreed with the customers.

#### Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the exchange rates ruling on the transaction date. The related monetary assets and liabilities at the year end are converted at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Metoz has investments in foreign subsidiaries and trading managed associated companies which are classified as foreign entities. The financial statements of these companies are translated for incorporation into the Group financial statements on the following basis –

- monetary and non-monetary assets and liabilities at closing rates;
- income statement items at weighted average rates for the year;
- equity, other than income statement items, at historical rates; and
- the resulting exchange differences are taken directly to a foreign currency translation reserve which is included with non-distributable reserves.

Goodwill adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as an asset of the acquiring company and are recorded at the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Goodwill in the foreign entity is treated as an asset of that entity and is recorded at the closing rate.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts on the balance sheet. Legislated future rates are used to determine the deferred tax balance. Deferred tax assets relating to assessed losses and deductible temporary differences carried forward are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised.

#### Tangible assets

Land and buildings constitute owner occupied property and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. Buildings and leasehold property are depreciated to their residual values over their expected useful lives, not exceeding fifty years, using the straight line basis, commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use.

Other tangible assets are stated at cost and depreciated on the straight line basis at rates estimated to write each asset down to residual value over the term of its useful life. The rates applied vary between 15% and 20% per annum.

The carrying values of tangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. Where carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, tangible assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories comprise merchandise for resale and are valued at the lower of cost determined on a first-in-first-out basis and net realisable value.

#### Intangible assets

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets at date of acquisition. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis over the lesser of its effective economic life and twenty years. Negative goodwill, being the excess of the attributable fair value of the identifiable net assets over the purchase consideration, that represents anticipated losses, is amortised over the expected period of the losses. The excess thereafter, up to the value of non-monetary assets, is amortised over the remaining useful lives of such non-monetary assets. Any further excess is recognised immediately. All amortisation is charged or credited against the income statement. Trademarks and liquor licences are stated at cost. Amortisation is provided on a straight line basis to write off each trademark or liquor licence over the lesser of its useful life or twenty years. The carrying values of intangible assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. Where carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amounts, intangible assets are written down to their recoverable amounts.

#### Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities recognised on the balance sheet include cash and cash equivalents, investments, accounts receivable, loans receivable, accounts payable and borrowings.

The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of twelve months or less. Cash and cash equivalents with an original maturity of greater than three months are stated at fair value.

For the purposes of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables, which generally have seven to thirty day terms, are recognised and carried at original invoice value less an allowance for doubtful amounts. An estimate for doubtful debts is made when collection of the full amount is no longer probable. Bad debts are written off when identified.

#### Interest bearing loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at cost, being the fair value of the consideration received net of issue costs associated with the borrowing. After initial recognition, interest bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any issue costs and other discount or premium on settlement.

#### **Derivative instruments**

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, including forward exchange contracts, to hedge its exposure to foreign currency fluctuations. It is the Group's policy not to trade in derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. In terms of hedge accounting, hedges are either fair value hedges – which hedge the exposure to changes in the fair value of a recognised asset or liability, or cash flow hedges – which hedge exposure to variability in cash flows. In the case of fair value hedges, any gains or losses on marking to market the hedging instrument are recognised immediately in the profit for the period. Gains and losses on effective cash flow hedging instruments in respect of firm commitments or forecast transactions are recognised directly in equity. Any effective portion of a cash flow hedge is recognised in profit before taxation for the period. When the hedged firm commitment or forecast transaction is recognised as an asset or a liability, the cumulative associated gains or losses reflected in equity are included in the initial measurement of the asset or liability. For other cash flow hedges that do not result in the recognition of an asset or liability, the cumulative gains or losses reflected in equity are included in profit in the period in which the hedged firm commitment or forecast transaction affects profit.

#### Revenue recognition

The majority of the Group's revenue comprises sales on a conventional distribution and cash and carry basis. Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred and when revenue and costs can be measured reliably and future benefits are probable. Interest income is recognised utilising the effective rate in the instrument. Dividends are recognised when the right to receive payment is established, except for those from Zimbabwe which are recognised when payment is received.

#### Cost of sales

Cost of sales includes the cost of merchandise and all overheads appropriate to the distribution of fast moving consumer goods.

#### Leases

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group substantially all the risk and benefits incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly against income. Capitalised leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term. Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### Retirement and post-retirement benefits

The Group operates two defined contribution schemes, a superannuation fund and a medical benefit fund in respect of healthcare. Current contributions are charged against income when incurred. The Group has also agreed to provide certain post-retirement healthcare benefits to employees in South Africa. These benefits are unfunded and fully provided.

The cost of providing benefits is determined separately for each plan using the projected unit credit actuarial valuation method. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised as income or expensed in the period in which they arise.

#### Employee share incentive schemes

The Group has share incentive schemes in place for the benefit of employees. These schemes provide employees with shares and/or non-transferable options and rights in the company and certain subsidiaries. To the extent that it is material, the dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share. Shares held by the share trusts are treated as treasury shares, recorded at cost, and presented in the balance sheet as a deduction from equity. No expense is currently recognised in the income statement for such awards.

#### **Borrowing costs**

Finance costs are written off through the income statement as incurred and are recognised at the effective interest rate of the financial liability.

#### **Provisions**

A provision is recognised when there is a present obligation, whether legal or constructive, as a result of a past event for which it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### Capitalisation share awards and cash dividends

Upon declaration of a capitalisation award, the attributable value of the shares concerned is transferred from distributable reserves to stated capital account and recorded in the statement of changes in equity. Cash dividends and the related Secondary Tax on Companies are recognised as charges in the income statement in the year of declaration.

#### Comparative figures

Where necessary, comparative figures have been restated to accord with current year classifications and as a result of changes in accounting policies.

#### Fair and reasonable opinion

"The Board of Directors Metoz Holdings Limited First Floor 33 Scott Street Waverley Johannesburg 2090 South Africa

11 February 2005

Dear Sirs

INDEPENDENT FAIR AND REASONABLE OPINION ON THE SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT IN TERMS OF SECTION 311 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1973 (ACT 61 OF 1973), AS AMENDED, PROPOSED BY THE NEWCO PROJECT X LIMITED ("NEWCO"), BETWEEN METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED ("METOZ") AND ITS SHAREHOLDERS ("SCHEME MEMBERS") TO ACQUIRE ALL OF THE SHARES HELD BY THE SCHEME MEMBERS ("THE METOZ SCHEME")

#### 1 Introduction

Investec Corporate Finance, a division of Investec Bank Limited ("Investec"), has been appointed in terms of Rule 3.1 of the Securities Regulations Code on Takeovers and Mergers by the board of directors of Metoz ("the Metoz board") to provide them independent advice as to whether the terms and conditions of the Metoz scheme are fair and reasonable.

Should the Metoz scheme be implemented, Newco will acquire all the Metoz issued shares. As a result, Metoz will become a wholly-owned subsidiary of Newco and the listing of the shares of Metoz on the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa will be terminated.

In terms of the Metoz scheme, scheme members should receive around R2.8818 per Metoz share based on the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at the closing exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD on 8 February 2005 ("scheme consideration"). **The Rand amount will vary with the exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is actually converted.** 

Full details of the Metoz scheme are contained in the circular to be posted to Metoz shareholders on or about 23 February 2005 ("the scheme circular").

#### 2 Procedures performed

In arriving at our opinion set forth herein, we have considered and performed the following procedures:

- reviewed the terms of the Metoz scheme;
- reviewed the scheme booklet prepared by Metcash Trading Limited ("Metcash Australia") regarding
  the capital reorganisation ("the capital reorganisation") announced by Metcash Australia which
  incorporates the Metoz scheme, including the Independent Expert's Report and Financial Services
  Guide of PriceWaterhouseCoopers;
- reviewed the bidders statement prepared by Metcash Australia regarding the off-market offer ("the Foodland takeover offer") announced by Metcash Australia, on the same day as the capital reorganisation was announced, to acquire the Australian businesses of Foodland Associated Limited ("Foodland");
- reviewed financial and other publicly available information relating to Metoz, Metcash Australia and Foodland:
- held discussions with various directors and members of the management team of Metoz and Metoash Australia;

- analysed the historic share prices and volumes of Metoz and Metcash Australia shares before and after the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer were announced;
- analysed the see-through value of Metoz based on Metcash Australia's share price on the Australian Stock Exchange ("see through value"), before and after the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer were announced;
- analysed the transaction and taxation costs that would be likely to arise on Metoz returning cash or Metoash Australia shares to Metoz shareholders in the event that other transactions were contemplated by Metoz;
- analysed the discount at which Metoz shares traded to the see through value before and after the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer were announced;
- performed a valuation of Metcash Australia on a stand alone basis, before taking account of the impact of the Foodland takeover offer;
- considered the impact on Metcash Australia if the Foodland takeover offer was successful, including
  possible operating synergies, restructuring and transaction costs and the impact of the funding
  mechanisms put in place by Metcash Australia to implement the capital reorganisation and the
  Foodland takeover offer;
- reviewed the budgets and forecasts prepared by Metcash Australia;
- reviewed various analyst reports of Metcash Australia and Foodland before and after the capital reorganisation and the Foodland takeover offer were announced;
- reviewed trading multiples of comparable companies on the Australian Stock Exchange;
- analysed the Australian grocery retailing, grocery wholesaling and liquor wholesaling industry;
- considered the rationale and potential benefits of the Metoz scheme to Metoz shareholders; and
- considered the general economic, market and other conditions impacting on Metoz and Metoash Australia.

#### 3 Valuation

Investec performed a valuation of Metcash Australia to determine whether the scheme consideration represents fair value to Metoz shareholders. The discounted cash flow ("DCF") approach was the primary valuation methodology employed, supplemented with other valuation methodologies such as an analysis of comparable earnings, earnings before interest tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") and earnings before interest and tax ("EBIT") multiples. In applying the DCF various scenario analyses and sensitivities were performed to test the outcome in respect of key value drivers.

As Metcash Australia has announced the Metoz scheme and the Foodland takeover offer together there are various outcomes that may result. The outcomes that are relevant to Metoz shareholders include:

- the Metoz scheme is effective where Metoz shareholders receive the scheme consideration;
- the Metoz scheme is not effective and the Foodland takeover offer is not effective where Metoz shareholders continue to hold an indirect investment in Metcash Australia; and
- the Metoz scheme is not effective and the Foodland takeover offer is effective where Metoz shareholders will hold an indirect investment in the merged Metcash Australia and Foodland Australia business.

Given the possible relevant outcomes to Metoz shareholders, the scheme consideration was compared to valuations performed on:

- Metcash Australia, on a stand-alone basis assuming that the Foodland takeover offer is not successful; and
- Metcash Australia merged with Foodland Australia.

#### 4 Opinion

In forming our opinion we have assumed and relied upon the accuracy and completeness of the information provided and the representations made to us by Metoz and Metcash Australia, whether in writing or obtained through discussions with the management of Metoz and Metcash Australia or their representatives or information in the public domain ("the Information").

In reaching our opinion, we have assumed and relied upon the accuracy and completeness of the Information. We have not audited, or confirmed the accuracy or completeness of the Information, whether publicly available or furnished to us, concerning Metcash Australia including, without limitation, any financial information, forecasts or projections considered in connection with rendering our opinion. We have evaluated only the information which we consider central to determining the fairness and reasonableness of the Metoz scheme to the Metoz shareholders by considering whether or not it is reasonable in the light of surrounding circumstances relating to Metoz and Metcash Australia of which we are aware and, on this basis, we are of the view that the Information is reasonable.

Our opinion is based on the economic, financial, market and other conditions prevailing as at 11 February 2005. Subsequent developments may affect this opinion, which we are under no obligation to update, revise or re-affirm.

In forming the opinion, in addition to the procedures set out in paragraph 3, cognisance was also taken of circumstances surrounding the Metoz scheme such as:

- the discount at which Metoz shares have historically traded to the see through value;
- the scheme consideration was at a 33% premium to the 30-day weighted average price of the Metoz shares before the detailed cautionary announcement in which the Metoz scheme was announced; and
- the outstanding warranties which Metoz provided in respect of the prior disposal of Metcash Trading Limited ("Metrade") to a consortium, consisting of Metrade management, two financial institutions and a Black Economic Empowerment group.

Based upon the valuations performed by Investec the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 is considered to be 9.5% above the value that would be regarded as being fair and reasonable to Metoz shareholders. On the basis of the closing exchange rate at 8 February 2005 of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD this would result in Metoz shareholders receiving R2.8818, although the Rand amount will vary with the exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is actually converted.

Our opinion does not constitute a recommendation to any Metoz shareholder as to how such shareholder should vote on the Metoz scheme. An individual shareholders' decision may be influenced by such shareholder's particular circumstances and a shareholder should consult an independent advisor if in any doubt as to the merits or otherwise of the Metoz scheme.

#### 5 Relevant information about Invested

Invested may hold shares in Metoz from time to time, which investments would be held in the ordinary course of Invested's asset management activities, private client portfolios or securities trading. Other than such equity interests, Invested has no equity interest, direct or indirect, beneficial or non-beneficial in Metoz.

Investec have acted as independent financial advisor to the board of directors of Metoz in providing this opinion and will receive a fee for our services, payment of which is in no way linked to a successful outcome to the Metoz scheme.

#### 6 Consent

Investec hereby consents to the inclusion of this letter and references to this opinion in the scheme circular in the form and context in which it appears.

Yours faithfully

**ANDY LEITH** 

INVESTEC BANK LIMITED CORPORATE FINANCE"

### Independent reporting accountants' report on the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme

"The Directors
Metoz Holdings Limited
First Floor
33 Scott Street
Waverley
Johannesburg 2090

Gentlemen

### INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT IN RESPECT OF THE UNAUDITED PROFORMA FINANCIAL EFFECTS OF THE SCHEME

The definitions in the Definitions and interpretations section included in the circular to Metoz shareholders have been used *mutatis mutandis* throughout this report.

#### Introduction

We report on the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme of Metoz, set out in section 4 of the valuation statement in the circular to Metoz shareholders of which this report forms part. The pro forma financial effects of the scheme have been prepared for illustrative purposes only and to provide information about how the initiative might have impacted on the financial position presented.

Because of their nature, the unaudited pro forma financial information may not give a fair reflection of the Metoz's financial position going forward. The initiative is assumed to be effective at 3 December 2004, in calculating the pro forma financial effects using the exchange rate on the last practical date prior to the finalisation of the circular to Metoz shareholders.

At your request, and for purposes of the initiative, we present our report on the unaudited pro forma financial information in compliance with the Listings Requirements of the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa.

#### Responsibilities

The directors of Metoz are solely responsible for the preparation of the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme to which this independent reporting accountants' report relates, and for the financial statements and financial information from which it has been prepared.

Our responsibility is to form an opinion on the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme and to report our opinion to you. We do not accept any responsibility for any reports previously given by us on any financial information used in the compilation of the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme beyond that owed to those to whom those reports were addressed at their dates of issue.

#### Basis of opinion

Our work, which did not involve any independent examination of any of the underlying financial information, consisted primarily of agreeing the unadjusted financial information to the annual financial statements, considering the evidence supporting the adjustments to the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme, recalculating the amounts based on the information obtained and discussing the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme with the directors of Metoz.

Because the above procedures do not constitute either an audit or a review made in accordance with Statements of South African Auditing Standards, we do not express any assurance on the fair presentation of the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme.

Had we performed additional procedures or had we performed an audit or review of the pro forma financial effects of the scheme in accordance with Statements of South African Auditing Standards, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion:

- the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme has been properly compiled on the basis stated;
- such basis is consistent with the accounting policies of Metoz; and
- the adjustments are appropriate for the purposes of the unaudited pro forma financial effects of the scheme, as disclosed, and in accordance with paragraph 8.30 of the JSE Listing Requirements.

We consent to the inclusion of this report in the circular to Metoz shareholders in the form and context in which it appears therein.

Yours faithfully

#### **ERNST & YOUNG**

Chartered Accountants (SA)
Registered Accountants and Auditors

Johannesburg 11 February 2005"

### Trading history of Metoz shares on the JSE

#### **Metoz shares**

The highest and lowest prices as well as the volumes at which the Metoz (Metro Cash and Carry prior to 8 November 2004) shares traded on the JSE for each quarter commencing on 1 January 2002 and ending on 31 December 2003 or each month from 1 January 2004 to 31 December 2004 and for each day from 6 December 2004 to the last practicable date, are set out below –

Quarterly 2002 Quarter 1	240 275 264 268	180 175	121 421 965
<b>2002</b> Quarter 1	275 264	175	
	275 264	175	
	264	175	
Quarter 2			206 250 746
Quarter 3	268	200	133 774 816
Quarter 4		207	170 182 682
2003			
Quarter 1	245	168	195 879 360
Quarter 2	231	170	260 196 779
Quarter 3	250	198	124 860 489
Quarter 4	248	195	308 079 244
Monthly			
2004			
January	265	230	96 457 776
February	250	225	35 056 399
March	237	215	38 645 205
April	246 272	223 230	31 461 484 45 669 529
May June	212 247	230 228	95 432 769
July	254	232	68 205 745
August	260	240	19 380 199
September	261	245	32 567 276
October	275	196	62 331 418
November	220	193	53 990 282
December	264	192	448 428 992
Daily			
2004			
December 6	255	210	135 189 308
December 7	264	251	76 020 755
December 8	261	257	78 457 385
December 9	260	258	19 061 487
December 10	261	258 254	47 617 442
December 13 December 14	258 254	254 245	17 447 724 5 901 887
December 15	256 256	253 253	8 032 496
December 17	258	255	6 923 195
December 20	257	255	11 759 608
December 21	256	255	6 685 500
December 22	256	254	13 277 822
December 23	255	254	11 870 810

	High	Low	Volume
	(cents)	(cents)	(shares)
Daily			
2004			
December 24	254	254	38 167
December 28	257	250	1 718 816
December 29	257	255	1 505 230
December 30	256	256	1 256 200
December 31	256	255	483 040
2005			
January 3	261	255	42 812 209
January 4	264	262	1 974 499
January 5	265	262	12 451 572
January 6	270	265	11 510 119
January 7	272	270	4 133 355
January 10	272	268	1 762 434
January 11	270	267	3 930 136
January 12	271	270	7 503 015
January 13	272	270	2 652 796
January 14	271	269	180 038
January 17	271	268	1 616 917
January 18	272	269	2 645 994
January 19	272	270	7 759 354
January 20	275	270	3 024 413
January 21	273	270	10 150 418
January 24	274	273	19 585 588
January 25	275	273	104 709
January 26	290	274	4 770 369
January 27	280	280	311 289
January 28	285	277	2 441 934
January 31	285	282	232 768
February 1	285	283	5 988 958
February 2	287	285	1 086 887
February 3	310	284	16 167 303
February 4	300	288	3 093 910
February 7	295	286	338 369
February 8	294	288	370 895

Source: Bfa McGregor.

## Pro forma calculations for illustrative purposes only of the conversion of the scheme consideration

The scheme consideration would be R2.8818 per Metoz share (calculated on the basis of the scheme consideration of AUD0.6015 per Metoz share if converted at an exchange rate of 4.7911 ZAR: AUD, being the closing exchange rate on 8 February 2005). **The Rand amount paid to scheme members will vary with the actual exchange rate at which the scheme consideration is converted.** The table below contains pro forma calculations for illustrative purposes only of the conversion of the scheme consideration in Rand at various ZAR: AUD exchange rates –

Actual scheme consideration AUD per share	Illustrative ZAR:AUD exchange rate	Pro forma scheme consideration ZAR per share
0.6015	4.2000	2.5263
0.6015	4.2250	2.5413
0.6015	4.2500	2.5564
0.6015	4.2750	2.5714
0.6015	4.3000	2.5865
0.6015	4.3250	2.6015
0.6015	4.3500	2.6165
0.6015	4.3750	2.6316
0.6015	4.4000	2.6466
0.6015	4.4250	2.6616
0.6015	4.4500	2.6767
0.6015	4.4750	2.6917
0.6015	4.5000	2.7068
0.6015	4.5250	2.7218
0.6015	4.5500	2.7368
0.6015	4.5750	2.7519
0.6015	4.6000	2.7669
0.6015	4.6250	2.7819
0.6015	4.6500	2.7970
0.6015	4.6750	2.8120
0.6015	4.7000	2.8271
0.6015	4.7250	2.8421
0.6015	4.7500	2.8571
0.6015	4.7750	2.8722
0.6015	4.7911	2.8818
0.6015	4.8000	2.8872
0.6015	4.8250	2.9022
0.6015	4.8500	2.9173
0.6015	4.8750	2.9323
0.6015	4.9000	2.9474

### IN THE HIGH COURT OF SOUTH AFRICA (Witwatersrand Local Division)

Johannesburg , Tuesday, 22 February 2005 Before the Honourable Justice Schwartzman

In the ex-parte application of:

METOZ HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Registration number 1946/021315/06)

**Applicant** 

Case number: 05/3593

#### **Order of Court**

Having read the documents filed and having considered the matter -

#### IT IS ORDERED THAT -

- a meeting ("the scheme meeting") in terms of section 311(1) of the Companies Act, 1973 (Act 61 of 1973), as amended ("the Act") of the ordinary shareholders of the Applicant recorded in the register as such at 17h00 on Thursday, 17 March 2005 ("the scheme members") be convened by the chairperson referred to in paragraph 2 of this Order of Court ("this Order") to be held at 09h00 in the boardroom, First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg, on Tuesday, 22 March 2005, for the purpose of considering and, if deemed fit, agreeing, with or without modification, to the scheme of arrangement ("the scheme") proposed by The Newco Project X Limited between the Applicant and the scheme members, substantially in the form contained in annex "A2" to the founding affidavit in this matter;
- 2 Mr Christopher Haig Ewing (or failing him Mr Ian Keith Hayes) be and is hereby appointed as chairperson of the scheme meeting ("the chairperson");
- 3 the chairperson is authorised to -
- 3.1 appoint scrutineers for the purpose of the scheme meeting;
- 3.2 accept forms of proxy handed to him by no later than ten minutes before the scheme meeting is due to commence;
- 3.3 determine the validity and acceptability of any form of proxy submitted for use at the scheme meeting and/or any adjournment thereof including permitting proxies to be submitted up to ten minutes prior to any adjourned meeting even if a proxy was not submitted for the original meeting;
- 3.4 adjourn the scheme meeting from time to time if the chairperson considers it necessary to do so; and
- 3.5 determine the procedure to be followed at the scheme meeting and any adjournment thereof;
- 4 the Applicant shall cause a notice convening the scheme meeting to be published once in each of the Business Day, Die Burger, Beeld and the Government Gazette at least two weeks before the date of the scheme meeting. The notice shall state –
- 4.1 the time, date and venue of the scheme meeting;
- that the scheme meeting has been convened in terms of this Order to consider and, if deemed fit, to agree, with or without modification, to the scheme;
- 4.3 that a copy of this Order, the scheme and the statements in terms of section 312(1)(a) of the Act may be inspected during normal business hours at any time prior to the scheme meeting at the offices of the Applicant at First Floor, 33 Scott Street, Waverley, Johannesburg, and at the offices of the chairperson c/o Cliffe Dekker Incorporated, Fourth Floor, 1 Protea Place, Sandown, Sandton; and

- 4.4 that a copy of this Order, the scheme and the statements in terms of section 312(1)(a) of the Act may be obtained free of charge on request during normal business hours by any scheme member at the places mentioned in paragraph 4.3 of this Order;
- 5 a copy of each of -
- 5.1 the statements in terms of section 312(1)(a) of the Act substantially in the form in which it appears in the papers before this Court (explanatory statement);
- the proposed scheme of arrangement substantially in the form in which it appears in the papers before this Court;
- a form of proxy substantially in the form in which it appears in the papers before this Court;
- 5.4 the notice convening the scheme meeting substantially in the form in which it appears in the papers before this Court; and
- 5.5 this Order of Court,

shall be sent by registered post by the Applicant at least two weeks before the date of the scheme meeting to each of the ordinary shareholders of the Applicant at their addresses as reflected in the Applicant's register of shareholders at the close of business on a date not more than four business days before the date of such posting and in respect of holders of dematerialised shares, at the addresses as notified by STRATE to the Applicant's transfer secretaries on a date not more than four business days before the date of such posting;

- 6 copies of the documents referred to in paragraphs 5.1 to 5.5 shall lie for inspection at, and copies of these documents may be obtained free of charge from the registered office of the Applicant and from the office of the chairperson during normal business hours at the places mentioned in paragraph 4.3 for at least two weeks prior to the date of the scheme meeting;
- 7 the chairperson shall report the results of the scheme meeting to this Court at 10h00 or so soon thereafter as counsel may be heard, on Tuesday, 5 April 2005;
- 8 the report required by this Court from the chairperson shall give details of -
- 8.1 the number of scheme members present in person at the scheme meeting (including those represented) and the number of shares held by them;
- the number of scheme members represented by proxy at the scheme meeting and the number of shares held by them together with information as to the numbers represented by the chairperson in terms of proxies annexed to the scheme document;
- 8.3 any proxies which have been disallowed and the reasons therefor;
- all resolutions passed at the scheme meeting, with particulars of the number of votes cast in favour of and against each such resolution and of any abstentions, indicating in each case how many votes were cast by the chairperson in terms of proxies which were annexed to the scheme document;
- 8.5 all rulings made and directions given by the chairperson at the scheme meeting;
- the relevant portions of documents and reports submitted or tabled at the scheme meeting which bear on the merits or demerits of the scheme, including copies thereof; and
- 8.7 the main points of any other proposals which were submitted to the scheme meeting;
- 9 the Applicant shall arrange to make available at the places mentioned in paragraph 4.3 (and the notice of the scheme meeting which is published and sent to scheme members shall include a statement that it will be so available) a copy of the chairperson's report to this Court, free of charge, to any scheme member on request, for at least one week before the date fixed by this Court for the chairperson to report back to it;
- 10 any certificated or own name scheme member wishing to vote by proxy should tender as their proxy the form of proxy referred to in paragraph 5.3 of this Order. The form of proxy must be completed and returned in accordance with the instructions therein to the Applicant's transfer secretaries, namely,

Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61763, Marshalltown 2107) to be received by not later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005. If a form of proxy for the scheme meeting is not received by the appropriate time set out above, it may be handed to the chairperson not less than ten minutes before the commencement of the scheme meeting;

- 11 scheme members who hold certificated ordinary shares in the applicant or dematerialised ordinary shares in the Applicant through a Central Securities Depository Participant ("CSDP") and have own name registration and who wish to vote by proxy, should tender as their proxy, the form of proxy referred to in paragraph 5.3 of this Order. In addition a form of proxy may be handed to the chairperson up to ten minutes before the scheme meeting is due to commence; and
- 12 scheme members who hold shares in the Applicant which have been dematerialised and are held on the sub-register other than on an own name registration basis and who wish to attend the scheme meeting or to vote by way of proxy, must contact their CSDP or broker who will furnish them with the necessary authority to attend the scheme meeting or to be represented thereat by proxy. This must be done in terms of the agreement between the member and his/her CSDP or broker.

By Order of the Court

#### **Court Registrar**

#### **FLUXMANS INCORPORATED**

Attorneys for Applicant

11 Biermann Avenue Rosebank JOHANNESBURG Tel: (011) 328-1700

Fax: (011) 880-2261 Ref: S Slom/C Wannell



# Metoz Holdings Limited (formerly Metro Cash and Carry Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410 ("Metoz" or "the company")

### The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia) (Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480) ("Newco")

#### Form of proxy - Metoz scheme meeting

date as is advised on SENS and in members") at a meeting convened in	the press in relation to any adjournmen terms of an Order of the High Court of Sc March 2005, or any adjournment thereof	on Thursday, 17 March 2005 (or such later t of the scheme meeting) ("the scheme buth Africa (Witwatersrand Local Division) f, in the boardroom of Metoz, First Floor,
I/We		
of (address)		
being the registered holders of	Metoz share	es of no par value, appoint (see note 1) -
1		or failing him/her,
2		or failing him/her,
3 the chairperson of the scheme mee	eting,	
as my/our proxy to act for me/us at the (see note 2)	ne scheme meeting for the purposes of	considering and, if deemed fit, agreeing
with modification†	evenie met emplicable	
without modification	ever is not applicable,	
scheme"), and at each adjournment		members at the scheme meeting ("the ne scheme and/or abstain from voting in e following instructions (see note 3) –
Ir	sert an "X" or the number of Metoz sh	ares
For the scheme	Against the scheme	Abstain
Signed at	on	2005
Signature/s of member/s	Telephor	ne number ( )
(Representative signatories must atta- Full names of member/s and authority		
Assisted by (where applicable)		
(including capacity and full names)		
Each scheme member is entitled to	appoint one or more proxy(ies) (who nee	ed not be a member of the company) to

† If a scheme member/s agrees that the scheme may be modified, he/she may indicate the manner and extent of any such modification to which the proxy may agree on a separate sheet of paper which must be lodged at or posted to the address stipulated in note 6

Please read the notes on the reverse side hereof.

attend, speak and vote in his/her stead at the scheme meeting.

together with this form of proxy. In addition, please refer to the conditions stipulated in note 2.

#### **Notes**

- 1 A scheme member may insert the name of a proxy or the names of two alternative proxies of his/her choice in the spaces provided with or without deleting "the chairperson of the scheme meeting" but the scheme member must initial any such deletion. The person whose name appears first on the form of proxy and who is present at the scheme meeting will be entitled to act as proxy to the exclusion of those whose names follow.
- 2 If a scheme member agrees that the scheme may be modified, the scheme member may indicate the manner and extent of such modification to which the proxy may agree on a separate sheet of paper, which must be attached to that Metoz member's form of proxy which is submitted.
- 3 It should be noted that, notwithstanding that a scheme member indicates that the scheme may not be modified, the chairperson (if the chairperson of the scheme meeting is an authorised proxy) or any other proxy will nevertheless be entitled to agree to the modification of the scheme in terms of which the scheme consideration is increased.
- 4 If a scheme member fails to indicate whether the scheme may be agreed to with or without modification, or fails to indicate the manner and the extent of any modification to which the proxy may agree, such failure will be deemed to authorise the chairperson of the scheme meeting or any other proxy, to agree to the scheme with or without modification as he/she deems fit in respect of all the scheme member's votes exercisable at the scheme meeting.
- 5 Please insert the number of votes in the relevant spaces according to how you wish your votes to be cast. If you wish to cast your votes in respect of a lesser number of shares than you own in Metoz, insert the number of Metoz shares held in respect of which you wish to vote. Failure to comply with the above will be deemed to authorise and compel the chairperson of the scheme meeting, if the chairperson of the scheme meeting is an authorised proxy, to vote to accept the scheme, or to authorise any other proxy to vote for or against the scheme or abstain from voting as that other proxy deems fit, in respect of all the Metoz member's votes exercisable thereat. A scheme member or his/her proxy is not obliged to use all the votes exercisable by the scheme member or his/her proxy, but the total of the votes cast and in respect whereof abstention is recorded may not exceed the total of the votes exercisable by the scheme member or his/her proxy.
- 6 Forms of proxy must be lodged with the transfer secretaries, Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited, Ground Floor, 70 Marshall Street, Johannesburg 2001 (PO Box 61763, Marshalltown 2107) to be received by no later than 09h00 on Friday, 18 March 2005, or such later date as may be announced in the press in relation to any adjournment of the scheme meeting. Alternatively, forms of proxy may be handed to the chairperson of the scheme meeting by not later than ten minutes before the scheme meeting is due to commence.
- 7 Any alteration or correction made to this form of proxy must be initialled by the signatory/ies.
- 8 Documentary evidence establishing the authority of a person signing this form of proxy in a representative capacity must be attached to this form of proxy unless previously recorded by the company's transfer secretaries or waived by the chairperson of the scheme meeting.
- 9 The completion and lodging of this form of proxy will not preclude the relevant scheme member from attending the scheme meeting and speaking and voting in person thereat to the exclusion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof, should such scheme member wish to do so.
- 10 The chairperson of the scheme meeting may accept or reject any form of proxy which is completed and/or received, other than in accordance with these notes and instructions, provided that the chairperson of the scheme meeting is satisfied as to the manner in which the scheme member wishes to vote.
- 11 This form of proxy shall not be valid after the expiration of six months from the date when it was signed.
- 12 Joint holders any such persons may vote at the scheme meeting in respect of such joint shares as if he/she were solely entitled thereto; but if more than one of such joint holders are present or represented at the scheme meeting, that one of the said persons whose name stands first in the register in respect of such shares or his/her proxy, as the case may be, is alone entitled to vote in respect thereof.
- 13 Shareholders of Metoz who hold Metoz shares which have been dematerialised, and are registered by the Central Securities Depository Participant ("CSDP") on the sub-register kept by that CSDP ("own name dematerialised shareholders") will be entitled to attend the scheme meeting in person or if they are unable to attend and wish to be represented thereat may complete and return this form of proxy to the transfer secretaries in accordance with the time specified herein.
- 14 Metoz shareholders who hold shares in Metoz through a nominee, should advise their nominee or, if applicable, their CSDP or broker timeously of their intention to attend and vote at the scheme meeting or to be represented by proxy thereat in order for their nominee or, if applicable, their CSDP or broker to provide them with the necessary authorisation to do so or should provide their nominee or, if applicable, their CSDP or broker timeously with their voting instruction should they not wish to attend the scheme meeting in person in order for their nominee to vote in accordance with their instructions at the scheme meeting.



### The Newco Project X Limited

(Incorporated in Australia) (Registration number ABN 32 112 073 480) ("Newco")

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number 1946/021315/06) Share code: MOZ ISIN: ZAE000057410 ("Metoz")

# Form of surrender and transfer for certificated shareholders (only for use by certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares)

#### The surrender of documents of title is only applicable to certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares.

This form is attached for the convenience of certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares who may wish to surrender their documents of title prior to the consideration record date, which is expected to be Friday, 15 April 2005. The documents of title so surrendered will be held in trust by the transfer secretaries on behalf of the registered shareholder by the transfer secretaries pending the scheme of arrangement to be proposed by Newco between Metoz and its shareholders ("scheme"), becoming operative. In the event that the Metoz scheme does not become operative the transfer secretaries will, within five business days of such event, return the documents of title to the certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares concerned by registered post at the risk of such shareholders.

#### Notes -

- 1 A separate form is required for each certificated ordinary shareholder of Metoz shares.
- 2 Part A must be completed by all certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares who return this form.
- 3 Part B must be completed by all certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares who are emigrants of the common monetary area.
- 4 No receipts will be issued for documents of title lodged unless specifically requested. Scheme participants are requested to prepare receipts, if required.

#### The transfer secretaries

#### By hand

Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited Ground Floor 70 Marshall Street Johannesburg 2001

#### By post

Computershare Investor Services 2004 (Proprietary) Limited PO Box 61763 Marshalltown 2107

#### Dear Sirs

I/We hereby surrender and enclose the share certificates, certified transfer deeds and/or other documents of title, details of which have been completed in 5, in respect of my/our holding of shares in Metoz.

### PART A – All certificated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares must please complete Part A of this form (in BLOCK CAPITALS).

1	Surname or name of corporate body				
2	First names (in full)				
3	Title (Mr/Mrs/Miss/etc.)				
4	Address to which the scheme consideration should be posted (if different from the registered address)*				
	Telephone ( )				

<sup>\*</sup> Subject to the Metoz scheme becoming operative. The scheme consideration will be sent to the address stipulated above by ordinary post at the risk of the Metoz shareholder concerned on the operative date which is expected to be Monday, 18 April 2005, if the documents of title have been surrendered prior to Friday, 15 April 2005, or will be so sent within five business days of receipt of such documents of title if surrendered after Friday, 15 April 2005.

Name of registered holder separate form for each holder)	Certificate number/s (in numerical order)	Number of Metoz shares
	Total	

5

ated ordinary shareholders of Metoz shares who are emigrants or other no y area.			
Nominated authorised dealer in the case of a certificated ordinary shareholder of Metoz shares who is an emigrant from or non-resident of the common monetary area.			
Name and address of authorised dealer in South Africa or substitute instructions -			
Account number			
3			

#### General notes -

- 1 Certificated holders of Metoz shares who are emigrants from or non-residents of the common monetary area, whose registered addresses are outside the common monetary area and whose documents of title have been restrictively endorsed under the Exchange Control Regulations should nominate an authorised dealer in part B of this form as referred to in paragraphs 8.1 and 8.2 of the scheme document contained in the circular to which this form is attached and of which it forms part.
- Any alteration to this form must be signed in full and not initialled.
- If this form is signed under a power of attorney, then such power of attorney or a notarially certified copy thereof must be sent with this form for noting (unless it has already been noted by Metoz or the transfer secretaries of the Metoz).
- Where the certificated ordinary shareholder of Metoz shares is a company or a close corporation, unless it has already been registered with Metoz or the transfer secretaries, a certified copy of the directors' or shareholders' resolution authorising the signing of this form must be submitted if so requested by Metoz.
- Where there are joint holders of any certificated of Metoz shares, only that holder whose name stands first in the register in respect of such shares need sign this form.



### **Transaction Overview**

Issued by Metcash Trading Limited ABN 61 000 031 569

11 February 2005







Financial Advisers:

Deutsche Bank



THIS IS AN IMPORTANT DOCUMENT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

### A. Important information

#### What is this document?

This Overview is designed to provide shareholders and optionholders with

- an overview of the proposed capital reorganisation (Capital Reorganisation) of Metcash;
- an outline of the action required by shareholders and optionholders; and
- a summary of the key anticipated advantages and potential disadvantages and risks of the Capital Reorganisation.

This Overview is a summary only. It should be read in conjunction with the Scheme Booklet which describes the Capital Reorganisation in more detail and contains important additional information.

#### Defined terms

Capitalised terms used in this Overview are defined in the Glossary in Section 23 of the Scheme Booklet.

#### Important notice

The Scheme Booklet is, for the purposes of the Corporations Act, issued by Metcash (and no other person). The Scheme Booklet is dated 11 February 2005 and has been lodged with the Australian Securities & Investments Commission and is being sent to all Metcash Shareholders and Optionholders. You should read the Scheme Booklet before making any decision or taking any step in relation to the Capital Reorganisation.

ASIC and ASX take no responsibility for the contents of this Overview.

This Overview and the Scheme Booklet do not take into account the financial situations, investment objectives and particular needs of any particular person.

This Overview includes certain forecast financial information that has been based on current expectations about future events. The forecast financial information is, however, subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause actual results to differ materially from the expectations described in such forecast financial information. Factors which may affect future financial performance include, among other things, those risks identified in Section 3.4 of the Scheme Booklet, the assumptions not proving correct and other matters not currently known to, or considered material by, Metcash.

Actual events or results may differ materially from the events or results expressed or implied in any forward looking statement and deviations are both normal and to be expected. To the extent permitted by law, none of Metcash, their officers, any person named in this Overview or any persons involved in the preparation of this Overview makes any representation or warranty (either express or implied) as to the accuracy or likelihood of fulfilment of any forward looking statement, or any events or results expressed or implied in any forward looking statement. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on those statements. The forward looking statements in this Overview reflect views held only as at the date of this Overview.

If you are in any doubt as to how to deal with this Overview or the Scheme Booklet, please consult your legal or financial adviser immediately. If you have sold all of your Metcash Shares, please ignore the enclosed documents.

#### THIS OVERVIEW IS A SUMMARY ONLY:

YOU SHOULD READ IT IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE SCHEME BOOKLET



# B. Letter from the Independent Directors (extracted from the Scheme Booklet)

11 February 2005

Dear Shareholders and Optionholders

#### **METCASH TRADING LIMITED**

ABN 61 000 031 569

4 NEWINGTON ROAD SILVERWATER NSW 2128 AUSTRALIA

PO BOX 6226 SILVERWATER BUSINESS CENTRE NSW 1811 AUSTRALIA

PHONE: 02 9741 3000 FAX: 02 9741 3027 WEB: www.metcash.com

#### Metcash Capital Reorganisation

We have great pleasure in writing to you following the announcement on 6 December 2004 of a proposed Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer.

The Capital Reorganisation will result in the acquisition by a new holding company of the issued share capital of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz Holdings Limited and the issued share capital of Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders. Following the Capital Reorganisation, the practical effect will be the removal of Metcash's majority shareholder at a total cost to Newco of \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz, \$2.85 of which will be paid to Metoz to be on-paid to Metoz Shareholders and the balance to be used to repay Metoz debt.

Metcash also announced on 6 December 2004 a takeover bid for Foodland Associated Limited.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not conditional upon each other. This Scheme Booklet deals with the Capital Reorganisation and considers, where appropriate, the implications of the Takeover Offer.

As certain of the Directors are also directors of Metoz, we thought it appropriate that the Directors who are not also directors of Metoz (the **Independent Directors**) write to you to give you our independent view of the proposals.

Since the Announcement, Metcash's share price has increased by \$0.48 per share representing an increase in the market capitalisation of Metcash of approximately \$307 million! and a strong endorsement for these initiatives.

#### Key benefits of the Capital Reorganisation

The Capital Reorganisation is expected to deliver enhanced returns to Shareholders and Optionholders and offers benefits which include:

- the acquisition of Metcash Shares held by Metoz at an attractive price;
- expected financial benefits including improved capital structure and EPS accretion;
- expected improved weighting in the S&P/ASX indices;
- improved liquidity in the shares held by Shareholders; and
- Metcash no longer having a single controlling shareholder.

#### Implementing the Capital Reorganisation

A new holding company for the Metcash group, Newco, will be put in place as part of the Capital Reorganisation which is being implemented pursuant to schemes of arrangement in Australia and South Africa. Once the Capital Reorganisation has become Effective, Newco will own (directly or indirectly) 100% of the ordinary shares of Metcash and will be renamed Metcash Limited.

Under a Scheme of Arrangement, Metcash Shareholders (other than Metoz) will receive one Newco Share for each Metcash Share held.

Under a separate Scheme of Arrangement, Optionholders in Metcash will receive one Newco Option for each Metcash Option held.

A scheme of arrangement will also be conducted in South Africa which will effect the acquisition of Metoz Holdings by Newco.

<sup>1</sup> Excludes shares issued under the Equity Placement undertaken on 6 December 2004 and under the Share Purchase Plan undertaken post Announcement.

#### Metcash Shareholder and Optionholder approvals

The Metcash Share Scheme and the Metcash Option Scheme require the approval in Scheme Meetings of Shareholders (other than Metoz) and Optionholders respectively and approval by the Court, as well as the satisfaction of certain conditions. The Metcash Schemes will only become Effective if the Metoz Scheme becomes Effective.

In addition, certain resolutions are required to be passed in order to implement the Metcash Schemes which will be proposed at an Extraordinary General Meeting which will take place on the same day as the Scheme Meetings. Metcash is also proposing a resolution to approve financial assistance in connection with the funding for the Takeover Offer at this meeting.

#### The Independent Expert recommendation

The Independent Expert, PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited, was appointed by the Board to independently assess the merits of the Metcash Schemes for Non-Metoz Shareholders and Optionholders. **PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited concluded** that the proposed Capital Reorganisation, taken as a whole, is in the best interests of Metcash and Non-Metoz Shareholders and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Optionholders.

#### Our recommendation

We consider the Capital Reorganisation and the Resolutions to be in the best interests of Shareholders and Optionholders and therefore unanimously recommend eligible Shareholders and Optionholders vote for the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions.

Meetings to vote on the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions are to be held on Tuesday, 22 March 2005 from 2.00pm, in the Teale Room, Four Seasons Hotel, 199 George Street, Sydney NSW 2000. If you cannot attend the meetings, please complete the attached proxy forms as directed.

Important details regarding the Metcash Schemes, the Resolutions and the manner of implementation of the Capital Reorganisation are set out in the Scheme Booklet. We urge you to read it carefully and, if required, seek your own investment or other professional advice. If you have any questions, please call our Australian information line 1300724363 (International calls +61292407470).

We look forward to your support and your attendance at the forthcoming meetings in March.

Yours faithfully,

A.E. (Ted) Harris, AC

Marie

**Deputy Chairman** 

, AC Peter Barnes

Non-Executive Director

Richard Longes

**Non-Executive Director** 

Bernard J. Hale

**Executive Director** 

Michael Jablonski

**Executive Director** 

Edwin Jankelowitz

**Executive Director** 

Lou lardin

**Executive Director** 

Michael Wesslink

**Executive Director** 

1 should



### C. What do you need to do?

#### Read the documents in full

You should carefully read this Overview, the Scheme Booklet, the Notices of Meetings and all other documents you have been provided with.

If you have any queries concerning the Schemes or the Resolutions, please contact the Australian toll-free information line on 1300 724 363 (International calls +61 2 9240 7470) or consult your investment, financial, taxation or other professional advisor. For quality assurance purposes, all calls to the Information Line will be recorded.

#### Vote on the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions

#### You can vote:





in person at the Meetings to be held on 22 March 2005;

by attorney; or

by corporate representative (if the Shareholder or Optionholder is a company).

If you wish to VOTE FOR the Metcash Schemes and Resolutions, as recommended by the Directors, by proxy you should mark X in the "FOR" box for each resolution on the relevant proxy forms.

For complete instructions on how to vote, please read Section 4 of the Scheme Booklet and the Notices of Meetings and the relevant proxy form.

#### YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

The Independent Expert concluded that the proposed Capital Reorganisation taken as a whole is in the best interests of Metcash and Non-Metoz Shareholders and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Optionholders.

The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders VOTE FOR the Metcash Share Scheme and the Resolutions and that eligible Optionholders vote for the Metcash Option Scheme.

# D. What are the key dates?

Key Event	Key Date
Last time and date by which proxy forms for the two Scheme Meetings and Extraordinary  General Meeting must be received	20 March 2005 at 2.00pm
Time and date for determining eligibility to vote at the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary  General Meeting	21 March 2005 at 7.00pm
Share Scheme Meeting	2.00pm on 22 March 2005
Option Scheme Meeting	2.30pm² on 22 March 2005
Extraordinary General Meeting	3.00pm³ on 22 March 2005
Court hearing for approval of Metcash schemes	5 April 2005
Effective Date of Metcash Schemes	7 April 2005
Suspension of Metcash Shares from ASX trading	Close of trading on 7 April 2005
Commencement of trading of Newco Shares on deferred settlement basis	I I April 2005
Record Date	15 April 2005
Implementation Date (Newco Shares issued to Scheme Shareholders and Newco Options issued to Scheme Optionholders)	8 April 2005
Despatch of holding statements to Scheme Shareholders and Option certificates to Scheme Optionholders	22 April 2005
End of deferred settlement trading in Newco Shares	22 April 2005

All dates are indicative only and subject to change due to, among other things, the review and approval procedures of the Court and other regulatory authorities.

The Scheme Meetings and Extraordinary General Meeting will be held at:

Teale Room Four Seasons Hotel 199 George Street Sydney NSW 2000

 $<sup>2\,</sup>$  Or as soon after that time as the Share Scheme Meeting is concluded or adjourned.

 $<sup>3\,\,</sup>$  Or as soon after that time as the Option Scheme Meeting is concluded or adjourned.



# E. Key Questions and Answers

What is the Capital Reorganisation?	The practical effect of the Capital Reorganisation will be the removal of Metcash's majority shareholder, Metoz, for an Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco of \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz.				
What will I receive if the Metcash Schemes	If you hold Metcash Shares and the Metcash Share Scheme becomes Effective, you will receive I Newco Share in exchange for each Metcash Share held by you as at the Record Date.				
become Effective?	If you hold Metcash Options and the Metcash Option Scheme becomes Effective, you will receive I Newco Option in exchange for each Metcash Option held by you as at the Record Date.				
What are the tax	Scheme Shareholders should be able to choose Capital Gains Tax ( <b>CGT</b> ) scrip-for-scrip roll-over relief.				
implications of the Capital Reorganisation?	Scheme Optionholders who elected to be taxed upfront when they acquired their Metcash Options should be able to choose CGT roll-over relief. Scheme Optionholders who did not elect to be taxed upfront may be entitled to income tax roll-over relief.				
	Refer to Section 15 of the Scheme Booklet for further details of the tax implications of the Metcash Schemes.				
What do the Metcash Directors recommend?	The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders and Optionholders vote for each of the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions to be considered at the Scheme Meetings and the Extraordinary General Meeting.				
	Each eligible Director intends to vote all Metcash Shares or Metcash Options directly held or controlled by them in favour of the Metcash Schemes and the Resolutions.				
What is the opinion of the Independent Expert?	The Independent Expert, PricewaterhouseCoopers Securities Limited, concluded that the proposed Capital Reorganisation taken as a whole is in the best interests of Metcash and the Non-Metoz Shareholders, and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Optionholders.				
	The Independent Expert believes the consideration proposed for the Metoz Scheme is fair for Non-Metoz Shareholders.				
Does the Metoz Holdings Board support	In the absence of a superior offer, the Metoz Holdings Board has recommended its shareholders accept the offer from Newco by approving the Metoz Scheme.				
the Metoz Scheme?	Newco has received undertakings from Metoz shareholders, which held 43% of Metoz as at I4 January 2005, to vote for the Metoz Scheme.				
Should I vote?	You do not have to vote. However, your Directors believe that the Metcash Schemes are in the best interests of Shareholders and Optionholders and urge you to read this Overview and the Scheme Booklet carefully and, if eligible, to vote for the Metcash Schemes and Resolutions.				
What happens if I do not vote or I vote against the Schemes?	If the Metcash Schemes become Effective you will receive Newco Shares or Newco Options (and your Metcash Shares will be transferred or Metcash Options cancelled), as the case may be, even if you did not vote or voted against the Schemes.				
Who can help me answer my questions about the Schemes?	If you have any questions about the Schemes, please contact the Metcash information line on 1300 724 363 Australia only; or $\pm 61$ 2 9240 7470 (International) between 9.00am and 5.00pm on Monday to Friday or consult your legal, financial or other professional advisor.				

# F. What is the Capital Reorganisation?

The Capital Reorganisation is designed to remove Metcash's controlling shareholder at an attractive price for Non-Metoz Shareholders.

Under the Capital Reorganisation, it is proposed that Newco will acquire (directly or indirectly) 100% of the ordinary capital of Metcash by way of the Metcash Share Scheme and the Metoz Scheme, which need to be approved by the respective required majorities of shareholders of Metoz and Metcash for the Capital Reorganisation to become Effective. The Metoz Scheme and the Metcash Share Scheme are interconditional. In addition, Metcash Options are intended to be cancelled and replaced by options in Newco.

## Metcash Schemes

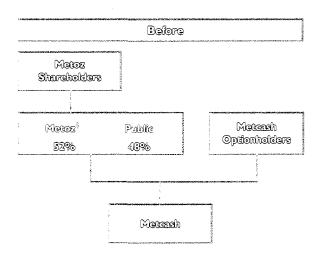
- Under the Metcash Share Scheme, Newco will acquire 48% of Metcash held by Non-Metoz Shareholders, who will receive one Newco Share per Metcash Share held
- Newco will become the new holding company for Metcash and will be listed on the ASX
- The Metcash Option Scheme will provide for the cancellation of Metcash Options in exchange for the issue of Newco Options on a one-for-one basis

Refer to > Section 9 of the Scheme Booklet

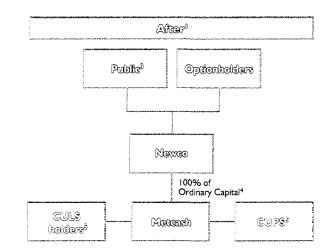
## Metoz Scheme

- Under the Metoz Scheme, Newco will acquire Metoz's 52% interest in Metcash for an Aggregate Acquisition Cost to Newco of \$2.92 per Metcash Share held by Metoz
- The acquisition is implemented via the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Metoz Holdings
- Metoz Shareholders will vote on the Metoz Scheme
- Metcash Shareholders are not entitled to vote on the Metoz Scheme

Refer to > Section 8 of the Scheme Booklet



- "After" means once the Schemes are Effective and the Post-Scheme Restructuring is complete.
- 2 The Metaz Interest in Metash is held via three whally owned subsidiaries.
- 3 Public includes Non-Metoz Shareholders and any new shareholders as a result of the equity issued under the Rights Issue and the Takeover Offer.



- 4 Newco will hold 100% of the ardinary shares directly or indirectly in Metcash. It is proposed that Metaz Holdings and its subsidiaries will be removed from the ownership chain so that Newco holds 100% of Metcash Shares directly.
- 5 The Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS) and Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS) convert into Newco equity in various circumstances, a portion of which is at Metcash's discretion. Refer to Section 12 of the Scheme Booklet for further details.

Shareholders are being asked to vote on the Metcash Share Schemes and five Shareholder Resolutions. Optionholders are being asked to vote on the Metcash Option Scheme.



## G. What is the Takeover Offer?

Metcash has announced its intention to acquire the entire issued capital of Foodland. Foodland is a supermarket operator and grocery wholesaler trading in Australia and New Zealand. Metcash proposes to offer Foodland Shareholders:

- 2.444 Metcash A Shares or \$7.18 in cash per Foodland Share; and
- one NZ share per Foodland share.

Metcash proposes to retain ownership of Foodland's Australian businesses and to transfer Foodland's New Zealand businesses back to Foodland Shareholders after the Takeover Offer has been completed.

Based on the cash alternative included in the Takeover Offer consideration, the Takeover Offer values Foodland Australia at \$846 million.

Foodland operates 82 Action Stores in WA, QLD and northern NSW. In addition Foodland is a grocery wholesaler to over 600 independent supermarket operators.

The Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation are separate proposals and are not conditional on each other.

## Benefits of the Takeover Offer

Metcash believes that the acquisition of Foodland Australia will provide numerous benefits to Metcash, Shareholders and Optionholders. The Foodland Australia acquisition:

- is complementary to Metcash's core business;
- increases business scale and expands its grocery wholesaling network into Western Australia;
- expands Metcash's independent retailer network;
- improves buying power;
- provides potential for supply chain and logistic efficiencies to be realised;
- provides an opportunity to achieve cost savings; and
- provides an opportunity to transform the IGA "chain" into a truly national player.

Metcash Shareholders are being asked to vote on one Shareholder Resolution in order to facilitate the funding for the Takeover Offer

Section 10 of the Scheme Booklet for the Takeover Offer and **Rafar** (30 ≥ Section 12 of the Scheme Booklet for the Funding Arrangements

<sup>4</sup> Based on a Metcash share price of \$2.94 prior to Announcement on 3 December 2004. If the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective, the exchange ratio will be adjusted for the effect of the Rights Issue of Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS).

# H. Key participants in the Capital Reorganisation

## Metcash

- Metcash is a leading marketing and distribution company operating in the grocery and liquor industries in Australia
- Metcash had revenue of \$7.2 billion (FY 2004)
- Metcash supplies
  - approximately 4,500 independent retailer grocery accounts;
  - more than 13,000 licensed premises; and
  - over 80,000 customers in the convenience and confectionery sector

#### Refer to > Section 6 of the Scheme Booklet

## Metoz

- Metoz Holdings (previously known as Metro Cash and Carry Limited) is currently Metcash's major (indirect) shareholder, holding 52% of Metcash
- It is a South African listed company with a market capitalisation of R4.9 billion (\$1.1 billion) (12 January 2005)
- Metoz's only material asset is its holding in Metcash following the sale of its African and Far and Middle Eastern operations in 2004

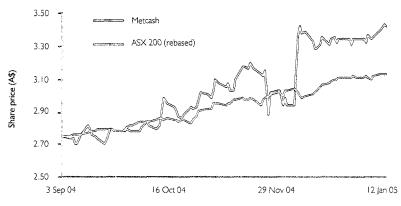
#### Refer to > Section 8 of the Scheme Booklet

## Newco

- The Newco Project X Limited (Newco) is a newly incorporated Australian company
- Newco has not carried on any business and its principle purpose is to acquire Metcash via the Schemes
- If the Capital Reorganisation is successful, Newco will be renamed Metcash Limited

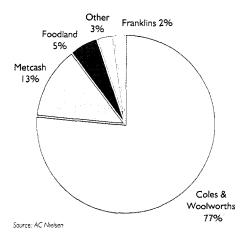
#### Refer to > Section 7 of the Scheme Booklet

#### Metcash Share price performance over the last 3 months



Source: IRESS
Historical performance is not necessarily an indication of future performance

#### **Estimated National Grocery Market share**





# What are the advantages of the Capital Reorganisation?

#### Key Advantages of the Capital Reorganisation

# Aftiractive Price

- Acquisition of Metoz's Interest in Metcash at an attractive price of \$2.92<sup>5</sup> per Metcash Share held by Metoz
- Compares to Metcash's one month volume weighted average share price to 12 January 2005 of \$3.32 per share and the closing price prior to Announcement on 3 December 2004 of \$2.94
- The Independent Expert concluded that the consideration proposed for the Metoz Scheme is fair for Non-Metoz Shareholders

# Financial Benefics

- EPS accretive for Shareholders
- Increases Metcash's gearing to more efficient levels
- The extent of the increase in EPS and gearing will depend upon the outcome of the Takeover Offer

# S&P/ASX indices and improved liquidity

- The Metcash group is expected to improve its S&P/ASX Index weighting
- The extent of the improvement and ultimate inclusion of Newco in the S&P/ASX 100 Index will, amongst other things, depend on the equity issued in order to fund the Capital Reorganisation and the scrip issued with respect to the Takeover Offer
- Metcash also expects an increase in the liquidity of the Newco Shares
- Removes controlling shareholder
- Metoz Holdings, whose only material asset is its 52% shareholding in Metcash, has generally traded at a discount to the market value of its investment in Metcash after taking into account Metoz's liabilities and two of Metoz's major shareholders have indicated a desire for Metoz to eliminate this discount or sell their shareholding in Metoz
- The Capital Reorganisation removes Metcash's major shareholder Metoz, therefore removing the uncertainty of the future ownership of Metcash

Refer to ≥ Section 3(1)(a) of the Scheme Booklet

# J. What are the Disadvantages and Risks of the Capital Reorganisation?

#### Key Disadvantages of the Capital Reorganisation

No cash consideration ■ No cash consideration will be offered to Non-Metoz Shareholders

■ The value of the consideration received is dependent on the price at which Newco Shares will trade on the ASX

Fees and expenses

- A number of fees and expenses are payable as a result of the Capital Reorganisation
- If the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective or the Takeover Offer is unsuccessful, Metcash will incur additional fees in relation to the cancellation of funding

Restriction on dividend payments

- As a result of the Capital Reorganisation, Newco will be reliant on profits earned after the Capital Reorganisation becomes Effective in order to be able to pay future dividends. Currently, Metcash has negative retained earnings on a standalone basis and is relying on current year profits to pay dividends
- Metcash intends to declare a 4 cent additional interim 2005 dividend prior to the Capital Reorganisation becoming Effective

Disadvantages to

Optionholders

If the Option Scheme does not become Effective and the Share Scheme is Effective,
 Optionholders will hold options over unlisted securities. Alternatively, the Metcash
 Options may be compulsorily acquired by Newco



#### Key Risks of the Capital Reorganisation

# Metcash risks

The risks that apply to Metcash shares will also apply to Newco shares. These risks include, but are not limited to, economic, stock market and industry risks

## Merre risks

- Risk of unforeseen Metoz or other liabilities arising during the period of integration of Metoz and Metcash
- Increased financial risk due to higher leverage
- Risks that the funding for the Capital Reorganisation is withdrawn
- Risk of a change in the stock market rating of Metcash or Newco Shares post the Capital Reorganisation
- Risk of not gaining inclusion in the S&P/ASX 100 Index

The Directors of Metcash have considered the advantages, disadvantages and risks of the Metcash Schemes and concluded that the advantages outweigh the disadvantages and risks for Shareholders and Optionholders

Refer to ≥ Section 3(1)(b) and 3(1)(c) of the Scheme Booklet

## K. What are the Resolutions?

<del>DADSTRIBUTION.</del>

There are five Resolutions which Metcash Shareholders are being asked to vote on. The first four relate to the Capital Reorganisation and the last one relates to funding of the Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation.

		Eligible Shareholders		
Resolution	Description of Resolution	Vote For & Against	Only Vote Against	Approval required <sup>6</sup>
	Capital Reorganisatio	n Resolution	is	
1	To approve the acquisition by Newco (and its Direct and Indirect Shareholders) of Metoz's stake in Metcash	Non-Metoz Shareholders	Newco & Associates including Metoz <sup>7</sup>	50%
2	To approve Metcash providing financial benefits to Newco	Non-Metoz Shareholders <sup>8</sup>	n/a	75%
	To approve Metcash and its subsidiaries giving financial assistance to Newco	Non-Metoz Shareholders	Newco & associates including Metoz <sup>9</sup>	75%
4	To approve Metcash giving financial assistance to Non-Metoz Shareholders	Metoz	Non-Metoz Shareholders & associates	75%
	Takeover Offer and Capital Rec	organisation	Resolutions	
5	To approve Metcash subsidiaries (which if the All shareholders n/a Takeover Offer is successful will include Foodland and its subsidiaries) giving financial assistance to Newco, Metcash and its subsidiaries, Non-Metoz Shareholders, and Foodland Shareholders		75%	

If the Capital Reorganisation Resolutions are not approved by Shareholders, the Capital Reorganisation will not proceed. If Resolution 5 is not approved by Shareholders, the funding for the Takeover Offer and the Capital Reorganisation will not be available and as a result, the Capital Reorganisation will not become Effective and the Takeover Offer will not proceed in the form currently contemplated.

The Independent Expert concluded that the proposed Capital Reorganisation, taken as a whole, is in the best interests of Metcash and the Non-Metoz Shareholders

The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders vote FOR each of the Resolutions to be considered at the Extraordinary General Meeting

Refer to > Section 14 of the Scheme Booklet

- 6 Percentage of shares voted at the meeting.
- 7 Includes any person holding shares in Metoz Holdings or their associates.
- 8 Excludes Newco and its associates (including Metoz).
- 9 Includes Metoz associates.



# L. How will the Capital Reorganisation be funded and what is the financial impact of the Capital Reorganisation?

As a consequence of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer being proposed simultaneously, there could be different outcomes, including:

- Outcome I Capital Reorganisation is Effective and Takeover Offer is unsuccessful;
- Outcome 2 Capital Reorganisation is not Effective and Takeover Offer is successful; and
- Outcome 3 Capital Reorganisation is Effective and Takeover Offer is successful.

Metcash has developed a flexible funding structure for the Capital Reorganisation and the cash portion of the Takeover Offer comprising new bank facilities and the issue of two new classes of securities, Convertible Unsecured Loan Stock (CULS) and Convertible Undated Preference Shares (CUPS), both of which are convertible into Newco Shares in certain circumstances.

Outcome	Sources & Uses of Funds <sup>10</sup> (\$m)			EPS accretion		
	Sources		Uses		35% 30%	
	Cash <sup>11</sup>	291	Capital Reorganisation	1,125	25%	
	Debt	527	Takeover Offer	0	20% - 15% -	12%
	Equity <sup>12</sup>	372	Transaction costs	64	10%	
		1,189		1,189	0%	Outcome I
	S		l llere		35% 1	
	Sources		Uses		30%	
	Cash <sup>11</sup>	291	Capital Reorganisation	1 0	25% = 20% =	16%
	Debt	660	Takeover Offer	846	15%	10%
	Equity <sup>12</sup>	-	Transaction costs	104	10% † 5% †	
	Sources of funds	950	Uses of funds	950	0%	Outcome 2
Ñ	Sources		Uses		35% ] 30% ]	30%
	Cash''	291	Capital Reorganisation	1,125	25%	
	Debt	991	Takeover Offer	846	20% · 15% ·	
	Equity <sup>12</sup>	794	Transaction costs	104	10%	
	Sources of funds	2,075	Uses of funds	2,075	0%	Outcome 3

The Directors consider that succeeding in both the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer would be the optimal outcome for Shareholders and Optionholders

Refer to ≥ Section 12 Funding arrangements of the Scheme Booklet and Section 13 Financial information of the Scheme Booklet

<sup>10</sup> The sources and uses of funds are prepared on the following assumptions; 100% cash acceptances by Foodland Shareholders under the Takeover Offer: the CULS and CUPS are used to fund the Capital Reorganisation; if the Capital Reorganisation is not Effective, all of the CULS are redeemed; and the tables take into account the subsequent redemption of CULS and/or CUPS depending on the outcome of the Capital Reorganisation and Takeover Offer.

<sup>11</sup> The cash shown represents cash raised from the Equity Placement and Share Purchase Plan

<sup>12</sup> The Equity shown represents conversion of the CULS and CUPS into Newco Shares.

# M. Your Vote is Important

The Directors consider that succeeding in both the Capital Reorganisation and the Takeover Offer would be the optimal outcome for Shareholders and Optionholders

The Directors unanimously recommend that eligible Shareholders VOTE FOR the Metcash Share Scheme and the Resolutions and that eligible Optionholders VOTE FOR the Metcash Option Scheme

The Independent Expert concluded that the proposed Capital Reorganisation taken as a whole, is in the best interests of Metcash and the Non-Metoz Shareholders and that the Metcash Option Scheme is in the best interests of Optionholders

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